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The Riverside Shakespeare

VOLUME THE FIRST

COMEDIES





William Shakspeare

From the Stratford Bust.

MR. WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE'S
COMEDIES HISTORIES TRAGEDIES
AND POEMS



*THE TEXT NEWLY EDITED WITH GLOSSARIAL
HISTORICAL AND EXPLANATORY NOTES*

BY

RICHARD GRANT WHITE

I. COMEDIES



BOSTON
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To

HENRY O. HOUGHTON, ESQ., M.A.
OF RIVERSIDE.

MY DEAR MR. HOUGHTON:

Shakespeare's Sonnets were dedicated by their publisher to a sort of editor of them, because he was their "onlie begetter." The editor of this edition of Shakespeare's Complete Works dedicates it to the publisher for much the same reason. For if you are not its only begetter, it was at least undertaken and has been completed to carry out a plan in the design of which you had a considerable share. For that reason, too, your colaborer has placed upon its title-page the name of the great Press established by you and directed in a spirit which seems to have been caught from those eminent printers and scholars, the Aldi. There is, moreover, a certain appropriateness in the name borne by this edition. It seems fit and of good omen that what was played to the general public at the Bankside in Old England should be printed for the general public at Riverside in the New. There is yet one more reason why your name should appear upon this page: it is to acknowledge here my long-felt personal interest in your labors and the interest which you have shown in those of

Yours most truly,

R. G. W.

The Riverside Shakespeare

VOL. I.—COMEDIES



- | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| • THE TEMPEST | A MIDSUMMER-NIGHT'S DREAM |
| TWO GENTLEMEN OF VERONA | • THE MERCHANT OF VENICE |
| • THE MERRY WIVES OF WINDSOR | • AS YOU LIKE IT |
| MEASURE FOR MEASURE | • THE TAMING OF THE SHREW |
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| MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING | • TWELFTH NIGHT |
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PREFACE.

THIS edition of the works of Shakespeare has been prepared with a single eye to the wants of his readers. Its purpose is not to furnish material for critical study either of the Elizabethan dramatists or of the English language. It seeks rather to enable the reader of general intelligence to understand, and therefore to enjoy, what Shakespeare wrote as nearly as possible in the very way in which he would have understood and enjoyed it if he had lived in London in the reign of James I. That done, as well as the editor was able to do it under the limiting conditions of his work, he has regarded his task as ended. Editors of poets and dramatists at the best are always necessary evils; commentators at the best are rarely better than unnecessary nuisances. They are so in this present case when they presume to do all the reader's thinking and appreciation for him, and thus deprive him of the highest pleasures and richest benefits that come of reading Shakespeare; and chiefly when in doing this they grope and fumble for a profound moral purpose in these plays; which is really to insist upon such a purpose in the Italian *novelli* and English chronicles, which, always with the least possible trouble to himself, Shakespeare put into an actable shape.

Nor has it been deemed desirable to label Shakespeare's style, and pigeon-hole it for reference by pointing out that this is metaphor, that simile, and the others synechdoche, hendiadys, litotes, zeugma, and the like. In an edition prepared as a textbook of literature for schools all this is in place and in keeping; but in one intended merely to be read and enjoyed, it seems more than out of place and out of keeping. I have never been able to divine how such rhetorical labelling helped any one to a

greater enjoyment or a better understanding of Shakespeare or any other poet: rather the contrary. On the one hand, it is mere mental gymnastics (yet mental gymnastics are not only beneficial but needful for those who are in training); and on the other, mere naming of tools, or rather — and much worse — the naming of work according to the tool by which it was wrought. Shakespeare himself has left us a valuable opinion upon this point: —

“These earthly godfathers of heaven’s lights,
That give a name to every fixed star,
Have no more profit of their shining nights
Than those that walk and wot not what they are:”

which is nothing against the study of astronomy, but much against the looking at the great lights of the world, whether in man or in nature, merely from a scientific, not to say a pedantic, point of view.

In this edition the Introductions to the Plays present, in a compact form, all that is known in regard to the origin of each, the date of its production, and the period of its action, — points these of some interest, although not of the highest importance, except to an editor or critic of Shakespeare. They are almost technical. To most readers of Shakespeare, however thoughtful and appreciative, it is of very little moment where the poet found the subject of a play, and of little more in what year it was written.

The Poems have been placed in the second volume chiefly for convenience of arrangement; but even those who are anxious upon the point of chronological sequence must admit that there they are more nearly in place than they would be immediately after the great tragedies. Almost all of them are early work; and indeed most of the sonnets were written before 1597, and bear the marks of the period that produced *Romeo and Juliet*. The prologues to the great love tragedy are in form and in style, and in a certain fashion of versification, exact counterparts of the sonnets; to which in tone, and often in sentiment, the play is notably correspondent. But indeed this matter of arrangement is hardly more than a question of manual convenience. Whether the poems precede the plays or follow them, or divide one sort of them from another, or are distributed through

them, is of no more importance than whether *The Tempest* is printed first of the plays, or *Titus Andronicus*: not so much, indeed; for surely it is better that *The Tempest* should be the door to Shakespeare than *Titus Andronicus*, lest any sensitive soul should shudder at the threshold and draw back. There seems to be no sufficient reason for changing the order — although it is hardly order — in which these plays were first published by Shakespeare's fellow-actors, and which has since been followed in all the popular editions, and nearly all the critical editions of consideration: and it has been here retained.

This work was planned, and has been carefully prepared, with the intention of presenting to the public for the first time an edition of Shakespeare's plays and poems which, compact, compendious, yet easily readable, and at a very moderate price, should give a text edited with scrupulous care, and, with the assistance of all the critical apparatus that exists for that purpose, set forth every fact known with regard to the poet and his writings, and add to this notes explanatory of every obsolete word or phrase and of every obscure passage; in a word, unite thorough editorial work and attractive appearance with convenience and cheapness.

To attain these ends it was of course necessary to make the notes and other extraneous parts of the book as brief as they could be, and at the same time fulfil their function. But this task has proved easier than, when it was undertaken, it was feared that it would be found. In critical editions of Shakespeare, the bulk of the annotation (exclusive of so-called æsthetic and philosophical criticism) is made up of various readings and the discussion of them; a wearisome business to all, and one which to the general reader is often tedious to offensiveness and always of little profit. He wishes simply to read and to understand his author. In this edition his wants and wishes have received prime consideration. What is here given presents results, not processes. The editor has made the best text that he could make through the study of the poet's dramas in connection with the literature and the history of his time, and of all that has been written upon them by any considerable critics; but he has given here his finished work, and not a list of the tools with which he did it, or heaps of his chips and shav-

ings. He could not have made his text with more scrupulous care, nor, he believes, have presented it more acceptably to those for whom it is intended, if he had filled an octavo volume with discussions of each play. It has been very rarely deemed either necessary or desirable to refer to any other reading than the one given; and this has been done only when the case has seemed doubtful, or when some other reading would be a help to the understanding of the passage in question. The glossarial and explanatory notes have been prepared in a like spirit and with like purpose. They are intended simply to enable the reader to understand the words and phrases used by the poet, without a display of the sources whence they have been derived, and with the briefest possible diversion of the reader's attention from the author to the editor.

In determining what passages were sufficiently obscure to justify explanation, the editor, following eminent example, took advice of his washerwoman, and also of the correctors of the press in the office in which the edition was printed, to whose intelligent suggestions and thoughtful care he owes much which it gives him pleasure to acknowledge. He therefore ventures to say to any reader who may not be able to understand a passage which is left without remark, that the fault may possibly be that of some other person than the poet or the editor.

Upon one point the convenience of the reader and his uninterrupted enjoyment of the author have been carefully considered and constantly borne in mind. Explanation of obsolete words and phrases is given whenever it is needed, and as often as occasion requires. An obsolete or obscure word or phrase is not passed over in one play because it has been explained in another. There seems to be no good reason why a reader who is absorbed in the enjoyment of a passage in one play should be sent back or forth to look up in another the meaning of some word or phrase before him; or why he should be made to wait while he turns to the end of the book, or perhaps to the end of another volume, and looks through a glossary. Therefore, every word that needs explanation is explained in this edition whenever and wherever it occurs, unless, indeed, it is found twice in the same scene: in which case repetition was deemed superfluous.

Explanation, however, has never been obtruded in the many

cases in which the poet himself makes clear his own allusions. Not a few of the barnacles which common sense would scrape from most annotated editions of Shakespeare are a mere anticipation of what the author himself tells us in his own good time and in his own good way, to say nothing of the many which are almost an intellectual insult to the Shakespeare reader. Why, for example, should the reader be told in a note the story of Ulysses and Diomed, apropos of line 19, Sc. 2, Act IV. of Part III. of *Henry the Sixth*, when two lines below the poet himself gives all the particulars that are necessary to the understanding of the passage? In anything that may be said about Maria's "new map with the augmentation of the Indies" (*Twelfth Night*, Act III. Sc. 2), what is there more to the purpose of a reader than she tells us herself, — that it was full of lines, and that Malvolio's face was as full? What need of setting forth that Autolycus (*The Winter's Tale*, Act IV. Sc. 3) was the name of a rogue, and the manner and degree of his roguery, when Shakespeare makes him tell us all that, and quite as well, perhaps, as any one of his editors can tell it? And when a man, a woman, or a child, with sense enough to have the right to read Shakespeare, comes upon a note which, for example, gravely explains that in Flavius's caution (*Julius Caesar*, Act I. Sc. 1),

"You ought not walk
Upon a labouring-day without the sign
Of your profession,"

"labouring-day" means, not a day that labours, but a customary day for labouring, and finds two or three editors or critics cited in support of the decision, has not the he, the she, or the it a right to feel that such editors and critics have need themselves of a very summary and exemplary kind of editing? Yet not a little of the extraneous parts of many annotated editions of Shakespeare are made up of rubbish which is of this sort, if not, all of it, quite so rubbishy.

What the reader of Shakespeare, the reader of common sense, common intelligence, common information, and common capacity of poetical thought (and to all others Shakespeare or any other great poet is and must ever remain an oracle uttered in an unknown tongue), — what such a reader needs, and what,

from observation, I am persuaded that he wishes, is to feel well assured that he has before him what Shakespeare wrote, as nearly as that may be ascertained, and to have the language and the construction of this text explained wherever the one is obsolete or the other obscure. The former, it need hardly be said, is the more important, even of these two important points; and as to this I have to say that the text here presented is not founded upon that of any antecedent modern edition, even my own, but is the result of a new and thorough collation. As to my previous readings in corrupt or uncertain passages of the old text, they have had the benefit of nearly twenty years' criticism and consideration, by others and myself, with the result that I stand by some of them, as others do, but abandon some; while "upon more advice," and cautiously, yet with no feeling of timidity, I have introduced not a few which I hope are well-grounded restorations. As little is said in the notes, frequently nothing, about this part of my labor, it may be well to bring forward some examples of the sort of editorial work which has been here performed, and the simple results of which are given almost without remark. The first shall be taken from the earliest pages of the first play in our first volume. In *The Tempest*, Act I. Sc. 2, line 56, in the following passage,

"Thy mother was a piece of virtue, and
She said thou wast my daughter,"

the word "piece" has hitherto, I believe, been regarded, and silently accepted, as meaning bit, in the sense of sample, — Thy mother was a sample of virtue. But here "piece" means — some of us will probably shrink from the interpretation — simply a young woman. The word, somewhat in this sense, has hardly passed out of use, although, like many other words, it has been degraded in the lapse of time. Gay gentlemen of the past generation used to speak (I remember having in my boyhood heard them so speak) of a wanton girl as "a piece;" Charles Lamb so writes in one of his letters in a passage not quite quotable here; and even nowadays, ladies of the best breeding use the word in regard to a young woman somewhat as they use "hussy," but with a milder meaning; perhaps more in the spirit in which they good-naturedly use "minx." As to

the use of the word with this meaning in Shakespeare's day and afterwards, see these examples : —

“ The knight with his fair *piece*
At length the lady spied.”

Constance of Cleveland. Roxburghe Ballads.

This piece, however, was rather a light one ; but see the reply of the chaste and noble Countess of Salisbury to the matrimonial suit of Edward, the Black Prince : —

“ Nor by Ambitious Lures will I be bought
In my chaste breast to harbour such a thought,
As to be worthy to be made a Bride,
A *Piece* unfit for Princely Edward's side.”

DRAYTON, *English Heroicall Epistles.*

The word, indeed, was used for a young woman, with special reference to the sexual relation, but without color either of good or ill, and was applied alike to the chaste and the unchaste. The following passages from others of Shakespeare's plays are examples in point : —

“ Their transformations
Were never for a *piece* of beauty rarer
Nor in a way so chaste.”

The Winter's Tale, Act IV. Sc. 4, line 31.

Here the sense is, not “were never for a piece of beauty,” etc., but “were never for a piece — of beauty rarer nor,” etc. That, in the following passage from the same play, the word has this same meaning, and not that of a piece of statuary work, which it has before in the same scene, would be plain without the confirming evidence of the fourth line (Act V. Sc. 3, line 38) : —

“ *Leontes.* O royal *piece*,
There 's magic in thy majesty, which has
My evils conjur'd to remembrance and
From *thy admiring daughter* took the spirits,
Standing like stone with thee.”

In *Henry the Eighth*, the word occurs in the same sense (Act V. Sc. 5, line 27) : —

“ All princely graces
That mould up such a mighty *piece* as this is
With all the virtues,” etc. ;

the “mighty piece” being a new-born female child held in the

arms of its godmother. The following may be presented without remark:—

“He, like a puling cuckold, would drink up
The lees and dregs of a flat tamed *piece*.”

Troilus and Cressida, Act IV. Sc. 1, line 61.

“When as a lion’s whelp shall, to himself unknown, without seeking find and be embraced by a *piece* of tender air,” etc.

Cymbeline, Act V. Sc. 4.

“When nature framed this *piece* [Marina] she meant thee a good turn: therefore say what a paragon she is,” etc. *Pericles*, Act IV. Sc. 2.

“Thou [Marina] art a *piece* of virtue;
I doubt not thy training hath been noble.”

Idem.

It need hardly be said that the coexistence of the same word, chiefly in the sense, literal or metaphorical, of a part, a fragment, a sample, is not at all to the purpose in the consideration of this question.

In *As You Like It*, Act V. Sc. 3, after reading heretofore with the folio,

“*Celia*. But is all of this for your father?

Ros. No, some of it is for my childe’s father,”

I now read,

“No, some of it is for my *father’s child*.”

The reasons for this change concern, first, the sense of the passage, and, next, the authority of the old copy. Further consideration has left me no doubt that Shakespeare would not have made Rosalind say “my child’s father.” Not at all for the squeamish reasons which have been urged against the folio reading; for that implies nothing wrong in Rosalind, and it is purity, or verily prudery itself, compared with many other things that she and Celia do say. In Shakespeare’s day women of soundest and truest chastity were not afraid or ashamed to say that they expected and hoped to be made mothers by the men they loved. See what Perdita, daintiest, sweetest, shyest, of the opening buds in Shakespeare’s flower-bed of fair women, says directly to her lover (Act IV. Sc. 4):—

“No, like a bank for love to lie and play on;
Not like a corse; or if, not to be buried,
But quick and in mine arms,”

having just before said of him, in one of her most enchanting revelations of purity,

“ I ’ll not put
The dibble in earth to set one slip of them ;
No more than were I painted I would wish
This youth should say ’t were well, and only therefore
Desire to breed by me.”

And many readers will remember the resentment of the young lady in the old ballad, who, urged to marry a man very much beneath her, declares as one of the great causes of her aversion, that she is unwilling ever to feel a churl’s blood stir within her ; which is much like Helen’s speech, in *All’s Well that Ends Well*, to the young lord whom she declines to choose : —

“ You are too young, too happy and too good
To make yourself a son out of my blood.” *

An objection to the reading “my child’s father” upon the ground of Rosalind’s chastity or delicacy is therefore untenable. Shakespeare’s chaste and delicate women never hesitate on proper occasions, and when they have the law on their side, to confess to all the natural impulses of their sex. The objection to it is simply that it is not the fitting answer to Celia’s question ; to which the spontaneous reply would be a reference by Rosalind to herself as her father’s child. Rosalind would have been likely to say, “No, some of it is for my father’s daughter ;” and it is more than possible that here “child” does mean daughter. But, on the other hand, the folio has very plainly “childes father.” Well, my attitude towards the folio has been much changed by study and reflection. My feeling towards it, and towards all publications of its kind and period, I may not be able to explain ; but I am sure that it is shared, or will be shared, by those of my fellow students whose opinion is most entitled to respect. It is a mingled feeling, of entire lack of reverence for their authority, with a hesitation at disturbing the text found in them on the ground that it is strange, obscure, or otherwise unacceptable. A study of the dramatic literature of Elizabeth’s time is apt to beget in the student the belief that almost any playwright — even the greatest — of that day was often content to write something that had

* See also Sonnet XVI., lines 6 and 7.

the mere misty outline of a possible sense, and that would run easily off his pen and into his verse. Thus, although these old play-books represent manuscripts stolen and patched and heterogeneous, and are frequently printed in such typographical disorder that their texts have not the slightest claim to unquestioning deference, the experienced reader feels that he may well hesitate at disturbing what, notwithstanding its obscurity, its extravagance, or even its tameness, Shakespeare himself may have written. Time and reflection—none the less likely to lead aright, I believe, because I have not made the study of Shakespeare what is called a specialty—have led me to great distrust of most conjectural emendation. I do not feel quite sure of “bisson multitude” (*Coriolanus*, Act III. Sc. 1); nay, verily, I sometimes even doubt whether the dying Falstaff “babbled of green fields.” In regulating the text of these plays, one too common mistake has been the assumption that what Shakespeare wrote was always comprehensible, not to say admirable; which—Shakespeare being the man he was, writing when he wrote, as he wrote, and for his purpose—is, to say the least, somewhat unreasonable and unwarranted. And this assumption, aided by the uneasy desire to discover an ever present moral purpose, or at least the constant evidence of a profound moral insight, on Shakespeare’s part, has also led to much over-subtle explanation of his meaning in obscure or disputed passages. I can now see that I myself have erred in this way heretofore. The cases are numerous, however, in which corruption is so plain that all doubt and hesitation must be broken through, and the hand of restoration and regulation be boldly applied. When this is to be done, and how, it is for the editor to decide; at his peril if his judgment and his sympathy with his author fail. Shakespeare’s text has come to us in a condition that demands for its regulation such a combination of qualifications, inborn and acquired, that a man with any fitness at all for the task will perform it generally with much doubt of himself, and yet sometimes with boldness. Rosalind’s answer to Celia’s question seems to me an occasion of the latter sort.*

* The course of error (of which I myself have seen scores of modern examples) was probably this: first, *fathers childe*; next a transposition in type, *childe fathers*; finally a mistaken correction of this to *childes father*.

Hamlet (Act I. Sc. 4, line 36) furnishes a passage which has given more trouble and occasion of conjectural criticism than any other in Shakespeare's plays, one or two, perhaps, excepted. In Mr. Furness's admirable Variorum edition of this play, the notes on this passage, although they are abbreviated as much as possible, fill, in very small letter, six of those vast pages. The passage stands thus in the quarto of 1604, in which only it is found: —

“ The dram of eale
Doth all the noble substance of a doubt
To his own scandle.”

It is first to be remarked that here “his” stands, as it commonly does, for *its*, and represents “eale,” whatever that may be.* I am sure that it is a mere irregular phonetic spelling of *evil*, which was often pronounced *eel*, as *devil* was pronounced (is pronounced, indeed) *deel*, and written *deil*, and as *spirit* was often pronounced *spreet*, whether so written or not. If proof were needed that “eale” is *evil*, which was pronounced *eel* (or perhaps even *ail*), it seems to be found in the following passage of this very play: —

“ The spirit that I have seen
May be a devil; and the devil hath power
T' assume a pleasing shape,”

which is printed thus in the quarto of 1604: —

“ The spirit that I have seene
May be a *deale* and the *deale* hath power
T' assume,” etc.

The three words at the end of the second line, “of a doubt,” represent, I am sure, the compositor's misapprehension of the words *oft adulter*, obscurely written. Shakespeare uses “adulterate” elsewhere in a similar sense, and *adulter* is found, although rarely, in the literature of his time. This would be the

* I may be pardoned for mentioning here, what Mr. Furness without consulting me has already mentioned, that in regard to the word *its* the Cambridge Shakespeare departs by an oversight from its characteristic accuracy. *It* with the possessive sense and *it's*, according to the old text, appeared first in my edition of the Comedies (which was published in 1857 and stereotyped in 1859) in which the facts in regard to this word were also first set forth. (As to which see also the complete edition *passim*.) A similar oversight causes that edition to be dated, in the Cambridge list, 1859-1862, instead of 1857-1862. Its publication preceded by some years that not only of Mr. Walker's *Critical Examination* but of other editions and works to which some editors seem to have regarded it as posterior.

only instance of his use of it ; but what of that ? He would not use a word more than once unless he needed it more than once ; and he has used many words but once, including *adulterer*. In this case rarity aided misapprehension. It seems to me that the whole context, with its suggestions of "corruption" and "scandal," leads (in both words) to the reading that I have given ; Hamlet's point being that a little evil corrupts and adulterates a great deal of good ; just as Marston's is in the following couplet in his *Scourge of Villunie*, which furnishes at once a contemporary instance of the word, and an example of its use in precisely the sense it has here : —

" Shall cock-horse fat-pauncht Milo staine whole stocks
Of well-born soules with his adultering spots."

Sat. III.

" So, oft it chances in particular men,
That for some vicious mole of nature in them,

Carrying, I say, the stamp of one defect,
Being nature's livery, or fortune's star,
Their virtues else — be they as pure as grace,
As infinite as man may undergo —
Shall in the general censure take corruption
From that particular fault : the dram of evil
Doth all the noble substance oft adulter,
To his own scandal."

If, thus restored, it does not stand, by its own strength, on both feet, nothing that I could say more would help it to stability.

In Part I. of *King Henry the Fourth* (Act V. Sc. 1), the following passage appears thus in the folio : —

" *Fal.* Rebellion lay in his way, and he found it.
Prince. Peace, chewet, peace !"

Here "chewet" has perplexed editors and commentators. It has been regarded by some as a form of *chouette* = owl, meaning that Falstaff was a screech owl ; others have taken it to be a diminutive of *chough*, and to mean a jackdaw, in which case the speech would have much the same meaning as in the other, — a meaning which is not at all in keeping with the passage ; for the fat knight merely vents one of his lazy, picturesque witticisms, and by no means the worst of them. He is impudent, however, and the Prince rebukes him, applying to him an epithet much like others that he has used before. He has called him,

on previous occasions, "wen," "ribs," "keech," and "tallow," and here he calls him "suet," of which *chewet* is a mere irregular phonetic spelling; *suet* having been pronounced *shuet*, as *sugar* was (and is) pronounced *shugar*, as *suitor* was pronounced and sometimes printed *shooter*, and as *sirrah* was pronounced *shirrah*. So we have *chirrah* for *sirrah* in *Love's Labour's Lost* (Act V. Sc. 1), as here *chewet* for *sewet* or *suet*.* The word was in use in Shakespeare's day; but perhaps was not so common as the other kindred terms which the Prince uses to express Falstaff's greasy rotundity.

The folio of 1623 represents Queen Katherine (*King Henry the Eighth*, Act IV. Sc. 2) as saying of Wolsey that he was

"one that, by suggestion,
Tied all the kingdom: simony was fair-play;"

and this reading has been given in most recent editions. But here the sense of the context, and what is of hardly less importance, that of the passage in Holinshed which Shakespeare was adapting to his dramatic purpose (and such passages in tale, play, or chronicle are the best and surest guides to the true text, when it is doubtful; much better than any *ductus literarum* or acute critical conjecture), both show that "tied" is a mere misprint of *tithed*. "This cardinal was of a great stomach, for he computed himself equal with princes and by crafty suggestions got into his hands *innumerable treasure*; he forced little on *simonie*." This suggestion is not my own, but Sir Thomas Hammer's, who made the change nearly one hundred and fifty years ago. It has, however, of late been generally disregarded; erroneously, I am sure.

In *King Richard the Second* (Act III. Sc. 4) the Queen, after listening for some while to the Gardener's censure of her husband's life, breaks forth, according to the folio, thus:—

"O, I am prest to death through want of speaking."

* The combination *ck* had both its French sound (*sh*) and that of *k*. See my *Memorandums of English Pronunciation in the Elizabethan Era*, which preceded Mr. Alexander Ellis's elaborate work on the same subject, in which they are reprinted in a somewhat abbreviated form. They have generally the advantage of being supported by Mr. Ellis. A conspicuous exception is *th*, as to which Mr. Ellis seems to admit that I have established its *t* pronunciation only in the name of the page in *Love's Labour's Lost* (*Moth*, properly *Mote*), an exception quite inadmissible, indeed impossible. I hope to find time and occasion to set forth the hundreds of examples which I had collected illustrative of this point, of which it seemed to me necessary to cite only as many as would make it clear.

Here "prest" has hitherto been assumed to be a phonetic spelling of *press'd*, with an allusion to the old punishment of pressing to death. I regard it as merely the English use of the French *prest* = ready, which was common in Shakespeare's time. It occurs elsewhere in these plays, and would be appropriate in the mouth of a Frenchwoman. Chiefly, however, it seems more womanlike to say, I am ready to die through want of speaking, than to refer to the punishment inflicted upon a criminal for not speaking.

The old copies of these plays present difficulties here and there in the prefixes of speeches; which are in some cases plainly wrong, and in others, generally those in which minor personages are involved, the names of the actors. In most cases this confusion has been rectified with little trouble and with general assent. In *All's Well that Ends Well*, however, there is an instance which, although it involves two personages who are very unimportant, has caused perplexity, and has been the occasion of elaborate comment. Act III. opens thus in the folio: —

"*Flourish. Enter the Duke of Florence, the two Frenchmen with a troop of Souldiers.*

Duke. So that from point to point now you have heard
The fundamentall reasons of this warre,
Whose great decision hath much blood let forth
And more thirsts after.

I Lord. Holy seemes the quarrell
Vpon your Graces part: blacke and fearefull
On the opposer.

Duke. Therefore we meruaile much our Cosin France
Would in so just a business, shut his bosome
Against our borrowing prayers.

French E. Good my Lord,
The reasons of our state I cannot yeild,
But like a common and an outward man
That the great figure of a Counsaile frames
By selfe unable motion, therefore dare not
Say what I think of it, since I have found
My selfe in my incertain grounds to faile
As often as I guest.

Duke. Be it his pleasure.

French G. But I am sure the younger of our nature
That surfet on their ease, will day by day
Come here for Physicke."

In the next scene, which is at Rousillon (it will be necessary

here for the reader to refer to the text of the play), Helen comes in to her mother, and the stage direction in the folio is, "*Enter Helen and two Gentlemen.*" Now these two gentlemen, who have brought news of the departure of Bertram to the wars, are also designated in the folio prefixes to their speeches as "*French E.*" and "*French G.*" Afterwards, in Scene 6, which takes place at the camp before Florence, we have, "*Enter Count Rossillion and the Frenchmen as at first,*" and the Frenchmen here are called in the prefixes "*Captain E.*" and "*Captain G.*" It seems quite unnecessary to discuss or even to mention all the suppositions of which these prefixes have been the occasion, or the dispositions which have heretofore been made of the personages and the speeches. I shall remark only upon one notable misapprehension, — that the *First Lord* ("*1 Lord*") in the opening of Act III., quoted above, is one of the two Frenchman. This is quite inconsistent with the conditions of the scene and with the speeches. The Frenchmen are manifestly envoys; and they would not, could not, declare to the Duke, then and there, that his quarrel seemed holy. Indeed, one of them immediately says that *he* has no right to express any such opinion. This *First Lord* is — very plainly, it would seem — a Florentine, and one of the Duke's attendants. Hence he is not called French E. or French G., but simply "*First Lord*;" a common designation of persons of his sort. He echoes the sentiments of his master. Then the envoys speak. They afterwards leave the camp, where they learned Bertram's intention, and go to Rousillon. They join the French contingent of the Florentine army, which one of them says is likely to be large; and when they afterwards appear as soldiers they are given their military titles and designated as Captains. There are but two French lords or gentlemen in all the play. The letters *E.* and *G.* are probably the first letters of the names of the actors who played these minor parts. The "*1 Lord*" of the opening of Act III. is merely an unimportant member of the Duke's suite. This regulation seems to be indicated by the incidents and the action of the scenes in question, and it removes all difficulty.

The only captive of Falstaff's prowess (2 *Henry the Fourth*, Act IV. Sc. 3) has been hitherto represented in all modern

editions as *Sir John Coleville of the Dale*. The point is one of very small importance; but that was not his name, nor is there any authority for that name. The rhythm of the lines in which his name appears requires three syllables; and in the old text these are found. The name occurs eleven times in text and stage directions; and in all of these it is spelled *Collerile*. In fact, the first syllable had nothing to do with *cole*. This person, a knight of an old Norman family, was a descendant of Gilbert de Collavilla, who came over, like the Slys, with "Richard Conqueror;" and manifestly the two syllables of the first half of the name had survived in common speech, although in the course of five hundred years *a* had been changed to *e*, and *villa* into *vile*. Moreover, Burke (*Heraldry*) quotes thirty-two families entitled to bear arms as Collevil or Colvil, and two as Colyville, but not one Coleville. This, however, merely gives support to the evidence borne by the spelling of the old copies, by the rhythm, and by the origin of the name, upon this trivial point of literal accuracy. The pronunciation of the name was plainly *Collyveel*.

It has been said already that in this edition explanations of obsolete words and phrases, even when they pass the limits of a definition or a gloss, are necessarily made as brief as they may be, and be understood. Cases which have proved inexplicable are simply confessed to be so. It is better to admit ignorance frankly than to beat about the bush that contains the invisible birds; nor is there any profit in chaffering over counterfeit knowledge known to be worthless. And when I have differed from others as to the meaning of a word or phrase, I have simply given my own interpretation, without refuting or even referring to what I deem the error of others; which I mention because I have found that there is a sort of critic, — pedantic, it need hardly be said, (that is, not unlearned, but unwise,) — whose ideal of criticism is discussion, with the recital of precedent and the setting forth of authority, and who consequently infers that what is left unmentioned is unknown. It will be safe for such readers to assume that such errors as may offend them in my work are errors of judgment, rather than of ignorance.

Conspicuous among the passages which perplex the editor of these plays, and which it seems best to leave without at-

tempted emendation and with little or no remark, is the following in *All's Well that Ends Well* (Act IV. Sc. 2) :—

“*Diana*. I see that men make ropes in such a scarre
That we 'll forsake ourselves. Give me that ring.”

It seems to me that hope of restoration of this passage need not yet be quite abandoned, because not only the immediate context, but the whole scene, points so unmistakably to what *Diana* may be expected to say. Thus far, however, there has been no approach to its rectification, nor to an acceptable explanation of it; and it is better simply to say so and pass on. Otherwise it might be remarked that perhaps “scarre” is merely *scare*, which was so pronounced, and not infrequently so written, and that the word may not impossibly be here used in the sense of extremity; although Shakespeare generally uses it in the very clear sense of frighten.

In *The Winter's Tale* (Act IV. Sc. 3), the Clown, speaking of Autolycus, says he is “an admirable conceited fellow,” and asks, “Has he any unbraided wares?” The generally accepted explanation of the strange word *unbraided* is that it means honest, that may be trusted. It is certain that *braid* did mean deceitful, unsound. But is it natural that the Clown should ask particularly after sound wares, and use this word? I think not. Moreover, *braid* has many senses. In addition to that already given, and to the common one, “weave, plait,” Bailey (1726) gives “trim, finical,” and “pulled out, drawn,” and for *braided*, “faded, lost its colour.” And in Robert Greene’s *Radagon in Dianam* (1590) this word occurs in these lines :—

“*Dian* rose with all her maids
Blushing thus at loves *braids* ;”

where I confess that I cannot find its meaning. Mr. Dyce says, “craft, deceits;” but Love on this occasion had been guilty of no craft or deceit, and therefore it is not surprising that he (Mr. Dyce) adds “perhaps upbraidings.” But how wide the difference between craft and upbraiding! In a case of such perplexity, it would be well, perhaps, simply to confess ignorance; but it seems probable that the dramatist made the Clown blunder among all these senses of the word, by asking for either em-

broidered or embroided wares (he knew not which), and suggesting at the same time to the audience the senses trustworthy and unfaded, of which he himself was ignorant. This would be in Shakespeare's way.

Henry VIII. swears (Act V. Sc. 1) "by my holy dame;" and we are told by what it is the fashion to call "an authority," not because of any special opportunities of knowledge on the part of the authority in question, but merely because he has put all of Shakespeare's words, like Dundreary's night shirts, "in a wow," together with the much that he (in common with every English-speaking reader of Shakespeare) knows about nearly all of them, and the very little that he knows (and might be expected to know) about the few points as to which there is any doubt,—we are told by this "authority" that "holy dame" is the same as *halidom*. Not so. Henry, when he swore by his holy dame, and others in like case, swore and meant to swear most distinctly by the Virgin Mary. He was in the habit of swearing by her; and this Shakespeare did not forget, nor allow his audience to forget. True there was a word *halidom*, of which the origin was its two simple elements, and not *holy* and *dame*; but for this word *holydame* had been substituted (how ignorantly, or how otherwise, is not to the purpose), and it was not used as a corruption of *halidom*. To disregard this fact, and to insist that *holydame* and *halidom* are the same, is sheer pedantry. So by an affinity of sound other words and phrases had been substituted for those which they resembled in sound, and somewhat in sense. There is no doubt that *gewis* = certain, sure, is the original form of "I wis," and that the latter was substituted for the former by mistake. None the less is it true that it was substituted, and that *I wis* was used for centuries by educated men to mean "I know," without any intention of saying *gewis* or *ywis*, correctly or incorrectly, or any thought of it or even any knowledge of it. So, because of a like resemblance in sound, "good year" was substituted for *goujere*, and those who used it meant to say *good year*, and not *goujere*; from which, indeed, they would have revolted. So with Hamlet's "I know a hawk from a handsaw." There is no reasonable doubt that in this phrase *handsaw* occupies a place once filled by *heron-shaw*. But to change it for the latter word,

which has been done, is unjustifiable. Hamlet — that is Shakespeare and the people of his day — meant to say *handsaw*; they were not ignorantly blundering after *heron-shaw*. To know a hawk from a handsaw had become an alliterative folk phrase, like not knowing B from a bull's foot; the latter antithesis having come into use from the likeness of the pointed-bowed B in old MSS. (missals and the like) to the print of a neat's foot in the ground. All these changes had taken place and were settled generations before Shakespeare wrote. They were fixed phrases, with a well-understood meaning; just as nowadays *bridegroom* takes, and indeed long ago had taken, the place of *bridgum*, *shamefaced* of *shamefast*, and *adder* of *nadder*. To tell readers of Shakespeare that *holydame* is the same as *halidom*, *I wis* as *ywis*, *what the good year* the same as *what the goujere*, or *hawk from a handsaw* the same as *hawk from a heron-shaw*, is pedantry in the absurd, mere Dryasdustism and pigeon-holing; and none the less absurd because pigeon-holing, and even Dryasdustism, are useful and respectable in their proper places.

The old copies of Shakespeare's plays, including the folio of 1623, — with which all authority for the text ends, — were printed very carelessly, if we judge them by our modern standard of typography; but they, and particularly the folio, were not printed without intelligent system. The typographical faults of the folio are the consequence of neglect and of defective proof-reading. For instance, proper names are almost invariably printed in Italic letter; and so are words and phrases in Latin and other foreign tongues; for example, the whole of the dialogue in *Henry the Fifth* between the Princess Katherine and her gentlewoman, and even the senseless rubbish which is spoken to Parolles in *All's Well that Ends Well* (Act IV. Sc. 1), and the like. The punctuation is generally good; although much of it is bad, partly from heedlessness, partly from misapprehension. Upon one point the folio presents a notable approach to accuracy, — the contracted forms of words used by the poet, which were generally those used by other writers of verse in his day. The most frequent and most important of these are the contraction of the preterite termination, *ed*, of the third person singular of the present tense of the verb, *est*, the penultimate *e* in partici-

ples and substantives, like *gathering*, *withering*, etc., the *e* in words like *power* and *flower*. There are others; but these are the chief. They are in general carefully observed in the folio; and the effect upon the rhythm and flow of Shakespeare's verse, and even of his prose, is of course considerable. To these is to be added the elision of *n* and *e* in the combination *in the*. By modern editors this has generally been observed only as to the first word, to the suppression or modification of a characteristic trait of language. This combination was generally pronounced not *i' the*, but simply *ith*. The contraction of the preterite is never indicated by some editors, who print the *ed* always in full, but accent the *e* when the last syllable is to be pronounced, or mark it with a diæresis thus: *favoured* or *favoured*. It need hardly be said that in both these cases the diacritical mark is perverted from its proper use. Others mark the contraction except in preterites in which the *e* is a part of the stem verb, such as *love*, *move*. Thus, however, they not only deviate from the printing of the folio and the practice of Shakespeare's time, but fail to distinguish the contracted from the uncontracted use of these preterites. For example, in the following couplet the word *moved* in the first line must be contracted; in the second it must have its full participial form and sound:—

“If ever man were mov'd with woman's moans,
Be moved with my tears, my sighs, my groans.”

Therefore the participle in the first line should not be printed without the mark of contraction. If we are to indicate pronunciation and rhythm by typographical form, in cases like the following *us-ed* and *ti-red* should be distinguished from *usd* and *tird*:—

“That to my use it might unused stay.”

“The beast that bears me tired with my woe.”

And if lines like the following were read with the pronunciation of our day, they would not be verse at all:—

“Even till unfenced desolation.”

Unless this is read,

“Ev'n till unfen-ced desolati-on,”

it is no more a verse than,

The early worm is the one the early bird catches;

which concentrated expression of the wisdom and experience of ages becomes more rhythmical in the form,

The sluggard worm escapes the early bird.

Upon all these points, as already has been said, the folio is notably particular, although of course not always exact; and in this edition it has been followed, except in cases of manifest error.

In regard to one subject, to which I had given no attention until just as this preface was going to press, it seems proper that I should here set forth the grounds of my decision. There has of late appeared a growing inclination to accept *The Two Noble Kinsmen* as, in a considerable part, the work of Shakespeare; and it has been companioned with his plays in some recent editions. In Mr. Dyce's, where it appears, I find it said that Coleridge and Walker (Mr. William Sidney Walker, I suppose) have unhesitatingly expressed their belief that Shakespeare was concerned in the composition of this play. In my judgment the opinion of neither of these writers is a good staff to lean upon in the consideration of such a question — Coleridge's even less than Mr. Walker's; and it appears that, although Mr. Dyce was "perfectly convinced that portions of *The Two Noble Kinsmen* are from Shakespeare's pen," he included it in his edition chiefly for the reasons given by Mr. James Spalding in a letter upon its authorship. I have not yet seen Mr. Spalding's letter; but as Mr. Dyce records that he assigns to Shakespeare the whole first act, the first scene of the third act, and the whole of the fifth act, except one scene (Sc. 2), I took up the play again, not having seen it or thought of it since my only reading of it some years ago. Nevertheless, after reading it carefully once more, and re-reading it, I am very sure that Shakespeare did not write one scene of it, and had nothing to do with its construction. Briefly, for these reasons: As a whole the play is wanting — wanting to poverty, and even unto death, in that embodiment and expression of the spirit of life which is the chief and the salient trait of Shakespeare's work. These people are not flesh and blood made glorious because we look at them through the great poet's eyes. They move before us with some stateliness, but artificially, as in a masque or a pageant. There are none

of those simple utterances of simple thought and feeling which come straight home to us from the lips of Shakespeare's grandest men and women. *This* posing demigod says not one word like that which is thrown off in passing chance by Shakespeare's Theseus: —

“We'll none of that: that have I told my love
In glory of my kinsman Hercules

That is an old device; and it was play'd
When I from Thebes came last a conqueror.”

The next reason is akin to the foregoing, — the lack of character in the personages. It is not that the characterization is feeble: there is no characterization at all. For example, except in their antagonistic relations, Palamon and Arcite, the two heroes of the play, are as like as two drops of water: alike in semblance, alike in substance, alike in their reflection of the same forms and colors. And as to Emilia, Shakespeare would have made a truer woman, and a sweeter, out of a cheese-paring. The rhythm is not Shakespeare's, as I think any reader with a feeling for rhythm will see by the following passage from Act V. Sc. 4, — of course I confine myself to those parts of the play assigned to him by Mr. Spalding: —

“There's many a man alive that hath outlived
The love o' th' people; yea in the self-same state
Stands many a father with his child: some comfort
We have by so considering; we expire
And not without men's pity; to live still
Have their good wishes; we prevent
The loathsome misery,” etc.*

Indeed, in all these scenes there is none of Shakespeare's strong, free flow of thought and language, not one impulse of that mighty tide on which he himself was sometimes borne away from self-restraint and reason; nor is there any of his glow, in which there always flushes the tint of warm human blood. And as to grace and sweetness of style, — mere euphonious use of words, there is in these scenes not a little that is more or less like the following, which is from the scene most like Shakespeare in all the play: —

* I have eight passages marked in these eight scenes for this spliced rhythm.

“presents me with
 A brace of horses; two such steeds might well
 Be by a pair of kings back'd in a field
 That their crown's titles tried.”

Act III. Sc. 1.

Will any one who hath ears to hear, except such as would be needlessly lengthened by Apollo, believe that William Shakespeare wrote those lines? Moreover, there is in these scenes, as in the rest of the play, an almost entire absence of the confused construction and the wresting of words even to perversion which are as proper to Shakespeare as his fancy or his humour. The play is cleanly constructed in its sentences and intelligibly written from beginning to end. In brief, its style lacks altogether both Shakespeare's transcendent beauties and his striking faults of detail. In a few passages it has the air of an imitation of Shakespeare, as Giulio Romano might imitate Raphael; and as in one case, so in the other, it is barely possible that the great master's pencil may have touched the canvas here and there, and left upon it a stroke of light or a flush of beauty. In addition to these considerations there is another fact, minute in its nature, but not therefore of small importance in the determination of such a question as that before us. There are in these scenes fifteen words which are never used by Shakespeare in his authentic plays: *precipitance*, *visitating*, *martialist*, *flurled*, *sib* = akin, *operance*, *importment*, *dividual* = separate, opposed, *limiter*, *prewarn*, *brided* = married, *globy* = round and protuberant, *port* = ear, *calkins* (of a horseshoe), *jadery*. It is nothing against our acceptance of a word in one of Shakespeare's plays that he has not used it elsewhere; for a single use merely implies a single need; but that in writing eight scenes of one play he should have used fifteen words which are not found in all his other plays together is to me quite incredible. For the reasons which have been here set forth I cannot agree with those who would receive any part of *The Two Noble Kinsmen* within the Shakespearean canon.

It will be seen from the foregoing pages that if a full discussion of every critical question, every amended reading, and every gloss, whether proposed by the present editor, or adopted from others, were undertaken, the number of these volumes would

have to be multiplied at least by four : and that without any real gain to the reader of Shakespeare. Such discussions are, to some extent, necessary in their proper places, and they have a certain interest for a small class of readers ; but they are a very barren, rootless, parasite form of literature, and of such literary pottering the less the better ; the supply should be limited by the absolute necessity. Finally, as to this all-important, and almost only-important, matter of the text, I can now do no more than beg the reader to accept my assurance that it has received in the most minute particulars my careful attention ; and that I have made no change of a letter or of a point without consideration. I need hardly say that in the course of my work I have consulted the principal editors and critics of Shakespeare, past and present ; and among the latter I may, without invidious distinction, name the Cambridge editors, William G. Clarke (now no longer living) and W. Aldis Wright, LL. D., who have laid all after editors and critical students of Shakespeare under obligations to them forever. In writing again the Life of Shakespeare, I have had the advantage of having at hand Mr. Halliwell-Phillips's lately published *Outlines*, without consulting which no one will hereafter presume to write upon that subject. In this brief sketch — the Life of Shakespeare can be but a sketch — of necessity nothing more is attempted than the bare recital of facts in chronological order.

It only remains for me to express the hope that this edition may meet the wants and receive the approval of those in whose interests it was undertaken, — the general readers and loving students of Shakespeare.

R. G. W.

STUYVESANT SQUARE,
NEW YORK, 27th September, 1883.

THE LIFE OF WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE.

OF the personal life of the author of these plays and poems we know very little, but quite as much as we could reasonably expect to know of a man who was of very humble birth, of no political or social importance, who was neither a soldier nor a churchman, and who lived three hundred years ago.

The name Shakespeare is an old one, it having been discovered in a document dated A. D. 1278, a time when surnames were rare.* The number of those who bore this name seems to have been always comparatively small; nor have they been widely distributed. They are most frequently heard of in Warwickshire; but even there they did not form a family with a coherence and a settled place of abode. They were yeomen, and not yeomen of substance and established position, but little above the peasantry; small farmers mostly, although some of them were small traders. In the reign of Edward VI. (A. D. 1547-1553), one of these Shakespeares, named Richard, was a tenant farmer, with a cottage and a little land, in the very small and obscure village of Snitterfield, Warwickshire. He had two sons, Henry and John, the former of whom lived his life in Snitterfield. The latter went to the neighboring borough-town, Stratford-on-Avon, and set himself up in the glover's trade; and in the year 1552 he was living there in a hired house in Henley Street. Like most other persons in his condition of life at that time, he turned his hand to getting an honest penny in any way, and dealt in wool and in corn. He became a thriving and a rising man, and was chosen to fill various town offices, until in 1561 he was made one of the Chamberlains of the borough, and at last, in 1568, High Bailiff.

Stratford-on-Avon was at this time a very dirty little place, with a few hundred inhabitants; let us hope that among the

* It seems to me more than doubtful that the name is of martial origin, meaning *shake spear*. I suspect that it was a trisyllable, pronounced *shak-es-per* or *shak-es-pur*, and that it became first *sharper*, and then *shake-speare* through the tendency to perversion toward simple meaning which is common in regard to surnames.

many dirty little places then scattered over England, there was none dirtier. The streets were filled with mud, slops, and all sorts of foul refuse, including dung-heaps. Of the latter assemblages of filth, a certain number were publicly recognized and allowed in specified places; and yet the Stratford folk were so careless of cleanliness that they would lazily let these heaps gather in the streets before their houses. Although one of the permitted *sterquinaria* was not far from his door, John Shakespeare offended in this way beyond bearing, even in such a rising man, and was fined therefor. The Stratford folk were also very rude and ignorant. Few even of the best of them could write their own names; and among those who could not was John Shakespeare.

In the year 1557, four years before he was made Chamberlain, John Shakespeare married Mary Arden, the youngest daughter of Robert Arden, a fairly rich yeoman farmer in the neighborhood, who had died a few months before. Mary Arden had inherited, by her father's will, some money, a little estate of sixty acres, called Ashbies, and the reversion of another, called Wilmecote; and thus, considering John Shakespeare's condition in life, he had married an heiress. The influence of money in obtaining the esteem of the world and social consideration was soon apparent in this instance. The husband of Mary Arden entered immediately upon his upward career in the borough, and from being called simply Shakespeare, and then John Shakespeare, in the town records, he came to be called Master John Shakespeare.

In 1556 he had bought, for £40, the house and land on which he lived in Henley Street (mortgaging it, however, it would appear, for its full value); and there, in April, 1564, was born to him a son, who was baptized William on the 26th of that month. We know the day of his baptism, but not that of his birth. The custom of the time makes it quite certain that the birth preceded the baptism but a very few days; and Mr. Halliwell-Phillips, the highest authority upon such a question, says that it took place "upon or almost immediately before the twenty-second day of April, 1564, but most probably on that Saturday." For two years William was an only child; then a second son was born, who was named Gilbert. He became a haberdasher in London. Of John Shakespeare's other children, it is only necessary to remark that one, Edmund, also went to London, and became an actor at the Globe theatre.

There was a grammar school at Stratford, and it is highly probable that William Shakespeare went to this school for a while in his early boyhood. The language which was taught at this school was Latin, nothing else; and Shakespeare's writings

show some knowledge of that language, with some remembrance of the grammar-books generally used at such schools in the reign of Elizabeth and long after. John Shakespeare's little prosperity was, however, short-lived: he got into trouble; he was obliged to mortgage his wife's few acres at Ashbies, and it appears that his eldest son was taken away early from school to begin to earn his living. When he was about fifteen or sixteen years old, he was apprenticed to a butcher. There was a tradition that "when he killed a calf he would do it in high style and make a speech;" but this is probably an ornamental flourish, in honor of his after reputation. Tradition does not speak of him as an industrious apprentice, nor as a model youth; rather that he was "given to all unluckiness," to ill company, and to deer-stealing. One item in his unluckiness, the circumstances of which support traditionary censure on other points, was that, when he was a penniless youth of eighteen, he married Anne Hathaway, a woman of twenty-six, the daughter of Richard Hathaway, a small yeoman farmer, in the hamlet of Shottery, hard by Stratford, and that Mistress Anne's first child (a daughter, named Susannah) was born within about five months of her marriage, which did not take place in her own parish and upon publication of banns, but by special license, and at some remote church, which diligent search has not yet discovered.

In 1585 twins (who were named Hamnet and Judith) were born to this needy, improvident couple; and this is the last fact in regard to William Shakespeare that we know with any approach to certainty for many years.

We next hear of him in London; but when he went there, and why, we know but vaguely, and only by inference assisted by tradition. Tradition says that he poached on the grounds of Charlecote, the beautiful residence of Sir Thomas Lucy, near Stratford; and that, being treated severely by the knight, he wrote a lampoon upon him, and set it up on the gates of Charlecote Park; whereupon Sir Thomas's wrath was so hot against him that he fled from Stratford, and hid himself in London. Something of truth there probably is in this; but to William Shakespeare, the son of a ruined village tradesman, the husband at twenty one of a wife nearly thirty, and the father of three infant children, without a business, without a pound that he could call his own, there were necessary no motives of extraneous origin to drive him to London to seek his fortune. For seven years (from 1585 to 1592) we are without authentic information of any kind in regard to him. But tradition, which is strongly supported by probability on all points, says that he reached London in such poverty that he lived at first by holding the horses of gentlemen who rode to the theatre; that he afterwards be-

came a servitor in Burbage's theatre, — a prompter's attendant, or, in plain words, a call-boy. The author of *Hamlet*, *King Lear*, and *Othello* a call-boy, at the age of twenty-one or twenty-two years, in a rude, roofless theatre, were indeed a sight for gods and men. During these seven years when he was eating the bitter bread of poverty, he must have found time to obtain some knowledge of books (of which, except Bibles and the school-house grammars, there were probably not a dozen in all Stratford, and of which he could have learned nothing from his mother, for she, like his father, could not write even her own name), and then to show effectively his powers as a writer. For in 1592, Robert Greene, dying of debauchery, and eaten up with envy in his soul, as in his body with disease, thus alludes to him, professing to warn his fellow playwrights against actor-authors: "Trust them not, for there is an upstart crow, beautified with our feathers, that with his Tygers heart wrapt in a players hide supposes he is as well able to bumbast out a blanke verse as the best of you, and being an absolute *Johannes factotum* is, in his own conceit, the onely Shake-scene in a countrie." In this invaluable ebullition of spleen we have manifestly a satirical travesty of the line,

"O tiger's heart wrapp'd in a woman's hide,"

in the Third Part of *King Henry the Sixth*: and hence it is evident that all the three parts of that series of Histories were written before 1592, and that Shakespeare was known as having been more or less concerned in their composition. It also shows him to us working his way in the theatres by being ready to turn his hand to anything, and that the attention attracted by his writing had excited the malicious envy of the mean-souled among the dramatists of the day, whose hate was further provoked by a consciousness of superiority on his part, which he could not well keep wholly hidden. But Shakespeare had also won admirers and made friends among the more generous. This we know by the testimony of Henry Chettle, who had edited poor Greene's pamphlet, which was published after his death. Shakespeare was of course annoyed by Greene's derogatory fling; and Chettle, soon afterwards publishing a book of his own, called *Kind Heart's Dream*, took occasion to refer to the matter and to say, "I am as sory as if the originall fault had beene my fault because myselfe have seene his demeanor no lesse civil than he exelent in the qualitie he professes; besides divers of worship have reported his uprightness of dealing which argues his honesty, and his facetious grace in writing that approves his art." Chettle probably made his apology as handsome as he could; but it leaves no room for doubt that Shakespeare at that

time was respected professionally and as a man. Already, too, he had begun to attract the favorable notice of those in the higher ranks of life. The words "of worship" have a specific meaning, and refer to persons among the nobility and gentry. One other word here needs remark, — facetious : it does not mean jocose, but daintily skilful.

What Chettle says comports with, and seems almost to have relation to, the next fact that we have to record in Shakespeare's life,—the publication of his first book, *Venus and Adonis*, which appeared in the next year, 1593. Its dedication to the Earl of Southampton, although apparently not requested nor authorized, makes it plain that the young nobleman had shown sufficient kindness of disposition toward the poet to cause the latter to feel that he might venture upon the compliment without fear of a rebuff. This poem, although it is the least meritorious of all its author's writings, at once gave Shakespeare a high reputation. Poor as it is, it was praised by critics who make no allusion to its writer's plays. The reason of this is that at that time, before Shakespeare wrote his masterpieces, plays were not regarded as literature, but were looked upon merely as ephemeral work, done for money, to furnish amusement to a heterogeneous public. To this work and to his business as an actor Shakespeare now gave himself up wholly if not heartily ; and his life, so far as we know anything of it, was without other incident for twenty years than acting, writing plays, and getting money. To *Venus and Adonis* he added, in 1594, his poem *Lucrece* ; and these two works were regarded by his contemporaries as those upon which his chief claim to literary reputation rested. His Sonnets were written for private circulation only : what was the motive of the greater number of them must ever remain a mystery. From what we know of Shakespeare's relation to his work, and to work in general, and from our knowledge of the habits of the time, it is probable that, with all his facility of pen, he did not write so many verses without a gainful purpose in regard at least to some of them.

In August, 1596, Shakespeare's only son, Hamnet, died, and was buried at Stratford on the 11th of that month. We do not know that his father was present at the funeral. He seems to have been living at this time in lodgings near the Bear Garden in Southwark. About this time there was an application to the Herald's College for a grant of arms to John Shakespeare : and a draft of a grant was made in October, 1596. John Shakespeare was now, however, in such distress that he was keeping out of the way of the service of process for the collection of debts which he could not pay. There is no record of any endeavor to relieve him on the part of his prosperous son ; but we may be

sure that the expense of this attempt to make the father a gentleman of coat armor was borne by him, who, if it had been successful, would in consequence have been a gentleman by descent. Looking forward a little to the conclusion of this matter, we find that in 1599 the attempt was renewed; and it was then proposed to impale the arms of Arden with those to be granted to John Shakespeare, there being an ancient family of Arden in Warwickshire. With this, however, Robert Arden, the father-in-law of John Shakespeare, had no traceable connection. The project of impalement was abandoned, although there was a drawing or "trick" made of the proposed escutcheon, which is still preserved. But no record of the confirmation of the proposed grant exists; and the arms which are emblazoned above the poet's tomb are a distinction to which he had no right. As no one else had a right to them, however, his use of them was not disputed, except by the protest of some gentlemen who censured Clarencieux, King at Arms, for his recklessness in granting coat armor to various unfit persons, including John Shakespeare. The arms of William Shakespeare, like those of many another man since, are spurious, a mere pretentious sham.

In 1597 the poet bought for his own residence a large and handsome house in Stratford, called New Place, — the largest and handsomest in the town. There were grounds of moderate size attached to it; but the house was described some years before as "in great ruyne and decay and unrepayred," whence probably the comparatively small price, £60 (equal to about \$3500 now), for which it was sold. There is a tradition, mentioned by Rowe on the authority of Davenant, and by Oldys in his diary, that at the time of this purchase, and to enable the poet to make it, his patron, Lord Southampton, presented him with £1000. But although it is very credible that Southampton did give him the money with which to make the purchase, the largeness of the sum mentioned — equal to \$60,000 now — and the fact that not one tenth of it was needed for the purpose named make it probable that a cipher was added to the true figures, and that the gift was £100, which would have bought New Place and possibly put it in good order.

Shakespeare was now, however, a moneyed man, and had the reputation of being so. There is a letter in existence, dated April 24 (O. S.), 1597, urging one Richard Quiney, a Stratford man, to induce Shakespeare to buy some land in Shottery (the little village, near Stratford, which produced Anne Hathaway); and in the same year Quiney wrote a letter to the poet, asking the loan of the considerable sum of £30, — equal to more than \$1500 now, — for which he offers the good security which he evidently assumes would be expected. It is remark-

able that the only existing letter or manuscript which we know was ever in the hands of the author of *Romeo and Juliet* and of *Hamlet* is this application for a loan of money, in the way of business.

The next fact of Shakespeare's life as to which we have any information is creditable to his penetration and to his good nature. There is a tradition, recorded by Rowe in 1709, that Ben Jonson's best comedy, *Every Man in his Humour*, had been offered to the players, and was about to be rejected, when Shakespeare happened to see it, and, discovering its merit, recommended its performance, and that he afterwards continued his support of Jonson, who then began to write for the company of which Shakespeare was a member. Gruff Ben afterwards said that he "loved the man" who, tradition tells us, did him this service.

In 1601 John Shakespeare escaped his creditors very effectually by going into that bankruptcy that pays all debts, and was buried at Stratford-on-Avon on the 8th of September. Of the death of the poet's mother I believe no record has been discovered. We know nothing of her, except that she could not write her name, and that she enjoyed the confidence and love of her father, which was shown by the terms of his will. Shakespeare's wife was not mentioned in her father's will, and, as we shall see, narrowly escaped not being mentioned in his own.

Shakespeare went on adding to his landed property. In May, 1601, he bought one hundred and seven acres from the Combes, paying for them £320, — equal to nearly \$20,000 now, — and in September, 1602, he bought a cottage and garden near New Place.

The death of Queen Elizabeth in 1603 deprived Shakespeare of his most illustrious admirer, to the glories of whose reign he, however, added largely. It is remarkable that, among the many poetical tributes to the Virgin Queen which were elicited by her death, there was not a line from the facile pen of Shakespeare. And yet, perhaps, it is not remarkable. Nothing was to be gained by such an exercise of his craft; and Shakespeare seems to have worked only for profit. When her successor made his triumphal entry to the capital, marching from the Tower to Westminster, there were in his train the nine actors who had by special license been made the king's players, "His Majesty's Servants." Each of them was presented with four yards and a half of scarlet cloth; a customary allowance. What the master of New Place and the landlord of the other acres in his possession, who was at this time described "in any bill, warrant, quit-tance or obligation" as "Master William Shakespeare of the

county of Warwick. gentleman," did with his four yards and a half is a little question not without curious interest.

Shakespeare went very rarely, it would seem, to Stratford-on-Avon; but he was there in May, 1603. when he brought suit against one Philip Rogers for £1 15s. 10*d.* Rogers owed him £1 19s. 10*d.* for malt sold at several times. and, moreover, had borrowed 2s. of him; and having been able to pay only 6s. of the debt, Shakespeare sued him for the remainder. In July the poet bought an unexpired lease of the tithes of Stratford, Old Stratford, Bishopton and Welcombe, four near-lying parishes, for which he paid £440, — equal to about \$26,000 now, — a purchase which was very advantageous pecuniarily; for it brought him a yearly income of £60, — equal to about \$3500 now. — and added greatly to his importance as a local magnate. There was a story that in Shakespeare's Stratford journeys back and forth he used to stop at the Crown Inn at Oxford, which was kept by one Davenant, who had a very handsome wife, and that he thus became the father of that fourth or fifth rate poet and playwright, Sir William Davenant. But this bit of gossiping scandal has upon it all the marks of fabrication, and may be dismissed without further remark. In 1608 we find the poet again suing a townsman, by name John Addenbroke, and recovering in February, 1609, £6. with £1 4s. costs. But the defendant having fled, he could not be imprisoned; and thereupon the author of *The Merchant of Venice* proceeded against one Horneby, who had given bail for Addenbroke.

All this time Shakespeare had gone on acting parts of general utility, and adding play to play and thereby pound to pound. Of the times at which he produced his plays we know, in most cases, only by inference from external and internal evidence; a subject which is treated in detail in the introductory remarks to each play in this edition. His last dramatic work seems to have been *King Henry VIII.*, which was brought out in 1613, when he had retired from the stage, and was probably living at New Place. Nevertheless, in March of that year he bought a dwelling-house in London for £140. It was not far from the Blackfriars Theatre; the first story was built over a gateway; and it stood in a small plot of land. This house, the only property that Shakespeare is known to have possessed in London, was destroyed in the great fire of 1662.

The only story that has come down to us of Shakespeare's personal life during his long residence in London is one of amorous adventure. At that time, and for long afterward, it was a custom, among those who could afford to pay for the privilege, to sit on the stage, and there to talk with the actors when they were not engaged in performance. One afternoon, when

Richard Burbage, the great actor of the day, was playing Richard III., a part in which he won high favor, a woman among this stage audience — not a gentlewoman, but what Pepys might have called a she-citizen — asked him to sup with her after the play was over. Shakespeare, who was also acting that day, overheard the invitation, and, hastening away after the fall of the curtain, presented himself at the appointed place, and succeeded in persuading the fair citizen to accept his company instead of his fellow player's. When Burbage knocked at the door he was informed through the key-hole in a voice not unfamiliar to him, that "William Conqueror was before Richard." The story fits too well the habits and customs of the time and the personality of those who figure in it to be rejected as made out of whole cloth.

The last that we hear of Shakespeare, before the closing scene of his life, is his being involved in a project for the enclosure of a large part of the common-fields at Stratford-on-Avon, to which the Stratford folk were strongly opposed, because of the injurious effect it would have upon their agriculture, and particularly upon the interests of the agricultural laborers. The project originated with William Combe, the squire of Welcombe, who "tormented the poor and coaxed the rich" into acquiescence. Among the rich people who supported the rich squire was William Shakespeare; and letters of remonstrance were written and visits of deprecation paid to him about the matter; in vain, it would seem, for he still sided with the squire. But in the end Welcombe and Shakespeare and the rest were defeated, and the common land was not enclosed.

Shakespeare died in 1616, when he was but fifty-two years old. His last illness was brought on, according to tradition, in this way: In the spring of that year, Ben Jonson and Michael Drayton visited Stratford-on-Avon, and Shakespeare and they drank so much wine together at one of the taverns that, on their way to New Place, they lay upon the ground all night, with the consequence to Shakespeare of a fever, of which he died on Tuesday, the 23d of April. This story is quite in accordance with the habits of the time, and the tradition, as Mr. Halliwell-Phillips says, may probably be relied upon; but the fever, we may be sure, was caused by the filthy and unsanitary condition of the town in which the poet lived. His funeral took place on the 25th of April, when his remains were laid in the chancel of the beautiful parish church of Stratford, in the record of which his baptism had been entered, on the next day of the same month, fifty-two years before. His body was buried in the chancel, not because of his literary distinction, but because that

was the rightful and customary burial-place of the owners of the Stratford tithes, -- a reason much more pleasing to him. Upon the stone over the grave were cut these now well-known lines, which tradition assigns to the poet's own pen :

" Good frend for Iesus sake forbear
To digg the dvst enclosed heare
Blest be the man that spares these stones,
And curst be he that moves my bones."

Shakespeare, we may be sure, had no fear that his body would be removed to Westminster Abbey or elsewhere, because he had written *Hamlet* and *King Lear*. What he dreaded (if, indeed, he wrote the prayer and the curse) was that his remains would be thrown into the charnel-house in the church-yard ; a hideous Golgotha, which was not removed until about the beginning of the present century. Above Shakespeare's grave, against the wall of the church, is a handsome marble monument, with his bust, representing him in the act of writing. Underneath is an inflated Latin inscription.

The poet left two daughters, who were married to commonplace Stratford men. By his will he entailed his estate ; but in vain. The land passed away from his lineal heirs at the death of Lady Barnard, his last descendant, in 1670. His will is somewhat remarkable for the particularity with which it mentions kinsmen and friends, and bequeaths little legacies. It is more remarkable for the fact that his wife's name does not appear in it as it was drawn up and completed. By an after-thought, interlined, he left her his "second-best bed." A second-best bed was a sort of legacy not uncommon in those days ; but second-best thoughts of a wife in a will were so, let us hope. Moreover, there is not in this last expression of Shakespeare's wishes as to the property which he had accumulated with such steady purpose any provision for the residence of his wife in the house in which she was then living.

No satisfactory portrait of Shakespeare exists. Only two have any semblance of authenticity : that upon the title-page of the folio of 1623, and the bust on the monument at Stratford. The former is a hideous and lifeless thing ; the latter is more like nature ; but although this bust, which is the only existing representation of Shakespeare that is acceptable on all grounds, gives us doubtless some idea of what he was at fifty, the story that it was modelled from the poet's face after death is only one of the many which have originated in the brains of weak enthusiasts, ready to believe anything about Shakespeare, and to invent what they believe. According to tradition, he was "a handsome, well-shaped man." The two portraits agree in representing him as having a high, bald forehead, a short, straight

nose, a long upper lip, and a full, oval face. He grew portly as he approached middle age. The Stratford bust was colored after nature : the face was fair, the hair auburn, the eyes hazel or warm gray.

This is the sum of our knowledge of the life of him who, in his way of seeing, of thinking, and of writing, surpassed all other men.

SHAKESPEARE'S WORKS

IN THE ORDER IN WHICH THEY WERE PROBABLY WRITTEN.

THE first known mention of Shakespeare by name as a writer of plays is found in Francis Meres's *Palladis Tamia*, published at London in 1598. Meres was a school-master, of a mildly critical turn of mind. He lauds Shakespeare highly, and mentions the titles of twelve of his plays, including a *Lore's Labours Won* (as to which, see the Introduction to *All's Well*, etc.), *Venus and Adonis*, *Lucrece*, and his "sugred Sonnets among his private friends." Eighteen of the plays (including *The Contention*, etc., and *The True Tragedy*, etc., as to which see the Introduction to the Second and Third Parts of *King Henry VI.*) were published during the life of Shakespeare, and one after his death (*Othello*, in 1622), in quarto. A collected edition of the plays (omitting *Pericles*) was prepared for the press by Shakespeare's fellow-players and theatrical partners, John Heminge and Henry Condell, and published in folio in 1623. The London Stationer's Register (in which titles were recorded by intending publishers, to secure copyright) contains the first mention of eleven plays. Three are first heard of in private diaries, and two in books of the period. During the seventeenth century three other folio editions of the collected plays and sundry quarto editions of single plays were published; but only the folio of 1623 and the preceding quartos have any authority.

	Probable year of writing.	Year of publication or first mention.
[<i>The Contention of the two Houses of York and Lancaster</i>]*	1587-9	1592
[<i>The True Tragedy of Richard Duke of York</i>]		
— <i>Love's Labour's Lost</i>	1588-9	1598
— <i>The Comedy of Errors</i>	1589	1594
<i>The Two Gentlemen of Verona</i>	1589-90	1598
<i>Titus Andronicus</i>	1591	1594(?), 1598
[<i>Love's Labours Won</i>]	1592-4	1598
<i>Sonnets</i>	1590-1605	1598-1609
— <i>King Henry VI., Part I.</i>	1590-2	1623
— <i>King Henry VI., Part II.</i>		
— <i>King Henry VI., Part III.</i>		
<i>Venus and Adonis</i>	1591-2	1593

* Titles in italic letter and between brackets are those of plays afterwards rewritten

— [Romeo and Juliet]	1591-2	1597
— King Richard III.	1592-3	1597
— A Midsummer-Night's Dream	1592 (?) and 1601 (?)	1598
Lucrece	1593	1594
— King Richard II.	1594-5	1597
— The Merchant of Venice	1594	1598
— Romeo and Juliet	1596	1597
— King John	1596-7	1598
— King Henry IV., Part I.	1596-7	1597
— King Henry IV., Part II.	1597	1598 (?), 1600
[The Merry Wives of Windsor]	1598	1601
[Troilus and Cressida]	1598-9	1602 (?)
As You Like It	1598-9	1600
Much Ado about Nothing	1599	1600
King Henry V.	1599	1600
Twelfth Night	1599-1600	1601
— Hamlet	1600-1	1602
— Julius Cæsar	1600-1	1601
— The Taming of the Shrew	1601-4	1623
The Phoenix and Turtle	1601 (?)	1601
The Merry Wives of Windsor	1603	1623
All's Well that Ends Well	1604	1623
● Measure for Measure	1604	1604
— Othello	1604-11 (?)	1604 (!), 1621
— King Lear	1605	1607
A Lover's Complaint	1605 (?)	1609
— Macbeth	1605-9	1610
Antony and Cleopatra	1607	1608
Pericles	1608-9	1609
Timon of Athens	1608	1623
Troilus and Cressida	1608	1609
Coriolanus	1609-10	1623
Cymbeline	1609-10	1623
The Tempest	1610-11	1611
The Winter's Tale	1611	1611
King Henry VIII.	1612-13	1604 (??), 1613

THE TEMPEST.



INTRODUCTION.

THIS play is in Shakespeare's maturest style. It was written between 1603 and 1611. The farther limit is fixed by the fact that Gonzalo's description of his ideal commonwealth (Act II. Sc. 1) is taken almost word for word from Florio's translation of Montaigne's Essays, which was published in 1603. It was Shakespeare's habit thus to appropriate to himself any thought or any personage that he found in his reading, and which seemed to him good stuff to work into his plays. The passage in question here follows:—

"It is a nation, would I answer Plato, that hath no kind of traffike, no knowledge of letters, no intelligence of numbers, no name of magistrate, nor of politike superiority; no use of service, of riches, or of poverty; no contracts, no successions, no dividends, no occupation, but idle; no respect of kinred, but common; no apparrell but natural, no manuring of lands, no use of wine, corn, or mettle. The very words that import lying, falsehood, treason, dissimulation, covetousness, envie, detraction, and pardon, were never heard of amongst them."

A comparison of this passage with Gonzalo's speeches (pp. 21, 22) will make it plain to any reader that the latter are a mere dramatic modification of the former. The hither limit of the period during which the play must have been written is fixed by the fact of its performance before King James I., at Whitehall, on the 1st November, 1611. It was probably written about 1610, and it is one of Shakespeare's most carefully constructed and highly finished dramas. That it was founded on some Italian story there is no reasonable doubt; but no old tale or play resembling it has yet been discovered. Its scene of action is purely imaginary; its costume that of Italy in Elizabeth's reign. It was first published in the folio of 1623, where the text is found in remarkable purity; but, as in the case of other plays in that volume, we have there probably a text abridged for stage purposes. The suddenness of the action in some scenes favors this conclusion. If there were a quarto copy of *The Tempest*, it would probably add quite as much to this play as the second quarto of *Hamlet* does to the text of that tragedy printed in the folio.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

ALONSO, *King of Naples.*
 SEBASTIAN, *his brother.*
 PROSPERO, *the right Duke of Milan.*
 ANTONIO, *his brother, the usurping Duke of Milan.*
 FERDINAND, *son to the King of Naples.*
 GONZALO, *an honest old Counsellor.*
 ADRIAN, } *Lords.*
 FRANCISCO, }
 CALIBAN, *a savage and deformed Slave.*
 TRINCULO, *a Jester.*
 STEPHANO, *a drunken Butler.*

Master of a Ship.
Boatswain.
Mariners.

MIRANDA, *daughter to Prospero.*

ARIEL, *an airy Spirit.*
 IRIS, }
 CERES, } *presented by Spirits.*
 JUNO, }
 Nymphs, }
 Reapers, }

Other Spirits attending on Prospero.

SCENE: A ship at sea; an uninhabited island.

THE TEMPEST.

ACT I.

SCENE I. *On a ship at sea: a tempestuous noise of thunder and lightning heard.*

Enter a Ship-Master and a Boatswain.

Mast. Boatswain!

Boats. Here, master: what cheer?

Mast. Good, speak to th' mariners: fall to't, yarely, or we run ourselves aground: bestir, bestir. [Exit.

Enter Mariners.

Boats. Heigh, my hearts! cheerly, cheerly, my hearts! yare, yare! Take in the topsail. Tend to th' master's whistle. Blow, till thou burst thy wind, if room enough!

Enter ALONSO, SEBASTIAN, ANTONIO, FERDINAND, GONZALO, and others.

Alon. Good boatswain, have care. Where's the master? Play the men.

Boats. I pray now, keep below. 10

Ant. Where is the master, boson?

Boats. Do you not hear him? You mar our labour: keep your cabins: you do assist the storm.

Gon. Nay, good, be patient.

Boats. When the sea is. Hence! What cares these roarers for the name of king? To cabin: silence! trouble us not.

Gon. Good, yet remember whom thou hast aboard.

Boats. None that I more love than myself. You are a counsellor; if you can command these elements to silence, and work the peace of the present, we will not hand a rope more; use your authority: if you cannot, give thanks you have liv'd so long, and make yourself ready in your cabin for the mischance of the hour, if it so hap. Cheerly, good hearts! Out of our way, I say. [Exit.

Gon. I have great comfort from this fellow: methinks he hath no drowning mark upon him; his complexion is perfect gallows. Stand fast, good Fate, to his hanging: make the rope of his destiny our cable, for our own doth little advantage. If he be not born to be hang'd, our case is miserable. [Exeunt.

Re-enter Boatswain.

Boats. Down with the topmast! yare! lower, lower! Bring

* Yarely = quickly.

her to: try wi' th' main-course. [*A cry within.*] A plague upon this howling! they are louder than the weather or our office.

Enter SEBASTIAN, ANTONIO, and GONZALO.

Yet again! what do you here? Shall we give o'er and drown? Have you a mind to sink?

Seb. A pox o' your throat, you bawling, blasphemous, incharitable dog!

Boats. Work you, then.

Ant. Hang, cur! hang, you whoreson, insolent noisemaker! We are less afraid to be drown'd than thou art.

Gon. I'll warrant him for drowning; though the ship were no stronger than a nutshell and as leaky as an unstanch'd wench. 41

Boats. Lay her a-hold, a-hold! set her two courses! Off to sea again! lay her off.

Enter Mariners wet.

Mariners. All lost! to prayers, to prayers! all lost!

Boats. What, must our mouths be cold?

Gon. The king and prince at prayers! let's assist them, For our case is as theirs.

Seb. I'm out of patience.

Ant. We are merely cheated of our lives by drunkards: This wide-chapp'd rascal — would thou mightst lie drowning The washing of ten tides!

Gon. He'll be hang'd yet, 50
Though every drop of water swear against it
And gape at wid'st to glut him.

[*A confused noise within:* "Mercy on us!" —

"We split, we split!" — "Farewell, my wife and children!" —
"Farewell, brother!" — "We split, we split, we split!"]

Ant. Let's all sink wi' th' king.

Seb. Let's take leave of him. [*Exeunt Ant. and Seb.*]

Gon. Now would I give a thousand furlongs of sea for an acre of barren ground, long heath, brown furze, any thing. The wills above be done! but I would fain die a dry death. 60

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *The island. Before PROSPERO's cell.*

Enter PROSPERO and MIRANDA.

Mir. If by your art, my dearest father, you have Put the wild waters in this roar, allay them.

The sky, it seems, would pour down stinking pitch,

But that the sea, mounting to the welkin's cheek,

Dashes the fire out. O, I have suffered

With those that I saw suffer: a brave vessel,

⁵⁰ for drowning = from, or against, drowning.

Who had, no doubt, some noble creature in her,
Dash'd all to pieces. O, the cry did knock
Against my very heart. Poor souls, they perish'd.
Had I been any god of power, I would
Have sunk the sea within the earth or ere
It should the good ship so have swallow'd and
The fraughting souls within her.

10

Pros. Be collected :
No more amazement. Tell your piteous heart
There's no harm done.

Mir. O, woe the day !

Pros. No harm.
I have done nothing but in care of thee,
Of thee, my dear one, thee, my daughter, who
Art ignorant of what thou art, nought knowing
Of whence I am, nor that I am more better
Than Prospero, master of a full poor cell,
And thy no greater father.

20

Mir. More to know
Did never meddle with my thoughts.

Pros. 'Tis time
I should inform thee farther. Lend thy hand,
And pluck my magic garment from me. So : [*Lays down his mantle.*]
Lie there, my art. Wipe thou thine eyes ; have comfort.
The direful spectacle of the wrack, which touch'd
The very virtue of compassion in thee,
I have with such provision in mine art
So safely order'd that there is no soul —
No, not so much perdition as an hair
Betid to any creature in the vessel
Which thou heard'st cry, which thou saw'st sink. Sit down ;
For thou must now know farther.

30

Mir. You have often
Begun to tell me what I am, but stopp'd
And left me to a bootless inquisition,
Concluding, "Stay : not yet."

Pros. The hour's now come,
The very minute bids thee ope thine ear ;
Obey and be attentive. Canst thou remember
A time before we came unto this cell ?
I do not think thou canst, for then thou wast not
Out three years old.

40

Mir. Certainly, sir, I can.

Pros. By what ? by any other house or person ?
Of any thing the image tell me that
Hath kept with thy remembrance.

Mir.

'T is far off

And rather like a dream than an assurance
That my remembrance warrants. Had I not
Four or five women once that tended me?

Pros. Thou hadst, and more, Miranda. But how is it
That this lives in thy mind? What seest thou else
In the dark backward and abysm of time?
If thou remember'st aught ere thou cam'st here,
How thou cam'st here thou may'st.

50

Mir.

But that I do not.

Pros. Twelve year since, Miranda, twelve year since,
Thy father was the Duke of Milan and
A prince of power.

Mir.

Sir, are not you my father?

Pros. Thy mother was a piece of virtue, and
She said thou wast my daughter; and thy father
Was Duke of Milan; and thou his only heir
And princess no worse issued.

Mir.

O the heavens!

What foul play had we, that we came from thence?
Or blessed was 't we did?

60

Pros.

Both, both, my girl:

By foul play, as thou say'st, were we heav'd thence,
But blessedly help hither.

Mir.

O, my heart bleeds

To think o' th' teen that I have turn'd you to,
Which is from my remembrance! Please you, farther.

Pros. My brother and thy uncle, call'd Antonio —
I pray thee, mark me — that a brother should
Be so perfidious! — he whom next thyself
Of all the world I lov'd, and to him put
The manage of my state; as at that time
Through all the signories it was the first,
And Prospero the prime duke, being so reputed
In dignity, and for the liberal arts
Without a parallel; those being all my study,
The government I cast upon my brother
And to my state grew stranger, being transported
And rapt in secret studies. Thy false uncle —
Dost thou attend me?

70

Mir.

Sir, most heedfully.

Pros. Being once perfected how to grant suits,
How to deny them, who t' advance and who
To trash for overtopping, new created

80

⁶³ *help* = helped, old form, common in S.'s plays.⁶⁴ *teen* = anxiety, trouble.⁶¹ *trash*, hunting slang for check.

The creatures that were mine, I say, or chang'd 'em,
 Or else new form'd 'em ; having both the key
 Of officer and office, set all hearts i' th' state
 To what tune pleas'd his ear ; that now he was
 The ivy which had hid my princely trunk,
 And suck'd my verdure out on 't. Thou attend'st not.

Mir. O, good sir, I do.

Pros. I pray thee, mark me.

I, thus neglecting worldly ends, all dedicated
 To closeness and the bettering of my mind
 With that which, but by being so retir'd,
 O'er-priz'd all popular rate, in my false brother
 Awak'd an evil nature ; and my trust,
 Like a good parent, did beget of him
 A falsehood, in its contrary as great
 As my trust was ; which had indeed no limit,
 A confidence sans bound. He being thus lorded,
 Not only with what my revenue yielded,
 But what my power might else exact, like one
 Who having unto truth, by telling of it,
 Made such a sinner of his memory,
 To credit his own lie, he did believe
 He was indeed the duke ; out o' th' substitution,
 And executing th' outward face of royalty,
 With all prerogative : hence his ambition growing —
 Dost thou hear ?

Mir. Your tale, sir, would cure deafness.

Pros. To have no screen between this part he play'd
 And him he play'd it for, he needs will be
 Absolute Milan. Me, poor man ! — my library
 Was dukedom large enough : of temporal royalties
 He thinks me now incapable ; confederates —
 So dry he was for sway — wi' th' King of Naples
 To give him annual tribute, do him homage,
 Subject his coronet to his crown, and bend
 The dukedom yet unbow'd — alas, poor Milan ! —
 To most ignoble stooping.

Mir. O the heavens !

Pros. Mark his condition and th' event ; then tell me
 If this might be a brother.

Mir. I should sin
 To think but nobly of my grandmother :
 Good wombs have borne bad sons.

Pros. Now the condition. 120
 This King of Naples, being an enemy

⁹⁷ *sans bound* = without bound. This French word was commonly used in S.'s time.

To me inveterate, hearkens my brother's suit ;
 Which was, that he, in lieu o' th' premises,
 Of homage and I know not how much tribute,
 Should presently extirpate me and mine
 Out of the dukedom, and confer fair Milan
 With all the honours on my brother : whereon,
 A treacherous army levied, one midnight
 Fated to th' purpose did Antonio open
 The gates of Milan, and, i' th' dead of darkness,
 The ministers for the purpose hurri'd thence
 Me and thy crying self.

130

Mir. Alack, for pity !
 I, not remembering how I cri'd out then,
 Will cry it o'er again : it is a hint
 That wrings mine eyes to 't.

Pros. Hear a little further,
 And then I'll bring thee to the present business
 Which now 's upon 's ; without the which this story
 Were most impertinent.

Mir. Wherefore did they not
 That hour destroy us ?

Pros. Well demanded, wench :
 My tale provokes that question. Dear, they durst not,
 So dear the love my people bore me, nor set
 A mark so bloody on the business, but
 With colours fairer painted their foul ends.
 In few, they hurried us aboard a bark,
 Bore us some leagues to sea ; where they prepar'd
 A rotten carcass of a boat, not rigg'd,
 Nor tackle, sail, nor mast ; the very rats
 Instinctively had quit it : there they hoist us,
 To cry to th' sea that roar'd to us, to sigh
 To th' winds whose pity, sighing back again,
 Did us but loving wrong.

140

150

Mir. Alack, what trouble
 Was I then to you !

Pros. O, a cherubin
 Thou wast that did preserve me. Thou didst smile,
 Infused with a fortitude from heaven,
 When I have deck'd the sea with drops full salt,
 Under my burthen groan'd ; which rais'd in me
 An undergoing stomach, to bear up
 Against what should ensue.

¹²³ *in lieu* = in consideration, payment.

¹³⁹ *wench* = girl, simply.

¹⁵² *cherubin* = the old form of cherub ; from Ital. *cherubino*.

¹⁵⁷ *undergoing stomach* = sustaining courage.

Mir.

How came we ashore?

Pros. By Providence divine.

Some food we had and some fresh water that

160

A noble Neapolitan, Gonzalo,

Out of his charity, being then appointed

Master of this design, did give us, with

Rich garments, linens, stuffs and necessities,

Which since have steaded much; so, of his gentleness,

Knowing I lov'd my books, he furnish'd me

From mine own library with volumes that

I prize above my dukedom.

Mir.

Would I might

But ever see that man!

Pros.

Now I arise:

[*Puts on his robe.*

Sit still, and hear the last of our sea-sorrow.

170

Here in this island we arriv'd; and here

Have I, thy schoolmaster, made thee more profit

Than other princess can that have more time

For vainer hours and tutors not so careful.

Mir. Heavens thank you for 't! And now, I pray you, sir,

For still 't is beating in my mind, your reason

For raising this sea-storm?

Pros.

Know thus far forth.

By accident most strange, bountiful Fortune,

Now my dear lady, hath mine enemies

Brought to this shore; and by my prescience

180

I find my zenith doth depend upon

A most auspicious star, whose influence

If now I court not but omit, my fortunes

Will ever after droop. Here cease more questions:

Thou art inclin'd to sleep; 't is a good dulness,

And give it way: I know thou canst not choose. [*Miranda sleeps.*

Come away, servant, come. I am ready now.

Approach, my Ariel, come.

*Enter ARIEL.**Ari.* All hail, great master! grave sir, hail! I come

To answer thy best pleasure; be 't to fly,

190

To swim, to dive into the fire, to ride

On the curl'd clouds, to thy strong bidding task

Ariel and all his quality.

Pros.

Hast thou, spirit,

Perform'd to point the tempest that I bade thee?

Ari. To every article.

I boarded the king's ship; now on the beak,

Now in the waist, the deck, in every cabin,

I flam'd amazement: sometime I 'ld divide,

And burn in many places ; on the topmast,
 The yards and bowsprit, would I flame distinctly, 200
 Then meet and join. Jove's lightnings, the precursors
 O' th' dreadful thunder-claps, more momentary
 And sight-outrunning were not ; the fire and cracks
 Of sulphurous roaring the most mighty Neptune
 Seem'd to besiege and make his bold waves tremble,
 Yea, his dread trident shake.

Pros. My brave spirit !

Who was so firm, so constant, that this coil
 Would not infect his reason ?

Ari. Not a soul

But felt a fever of the mad and play'd 210
 Some tricks of desperation. All but mariners
 Plung'd in the foaming brine and quit the vessel,
 Then all afire with me : the king's son, Ferdinand,
 With hair up-staring, — then like reeds, not hair, —
 Was the first man that leap'd ; cried, " Hell is empty,
 And all the devils are here."

Pros. Why, that 's my spirit !

But was not this nigh shore ?

Ari. Close by, my master.

Pros. But are they, Ariel, safe ?

Ari. Not a hair perish'd ;

On their sustaining garments not a blemish,
 But fresher than before : and, as thou bad'st me,
 In troops I have dispers'd them 'bout the isle. 220
 The king's son have I landed by himself ;
 Whom I left cooling of the air with sighs
 In an odd angle of the isle and sitting,
 His arms in this sad knot.

Pros. Of the king's ship

The mariners say how thou hast dispos'd
 And all the rest o' th' fleet.

Ari. Safely in harbour

Is the king's ship ; in the deep nook, where once
 Thou call'dst me up at midnight to fetch dew
 From the still-vex'd Bermoothes, there she 's hid :
 The mariners all under hatches stow'd ; 230
 Who, with a charm join'd to their suffer'd labour,
 I have left asleep : and for the rest o' th' fleet
 Which I dispers'd, they all have met again
 And are upon the Mediterranean flote,

²⁰⁷ *coil* = confusion, disturbance.

²²⁹ *Bermoothes* = Bermudas ; *u* having the sound of *oo*, and *th* that of *t* or *d*.

²³⁴ *flote* = wave, from the French *flot*.

Bound sadly home for Naples,
Supposing that they saw the king's ship wrack'd
And his great person perish.

Pros. Ariel, thy charge
Exactly is perform'd: but there's more work.
What is the time o' th' day?

Ari. Past the mid season.

Pros. At least two glasses. The time 'twixt six and now
Must by us both be spent most precious. 241

Ari. Is there more toil? Since thou dost give me pains,
Let me remember thee what thou hast promis'd,
Which is not yet perform'd me.

Pros. How now? moody?
What is't thou canst demand?

Ari. My liberty.

Pros. Before the time be out? no more!

Ari. I prithee,
Remember I have done thee worthy service;
Told thee no lies, made thee no mistakings, serv'd
Without or grudge or grumblings: thou didst promise
To bate me a full year.

Pros. Dost thou forget 250
From what a torment I did free thee?

Ari. No.

Pros. Thou dost, and think'st it much to tread the ooze
Of the salt deep,
To run upon the sharp wind of the north,
To do me business in the veins o' th' earth
When it is bak'd with frost.

Ari. I do not, sir.

Pros. Thou liest, malignant thing! Hast thou forgot
The foul witch Sycorax, who with age and envy
Was grown into a hoop? hast thou forgot her?

Ari. No, sir.

Pros. Thou hast. Where was she born? speak; tell me.

Ari. Sir, in Argier.

Pros. O, was she so? I must 261
Once in a month recount what thou hast been,
Which thou forget'st. This damn'd witch Sycorax,
For mischiefs manifold and sorceries terrible
To enter human hearing, from Argier,
Thou know'st, was banish'd; for one thing she did
They would not take her life. Is not this true?

Ari. Ay, sir.

Pros. This blue-eyed hag was hither brought with child
And here was left by the sailors. Thou, my slave,

As thou report'st thyself, wast then her servant ;
 And, for thou wast a spirit too delicate
 To act her earthy and abhorr'd commands,
 Refusing her grand hests, she did confine thee,
 By help of her more potent ministers
 And in her most unmitigable rage,
 Into a cloven pine ; within which rift
 Imprison'd thou didst painfully remain
 A dozen years ; within which space she died
 And left thee there ; where thou didst vent thy groans 280
 As fast as mill-wheels strike. Then was this island —
 Save for the son that she did litter here,
 A freckled whelp hag-born — not honour'd with
 A human shape.

Ari. Yes, Caliban her son.

Pros. Dull thing, I say so ; he, that Caliban,
 Whom now I keep in service. Thou best know'st
 What torment I did find thee in ; thy groans
 Did make wolves howl and penetrate the breasts
 Of ever angry bears : it was a torment
 To lay upon the damn'd, which Sycorax 290
 Could not again undo : it was mine art,
 When I arriv'd and heard thee, that made gape
 The pine and let thee out.

Ari. I thank thee, master.

Pros. If thou more murmur'st, I will rend an oak
 And peg thee in his knotty entrails till
 Thou hast howl'd away twelve winters.

Ari. Pardon, master ;

I will be correspondent to command
 And do my spiriting gently.

Pros. Do so, and after two days

I will discharge thee.

Ari. That 's my noble master !

What shall I do ? say what ; what shall I do ? 300

Pros. Go make thyself like a nymph o' th' sea : be subject
 To no sight but thine and mine, invisible
 To every eyeball else. Go take this shape
 And hither come in 't : go, hence with diligence !
 Awake, dear heart, awake ! thou hast slept well ;
 Awake ! [Exit Ariel.]

Mir. The strangeness of your story put
 Heaviness in me.

Pros. Shake it off. Come on ;
 We 'll visit Caliban my slave, who never
 Yields us kind answer.

Mir. 'T is a villain, sir,
I do not love to look on.

Pros. But, as 't is, 310
We cannot miss him : he does make our fire,
Fetch in our wood, and serves in offices
That profit us. What, ho ! slave ! Caliban !
Thou earth, thou ! speak.

Cal. [*Within.*] There 's wood enough within.

Pros. Come forth, I say ! there 's other business for thee :
Come, thou tortoise ! when ?

Re-enter ARIEL like a water-nymph.

Fine apparition ! My quaint Ariel,
Hark in thine ear.

Ari. My lord, it shall be done. [*Exit.*]

Pros. Thou poisonous slave, got by the devil himself
Upon thy wicked dam, come forth ! 320

Enter CALIBAN.

Cal. As wicked dew as e'er my mother brush'd
With raven's feather from unwholesome fen
Drop on you both ! a south-west blow on ye
And blister you all o'er !

Pros. For this, be sure, to-night thou shalt have cramps,
Side-stitches that shall pen thy breath up ; urchins
Shall, for that vast of night that they may work,
All exercise on thee ; thou shalt be pinch'd
As thick as honeycomb, each pinch more stinging
Than bees that made 'em.

Cal. I must eat my dinner. 330
This island 's mine, by Sycorax my mother,
Which thou tak'st from me. When thou cam'st first,
Thou strokedst me and madest much of me, wouldst give me
Water with berries in 't, and teach me how
To name the bigger light, and how the less,
That burn by day and night : and then I lov'd thee
And show'd thee all the qualities o' th' isle,
The fresh springs, brine-pits, barren place and fertile :
Curs'd be I that did so ! All the charms
Of Sycorax, toads, beetles, bats, light on you ! 340
For I am all the subjects that you have,
Which first was mine own king : and here you sty me
In this hard rock, whiles you do keep from me
The rest o' th' island.

Pros. Thou most lying slave,
Whom stripes may move, not kindness ! I have us'd thee,

³¹¹ miss him = be without him.

³²⁶ urchins = hedgehogs ; hence, an ill-natured sort of fairy.

Filth as thou art, with human care, and lodg'd thee
In mine own cell, till thou didst seek to violate
The honour of my child.

Cal. O ho, O ho! would 't had been done!
Thou didst prevent me; I had peopled else 350
This isle with Calibans.

Pros. Abhorred slave,
Which any print of goodness wilt not take,
Being capable of all ill! I pitied thee,
Took pains to make thee speak, taught thee each hour
One thing or other: when thou didst not, savage,
Know thine own meaning, but wouldst gabble like
A thing most brutish, I endow'd thy purposes
With words that made them known. But thy vile race,
Though thou didst learn, had that in 't which good natures
Could not abide to be with; therefore wast thou 360
Deservedly confin'd into this rock,
Who hadst deserv'd more than a prison.

Cal. You taught me language; and my profit on 't
Is, I know how to curse. The red plague rid you
For learning me your language!

Pros. Hag-seed, hence!
Fetch us in fuel; and be quick, thou 'rt best,
To answer other business. Shrug'st thou, malice?
If thou neglect'st or dost unwillingly
What I command, I'll rack thee with old cramps,
Fill all thy bones with aches, make thee roar 370
That beasts shall tremble at thy din.

Cal. No, pray thee.
[*Aside.*] I must obey: his art is of such power,
It would control my dam's god, Setebos,
And make a vassal of him.

Pros. So, slave; hence! [Exit Caliban.]

Re-enter ARIEL, invisible, playing and singing; FERDINAND following.

ARIEL'S song.

Come unto these yellow sands,
And then take hands:
Courtsied when you have and kiss'd
The wild waves whist,
Foot it featly here and there;
And, sweet sprites, the burthen bear.
Hark, hark!

[*Burthen, dispersedly, within.*] Bow-wow.
The watch-dogs bark:
[*Burthen, etc.*] Bow-wow.

370 *aches*, a dissyllable, pronounced with *ch* soft.

Ari. Hark, hark! I hear
The strain of strutting chanticleer
Cry, Cock-a-diddle-dow.

Fer. Where should this music be? i' th' air or th' earth?
It sounds no more: and, sure, it waits upon
Some god o' th' island. Sitting on a bank,
Weeping again the king my father's wrack,
This music crept by me upon the waters,
Allaying both their fury and my passion
With its sweet air: thence I have follow'd it,
Or it hath drawn me rather. But 't is gone.
No, it begins again.

390

ARIEL sings.

Full fadom five thy father lies;
Of his bones are coral made;
Those are pearls that were his eyes:
Nothing of him that doth fade
But doth suffer a sea-change
Into something rich and strange.
Sea-nymphs hourly ring his knell:

400

Burthen. Ding-dong.

Ari. Hark! now I hear them, — ding-dong, bell.

Fer. The ditty does remember my drown'd father.
This is no mortal business, nor no sound
That the earth owes. I hear it now above me.

Pros. The fringed curtains of thine eye advance
And say what thou seest yond.

Mir. What is 't? a spirit?
Lord, how it looks about! Believe me, sir,
It carries a brave form. But 't is a spirit.

Pros. No, wench; it eats and sleeps and hath such senses
As we have, such. This gallant which thou seest
Was in the wrack; and, but he's something stain'd
With grief that's beauty's canker, thou mightst call him
A goodly person: he hath lost his fellows
And strays about to find 'em.

411

Mir. I might call him
A thing divine; for nothing natural
I ever saw so noble.

Pros. [*Aside.*] It goes on, I see,
As my soul prompts it. Spirit, fine spirit! I'll free thee
Within two days for this.

Fer. Most sure, the goddess
On whom these airs attend! Vouchsafe my prayer
May know if you remain upon this island;
And that you will some good instruction give

420

405 *owes* = owns, possesses.

406 *advance* = lift up.

How I may bear me here : my prime request,
Which I do last pronounce, is, O you wonder !
If you be maid or no ?

Mir. No wonder, sir ;

But certainly a maid.

Fer. My language ! heavens !

I am the best of them that speak this speech,
Were I but where 't is spoken.

Pros. How ? the best ?

What wert thou, if the King of Naples heard thee ?

Fer. A single thing, as I am now, that wonders
To hear thee speak of Naples. He does hear me ;
And that he does I weep : myself am Naples,
Who with mine eyes, never since at ebb, beheld
The king my father wrack'd. 430

Mir. Alack, for mercy !

Fer. Yes, faith, and all his lords ; the Duke of Milan
And his brave son being twain.

Pros. [*Aside.*] The Duke of Milan
And his more braver daughter could control thee,
If now 't were fit to do 't. At the first sight
They have chang'd eyes. Delicate Ariel,
I'll set thee free for this. [*To Fer.*] A word, good sir ; 440
I fear you have done yourself some wrong : a word.

Mir. Why speaks my father so ungently ? This
Is the third man that e'er I saw, the first
That e'er I sigh'd for : pity move my father
To be inclin'd my way !

Fer. O, if a virgin,
And your affection not gone forth, I'll make you
The queen of Naples.

Pros. Soft, sir ! one word more.
[*Aside.*] They are both in either's pow'r ; but this swift busi-
ness

I must uneasy make, lest too light winning
Make the prize light. [*To Fer.*] One word more ; I charge
thee 450

That thou attend me : thou dost here usurp
The name thou ow'st not ; and hast put thyself
Upon this island as a spy, to win it
From me, the lord on 't.

Fer. No, as I am a man.

Mir. There 's nothing ill can dwell in such a temple :
If the ill spirit have so fair a house,
Good things will strive to dwell with 't.

Pros.

Follow me.

Speak not you for him ; he 's a traitor. Come ;

I'll manacle thy neck and feet together :

Sea-water shalt thou drink ; thy food shall be

The fresh-brook muscles, wither'd roots and husks

460

Wherein the acorn cradled. Follow.

Fer.

No ;

I will resist such entertainment till

Mine enemy has more power.

[Draws, and is charmed from moving.

Mir.

O dear father,

Make not too rash a trial of him, for

He 's gentle and not fearful.

Pros.

What ? I say,

My foot my tutor ? Put thy sword up, traitor ;

Who mak'st a show but dar'st not strike, thy conscience

Is so possess'd with guilt : come from thy ward,

For I can here disarm thee with this stick

470

And make thy weapon drop.

Mir.

Beseech you, father.

Pros. Hence ! hang not on my garments.*Mir.*

Sir, have pity ;

I'll be his surety.

Pros.

Silence ! one word more

Shall make me chide thee, if not hate thee. What !

An advocate for an impostor ! hush !

Thou think'st there is no more such shapes as he,

Having seen but him and Caliban : foolish wench !

To the most of men this is a Caliban

And they to him are angels.

Mir.

My affections

Are then most humble ; I have no ambition

480

To see a goodlier man.

Pros.

Come on ; obey :

Thy nerves are in their infancy again

And have no vigour in them.

Fer.

So they are ;

My spirits, as in a dream, are all bound up.

My father's loss, the weakness which I feel,

The wrack of all my friends, nor this man's threats,

To whom I am subdued, are but light to me,

Might I but through my prison once a day

Behold this maid : all corners else o' th' earth

Let liberty make use of ; space enough

490

Have I in such a prison.

⁴⁰⁶ gentle and not fearful : that is, of gentle birth, a gentleman, and therefore not cowardly.

Pros. [*Aside.*] It works. [*To Fer.*] Come on.
Thou hast done well, fine Ariel! [*To Fer.*] Follow me.
[*To Ari.*] Hark what thou else shalt do me.

Mir. Be of comfort ;
My father's of a better nature, sir,
Than he appears by speech : this is unwonted
Which now came from him.

Pros. [*To Ari.*] Thou shalt be as free
As mountain winds : but then exactly do
All points of my command.

Ari. To the syllable.

Pros. [*To Mir. and Fer.*] Come, follow. Speak not for
him. [*Exeunt.*]

ACT II.

SCENE I. *Another part of the island.*

Enter ALONSO, SEBASTIAN, ANTONIO, GONZALO, ADRIAN, FRANCISCO, and others.

Gon. Beseech you, sir, be merry ; you have cause,
So have we all, of joy ; for our escape
Is much beyond our loss. Our hint of woe
Is common ; every day some sailor's wife,
The masters of some merchant and the merchant
Have just our theme of woe ; but for the miracle,
I mean our preservation, few in millions
Can speak like us : then wisely, good sir, weigh
Our sorrow with our comfort.

Alon. Prithee, peace.

Seb. He receives comfort like cold porridge. 10

Ant. The visitor will not give him o'er so.

Seb. Look, he's winding up the watch of his wit ; by and
by it will strike.

Gon. Sir, —

Seb. One : tell.

Gon. When every grief is entertain'd that's offer'd,
Comes to the entertainer —

Seb. A dollar.

Gon. Dolour comes to him, indeed ; you have spoken truer
than you purpos'd. 20

Seb. You have taken it wiselier than I meant you should.

Gon. Therefore, my lord, —

Ant. Fie, what a spendthrift is he of his tongue !

Alon. I prithee, spare.

Gon. Well, I have done : but yet, —

Seb. He will be talking.

¹¹ visitor probably means a visiting almoner.

Ant. Which, of he or Adrian, for a good wager, first begins to crow?

Seb. The old cock.

Ant. The cock'rel.

Seb. Done. The wager?

30

Ant. A laughter.

Seb. A match!

Adr. Though this island seem to be desert, —

Seb. Ha, ha, ha! So, you're paid.

Adr. Uninhabitable and almost inaccessible, —

Seb. Yet, —

Adr. Yet, —

Ant. He could not miss 't.

Adr. It must needs be of subtle, tender and delicate temperance.

41

Ant. Temperance was a delicate wench.

Seb. Ay, and a subtle; as he most learnedly deliver'd.

Adr. The air breathes upon us here most sweetly.

Seb. As if it had lungs and rotten ones.

Ant. Or as 't were perfum'd by a fen.

Gon. Here is every thing advantageous to life.

Ant. True; save means to live.

Seb. Of that there's none, or little.

Gon. How lush and lusty the grass looks! how green! 50

Ant. The ground indeed is tawny.

Seb. With an eye of green in 't.

Ant. He misses not much.

Seb. No; he doth but mistake the truth totally.

Gon. But the rarity of it is, — which is indeed almost beyond credit, —

Seb. As many vouch'd rarities are.

Gon. That our garments, being, as they were, drench'd in the sea, hold notwithstanding their freshness and glosses, being rather new-dy'd than stain'd with salt water. 60

Ant. If but one of his pockets could speak, would it not say he lies?

Seb. Ay, or very falsely pocket up his report.

Gon. Methinks our garments are now as fresh as when we put them on first in Afric, at the marriage of the king's fair daughter Claribel to the King of Tunis.

Seb. 'T was a sweet marriage, and we prosper well in our return.

Adr. Tunis was never grac'd before with such a paragon to their queen. 70

Gon. Not since widow Dido's time.

Ant. Widow! a pox o' that! How came that widow in? widow Dido!

Seb. What if he had said "widow Æneas" too? Good Lord, how you take it!

Adr. "Widow Dido" said you? you make me study of that: she was of Carthage, not of Tunis.

Gon. This Tunis, sir, was Carthage.

Adr. Carthage?

Gon. I assure you, Carthage. 80

Seb. His word is more than the miraculous harp; he hath rais'd the wall and houses too.

Ant. What impossible matter will he make easy next?

Seb. I think he will carry this island home in his pocket and give it his son for an apple.

Ant. And, sowing the kernels of it in the sea, bring forth more islands.

Gon. Ay.

Ant. Why, in good time. 89

Gon. Sir, we were talking that our garments seem now as fresh as when we were at Tunis at the marriage of your daughter, who is now queen.

Ant. And the rarest that e'er came there.

Seb. Bate, I beseech you, widow Dido.

Ant. O, widow Dido! ay, widow Dido.

Gon. Is not, sir, my doublet as fresh as the first day I wore it? I mean, in a sort.

Ant. That sort was well fish'd for.

Gon. When I wore it at your daughter's marriage?

Alon. You cram these words into mine ears against 100
The stomach of my sense. Would I had never Married my daughter there! for, coming thence, My son is lost and, in my rate, she too, Who is so far from Italy remov'd I ne'er again shall see her. O thou mine heir Of Naples and of Milan, what strange fish Hath made his meal on thee?

Fran.

Sir, he may live :

I saw him beat the surges under him,
And ride upon their backs; he trod the water,
Whose enmity he flung aside, and breasted
The surge most swoln that met him; his bold head 110
'Bove the contentious waves he kept, and oar'd
Himself with his good arms in lusty stroke
To the shore, that o'er his wave-worn basis bow'd,
As stooping to relieve him: I not doubt
He came alive to land.

⁸¹ *miraculous harp* = Amphiion's, at the sound of which the walls of Thebes arose.

¹⁰³ *my rate* = my judgment.

Alon. No, no, he's gone.

Seb. Sir, you may thank yourself for this great loss,
That would not bless our Europe with your daughter,
But rather lose her to an African;
Where she at least is banish'd from your eye,
Who hath cause to wet the grief on't. 120

Alon. Prithee, peace.

Seb. You were kneel'd to and importun'd otherwise
By all of us, and the fair soul herself
Weigh'd between loathness and obedience, at
Which end o' th' beam she 'ld bow. We have lost your son,
I fear, forever: Milan and Naples have
More widows in them of this business' making
Than we bring men to comfort them:
The fault's your own.

Alon. So is the dear'st o' th' loss.

Gon. My lord Sebastian,
The truth you speak doth lack some gentleness
And time to speak it in: you rub the sore,
When you should bring the plaster. 130

Seb. Very well.

Ant. And most chirurgeonly.

Gon. It is foul weather in us all, good sir,
When you are cloudy.

Seb. Foul weather?

Ant. Very foul.

Gon. Had I plantation of this isle, my lord, —

Ant. He 'ld sow 't with nettle-seed.

Seb. Or docks, or mallows.

Gon. And were the king on't, what would I do?

Seb. 'Scape being drunk for want of wine. 140

Gon. I' th' commonwealth I would by contraries
Execute all things; for no kind of traffic
Would I admit; no name of magistrate;
Letters should not be known; riches, poverty,
And use of service, none; contract, succession,
Bourn, bound of land, tilth, vineyard, none;
No use of metal, corn, or wine, or oil;
No occupation; all men idle, all;
And women too, but innocent and pure;
No sovereignty; —

Seb. Yet he would be king on't. 150

Ant. The latter end of his commonwealth forgets the beginning.

¹²² *importun'd* is to be accented on the second syllable.

¹²⁵ *she 'ld* = she would, contracted.

¹³⁷ *plantation* = the planting, colonization.

Gon. All things in common nature should produce
Without sweat or endeavour : treason, felony,
Sword, pike, knife, gun, or need of any engine,
Would I not have ; but nature should bring forth,
Of its own kind, all foison, all abundance,
To feed my innocent people.

Seb. No marrying 'mong his subjects ?

Ant. None, man ; all idle ; whores and knaves. 160

Gon. I would with such perfection govern, sir,
To excel the golden age.

Seb. God save his majesty !

Ant. Long live Gonzalo !

Gon. And, — do you mark me, sir ?

Alon. Prithee, no more : thou dost talk nothing to me.

Gon. I do well believe your highness ; and did it to minister
occasion to these gentlemen, who are of such sensible and nim-
ble lungs that they always use to laugh at nothing.

Ant. 'T was you we laugh'd at.

Gon. Who in this kind of merry fooling am nothing to you :
so you may continue and laugh at nothing still. 170

Ant. What a blow was there given !

Seb. An it had not fallen flat-long.

Gon. You are gentlemen of brave mettle ; you would lift the
moon out of her sphere, if she would continue in it five weeks
without changing.

Enter ARIEL, invisible, playing solemn music.

Seb. We would so, and then go a bat-fowling.

Ant. Nay, good my lord, be not angry.

Gon. No, I warrant you ; I will not adventure my discretion
so weakly. Will you laugh me asleep, for I am very heavy ?

Ant. Go sleep, and hear us. *[All sleep except Alon., Seb., and Ant.]*

Alon. What, all so soon asleep ! I wish mine eyes 181
Would, with themselves, shut up my thoughts : I find
They are inclin'd to do so.

Seb. Please you, sir,
Do not omit the heavy offer of it :
It seldom visits sorrow ; when it doth,
It is a comforter.

Ant. We two, my lord,
Will guard your person while you take your rest,
And watch your safety.

Alon. Thank you. Wondrous heavy.

[Alonzo sleeps. Exit Ariel.]

Seb. What a strange drowsiness possesses them !

Ant. It is the quality o' th' climate.

¹⁵⁷ *foison* = abundance, plenty, a mere mouth-filling repetition.

Seb.

Why

Doth it not then our eyelids sink? I find not
Myself dispos'd to sleep.

190

Ant.

Nor I; my spirits are nimble.
They fell together all, as by consent;
They dropp'd, as by a thunder-stroke. What might,
Worthy Sebastian? O, what might? — No more: —
And yet methinks I see it in thy face,
What thou shouldst be: the occasion speaks thee, and
My strong imagination sees a crown
Dropping upon thy head.

Seb.

What, art thou waking?

Ant. Do you not hear me speak?*Seb.*

I do; and surely

200

It is a sleepy language, and thou speak'st
Out of thy sleep. What is it thou didst say?
This is a strange repose, to be asleep
With eyes wide open; standing, speaking, moving,
And yet so fast asleep.

Ant.

Noble Sebastian,
Thou let'st thy fortune sleep — die, rather; wink'st
Whiles thou art waking.

Seb.

Thou dost snore distinctly;
There's meaning in thy snores.

Ant. I am more serious than my custom: you

Must be so too, if heed me; which to do
Trebles thee o'er.

210

Seb.

Well, I am standing water.

Ant. I'll teach you how to flow.*Seb.*

Do so: to ebb

Hereditary sloth instructs me.

Ant.

O,

If you but knew how you the purpose cherish
Whiles thus you mock it! how, in stripping it,
You more invest it! Ebbing men, indeed,
Most often do so near the bottom run
By their own fear or sloth.

Seb.

Prithee, say on:

The setting of thine eye and cheek proclaim
A matter from thee, and a birth indeed
Which throes thee much to yield.

220

Ant.

Thus, sir:

Although this lord of weak remembrance, — this,
Who shall be of as little memory
When he is earth'd, — hath here almost persuaded
(For he's a spirit of persuasion, only

Professes to persuade) the king his son's alive,
'T is as impossible that he's undrown'd
As he that sleeps here swims.

Seb.

I have no hope

That he's undrown'd.

Ant.

O, out of that "no hope"

What great hope have you ! no hope that way is
Another way so high a hope that even
Ambition cannot pierce a wink beyond,
But doubt discovery there. Will you grant with me
That Ferdinand is drown'd ?

230

Seb.

He's gone.

Ant.

Then, tell me,

Who's the next heir of Naples ?

Seb.

Claribel.

Ant. She that is queen of Tunis ; she that dwells
Ten leagues beyond man's life ; she that from Naples
Can have no note, unless the sun were post —
The man i' th' moon's too slow — till new-born chins
Be rough and razorable ; she from whom
We all were sea-swallow'd, though some cast again,
And by that destiny to perform an act
Whereof what's past is prologue, what to come
In yours and my discharge.

240

Seb.

What stuff is this ! how say you ?

'T is true, my brother's daughter's queen of Tunis ;
So is she heir of Naples ; 'twixt which regions
There is some space.

Ant.

A space whose every cubit
Seems to cry out, "How shall that Claribel
Measure us back to Naples ? Keep in Tunis,
And let Sebastian wake." Say, this were death
That now hath seiz'd them ; why, they were no worse
Than now they are. There be that can rule Naples
As well as he that sleeps ; lords that can prate
As amply and unnecessarily
As this Gonzalo ; I myself could make
A chough of as deep chat. O, that you bore
The mind that I do ! what a sleep were this
For your advancement ! Do you understand me ?

250

Seb. Methinks I do.

Ant.

And how does your content
Tender your own good fortune ?

Seb.

I remember

You did supplant your brother Prospero.

260

*Ant.**True.*

And look how well my garments sit upon me ;
 Much feater than before : my brother's servants
 Were then my fellows ; now they are my men.

Seb. But, for your conscience ?

Ant. Ay, sir ; where lies that ? if 't were a kibe,
 'T would put me to my slipper : but I feel not
 This deity in my bosom : twenty consciences,
 That stand 'twixt me and Milan, candi'd be they
 And melt ere they molest ! Here lies your brother,
 No better than the earth he lies upon,
 If he were that which now he's like, that's dead ;
 Whom I, with this obedient steel, three inches of it,
 Can lay to bed for ever ; whiles you, doing thus,
 To the perpetual wink for aye might put
 This ancient morsel, this Sir Prudence, who
 Should not upbraid our course. For all the rest,
 They'll take suggestion as a cat laps milk ;
 They'll tell the clock to any business that
 We say befits the hour.

270

Seb.

Thy case, dear friend,

280

Shall be my precedent ; as thou got'st Milan,
 I'll come by Naples. Draw thy sword : one stroke
 Shall free thee from the tribute which thou payest ;
 And I the king shall love thee.

Ant.

Draw together ;

And when I rear my hand, do you the like,
 To fall it on Gonzalo.

Seb.

O, but one word.

[*They talk apart.*]*Re-enter ARIEL, invisible.*

Ari. My master through his art foresees the danger
 That you, his friends, are in ; and sends me forth —
 For else his project dies — to keep them living.

[*Sings in Gonzalo's ear.*]

While you here do snoring lie,

290

Open-ey'd conspiracy

His time doth take.

If of life you keep a care,

Shake off slumber, and beware :

Awake, awake !

Ant. Then let us both be sudden.

Gon.

Now, good angels

Preserve the king.

[*They wake.*]

Alon. Why, how now ? ho, awake ! Why are you drawn ?
 Wherefore this ghastly looking ?

²⁰³ *feater* = more neatly.²⁰⁶ *kibe* = an indurated chilblain.

Gon. What's the matter?

Seb. Whiles we stood here securing your repose, 300
Even now, we heard a hollow burst of bellowing
Like bulls, or rather lions : did 't not wake you?
It struck mine ear most terribly.

Alon. I heard nothing.

Ant. O, 't was a din to fright a monster's ear,
To make an earthquake ! sure, it was the roar
Of a whole herd of lions.

Alon. Heard you this, Gonzalo?

Gon. Upon mine honour, sir, I heard a humming,
And that a strange one too, which did awake me :
I shak'd you, sir, and cri'd : as mine eyes open'd,
I saw their weapons drawn : there was a noise, 310
That's verily. 'T is best we stand upon our guard,
Or that we quit this place : let's draw our weapons.

Alon. Lead off this ground ; and let's make further search
For my poor son.

Gon. Heavens keep him from these beasts !
For he is, sure, i' th' island.

Alon. Lead away.

Ari. Prospero my lord shall know what I have done :
So, king, go safely on to seek thy son. [Exeunt.]

SCENE II. *Another part of the island.*

Enter CALIBAN with a burthen of wood. A noise of thunder heard.

Cal. All the infections that the sun sucks up
From bogs, fens, flats, on Prosper fall and make him
By inch-meal a disease ! His spirits hear me
And yet I needs must curse. But they'll nor pinch,
Fright me with urchin-shows, pitch me i' th' mire,
Nor lead me, like a firebrand, in the dark
Out of my way, unless he bid 'em ; but
For every trifle are they set upon me ;
Sometime like apes that mow and chatter at me
And after bite me, then like hedgehogs which 10
Lie tumbling in my barefoot way and mount
Their pricks at my footfall ; sometime am I
All wound with adders who with cloven tongues
Do hiss me into madness.

Enter TRINCULO.

Lo, now, lo !

Here comes a spirit of his, and to torment me
For bringing wood in slowly. I'll fall flat ;
Perchance he will not mind me.

Trin. Here's neither bush nor shrub, to bear off any weather

at all, and another storm brewing; I hear it sing i' th' wind; yond same black cloud, yond huge one, looks like a foul bombard that would shed his liquor. If it should thunder as it did before, I know not where to hide my head: yond same cloud cannot choose but fall by pailfuls. What have we here? a man or a fish? dead or alive? A fish: he smells like a fish; a very ancient and fish-like smell; a kind of not-of-the-newest Poor-John. A strange fish! Were I in England now, as once I was, and had but this fish painted, not a holiday fool there but would give a piece of silver: there would this monster make a man; any strange beast there makes a man: when they will not give a doit to relieve a lame beggar, they will lay out ten to see a dead Indian. Legg'd like a man! and his fins like arms! Warm o' my troth! I do now let loose my opinion; hold it no longer: this is no fish, but an islander, that hath lately suffered by a thunderbolt. [*Thunder.*] Alas, the storm is come again! my best way is to creep under his gaberdine; there is no other shelter hereabout: misery acquaints a man with strange bedfellows. I will here shroud till the dregs of the storm be past.

Enter STEPHANO, singing: a bottle in his hand.

Ste. I shall no more to sea, to sea,
Here shall I die ashore —

39

This is a very scurvy tune to sing at a man's funeral: well, here's my comfort.

[*Drinks.*][*Sings.*]

The master, the swabber, the boatswain and I,
The gunner and his mate
Lov'd Moll, Meg and Marian and Margery,
But none of us cared for Kate;
For she had a tongue with a tang,
Would cry to a sailor, Go hang!
She lov'd not the savour of tar nor of pitch,
Yet a tailor might scratch her where'er she did itch:
Then to sea, boys, and let her go hang!

50

This is a scurvy tune too: but here's my comfort.

[*Drinks.*]

Cal. Do not torment me: Oh!

Ste. What's the matter? Have we devils here? Do you put tricks upon's with savages and men of Ind, ha? I have not scap'd drowning to be afeard now of your four legs; for it hath been said, As proper a man as ever went on four legs cannot make him give ground; and it shall be said so again while Stephano breathes at's nostrils.

Cal. The spirit torments me; Oh!

59

Ste. This is some monster of the isle with four legs, who hath got, as I take it, an ague. Where the devil should he learn our

²⁰ bombard—a large drinking vessel made of leather.

language? I will give him some relief, if it be but for that. If I can recover him and keep him tame and get to Naples with him, he's a present for any emperor that ever trod on neat's-leather.

Cal. Do not torment me, prithee; I'll bring my wood home faster.

Ste. He's in his fit now and does not talk after the wisest. He shall taste of my bottle: if he have never drunk wine afore, it will go near to remove his fit. If I can recover him and keep him tame, I will not take too much for him; he shall pay for him that hath him, and that soundly.

Cal. Thou dost me yet but little hurt; thou wilt anon, I know it by thy trembling: now Prosper works upon thee.

Ste. Come on your ways; open your mouth; here is that which will give language to you, cat: open your mouth; this will shake your shaking, I can tell you, and that soundly: you cannot tell who's your friend: open your chaps again.

Trin. I should know that voice: it should be—but he is drown'd; and these are devils: O defend me! 80

Ste. Four legs and two voices: a most delicate monster! His forward voice now is to speak well of his friend; his backward voice is to utter foul speeches and to detract. If all the wine in my bottle will recover him, I will help his ague. Come. Amen! I will pour some in thy other mouth.

Trin. Stephano!

Ste. Doth thy other mouth call me? Mercy, mercy! This is a devil, and no monster: I will leave him; I have no long spoon. 89

Trin. Stephano! If thou be'st Stephano, touch me and speak to me; for I am Trinculo—be not afeard—thy good friend Trinculo.

Ste. If thou be'st Trinculo, come forth: I'll pull thee by the lesser legs: if any be Trinculo's legs, these are they. Thou art very Trinculo indeed! How cam'st thou to be the siege of this moon-calf? can he vent Trinculos?

Trin. I took him to be kill'd with a thunder-stroke. But art thou not drown'd, Stephano? I hope now thou art not drown'd. Is the storm over-blown? I hid me under the dead moon-calf's gaberdine for fear of the storm. And art thou living, Stephano? O Stephano, two Neapolitans 'scap'd! 101

Ste. Prithee, do not turn me about; my stomach is not constant.

Cal. [*Aside.*] These be fine things, an if they be not sprites.

⁸⁸ long spoon: "He who eats with the Devil should have a long spoon."

⁸⁹ siege = seat, stool.

⁹⁰ moon-calf = a monstrous, false conception, supposed to be caused by the influence of the moon.

That 's a brave god and bears celestial liquor.

I will kneel to him.

Ste. How didst thou 'scape? How cam'st thou hither? swear by this bottle how thou cam'st hither. I escap'd upon a butt of sack which the sailors heav'd o'erboard, by this bottle, which I made of the bark of a tree with mine own hands since I was cast ashore. 111

Cal. I'll swear upon that bottle to be thy true subject; for the liquor is not earthly.

Ste. Here; swear then how thou escap'dst.

Trin. Swum ashore, man, like a duck: I can swim like a duck, I'll be sworn.

Ste. Here, kiss the book. Though thou canst swim like a duck, thou art made like a goose.

Trin. O Stephano, hast any more of this? 119

Ste. The whole butt, man: my cellar is in a rock by the sea-side where my wine is hid. How now, moon-calf! how does thine ague?

Cal. Hast thou not dropp'd from heaven?

Ste. Out o' th' moon, I do assure thee: I was the man i' th' moon when time was.

Cal. I have seen thee in her and I do adore thee: My mistress show'd me thee and thy dog and thy bush.

Ste. Come, swear to that; kiss the book: I will furnish it anon with new contents: swear. 129

Trin. By this good light, this is a very shallow monster! I afeard of him! A very weak monster! The man i' th' moon! A most poor credulous monster! Well drawn, monster, in good sooth!

Cal. I'll show thee every fertile inch o' th' island; And I will kiss thy foot: I prithee, be my god.

Trin. By this light, a most perfidious and drunken monster! when 's god 's asleep, he'll rob his bottle.

Cal. I'll kiss thy foot; I'll swear myself thy subject.

Ste. Come on then; down, and swear. 139

Trin. I shall laugh myself to death at this puppy-headed monster. A most scurvy monster! I could find in my heart to beat him, —

Ste. Come, kiss.

Trin. But that the poor monster 's in drink: an abominable monster!

Cal. I'll show thee the best springs; I'll pluck thee berries; I'll fish for thee and get thee wood enough.

A plague upon the tyrant that I serve!

I'll bear him no more sticks, but follow thee,

Thou wondrous man.

Trin. A most ridiculous monster, to make a wonder of a poor drunkard!

Cal. I prithee, let me bring thee where crabs grow;
And I with my long nails will dig thee pig-nuts;
Show thee a jay's nest and instruct thee how
To snare the nimble marmoset; I'll bring thee
To clustering filberts and sometimes I'll get thee
Young scamels from the rock. Wilt thou go with me?

Ste. I prithee now, lead the way without any more talking.
Trinculo, the king and all our company else being drown'd, we
will inherit here: here! bear my bottle: fellow Trinculo, we'll
fill him by and by again.

Cal. [*Sings drunkenly.*]

Farewell, master; farewell, farewell!

Trin. A howling monster; a drunken monster!

Cal. No more dams I'll make for fish;
Nor fetch in firing
At requiring:
Nor scrape trenchering, nor wash dish:
'Ban, 'Ban, Cacaliban
Has a new master: get a new man.

170

Freedom, hey-day! hey-day, freedom! freedom, hey-day, freedom!

Ste. O brave monster! Lead the way.

[*Exeunt.*]

ACT III.

SCENE I. Before PROSPERO'S cell.

Enter FERDINAND, bearing a log.

Fer. There be some sports are painful, and their labour
Delight in them sets off: some kinds of baseness
Are nobly undergone and most poor matters
Point to rich ends. This my mean task
Would be as heavy to me as odious, but
The mistress which I serve quickens what's dead
And makes my labours pleasures: O, she is
Ten times more gentle than her father's crabbed;
And he's composed of harshness. I must remove
Some thousands of these logs and pile them up,
Upon a sore injunction: my sweet mistress
Weeps when she sees me work, and says, such baseness
Had never like executor. I forget:

10

¹⁵⁸ *scamels.* What these were has not yet been discovered.

¹⁶⁸ *trenchering.* So the old text. Caliban is drunk, and his tongue is entangled with the fag-ends of *firing* and *requiring*.

But these sweet thoughts do even refresh my labours,
Most busy lest, when I do it.

Enter MIRANDA; and PROSPERO at a distance, unseen.

Mir. Alas, now, pray you,
Work not so hard: I would the lightning had
Burnt up those logs that you are enjoin'd to pile!
Pray, set it down and rest you: when this burns,
'T will weep for having wearied you. My father
Is hard at study; pray now, rest yourself;
He's safe for these three hours.

20

Fer. O most dear mistress,
The sun will set before I shall discharge
What I must strive to do.

Mir. If you'll sit down,
I'll bear your logs the while: pray, give me that;
I'll carry it to the pile.

Fer. No, precious creature;
I had rather crack my sinews, break my back,
Than you should such dishonour undergo,
While I sit lazy by.

Mir. It would become me
As well as it does you: and I should do it
With much more ease; for my good will is to it,
And yours it is against.

30

Pros. Poor worm, thou art infected!
This visitation shows it.

Mir. You look wearily.

Fer. No, noble mistress; 't is fresh morning with me
When you are by at night. I do beseech you —
Chiefly that I might set it in my prayers —
What is your name?

Mir. Miranda. — O my father,
I have broke your hest to say so!

Fer. Admir'd Miranda!

Indeed the top of admiration! worth
What's dearest to the world! Full many a lady
I have ey'd with best regard, and many a time
The harmony of their tongues hath into bondage
Brought my too diligent ear: for several virtues
Have I lik'd several women; never any
With so full soul, but some defect in her
Did quarrel with the noblest grace she ow'd
And put it to the foil: but you, O you,

40

¹⁵ *Most busy lest*: corrupt: possibly, *most busiest*; that is, his thoughts of Miranda were most busy when he was working to obtain her.

²⁷ *hest* = behest, command.

So perfect and so peerless, are created
Of every creature's best!

Mir.

I do not know

One of my sex ; no woman's face remember,
Save, from my glass, mine own ; nor have I seen
More that I may call men than you, good friend,
And my dear father : how features are abroad,
I am skillless of ; but, by my modesty,
The jewel in my dower, I would not wish
Any companion in the world but you,
Nor can imagination form a shape,
Besides yourself, to like of. But I prattle
Something too wildly, and my father's precepts
I therein do forget.

50

Fer.

I am in my condition

A prince, Miranda ; I do think, a king ;
I would, not so ! — and would no more endure
This wooden slavery than to suffer
The flesh-fly blow my mouth. Hear my soul speak :
The very instant that I saw you, did
My heart fly to your service ; there resides,
To make me slave to it ; and for your sake
Am I this patient log-man.

60

Mir.

Do you love me ?

Fer. O heaven, O earth, bear witness to this sound

And crown what I profess with kind event

If I speak true ! if hollowly, invert

What best is boded me to mischief ! I

Beyond all limit of what else i' th' world

Do love, prize, honour you.

70

Mir.

I am a fool

To weep at what I am glad of.

Pros.

Fair encounter

Of two most rare affections ! Heavens rain grace

On that which breeds between 'em !

Fer.

Wherefore weep you ?

Mir. At mine unworthiness that dare not offer

What I desire to give, and much less take

What I shall die to want. But this is trifling :

And all the more it seeks to hide itself,

The bigger bulk it shows. Hence, bashful cunning !

80

And prompt me, plain and holy innocence !

I am your wife, if you will marry me ;

If not, I'll die your maid : to be your fellow

You may deny me ; but I'll be your servant,

Whether you will or no.

Fer. My mistress, dearest ;
And I thus humble ever.

Mir. My husband, then ?

Fer. Ay, with a heart as willing
As bondage e'er of freedom : here 's my hand.

Mir. And mine, with my heart in 't : and now farewell 90
Till half an hour hence.

Fer. A thousand thousand !

[*Excunt Fer. and Mir. severally.*]

Pros. So glad of this as they I cannot be,
Who are surpris'd withal ; but my rejoicing
At nothing can be more. I'll to my book,
For yet ere supper-time must I perform
Much business appertaining.

[*Exit.*]

SCENE II. *Another part of the island.*

Enter CALIBAN, STEPHANO, and TRINCULO.

Ste. Tell not me ; when the butt is out, we will drink water ;
not a drop before : therefore bear up, and board 'em. Servant-
monster, drink to me.

Trin. Servant-monster ! the folly of this island ! They say
there 's but five upon this isle : we are three of them ; if th'
other two be brain'd like us, the state totters.

Ste. Drink, servant-monster, when I bid thee : thy eyes are
almost set in thy head.

Trin. Where should they be set else ? he were a brave mon-
ster indeed, if they were set in his tail. 10

Ste. My man-monster hath drown'd his tongue in sack : for
my part, the sea cannot drown me ; I swam, ere I could recover
the shore, five and thirty leagues off and on. By this light, thou
shalt be my lieutenant, monster, or my standard.

Trin. Your lieutenant, if you list ; he 's no standard.

Ste. We 'll not run, Monsieur Monster.

Trin. Nor go neither ; but you 'll lie like dogs and yet say
nothing neither.

Ste. Moon-calf, speak once in thy life, if thou be'st a good
moon-calf. 20

Cal. How does thy honour ? Let me lick thy shoe.
I'll not serve him ; he 's not valiant.

Trin. Thou liest, most ignorant monster : I am in case to
justle a constable. Why, thou debosh'd fish, thou, was there
ever man a coward that hath drunk so much sack as I to-day ?
Wilt thou tell a monstrous lie, being but half a fish and half a
monster ?

¹⁵ *no standard*, a punning reference to the ensign or ancient (a corruption of ensign),
the officer next below the lieutenant.

²⁴ *debosh'd* = debauched.

Cal. Lo, how he mocks me ! wilt thou let him, my lord ?

Trin. " Lord " quoth he ! That a monster should be such a natural ! 30

Cal. Lo, lo, again ! bite him to death, I prithee.

Ste. Trinculo, keep a good tongue in your head : if you prove a mutineer, — the next tree ! The poor monster's my subject and he shall not suffer indignity.

Cal. I thank my noble lord. Wilt thou be pleas'd to hearken once again to the suit I made to thee ?

Ste. Marry, will I : kneel and repeat it ; I will stand, and so shall Trinculo.

Enter ARIEL, invisible.

Cal. As I told thee before, I am subject to a tyrant, a sorcerer, that by his cunning hath cheated me of the island. 40

Ari. Thou liest.

Cal. Thou liest, thou jesting monkey, thou : I would my valiant master would destroy thee ! I do not lie.

Ste. Trinculo, if you trouble him any more in's tale, by this hand, I will supplant some of your teeth.

Trin. Why, I said nothing.

Ste. Mum, then, and no more. Proceed.

Cal. I say, by sorcery he got this isle ; From me he got it. If thy greatness will Revenge it on him, — for I know thou dar'st, 50 But this thing dare not, —

Ste. That's most certain.

Cal. Thou shalt be lord of it and I'll serve thee.

Ste. How now shall this be compass'd ? Canst thou bring me to the party ?

Cal. Yea, yea, my lord : I'll yield him thee asleep, Where thou mayst knock a nail into his head.

Ari. Thou liest ; thou canst not.

Cal. What a pied ninny's this ! Thou scurvy patch ! I do beseech thy greatness, give him blows 60 And take his bottle from him : when that's gone He shall drink nought but brine ; for I'll not show him Where the quick freshes are.

Ste. Trinculo, run into no further danger : interrupt the monster one word further, and, by this hand, I'll turn my mercy out o' doors and make a stock-fish of thee.

Trin. Why, what did I ? I did nothing. I'll go farther off.

Ste. Didst thou not say he lied ?

Ari. Thou liest. 70

⁵⁹ *pied ninny*: Trinculo is the Court Fool, and wears a motley, or pied, dress

Ste. Do I so? take thou that. [*Beats Trin.*]
As you like this, give me the lie another time.

Trin. I did not give the lie. Out o' your wits and hearing too? A pox o' your bottle! this can sack and drinking do. A murrain on your monster, and the devil take your fingers!

Cal. Ha, ha, ha!

Ste. Now, forward with your tale. Prithee, stand farther off.

Cal. Beat him enough: after a little time
I'll beat him too.

Ste. Stand farther. Come, proceed.

80

Cal. Why, as I told thee, 't is a custom with him,
I' th' afternoon to sleep: there thou mayst brain him,
Having first seiz'd his books, or with a log
Batter his skull, or paunch him with a stake,
Or cut his wezand with thy knife. Remember
First to possess his books; for without them
He's but a sot, as I am, nor hath not
One spirit to command: they all do hate him
As rootedly as I. Burn but his books.
He has brave utensils, — for so he calls them, —
Which, when he has a house, he'll deck withal.
And that most deeply to consider is
The beauty of his daughter; he himself
Calls her a nonpareil: I never saw a woman,
But only Sycorax my dam and she;
But she as far surpasseth Sycorax
As great'st does least.

90

Ste. Is it so brave a lass?

Cal. Ay, lord; she will become thy bed, I warrant.
And bring thee forth brave brood.

Ste. Monster, I will kill this man: his daughter and I will
be king and queen, — save our graces! — and Trinculo and thy-
self shall be viceroys. Dost thou like the plot, Trinculo?

99

Trin. Excellent.

Ste. Give me thy hand: I am sorry I beat thee; but, while
thou liv'st, keep a good tongue in thy head.

Cal. Within this half hour will he be asleep:
Wilt thou destroy him then?

Ste. Ay, on mine honour.

Ari. This will I tell my master.

Cal. Thou mak'st me merry; I am full of pleasure:
Let us be jocund: will you troll the catch
You taught me but while-ere?

110

Ste. At thy request, monster, I will do reason, any reason.
Come on, Trinculo, let us sing.

[*Sings.*]

Flout 'em and scout 'em
And scout 'em and flout 'em ;
Thought is free.

Cal. That 's not the tune. *[Ariel plays the tune on a tabor and pipe.]*

Ste. What is this same ?

Trin. This is the tune of our catch, played by the picture of Nobody. 120

Ste. If thou be'st a man, show thyself in thy likeness : if thou be'st a devil, take 't as thou list.

Trin. O, forgive me my sins !

Ste. He that dies pays all debts : I defy thee. Mercy upon us !

Cal. Art thou afeard ?

Ste. No, monster, not I.

Cal. Be not afeard ; the isle is full of noises,
Sounds and sweet airs, that give delight and hurt not.
Sometimes a thousand twangling instruments 130
Will hum about mine ears, and sometime voices
That, if I then had wak'd after long sleep,
Will make me sleep again : and then, in dreaming,
The clouds methought would open and show riches
Ready to drop upon me, that, when I wak'd,
I cri'd to dream again.

Ste. This will prove a brave kingdom to me, where I shall have my music for nothing.

Cal. When Prospero is destroy'd.

Ste. That shall be by and by : I remember the story. 140

Trin. The sound is going away ; let 's follow it, and after do our work.

Ste. Lead, monster ; we 'll follow. I would I could see this taborer ; he lays it on.

Trin. Wilt come ? I 'll follow, Stephano. *[Exeunt.]*

SCENE III. *Another part of the island.*

Enter ALONSO, SEBASTIAN, ANTONIO, GONZALO, ADRIAN, FRANCISCO, and others.

Gon. By 'r lakin, I can go no further, sir ;
My old bones ache : here 's a maze trod indeed
Through forth-rights and meanders ! By your patience,
I needs must rest me.

Alon. Old lord, I cannot blame thee,
Who am myself attach'd with weariness,
To th' dulling of my spirits : sit down, and rest.
Even here I will put off my hope and keep it

¹²⁰ *Nobody* : plainly an allusion to an old grotesque figure, all head and limbs, with no body.

¹ *lakin* = ladykin or little lady, the Virgin Mary.

² *forth-rights* = straight paths.

No longer for my flatterer: he is drown'd
Whom thus we stray to find, and the sea mocks
Our frustrate search on land. Well, let him go. 10

Ant. [*Aside to Seb.*] I am right glad that he's so out of hope.

Do not, for one repulse, forego the purpose
That you resolv'd t' effect.

Seb. [*Aside to Ant.*] The next advantage
Will we take thoroughly.

Ant. [*Aside to Seb.*] Let it be to-night;
For, now they are oppress'd with travel, they
Will not, nor cannot, use such vigilance
As when they are fresh.

Seb. [*Aside to Ant.*] I say, to-night: no more.

[*Solemn and strange music.*]

Alon. What harmony is this? My good friends, hark!

Gon. Marvellous sweet music!

Enter PROSPERO above, invisible. Enter several strange Shapes, bringing in a banquet; they dance about it with gentle actions of salutation; and, inviting the King, etc., to eat, they depart.

Alon. Give us kind keepers, heavens! What were these? 20

Seb. A living drollery. Now I will believe
That there are unicorns, that in Arabia
There is one tree, the phoenix' throne, one phoenix
At this hour reigning there.

Ant. I'll believe both;
And what does else want credit, come to me,
And I'll be sworn 't is true: travellers ne'er did lie,
Though fools at home condemn 'em.

Gon. If in Naples
I should report this now, would they believe me?
If I should say, I saw such islanders —
For, certes, these are people of the island — 30
Who, though they are of monstrous shape, yet, note,
Their manners are more gentle-kind than of
Our human generation you shall find
Many, nay, almost any.

Pros. [*Aside.*] Honest lord,
Thou hast said well: for some of you there present
Are worse than devils.

Alon. I cannot too much muse
Such shapes, such gesture and such sound, expressing,
Although they want the use of tongue, a kind
Of excellent dumb discourse.

Pros. [*Aside.*] Praise in departing.

²⁹ *Praise in departing*: an adage against over-hasty conclusions in one's own favor.

Fran. They vanish'd strangely.

Seb.

No matter, since

40

They have left their viands behind ; for we have stomachs.

Will 't please you taste of what is here ?

Alon.

Not I.

Gon. Faith, sir, you need not fear. When we were boys,
Who would believe that there were mountaineers
Dew-lapp'd like bulls, whose throats had hanging at 'em
Wallets of flesh ? or that there were such men
Whose heads stood in their breasts ? which now we find
Each putter-out of five for one will bring us
Good warrant of.

Alon.

I will stand to and feed,

Although my last : no matter, since I feel

50

The best is past. Brother, my lord the duke,

Stand to and do as we.

Thunder and lightning. Enter ARIEL, like a harpy ; claps his wings upon the table ; and, with a quaint device, the banquet vanishes.

Ari. You are three men of sin, whom Destiny,
That hath to instrument this lower world
And what is in 't, the never-surfeited sea
Hath caus'd to belch up you ; and on this island
Where man doth not inhabit ; you 'mongst men
Being most unfit to live. I have made you mad ;
And even with such-like valour men hang and drown
Their proper selves.

[*Alon., Seb., etc., draw their swords*

60

You fools ! I and my fellows

Are ministers of Fate : the elements,
Of whom your swords are temper'd, may as well
Wound the loud winds, or with bemock'd-at stabs
Kill the still-closing waters, as diminish
One dowle that 's in my plume : my fellow-ministers
Are like invulnerable. If you could hurt,
Your swords are now too massy for your strengths
And will not be uplifted. But remember —
For that 's my business to you — that you three
From Milan did supplant good Prospero ;
Expos'd unto the sea, which hath requit it,
Him and his innocent child : for which foul deed
The powers, delaying, not forgetting, have
Incens'd the seas and shores, yea, all the creatures,
Against your peace. Thee of thy son, Alonso,

70

⁴⁸ putter-out of five for one: that is, who puts out his money at the rate of five for one, which was done by adventurous voyagers in S.'s time. If they did not return to claim their five hundred per cent. the principal was forfeited.

⁶² Of whom: whom is loosely used for which.

⁶⁵ dowle = light particle of down.

They have bereft ; and do pronounce by me :
 Lingering perdition, worse than any death
 Can be at once, shall step by step attend
 You and your ways ; whose wraths to guard you from —
 Which here, in this most desolate isle, else falls 80
 Upon your heads — is nothing but heart-sorrow
 And a clear life ensuing.

*He vanishes in thunder ; then, to soft music, enter the Shapes again, and dance, with
 mocks and mows, and carrying out the table.*

Pros. Bravely the figure of this harpy hast thou
 Perform'd, my Ariel ; a grace it had, devouring :
 Of my instruction hast thou nothing bated
 In what thou hadst to say : so, with good life
 And observation strange, my meaner ministers
 Their several kinds have done. My high charms work
 And these mine enemies are all knit up
 In their distractions ; they now are in my power ; 90
 And in these fits I leave them, while I visit
 Young Ferdinand, whom they suppose is drown'd,
 And his and mine lov'd darling. *[Exit above.]*

Gon. I' the name of something holy, sir, why stand you
 In this strange stare ?

Alon. O, it is monstrous, monstrous !
 Methought the billows spoke and told me of it ;
 The winds did sing it to me, and the thunder,
 That deep and dreadful organ-pipe, pronounc'd
 The name of Prosper : it did bass my trespass.
 Therefore my son i' the ooze is bedded, and 100
 I'll seek him deeper than e'er plummet sounded
 And with him there lie mudded. *[Exit.]*

Seb. But one fiend at a time,
 I'll fight their legions o'er.

Ant. I'll be thy second. *[Exeunt Seb. and Ant.]*

Gon. All three of them are desperate : their great guilt,
 Like poison given to work a great time after,
 Now 'gins to bite the spirits. I do beseech you
 That are of suppler joints, follow them swiftly
 And hinder them from what this ecstasy
 May now provoke them to.

Adr. Follow, I pray you. *[Exeunt.]*

⁸⁴ *devouring* : so strained a use of the word that the passage may be corrupt.

⁹² *whom they suppose is drown'd.* : a careless disregard of grammar.

ACT IV.

SCENE I. *Before PROSPERO's cell.**Enter PROSPERO, FERDINAND, and MIRANDA.*

Pros. If I have too austere³ly punish'd you,
 Your compensation makes amends, for I
 Have given you here a third of mine own life,
 Or that for which I live; who once again
 I tender to thy hand: all thy vexations
 Were but my trials of thy love, and thou
 Hast strangely stood the test: here, afore Heaven,
 I ratify this my rich gift. O Ferdinand,
 Do not smile at me that I boast her off,
 For thou shalt find she will outstrip all praise
 And make it halt behind her.

10

Fer. I do believe it
 Against an oracle.

Pros. Then, as my gift and thine own acquisition
 Worthily purchas'd, take my daughter: but
 If thou dost break her virgin-knot before
 All sanctimonious ceremonies may
 With full and holy rite be minister'd,
 No sweet aspersion shall the heavens let fall
 To make this contract grow; but barren hate,
 Sour-eyed disdain and discord shall bestrew
 The union of your bed with weeds so loathly
 That you shall hate it both: therefore take heed,
 As Hymen's lamps shall light you.

20

Fer. As I hope
 For quiet days, fair issue and long life,
 With such love as 't is now, the murkiest den,
 The most opportune place, the strong'st suggestion
 Our worser genius can, shall never melt
 Mine honour into lust, to take away
 The edge of that day's celebration
 When I shall think, or Phœbus' steeds are founder'd,
 Or Night kept chain'd below.

30

Pros. Fairly spoke.
 Sit then and talk with her; she is thine own.
 What, Ariel! my industrious servant, Ariel!

Enter ARIEL.

Ari. What would my potent master? here I am.

Pros. Thou and thy meaner fellows your last service

³ a third, that is, a thread, by a common transposition of *r*; as *bird* for *brid*.

¹⁸ *aspersion*, in its original sense of sprinkling.

²³ As *Hymen's lamps* = that Hymen's lamps.

Did worthily perform ; and I must use you
 In such another trick. Go bring the rabble,
 O'er whom I give thee power, here to this place :
 Incite them to quick motion ; for I must
 Bestow upon the eyes of this young couple
 Some vanity of mine art : it is my promise,
 And they expect it from me.

40

Ari. Presently ?

Pros. Ay, with a twink.

Ari. Before you can say "come" and "go,"
 And breathe twice and cry "so, so,"
 Each one, tripping on his toe,
 Will be here with mop and mow.
 Do you love me, master ? no ?

Pros. Dearly, my delicate Ariel. Do not approach
 Till thou dost hear me call.

Ari. Well, I conceive.

[Exit.

51

Pros. Look thou be true ; do not give dalliance
 Too much the rein : the strongest oaths are straw
 To the fire i' th' blood : be more abstemious,
 Or else, good night your vow !

Fer. I warrant you, sir ;
 The white cold virgin snow upon my heart
 Abates the ardour of my liver.

Pros. Well.

Now come, my Ariel ! bring a corollary,
 Rather than want a spirit : appear, and pertly !
 No tongue ! all eyes ! be silent.

[Soft music

Enter IRIS.

Iris. Ceres, most bounteous lady, thy rich leas
 Of wheat, rye, barley, vetches, oats, and pease ;
 Thy turfy mountains, where live nibbling sheep,
 And flat meads thatch'd with stover, them to keep ;
 Thy banks with pioned and liliated brims,
 Which spongy April at thy hest betrimms,
 To make cold nymphs chaste crowns ; and thy broom-groves,
 Whose shadow the dismissed bachelor loves,
 Being lass-lorn ; thy pole-clipp'd vineyard ;
 And thy sea-marge, sterile and rocky-hard,
 Where thou thyself dost air ;— the queen o' th' sky,
 Whose watery arch and messenger am I,
 Bids thee leave these, and with her sovereign grace,

60

70

⁴² *Presently* = immediately.

⁵¹ *corollary* = supplement.

⁶³ *stover* = coarse grass, fodder. *thatch*.

⁶⁴ *pioned and liliated brims* : the folio, "pioned and twilled," in which twilled might mean ridged, and pioned dug : but pionies and lilies are required to make crowns.

⁶⁸ *pole-clipp'd*, that is, with poles clipped or surrounded by vines.

Here on this grass-plot, in this very place,
To come and sport : her peacocks fly amain :
Approach, rich Ceres, her to entertain.

Enter CERES.

Cer. Hail, many-colour'd messenger, that ne'er
Dost disobey the wife of Jupiter ;
Who with thy saffron wings upon my flowers
Diffusest honey-drops, refreshing showers,
And with each end of thy blue bow dost crown
My bosky acres and my unshrubb'd down,
Rich scarf to my proud earth ; why hath thy queen
Summon'd me hither, to this short-grass'd green ?

80

Iris. A contract of true love to celebrate ;
And some donation freely to estate
On the blest lovers.

Cer. Tell me, heavenly bow,
If Venus or her son, as thou dost know,
Do now attend the queen ? Since they did plot
The means that dusky Dis my daughter got,
Her and her blind boy's scandal'd company
I have forsworn.

90

Iris. Of her society
Be not afraid : I met her deity
Cutting the clouds towards Paphos and her son
Dove-drawn with her. Here thought they to have done
Some wanton charm upon this man and maid,
Whose vows are, that no bed-right shall be paid
Till Hymen's torch be lighted : but in vain ;
Mars's hot minion is return'd again ;
Her waspish-headed son has broke his arrows,
Swears he will shoot no more, but play with sparrows
And be a boy right out.

00

Cer. High'st queen of state,
Great Juno, comes ; I know her by her gait.

Enter JUNO.

Juno. How does my bounteous sister ? Go with me
To bless this twain, that they may prosperous be
And honour'd in their issue.

[*They sing.*

Juno. Honour, riches, marriage-blessing,
Long continuance, and increasing,
Hourly joys be still upon you !
Juno sings her blessings on you.

Cer. Earth's increase, foison plenty,
Barns and garners never empty,
Vines with clustering bunches growing,
Plants with goodly burthen bowing ;

110

⁹³ *Paphos* = a town in Cyprus where Venus was worshipped.

Spring come to you at the farthest
In the very end of harvest !
Scarcity and want shall shun you ;
Ceres' blessing so is on you.

Fer. This is a most majestic vision, and
Harmonious charmingly. May I be bold
To think these spirits ?

Pros. Spirits, which by mine art
I have from their confines call'd to enact
My present fancies.

120

Fer. Let me live here ever ;
So rare a wonder'd father and a wise
Makes this place Paradise.

[Juno and Ceres whisper, and send Iris on employment.]

Pros. Sweet, now, silence !
Juno and Ceres whisper seriously ;
There's something else to do : hush, and be mute,
Or else our spell is marr'd.

Iris. You nymphs, call'd Naiads, of the winding brooks,
With your sedg'd crowns and ever-harmless looks,
Leave your crisp channels, and on this green land
Answer your summons ; Juno does command :
Come, temperate nymphs, and help to celebrate
A contract of true love ; be not too late.

130

Enter certain Nymphs.

You sunburnt sicklemen, of August weary,
Come hither from the furrow and be merry :
Make holiday ; your rye-straw hats put on
And these fresh nymphs encounter every one
In country footing.

Enter certain Reapers, properly habited : they join with the Nymphs in a graceful dance ; towards the end whereof PROSPERO starts suddenly, and speaks ; after which, to a strange, hollow, and confused noise, they heavily vanish.

Pros. *[Aside.]* I had forgot that foul conspiracy
Of the beast Caliban and his confederates
Against my life : the minute of their plot
Is almost come. *[To the Spirits.]* Well done ! avoid ; no
more !

140

Fer. This is strange : your father's in some passion
That works him strongly.

Mir. Never till this day
Saw I him touch'd with anger so distemper'd.

Pros. You do look, my son, in a mov'd sort,
As if you were dismay'd : be cheerful, sir.

¹²³ So rare a wonder'd father and a wise. Loosely written for, So rarely wonderful and wise a father.

¹²³ winding brooks. The folio *windring*, and possibly we should read *wand'ring*.

Our revels now are ended. These our actors,
 As I foretold you, were all spirits and
 Are melted into air, into thin air ; 150
 And, like the baseless fabric of this vision,
 The cloud-capp'd towers, the gorgeous palaces,
 The solemn temples, the great globe itself,
 Yea, all which it inherit, shall dissolve
 And, like this insubstantial pageant faded,
 Leave not a rack behind. We are such stuff
 As dreams are made on, and our little life
 Is rounded with a sleep. Sir, I am vex'd ;
 Bear with my weakness ; my old brain is troubled :
 Be not disturb'd with my infirmity ; 160
 If you be pleas'd, retire into my cell
 And there repose : a turn or two I'll walk,
 To still my beating mind.

Fer. Mir. We wish your peace. [Exeunt.]

Pros. Come with a thought. I thank thee, Ariel : come.

Enter ARIEL.

Ari. Thy thoughts I cleave to. What's thy pleasure ?
Pros. Spirit,

We must prepare to meet with Caliban.

Ari. Ay, my commander : when I presented Ceres,
 I thought to have told thee of it, but I fear'd
 Lest I might anger thee.

Pros. Say again, where didst thou leave these varlets ? 170

Ari. I told you, sir, they were red-hot with drinking ;
 So full of valour that they smote the air
 For breathing in their faces ; beat the ground
 For kissing of their feet ; yet always bending
 Towards their project. Then I beat my tabor ;
 At which, like unback'd colts, they prick'd their ears,
 Advanc'd their eyelids, lifted up their noses
 As they smelt music : so I charm'd their ears
 That calf-like they my lowing follow'd through
 Tooth'd briars, sharp furzes, pricking goss and thorns, 180
 Which entered their frail shins : at last I left them
 I' the filthy-mantled pool beyond your cell,
 There dancing up to the chins, that the foul lake
 O'erstunk their feet.

Pros. This was well done, my bird.
 Thy shape invisible retain thou still :
 The trumpery in my house, go bring it hither,
 For stale to catch these thieves.

¹⁴⁰ *foretold*, loosely used for "told you before."

¹⁵⁶ *a rack* = a wreck, as in "gone to rack and ruin."

¹⁷⁷ *advanc'd* = lifted up.

¹⁸⁷ *stale* = a sham decoy.

Ari.

I go, I go.

[Exit.

Pros. A devil, a born devil, on whose nature
Nurture can never stick ; on whom my pains,
Humanely taken, all, all lost, quite lost ;
And as with age his body uglier grows,
So his mind cankers. I will plague them all,
Even to roaring.

190

Re-enter ARIEL, loaden with glittering apparel, etc.

Come, hang them on this line.

PROSPERO and ARIEL remain, invisible. Enter CALIBAN, STEPHANO, and TRINCULO, all wet.

Cal. Pray you, tread softly, that the blind mole may not
Hear a foot fall : we now are near his cell.

Ste. Monster, your fairy, which you say is a harmless fairy,
has done little better than play'd the Jack with us.

Trin. Monster, I do smell all horse-piss ; at which my nose
is in great indignation.

Ste. So is mine. Do you hear, monster ? If I should take
a displeasure against you, look you, —

201

Trin. Thou wert but a lost monster.

Cal. Good my lord, give me thy favour still.
Be patient, for the prize I'll bring thee to
Shall hoodwink this mischance : therefore speak softly.
All's hush'd as midnight yet.

Trin. Ay, but to lose our bottles in the pool, —

Ste. There is not only disgrace and dishonour in that, monster,
but an infinite loss.

Trin. That's more to me than my wetting : yet this is your
harmless fairy, monster.

211

Ste. I will fetch off my bottle, though I be o'er ears for my
labour.

Cal. Prithee, my king, be quiet. See'st thou here,
This is the mouth o' th' cell : no noise, and enter.
Do that good mischief which may make this island
Thine own for ever, and I, thy Caliban,
For aye thy foot-licker.

Ste. Give me thy hand. I do begin to have bloody thoughts.

Trin. O king Stephano ! O peer ! O worthy Stephano !
look what a wardrobe here is for thee !

221

Cal. Let it alone, thou fool ; it is but trash.

Trin. O, ho, monster ! we know what belongs to a frippery.
O king Stephano !

Ste. Put off that gown, Trinculo ; by this hand, I'll have that
gown.

Trin. Thy grace shall have it.

Cal. The dropsy drown this fool ! what do you mean

To dote thus on such luggage? Let 't alone
 And do the murther first: if he awake, 230
 From toe to crown he 'll fill our skins with pinches,
 Make us strange stuff.

Ste. Be you quiet, monster. Mistress line, is not this my jerkin? Now is the jerkin under the line: now, jerkin, you are like to lose your hair and prove a bald jerkin.

Trin. Do, do: we steal by line and level, an 't like your grace.

Ste. I thank thee for that jest; here 's a garment for 't: wit shall not go unrewarded while I am king of this country. "Steal by line and level" is an excellent pass of pate; there 's another garment for 't. 241

Trin. Monster, come, put some lime upon your fingers, and away with the rest.

Cal. I will have none on 't: we shall lose our time,
 And all be turn'd to barnacles, or to apes
 With foreheads villanous low.

Ste. Monster, lay-to your fingers: help to bear this away where my hogshead of wine is, or I 'll turn you out of my kingdom: go to, carry this.

Trin. And this. 250

Ste. Ay, and this.

A noise of hunters heard. Enter divers Spirits, in shape of dogs and hounds, and hunt them about, PROSPERO and ARIEL setting them on.

Pros. Hey, Mountain, hey!

Ari. Silver! there it goes, Silver!

Pros. Fury, Fury! there, Tyrant, there! hark! hark!

[Cal., Ste., and Trin. are driven out.]

Go charge my goblins that they grind their joints
 With dry convulsions, shorten up their sinews
 With aged cramps, and more pinch-spotted make them
 Than pard or cat o' mountain.

Ari. Hark, they roar!

Pros. Let them be hunted soundly. At this hour
 Lie at my mercy all mine enemies: 260
 Shortly shall all my labours end, and thou
 Shalt have the air at freedom: for a little
 Follow, and do me service. *[Exeunt.]*

²³⁴ *under the line*: a punning allusion to the equinoctial line, the heat under which was supposed to cause the loss of hair.

²⁴⁰ *pass of pate* = invention of the brain.

ACT V.

SCENE I. *Before PROSPERO's cell.**Enter PROSPERO in his magic robes, and ARIEL.*

Pros. Now does my project gather to a head :
My charms crack not ; my spirits obey ; and time
Goes upright with his carriage. How 's the day ?

Ari. On the sixth hour ; at which time, my lord,
You said our work should cease.

Pros. I did say so,
When first I rais'd the tempest. Say, my spirit,
How fares the king and 's followers ?

Ari. Confin'd together
In the same fashion as you gave in charge,
Just as you left them ; all prisoners, sir,
In the line-grove which weather-fends your cell ; 10
They cannot budge till your release. The king,
His brother and yours, abide all three distracted,
And the remainder mourning over them,
Brimful of sorrow and dismay ; but chiefly
Him that you term'd, sir, " The good old lord, Gonzalo ; "
His tears run down his beard, like winter's drops
From eaves of reeds. Your charm so strongly works 'em
That if you now beheld them, your affections
Would become tender.

Pros. Dost thou think so, spirit ?

Ari. Mine would, sir, were I human.

Pros. And mine shall. 20
Hast thou, which art but air, a touch, a feeling
Of their afflictions, and shall not myself,
One of their kind, that relish all as sharply
Passion as they, be kindlier mov'd than thou art ?
Though with their high wrongs I am struck to the quick,
Yet with my nobler reason 'gainst my fury
Do I take part : the rarer action is
In virtue than in vengeance : they being penitent,
The sole drift of my purpose doth extend
Not a frown further. Go release them, Ariel : 30
My charms I 'll break, their senses I 'll restore,
And they shall be themselves.

Ari. I 'll fetch them, sir. [*Exit.*]

Pros. Ye elves of hills, brooks, standing lakes and groves,
And ye that on the sands with printless foot

³ *carriage* = load, burthen, that which is carried.

¹⁰ *line-grove* = linden grove.

²⁴ *kindlier* = more like one of their kind.

Do chase the ebbing Neptune and do fly him
 When he comes back ; you demi-puppets that
 By moonshine do the green sour ringlets make,
 Whereof the ewe not bites, and you whose pastime
 Is to make midnight mushrooms, that rejoice
 To hear the solemn curfew ; by whose aid,
 Weak masters though ye be, I have bedimm'd
 The noontide sun, call'd forth the mutinous winds,
 And 'twixt the green sea and the azur'd vault
 Set roaring war : to the dread rattling thunder
 Have I given fire and rifted Jove's stout oak
 With his own bolt ; the strong-bas'd promontory
 Have I made shake and by the spurs pluck'd up
 The pine and cedar : graves at my command
 Have waked their sleepers, op'd, and let 'em forth
 By my so potent art. But this rough magic
 I here abjure, and, when I have requir'd
 Some heavenly music, which even now I do,
 To work mine end upon their senses that
 This airy charm is for, I'll break my staff,
 Bury it certain fathoms in the earth,
 And deeper than did ever plummet sound
 I'll drown my book.

40

50

[Solemn music.]

Re-enter ARIEL before : then ALONSO, with a frantic gesture, attended by GONZALO ; SEBASTIAN and ANTONIO in like manner, attended by ADRIAN and FRANCISCO : they all enter the circle which PROSPERO had made, and there stand charmed ; which PROSPERO observing, speaks :

A solemn air and the best comforter
 To an unsettled fancy cure thy brains,
 Now useless, boil'd within thy skull ! There stand,
 For you are spell-stopp'd.
 Holy Gonzalo, honourable man,
 Mine eyes, even sociable to the shew of thine,
 Fall fellowly drops. The charm dissolves apace,
 And as the morning steals upon the night,
 Melting the darkness, so their rising senses
 Begin to chase the ignorant fumes that mantle
 Their clearer reason. O good Gonzalo,
 My true preserver, and a loyal sir
 To him thou follow'st ! I will pay thy graces
 Home both in word and deed. Most cruelly

60

70

⁵⁷ *green sour ringlets.* These dark circles on the grass were once supposed to be made by fairies dancing in a round, and were called fairy-rings. They are produced by a decaying fungus.

⁵⁸ *to the dread rattling thunder.* The carelessness with which Shakespeare wrote his plays is remarkably exemplified in the dislocated and illogical construction of this noble speech.

Didst thou, Alonso, use me and my daughter :
 Thy brother was a furtherer in the act.
 Thou art pinch'd for 't now, Sebastian. Flesh and blood,
 You, brother mine, that entertain'd ambition,
 Expell'd remorse and nature ; whom, with Sebastian,
 Whose inward pinches therefore are most strong,
 Would here have kill'd your king ; I do forgive thee,
 Unnatural though thou art. Their understanding
 Begins to swell, and the approaching tide
 Will shortly fill the reasonable shore
 That now lies foul and muddy. Not one of them
 That yet looks on me, or would know me : Ariel,
 Fetch me the hat and rapier in my cell :
 I will discase me, and myself present
 As I was sometime Milan : quickly, spirit ;
 Thou shalt ere long be free.

80

ARIEL sings and helps to attire him.

Where the bee sucks, there suck I :
 In a cowslip's bell I lie ;
 There I couch when owls do cry.
 On the bat's back I do fly
 After summer merrily.

90

Merrily, merrily shall I live now
 Under the blossom that hangs on the bough.

Pros. Why, that's my dainty Ariel ! I shall miss thee ;
 But yet thou shalt have freedom : so, so, so.
 To the king's ship, invisible as thou art :
 There shalt thou find the mariners asleep
 Under the hatches ; the master and the boatswain
 Being awake, enforce them to this place,
 And presently, I prithee.

100

Ari. I drink the air before me, and return
 Or ere your pulse twice beat.

[*Exit.*

Gon. All torment, trouble, wonder and amazement
 Inhabits here : some heavenly power guide us
 Out of this fearful country !

Pros. Behold, sir king,
 The wronged Duke of Milan, Prospero :
 For more assurance that a living prince
 Does now speak to thee, I embrace thy body ;
 And to thee and thy company I bid
 A hearty welcome.

110

Alon. Whether thou be'st he or no,

⁹² *After summer.* Theobald changed "summer" to sunset. and has been followed by many editors.

¹⁰¹ *presently* = at the present moment, immediately : the proper meaning of the word.

Or some enchanted trifle to abuse me,
 As late I have been, I not know : thy pulse
 Beats as of flesh and blood ; and, since I saw thee,
 The affliction of my mind amends, with which,
 I fear, a madness held me : this must crave,
 An if this be at all, a most strange story.
 Thy dukedom I resign and do entreat
 Thou pardon me my wrongs. But how should Prospero
 Be living and be here ?

Pros. First, noble friend,

120

Let me embrace thine age, whose honour cannot
 Be measur'd or confin'd.

Gon. Whether this be

Or be not, I'll not swear.

Pros. You do yet taste

Some subtleties o' th' isle, that will not let you
 Believe things certain. Welcome, my friends all !

[*Aside to Seb. and Ant.*] But you, my brace of lords, were I
 so minded,

I here could pluck his highness' frown upon you
 And justify you traitors : at this time
 I will tell no tales.

Seb. [*Aside.*] The devil speaks in him.

Pros. No.

For you, most wicked sir, whom to call brother
 Would even infect my mouth, I do forgive
 Thy rankest fault ; all of them ; and require
 My dukedom of thee, which perforce, I know,
 Thou must restore.

130

Alon. If thou be'st Prospero,

Give us particulars of thy preservation ;
 How thou hast met us here, who three hours since
 Were wreck'd upon this shore ; where I have lost —
 How sharp the point of this remembrance is ! —
 My dear son Ferdinand.

Pros. I am woe for 't, sir.

Alon. Irreparable is the loss, and patience
 Says it is past her cure.

140

Pros. I rather think

You have not sought her help, of whose soft grace
 For the like loss I have her sovereign aid
 And rest myself content.

Alon. You the like loss !

¹¹² *trifle* = light thing ; something that by witchcraft was made to look like Prospero.

¹²¹ *taste some subtleties.* A phrase borrowed from ancient gastronomy, in which light dishes made up in fantastic forms were called subtleties.

Pros. As great to me as late ; and, supportable
To make the dear loss, have I means much weaker
Than you may call to comfort you, for I
Have lost my daughter.

Alon. A daughter ?
O heavens, that they were living both in Naples,
The king and queen there ! that they were, I wish
Myself were mudded in that oozy bed
Where my son lies. When did you lose your daughter ? 150

Pros. In this last tempest. I perceive, these lords
At this encounter do so much admire
That they devour their reason and scarce think
Their eyes do offices of truth, their words
Are natural breath : but, howsoe'er you have
Been jostled from your senses, know for certain
That I am Prospero and that very duke
Which was thrust forth of Milan, who most strangely 160
Upon this shore, where you were wrack'd, was landed,
To be the lord on't. No more yet of this ;
For 't is a chronicle of day by day,
Not a relation for a breakfast nor
Befitting this first meeting. Welcome, sir ;
This cell 's my court : here have I few attendants
And subjects none abroad : pray you, look in.
My dukedom since you have given me again,
I will requite you with as good a thing ;
At least bring forth a wonder, to content ye 170
As much as me my dukedom.

Here Prospero discovers FERDINAND and MIRANDA playing at chess.

Mir. Sweet lord, you play me false.

Fer. No, my dear'st love,
I would not for the world.

Mir. Yes, for a score of kingdoms you should wrangle,
And I would call it fair play.

Alon. If this prove
A vision of the Island, one dear son
Shall I twice lose.

Seb. A most high miracle !

Fer. Though the seas threaten, they are merciful ;
I have curs'd them without cause. [Kneels.

Alon. Now all the blessings
Of a glad father compass thee about ! 180
Arise, and say how thou cam'st here.

Mir. O, wonder !

Here Prospero descends, etc. : that is, he exposes or reveals them to sight, probably
by drawing a curtain at the back of his cell.

How many goodly creatures are there here !
 How beauteous mankind is ! O brave new world,
 That has such people in 't !

Pros. 'Tis new to thee.

Alon. What is this maid with whom thou wast at play ?
 Your eld'st acquaintance cannot be three hours :
 Is she the goddess that hath sever'd us,
 And brought us thus together ?

Fer. Sir, she is mortal ;

But by immortal Providence she 's mine :
 I chose her when I could not ask my father
 For his advice, nor thought I had one. She
 Is daughter to this famous Duke of Milan,
 Of whom so often I have heard renown,
 But never saw before ; of whom I have
 Received a second life ; and second father
 This lady makes him to me.

190

Alon. I am hers :

But, O, how oddly will it sound that I
 Must ask my child forgiveness !

Pros. There, sir, stop :

Let us not burthen our remembrance with
 A heaviness that 's gone.

Gon. I have inly wept,

200

Or should have spoke ere this. Look down, you gods,
 And on this couple drop a blessed crown !
 For it is you that have chalk'd forth the way
 Which brought us hither.

Alon. I say, Amen, Gonzalo !

Gon. Was Milan thrust from Milan, that his issue
 Should become kings of Naples ? O, rejoice
 Beyond a common joy, and set it down
 With gold on lasting pillars : In one voyage
 Did Claribel her husband find at Tunis,
 And Ferdinand, her brother, found a wife
 Where he himself was lost, Prospero his dukedom
 In a poor isle, and all of us ourselves
 When no man was his own.

210

Alon. [To *Fer.* and *Mir.*] Give me your hands :
 Let grief and sorrow still embrace his heart
 That doth not wish you joy !

Gon. Be it so ! Amen !

Re-enter ARIEL, with the Master and Boatswain amazedly following.

O, look, sir, look, sir ! here is more of us :
 I prophesi'd, if a gallows were on land,
 This fellow could not drown. Now, blasphemy,

That swear'st grace o'erboard, not an oath on shore ?
Hast thou no mouth by land ? What is the news ?

220

Boats. The best news is, that we have safely found
Our king and company ; the next, our ship —
Which, but three glasses since, we gave out split —
Is tight and yare and bravely rigg'd as when
We first put out to sea.

Ari. [*Aside to Pros.*] Sir, all this service
Have I done since I went.

Pros. [*Aside to Ari.*] My tricky spirit !

Alon. These are not natural events ; they strengthen
From strange to stranger. Say, how came you hither ?

Boats. If I did think, sir, I were well awake,
I'd strive to tell you. We were dead of sleep,
And — how we know not — all clapp'd under hatches ;
Where but even now with strange and several noises
Of roaring, shrieking, howling, jingling chains,
And more diversity of sounds, all horrible,
We were awak'd ; straightway, at liberty ;
Where we, in all her trim, freshly beheld
Our royal, good and gallant ship, our master
Capering to eye her : on a trice, so please you,
Even in a dream, were we divided from them
And were brought moping hither.

230

Ari. [*Aside to Pros.*] Was 't well done ?

240

Pros. [*Aside to Ari.*] Bravely, my diligence.
Thou shalt be free.

Alon. This is as strange a maze as e'er men trod ;
And there is in this business more than nature
Was ever conduct of : some oracle
Must rectify our knowledge.

Pros. Sir, my liege,
Do not infest your mind with beating on
The strangeness of this business ; at pick'd leisure
Which shall be shortly, single I'll resolve you,
Which to you shall seem probable, of every
These happen'd accidents ; till when, be cheerful
And think of each thing well. [*Aside to Ari.*] Come hither,
spirit :

250

Set Caliban and his companions free ;
Untie the spell. [*Exit Ariel.*] How fares my gracious sir ?
There are yet missing of your company
Some few odd lads that you remember not.

226 *tricky* = nimble, and dainty.

232 *several noises* ; that is, distinct noises, one severed from the other.

240 *single* = alone.

Re-enter ARIEL, driving in CALIBAN, STEPHANO and TRINCULO, in their stolen apparel.

Ste. Every man shift for all the rest, and let no man take care for himself; for all is but fortune. Coragio, bully-monster, coragio!

Trin. If these be true spies which I wear in my head, here's a goodly sight. 260

Cal. O Setebos, these be brave spirits indeed! How fine my master is! I am afraid He will chastise me.

Seb. Ha, ha!
What things are these, my lord Antonio?
Will money buy 'em?

Ant. Very like; one of them
Is a plain fish, and, no doubt, marketable.

Pros. Mark but the badges of these men, my lords,
Then say if they be true. This mis-shapen knave,
His mother was a witch, and one so strong
That could control the moon, make flows and ebbs, 270
And deal in her command without her power.
These three have robb'd me; and this demi-devil—
For he's a bastard one—had plotted with them
To take my life. Two of these fellows you
Must know and own; this thing of darkness I
Acknowledge mine.

Cal. I shall be pinch'd to death.

Alon. Is not this Stephano, my drunken butler?

Seb. He is drunk now: where had he wine?

Alon. And Trinculo is reeling ripe: where should they
Find this grand liquor that hath gilded 'em? 280
How cam'st thou in this pickle?

Trin. I have been in such a pickle since I saw you last that,
I fear me, will never out of my bones: I shall not fear fly-
blowing.

Seb. Why, how now, Stephano!

Ste. O, touch me not; I am not Stephano, but a cramp.

Pros. You 'ld be king o' the isle, sirrah?

Ste. I should have been a sore one then.

Alon. This is a strange thing as e'er I look'd on.

[Pointing to Caliban.]

Pros. He is as disproportion'd in his manners 290
As in his shape. Go, sirrah, to my cell;
Take with you your companions; as you look
To have my pardon, trim it handsomely.

Cal. Ay, that I will; and I'll be wise hereafter

271 *without her power.* Here "power" is loosely used for "right," rightful power.
280 *gilded.* Elizabethan slang for intoxicated.

And seek for grace. What a thrice-double ass
Was I, to take this drunkard for a god
And worship this dull fool!

Pros. Go to; away!

Alon. Hence, and bestow your luggage where you found it.

Seb. Or stole it, rather. [*Exeunt Cal., Ste., and Trin.*]

Pros. Sir, I invite your highness and your train 300
To my poor cell, where you shall take your rest
For this one night; which, part of it, I'll waste
With such discourse as, I not doubt, shall make it
Go quick away; the story of my life
And the particular accidents gone by
Since I came to this isle: and in the morn
I'll bring you to your ship and so to Naples,
Where I have hope to see the nuptial
Of these our dear-belov'd solemnized;
And thence retire me to my Milan, where 310
Every third thought shall be my grave.

Alon. I long
To hear the story of your life, which must
Take the ear strangely.

Pros. I'll deliver all;
And promise you calm seas, auspicious gales
And sail so expeditious that shall catch
Your royal fleet far off. [*Aside to Ari.*] My Ariel, chick,
That is thy charge: then to the elements!
Be free, and fare thou well! Please you, draw near. [*Exeunt.*]

EPILOGUE.

SPOKEN BY PROSPERO.

Now my charms are all o'erthrown,
And what strength I have 's mine own,
Which is most faint: now, 't is true,
I must be here confin'd by you,
Or sent to Naples. Let me not,
Since I have my dukedom got
And pardon'd the deceiver, dwell
In this bare island by your spell;

³⁰⁸ *nuptial*. S. always uses this word in the singular.

³⁰⁹ *solemnized*. A word of four syllables, accented on the second.

Epilogue. This epilogue was not written by S., but by some fellow playwright, of much inferior powers; perhaps Ben Jonson.

But release me from my bands
With the help of your good hands :
Gentle breath of yours my sails
Must fill, or else my project fails,
Which was to please. Now I want
Spirits to enforce, art to enchant,
And my ending is despair,
Unless I be reliev'd by prayer,
Which pierces so that it assaults
Mercy itself and frees all faults.
As you from crimes would pardon'd be,
Let your indulgence set me free.

10

20

THE TWO GENTLEMEN OF VERONA.

INTRODUCTION.

WE know nothing of this play before its appearance in the folio, 1623, except that it is mentioned as Shakespeare's by Francis Meres in his *Palladis Tamia*, which was published in 1598, and written, probably, a year or two before. But *The Two Gentlemen of Verona* is very surely some years older than the *Palladis Tamia*. Its structure, its tone of thought and feeling, and its versification all point to a very early period in Shakespeare's play-writing as the time of its production. In default of any other than internal evidence, we can only infer that it was among the very first of its author's individual works, — that is, of those which he planned and wrote single-handed, — and that it was produced at some time between 1587 and 1591, probably nearer the latter than the former year. No play or tale which could have been the origin of *The Two Gentlemen of Verona* has yet been discovered. None the less, however, may we be sure that we have in it some Italian story which Shakespeare dramatized or adapted, or some old play which he worked over for the stage of the Globe Theatre. There is hardly a scene which does not bear the stamp of this rewriting, except those in which Launce and his dog and Speed appear. The latter seem to have been of Shakespeare's own invention. In the plot he probably varied very little from his original; and it is to such a conformity to some old story that we must attribute the strange behavior of Silvia, of Valentine, and of Thurio. Some likeness has been discovered between certain parts of this play and a tale told about herself by the shepherdess Felismena, in the *Diana* of George de Montemajor; but the likeness is of small significance, — too small to be worth particular mention. The period of the action is the second quarter of the sixteenth century.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

DUKE OF MILAN, <i>Father to Silvia.</i>	SPEED, <i>a clownish servant to Valentine.</i>
VALENTINE, } <i>the two Gentlemen.</i>	LAUNCE, <i>the like to Proteus.</i>
PROTEUS, }	PANTHINO, <i>Servant to Antonio.</i>
ANTONIO, <i>Father to Proteus.</i>	JULIA, <i>beloved of Proteus.</i>
THURIO, <i>a foolish rival to Valentine.</i>	SILVIA, <i>beloved of Valentine.</i>
EGLAMOUR, <i>Agent for Silvia in her escape.</i>	LUCETTA, <i>waiting woman to Julia</i>
HOST, <i>where Julia lodges.</i>	<i>Servants, Musicians.</i>
OUTLAWS, <i>with Valentine.</i>	

SCENE: Verona; Milan; and in a forest on the frontiers of Mantua.

THE TWO GENTLEMEN OF VERONA.

ACT I.

SCENE I. *Verona. An open place.*

Enter VALENTINE and PROTEUS.

Val. Cease to persuade, my loving Proteus :
Home-keeping youth have ever homely wits.
Were 't not affection chains thy tender days
To the sweet glances of thy honour'd love,
I rather would entreat thy company
To see the wonders of the world abroad
Than, living dully sluggardiz'd at home,
Wear out thy youth with shapeless idleness.
But since thou lov'st, love still and thrive therein,
Even as I would when I to love begin.

10

Pro. Wilt thou be gone? Sweet Valentine, adieu!
Think on thy Proteus, when thou haply seest
Some rare note-worthy object in thy travel:
Wish me partaker in thy happiness
When thou dost meet good hap; and in thy danger,
If ever danger do environ thee,
Commend thy grievance to my holy prayers,
For I will be thy beadsman, Valentine.

Val. And on a love-book pray for my success?

Pro. Upon some book I love I'll pray for thee.

20

Val. That's on some shallow story of deep love:
How young Leander cross'd the Hellespont.

Pro. That's a deep story of a deeper love;
For he was more than over shoes in love.

Val. 'Tis true; for you are over boots in love,
And yet you never swum the Hellespont.

Pro. Over the boots? nay, give me not the boots.

Val. No, I will not, for it boots thee not.

Pro.

What?

Val. To be in love, where scorn is bought with groans;
Coy looks with heart-sore sighs; one fading moment's mirth

30

¹⁸ *beadsman* = one who prays, and tells beads, for another.

²¹ *give me not the boots* = don't make me your laughing-stock.

With twenty watchful, weary, tedious nights :
 If haply won, perhaps a hapless gain ;
 If lost, why then a grievous labour won ;
 However, but a folly bought with wit,
 Or else a wit by folly vanquished.

Pro. So, by your circumstance, you call me fool.

Val. So, by your circumstance, I fear you 'll prove.

Pro. 'T is love you cavil at : I am not Love.

Val. Love is your master, for he masters you :

And he that is so yoked by a fool,
 Methinks, should not be chronicled for wise. 40

Pro. Yet writers say, as in the sweetest bud
 The eating canker dwells, so eating love
 Inhabits in the finest wits of all.

Val. And writers say, as the most forward bud
 Is eaten by the canker ere it blow,
 Even so by love the young and tender wit
 Is turn'd to folly, blasting in the bud,
 Losing his verdure even in the prime
 And all the fair effects of future hopes. 50
 But wherefore waste I time to counsel thee
 That art a votary to fond desire ?

Once more adieu ! my father at the road
 Expects my coming, there to see me shipp'd.

Pro. And thither will I bring thee, Valentine.

Val. Sweet Proteus, no ; now let us take our leave.
 To Milan let me hear from thee by letters
 Of thy success in love and what news else
 Betideth here in absence of thy friend ;
 And I likewise will visit thee with mine. 60

Pro. All happiness bechance to thee in Milan !

Val. As much to you at home ! and so farewell. [Exit.

Pro. He after honour hunts, I after love :
 He leaves his friends to dignify them more ;
 I leave myself, my friends and all, for love.
 Thou, Julia, thou hast metamorphos'd me,
 Made me neglect my studies, lose my time,
 War with good counsel, set the world at nought ;
 Made wit with musing weak, heart sick with thought.

Enter SPEED.

Speed. Sir Proteus, save you ! Saw you my master ? 70

Pro. But now he parted hence, to embark for Milan.

Speed. Twenty to one then he is shipp'd already,
 And I have play'd the sheep in losing him.

⁷² *shipp'd* : *ship* and *sheep* were pronounced alike, or nearly enough alike for a quibble.

Pro. Indeed, a sheep doth very often stray,
An if the shepherd be a while away.

Speed. You conclude that my master is a shepherd then and I a sheep?

Pro. I do.

Speed. Why then, my horns are his horns, whether I wake or sleep. 80

Pro. A silly answer and fitting well a sheep.

Speed. This proves me still a sheep.

Pro. True; and thy master a shepherd.

Speed. Nay, that I can deny by a circumstance.

Pro. It shall go hard but I'll prove it by another.

Speed. The shepherd seeks the sheep, and not the sheep the shepherd; but I seek my master, and my master seeks not me: therefore I am no sheep.

Pro. The sheep for fodder follow the shepherd; the shepherd for food follows not the sheep: thou for wages followest thy master; thy master for wages follows not thee: therefore thou art a sheep.

Speed. Such another proof will make me cry "baa."

Pro. But, dost thou hear? gav'st thou my letter to Julia?

Speed. Ay, sir: I, a lost mutton, gave your letter to her, a lac'd mutton, and she, a lac'd mutton, gave me, a lost mutton, nothing for my labour.

Pro. Here's too small a pasture for such store of muttons.

Speed. If the ground be overcharg'd, you were best stick her. 100

Pro. Nay: in that you are astray, 't were best pound you.

Speed. Nay, sir, less than a pound shall serve me for carrying your letter.

Pro. You mistake; I mean the pound, — a pinfold.

Speed. From a pound to a pin? fold it over and over, 'T is threefold too little for carrying a letter to your lover.

Pro. But what said she?

Speed. [Nodding.] Ay.

Pro. Nod-ay? — why, that's noddy.

Speed. You mistook, sir; I say, she did nod: and you ask me if she did nod; and I say, "Ay." 111

Pro. And that set together is noddy.

Speed. Now you have taken the pains to set it together, take it for your pains.

Pro. No, no; you shall have it for bearing the letter.

Speed. Well, I perceive I must be fain to bear with you.

Pro. Why, sir, how do you bear with me?

⁹⁶ lac'd mutton. Slang for a wanton woman; but has here a milder sense.

Speed. Marry, sir, the letter, very orderly; having nothing but the word "noddy" for my pains.

Pro. Beshrew me, but you have a quick wit.

120

Speed. And yet it cannot overtake your slow purse.

Pro. Come, come, open the matter in brief: what said she?

Speed. Open your purse, that the money and the matter may be both at once delivered.

Pro. Well, sir, here is for your pains. What said she?

Speed. Truly, sir, I think you'll hardly win her.

Pro. Why, couldst thou perceive so much from her?

Speed. Sir, I could perceive nothing at all from her; no, not so much as a ducat for delivering your letter: and being so hard to me that brought your mind, I fear she'll prove as hard to you in telling your mind. Give her no token but stones; for she's as hard as steel.

Pro. What said she? nothing?

Speed. No, not so much as "Take this for thy pains." To testify your bounty, I thank you, you have testern'd me; in requital whereof, henceforth carry your letters yourself: and so, sir, I'll commend you to my master.

Pro. Go, go, be gone, to save your ship from wrack,
Which cannot perish having thee aboard,
Being destin'd to a drier death on shore.

[Exit *Speed*.]

I must go send some better messenger:

141

I fear my Julia would not deign my lines,

Receiving them from such a worthless post.

[Exit.]

SCENE II. *The same.* Garden of JULIA's house.

Enter JULIA and LUCETTA.

Jul. But say, Lucetta, now we are alone,
Wouldst thou then counsel me to fall in love?

Luc. Ay, madam, so you stumble not unheedfully.

Jul. Of all the fair resort of gentlemen
That every day with parle encounter me,
In thy opinion which is worthiest love?

Luc. Please you repeat their names, I'll show my mind
According to my shallow simple skill.

Jul. What think'st thou of the fair Sir Eglamour?

Luc. As of a knight well-spoken, neat and fine;
But, were I you, he never should be mine.

10

Jul. What think'st thou of the rich Mercatio?

Luc. Well of his wealth; but of himself, so so.

Jul. What think'st thou of the gentle Proteus?

¹³⁶ *testern'd*. A sixpenny piece was called a testern.
⁵ *parle* = talk (Fr.), not uncommon in S.'s day.

Luc. Lord, Lord ! to see what folly reigns in us !

Jul. How now ! what means this passion at his name ?

Luc. Pardon, dear madam : 't is a passing shame
That I, unworthy body as I am,
Should censure thus on lovely gentlemen.

Jul. Why not on Proteus, as of all the rest ?

20

Luc. Then thus : of many good I think him best.

Jul. Your reason ?

Luc. I have no other but a woman's reason ;
I think him so because I think him so.

Jul. And wouldst thou have me cast my love on him ?

Luc. Ay, if you thought your love not cast away.

Jul. Why he, of all the rest, hath never mov'd me.

Luc. Yet he, of all the rest, I think, best loves ye.

Jul. His little speaking shows his love but small.

Luc. Fire that 's closest kept burns most of all.

30

Jul. They do not love that do not show their love.

Luc. O, they love least that let men know their love.

Jul. I would I knew his mind.

Luc. Peruse this paper, madam.

Jul. "To Julia." Say, from whom ?

Luc. That the contents will show.

Jul. Say, say, who gave it thee ?

Luc. Sir Valentine's page ; and sent, I think, from Proteus.
He would have given it you ; but I, being in the way,
Did in your name receive it : pardon the fault, I pray.

40

Jul. Now, by my modesty, a goodly broker !

Dare you presume to harbour wanton lines ?

To whisper and conspire against my youth ?

Now, trust me, 't is an office of great worth

And you an officer fit for the place.

There, take the paper : see it be return'd ;

Or else return no more into my sight.

Luc. To plead for love deserves more fee than hate.

Jul. Will ye be gone ?

Luc. That you may ruminate.

[Exit.

Jul. And yet I would I had o'erlook'd the letter :

50

It were a shame to call her back again

And pray her to a fault for which I chid her.

What ' fool is she, that knows I am a maid,

And would not force the letter to my view !

Since maids, in modesty, say " no " to that

Which they would have the profferer construe " ay."

¹⁹ *censure* = pass judgment.

⁴¹ *broker* = go-between.

⁵⁰ *o'erlook'd* = looked over.

⁵³ *What ' fool*. This elision for " what a fool " is in the old text.

Fie, fie, how wayward is this foolish love
 That, like a testy babe, will scratch the nurse
 And presently all humbled kiss the rod!
 How churlishly I chid Lucetta hence,
 When willingly I would have had her here!
 How angerly I taught my brow to frown,
 When inward joy enforc'd my heart to smile!
 My penance is to call Lucetta back
 And ask remission for my folly past.
 What ho! Lucetta!

60

Re-enter LUCETTA.

Luc. What would your ladyship?

Jul. Is 't near dinner-time?

Luc. I would it were,
 That you might kill your stomach on your meat,
 And not upon your maid.

Jul. What is 't that you took up so gingerly?

70

Luc. Nothing.

Jul. Why didst thou stoop, then?

Luc. To take a paper up that I let fall.

Jul. And is that paper nothing?

Luc. Nothing concerning me.

Jul. Then let it lie for those that it concerns.

Luc. Madam, it will not lie where it concerns,
 Unless it have a false interpreter.

Jul. Some love of yours hath writ to you in rhyme.

Luc. That I might sing it, madam, to a tune.
 Give me a note: your ladyship can set.

80

Jul. As little by such toys as may be possible.
 Best sing it to the tune of "Light o' love."

Luc. It is too heavy for so light a tune.

Jul. Heavy! belike it hath some burden then?

Luc. Ay, and melodious were it, would you sing it.

Jul. And why not you?

Luc. I cannot reach so high.

Jul. Let's see your song. How now, minion!

Luc. Keep tune there still, so you will sing it out:
 And yet methinks I do not like this tune.

90

Jul. You do not?

Luc. No, madam; it is too sharp.

Jul. You, minion, are too saucy.

Luc. Nay, now you are too flat
 And mar the concord with too harsh a descant:
 There wanteth but a mean to fill your song.

Jul. The mean is drown'd with your unruly bass.

⁹¹ *descant.* A descant was a part added to a musical theme or plain song. The mean was the middle part.

Luc. Indeed, I bid the base for Proteus.

Jul. This babble shall not henceforth trouble me.

Here is a coil with protestation !

[*Tears the letter.*

Go get you gone, and let the papers lie :

100

You would be fingering them, to anger me.

Luc. She makes it strange ; but she would be best pleas'd

To be so anger'd with another letter.

[*Exit.*

Jul. Nay, would I were so anger'd with the same !

O hateful hands, to tear such loving words !

Injurious wasps, to feed on such sweet honey

And kill the bees that yield it with your stings !

I'll kiss each several paper for amends.

Look, here is writ "kind Julia." Unkind Julia !

As in revenge of thy ingratitude,

110

I throw thy name against the bruising stones,

Trampling contemptuously on thy disdain.

And here is writ "love-wounded Proteus."

Poor wounded name ! my bosom as a bed

Shall lodge thee till thy wound be thoroughly heal'd ;

And thus I search it with a sovereign kiss.

But twice or thrice was "Proteus" written down.

Be calm, good wind, blow not a word away

Till I have found each letter in the letter,

Except mine own name : that some whirlwind bear

120

Unto a ragged fearful-hanging rock

And throw it thence into the raging sea !

Lo, here in one line is his name twice writ,

"Poor forlorn Proteus, passionate Proteus,

To the sweet Julia : " that I'll tear away.

And yet I will not, sith so prettily

He couples it to his complaining names.

Thus will I fold them one upon another :

Now kiss, embrace, contend, do what you will.

Re-enter LUCETTA.

Luc. Madam,

130

Dinner is ready, and your father stays.

Jul. Well, let us go.

Luc. What, shall these papers lie like tell-tales here ?

Jul. If you respect them, best to take them up.

Luc. Nay, I was taken up for laying them down :

Yet here they shall not lie, for catching cold.

Jul. I see you have a moneth's mind to them.

Luc. Ay, madam, you may say what sights you see ;

I see things too, although you judge I wink.

Jul. Come, come ; will't please you go ?

[*Exeunt.*

¹²⁶ for catching cold = lest they should catch cold.

¹²⁷ a moneth's mind = a strong inclination. Moneth (month) is a dissyllable.

SCENE III. *The same.* ANTONIO's house.*Enter ANTONIO and PANTHINO.*

Ant. Tell me, Panthino, what sad talk was that
Wherewith my brother held you in the cloister?

Pan. 'T was of his nephew Proteus, your son.

Ant. Why, what of him?

Pan. He wonder'd that your lordship
Would suffer him to spend his youth at home,
While other men, of slender reputation,
Put forth their sons to seek preferment out:
Some to the wars, to try their fortune there;
Some to discover islands far away;
Some to the studious universities.
For any or for all these exercises
He said that Proteus your son was meet,
And did request me to importune you
To let him spend his time no more at home,
Which would be great impeachment to his age,
In having known no travel in his youth.

10

Ant. Nor need'st thou much importune me to that
Whereon this month I have been hammering.
I have consider'd well his loss of time
And how he cannot be a perfect man,
Not being tried and tutor'd in the world:
Experience is by industry achiev'd
And perfected by the swift course of time.
Then tell me, whither were I best to send him?

20

Pan. I think your lordship is not ignorant
How his companion, youthful Valentine,
Attends the emperor in his royal court.

Ant. I know it well.

Pan. 'T were good, I think, your lordship sent him thither:
There shall he practise tilts and tournaments,
Hear sweet discourse, converse with noblemen,
And be in eye of every exercise
Worthy his youth and nobleness of birth.

30

Ant. I like thy counsel; well hast thou advis'd:
And that thou mayst perceive how well I like it
The execution of it shall make known.
Even with the speediest expedition
I will dispatch him to the emperor's court.

Pan. To-morrow, may it please you, Don Alphonso
With other gentlemen of good esteem

40

SCENE III. A year or more has passed since the first scene.

¹ *sad talk* = serious, grave talk.

Are journeying to salute the emperor
And to commend their service to his will.

Ant. Good company ; with them shall Proteus go :
And, in good time ! now will we break with him.

Enter PROTEUS.

Pro. Sweet love ! sweet lines ! sweet life !
Here is her hand, the agent of her heart ;
Here is her oath for love, her honour's pawn.
O, that our fathers would applaud our loves,
To seal our happiness with their consents !
O heavenly Julia !

50

Ant. How now ! what letter are you reading there ?

Pro. May 't please your lordship, 't is a word or two
Of commendations sent from Valentine,
Deliver'd by a friend that came from him.

Ant. Lend me the letter ; let me see what news.

Pro. There is no news, my lord, but that he writes
How happily he lives, how well belov'd
And daily graced by the emperor ;
Wishing me with him, partner of his fortune.

Ant. And how stand you affected to his wish ?

60

Pro. As one relying on your lordship's will
And not depending on his friendly wish.

Ant. My will is something sorted with his wish.
Muse not that I thus suddenly proceed ;
For what I will, I will, and there an end.
I am resolv'd that thou shalt spend some time
With Valentinus in the emperor's court :
What maintenance he from his friends receives,
Like exhibition thou shalt have from me.
To-morrow be in readiness to go :

70

Excuse it not, for I am peremptory.

Pro. My lord, I cannot be so soon provided :
Please you, deliberate a day or two.

Ant. Look, what thou want'st shall be sent after thee :
No more of stay ! to-morrow thou must go.
Come on, Panthino : you shall be employ'd
To hasten on his expedition.

[Exeunt Ant. and Pan.]

Pro. Thus have I shunn'd the fire for fear of burning,
And drench'd me in the sea, where I am drown'd.
I fear'd to show my father Julia's letter,
Lest he should take exceptions to my love ;
And with the vantage of mine own excuse
Hath he excepted most against my love.

80

⁶⁰ *exhibition* = allowance of money. Pensions allowed to scholars in English colleges are now called *exhibitions*.

O, how this spring of love resembleth
 The uncertain glory of an April day,
 Which now shows all the beauty of the sun,
 And by and by a cloud takes all away!

Re-enter PANTHINO.

Pan. Sir Proteus, your father calls for you :
 He is in haste ; therefore, I pray you, go.

Pro. Why, this it is : my heart accords thereto,
 And yet a thousand times it answers "no."

90
[Exeunt.]

ACT II.

SCENE I. *Milan. The Duke's palace.*

Enter VALENTINE and SPEED.

Speed. Sir, your glove.

Val. Not mine ; my gloves are on.

Speed. Why, then, this may be yours, for this is but one.

Val. Ha ! let me see : ay, give it me, it's mine :

Sweet ornament that decks a thing divine !

Ah, Silvia, Silvia !

Speed. Madam Silvia ! Madam Silvía !

Val. How now, sirrah ?

Speed. She is not within hearing, sir.

Val. Why, sir, who bade you call her ?

Speed. Your worship, sir ; or else I mistook.

Val. Well, you'll still be too forward.

10

Speed. And yet I was last chidden for being too slow.

Val. Go to, sir : tell me, do you know Madam Silvia ?

Speed. She that your worship loves ?

Val. Why, how know you that I am in love ?

Speed. Marry, by these special marks : first, you have learn'd, like Sir Proteus, to wreath your arms, like a malecontent ; to relish a love-song, like a robin-redbreast ; to walk alone, like one that had the pestilence ; to sigh, like a school-boy that had lost his A B C ; to weep, like a young wench that had buried her grandam ; to fast, like one that takes diet ; to watch, like one that fears robbing ; to speak puling, like a beggar at Hallowmas. You were wont, when you laughed, to crow like a cock ; when you walk'd, to walk like one of the lions ; when you fasted, it was presently after dinner ; when you look'd sadly, it was for want of money : and now you are metamorphos'd with a mistress, that, when I look on you, I can hardly think you my master.

Val. Are all these things perceiv'd in me ?

⁸⁴ resembleth. A word of four syllables, as if written *resemble-eth*.
² for this is but one. On and one were pronounced nearly alike.

Speed. They are all perceiv'd without ye.

Val. Without me? they cannot.

Speed. Without you? nay, that's certain, for, without you were so simple, none else would: but you are so without these follies, that these follies are within you and shine through you like the water in an urinal, that not an eye that sees you but is a physician to comment on your malady.

Val. But tell me, dost thou know my lady Silvia?

Speed. She that you gaze on so as she sits at supper?

Val. Hast thou observ'd that? even she, I mean.

Speed. Why, sir, I know her not.

Val. Dost thou know her by my gazing on her, and yet knowest her not?

Speed. Is she not hard-favour'd, sir?

Val. Not so fair, boy, as well-favour'd.

Speed. Sir, I know that well enough.

Val. What dost thou know?

Speed. That she is not so fair as, of you, well favour'd.

Val. I mean that her beauty is exquisite, but her favour infinite.

Speed. That's because the one is painted and the other out of all count.

Val. How painted? and how out of count?

Speed. Marry, sir, so painted, to make her fair, that no man counts of her beauty.

Val. How esteem'st thou me? I account of her beauty.

Speed. You never saw her since she was deform'd.

Val. How long hath she been deform'd?

Speed. Ever since you lov'd her.

Val. I have lov'd her ever since I saw her; and still I see her beautiful.

Speed. If you love her, you cannot see her.

Val. Why?

Speed. Because Love is blind. O, that you had mine eyes; or your own eyes had the lights they were wont to have when you chid at Sir Proteus for going ungarter'd!

Val. What should I see then?

Speed. Your own present folly and her passing deformity: for he, being in love, could not see to garter his hose, and you, being in love, cannot see to put on your hose.

Val. Belike, boy, then, you are in love; for last morning you could not see to wipe my shoes.

Speed. True, sir; I was in love with my bed: I thank you, you swing'd me for my love, which makes me the bolder to chide you for yours.

Val. In conclusion, I stand affected to her.

Speed. I would you were set, so your affection would cease.

Val. Last night she enjoined me to write some lines to one she loves.

Speed. And have you?

Val. I have.

Speed. Are they not lamely writ? 80

Val. No, boy, but as well as I can do them. Peace! here she comes.

Speed. [*Aside.*] O excellent motion! O exceeding puppet! Now will he interpret to her.

Enter SILVIA.

Val. Madam and mistress, a thousand good-morrows.

Speed. [*Aside.*] O, give ye good even! here's a million of manners.

Sil. Sir Valentine and servant, to you two thousand.

Speed. [*Aside.*] He should give her interest, and she gives it him. 90

Val. As you enjoined me, I have writ your letter
Unto the secret nameless friend of yours;
Which I was much unwilling to proceed in
But for my duty to your ladyship.

Sil. I thank you, gentle servant: 't is very clerkly done.

Val. Now trust me, madam, it came hardly off;
For being ignorant to whom it goes
I writ at random, very doubtfully.

Sil. Perchance you think too much of so much pains?

Val. No, madam; so it stead you, I will write, 100
Please you command, a thousand times as much;
And yet—

Sil. A pretty period! Well, I guess the sequel;
And yet I will not name it; and yet I care not;
And yet take this again; and yet I thank you,
Meaning henceforth to trouble you no more.

Speed. [*Aside.*] And yet you will; and yet another "yet." 110

Val. What means your ladyship? do you not like it?

Sil. Yes, yes: the lines are very quaintly writ;
But since unwillingly, take them again. 110
Nay, take them.

Val. Madam, they are for you.

Sil. Ay, ay: you writ them, sir, at my request;
But I will none of them; they are for you;
I would have had them writ more movingly.

Val. Please you, I'll write your ladyship another.

Sil. And when it's writ, for my sake read it over,
And if it please you, so; if not, why, so.

Val. If it please me, madam, what then?

Sil. Why, if it please you, take it for your labour :

120

And so, good morrow, servant.

[*Exit.*]

Speed. O jest unseen, inscrutable, invisible,

As a nose on a man's face or a weathercock on a steeple !

My master sues to her, and she hath taught her suitor,

He being her pupil, to become her tutor.

O excellent device ! was there ever heard a better,

That my master, being scribe, to himself should write the letter ?

Val. How now, sir ? what are you reasoning with yourself ?

Speed. Nay, I was rhyming : 't is you that have the reason.

Val. To do what ?

130

Speed. To be a spokesman for Madam Silvia.

Val. To whom ?

Speed. To yourself : why, she woos you by a figure.

Val. What figure ?

Speed. By a letter, I should say.

Val. Why, she hath not writ to me.

Speed. What need she, when she hath made you write to yourself ? Why, do you not perceive the jest ?

Val. No, believe me.

Speed. No believing you, indeed, sir. But did you perceive her earnest ?

141

Val. She gave me none, except an angry word.

Speed. Why, she hath given you a letter.

Val. That 's the letter I writ to her friend.

Speed. And that letter hath she deliver'd, and there an end.

Val. I would it were no worse.

Speed. I 'll warrant you, 't is as well :

For often have you writ to her, and she, in modesty,

Or else for want of idle time, could not again reply ;

Or fearing else some messenger that might her mind discover, 150

Herself hath taught her love himself to write unto her lover.

All this I speak in print, for in print I found it.

Why muse you, sir ? 't is dinner-time.

Val. I have din'd.

Speed. Ay, but hearken, sir ; though the chameleon Love can feed on the air, I am one that am nourish'd by my victuals and would fain have meat. O, be not like your mistress ; be moved, be moved.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *Verona.* JULIA'S house.

Enter PROTEUS and JULIA.

Pro. Have patience, gentle Julia.

Jul. I must, where is no remedy.

152 *speaking in print* = speaking precisely.

Pro. When possibly I can, I will return.

Jul. If you turn not, you will return the sooner.

Keep this remembrance for thy Julia's sake. [Giving a ring.]

Pro. Why, then, we'll make exchange; here, take you this.

Jul. And seal the bargain with a holy kiss.

Pro. Here is my hand for my true constancy;

And when that hour o'erslips me in the day

Wherein I sigh not, Julia, for thy sake,

10

The next ensuing hour some foul mischance

Torment me for my love's forgetfulness!

My father stays my coming; answer not;

The tide is now: nay, not thy tide of tears;

That tide will stay me longer than I should.

Julia, farewell!

[Exit Julia.]

What, gone without a word?

Ay, so true love should do: it cannot speak;

For truth hath better deeds than words to grace it.

Enter PANTHINO.

Pan. Sir Proteus, you are stay'd for.

Pro. Go; I come, I come.

20

Alas! this parting strikes poor lovers dumb.

[Exeunt.]

SCENE III. *The same. A street.*

Enter LAUNCE, leading a dog.

Launce. Nay, 't will be this hour ere I have done weeping; all the kind of the Launces have this very fault. I have receiv'd my proportion, like the prodigious son, and am going with Sir Proteus to the Imperial's court. I think Crab my dog be the sourest-natured dog that lives: my mother weeping, my father wailing, my sister crying, our maid howling, our cat wringing her hands, and all our house in a great perplexity, yet did not this cruel-hearted cur shed one tear: he is a stone, a very pebble stone, and has no more pity in him than a dog: a Jew would have wept to have seen our parting; why, my grandam, having no eyes, look you, wept herself blind at my parting. Nay, I'll show you the manner of it. This shoe is my father: no, this left shoe is my father: no, no, this left shoe is my mother: nay, that cannot be so neither: yes, it is so, it is so, it hath the worser sole. This shoe, with the hole in it, is my mother, and this my father; a vengeance on 't! there 't is: now, sir, this staff is my sister, for, look you, she is as white as a lily and as small as a wand: this hat is Nan, our maid: I am the dog: no, the dog is himself, and I am the dog — O! the dog is me, and I am myself; ay, so, so. Now come I to my father; Father, your blessing: now should not the shoe speak a word

for weeping : now should I kiss my father ; well, he weeps on. Now come I to my mother : O, that she could speak now like a wood woman ! Well, I kiss her ; why, there 't is ; here 's my mother's breath up and down. Now come I to my sister ; mark the moan she makes. Now the dog all this while sheds not a tear nor speaks a word ; but see how I lay the dust with my tears.

49

Enter PANTHINO.

Pan. Launce, away, away, aboard ! thy master is shipp'd and thou art to post after with oars. What 's the matter ? why weep'st thou, man ? Away, ass ! you 'll lose the tide, if you tarry any longer.

Launce. It is no matter if the tied were lost ; for it is the unkindest tied that ever any man tied.

Pan. What 's the unkindest tide ?

Launce. Why, he that 's tied here, Crab, my dog.

Pan. Tut, man, I mean thou 'lt lose the flood, and, in losing the flood, lose thy voyage, and, in losing thy voyage, lose thy master, and, in losing thy master, lose thy service, and, in losing thy service, — Why dost thou stop my mouth ? 61

Launce. For fear thou shouldst lose thy tongue.

Pan. Where should I lose my tongue ?

Launce. In thy tale.

Pan. In thy tail !

Launce. Lose the tide, and the voyage, and the master, and the service, and the tied ! Why, man, if the river were dry, I am able to fill it with my tears ; if the wind were down, I could drive the boat with my sighs.

Pan. Come, come away, man ; I was sent to call thee. 70

Launce. Sir, call me what thou dar'st.

Pan. Wilt thou go ?

Launce. Well, I will go.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE IV. *Milan. The DUKE's palace.*

Enter SILVIA, VALENTINE, THURIO, and SPEED.

Sil. Servant !

Val. Mistress ?

Speed. Master, Sir Thurio frowns on you.

Val. Ay, boy, it 's for love.

Speed. Not of you.

Val. Of my mistress, then.

Speed. 'T were good you knock'd him.

[*Exit.*]

Sil. Servant, you are sad.

⁴⁴ *O, that she could speak, etc.* The original has, "O that she could speak now like would woman." Perhaps we should read, "O that [that is, that shoe] should speak, etc."

⁴⁵ *a wood woman* = a crazed, mad woman.

Val. Indeed, madam, I seem so.

Thu. Seem you that you are not?

10

Val. Haply I do.

Thu. So do counterfeits.

Val. So do you.

Thu. What seem I that I am not?

Val. Wise.

Thu. What instance of the contrary?

Val. Your folly.

Thu. And how quote you my folly?

Val. I quote it in your jerkin.

Thu. My jerkin is a doublet.

20

Val. Well, then, I'll double your folly.

Thu. How?

Sil. What, angry, Sir Thurio! do you change colour?

Val. Give him leave, madam; he is a kind of chameleon.

Thu. That hath more mind to feed on your blood than live in your air.

Val. You have said, sir.

Thu. Ay, sir, and done too, for this time.

Val. I know it well, sir; you always end ere you begin.

Sil. A fine volley of words, gentlemen, and quickly shot off.

Val. 'T is indeed, madam; we thank the giver.

31

Sil. Who is that, servant?

Val. Yourself, sweet lady; for you gave the fire. Sir Thurio borrows his wit from your ladyship's looks, and spends what he borrows kindly in your company.

Thu. Sir, if you spend word for word with me, I shall make your wit bankrupt.

Val. I know it well, sir; you have an exchequer of words, and, I think, no other treasure to give your followers, for it appears, by their bare liveries, that they live by your bare words.

Sil. No more, gentlemen, no more: here comes my father.

Enter DUKE.

Duke. Now, daughter Silvia, you are hard beset.

Sir Valentine, your father's in good health:

What say you to a letter from your friends

Of much good news?

Val. My lord, I will be thankful

To any happy messenger from thence.

Duke. Know ye Don Antonio, your countryman?

Val. Ay, my good lord, I know the gentleman

To be of worth and worthy estimation

And not without desert so well reputed.

Duke. Hath he not a son?

50

Val. Ay, my good lord ; a son that well deserves
The honour and regard of such a father.

Duke. You know him well ?

Val. I know him as myself ; for from our infancy
We have convers'd and spent our hours together :
And though myself have been an idle truant,
Omitting the sweet benefit of time
To clothe mine age with angel-like perfection,
Yet hath Sir Proteus, for that 's his name,
Made use and fair advantage of his days ;
His years but young, but his experience old ;
His head unmellow'd, but his judgment ripe ;
And, in a word, for far behind his worth
Comes all the praises that I now bestow,
He is complete in feature and in mind
With all good grace to grace a gentleman.

60

Duke. Beshrew me, sir, but if he make this good,
He is as worthy for an empress' love
As meet to be an emperor's counsellor.
Well, sir, this gentleman is come to me,
With commendation from great potentates ;
And here he means to spend his time awhile :
I think 't is no unwelcome news to you.

70

Val. Should I have wish'd a thing, it had been he.

Duke. Welcome him then according to his worth.
Silvia, I speak to you, and you, Sir Thurio ;
For Valentine, I need not cite him to it :
I will send him hither to you presently.

[Exit.

80

Val. This is the gentleman I told your ladyship
Had come along with me, but that his mistress
Did hold his eyes lock'd in her crystal looks.

Sil. Belike that now she hath enfranchis'd them
Upon some other pawn for fealty.

Val. Nay, sure, I think she holds them prisoners still.

Sil. Nay, then he should be blind ; and, being blind,
How could he see his way to seek out you ?

Val. Why, lady, Love hath twenty pair of eyes.

Thu. They say that Love hath not an eye at all.

Val. To see such lovers, Thurio, as yourself :
Upon a homely object Love can wink.

90

Sil. Have done, have done ; here comes the gentleman.

Enter PROTEUS.

[Exit Thurio.

Val. Welcome, dear Proteus ! Mistress, I beseech you,
Confirm his welcome with some special favour.

Sil. His worth is warrant for his welcome hither,
If this be he you oft have wish'd to hear from.

⁶⁶ in feature : that is, in make, not merely of face, but of body.

Val. Mistress, it is : sweet lady, entertain him
To be my fellow-servant to your ladyship.

Sil. Too low a mistress for so high a servant.

Pro. Not so, sweet lady : but too mean a servant
To have a look of such a worthy mistress.

100

Val. Leave off discourse of disability :
Sweet lady, entertain him for your servant.

Pro. My duty will I boast of ; nothing else.

Sil. And duty never yet did want his meed :
Servant, you are welcome to a worthless mistress.

Pro. I'll die on him that says so but yourself.

Sil. That you are welcome ?

Pro. That you are worthless.

Re-enter THURIO.

Thu. Madam, my lord your father would speak with you.

Sil. I wait upon his pleasure. Come, Sir Thurio,
Go with me. Once more, new servant, welcome : 110

I'll leave you to confer of home affairs ;

When you have done, we look to hear from you.

Pro. We'll both attend upon your ladyship.

[Exeunt Silvia and Thurio.]

Val. Now, tell me, how do all from whence you came ?

Pro. Your friends are well and have them much commended.

Val. And how do yours ?

Pro. I left them all in health.

Val. How does your lady ? and how thrives your love ?

Pro. My tales of love were wont to weary you ;
I know you joy not in a love-discourse. 120

Val. Ay, Proteus, but that life is alter'd now :

I have done penance for contemning Love,

Whose high imperious thoughts have punish'd me

With bitter fasts, with penitential groans,

With nightly tears and daily heart-sore sighs ;

For in revenge of my contempt of love,

Love hath chas'd sleep from my enthralled eyes

And made them watchers of mine own heart's sorrow.

O gentle Proteus, Love's a mighty lord

And hath so humbled me as I confess

There is no woe to his correction

Nor to his service no such joy on earth.

Now no discourse, except it be of love ;

Now can I break my fast, dine, sup and sleep,

Upon the very naked name of love. 130

Pro. Enough ; I read your fortune in your eye.

Was this the idol that you worship so ?

¹³⁰ as I confess = that I confess.

Val. Even she ; and is she not a heavenly saint ?

Pro. No ; but she is an earthly paragon.

Val. Call her divine.

Pro. I will not flatter her.

140

Val. O, flatter me ; for love delights in praises.

Pro. When I was sick, you gave me bitter pills,
And I must minister the like to you.

Val. Then speak the truth by her ; if not divine,
Yet let her be a principality,
Sovereign to all the creatures on the earth.

Pro. Except my mistress.

Val. Sweet, except not any ;
Except thou wilt except against my love.

Pro. Have I not reason to prefer mine own ?

Val. And I will help thee to prefer her too :

150

She shall be dignified with this high honour —

To bear my lady's train, lest the base earth

Should from her vesture chance to steal a kiss

And, of so great a favour growing proud,

Disdain to root the summer-swelling flower

And make rough winter everlastingly.

Pro. Why, Valentine, what braggardism is this ?

Val. Pardon me, Proteus : all I can is nothing
To her whose worth makes other worthies nothing ;
She is alone.

Pro. Then let her alone.

160

Val. Not for the world : why, man, she is mine own,
And I as rich in having such a jewel

As twenty seas, if all their sand were pearl,

The water nectar and the rocks pure gold.

Forgive me that I do not dream on thee,

Because thou see'st me dote upon my love.

My foolish rival, that her father likes

Only for his possessions are so huge,

Is gone with her along, and I must after,

For love, thou know'st, is full of jealousy.

170

Pro. But she loves you ?

Val. Ay, and we are betroth'd : nay, more, our marriage-
hour,

With all the cunning manner of our flight,

Determin'd of ; how I must climb her window,

The ladder made of cords, and all the means

Plotted and 'greed on for my happiness.

Good Proteus, go with me to my chamber,

In these affairs to aid me with thy counsel.

Pro. Go on before ; I shall inquire you forth :

I must unto the road, to disembark
Some necessities that I needs must use,
And then I'll presently attend you.

Val. Will you make haste?

Pro. I will.

[*Exit Valentine.*]

Even as one heat another heat expels,
Or as one nail by strength drives out another,
So the remembrance of my former love
Is by a newer object quite forgotten.
Is it mine, or Valentine's praise,
Her true perfection, or my false transgression,
That makes me reasonless to reason thus? 190
She is fair; and so is Julia that I love —
That I did love, for now my love is thaw'd;
Which, like a waxen image 'gainst a fire,
Bears no impression of the thing it was.
Methinks my zeal to Valentine is cold,
And that I love him not as I was wont.
O, but I love his lady too-too much,
And that's the reason I love him so little.
How shall I dote on her with more advice,
That thus without advice begin to love her! 200
'Tis but her picture I have yet beheld,
And that hath dazzled my reason's light;
But when I look on her perfections,
There is no reason but I shall be blind.
If I can check my erring love, I will;
If not, to compass her I'll use my skill. [*Exit.*]

SCENE V. *The same. A street.*

Enter SPEED and LAUNCE severally.

Speed. Launce! by mine honesty, welcome to Milan!

Launce. Forswear not thyself, sweet youth, for I am not welcome. I reckon this always, that a man is never undone till he be hang'd, nor never welcome to a place till some certain shot be paid and the hostess say, Welcome!

Speed. Come on, you madcap, I'll to the alehouse with you presently; where, for one shot of five pence, thou shalt have five thousand welcomes. But, sirrah, how did thy master part with Madam Julia?

Launce. Marry, after they clos'd in earnest, they parted very fairly in jest.

II

¹⁸⁹ *Is it mine?* etc. Thus this line is corruptly printed in the folio, 1623. No satisfactory restoration of it has been proposed. Warburton read, "Is it mine *eye*?" etc. Malone, "Is it *her mien*?" etc.

¹⁹⁸ *too-too*. In S.'s time this phrase was used as a compound epithet.

Speed. But shall she marry him?

Launce. No.

Speed. How then? shall he marry her?

Launce. No, neither.

Speed. What, are they broken?

Launce. No, they are both as whole as a fish.

Speed. Why, then, how stands the matter with them?

Launce. Marry, thus; when it stands well with him, it stands well with her. 20

Speed. What an ass art thou! I understand thee not.

Launce. What a block art thou, that thou canst not! My staff understands me.

Speed. What thou say'st?

Launce. Ay, and what I do too: look thee, I'll but lean, and my staff understands me.

Speed. It stands under thee, indeed.

Launce. Why, stand-under and under-stand is all one.

Speed. But tell me true, will 't be a match?

Launce. Ask my dog: if he say ay, it will; if he say, no, it will; if he shake his tail and say nothing, it will. 31

Speed. The conclusion is then that it will.

Launce. Thou shalt never get such a secret from me but by a parable.

Speed. 'Tis well that I get it so. But, Launce, how say'st thou, that my master is become a notable lover?

Launce. I never knew him otherwise.

Speed. Than how?

Launce. A notable lubber, as thou reportest him to be.

Speed. Why, thou whoreson ass, thou mistak'st me. 40

Launce. Why, fool, I meant not thee; I meant thy master.

Speed. I tell thee, my master is become a hot lover.

Launce. Why, I tell thee, I care not though he burn himself in love. If thou wilt, go with me to the alehouse; if not, thou art an Hebrew, a Jew, and not worth the name of a Christian.

Speed. Why?

Launce. Because thou hast not so much charity in thee as to go to the ale with a Christian. Wilt thou go?

Speed. At thy service.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE VI. *The same. The Duke's palace.*

Enter PROTEUS.

Pro. To leave my Julia, shall I be forsworn;
To love fair Silvia, shall I be forsworn;

¹⁷ *whole as a fish.* A colloquial comparison common in S.'s day.

⁴⁰ *go to the ale.* Minor church festivals were called ales.

To wrong my friend, I shall be much forsworn ;
And even that power which gave me first my oath
Provokes me to this threefold perjury ;
Love bade me swear and Love bids me forswear.
O sweet-suggesting Love, if thou hast sinn'd,
Teach me, thy tempted subject, to excuse it !
At first I did adore a twinkling star,
But now I worship a celestial sun. 10
Unheedful vows may heedfully be broken,
And he wants wit that wants resolved will
To learn his wit to exchange the bad for better.
Fie, fie, unreverend tongue ! to call her bad,
Whose sovereignty so oft thou hast preferr'd
With twenty thousand soul-confirming oaths.
I cannot leave to love, and yet I do ;
But there I leave to love where I should love.
Julia I lose and Valentine I lose :
If I keep them, I needs must lose myself ; 20
If I lose them, thus find I by their loss
For Valentine myself, for Julia Silvia.
I to myself am dearer than a friend,
For love is still most precious in itself ;
And Silvia — witness Heaven, that made her fair ! —
Shows Julia but a swarthy Ethiope.
I will forget that Julia is alive,
Rememb'ring that my love to her is dead ;
And Valentine I 'll hold an enemy,
Aiming at Silvia as a sweeter friend. 30
I cannot now prove constant to myself,
Without some treachery us'd to Valentine.
This night he meaneth with a corded ladder
To climb celestial Silvia's chamber-window,
Myself in counsel, his competitor.
Now presently I 'll give her father notice
Of their disguising and pretended flight ;
Who, all enrag'd, will banish Valentine ;
For Thurio, he intends, shall wed his daughter ;
But, Valentine being gone, I 'll quickly cross 40
By some sly trick blunt Thurio's dull proceeding.
Love, lend me wings to make my purpose swift,
As thou hast lent me wit to plot this drift !

[Exit.

³¹ pretended = intended.

SCENE VII. *Verona. JULIA'S house.**Enter JULIA and LUCETTA.*

Jul. Counsel, Lucetta ; gentle girl, assist me ;
 And even in kind love I do conjure thee,
 Who art the table wherein all my thoughts
 Are visibly character'd and engrav'd,
 To lesson me and tell me some good mean
 How, with my honour, I may undertake
 A journey to my loving Proteus.

Luc. Alas, the way is wearisome and long !

Jul. A true-devoted pilgrim is not weary
 To measure kingdoms with his feeble steps ;
 Much less shall she that hath Love's wings to fly,
 And when the flight is made to one so dear,
 Of such divine perfection, as Sir Proteus.

10

Luc. Better forbear till Proteus make return.

Jul. O, know'st thou not his looks are my soul's food ?
 Pity the dearth that I have pined in,
 By longing for that food so long a time.
 Didst thou but know the inly touch of love,
 Thou wouldst as soon go kindle fire with snow
 As seek to quench the fire of love with words.

20

Luc. I do not seek to quench your love's hot fire,
 But qualify the fire's extreme rage,
 Lest it should burn above the bounds of reason.

Jul. The more thou damm'st it up, the more it burns.
 The current that with gentle murmur glides,
 Thou know'st, being stopp'd, impatiently doth rage ;
 But when his fair course is not hindered,
 He makes sweet music with the enamell'd stones,
 Giving a gentle kiss to every sedge
 He overtaketh in his pilgrimage,
 And so by many winding nooks he strays
 With willing sport to the wild ocean.
 Then let me go and hinder not my course :
 I'll be as patient as a gentle stream
 And make a pastime of each weary step,
 Till the last step have brought me to my love ;
 And there I'll rest, as after much turmoil
 A blessed soul doth in Elysium.

30

Luc. But in what habit will you go along ?

Jul. Not like a woman ; for I would prevent
 The loose encounters of lascivious men :

40

⁴ *character'd* : accented on the second syllable.

²⁴ *the more it burns.* An example of S.'s carelessness, followed by one of the most charming and exquisitely written passages of his lighter style.

Gentle Lucetta, fit me with such weeds
As may beseem some well-reputed page.

Luc. Why, then, your ladyship must cut your hair.

Jul. No, girl ; I'll knit it up in silken strings
With twenty odd-conceited true-love knots.
To be fantastic may become a youth
Of greater time than I shall show to be.

Luc. What fashion, madam, shall I make your breeches ?

Jul. That fits as well as "Tell me, good my lord,
What compass will you wear your farthingale ?" 50
Why even what fashion thou best likes, Lucetta.

Luc. You must needs have them with a codpiece, madam.

Jul. Out, out, Lucetta ! that will be ill-favour'd.

Luc. A round hose, madam, now 's not worth a pin,
Unless you have a codpiece to stick pins on.

Jul. Lucetta, as thou lov'st me, let me have
What thou think'st meet and is most mannerly.
But tell me, wench, how will the world repute me
For undertaking so unstaid a journey ? 60
I fear me, it will make me scandaliz'd.

Luc. If you think so, then stay at home and go not.

Jul. Nay, that I will not.

Luc. Then never dream on infamy, but go.
If Proteus like your journey when you come,
No matter who 's displeas'd when you are gone :
I fear me, he will scarce be pleas'd withal.

Jul. That is the least, Lucetta, of my fear :
A thousand oaths, an ocean of his tears
And instances of infinite of love 70
Warrant me welcome to my Proteus.

Luc. All these are servants to deceitful men.

Jul. Base men, that use them to so base effect !
But truer stars did govern Proteus' birth ;
His words are bonds, his oaths are oracles,
His love sincere, his thoughts immaculate,
His tears pure messengers sent from his heart,
His heart as far from fraud as heaven from earth.

Luc. Pray heaven he prove so, when you come to him !

Jul. Now, as thou lov'st me, do him not that wrong 80
To bear a hard opinion of his truth :
Only deserve my love by loving him ;
And presently go with me to my chamber,
To take a note of what I stand in need of,
To furnish me upon my longing journey.

⁵¹ *farthingale*. This was at first a contrivance for increasing the apparent breadth of women's hips. The name came to be applied to a full-skirted gown.

⁷⁰ *of infinite of love* : that is, of love without bound.

All that is mine I leave at thy dispose,
 My goods, my lands, my reputation ;
 Only, in lieu thereof, dispatch me hence.
 Come, answer not, but to it presently !
 I am impatient of my tarriance.

89
 [Exeunt.

ACT III.

SCENE I. *Milan. The Duke's palace.*

Enter DUKE, THURIO, and PROTEUS.

Duke. Sir Thurio, give us leave, I pray, awhile ;
 We have some secrets to confer about.

[Exit *Thur.*

Now, tell me, Proteus, what's your will with me ?

Pro. My gracious lord, that which I would discover
 The law of friendship bids me to conceal ;
 But when I call to mind your gracious favours
 Done to me, undeserving as I am,
 My duty pricks me on to utter that
 Which else no worldly good should draw from me.
 Know, worthy prince, Sir Valentine, my friend,
 This night intends to steal away your daughter :
 Myself am one made privy to the plot.

10

I know you have determin'd to bestow her
 On Thurio, whom your gentle daughter hates ;
 And should she thus be stol'n away from you,
 It would be much vexation to your age.
 Thus, for my duty's sake, I rather chose
 To cross my friend in his intended drift
 Than, by concealing it, heap on your head
 A pack of sorrows which would press you down,
 Being unprevented, to your timeless grave.

20

Duke. Proteus, I thank thee for thine honest care ;
 Which to requite, command me while I live.
 This love of theirs myself have often seen,
 Haply when they have judg'd me fast asleep,
 And oftentimes have purpos'd to forbid
 Sir Valentine her company and my court :
 But fearing lest my jealous aim might err
 And so unworthily disgrace the man,
 A rashness that I ever yet have shunn'd,
 I gave him gentle looks, thereby to find
 That which thyself hast now disclos'd to me.
 And, that thou mayst perceive my fear of this,
 Knowing that tender youth is soon suggested,

30

I nightly lodge her in an upper tower,
The key whereof myself have ever kept ;
And thence she cannot be convey'd away.

Pro. Know, noble lord, they have devis'd a mean
How he her chamber-window will ascend
And with a corded ladder fetch her down ;
For which the youthful lover now is gone
And this way comes he with it presently ;
Where, if it please you, you may intercept him.
But, good my lord, do it so cunningly
That my discovery be not aimed at ;
For love of you, not hate unto my friend,
Hath made me publisher of this pretence.

Duke. Upon mine honour, he shall never know
That I had any light from thee of this.

Pro. Adieu, my lord ; Sir Valentine is coming.

[*Exit.*

Enter VALENTINE.

Duke. Sir Valentine, whither away so fast ?

51

Val. Please it your grace, there is a messenger
That stays to bear my letters to my friends,
And I am going to deliver them.

Duke. Be they of much import ?

Val. The tenour of them doth but signify
My health and happy being at your court.

Duke. Nay then, no matter ; stay with me awhile ;
I am to break with thee of some affairs
That touch me near, wherein thou must be secret.
'T is not unknown to thee that I have sought
To match my friend Sir Thurio to my daughter.

60

Val. I know it well, my lord ; and, sure, the match
Were rich and honourable ; besides, the gentleman
Is full of virtue, bounty, worth and qualities
Beseeming such a wife as your fair daughter :
Cannot your grace win her to fancy him ?

Duke. No, trust me ; she is peevish, sullen, froward,
Proud, disobedient, stubborn, lacking duty,
Neither regarding that she is my child
Nor fearing me as if I were her father ;
And, may I say to thee, this pride of hers,
Upon advice, hath drawn my love from her ;
And, where I thought the remnant of mine age
Should have been cherish'd by her child-like duty,
I now am full resolv'd to take a wife
And turn her out to who will take her in :
Then let her beauty be her wedding-dower ;
For me and my possessions she esteems not.

70

Val. What would your grace have me to do in this?

80

Duke. There is a lady of Verona here
Whom I affect; but she is nice and coy
And nought esteems my aged eloquence:
Now therefore would I have thee to my tutor —
For long ago I have forgot to court;
Besides, the fashion of the time is chang'd —
How and which way I may bestow myself
To be regarded in her sun-bright eye.

Val. Win her with gifts, if she respect not words:
Dumb jewels often in their silent kind
More than quick words do move a woman's mind.

90

Duke. But she did scorn a present that I sent her.

Val. A woman sometimes scorns what best contents her.
Send her another; never give her o'er;
For scorn at first makes after-love the more.
If she do frown, 't is not in hate of you,
But rather to beget more love in you:
If she do chide, 't is not to have you gone;
For why, the fools are mad, if left alone.
Take no repulse, whatever she doth say;
For "get you gone," she doth not mean "away!"
Flatter and praise, commend, extol their graces;
Though ne'er so black, say they have angels' faces.
That man that hath a tongue, I say, is no man,
If with his tongue he cannot win a woman.

100

Duke. But she I mean is promis'd by her friends
Unto a youthful gentleman of worth,
And kept severely from resort of men,
That no man hath access by day to her.

Val. Why, then, I would resort to her by night.

110

Duke. Ay, but the doors be lock'd and keys kept safe,
That no man hath recourse to her by night.

Val. What lets but one may enter at her window?

Duke. Her chamber is aloft, far from the ground,
And built so shelving that one cannot climb it
Without apparent hazard of his life.

Val. Why then, a ladder quaintly made of cords,
To cast up, with a pair of anchoring hooks,
Would serve to scale another Hero's tower,
So bold Leander would adventure it.

120

Duke. Now, as thou art a gentleman of blood,
Advise me where I may have such a ladder.

Val. When would you use it? pray, sir, tell me that.

⁸¹ *a lady of Verona here.* The folio has "*in Verona here,*" an impossible reading, as the scene is Milan.

Duke. This very night ; for Love is like a child,
That longs for every thing that he can come by.

Val. By seven o'clock I'll get you such a ladder.

Duke. But, hark thee ; I will go to her alone :
How shall I best convey the ladder thither ?

Val. It will be light, my lord, that you may bear it
Under a cloak that is of any length. 130

Duke. A cloak as long as thine will serve the turn ?

Val. Ay, my good lord.

Duke. Then let me see thy cloak :
I'll get me one of such another length.

Val. Why, any cloak will serve the turn, my lord.

Duke. How shall I fashion me to wear a cloak ?
I pray thee, let me feel thy cloak upon me.
What letter is this same ? What's here ? " To Silvia " !
And here an engine fit for my proceeding.
I'll be so bold to break the seal for once. 135

[*Reads.*

" My thoughts do harbour with my Silvia nightly,
And slaves they are to me that send them flying :
O, could their master come and go as lightly,
Himself would lodge where senseless they are lying !
My herald thoughts in thy pure bosom rest them ;
While I, their king, that hither them importune,
Do curse the grace that with such grace hath bless'd them,
Because myself do want my servants' fortune :
I curse myself, for they are sent by me,
That they should harbour where their lord would be." 140

What's here ? 150

" Silvia, this night I will enfranchise thee."

'T is so ; and here's the ladder for the purpose.
Why, Phaethon, — for thou art Merops' son, —
Wilt thou aspire to guide the heavenly car
And with thy daring folly burn the world ?
Wilt thou reach stars, because they shine on thee ?
Go, base intruder ! overweening slave !
Bestow thy fawning smiles on equal mates,
And think my patience, more than thy desert,
Is privilege for thy departure hence : . 160
Thank me for this more than for all the favours
Which all too much I have bestow'd on thee.
But if thou linger in my territories
Longer than swiftest expedition
Will give thee time to leave our royal court,
By heaven ! my wrath shall far exceed the love

¹⁵³ *Merops' son.* Phaethon, the son of Phœbus, was reputed the son of Merops. He begged, as an acknowledgment of paternity, that Phœbus would allow him to drive the chariot of the sun for one day, and obtained his request with disastrous results for the world and death for himself.

I ever bore my daughter or thyself.

Be gone! I will not hear thy vain excuse;

But, as thou lov'st thy life, make speed from hence.

[Exit.

Val. And why not death rather than living torment?

170

To die is to be banish'd from myself;

And Silvia is myself: banish'd from her

Is self from self: a deadly banishment!

What light is light, if Silvia be not seen?

What joy is joy, if Silvia be not by?

Unless it be to think that she is by

And feed upon the shadow of perfection.

Except I be by Silvia in the night,

There is no music in the nightingale;

Unless I look on Silvia in the day,

180

There is no day for me to look upon;

She is my essence, and I leave to be,

If I be not by her fair influence

Foster'd, illumin'd, cherish'd, kept alive.

I fly not death, to fly his deadly doom:

Tarry I here, I but attend on death:

But, fly I hence, I fly away from life.

Enter PROTEUS and LAUNCE.

Pro. Run, boy, run, run, and seek him out.

Launce. Soho, soho!

Pro. What seest thou?

190

Launce. Him we go to find: there's not a hair on's head
but 't is a Valentine.

Pro. Valentine?

Val. No.

Pro. Who then? his spirit?

Val. Neither.

Pro. What then?

Val. Nothing.

Launce. Can nothing speak? Master, shall I strike?

Pro. Who wouldst thou strike?

200

Launce. Nothing.

Pro. Villain, forbear.

Launce. Why, sir, I'll strike nothing: I pray you, —

Pro. Sirrah, I say, forbear. Friend Valentine, a word.

Val. My ears are stopp'd and cannot hear good news,
So much of bad already hath possess'd them.

Pro. Then in dumb silence will I bury mine,
For they are harsh, untuneable and bad.

Val. Is Silvia dead?

Pro. No, Valentine.

210

Val. No Valentine, indeed, for sacred Silvia.
Hath she forsworn me?

Pro. No, Valentine.

Val. No Valentine, if Silvia have forsworn me.

What is your news?

Launce. Sir, there is a proclamation that you are banish'd.

Pro. That thou art banish'd — O, that 's the news! —
From hence, from Silvia and from me thy friend.

Val. O, I have fed upon this woe already,
And now excess of it will make me surfeit. 220
Doth Silvia know that I am banished?

Pro. Ay, ay; and she hath offer'd to the doom —
Which, unrevers'd, stands in effectual force —
A sea of melting pearl, which some call tears:
Those at her father's churlish feet she tender'd;
With them, upon her knees, her humble self;
Wringing her hands, whose whiteness so became them
As if but now they waxed pale for woe:
But neither bended knees, pure hands held up,
Sad sighs, deep groans, nor silver-shedding tears, 230
Could penetrate her uncompassionate sire;
But Valentine, if he be ta'en, must die.
Besides, her intercession chaf'd him so,
When she for thy repeal was suppliant,
That to close prison he commanded her,
With many bitter threats of bidding there.

Val. No more; unless the next word that thou speak'st
Have some malignant power upon my life:
If so, I pray thee, breathe it in mine ear,
As ending anthem of my endless dolour. 240

Pro. Cease to lament for that thou canst not help,
And study help for that which thou lament'st.
Time is the nurse and breeder of all good.
Here if thou stay, thou canst not see thy love;
Besides, thy staying will abridge thy life.
Hope is a lover's staff; walk hence with that
And manage it against despairing thoughts.
Thy letters may be here, though thou art hence;
Which, being writ to me, shall be deliver'd
Even in the milk-white bosom of thy love. 250
The time now serves not to expostulate:
Come, I'll convey thee through the city-gate;
And, ere I part with thee, confer at large
Of all that may concern thy love-affairs.
As thou lov'st Silvia, though not for thyself,
Regard thy danger, and along with me!

Val. I pray thee, Launce, an if thou seest my boy,
Bid him make haste and meet me at the North-gate.

Pro. Go, sirrah, find him out. Come, Valentine.

Val. O my dear Silvia! Hapless Valentine!

260

[*Exeunt Val. and Pro.*]

Launce. I am but a fool, look you; and yet I have the wit to think my master is a kind of a knave: but that's all one, if he be but one knave. He lives not now that knows me to be in love; yet I am in love; but a team of horse shall not pluck that from me; nor who 't is I love; and yet 't is a woman; but what woman, I will not tell myself; and yet 't is a milkmaid; yet 't is not a maid, for she hath had gossips; yet 't is a maid, for she is her master's maid, and serves for wages. She hath more qualities than a water-spaniel; which is much in a bare Christian. [*Pulling out a paper.*] Here is the cate-log of her condition. "*Imprimis*: She can fetch and carry." Why, a horse can do no more: nay, a horse cannot fetch, but only carry; therefore is she better than a jade. "*Item*: She can milk;" look you, a sweet virtue in a maid with clean hands.

Enter SPEED.

Speed. How now, Signior Launce! what news with your mastership?

Launce. With my master's ship? why, it is at sea.

Speed. Well, your old vice still; mistake the word. What news, then, in your paper?

Launce. The blackest news that ever thou heard'st.

280

Speed. Why, man, how black?

Launce. Why, as black as ink.

Speed. Let me read them.

Launce. Fie on thee, jolt-head! thou canst not read.

Speed. Thou liest; I can.

Launce. I will try thee. Tell me this: who begot thee?

Speed. Marry, the son of my grandfather.

Launce. O illiterate loiterer! it was the son of thy grandmother: this proves that thou canst not read.

Speed. Come, fool, come; try me in thy paper.

290

Launce. There; and Saint Nicholas be thy speed!

Speed. [*Reads.*] "*Imprimis*: She can milk."

Launce. Ay, that she can.

Speed. "*Item*: She brews good ale."

Launce. And thereof comes the proverb: "Blessing of your heart, you brew good ale."

Speed. "*Item*: She can sew."

Launce. That's as much as to say, Can she so?

Speed. "*Item*: She can knit."

Launce. What need a man care for a stock with a wench, when she can knit him a stock?

301

²⁸⁷ *gossips*: that is, women who gathered round a woman in childbed. Launce is a desperate quibbler.

³⁰¹ *knit him a stock*: that is, a stocking.

Speed. "*Item* : She can wash and scour."

Launce. A special virtue ; for then she need not be wash'd and scour'd.

Speed. "*Item* : She can spin."

Launce. Then may I set the world on wheels, when she can spin for her living.

Speed. "*Item* : She hath many nameless virtues."

Launce. That 's as much as to say, bastard virtues ; that, indeed, know not their fathers and therefore have no names. 310

Speed. Here follow her vices.

Launce. Close at the heels of her virtues.

Speed. "*Item* : She is not to be kissed fasting, in respect of her breath."

Launce. Well, that fault may be mended with a breakfast. Read on.

Speed. "*Item* : She hath a sweet mouth."

Launce. That makes amends for her sour breath.

Speed. "*Item* : She doth talk in her sleep."

Launce. It 's no matter for that, so she sleep not in her talk.

Speed. "*Item* : She is slow in words." 321

Launce. O villain, that set this down among her vices ! To be slow in words is a woman's only virtue : I pray thee, out with 't, and place it for her chief virtue.

Speed. "*Item* : She is proud."

Launce. Out with that too ; it was Eve's legacy, and cannot be ta'en from her.

Speed. "*Item* : She hath no teeth."

Launce. I care not for that neither, because I love crusts.

Speed. "*Item* : She is curst." 330

Launce. Well, the best is, she hath no teeth to bite.

Speed. "*Item* : She will often praise her liquor."

Launce. If her liquor be good, she shall : if she will not, I will ; for good things should be praised.

Speed. "*Item* : She is too liberal."

Launce. Of her tongue she cannot ; for that 's writ down she is slow of : of her purse she shall not ; for that I 'll keep shut. Now, of another thing she may, and that cannot I help. Well, proceed.

Speed. "*Item* : She hath more hair than wit, and more faults than hairs, and more wealth than faults." 341

Launce. Stop there ; I 'll have her : she was mine, and not mine, twice or thrice in that last article. Rehearse that once more.

³¹³ *to be kissed fasting.* The folio has "to be fasting," which has a meaning ; but the text is as old as Rowe's time, nearly two hundred years.

³¹⁷ *a sweet mouth* : that is, a mouth fond of sweet things ; a lickish tooth.

³³⁰ *curst* = ill-natured, cross-grained.

Speed. "*Item* : She hath more hair than wit," —

Launce. More hair than wit? It may be; I'll prove it. The cover of the salt hides the salt, and therefore it is more than the salt; the hair that covers the wit is more than the wit, for the greater hides the less. What's next?

Speed. "And more faults than hairs," —

350

Launce. That's monstrous: O, that that were out!

Speed. "And more wealth than faults."

Launce. Why, that word makes the faults gracious. Well, I'll have her: and if it be a match, as nothing is impossible, —

Speed. What then?

Launce. Why, then will I tell thee — that thy master stays for thee at the North-gate.

Speed. For me?

Launce. For thee! ay, who art thou? he hath stay'd for a better man than thee.

360

Speed. And must I go to him?

Launce. Thou must run to him, for thou hast stay'd so long that going will scarce serve the turn.

Speed. Why didst not tell me sooner? pox of your love-letters!

[Exit.

Launce. Now will he be swing'd for reading my letter; an unmannerly slave, that will thrust himself into secrets! I'll after, to rejoice in the boy's correction.

[Exit.

SCENE II. *The same. The DUKE's palace.*

Enter DUKE and THURIO.

Duke. Sir Thurio, fear not but that she will love you, Now Valentine is banish'd from her sight.

Thu. Since his exile she hath despis'd me most, Forsworn my company and rail'd at me, That I am desperate of obtaining her.

Duke. This weak impress of love is as a figure Trenched in ice, which with an hour's heat Dissolves to water and doth lose his form. A little time will melt her frozen thoughts And worthless Valentine shall be forgot.

10

Enter PROTEUS.

How now, Sir Proteus! Is your countryman According to our proclamation gone?

Pro. Gone, my good lord.

Duke. My daughter takes his going grievously.

Pro. A little time, my lord, will kill that grief.

Duke. So I believe; but Thurio thinks not so. Proteus, the good conceit I hold of thee —

For thou hast shown some sign of good desert —
Makes me the better to confer with thee.

Pro. Longer than I prove loyal to your grace
Let me not live to look upon your grace. 20

Duke. Thou know'st how willingly I would effect
The match between Sir Thurio and my daughter.

Pro. I do, my lord.

Duke. And also, I think, thou art not ignorant
How she opposes her against my will.

Pro. She did, my lord, when Valentine was here.

Duke. Ay, and perversely she perseveres so.
What might we do to make the girl forget
The love of Valentine and love Sir Thurio? 30

Pro. The best way is to slander Valentine
With falsehood, cowardice and poor descent,
Three things that women highly hold in hate.

Duke. Ay, but she 'll think that it is spoke in hate.

Pro. Ay, if his enemy deliver it :
Therefore it must with circumstance be spoken
By one whom she esteemeth as his friend.

Duke. Then you must undertake to slander him.

Pro. And that, my lord, I shall be loath to do :
'T is an ill office for a gentleman,
Especially against his very friend. 40

Duke. Where your good word cannot advantage him,
Your slander never can endamage him ;
Therefore the office is indifferent,
Being entreated to it by your friend.

Pro. You have prevail'd, my lord : if I can do it
By aught that I can speak in his dispraise,
She shall not long continue love to him.
But say this weed her love from Valentine,
It follows not that she will love Sir Thurio. 50

Thu. Therefore, as you unwind her love from him,
Lest it should ravel and be good to none,
You must provide to bottom it on me ;
Which must be done by praising me as much
As you in worth dispraise Sir Valentine.

Duke. And, Proteus, we dare trust you in this kind,
Because we know, on Valentine's report,
You are already Love's firm votary
And cannot soon revolt and change your mind.
Upon this warrant shall you have access 60
Where you with Silvia may confer at large ;
For she is lumpish, heavy, melancholy,

²³ *persevers* = S.'s usual mode of spelling *perseveres* ; it is accented on the second syllable.

And, for your friend's sake, will be glad of you ;
Where you may temper her by your persuasion
To hate young Valentine and love my friend.

Pro. As much as I can do, I will effect :
But you, Sir Thurio, are not sharp enough ;
You must lay lime to tangle her desires
By wailful sonnets, whose composed rhymes
Should be full-fraught with serviceable vows

70

Duke. Ay,
Much is the force of heaven-bred poesy.

Pro. Say that upon the altar of her beauty
You sacrifice your tears, your sighs, your heart :
Write till your ink be dry, and with your tears
Moist it again, and frame some feeling line
That may discover such integrity :
For Orpheus' lute was strung with poets' sinews,
Whose golden touch could soften steel and stones,
Make tigers tame and huge leviathans
Forsake unsounded deeps to dance on sands.
After your dire-lamenting elegies,
Visit by night your lady's chamber-window
With some sweet consort ; to their instruments
Tune a deploring dump : the night's dead silence
Will well become such sweet-complaining grievance.
This, or else nothing, will inherit her.

80

Duke. This discipline shows thou hast been in love.

Thu. And thy advice this night I 'll put in practice.
Therefore, sweet Proteus, my direction-giver,
Let us into the city presently
To sort some gentlemen well skill'd in music.
I have a sonnet that will serve the turn
To give the onset to thy good advice.

90

Duke. About it, gentlemen!

Pro. We 'll wait upon your grace till after supper,
And afterward determine our proceedings.

Duke. Even now about it ! I will pardon you.

[*Exeunt.*]

ACT IV.

SCENE I. *A forest on the frontiers of Mantua.*

Enter certain Outlaws.

First Out. Fellows, stand fast ; I see a passenger.

Sec. Out. If there be ten, shrink not, but down with 'em.

⁸⁴ *consort.* This is the old word for *concert*.

⁸⁵ *dump* = melancholy strain of music ; used without any ludicrous signification

⁸⁷ *inherit* = obtain, get possession of.

⁹⁶ *pardon* = excuse.

Enter VALENTINE and SPEED.

Third Out. Stand, sir, and throw us that you have about ye:
If not, we'll make you sit and rifle you.

Speed. Sir, we are undone; these are the villains
That all the travellers do fear so much.

Val. My friends, —

First Out. That's not so, sir: we are your enemies.

Sec. Out. Peace! we'll hear him.

Third Out. Ay, by my beard, will we, for he's a proper
man. 10

Val. Then know that I have little wealth to lose:
A man I am cross'd with adversity;
My riches are these poor habiliments,
Of which if you should here disfigure me,
You take the sum and substance that I have.

Sec. Out. Whither travel you?

Val. To Verona.

First Out. Whence came you?

Val. From Milan.

Third Out. Have you long sojourn'd there? 20

Val. Some sixteen months, and longer might have stay'd,
If crooked fortune had not thwarted me.

First Out. What, were you banish'd thence?

Val. I was.

Sec. Out. For what offence?

Val. For that which now torments me to rehearse:
I kill'd a man, whose death I much repent;
But yet I slew him manfully in fight,
Without false vantage or base treachery.

First Out. Why, ne'er repent it, if it were done so. 30
But were you banish'd for so small a fault?

Val. I was, and held me glad of such a doom.

Sec. Out. Have you the tongues?

Val. My youthful travel therein made me happy,
Or else I often had been miserable.

Third Out. By the bare scalp of Robin Hood's fat friar,
This fellow were a king for our wild faction!

First Out. We'll have him. Sirs, a word.

Speed. Master, be one of them; it's an honourable kind of
thievery. 40

Val. Peace, villain!

Sec. Out. Tell us this: have you anything to take to?

Val. Nothing but my fortune.

Third Out. Know, then, that some of us are gentlemen,
Such as the fury of ungovern'd youth

¹⁰ a proper man = a fine man, handsome.

Thrust from the company of awful men :
 Myself was from Verona banished
 For practising to steal away a lady,
 An heir, and near allied unto the Duke.

Sec. Out. And I from Mantua, for a gentleman,
 Who, in my mood, I stabb'd unto the heart. 50

First Out. And I for such like petty crimes as these.
 But to the purpose — for we cite our faults,
 That they may hold excus'd our lawless lives ;
 And partly, seeing you are beautified
 With goodly shape and by your own report
 A linguist and a man of such perfection
 As we do in our quality much want —

Sec. Out. Indeed, because you are a banish'd man,
 Therefore, above the rest, we parley to you : 60
 Are you content to be our general ?
 To make a virtue of necessity

And live, as we do, in this wilderness ?
Third Out. What say'st thou ? wilt thou be of our consort ?
 Say ay, and be the captain of us all :
 We 'll do thee homage and be ruled by thee,
 Love thee as our commander and our king.

First Out. But if thou scorn our courtesy, thou diest.

Sec. Out. Thou shalt not live to brag what we have offer'd.

Val. I take your offer and will live with you, 70
 Provided that you do no outrages
 On silly women or poor passengers.

Third Out. No, we detest such vile base practices.
 Come, go with us, we 'll bring thee to our crews,
 And show thee all the treasure we have got ;
 Which, with ourselves, all rest at thy dispose. [Exeunt.

SCENE II. *Milan. Outside the DUKE'S palace, under SILVIA'S window.*

Enter PROTEUS.

Pro. Already have I been false to Valentine
 And now I must be as unjust to Thurio.
 Under the colour of commending him,
 I have access my own love to prefer :
 But Silvia is too fair, too true, too holy,
 To be corrupted with my worthless gifts.
 When I protest true loyalty to her,
 She twits me with my falsehood to my friend ;

⁴⁰ *awful men* : that is, men who reverence law. Perhaps we should read *lawful*.

⁷² *silly* = simple.

⁴ *access* : accented on the second syllable.

When to her beauty I commend my vows,
 She bids me think how I have been forsworn 10
 In breaking faith with Julia whom I loved :
 And notwithstanding all her sudden quips,
 The least whereof would quell a lover's hope,
 Yet, spaniel-like, the more she spurns my love,
 The more it grows and fawneth on her still.
 But here comes Thurio : now must we to her window,
 And give some evening music to her ear.

Enter THURIO and Musicians.

Thu. How now, Sir Proteus, are you crept before us ?

Pro. Ay, gentle Thurio : for you know that love 20
 Will creep in service where it cannot go.

Thu. Ay, but I hope, sir, that you love not here.

Pro. Sir, but I do ; or else I would be hence.

Thu. Who ? Silvia ?

Pro. Ay, Silvia ; for your sake.

Thu. I thank you for your own. Now, gentlemen,
 Let's tune, and to it lustily awhile.

Enter, at a distance, Host, and JULIA in boy's clothes.

Host. Now, my young guest, methinks you're allycholly : I
 pray you, why is it ?

Jul. Marry, mine host, because I cannot be merry.

Host. Come, we'll have you merry : I'll bring you where
 you shall hear music and see the gentleman that you ask'd for.

Jul. But shall I hear him speak ? 31

Host. Ay, that you shall.

Jul. That will be music.

[*Music plays.*

Host. Hark, hark !

Jul. Is he among these ?

Host. Ay : but, peace ! let's hear 'em.

SONG.

Who is Silvia ? what is she,
 That all our swains commend her ?
 Holy, fair and wise is she ;
 The heaven such grace did lend her, 40
 That she might admired be.

Is she kind as she is fair ?
 For beauty lives with kindness
 Love doth to her eyes repair,
 To help him of his blindness,
 And, being help'd, inhabits there.

Then to Silvia let us sing,
 That Silvia is excelling ;
 She excels each mortal thing
 Upon the dull earth dwelling : 50
 To her let us garlands bring.

84212

Host. How now! are you sadder than you were before? How do you, man? the music likes you not.

Jul. You mistake; the musician likes me not.

Host. Why, my pretty youth?

Jul. He plays false, father.

Host. How? out of tune on the strings?

Jul. Not so; but yet so false that he grieves my very heart-strings.

Host. You have a quick ear.

60

Jul. Ay, I would I were deaf; it makes me have a slow heart.

Host. I perceive you delight not in music.

Jul. Not a whit, when it jars so.

Host. Hark, what fine change is in the music!

Jul. Ay, that change is the spite.

Host. You would have them always play but one thing?

Jul. I would always have one play but one thing.

But, host, doth this Sir Proteus that we talk on

Often resort unto this gentlewoman?

70

Host. I tell you what Launce, his man, told me: he loved her out of all nick.

Jul. Where is Launce?

Host. Gone to seek his dog; which to-morrow, by his master's command, he must carry for a present to his lady.

Jul. Peace! stand aside: the company parts.

Pro. Sir Thurio, fear not you: I will so plead That you shall say my cunning drift excels.

Thu. Where meet we?

Pro. At Saint Gregory's well.

Thu.

Farewell.

[*Exeunt Thu. and Musicians.*]

Enter SILVIA above.

Pro. Madam, good even to your ladyship.

80

Sil. I thank you for your music, gentlemen.

Who is that that spake?

Pro. One, lady, if you knew his pure heart's truth, You would quickly learn to know him by his voice.

Sil. Sir Proteus, as I take it.

Pro. Sir Proteus, gentle lady, and your servant.

Sil. What's your will?

Pro. That I may compass yours.

Sil. You have your wish; my will is even this:

That presently you hie you home to bed.

⁵³ *the music likes you not*: that is, is not to your liking.

⁷² *out of all nick* = out of all reckoning. Reckoning was kept by cutting nicks on tally sticks.

Thou subtle, perjured, false, disloyal man ! 90
 Think'st thou I am so shallow, so conceitless,
 To be seduced by thy flattery,
 That hast deceiv'd so many with thy vows ?
 Return, return, and make thy love amends.
 For me, by this pale queen of night I swear,
 I am so far from granting thy request
 That I despise thee for thy wrongful suit,
 And by and by intend to chide myself
 Even for this time I spend in talking to thee.

Pro. I grant, sweet love, that I did love a lady ; 100
 But she is dead.

Jul. [*Aside.*] 'T were false, if I should speak it ;
 For I am sure she is not buried.

Sil. Say that she be ; yet Valentine thy friend
 Survives ; to whom, thyself art witness,
 I am betroth'd : and art thou not ashamed
 To wrong him with thy importunacy ?

Pro. I likewise hear that Valentine is dead.

Sil. And so suppose am I ; for in his grave
 Assure thyself my love is buried.

Pro. Sweet lady, let me rake it from the earth. 110

Sil. Go to thy lady's grave and call hers thence
 Or, at the least, in hers sepulchre thine.

Jul. [*Aside.*] He heard not that.

Pro. Madam, if your heart be so obdurate,
 Vouchsafe me yet your picture for my love,
 The picture that is hanging in your chamber ;
 To that I 'll speak, to that I 'll sigh and weep :
 For since the substance of your perfect self
 Is else devoted, I am but a shadow ;
 And to your shadow will I make true love. 120

Jul. [*Aside.*] If 't were a substance, you would, sure, de-
 ceive it,

And make it but a shadow, as I am.

Sil. I am very loath to be your idol, sir ;
 But since your falsehood shall become you well
 To worship shadows and adore false shapes,
 Send to me in the morning and I 'll send it :
 And so, good rest.

Pro. As wretches have o'ernight
 That wait for execution in the morn. [*Exeunt Pro. and Sil. severally.*]

Jul. Host, will you go ?

Host. By my halidom, I was fast asleep.

Jul. Pray you, where lies Sir Proteus ? 130

Host. Marry, at my house. Trust me, I think 't is almost day.

Jul. Not so ; but it hath been the longest night
That e'er I watch'd and the most heaviest.

[*Exeunt.*

SCENE III. *The same.*

Enter EGLAMOUR.

Egl. This is the hour that Madam Silvia
Entreated me to call and know her mind :
There 's some great matter she 'ld employ me in.
Madam, madam !

Enter SILVIA above.

Sil. Who calls ?

Egl. Your servant and your friend ;
One that attends your ladyship's command.

Sil. Sir Eglamour, a thousand times good morrow.

Egl. As many, worthy lady, to yourself :
According to your ladyship's impose,
I am thus early come to know what service
It is your pleasure to command me in.

10

Sil. O Eglamour, thou art a gentleman —
Think not I flatter, for I swear I do not —
Valiant, wise, remorseful, well accomplish'd :
Thou art not ignorant what dear good will
I bear unto the banish'd Valentine,
Nor how my father would enforce me marry
Vain Thurio, whom my very soul abhors.
Thyself hast lov'd ; and I have heard thee say
No grief did ever come so near thy heart
As when thy lady and thy true love died,
Upon whose grave thou vow'dst pure chastity.
Sir Eglamour, I would to Valentine,
To Mantua, where I hear he makes abode ;
And, for the ways are dangerous to pass,
I do desire thy worthy company,
Upon whose faith and honour I repose.
Urge not my father's anger, Eglamour,
But think upon my grief, a lady's grief,
And on the justice of my flying hence,
To keep me from a most unholy match,
Which heaven and fortune still rewards with plagues.
I do desire thee, even from a heart
As full of sorrows as the sea of sands,
To bear me company and go with me :

20

30

¹³ *remorseful*: that is, having a conscience, as we say.

If not, to hide what I have said to thee,
That I may venture to depart alone.

Egl. Madam, I pity much your grievances;
Which since I know they virtuously are plac'd,
I give consent to go along with you,
Recking as little what betideth me
As much I wish all good befortune you.

40

When will you go?

Sil. This evening coming.

Egl. Where shall I meet you?

Sil. At Friar Patrick's cell,

Where I intend holy confession.

Egl. I will not fail your ladyship. Good morrow, gentle lady.

Sil. Good morrow, kind Sir Eglamour. [Exeunt severally.]

SCENE IV. *The same.*

Enter LAUNCE, with his Dog Crab.

Launce. When a man's servant shall play the cur with him, look you, it goes hard: one that I brought up of a puppy; one that I sav'd from drowning, when three or four of his blind brothers and sisters went to it. I have taught him, even as one would say precisely, "thus I would teach a dog." I was sent to deliver him as a present to Mistress Silvia from my master; and I came no sooner into the dining-chamber but he steps me to her trencher and steals her capon's leg: O, 't is a foul thing when a cur cannot keep himself in all companies! I would have, as one should say, one that takes upon him to be a dog indeed, to be, as it were, a dog at all things. If I had not had more wit than he, to take a fault upon me that he did, I think verily he had been hang'd for 't; sure as I live, he had suffer'd for 't: you shall judge. He thrusts me himself into the company of three or four gentlemanlike dogs, under the Duke's table; he had not been there — bless the mark! — a pissing while, but all the chamber smelt him. "Out with the dog!" says one: "What cur is that?" says another: "Whip him out" says the third: "Hang him up" says the Duke. I, having been acquainted with the smell before, knew it was Crab, and goes me to the fellow that whips the dogs: "Friend," quoth I, "you mean to whip the dog?" "Ay, marry, do I," quoth he. "You do him the more wrong," quoth I; "'t was I did the thing you wot of." He makes me no more ado, but whips me out of the chamber. How many masters would do this for his servant? Nay, I'll be sworn, I have sat in the stocks for puddings he hath stolen, otherwise he had been executed; I have stood on the pillory for geese he hath kill'd, otherwise he had suffer'd for 't. Thou

thinkest not of this now. Nay, I remember the trick you served me when I took my leave of Madam Silvia: did not I bid thee still mark me and do as I do? when didst thou see me heave up my leg and make water against a gentlewoman's farthingale? didst thou ever see me do such a trick?

Enter PROTEUS and JULIA.

Pro. Sebastian is thy name? I like thee well
And will employ thee in some service presently.

Jul. In what you please: I'll do what I can.

Pro. I hope thou wilt. [*To Launce.*] How now, you whore-
son peasant!

Where have you been these two days loitering?

Launce. Marry, sir, I carried Mistress Silvia the dog you
bade me. 40

Pro. And what says she to my little jewel?

Launce. Marry, she says your dog was a cur, and tells you
currish thanks is good enough for such a present.

Pro. But she received my dog?

Launce. No, indeed, did she not: here have I brought him
back again.

Pro. What, didst thou offer her this from me?

Launce. Ay, sir; the other squirrel was stolen from me by
the hangman boys in the market-place: and then I offer'd her
mine own, who is a dog as big as ten of yours, and therefore the
gift the greater. 51

Pro. Go get thee hence, and find my dog again,
Or ne'er return again into my sight.

Away, I say! stay'st thou to vex me here?

[*Exit Launce.*]

A slave, that still an end turns me to shame!

Sebastian, I have entertained thee,

Partly that I have need of such a youth

That can with some discretion do my business,

For 'tis no trusting to yond foolish lout,

But chiefly for thy face and thy behaviour,

60

Which, if my augury deceive me not,

Witness good bringing up, fortune and truth:

Therefore know thou, for this I entertain thee.

Go presently and take this ring with thee,

Deliver it to Madam Silvia:

She lov'd me well deliver'd it to me.

Jul. It seems you lov'd not her, to leave her token.
She is dead, belike?

Pro. Not so; I think she lives.

Jul. Alas!

Pro. Why dost thou cry "alas"?

Jul.

I cannot choose

70

But pity her.

Pro.

Wherefore shouldst thou pity her?

Jul. Because methinks that she lov'd you as well

As you do love your lady Silvia:

She dreams on him that has forgot her love;

You dote on her that cares not for your love.

'Tis pity love should be so contrary;

And thinking on it makes me cry "alas!"

Pro. Well, give her that ring and therewithal

This letter. That's her chamber. Tell my lady

I claim the promise for her heavenly picture.

80

Your message done, hie home unto my chamber,

Where thou shalt find me, sad and solitary.

[Exit.]

Jul. How many women would do such a message?

Alas, poor Proteus! thou hast entertain'd

A fox to be the shepherd of thy lambs.

Alas, poor fool! why do I pity him

That with his very heart despiseth me?

Because he loves her, he despiseth me;

Because I love him, I must pity him.

This ring I gave him when he parted from me,

90

To bind him to remember my good will;

And now am I, unhappy messenger,

To plead for that which I would not obtain,

To carry that which I would have refus'd,

To praise his faith which I would have disprais'd.

I am my master's true-confirmed love;

But cannot be true servant to my master,

Unless I prove false traitor to myself.

Yet will I woo for him, but yet so coldly

As, heaven it knows, I would not have him speed.

100

Enter SILVIA, attended.

Gentlewoman, good day! I pray you, be my mean

To bring me where to speak with Madam Silvia.

Sil. What would you with her, if that I be she?*Jul.* If you be she, I do entreat your patience

To hear me speak the message I am sent on.

Sil. From whom?*Jul.* From my master, Sir Proteus, madam.*Sil.* O, he sends you for a picture.*Jul.* Ay, madam.*Sil.* Ursula, bring my picture there.

110

Go give your master this: tell him from me,

One Julia, that his changing thoughts forget,

Would better fit his chamber than this shadow.

Jul. Madam, please you peruse this letter. —
 Pardon me, madam ; I have unadvis'd
 Deliver'd you a paper that I should not :
 This is the letter to your ladyship.

Sil. I pray thee, let me look on that again.

Jul. It may not be ; good madam, pardon me.

Sil. There, hold !

120

I will not look upon your master's lines :
 I know they are stuff'd with protestations
 And full of new-found oaths ; which he will break
 As easily as I do tear his paper.

Jul. Madam, he sends your ladyship this ring.

Sil. The more shame for him that he sends it me ;
 For I have heard him say a thousand times
 His Julia gave it him at his departure.
 Though his false finger have profan'd the ring,
 Mine shall not do his Julia so much wrong.

130

Jul. She thanks you.

Sil. What say'st thou ?

Jul. I thank you, madam, that you tender her.
 Poor gentlewoman ! my master wrongs her much.

Sil. Dost thou know her ?

Jul. Almost as well as I do know myself :
 To think upon her woes I do protest
 That I have wept a hundred several times.

Sil. Belike she thinks that Proteus hath forsook her.

Jul. I think she doth ; and that 's her cause of sorrow.

140

Sil. Is she not passing fair ?

Jul. She hath been fairer, madam, than she is :
 When she did think my master lov'd her well,
 She, in my judgement, was as fair as you ;
 But since she did neglect her looking-glass
 And threw her sun-expelling mask away,
 The air hath starv'd the roses in her cheeks
 And pinch'd the lily-tincture of her face,
 That now she is become as black as I.

Sil. How tall was she ?

150

Jul. About my stature ; for at Pentecost,
 When all our pageants of delight were play'd,
 Our youth got me to play the woman's part,
 And I was trimm'd in Madam Julia's gown,
 Which served me as fit, by all men's judgements,
 As if the garment had been made for me :
 Therefore I know she is about my height.
 And at that time I made her weep agood,

¹⁴⁰ *sun-expelling mask.* In S.'s day, masks were ordinarily worn by gentlewomen out of doors.

For I did play a lamentable part :
 Madam, 't was Ariadne passioning
 For Theseus' perjury and unjust flight ;
 Which I so lively acted with my tears
 That my poor mistress, moved therewithal,
 Wept bitterly ; and would I might be dead
 If I in thought felt not her very sorrow !

160

Sil. She is beholding to thee, gentle youth.

Alas, poor lady, desolate and left !

I weep myself to think upon thy words.

Here, youth, there is my purse ; I give thee this
 For thy sweet mistress' sake, because thou lovest her.

170

Farewell.

[*Exit Silvia, with attendants.*]

Jul. And she shall thank you for 't, if e'er you know her.

A virtuous gentlewoman, mild and beautiful !

I hope my master's suit will be but cold,

Since she respects my mistress' love so much.

Alas, how love can trifle with itself !

Here is her picture : let me see ; I think,

If I had such a tire, this face of mine

Were full as lovely as is this of hers :

And yet the painter flatter'd her a little,

180

Unless I flatter with myself too much.

Her hair is auburn, mine is perfect yellow :

If that be all the difference in his love,

I'll get me such a colour'd periwig.

Her eyes are grey as glass, and so are mine :

Ay, but her forehead's low, and mine's as high.

What should it be that he respects in her

But I can make respective in myself,

If this fond Love were not a blinded god ?

Come, shadow, come, and take this shadow up,

190

For 't is thy rival. O thou senseless form,

Thou shalt be worshipp'd, kiss'd, lov'd and ador'd !

And, were there sense in his idolatry,

My substance should be statue in thy stead.

I'll use thee kindly for thy mistress' sake,

That used me so ; or else, by Jove I vow,

I should have scratch'd out your unseeing eyes,

To make my master out of love with thee !

[*Exit.*]

ACT V.

SCENE I. *Milan. An abbey.**Enter EGLAMOUR.*

Egl. The sun begins to gild the western sky ;
And now it is about the very hour
That Silvia, at Friar Patrick's cell, should meet me.
She will not fail, for lovers break not hours,
Unless it be to come before their time ;
So much they spur their expedition.
See where she comes.

Enter SILVIA.

Lady, a happy evening !

Sil. Amen, amen ! Go on, good Eglamour,
Out at the postern by the abbey-wall :
I fear I am attended by some spies.

10

Egl. Fear not : the forest is not three leagues off ;
If we recover that, we are sure enough.

[*Exeunt*]SCENE II. *The same. The DUKE'S palace.**Enter THURIO, PROTEUS, and JULIA.*

Thu. Sir Proteus, what says Silvia to my suit ?

Pro. O, sir, I find her milder than she was ;
And yet she takes exceptions at your person.

Thu. What, that my leg is too long ?

Pro. No ; that it is too little.

Thu. I 'll wear a boot, to make it somewhat rounder.

Jul. [*Aside.*] But love will not be spurr'd to what it loathes.

Thu. What says she to my face ?

Pro. She says it is a fair one.

Thu. Nay then, the wanton lies ; my face is black.

10

Pro. But pearls are fair ; and the old saying is,
Black men are pearls in beauteous ladies' eyes.

Jul. [*Aside.*] 'T is true ; such pearls as put out ladies' eyes ;
For I had rather wink than look on them.

Thu. How likes she my discourse ?

Pro. Ill, when you talk of war.

Thu. But well, when I discourse of love and peace ?

Jul. [*Aside.*] But better, indeed, when you hold your peace.

Thu. What says she to my valour ?

Pro. O, sir, she makes no doubt of that.

20

Jul. [*Aside.*] She needs not, when she knows it cowardice.

Thu. What says she to my birth ?

Pro. That you are well deriv'd.

Jul. [*Aside.*] True; from a gentleman to a fool.

Thu. Considers she my possessions?

Pro. O, ay; and pities them.

Thu. Wherefore?

Jul. [*Aside.*] That such an ass should owe them.

Pro. That they are out by lease.

Jul. Here comes the Duke.

30

Enter DUKE.

Duke. How now, Sir Proteus! how now, Thurio!
Which of you saw Sir Eglamour of late?

Thu. Not I.

Pro. Nor I.

Duke. Saw you my daughter?

Pro.

Neither.

Duke. Why then,

She's fled unto that peasant Valentine;

And Eglamour is in her company.

'T is true; for Friar Laurence met them both,

As he in penance wander'd through the forest;

Him he knew well, and guess'd that it was she,

But, being mask'd, he was not sure of it;

Besides, she did intend confession

40

At Patrick's cell this even; and there she was not;

These likelihoods confirm her flight from hence.

Therefore, I pray you, stand not to discourse,

But mount you presently and meet with me

Upon the rising of the mountain-foot

That leads toward Mantua, whither they are fled:

Dispatch, sweet gentlemen, and follow me.

[*Exit.*

Thu. Why, this it is to be a peevish girl,

That flies her fortune when it follows her.

50

I'll after, more to be reveng'd on Eglamour

Than for the love of reckless Silvia.

[*Exit.*

Pro. And I will follow, more for Silvia's love

Than hate of Eglamour that goes with her.

[*Exit.*

Jul. And I will follow, more to cross that love

Than hate for Silvia that is gone for love.

[*Exit.*

SCENE III. *The frontiers of Mantua. The forest.*

Enter Outlaws with SILVIA.

First Out. Come, come,

Be patient; we must bring you to our captain.

Sil. A thousand more mischances than this one
Have learn'd me how to brook this patiently.

⁴ *learn'd.* The distinction between *learn* and *teach* was much disregarded in S.'s time; as indeed it is now by careless or ignorant speakers.

Séc. Out. Come, bring her away.

First Out. Where is the gentleman that was with her?

Third Out. Being nimble-footed, he hath outrun us,
But Moyses and Valerius follow him.

Go thou with her to the west end of the wood;

There is our captain: we'll follow him that's fled;

The thicket is beset; he cannot 'scape. 10

First Out. Come, I must bring you to our captain's cave:
Fear not; he bears an honourable mind,
And will not use a woman lawlessly.

Sil. O Valentine, this I endure for thee!

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE IV. *Another part of the forest.*

Enter VALENTINE.

Val. How use doth breed a habit in a man!
These shadowy, desert, unfrequented woods,
I better brook than flourishing peopled towns:
Here can I sit alone, unseen of any,
And to the nightingale's complaining notes
Tune my distresses and record my woes.
O thou that dost inhabit in my breast,
Leave not the mansion so long tenantless,
Lest, growing ruinous, the building fall
And leave no memory of what it was!
Repair me with thy presence, Silvia;
Thou gentle nymph, cherish thy forlorn swain!
What halloing and what stir is this to-day?
These are my mates, that make their wills their law,
Have some unhappy passenger in chase.
They love me well; yet I have much to do
To keep them from uncivil outrages.
Withdraw thee, Valentine: who's this comes here?

Enter PROTEUS, SILVIA, and JULIA.

Pro. Madam, this service I have done for you,
Though you respect not aught your servant doth,
To hazard life and rescue you from him
That would have forced your honour and your love;
Vouchsafe me, for my meed, but one fair look;
A smaller boon than this I cannot beg
And less than this, I am sure, you cannot give. 20

Val. [*Aside.*] How like a dream is this I see and hear!
Love, lend me patience to forbear awhile.

⁸ *Moyes and Valerius.* These strangely coupled names, we may be sure, are from the old story or play on which this comedy is founded.

⁹ *record* = set to music. Hence recorder as a name for a musical instrument.

¹⁴ *These are my mates,* etc. A loosely written but not obscure sentence, the mere result of carelessness.

Sil. O miserable, unhappy that I am !

Pro. Unhappy were you, madam, ere I came ;

But by my coming I have made you happy.

30

Sil. By thy approach thou mak'st me most unhappy.

Jul. [*Aside.*] And me, when he approacheth to your presence.

Sil. Had I been seized by a hungry lion,
I would have been a breakfast to the beast,
Rather than have false Proteus rescue me.
O, Heaven be judge how I love Valentine,
Whose life 's as tender to me as my soul !
And full as much, for more there cannot be,
I do detest false perjur'd Proteus.
Therefore be gone ; solicit me no more.

40

Pro. What dangerous action, stood it next to death,
Would I not undergo for one calm look !
O, 't is the curse in love, and still approv'd,
When women cannot love where they 're belov'd !

Sil. When Proteus cannot love where he 's belov'd.
Read over Julia's heart, thy first best love,
For whose dear sake thou didst then rend thy faith
Into a thousand oaths ; and all those oaths
Descended into perjury, to love me.
Thou hast no faith left now, unless thou 'dst two ;
And that 's far worse than none ; better have none
Than plural faith which is too much by one :
Thou counterfeit to thy true friend !

50

Pro. In love
Who respects friend ?

Sil. All men but Proteus.

Pro. Nay, if the gentle spirit of moving words
Can no way change you to a milder form,
I 'll woo you like a soldier, at arms' end,
And love you 'gainst the nature of love, — force ye.

Sil. O heaven !

Pro. I 'll force thee yield to my desire.

Val. Ruffian, let go that rude uncivil touch,
Thou friend of an ill fashion !

60

Pro. Valentine !

Val. Thou common friend, that 's without faith or love,
For such is a friend now ; treacherous man !
Thou hast beguill'd my hopes ; nought but mine eye
Could have persuaded me : now I dare not say
I have one friend alive ; thou wouldst disprove me.
Who should be trusted, when one's own right hand
Is perjur'd to the bosom ? Proteus,

I am sorry I must never trust thee more,
 But count the world a stranger for thy sake. 70
 The private wound is deepest: O time most accurst,
 'Mongst all foes that a friend should be the worst!

Pro. My shame and guilt confounds me.
 Forgive me, Valentine: if hearty sorrow
 Be a sufficient ransom for offence,
 I tender 't here; I do as truly suffer
 As e'er I did commit.

Val. Then I am paid;
 And once again I do receive thee honest.
 Who by repentance is not satisfied
 Is nor of heaven nor earth, for these are pleas'd. 80
 By penitence the Eternal's wrath's appeas'd:
 And, that my love may appear plain and free,
 All that was mine in Silvia I give thee.

Jul. O me unhappy! [Swoons.

Pro. Look to the boy.

Val. Why, boy! why, wag! how now! what's the matter!
 Look up; speak.

Jul. O good sir, my master charg'd me to deliver a ring to
 Madam Silvia, which, out of my neglect, was never done.

Pro. Where is that ring, boy?

Jul. Here 'tis; this is it. 90

Pro. How! let me see:

Why, this is the ring I gave to Julia.

Jul. O, cry you mercy, sir, I have mistook:
 This is the ring you sent to Silvia.

Pro. But how cam'st thou by this ring? At my depart
 I gave this unto Julia.

Jul. And Julia herself did give it me;
 And Julia herself hath brought it hither.

Pro. How! Julia!

Jul. Behold her that gave aim to all thy oaths, 100
 And entertain'd 'em deeply in her heart.
 How oft hast thou with perjury cleft the root!
 O Proteus let this habit make thee blush!
 Be thou asham'd that I have took upon me
 Such an immodest raiment, if shame live
 In a disguise of love:

It is the lesser blot, modesty finds,
 Women to change their shapes than men their minds.

Pro. Than men their minds! 'tis true. O heaven! were
 man

⁸³ *All that was mine*, etc. Here, and during the rest of this strange scene, S. probably did no more than to put the old story into dramatic verse, as his habit was.

⁹⁶ *unto Julia*. Here this name is a trisyllable.

But constant, he were perfect. That one error 110
 Fills him with faults ; makes him run through all the sins :
 Inconstancy falls off ere it begins.

What is in Silvia's face, but I may spy
 More fresh in Julia's with a constant eye ?

Val. Come, come, a hand from either :
 Let me be blest to make this happy close ;
 'T were pity two such friends should be long foes.

Pro. Bear witness, Heaven, I have my wish for ever.

Jul. And I mine.

Enter Outlaws, with DUKE and THURIO.

Outlaws. A prize, a prize, a prize ! 120

Val. Forbear, forbear, I say ! it is my lord the Duke.
 Your grace is welcome to a man disgraced,
 Banished Valentine.

Duke. Sir Valentine !

Thu. Yonder is Silvia ; and Silvia's mine.

Val. Thurio, give back, or else embrace thy death ;
 Come not within the measure of my wrath ;
 Do not name Silvia thine ; if once again,
 Verona shall not hold thee. Here she stands :
 Take but possession of her with a touch :
 I dare thee but to breathe upon my love. 130

Thu. Sir Valentine, I care not for her, I :
 I hold him but a fool that will endanger
 His body for a girl that loves him not :
 I claim her not, and therefore she is thine.

Duke. The more degenerate and base art thou,
 To make such means for her as thou hast done
 And leave her on such slight conditions.

Now, by the honour of my ancestry,
 I do applaud thy spirit, Valentine,
 And think thee worthy of an empress' love : 140
 Know then, I here forget all former griefs,
 Cancel all grudge, repeal thee home again,
 Plead a new state in thy unrival'd merit,
 To which I thus subscribe : Sir Valentine,
 Thou art a gentleman and well deriv'd ;
 Take thou thy Silvia, for thou hast deserv'd her.

Val. I thank your grace ; the gift hath made me happy.
 I now beseech you, for your daughter's sake,
 To grant one boon that I shall ask of you.

Duke. I grant it, for thine own, whate'er it be. 150

Val. These banish'd men that I have kept withal

¹²⁸ *Verona.* Probably a blunder for *Milan*, which, however, will not fit into the verse.

Are men endu'd with worthy qualities :
 Forgive them what they have committed here
 And let them be recall'd from their exile :
 They are reformed, civil, full of good
 And fit for great employment, worthy lord.

Duke. Thou hast prevail'd ; I pardon them and thee :
 Dispose of them as thou know'st their deserts.
 Come, let us go : we will include all jars
 With triumphs, mirth and rare solemnity. 160

Val. And, as we walk along, I dare be bold
 With our discourse to make your grace to smile.
 What think you of this page, my lord ?

Duke. I think the boy hath grace in him ; he blushes.

Val. I warrant you, my lord, more grace than boy.

Duke. What mean you by that saying ?

Val. Please you, I 'll tell you as we pass along
 That you will wonder what hath fortun'd.
 Come, Proteus ; 't is your penance but to hear
 The story of your loves discovered : 170
 That done, our day of marriage shall be yours ;
 One feast, one house, one mutual happiness.

[*Exeunt.*

THE MERRY WIVES OF WINDSOR.



INTRODUCTION.

THIS amusing comedy appears to be the only one of Shakespeare's plays which is wholly original. It is also the only one which professes to set forth English life and manners, or which (excepting the Histories) has even an English plot, — a fact somewhat worthy of the consideration of those patriotic people who are continually crying out that literature and art must needs be naught if they are not national in their subjects and their purpose. Tradition tells us, and perhaps truly, that Shakespeare wrote *The Merry Wives* at the command of Queen Elizabeth, who was so pleased with the Falstaff of *Henry IV.* that she wished to see the fat knight represented as a lover. If this were true, it would make us sure that the comedy was written between 1597, the date of *Henry IV.*, and 1601, when it was entered upon the Stationers' Register in London for publication. And therein would be all the significance of the story for the general reader; because the only other question supposed to be affected by it, the proper succession in which the two parts of *Henry IV.*, *Henry V.*, and *The Merry Wives* should be read, is one not worth a moment's consideration, the comedy being a perfect thing by itself, and having no real connection with the historical plays. We may even be pretty sure that Shakespeare himself took no thought whether Falstaff and his followers and Mrs. Quickly were a little older or a little younger in *The Merry Wives* than in *Henry IV.* What matter, indeed, when they were, in fact, brought down from the reign of Henry to that of Elizabeth! Internal evidence shows that this comedy was written about 1600. A surreptitious and garbled edition was published in quarto in 1602. The text of that edition contains evidence that it was written after the production of *Henry IV.*, and it probably represents imperfectly a play hastily written (in a fortnight, to please the Queen, tradition says) by Shakespeare, with the help of some other playwright, whose work was rejected on a revision of the comedy, to which we owe the version printed in the folio of 1623. There is a likeness in some of their incidents between this comedy and various old English and Italian tales; but it is not a dramatization of any one of them.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

SIR JOHN FALSTAFF.

FENTON, *a gentleman.*

SHALLOW, *a country justice.*

SLENDER, *cousin to Shallow.*

FORD, } *gentlemen of Windsor.*

PAGE, }

WILLIAM PAGE, *a boy, son to Page.*

SIR HUGH EVANS, *a Welsh parson.*

DOCTOR CAIUS, *a French physician.*

Host of the Garter Inn.

BARDOLPH, } *followers of Falstaff.*

PISTOL, }

NYM, }

ROBIN, *page to Falstaff.*

SIMPLE, *servant to Slender.*

RUGBY, *servant to Doctor Caius.*

MISTRESS FORD.

MISTRESS PAGE.

MISTRESS ANNE PAGE, *her daughter.*

QUICKLY, *servant to Doctor Caius.*

Servants to Page, Ford, etc.

SCENE: Windsor, and the neighbourhood.

THE MERRY WIVES OF WINDSOR.

ACT I.

SCENE I. *Windsor. Before PAGE's house.*

Enter JUSTICE SHALLOW, SLENDER, and SIR HUGH EVANS.

Shal. Sir Hugh, persuade me not; I will make a Star-chamber matter of it: if he were twenty Sir John Falstaffs, he shall not abuse Robert Shallow, esquire.

Slen. In the county of Gloucester, justice of peace and "Coram."

Shal. Ay, cousin Slender, and "Custalorum."

Slen. Ay, and "Rato-lorum" too; and a gentleman born, master parson; who writes himself "Armigero," in any bill, warrant, quittance, or obligation, "Armigero."

Shal. Ay, that I do; and have done any time these three hundred years.

Slen. All his successors gone before him hath done 't; and all his ancestors that come after him may: they may give the dozen white luses in their coat.

Shal. It is an old coat.

Evans. The dozen white louses do become an old coat well; it agrees well, passant; it is a familiar beast to man, and signifies love.

Shal. The luce is the fresh fish; the salt fish is an old coat.

Slen. I may quarter, coz.

Shal. You may, by marrying.

Evans. It is marring indeed, if he quarter it.

Shal. Not a whit.

Evans. Yes, py'r lady: if he has a quarter of your coat, there is but three skirts for yourself, in my simple conjectures: but that is all one. If Sir John Falstaff have committed disparagements unto you, I am of the church, and will be glad to do my benevolence to make atonements and compromises between you.

Shal. The council shall hear it; it is a riot.

¹ *Sir Hugh.* Of old, clergymen were styled Sir.

⁵ *Coram*, that is, *quorum*, which Slender misapprehends and misapplies. Shallow himself blunders in like manner in *Custalorum*.

⁸ *Armigero* = I bear arms, am an armiger, a gentleman. (Lat.)

¹⁴ *white luses.* The luce is the pike. The Lucy family of Warwickshire, near Stratford on Avon, bear three pikes in their coat of arms.

Evans. It is not meet the council hear a riot: there is no fear of Got in a riot: the council, look you, shall desire to hear the fear of Got, and not to hear a riot; take your vizaments in that.

Shal. Ha! o' my life, if I were young again, the sword should end it.

Evans. It is petter that friends is the sword, and end it: and there is also another device in my prain, which peradventure prings goot discretions with it: there is Anne Page, which is daughter to Master George Page, which is pretty virginity. 40

Slen. Mistress Anne Page? She has brown hair, and speaks small like a woman.

Evans. It is that fery person for all the orld, as just as you will desire; and seven hundred pounds of moneys, and gold and silver, is her grandsire upon his death's-bed — Got deliver to a joyful resurrections! — give, when she is able to overtake seventeen years old: it were a goot motion if we leave our pribbles and prabbles, and desire a marriage between Master Abraham and Mistress Anne Page.

Shal. Did her grandsire leave her seven hundred pound? 50

Evans. Ay, and her father is make her a petter penny.

Shal. I know the young gentlewoman; she has good gifts.

Evans. Seven hundred pounds and possibilities is goot gifts.

Shal. Well, let us see honest Master Page. Is Falstaff there?

Evans. Shall I tell you a lie? I do despise a liar as I do despise one that is false, or as I despise one that is not true. The knight, Sir John, is there; and, I beseech you, be ruled by your well-willers. I will peat the door for Master Page.

[*Knocks.*] What, hoa! Got pless your house here! 60

Page. [*At a window.*] Who's there?

Evans. Here is Got's plessing, and your friend, and Justice Shallow; and here young Master Slender, that peradventures shall tell you another tale, if matters grow to your likings.

Enter PAGE.

Page. I am glad to see your worships well. I thank you for my venison, Master Shallow.

Shal. Master Page, I am glad to see you: much good do it your good heart! I wish'd your venison better; it was ill kill'd. How doth good Mistress Page? — and I thank you always with my heart, la! with my heart. 70

Page. Sir, I thank you.

Shal. Sir, I thank you; by yea and no, I do.

Page. I am glad to see you, good Master Slender.

Slen. How does your fallow greyhound, sir?

I heard say he was outrun on Cotsall.

⁷⁰ *Cotsall* = Cotswold, where was much coursing.

Page. It could not be judg'd, sir.

Slen. You 'll not confess, you 'll not confess.

Shal. That he will not. 'Tis your fault, 't is your fault; 't is a good dog.

Page. A cur, sir.

Shal. Sir, he 's a good dog, and a fair dog: can there be more said? he is good and fair. Is Sir John Falstaff here?

Page. Sir, he is within; and I would I could do a good office between you.

Evans. It is spoke as a Christians ought to speak.

Shal. He hath wrong'd me, Master Page.

Page. Sir, he doth in some sort confess it.

Shal. If it be confessed, it is not redressed: is not that so, Master Page? He hath wrong'd me; indeed he hath; at a word, he hath, believe me: Robert Shallow, esquire, saith, he is wrong'd.

Page. Here comes Sir John.

Enter SIR JOHN FALSTAFF, BARDOLPH, NYM, and PISTOL.

Fal. Now, Master Shallow, you 'll complain of me to the King?

Shal. Knight, you have beaten my men, kill'd my deer, and broke open my lodge.

Fal. But not kiss'd your keeper's daughter?

Shal. Tut, a pin! this shall be answer'd.

Fal. I will answer it straight; I have done all this. That is now answer'd.

Shal. The council shall know this.

Fal. 'T were better for you if it were known in counsel: you 'll be laugh'd at.

Evans. *Pauca verba*, Sir John; goot worts.

Fal. Good worts! good cabbage. Slender, I broke your head: what matter have you against me?

Slen. Marry, sir, I have matter in my head against you; and against your cony-catching rascals, Bardolph, Nym, and Pistol. [They carried me to the tavern, and made me drunk, and afterwards picked my pocket.]

Bard. You Banbury cheese!

Slen. Ay, it is no matter.

Pist. How now, Mephostophilus!

Slen. Ay, it is no matter.

Nym. Slice, I say! *pauca, pauca*: slice! that's my humour.

Slen. Where's Simple, my man? Can you tell, cousin?

¹⁰⁴ *Pauca verba* = few words.

¹⁰⁸ *cony-catching*: cant for cheating, sharpening.

¹⁰⁹ *They carried me, etc.* This sentence, necessary to the coherence of the scene, is found only in the quarto.

¹¹⁰ *Banbury cheese* was poor and thin.

Evans. Peace, I pray you. Now let us understand. There is three umpires in this matter, as I understand ; that is, Master Page, fidelicet Master Page ; and there is myself, fidelicet myself ; and the three party is, lastly and finally, mine host of the Garter.

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Page. We three to hear it and end it between them.

Evans. Fery goot : I will make a prief of it in my notebook ; and we will afterwards ork upon the cause with as great discreetly as we can.

Fal. Pistol !

Pist. He hears with ears.

Evans. The tevil and his tam ! what phrase is this, " He hears with ear " ? why, it is affectations.

Fal. Pistol, did you pick Master Slender's purse ?

130

Slen. Ay, by these gloves, did he, or I would I might never come in mine own great chamber again else, of seven groats in mill-sixpences, and two Edward shovel-boards, that cost me two shilling and two pence a-piece of Yead Miller, by these gloves.

Fal. Is this true, Pistol ?

Evans. No ; it is false, if it is a pick-purse.

Pist. Ha, thou mountain-foreigner ! Sir John and master mine,

I combat challenge of this latten bilbo.

Word of denial in thy labras here !

Word of denial : froth and scum, thou liest !

140

Slen. By these gloves, then, 't was he.

Nym. Be avis'd, sir, and pass good humours : I will say " marry trap " with you, if you run the nuthook's humour on me ; that is the very note of it.

Slen. By this hat, then, he in the red face had it ; for though I cannot remember what I did when you made me drunk, yet I am not altogether an ass.

Fal. What say you, Scarlet and John ?

Bard. Why, sir, for my part, I say the gentleman had drunk himself out of his five sentences.

Evans. It is his five senses : fie, what the ignorance is !

150

Bard. And being fap, sir, was, as they say, cashier'd ; and so conclusions pass'd the careires.

Slen. Ay, you spake in Latin then too ; but 't is no matter : I'll ne'er be drunk whilst I live again, but in honest, civil, godly company, for this trick : if I be drunk, I'll be drunk with those that have the fear of God, and not with drunken knaves.

¹³³ shovel-boards. The broad heavy shillings of Edward VI. were used in playing the game of shovel-board, and hence had their colloquial name.

¹³⁸ latten bilbo. Latten was a kind of pewter ; bilbo, a sword.

¹³⁹ labras = lips (Span.).

¹⁵² fap = tipsy, Bardolph and Nym talk mostly slang and cant " rogues-Latin."

Evans. So Got udge me, that is a virtuous mind.

Fal. You hear all these matters deni'd, gentlemen; you hear it.

160

Enter ANNE PAGE, with wine; MISTRESS FORD and MISTRESS PAGE, following.

Page. Nay, daughter, carry the wine in; we'll drink within.

[Exit Anne Page.]

Slen. O heaven! this is Mistress Anne Page.

Page. How now, Mistress Ford!

Fal. Mistress Ford, by my troth, you are very well met: by your leave, good mistress.

[Kisses her.]

Page. Wife, bid these gentlemen welcome. Come, we have a hot venison pasty to dinner: come, gentlemen, I hope we shall drink down all unkindness.

[Exeunt all except Shal., Slen., and Evans.]

Slen. I had rather than forty shillings I had my Book of Songs and Sonnets here.

170

Enter SIMPLE.

How now, Simple! where have you been? I must wait on myself, must I? You have not the Book of Riddles about you, have you?

Sim. Book of Riddles! why, did you not lend it to Alice Shortcake upon All-hallowmas last, a fortnight afore Michaelmas?

Shal. Come, coz; come, coz; we stay for you. A word with you, coz; marry, this, coz: there is, as't were, a tender, a kind of tender, made afar off by Sir Hugh here. Do you understand me?

180

Slen. Ay, sir, you shall find me reasonable; if it be so, I shall do that that is reason.

Shal. Nay, but understand me.

Slen. So I do, sir.

Evans. Give ear to his motions, Master Slender: I will description the matter to you, if you be capacity of it.

Slen. Nay, I will do as my cousin Shallow says: I pray you, pardon me; he's a justice of peace in his country, simple though I stand here.

Evans. But that is not the question: the question is concerning your marriage.

191

Shal. Ay, there's the point, sir.

Evans. Marry, is it; the very point of it; to Mistress Anne Page.

Slen. Why, if it be so, I will marry her upon any reasonable demands.

Evans. But can you affection the 'oman? Let us command to know that of your mouth or of your lips; for divers philosophers hold that the lips is parcel of the mouth. Therefore, precisely, can you carry your good will to the maid?

200

Shal. Cousin Abraham Slender, can you love her?

Slen. I hope, sir, I will do as it shall become one that would do reason.

Evans. Nay, Got's lords and his ladies! you must speak possitable, if you can carry her your desires towards her.

Shal. That you must. Will you, upon good dowry, marry her?

Slen. I will do a greater thing than that, upon your request, cousin, in any reason.

Shal. Nay, conceive me, conceive me, sweet coz: what I do is to pleasure you, coz. Can you love the maid? 211

Slen. I will marry her, sir, at your request: but if there be no great love in the beginning, yet heaven may decrease it upon better acquaintance, when we are married and have more occasion to know one another; I hope, upon familiarity will grow more content: but if you say, "Marry her," I will marry her; that I am freely dissolved, and dissolutely.

Evans. It is a fery discretion answer; save the fall is in the ort "dissolutely:" the ort is, according to our meaning, "resolutely:" his meaning is good. 220

Shal. Ay, I think my cousin meant well.

Slen. Ay, or else I would I might be hang'd, la!

Shal. Here comes fair Mistress Anne.

Re-enter ANNE PAGE.

Would I were young for your sake, Mistress Anne!

Anne. The dinner is on the table; my father desires your worships' company.

Shal. I will wait on him, fair Mistress Anne.

Evans. Od's plessed will, I will not be apsence at the grace.

[*Exeunt Shallow and Evans.*]

Anne. Will't please your worship to come in, sir?

Slen. No, I thank you, forsooth, heartily; I am very well.

Anne. The dinner attends you, sir. 231

Slen. I am not a-hungry; I thank you, forsooth. Go, sirrah, for all you are my man, go wait upon my cousin Shallow. [*Exit Simple.*] A justice of peace sometimes may be behold-ing to his friend for a man. I keep but three men and a boy yet, till my mother be dead: but what though? yet I live like a poor gentleman born.

Anne. I may not go in without your worship: they will not sit till you come.

Slen. I' faith, I'll eat nothing; I thank you as much as though I did. 241

Anne. I pray you, sir, walk in.

216 more content. Thus the folio. Slender blunders again, but it is to be said for him that *contempt*, which he means, was pronounced *content*.

Slén. I had rather walk here, I thank you. I bruise'd my shin th' other day with playing at sword and dagger with a master of fence; three venes for a dish of stew'd prunes; and, by my troth, I cannot abide the smell of hot meat since. Why do your dogs bark so? be there bears i' th' town?

Anne. I think there are, sir; I heard them talk'd of.

Slén. I love the sport well; but I shall as soon quarrel at it as any man in England. You are afraid, if you see the bear loose, are you not?

251

Anne. Ay, indeed, sir.

Slén. That's meat and drink to me, now. I have seen Sackerson loose twenty times, and have taken him by the chain; but, I warrant you, the women have so cri'd and shriek'd at it, that it pass'd: but women, indeed, cannot abide 'em; they are very ill-favour'd rough things.

Re-enter PAGE.

Page. Come, gentle Master Slender, come; we stay for you.

Slén. I'll eat nothing, I thank you, sir.

Page. By cock and pie, you shall not choose, sir! come, come.

261

Slén. Nay, pray you, lead the way.

Page. Come on, sir.

Slén. Mistress Anne, yourself shall go first.

Anne. Not I, sir; pray you, keep on.

Slén. Truly, I will not go first; truly, la! I will not do you that wrong.

Anne. I pray you, sir.

Slén. I'll rather be unmannerly than troublesome. You do yourself wrong, indeed, la!

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *The same.*

Enter SIR HUGH EVANS and SIMPLE.

Evans. Go your ways, and ask of Doctor Caius' house which is the way: and there dwells one Mistress Quickly, which is in the manner of his nurse, or his dry nurse, or his cook, or his laundry, his washer, and his wringer.

Sim. Well, sir.

Evans. Nay, it is petter yet. Give her this letter; for it is a 'oman that altogether's acquaintance with Mistress Anne Page: and the letter is, to desire and require her to solicit your master's desires to Mistress Anne Page. I pray you, pegone: I will make an end of my dinner: there's pippins and cheese to come.

[*Exeunt.*]

²⁴⁵ *venes* = venues, touches.

²⁵³ *Sackerson.* A famous bear in London when the play was written.

²⁶⁰ *By cock and pie.* A common slang oath, the origin and meaning of which are unknown.

²⁶⁹ *I'll rather be unmannerly, etc.* A social commonplace of S.'s day.

SCENE III. *A room in the Garter Inn.**Enter FALSTAFF, HOST, BARDOLPH, NYM, PISTOL, and ROBIN.**Fal.* Mine host of the Garter!*Host.* What says my bully-rook? speak scholarly and wisely.*Fal.* Truly, mine host, I must turn away some of my followers.*Host.* Discard, bully Hercules; cashier: let them wag; trot, trot.*Fal.* I sit at ten pounds a week.*Host.* Thou 'rt an emperor, Cæsar, Keisar, and Pheezar. I will entertain Bardolph; he shall draw, he shall tap: said I well, bully Hector? 10*Fal.* Do so, good mine host.*Host.* I have spoke; let him follow. [*To Bard.*] Let me see thee froth and lime: I am at a word; follow. [*Exit.*]*Fal.* Bardolph, follow him. A tapster is a good trade: an old cloak makes a new jerkin; a wither'd serving-man a fresh tapster. Go; adieu.*Bard.* It is a life that I have desir'd: I will thrive.*Pist.* O base Hungarian wight! wilt thou the spigot wield? [*Exit Bardolph.*]*Nym.* He was gotten in drink: is not the humour conceited? 20*Fal.* I am glad I am so acquit of this tinder-box: his thefts were too open; his filching was like an unskilful singer; he kept not time.*Nym.* The good humour is to steal at a minute's rest.*Pist.* "Convey," the wise it call. "Steal!" foh! a fico for the phrase!*Fal.* Well, sirs, I am almost out at heels.*Pist.* Why, then, let kibes ensue.*Fal.* There is no remedy; I must cony-catch; I must shift.*Pist.* Young ravens must have food. 30*Fal.* Which of you know Ford of this town?*Pist.* I ken the wight: he is of substance good.*Fal.* My honest lads, I will tell you what I am about.*Pist.* Two yards, and more.*Fal.* No quips now, Pistol! Indeed, I am in the waist two yards about: but I am now about no waste: I am about thrift. Briefly, I do mean to make love to Ford's wife: I spy entertain-² *bully-rook*, or *bully-rock*, meant a bluff, bold, dashing fellow.⁷ *I sit at ten pounds* = I live at the rate of ten pounds.¹³ *froth and lime*. Lime was used to froth sack.²⁴ *a minute's rest*. Perhaps we should read a *minim's rest*.²⁵ *fico* = a fig.²⁸ *kibes* = chilblains on the heel.²⁰ *cony-catch* = swindle, live by cheating.

ment in her ; she discourses, she carves, she gives the leer of invitation : I can construe the action of her familiar style ; and the hardest voice of her behaviour, to be English'd rightly, is, " I am Sir John Falstaff's." 41

Pist. He hath studied her well, and translated her will, out of honesty into English.

Nym. The anchor is deep : will that humour pass ?

Fal. Now, the report goes she has all the rule of her husband's purse : he hath a legion of angels.

Pist. As many devils entertain ; and " To her, boy," say I.

Nym. The humour rises ; it is good : humour me the angels. 49

Fal. I have writ me here a letter to her : and here another to Page's wife, who even now gave me good eyes too, examin'd my parts with most judicious œillades ; sometimes the beam of her view gilded my foot, sometimes my portly belly.

Pist. Then did the sun on dunghill shine.

Nym. I thank thee for that humour.

Fal. O, she did so course o'er my exteriors with such a greedy intention, that the appetite of her eye did seem to scorch me up like a burning-glass ! Here's another letter to her : she bears the purse too ; she is a region in Guiana, all gold and bounty. I will be cheater to them both, and they shall be exchequers to me ; they shall be my East and West Indies, and I will trade to them both. Go bear thou this letter to Mistress Page ; and thou this to Mistress Ford : we will thrive, lads, we will thrive.

Pist. Shall I Sir Pandarus of Troy become,
And by my side wear steel ? then, Lucifer take all !

Nym. I will run no base humour : here, take the humour-letter : I will keep the haviour of reputation.

Fal. [*To Robin.*] Hold, sirrah, bear you these letters tightly ;

Sail like my pinnacle to these golden shores.

Rogues, hence, avaunt ! vanish like hailstones, go ; 70

Trudge, plod away o' th' hoof ; seek shelter, pack !

Falstaff will learn the humour of the age,

French thrift, you rogues ; myself and skirted page.

[*Exeunt Falstaff and Robin.*]

Pist. Let vultures gripe thy guts ! for gourd and fullam holds,

And high and low beguiles the rich and poor ;

²⁸ *she carves* : that is, makes signs of intelligence.

⁴⁰ *legion of angels*. A certain gold coin, having on it the figures of St. George and the dragon, was called an angel because the wings of the dragon were mistakenly supposed to belong to the saint.

⁵³ *œillades* = glances ; from the Fr. *œil*.

⁶⁰ *cheater* = escheater, an officer who looked after reversions.

⁷⁴ *gourd and fullam*. Sharper's cant for high and low in false dice.

Tester I'll have in pouch when thou shalt lack,
Base Phrygian Turk!

Nym. I have operations which be humours of revenge.

Pist. Wilt thou revenge?

Nym. By welkin and her star!

80

Pist. With wit or steel?

Nym. With both the humours, I:

I will discuss the humour of this love to Page.

Pist. And I to Ford shall eke unfold

How Falstaff, varlet vile,

His dove will prove, his gold will hold,

And his soft couch defile.

Nym. My humour shall not cool: I will incense Page to deal with poison; I will possess him with yellowness, for the revolt of mine is dangerous: that is my true humour.

90

Pist. Thou art the Mars of malecontents: I second thee; troop on.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE IV. A room in DOCTOR CAIUS'S house.

Enter MISTRESS QUICKLY, SIMPLE, and RUGBY.

Quick. What, John Rugby! I pray thee, go to the casement, and see if you can see my master, Master Doctor Caius, coming. If he do, i' faith, and find any body in the house, here will be an old abusing of God's patience and the king's English.

Rug. I'll go watch.

Quick. Go; and we'll have a posset for't soon at night, in faith, at the latter end of a sea-coal fire. [*Exit Rugby.*] An honest, willing, kind fellow, as ever servant shall come in house withal, and, I warrant you, no tell-tale nor no breed-bate: his worst fault is, that he is given to prayer; he is something peevish that way: but nobody but has his fault; but let that pass. Peter Simple, you say your name is?

Sim. Ay, for fault of a better.

Quick. And Master Slender's your master?

Sim. Ay, forsooth.

Quick. Does he not wear a great round beard, like a glover's paring-knife?

Sim. No, forsooth: he hath but a little wee face, with a little yellow beard, a Cain-colour'd beard.

Quick. A softly-sprighted man, is he not?

20

Sim. Ay, forsooth: but he is as tall a man of his hands as

⁹⁰ *the revolt of mine* = (possibly) my revolt; but probably corrupt, with, hitherto, no acceptable correction.

⁴ *old abusing*. Thus used, *old* was merely an intensifying word.

¹⁹ *a Cain-colour'd beard*. In the old tapestries, Cain was represented with a yellow beard. Perhaps we should read *cane-colour'd*.

any is between this and his head; he hath fought with a war-rener.

Quick. How say you? O, I should remember him: does he not hold up his head, as it were, and strut in his gait?

Sim. Yes, indeed, does he.

Quick. Well, Heaven send Anne Page no worse fortune! Tell Master Parson Evans I will do what I can for your master: Anne is a good girl, and I wish —

Re-enter RUGBY.

Rug. Out, alas! here comes my master.

Quick. We shall all be shent. Run in here, good young man; go into this closet: he will not stay long. [*Shuts Simple in the closet.*] What, John Rugby! John! what, John, I say! Go, John, go inquire for my master; I doubt he be not well, that he comes not home.

[*Singing.*] And down, down, adown-a, etc.

Enter DOCTOR CAIUS.

Caius. Vat is you sing? I do not like des toys. Pray you, go and vetch me in my closet *un boitier vert*, a box, a green-a box: do intend vat I speak? a green-a box.

Quick. Ay, forsooth; I'll fetch it you. [*Aside.*] I am glad he went not in himself: if he had found the young man, he would have been horn-mad.

Caius. Fe, fe, fe, fe! *ma foi, il fait fort chaud. Je m'en vais a la cour, — la grande affaire.*

Quick. Is it this, sir?

Caius. *Oui*; mette le au mon pocket: *depeche*, quickly. Vere is dat knave Rugby?

Quick. What, John Rugby! John!

Rug. Here, sir!

Caius. You are John Rugby, and you are Jack Rugby. Come, take-a your rapier, and come after my heel to the court.

Rug. 'Tis ready, sir, here in the porch.

Caius. By my trot, I tarry too long. Od's me! *Qu'ai-j'oublié!* dere is some simples in my closet, dat I vill not for the varld I shall leave behind.

Quick. Ay me, he'll find the young man there, and be mad!

Caius. *O diable, diable!* vat is in my closet? Villain! larron! [*Pulling Simple out.*] Rugby, my rapier!

Quick. Good master, be content.

Caius. Wherefore shall I be content-a?

Quick. The young man is an honest man.

³¹ *shent* = punished, severely handled.

⁴³ *ma foi*, etc. = i' faith, it's very cold. I am going to court, — an important matter.

⁵⁰ *and you are Jack Rugby*: that is, and you are Jack rogue by.

⁵³ *Qu'ai-j'oublié* = What have I forgotten?

⁵⁸ *larron* = thief.

Caius. What shall de honest man do in my closet? dere is no honest man dat shall come in my closet.

Quick. I beseech you, be not so phlegmatic. Hear the truth of it: he came of an errand to me from Parson Hugh.

Caius. Vell?

Sim. Ay, forsooth; to desire her to —

Quick. Peace, I pray you.

Caius. Peace-a your tongue. Speak-a your tale. 69

Sim. To desire this honest gentlewoman, your maid, to speak a good word to Mistress Anne Page for my master in the way of marriage.

Quick. This is all, indeed, la! but I'll ne'er put my finger in the fire, and need not.

Caius. Sir Hugh send-a you? Rugby, *baille* me some paper. Tarry you a little-a while. [Writes.]

Quick. [*Aside to Simple.*] I am glad he is so quiet: if he had been thoroughly mov'd, you should have heard him so loud and so melancholy. But notwithstanding, man, I'll do you your master what good I can: and the very yea and the no is, the French doctor, my master, — I may call him my master, look you, for I keep his house; and I wash, wring, brew, bake, scour, dress meat and drink, make the beds, and do all myself, —

Sim. [*Aside to Quickly.*] 'Tis a great charge to come under one body's hand.

Quick. [*Aside to Simple.*] Are you avis'd o' that? you shall find it a great charge: and to be up early and down late; but notwithstanding, — to tell you in your ear; I would have no words of it, — my master himself is in love with Mistress Anne Page: but notwithstanding that, I know Anne's mind, — that's neither here nor there. 91

Caius. You jack'nape, give-a this letter to Sir Hugh; by gar, it is a shallenge: I will cut his troat in de park; and I will teach a scurvy jack-a-nape priest to meddle or make. You may be gone; it is not good you tarry here. By gar, I will cut all his two stones; by gar, he shall not have a stone to throw at his dog. [Exit Simple.]

Quick. Alas, he speaks but for his friend.

Caius. It is no matter-a ver dat: do not you tell-a me dat I shall have Anne Page for myself? By gar, I vill kill de Jack priest; and I have appointed mine host of de Jarteer to measure our weapon. By gar, I will myself have Anne Page.

Quick. Sir, the maid loves you, and all shall be well. We must give folks leave to prate: what, the good-year!

Caius. Rugby, come to the court with me. By gar, if I

⁷⁵ *baille* = give.

¹⁰⁴ *what, the good year!* A common slang exclamation in S.'s day. See *King Lear*, Act V. Sc. 3, line 24.

have not Anne Page, I shall turn your head out of my door. Follow my heels, Rugby.

[*Exeunt Caius and Rugby.*]

Quick. You shall have An fool's-head of your own. No, I know Anne's mind for that : never a woman in Windsor knows more of Anne's mind than I do ; nor can do more than I do with her, I thank Heaven.

111

Fent. [*Within.*] Who's within there? ho!

Quick. Who's there, I trow! Come near the house, I pray you.

Enter FENTON.

Fent. How now, good woman! how dost thou?

Quick. The better that it pleases your good worship to ask.

Fent. What news? how does pretty Mistress Anne?

Quick. In truth, sir, and she is pretty, and honest, and gentle; and one that is your friend, I can tell you that by the way; I praise Heaven for it.

120

Fent. Shall I do any good, think'st thou? shall I not lose my suit?

Quick. Troth, sir, all is in his hands above: but notwithstanding, Master Fenton, I'll be sworn on a book, she loves you. Have not your worship a wart above your eye?

Fent. Yes, marry, have I; what of that?

Quick. Well, thereby hangs a tale: good faith, it is such another Nan; but, I detest, an honest maid as ever broke bread: we had an hour's talk of that wart. I shall never laugh but in that maid's company! But indeed she is given too much to allicholy and musing: but for you — well, go to.

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Fent. Well, I shall see her to-day. Hold, there's money for thee; let me have thy voice in my behalf: if thou seest her before me, commend me —

Quick. Will I? i' faith, that we will; and I will tell your worship more of the wart the next time we have confidence; and of other wooers.

Fent. Well, farewell; I am in great haste now.

Quick. Farewell to your worship. [*Exit Fenton.*] Truly, an honest gentleman: but Anne loves him not; for I know Anne's mind as well as another does. Out upon't! what have I forgot?

[*Exit.*]

ACT II.

SCENE I. *Before PAGE's house.*

Enter MISTRESS PAGE, with a letter.

Mrs. Page. What, have I scap'd love-letters in the holiday-time of my beauty, and am I now a subject for them? Let me see. [*Reads.*]

Ask me no reason why I love you; for though Love use Reason for his physician, he admits him not for his counsellor. You are not young, no more am I; go to then, there's sympathy: you are merry, so am I; ha, ha! then there's more sympathy: you love sack, and so do I; would you desire better sympathy? Let it suffice thee, Mistress Page, — at the least, if the love of soldier can suffice, — that I love thee. I will not say, pity me: 't is not a soldier-like phrase; but I say, love me. By me,

Thine own true knight,
By day or night,
Or any kind of light,
With all his might
For thee to fight,

JOHN FALSTAFF.

What a Herod of Jewry is this! O wicked, wicked world! One that is well-nigh worn to pieces with age to show himself a young gallant! What one unweigh'd behaviour hath this Flemish drunkard pick'd — with the devil's name! — out of my conversation, that he dares in this manner assay me? Why, he hath not been thrice in my company! What should I say to him? I was then frugal of my mirth: Heaven forgive me! Why, I'll exhibit a bill in the parliament for the putting down of men. How shall I be reveng'd on him? for reveng'd I will be, as sure as his guts are made of puddings.

Enter MISTRESS FORD.

Mrs. Ford. Mistress Page! trust me, I was going to your house.

Mrs. Page. And, trust me, I was coming to you. You look very ill. 29

Mrs. Ford. Nay, I'll ne'er believe that; I have to show to the contrary.

Mrs. Page. Faith, but you do, in my mind.

Mrs. Ford. Well, I do then; yet I say I could show you to the contrary. O Mistress Page, give me some counsel!

Mrs. Page. What's the matter, woman?

Mrs. Ford. O woman, if it were not for one trifling respect, I could come to such honour!

Mrs. Page. Hang the trifle, woman! take the honour. What is it? dispense with trifles; what is it? 39

Mrs. Ford. If I would but go to hell for an eternal moment or so, I could be knighted.

Mrs. Page. What? thou liest! Sir Alice Ford! These knights will hack; and so thou shouldst not alter the article of thy gentry.

Mrs. Ford. We burn daylight: here, read, read; perceive

⁵ *physician.* The folio has *precisian*; but in Sonnet cxlvii. we have "My reason the physician to my love."

¹⁹ *conversation* = behavior, habits of life.

²³ *putting down of men.* Theobald very plausibly read, the putting down of *fat* men.

⁴² *These knights will hack*, etc.: that is, become hackneyed. James I. made knighthood very common; so that Mrs. Ford, in becoming a knight, would not (as her husband had the rank of a gentleman) alter the article of her gentry.

how I might be knighted. I shall think the worse of fat men, as long as I have an eye to make difference of men's liking: and yet he would not swear; praised women's modesty; and gave such orderly and well-behaved reproof to all uncomeliness, that I would have sworn his disposition would have gone to the truth of his words; but they do no more adhere and keep place together than the Hundredth Psalm to the tune of "Green Sleeves." What tempest, I trow, threw this whale, with so many tuns of oil in his belly, ashore at Windsor? How shall I be reveng'd on him? I think the best way were to entertain him with hope, till the wicked fire of lust have melted him in his own grease. Did you ever hear the like?

Mrs. Page. Letter for letter, but that the name of Page and Ford differs! To thy great comfort in this mystery of ill opinions, here's the twin-brother of thy letter: but let thine inherit first; for, I protest, mine never shall. I warrant he hath a thousand of these letters writ with blank space for different names,—sure, more,—and these are of the second edition: he will print them, out of doubt; for he cares not what he puts into the press, when he would put us two. I had rather be a giantess, and lie under Mount Pelion. Well, I will find you twenty lascivious turtles ere one chaste man.

Mrs. Ford. Why, this is the very same; the very hand, the very words. What doth he think of us? 69

Mrs. Page. Nay, I know not: it makes me almost ready to wrangle with mine own honesty. I'll entertain myself like one that I am not acquainted withal; for, sure, unless he know some strain in me that I know not myself, he would never have boarded me in this fury.

Mrs. Ford. "Boarding," call you it? I'll be sure to keep him above deck.

Mrs. Page. So will I: if he come under my hatches, I'll never to sea again. Let's be reveng'd on him: let's appoint him a meeting; give him a show of comfort in his suit and lead him on with a fine-baited delay, till he hath pawn'd his horses to mine host of the Garter. 81

Mrs. Ford. Nay, I will consent to act any villainy against him, that may not sully the chariness of our honesty. O, that my husband saw this letter! it would give eternal food to his jealousy.

Mrs. Page. Why, look where he comes; and my good man

⁵² *Green Sleeves.* A lively air. The words which gave it this name would now be thought indecent.

⁵³ *the name of Page and Ford differs.* Correctly, in S.'s time, as well as now, the names differ. It is well, now and then, to point out how loose and reckless S. was on such points in his play writing

⁸³ *O, that my husband saw, etc.* The quarto has, "O, if," etc., which may possibly be the correct reading. But the text suits Mrs. F.'s merry and mischievous disposition.

too : he's as far from jealousy as I am from giving him cause ; and that I hope is an unmeasurable distance.

Mrs. Ford. You are the happier woman. 89

Mrs. Page. Let's consult together against this greasy knight. Come hither. [They retire.]

Enter FORD with PISTOL, and PAGE with NYM.

Ford. Well, I hope it be not so.

Pist. Hope is a curtal dog in some affairs :

Sir John affects thy wife.

Ford. Why, sir, my wife is not young.

Pist. He woos both high and low, both rich and poor,

Both young and old, one with another, Ford ;

He loves the gallimaufry : Ford, perpend.

Ford. Love my wife !

Pist. With liver burning hot. Prevent, or go thou, 100

Like Sir Actæon he, with Ringwood at thy heels :

O, odious is the name !

Ford. What name, sir ?

Pist. The horn, I say. Farewell.

Take heed, have open eye, for thieves do foot by night :

Take heed, ere summer comes or cuckoo-birds do sing.

Away, Sir Corporal Nym !

Believe it, Page ; he speaks sense.

[Exit.]

Ford. [Aside.] I will be patient ; I will find out this. 109

Nym. [To Page.] And this is true ; I like not the humour of lying. He hath wronged me in some humours : I should have borne the humour'd letter to her ; but I have a sword and it shall bite upon my necessity. He loves your wife ; there's the short and the long. My name is Corporal Nym ; I speak and I avouch ; 't is true : my name is Nym and Falstaff loves your wife. Adieu. I love not the humour of bread and cheese, and there's the humour of it. Adieu.

[Exit.]

Page. "The humour of it," quoth a' ! here's a fellow frights English out of his wits.

Ford. I will seek out Falstaff.

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Page. I never heard such a drawling, affecting rogue.

Ford. If I do find it : well.

Page. I will not believe such a Cataian, though the priest o' the town commended him for a true man.

Ford. 'T was a good sensible fellow : well.

Page. How now, Meg ! [Mrs. Page and Mrs. Ford come forward.]

Mrs. Page. Whither go you, George ? Hark you.

Mrs. Ford. How now, sweet Frank ! why art thou melancholy ?

⁹⁸ *gallimaufry* = hotch-potch. Pistol's use of words is not intended to bear criticism.

¹¹⁰ *his wits* = its wits : the possessive pronoun *its* was unknown in S.'s earlier years.

¹²³ *a Cataian* = a Chinese, man of Cathay (*th* pronounced hard), that is, a sharper : the heathen Chinese having had that reputation from the beginning of our knowledge of him.

Ford. I melancholy! I am not melancholy. Get you home, go.

Mrs. Ford. Faith, thou hast some crotchets in thy head. ¹³¹
Now, will you go, Mistress Page?

Mrs. Page. Have with you. You'll come to dinner, George.
[*Aside to Mrs. Ford.*] Look who comes yonder: she shall be our messenger to this paltry knight.

Mrs. Ford. [*Aside to Mrs. Page.*] Trust me, I thought on her: she'll fit it.

Enter MISTRESS QUICKLY.

Mrs. Page. You are come to see my daughter Anne? ¹³⁹

Quick. Ay, forsooth; and, I pray, how does good Mistress Anne?

Mrs. Page. Go in with us and see: we have an hour's talk with you.

[*Exeunt Mrs. Page, Mrs. Ford, and Mrs. Quickly.*]

Page. How now, Master Ford!

Ford. You heard what this knave told me, did you not?

Page. Yes: and you heard what the other told me?

Ford. Do you think there is truth in them?

Page. Hang 'em, slaves! I do not think the knight would offer it: but these that accuse him in his intent towards our wives are a yoke of his discarded men; very rogues, now they be out of service. ¹⁵¹

Ford. Were they his men?

Page. Marry, were they.

Ford. I like it never the better for that. Does he lie at the Garter?

Page. Ay, marry, does he. If he should intend this voyage towards my wife, I would turn her loose to him; and what he gets more of her than sharp words, let it lie on my head.

Ford. I do not misdoubt my wife; but I would be loath to turn them together. A man may be too confident: I would have nothing lie on my head: I cannot be thus satisfied. ¹⁶¹

Page. Look where my ranting host of the Garter comes: there is either liquor in his pate or money in his purse when he looks so merrily.

Enter Host.

How now, mine host!

Host. How now, bully-rook! thou'rt a gentleman. Cavaleiro-justice, I say!

Enter SHALLOW.

Shal. I follow, mine host, I follow. Good even and twenty, good Master Page! Master Page, will you go with us? we have sport in hand. ¹⁷⁰

Host. Tell him, cavaleiro-justice; tell him, bully-rook.

Shal. Sir, there is a fray to be fought between Sir Hugh the Welsh priest and Caius the French doctor.

Ford. Good mine host o' the Garter, a word with you.

[Drawing him aside.]

Host. What say'st thou, my bully-rook?

Shal. [To *Page*.] Will you go with us to behold it? My merry host hath had the measuring of their weapons; and, I think, hath appointed them contrary places; for, believe me, I hear the parson is no jester. Hark, I will tell you what our sport shall be.

[They draw aside.]

Host. Hast thou no suit against my knight, my guest-cavaleiro?

Ford. None, I protest: but I'll give you a pottle of burnt sack to give me recourse to him and tell him my name is Brook; only for a jest.

Host. My hand, bully; thou shalt have egress and regress; — said I well? — and thy name shall be Brook. It is a merry knight. Will you go, Minheers?

Shal. Have with you, mine host.

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Page. I have heard the Frenchman hath good skill in his rapier.

Shal. Tut, sir, I could have told you more. In these times you stand on distance, your passes, stoccadoes, and I know not what: 't is the heart, Master Page; 't is here, 't is here. I have seen the time, with my long sword I would have made you four tall fellows skip like rats.

Host. Here, boys, here, here! shall we wag?

Page. Have with you. I had rather hear them scold than fight.

[Exeunt *Host*, *Shal.*, and *Page*.]

Ford. Though *Page* be a secure fool, and stands so firmly on his wife's frailty, yet I cannot put off my opinion so easily; she was in his company at *Page*'s house; and what they made there, I know not. Well, I will look further into 't: and I have a disguise to sound *Falstaff*. If I find her honest, I lose not my labour; if she be otherwise, 't is labour well bestowed.

[Exit.]

SCENE II. A room in the Garter Inn.

Enter *FALSTAFF* and *PISTOL*.

Fal. I will not lend thee a penny.

Pist. Why, then the world's mine oyster,
Which I with sword will open.

Fal. Not a penny. I have been content, sir, you should lay my countenance to pawn: I have grated upon my good friends for three reprieves for you and your coach-fellow *Nym*; or else you had look'd through the grate, like a gemini of baboons. I

¹⁸⁴ *my name is Brook*: In the folio this name is always printed *Broom*, a mistake for *Bourn*; bourn, burn, and brook being all one. *Brook*, having been taken from the quarto, and having held its place in the memory of many generations, should not be disturbed.

¹⁸⁸ *Minheers*. The folio has *An-heires*, which is meaningless.

⁷ *gemini* = twins.

am damn'd in hell for swearing to gentlemen my friends, you were good soldiers and tall fellows; and when Mistress Bridget lost the handle of her fan, I took 't upon mine honour thou hadst it not.

II

Pist. Didst not thou share? hadst thou not fifteen pence?

Fal. Reason, you rogue, reason: think'st thou I'll endanger my soul gratis? At a word, hang no more about me, I am no gibbet for you. Go. A short knife and a throng! To your manor of Pickt-hatch! Go. You'll not bear a letter for me, you rogue! you stand upon your honour. Why, thou unconfinable baseness, it is as much as I can do to keep the terms of my honour precise: I, ay, I myself sometimes, leaving the fear of God on the left hand and hiding mine honour in my necessity, am fain to shuffle, to hedge and to lurch; and yet you, rogue, will ensconce your rags, your cat-a-mountain looks, your red-lattice phrases, and your bull-baiting oaths, under the shelter of your honour! You will not do it, you!

Pist. I do relent: what would thou more of man?

Enter ROBIN.

Rob. Sir, here 's a woman would speak with you.

Fal. Let her approach.

Enter MISTRESS QUICKLY.

Quick. Give your worship good morrow.

Fal. Good morrow, good wife.

Quick. Not so, an 't please your worship.

30

Fal. Good maid, then.

Quick. I'll be sworn,

As my mother was, the first hour I was born.

Fal. I do believe the swearer. What with me?

Quick. Shall I vouchsafe your worship a word or two?

Fal. Two thousand, fair woman: and I'll vouchsafe thee the hearing.

Quick. There is one Mistress Ford, sir:—I pray, come a little nearer this ways:—I myself dwell with Master Doctor Caius,—

40

Fal. Well, one Mistress Ford, you say,—

Quick. Your worship says very true: I pray your worship, come a little nearer this ways.

Fal. I warrant thee, nobody hears; mine own people, mine own people.

Quick. Are they so? God bless them and make them his servants!

Fal. Well, Mistress Ford; what of her?

Quick. Why, sir, she's a good creature. Lord, Lord! your

¹⁵ *Pickt-hatch.* A place in London of very bad repute, where a hatch, or half-door, picked, that is, armed with spikes, was common as a defence against bullies.

²² *red-lattice.* Ale-houses had red lattices.

worship's a wanton ! Well, Heaven forgive you, and all of us,
I pray ! 51

Fal. Mistress Ford ; come, Mistress Ford, —

Quick. Marry, this is the short and the long of it ; you have brought her into such a canaries as 'tis wonderful. The best courtier of them all, when the court lay at Windsor, could never have brought her to such a canary. Yet there has been knights, and lords, and gentlemen, with their coaches, I warrant you, coach after coach, letter after letter, gift after gift ; smelling so sweetly, all musk, and so rushling, I warrant you, in silk and gold ; and in such alligant terms ; and in such wine and sugar of the best and the fairest, that would have won any woman's heart ; and, I warrant you, they could never get an eye-wink of her : I had myself twenty angels given me this morning ; but I defy all angels, in any such sort, as they say, but in the way of honesty : and, I warrant you, they could never get her so much as sip on a cup with the proudest of them all : and yet there has been earls, nay, which is more, pensioners ; but, I warrant you, all is one with her.

Fal. But what says she to me ? be brief, my good she-Mercury. 70

Quick. Marry, she hath receiv'd your letter, for the which she thanks you a thousand times ; and she gives you to notify that her husband will be absence from his house between ten and eleven.

Fal. Ten and eleven ?

Quick. Ay, forsooth ; and then you may come and see the picture, she says, that you wot of : Master Ford, her husband, will be from home. Alas ! the sweet woman leads an ill life with him : he's a very jealousy man : she leads a very frampold life with him, good heart. 80

Fal. Ten and eleven. Woman, commend me to her ; I will not fail her.

Quick. Why, you say well. But I have another messenger to your worship. Mistress Page hath her hearty commendations to you too : and let me tell you in your ear, she's as fartuous a civil modest wife, and one, I tell you, that will not miss you morning nor evening prayer, as any is in Windsor, whoe'er be the other : and she bade me tell your worship that her husband is seldom from home ; but she hopes there will come a time. I never knew a woman so dote upon a man : surely I think you have charms, la ; yes, in truth. 91

Fal. Not I, I assure thee : setting the attraction of my good parts aside I have no other charms.

⁶⁷ pensioners. The band of Gentlemen Pensioners wore a splendid uniform, which seems to have had an imposing effect on Mrs. Quickly.

⁷⁹ frampold = troubled.

Quick. Blessing on your heart for 't!

Fal. But, I pray thee, tell me this: has Ford's wife and Page's wife acquainted each other how they love me?

Quick. That were a jest indeed! they have not so little grace, I hope: that were a trick indeed! But Mistress Page would desire you to send her your little page, of all loves: her husband has a marvellous infection to the little page; and truly Master Page is an honest man. Never a wife in Windsor leads a better life than she does: do what she will, say what she will, take all, pay all, go to bed when she list, rise when she list, all is as she will: and truly she deserves it; for if there be a kind woman in Windsor, she is one. You must send her your page; no remedy.

Fal. Why, I will.

Quick. Nay, but do so, then: and, look you, he may come and go between you both; and in any case have a nay-word, that you may know one another's mind, and the boy never need to understand any thing; for 'tis not good that children should know any wickedness: old folks, you know, have discretion, as they say, and know the world.

Fal. Fare thee well: commend me to them both: there's my purse; I am yet thy debtor. Boy, go along with this woman. [*Exeunt Mistress Quickly and Robin.*] This news distracts me!

Pist. This punk is one of Cupid's carriers:

Clap on more sails; pursue; up with your fights: 119
Give fire: she is my prize, or ocean whelm them all! [*Exit.*]

Fal. Say'st thou so, old Jack? go thy ways; I'll make more of thy old body than I have done. Will they yet look after thee? Wilt thou, after the expense of so much money, be now a gainer? Good body, I thank thee. Let them say 'tis grossly done; so it be fairly done, no matter.

Enter BARDOLPH.

Bard. Sir John, there's one Master Brook below would fain speak with you, and be acquainted with you; and hath sent your worship a morning's draught of sack.

Fal. Brook is his name?

Bard. Ay, sir. 130

Fal. Call him in. [*Exit Bardolph.*] Such Brooks are welcome to me, that o'erflows such liquor. Ah, ha! Mistress Ford and Mistress Page have I encompass'd you? go to; via!

Re-enter BARDOLPH, with FORD disguised.

Ford. Bless you, sir!

Fal. And you, sir! Would you speak with me?

¹¹⁹ *fight* = coverts set up on war-ships for protection to the crew in fighting.

¹²⁸ *a morning's draught of sack.* A not uncommon compliment in S.'s day.

Ford. I make bold to press with so little preparation upon you.

Fal. You're welcome. What's your will? Give us leave, drawer. [Exit Bardolph.]

Ford. Sir, I am a gentleman that have spent much; my name is Brook. 141

Fal. Good Master Brook, I desire more acquaintance of you.

Ford. Good Sir John, I sue for yours: not to charge you; for I must let you understand I think myself in better plight for a lender than you are: the which hath something emboldened me to this unseason'd intrusion; for they say, if money go before, all ways do lie open.

Fal. Money is a good soldier, sir, and will on.

Ford. Troth, and I have a bag of money here troubles me: if you will help to bear it, Sir John, take all, or half, for easing me of the carriage. 151

Fal. Sir, I know not how I may deserve to be your porter.

Ford. I will tell you, sir, if you will give me the hearing.

Fal. Speak, good Master Brook: I shall be glad to be your servant.

Ford. Sir, I hear you are a scholar, — I will be brief with you, — and you have been a man long known to me, though I had never so good means, as desire, to make myself acquainted with you. I shall discover a thing to you, wherein I must very much lay open mine own imperfection; but, good Sir John, as you have one eye upon my follies, as you hear them unfolded, turn another into the register of your own; that I may pass with a reproof the easier, sith you yourself know how easy it is to be such an offender.

Fal. Very well, sir; proceed.

Ford. There is a gentlewoman in this town; her husband's name is Ford.

Fal. Well, sir. 168

Ford. I have long lov'd her, and, I protest to you, bestow'd much on her; follow'd her with a doting observance; engross'd opportunities to meet her; fee'd every slight occasion that could but niggardly give me sight of her; not only bought many presents to give her, but have given largely to many to know what she would have given; briefly, I have pursu'd her as love hath pursued me; which hath been on the wing of all occasions. But whatsoever I have merited, either in my mind or in my means, meed, I am sure, I have received none; unless experience be a jewel that I have purchas'd at an infinite rate, and that hath taught me to say this:

"Love like a shadow flies when substance love pursues;
Pursuing that that flies, and flying what pursues." 180

Fal. Have you receiv'd no promise of satisfaction at her hands?

Ford. Never.

Fal. Have you importun'd her to such a purpose?

Ford. Never.

Fal. Of what quality was your love, then?

Ford. Like a fair house built on another man's ground; so that I have lost my edifice by mistaking the place where I erected it.

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Fal. To what purpose have you unfolded this to me?

Ford. When I have told you that, I have told you all. Some say, that though she appear honest to me, yet in other places she enlargeth her mirth so far that there is shrewd construction made of her. Now, Sir John, here is the heart of my purpose: you are a gentleman of excellent breeding, admirable discourse, of great admittance, authentic in your place and person, generally allow'd for your many war-like, court-like, and learned preparations.

Fal. O, sir!

200

Ford. Believe it, for you know it. There is money; spend it, spend it; spend more; spend all I have; only give me so much of your time in exchange of it, as to lay an amiable siege to the honesty of this Ford's wife: use your art of wooing; win her to consent to you: if any man may, you may as soon as any.

Fal. Would it apply well to the vehemency of your affection, that I should win what you would enjoy? Methinks you prescribe to yourself very preposterously.

Ford. O, understand my drift. She dwells so securely on the excellency of her honour, that the folly of my soul dares not present itself: she is too bright to be look'd against. Now, could I come to her with any detection in my hand, my desires had instance and argument to commend themselves: I could drive her then from the ward of her purity, her reputation, her marriage vow, and a thousand other her defences, which now are too-too strongly embattl'd against me. What say you to't, Sir John?

Fal. Master Brook, I will first make bold with your money; next, give me your hand; and last, as I am a gentleman, you shall, if you will, enjoy Ford's wife.

220

Ford. O good sir!

Fal. I say you shall.

Ford. Want no money, Sir John; you shall want none.

Fal. Want no Mistress Ford, Master Brook; you shall want none. I shall be with her, I may tell you, by her own appointment; even as you came in to me, her assistant or go-between

197 *great admittance* = much sought in society.

198 *allow'd* = approved, admired.

parted from me: I say I shall be with her between ten and eleven; for at that time the jealous rascally knave her husband will be forth. Come you to me at night; you shall know how I speed.

230

Ford. I am blest in your acquaintance. Do you know Ford, sir?

Fal. Hang him, poor cuckoldly knave! I know him not: yet I wrong him to call him poor; they say the jealous wittolly knave hath masses of money; for the which his wife seems to me well-favour'd. I will use her as the key of the cuckoldly rogue's coffer; and there's my harvest-home.

Ford. I would you knew Ford, sir, that you might avoid him if you saw him.

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Fal. Hang him, mechanical salt-butter rogue! I will stare him out of his wits; I will awe him with my cudgel: it shall hang like a meteor o'er the cuckold's horns. Master Brook, thou shalt know I will predominate over the peasant, and thou shalt lie with his wife. Come to me soon at night. Ford's a knave, and I will aggravate his style: thou, Master Brook, shalt know him for knave and cuckold. Come to me soon at night.

[Exit.]

Ford. What a damn'd Epicurean rascal is this! My heart is ready to crack with impatience. Who says this is improvident jealousy? my wife hath sent to him; the hour is fix'd; the match is made. Would any man have thought this? See the hell of having a false woman! My bed shall be abus'd, my coffers ransack'd, my reputation gnawn at; and I shall not only receive this villanous wrong, but stand under the adoption of abominable terms, and by him that does me this wrong. Terms! names! Amaimon sounds well; Lucifer, well; Barbason, well; yet they are devils' additions, the names of fiends: but Cuckold! Wittol! — Cuckold! the devil himself hath not such a name. Page is an ass, a secure ass: he will trust his wife; he will not be jealous. I will rather trust a Fleming with my butter, Parson Hugh the Welshman with my cheese, an Irishman with my aqua-vitæ bottle, or a thief to walk my ambling gelding, than my wife with herself: then she plots, then she ruminates, then she devises; and what they think in their hearts they may effect, they will break their hearts but they will effect. God be prais'd for my jealousy! Eleven o'clock the hour. I will prevent this, detect my wife, be reveng'd on Falstaff, and laugh at Page. I will about it; better three hours too soon than a minute too late. Fie, fie, fie! cuckold! cuckold! cuckold!

[Exit.]

²⁴⁰ *salt-butter.* To eat butter freshly churned every day, and without the addition of salt, was one of the table distinctions of wealth in England, and continues to be so.

²⁵⁰ *additions* = titles.

²⁵⁷ *Wittol* = a husband who consents to his cuckoldry.

SCENE III. *A field near Windsor.**Enter CAIUS and RUGBY.**Caius.* Jack Rugby!*Rug.* Sir?*Caius.* Vat is de clock, Jack?*Rug.* 'Tis past the hour, sir, that Sir Hugh promis'd to meet.*Caius.* By gar, he has save his soul, dat he is no come; he has pray his Piple well, dat he is no come: by gar, Jack Rugby, he is dead already, if he be come.*Rug.* He is wise, sir; he knew your worship would kill him, if he came.*Caius.* By gar, de herring is no dead so as I vill kill him. Take your rapier, Jack; I vill tell you how I vill kill him. 11*Rug.* Alas, sir, I cannot fence.*Caius.* Villany, take your rapier.*Rug.* Forbear; here's company.*Enter HOST, SHALLOW, SLENDER, and PAGE.**Host.* Bless thee, bully doctor!*Shal.* Save you, Master Doctor Caius!*Page.* Now, good Master Doctor!*Slen.* Give you good morrow, sir.*Caius.* Vat be all you, one, two, tree, four, come for? 19*Host.* To see thee fight, to see thee foin, to see thee traverse; to see thee here, to see thee there; to see thee pass thy punto, thy stock, thy reverse, thy distance, thy montant. Is he dead, my Ethiopian? is he dead, my Francisco? ha, bully! What says my Æsculapius? my Galen? my heart of elder? ha! is he dead, bully stale? is he dead?*Caius.* By gar, he is de coward Jack priest of de world; he is not show his face.*Host.* Thou art a Castalion-King-Urinal. Hector of Greece, my boy!*Caius.* I pray you, bear vitness that me have stay six or seven, two, tree hours for him, and he is no come. 31*Shal.* He is the wiser man, Master Doctor: he is a curer of souls, and you a curer of bodies; if you should fight, you go against the hair of your professions. Is it not true, Master Page?*Page.* Master Shallow, you have yourself been a great fighter, though now a man of peace.*Shal.* Bodykins, Master Page, though I now be old and of the peace, if I see a sword out, my finger itches to make one. Though we are justices and doctors and churchmen, Master²² *montant.* This word, like punto, stock, reverse, and distance, is a fencing term.

Page, we have some salt of our youth in us ; we are the sons of women, Master Page.

Page. 'Tis true, Master Shallow.

Shal. It will be found so, Master Page. Master Doctor Caius, I am come to fetch you home. I am sworn of the peace : you have show'd yourself a wise physician, and Sir Hugh hath shown himself a wise and patient churchman. You must go with me, Master Doctor.

Host. Pardon, guest-justice. A word, Mounseur Mock-water. 50

Caius. Mock-vater ! vat is dat ?

Host. Mock-water, in our English tongue, is valour, bully.

Caius. By gar, den, I have as mush mock-vater as de Englishman. Scurvy jack-dog priest ! by gar, me vill cut his ears.

Host. He will clapper-claw thee tightly, bully.

Caius. Clapper-de-claw ! vat is dat ?

Host. That is, he will make thee amends.

Caius. By gar, me do look he shall clapper-de-claw me ; for, by gar, me vill have it.

Host. And I will provoke him to 't, or let him wag. 60

Caius. Me tank you for dat.

Host. And, moreover, bully.—but first, master guest, and Master Page, and eke Cavaleiro Slender, go you through the town to Frogmore. [Aside to them.]

Page. Sir Hugh is there, is he ?

Host. He is there : see what humour he is in ; and I will bring the doctor about by the fields. Will it do well ?

Shal. We will do it.

Page, Shal., and Slen. Adieu, good Master Doctor.

[Exeunt Page, Shal., and Slen.]

Caius. By gar, me vill kill de priest ; for he speak for a jack-an-ape to Anne Page. 71

Host. Let him die : sheathe thy impatience, throw cold water on thy choler : go about the fields with me through Frogmore : I will bring thee where Mistress Anne Page is, at a farm-house a-feasting ; and thou shalt woo her. Cried I aim ? said I well ?

Caius. By gar, me tank you for dat : by gar, I love you ; and I shall procure-a you de good guest, de earl, de knight, de lords, de gentlemen, my patients.

Host. For the which I will be thy adversary toward Anne Page. Said I well ? 80

Caius. By gar, 't is good ; vell said.

Host. Let us wag, then.

Caius. Come at my heels, Jack Rugby.

[Exeunt.]

⁷⁵ Cried I aim ? — have I directed you rightly ? But all the old copies have *Cried-game*, which may be the proper reading, — a colloquial phrase, the meaning of which cannot be guessed.

ACT III.

SCENE I. *A field near Frogmore.**Enter SIR HUGH EVANS and SIMPLE.*

Evans. I pray you now, good Master Slender's serfing-man, and friend Simple by your name, which way have you look'd for Master Caius, that calls himself doctor of physie?

Sim. Marry, sir, the pittie-ward, the park-ward, every way; old Windsor way, and every way but the town way.

Evans. I most feheemently desire you you will also look that way.

Sim. I will, sir.

[*Exit.*]

Evans. 'Pless my soul, how full of chollors I am, and trembling of mind! I shall be glad if he have deceived me. How melancholies I am! I will knog his urinals about his knave's costard when I have good opportunities for the ork. 'Pless my soul!

[*Takes a book from his pocket and reads.*]

To shallow rivers, to whose falls
Melodious pirds sing madrigals;
There will we make our peds of roses,
And a thousand fragrant posies.
To shallow —

Mercy on me! I have a great dispositions to cry.

[*Sings.*]

Melodious pirds sing madrigals —
When as I sat in Pabylon —
And a thousand vagram posies.
To shallow, etc.

20

Re-enter SIMPLE.

Sim. Yonder he is coming, this way, Sir Hugh.

Evans. He's welcome.

[*Sings.*]

To shallow rivers, to whose falls —

Heaven prosper the right! What weapons is he?

Sim. No weapons, sir. There comes my master, Master Shallow, and another gentleman, from Frogmore, over the stile, this way.

Evans. Pray you, give me my gown; or else keep it in your arms.

30

Enter PAGE, SHALLOW, and SLENDER.

Shal. How now, Master Parson! Good morrow, good Sir Hugh. Keep a gamester from the dice, and a good student from his book, and it is wonderful.

Slen. [*Aside.*] Ah, sweet Anne Page!

¹² *costard* = head.¹⁴ *To shallow rivers*, etc. This song is Marlowe's.

Page. 'Save you, good Sir Hugh!

Evans. 'Pless you from his mercy sake, all of you!

Shal. What, the sword and the word! do you study them both, Master Parson? 40

Page. And youthful still! in your doublet and hose this raw rheumatic day!

Evans. There is reasons and causes for it.

Page. We are come to you to do a good office, Master Parson.

Evans. Fery well: what is it?

Page. Yonder is a most reverend gentleman, who, belike having received wrong by some person, is at most odds with his own gravity and patience that ever you saw.

Shal. I have lived fourscore years and upward; I never heard a man of his place, gravity and learning, so wide of his own respect. 50

Evans. What is he?

Page. I think you know him; Master Doctor Caius, the renowned French physician.

Evans. Got's will, and his passion of my heart! I had as lief you would tell me of a mess of porridge.

Page. Why?

Evans. He has no more knowledge in Hibocrates and Galen, — and he is a knave besides; a cowardly knave as you would desires to be acquainted withal. 60

Page. I warrant you, he's the man should fight with him.

Slen. [*Aside.*] O sweet Anne Page!

Shal. It appears so by his weapons. Keep them asunder: here comes Doctor Caius.

Enter Host, CAIUS, and RUGBY.

Page. Nay, good Master Parson, keep in your weapon.

Shal. So do you, good Master Doctor.

Host. Disarm them, and let them question: let them keep their limbs whole and hack our English.

Caius. I pray you, let-a me speak a word with your ear. Wherefore vill you not meet-a me? 70

Evans. [*Aside to Caius.*] Pray you, use your patience: in good time.

Caius. By gar, you are de coward, de Jack dog, John ape.

Evans. [*Aside to Caius.*] Pray you, let us not be laughing-stocks to other men's humours; I tesire you in friendship; and I will one way or other make you amends. [*Aloud.*] I will knog your urinals about your knave's cogscomb for missing your meetings and appointments.

Caius. Diable! Jack Rugby, — mine host de Jarteer, —

⁶⁵ *Master Parson, Master Doctor.* The folio has in these cases always *Mr. Parson* and *Mr. Doctor*, but the *Mr.* is an abbreviation of *Master*, our mean word *Mister* being then unknown.

have I not stay for him to kill him? have I not, at de place I did appoint? 81

Evans. As I am a Christians soul now, look you, this is the place appointed: I'll be judgement by mine host of the Garter.

Host. Peace, I say, Gallia and Gaul, French and Welsh, soul-curer and body-curer!

Caius. Ay, dat is very good; excellent.

Host. Peace, I say! hear mine host of the Garter. Am I politic? am I subtle? am I a Machiavel? Shall I lose my doctor? no; he gives me the potions and the motions. Shall I lose my parson, my priest, my Sir Hugh? no; he gives me the proverbs and the no-verbs. Give me thy hand, terrestrial; so. Give me thy hand, celestial; so. Boys of art, I have deceiv'd you both; I have directed you to wrong places: your hearts are mighty, your skins are whole, and let burnt sack be the issue. Come, lay their swords to pawn. Follow me, lads of peace; follow, follow, follow.

Shal. Trust me, a mad host. Follow, gentlemen, follow.

Slen. [*Aside.*] O sweet Anne Page!

[*Exeunt Shal., Slen., Page, and Host.*]

Caius. Ha, do I perceive dat? have you make-a de sot of us, ha, ha? 100

Evans. This is well; he has made us his vlouting-stog. I tesire you that we may pe friends; and let us knog our prains together to be revenge on this same scall, scurvy, cogging companion, the host of the Garter.

Caius. By gar, with all my heart. He promise to bring me where is Anne Page; by gar, he deceive me too.

Evans. Well, I will smite his noddles. Pray you, follow.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *A street.*

Enter MISTRESS PAGE and ROBIN.

Mrs. Page. Nay, keep your way, little gallant; you were wont to be a follower, but now you are a leader. Whether had you rather lead mine eyes, or eye your master's heels?

Rob. I had rather, forsooth, go before you like a man than follow him like a dwarf.

Mrs. Page. O, you are a flattering boy: now I see you'll be a courtier.

Enter FORD.

Ford. Well met, Mistress Page. Whither go you?

Mrs. Page. Truly, sir, to see your wife. Is she at home? 9

Ford. Ay; and as idle as she may hang together, for want of company. I think, if your husbands were dead, you two would marry.

Mrs. Page. Be sure of that, — two other husbands.

Ford. Where had you this pretty weathercock?

Mrs. Page. I cannot tell what the dickens his name is my husband had him of. What do you call your knight's name, sirrah!

Rob. Sir John Falstaff.

Ford. Sir John Falstaff!

19

Mrs. Page. He, he; I can never hit on's name. There is such a league between my good man and he! Is your wife at home indeed?

Ford. Indeed she is.

Mrs. Page. By your leave, sir: I am sick till I see her.

[*Exeunt Mrs. Page and Robin.*]

Ford. Has Page any brains? hath he any eyes? hath he any thinking? Sure, they sleep; he hath no use of them. Why, this boy will carry a letter twenty mile, as easy as a cannon will shoot point-blank twelve score. He pieces out his wife's inclination; he gives her folly motion and advantage: and now she's going to my wife, and Falstaff's boy with her. A man may hear this shower sing in the wind. And Falstaff's boy with her! Good plots, they are laid; and our revolted wives share damnation together. Well; I will take him, then torture my wife, pluck the borrowed veil of modesty from the so seeming Mistress Page, divulge Page himself for a secure and wilful Actæon; and to these violent proceedings all my neighbours shall cry aim. [Clock heard.] The clock gives me my cue, and my assurance bids me search: there I shall find Falstaff: I shall be rather prais'd for this than mock'd; for it is as positive as the earth is firm that Falstaff is there: I will go.

40

[*Enter PAGE, SHALLOW, SLENDER, HOST, SIR HUGH EVANS, CAIUS, and RUGBY.*]

Shal., Page, etc. Well met, Master Ford.

Ford. Trust me, a good knot: I have good cheer at home; and I pray you all go with me.

Shal. I must excuse myself, Master Ford.

Slen. And so must I, sir: we have appointed to dine with Mistress Anne, and I would not break with her for more money than I'll speak of.

Shal. We have linger'd about a match between Anne Page and my cousin Slender, and this day we shall have our answer.

Slen. I hope I have your good will, father Page.

50

Page. You have, Master Slender; I stand wholly for you: but my wife, Master Doctor, is for you altogether.

Caius. Ay, be-gar; and de maid is love-a me: my nursh-a Quickly tell me so mush.

Host. What say you to young Master Fenton? he capers, he

²⁸ *twelve score*: that is, twelve score yards, the usual distance in shooting with the long bow.

³⁶ *Cry aim*. To cry "aim" on the archery field was a common mode of encouragement.

dances, he has eyes of youth, he writes verses, he speaks holiday, he smells April and May : he will carry 't, he will carry 't ; 't is in his buttons ; he will carry 't.

Page. Not by my consent, I promise you. The gentleman is of no having : he kept company with the wild prince and Poins ; he is of too high a region ; he knows too much. No, he shall not knit a knot in his fortunes with the finger of my substance : if he take her, let him take her simply ; the wealth I have waits on my consent, and my consent goes not that way.

Ford. I beseech you heartily, some of you go home with me to dinner : besides your cheer, you shall have sport ; I will show you a monster. Master Doctor, you shall go ; so shall you, Master Page ; and you, Sir Hugh.

Shal. Well, fare you well : we shall have the freer wooing at Master Page's. [*Exeunt Shal. and Slen.*]

Caius. Go home, John Rugby ; I come anon. [*Exit Rugby.*]

Host. Farewell, my hearts : I will to my honest knight Falstaff, and drink canary with him. [*Exit.*]

Ford. [*Aside.*] I think I shall drink in pipe-wine first with him ; I'll make him dance. Will you go, gentles ?

All. Have with you to see this monster. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *A room in FORD's house.*

Enter MISTRESS FORD and MISTRESS PAGE.

Mrs. Ford. What, John ! What, Robert !

Mrs. Page. Quickly, quickly ! Is the buck-basket —

Mrs. Ford. I warrant. What, Robin, I say !

Enter Servants with a basket.

Mrs. Page. Come, come, come.

Mrs. Ford. Here, set it down.

Mrs. Page. Give your men the charge ; we must be brief.

Mrs. Ford. Marry, as I told you before, John and Robert, be ready here hard by in the brew-house : and when I suddenly call you, come forth, and without any pause or staggering take this basket on your shoulders : that done, trudge with it in all haste, and carry it among the whitsters in Datchet-mead, and there empty it in the muddy ditch close by the Thames side.

Mrs. Page. You will do it ?

Mrs. Ford. I ha' told them over and over ; they lack no direction. Be gone, and come when you are call'd. [*Exeunt Servants.*]

Mrs. Page. Here comes little Robin.

Enter ROBIN.

Mrs. Ford. How now, my eyas-musket ! what news with you ?

⁶⁰ *no having* = no possessions, no property.

¹¹ *whitsters* = washerwomen and bleachers, corresponding to the Fr. *blanchisseuses*.

¹⁷ *eyas-musket* : *eyas*, a young hawk ; *muschetto*, a diminutive hawk.

Rob. My master, Sir John, is come in at your back-door, Mistress Ford, and requests your company. 19

Mrs. Page. You little Jack-a-Lent, have you been true to us?

Rob. Ay, I'll be sworn. My master knows not of your being here and hath threat'ned to put me into everlasting liberty if I tell you of it; for he swears he'll turn me away.

Mrs. Page. Thou'rt a good boy: this secrecy of thine shall be a tailor to thee and shall make thee a new doublet and hose. I'll go hide me.

Mrs. Ford. Do so. Go tell thy master I am alone. [*Exit Robin.*] Mistress Page, remember you your cue.

Mrs. Page. I warrant thee; if I do not act it, hiss me. [*Exit.*]

Mrs. Ford. Go to, then: we'll use this unwholesome humidity, this gross watery pumpion; we'll teach him to know turtles from jays.

Enter FALSTAFF.

Fal. "Have I caught" thee, "my heavenly jewel?" Why, now let me die, for I have liv'd long enough: this is the period of my ambition: O this blessed hour!

Mrs. Ford. O sweet Sir John!

Fal. Mistress Ford, I cannot cog, I cannot prate, Mistress Ford. Now shall I sin in my wish: I would thy husband were dead: I'll speak it before the best lord; I would make thee my lady. 40

Mrs. Ford. I your lady, Sir John! alas, I should be a pitiful lady!

Fal. Let the court of France show me such another. I see how thine eye would emulate the diamond: thou hast the right arched beauty of the brow that becomes the ship-tire, the tire-valiant, or any tire of Venetian admittance.

Mrs. Ford. A plain kerchief, Sir John: my brows become nothing else; nor that well neither.

Fal. By the Lord, thou art a traitor to say so: thou wouldst make an absolute courtier; and the firm fixture of thy foot would give an excellent motion to thy gait in a semi-circled farthingale. I see what thou wert, if Fortune thy foe were not, Nature thy friend. Come, thou canst not hide it.

Mrs. Ford. Believe me, there's no such thing in me.

Fal. What made me love thee? let that persuade thee there's something extraordinary in thee. Come, I cannot cog and say thou art this and that, like a many of these lispng hawthorn-

²⁰ *Jack-a-Lent*: a puppet which was pelted, like Aunt Sally.

³³ *Have I caught my heavenly jewel* is the first line of a song in Sidney's *Arcadia*.

⁴⁵ *ship tire*, etc. The ways of deforming the shape of woman's head were even more numerous and more fantastic in S.'s day than now, and Venice was then queen of fashion as of the sea.

⁵² *if Fortune thy foe were not*, etc. Here, again, Falstaff quotes an old song.

buds, that come like women in men's apparel, and smell like Bucklersbury in simple time; I cannot: but I love thee; none but thee; and thou deserv'st it. 60

Mrs. Ford. Do not betray me, sir. I fear you love Mistress Page.

Fal. Thou mightst as well say I love to walk by the Counter-gate, which is as hateful to me as the reek of a lime-kill.

Mrs. Ford. Well, heaven knows how I love you; and you shall one day find it.

Fal. Keep in that mind; I'll deserve it.

Mrs. Ford. Nay, I must tell you, so you do; or else I could not be in that mind. 69

Rob. [*Within.*] Mistress Ford, Mistress Ford! here's Mistress Page at the door, sweating and blowing and looking wildly, and would needs speak with you presently.

Fal. She shall not see me: I will ensconce me behind the arras.

Mrs. Ford. Pray you, do so: she's a very tattling woman.

[*Falstaff hides himself.*]

Re-enter MISTRESS PAGE and ROBIN.

What's the matter? how now!

Mrs. Page. O Mistress Ford, what have you done? You're sham'd, you're overthrown, you're undone for ever!

Mrs. Ford. What's the matter, good Mistress Page? 79

Mrs. Page. O well-a-day, Mistress Ford! having an honest man to your husband, to give him such cause of suspicion!

Mrs. Ford. What cause of suspicion?

Mrs. Page. What cause of suspicion! Out upon you! how am I mistook in you!

Mrs. Ford. Why, alas, what's the matter?

Mrs. Page. Your husband's coming hither, woman, with all the officers in Windsor, to search for a gentleman that he says is here now in the house by your consent, to take an ill advantage of his absence: you are undone.

Mrs. Ford. 'T is not so, I hope. 90

Mrs. Page. Pray heaven it be not so, that you have such a man here! but 't is most certain your husband's coming, with half Windsor at his heels, to search for such a one. I come before to tell you. If you know yourself clear, why, I am glad of it; but if you have a friend here, convey, convey him out. Be not amaz'd; call all your senses to you; defend your reputation, or bid farewell to your good life forever.

Mrs. Ford. What shall I do? There is a gentleman my

⁵⁹ *Bucklersbury*: a place on the outskirts of London, where drugs and simples were sold.

⁶³ *Counter-gate*. The Counter was a prison.

dear friend; and I fear not mine own shame so much as his peril: I had rather than a thousand pound he were out of the house.

Mrs. Page. For shame! never stand "you had rather" and "you had rather:" your husband's here at hand; bethink you of some conveyance: in the house you cannot hide him. O, how have you deceiv'd me! Look, here is a basket: if he be of any reasonable stature, he may creep in here; and throw foul linen upon him, as if it were going to bucking: or — it is whitening-time — send him by your two men to Datchet-mead.

Mrs. Ford. He's too big to go in there. What shall I do?

Fal. [*Coming forward.*] Let me see 't, let me see 't, O, let me see 't! I'll in, I'll in. Follow your friend's counsel. I'll in.

Mrs. Page. What, Sir John Falstaff! Are these your letters, knight?

Fal. I love thee. Help me away. Let me creep in here. I'll never —

[*Gets into the basket; they cover him with foul linen.*]

Mrs. Page. Help to cover your master, boy. Call your men, Mistress Ford. You dissembling knight!

Mrs. Ford. What, John! Robert! John! [*Exit Robin.*]

Re-enter Servants.

Go take up these clothes here quickly. Where's the cowl-staff? look, how you drumble! Carry them to the laundress in Datchet-mead; quickly, come.

Enter FORD, PAGE, CAIUS, and SIR HUGH EVANS.

Ford. Pray you, come near: if I suspect without cause, why then make sport at me; then let me be your jest; I deserve it. How now! whither bear you this?

Serv. To the laundress, forsooth.

Mrs. Ford. Why, what have you to do whither they bear it? You were best meddle with buck-washing.

Ford. Buck! I would I could wash myself of the buck! Buck, buck, buck! Ay, buck; I warrant you, buck; and of the season too, it shall appear. [*Exeunt Servants with the basket.*] Gentlemen, I have dream'd to-night; I'll tell you my dream. Here, here, here be my keys: ascend my chambers; search, seek, find out: I'll warrant we'll unkennel the fox. Let me stop this way first. [*Locking the door.*] So, now uncape.

Page. Good Master Ford, be contented: you wrong yourself too much.

Ford. True, Master Page. Up, gentlemen; you shall see sport anon: follow me, gentlemen. [*Exit.*]

¹²⁰ *cowl-staff* = a staff by which a burden was carried upon the shoulders of two men.

¹²¹ *drumble* = drone.

¹²⁵ *uncape* = unearthen, a hunting term.

Evans. This is fery fantastical humours and jealousies. 140

Caius. By gar, 't is no the fashion of France; it is not jealous in France.

Page. Nay, follow him, gentlemen; see the issue of his search.

[*Exeunt Page, Caius, and Evans.*]

Mrs. Page. Is there not a double excellency in this?

Mrs. Ford. I know not which pleases me better, that my husband is deceived, or Sir John.

Mrs. Page. What a taking was he in when your husband ask'd who was in the basket! 151

Mrs. Ford. I am half afraid he will have need of washing; so throwing him into the water will do him a benefit.

Mrs. Page. Hang him, dishonest rascal! I would all of the same strain were in the same distress.

Mrs. Ford. I think my husband hath some special suspicion of Falstaff's being here; for I never saw him so gross in his jealousy till now.

Mrs. Page. I will lay a plot to try that; and we will yet have more tricks with Falstaff: his dissolute disease will scarce obey this medicine. 159

Mrs. Ford. Shall we send that foolish carrion, Mistress Quickly, to him, and excuse his throwing into the water; and give him another hope, to betray him to another punishment?

Mrs. Page. We will do it: let him be sent for to-morrow, eight o'clock, to have amends.

Re-enter FORD, PAGE, CAIUS, and SIR HUGH EVANS.

Ford. I cannot find him: may be the knave bragg'd of that he could not compass.

Mrs. Page. [*Aside to Mrs. Ford.*] Heard you that?

Mrs. Ford. You use me well, Master Ford, do you?

Ford. Ay, I do so.

Mrs. Ford. Heaven make you better than your thoughts!

Ford. Amen! 171

Mrs. Page. You do yourself mighty wrong, Master Ford.

Ford. Ay, ay; I must bear it.

Evans. If there be any pody in the house, and in the chambers, and in the coffers, and in the presses, heaven forgive my sins at the day of judgement!

Caius. By gar, nor I too; there is no bodies.

Page. Fie, fie, Master Ford! are you not asham'd? What spirit, what devil suggests this imagination? I would not ha' your distemper in this kind for the wealth of Windsor Castle.

Ford. 'T is my fault, Master Page: I suffer for it. 181

Evans. You suffer for a pad conscience: your wife is as honest a 'omans as I will desires among five thousand, and five hundred too.

Caius. By gar, I see 't is an honest woman.

Ford. Well, I promis'd you a dinner. Come, come, walk in the Park : I pray you, pardon me ; I will hereafter make known to you why I have done this. Come, wife ; come, Mistress Page. I pray you, pardon me ; pray heartily, pardon me. 189

Page. Let's go in, gentlemen ; but, trust me, we'll mock him. I do invite you to-morrow morning to my house to breakfast : after, we'll a-birding together ; I have a fine hawk for the bush. Shall it be so ?

Ford. Anything.

Evans. If there is one, I shall make two in the company.

Caius. If dere be one or two, I shall make-a the turd.

Ford. Pray you, go, Master Page.

Evans. I pray you now, remembrance to-morrow on the lousy knave, mine host.

Caius. Dat is good ; by gar, with all my heart ! 200

Evans. A lousy knave, to have his gibes and his mockeries !

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE IV. A room in PAGE'S house.

Enter FENTON and ANNE PAGE.

Fent. I see I cannot get thy father's love ;
Therefore no more turn me to him, sweet Nan.

Anne. Alas, how then ?

Fent. Why, thou must be thyself.

He doth object I am too great of birth ;
And that, my state being gall'd with my expense,
I seek to heal it only by his wealth :
Besides these, other bars he lays before me,
My riots past, my wild societies ;
And tells me 't is a thing impossible
I should love thee but as a property. 10

Anne. May be he tells you true.

Fent. No, heaven so speed me in my time to come !
Albeit I will confess thy father's wealth
Was the first motive that I woo'd thee, Anne :
Yet, wooing thee, I found thee of more value
Than stamps in gold or sums in sealed bags ;
And 't is the very riches of thyself
That now I aim at.

Anne. Gentle Master Fenton,
Yet seek my father's love ; still seek it, sir :
If opportunity and humblest suit
Cannot attain it, why, then, — hark you hither ! 20

[*They converse apart.*]

¹⁴ Was the first motive that I woo'd, etc. Not S.'s grammar : mere carelessness in writing.

Enter SHALLOW, SLENDER, and MISTRESS QUICKLY.

Shal. Break their talk, Mistress Quickly : my kinsman shall speak for himself.

Slen. I'll make a shaft or a bolt on't : 'slid, 't is but venturing.

Shal. Be not dismay'd.

Slen. No, she shall not dismay me : I care not for that, but that I am afeard.

Quick. Hark ye ; Master Slender would speak a word with you.

Anne. I come to him. [*Aside.*] This is my father's choice.
O, what a world of vile ill-favour'd faults
Looks handsome in three hundred pounds a-year ! 31

Quick. And how does good Master Fenton ? Pray you, a word with you.

Shal. She's coming ; to her, coz. O boy, thou hadst a father !

Slen. I had a father, Mistress Anne ; my uncle can tell you good jests of him. Pray you, uncle, tell Mistress Anne the jest, how my father stole two geese out of a pen, good uncle.

Shal. Mistress Anne, my cousin loves you.

Slen. Ay, that I do ; as well as I love any woman in Gloucestershire. 41

Shal. He will maintain you like a gentlewoman.

Slen. Ay, that I will, come cut and long-tail, under the degree of a squire.

Shal. He will make you a hundred and fifty pounds jointure.

Anne. Good Master Shallow, let him woo for himself.

Shal. Marry, I thank you for it ; I thank you for that good comfort. She calls you, coz : I'll leave you.

Anne. Now, Master Slender, —

Slen. Now, good Mistress Anne, — 50

Anne. What is your will ?

Slen. My will ! 'od's heartlings, that's a pretty jest indeed ! I ne'er made my will yet, I thank heaven ; I am not such a sickly creature, I give heaven praise.

Anne. I mean, Master Slender, what would you with me ?

Slen. Truly, for mine own part, I would little or nothing with you. Your father and my uncle hath made motions : if it be my luck, so ; if not, happy man be his dole ! They can tell you how things go better than I can : you may ask your father ; here he comes. 60

Enter PAGE and MISTRESS PAGE.

Page. Now, Master Slender : love him, daughter Anne. Why, how now ! what does Master Fenton here ?

²⁴ *shaft or a bolt* : that is, an arrow or a cross-bow bolt, one thing or another.

²⁴ *'slid* : a maimed slang oath : by God's lid.

⁴³ *cut and long-tail*. A clownish phrase for, those of every degree.

⁴³ *happy man be his dole* = let happiness be doled to him : obsolete and rustic.

You wrong me, sir, thus still to haunt my house :

I told you, sir, my daughter is dispos'd of.

Fent. Nay, Master Page, be not impatient.

Mrs. Page. Good Master Fenton, come not to my child.

Page. She is no match for you.

Fent. Sir, will you hear me ?

Page. No, good Master Fenton.

Come, Master Shallow ; come, son Slender, in.

Knowing my mind, you wrong me, Master Fenton. 70

[*Exeunt Page, Shal., and Slen.*]

Quick. Speak to Mistress Page.

Fent. Good Mistress Page, for that I love your daughter

In such a righteous fashion as I do,

Perforce, against all checks, rebukes and manners,

I must advance the colours of my love

And not retire : let me have your good will.

Anne. Good mother, do not marry me to yond fool.

Mrs. Page. I mean it not ; I seek you a better husband.

Quick. That 's my master, Master Doctor.

Anne. Alas, I had rather be set quick i' th' earth 80

And bowl'd to death with turnips !

Mrs. Page. Come, trouble not yourself. Good Master Fenton,

I will not be your friend nor enemy :

My daughter will I question how she loves you,

And as I find her, so am I affected.

Till then farewell, sir : she must needs go in ;

Her father will be angry.

Fent. Farewell, gentle mistress : farewell, Nan.

[*Exeunt Mrs. Page and Anne.*]

Quick. This is my doing, now : "Nay," said I, "will you cast away your child on a fool, and a physician ? Look on Master Fenton : " this is my doing. 91

Fent. I thank thee ; and I pray thee, once to-night Give me sweet Nan this ring : there 's for thy pains.

Quick. Now heaven send thee good fortune ! [*Exit Fenton.*] A kind heart he hath : a woman would run through fire and water for such a kind heart. But yet I would my master had Mistress Anne ; or I would Master Slender had her ; or, in sooth, I would Master Fenton had her : I will do what I can for them all three ; for so I have promis'd, and I 'll be as good as my word ; but speciously for Master Fenton. Well, I must of another errand to Sir John Falstaff from my two mistresses : what a beast am I to slack it ! [*Exit.*]

SCENE V. *A room in the Garter Inn.**Enter FALSTAFF and BARDOLPH.**Fal.* Bardolph, I say, —*Bard.* Here, sir.

Fal. Go fetch me a quart of sack ; put a toast in 't. [*Exit Bard.*] Have I lived to be carried in a basket, like a barrow of butcher's offal, and to be thrown in the Thames ? Well, if I be serv'd such another trick, I'll have my brains ta'en out and butter'd, and give them to a dog for a new-year's gift. The rogues slighted me into the river with as little remorse as they would have drown'd a blind bitch's puppies, fifteen i' th' litter : and you may know by my size that I have a kind of alacrity in sinking ; if the bottom were as deep as hell, I should down. I had been drown'd, but that the shore was shelvy and shallow, — a death that I abhor ; for the water swells a man ; and what a thing should I have been when I had been swell'd ! I should have been a mountain of mummy.

*Re-enter BARDOLPH, with sack.**Bard.* Here 's Mistress Quickly, sir, to speak with you.

Fal. Come, let me pour in some sack to the Thames water ; for my belly 's as cold as if I had swallow'd snowballs for pills to cool the reins. Call her in.

Bard. Come in, woman !

20

Enter MISTRESS QUICKLY.

Quick. By your leave ; I cry you mercy : give your worship good morrow.

Fal. Take away these chalices. Go brew me a posset of sack finely.

Bard. With eggs, sir ?

Fal. Simple of itself ; I'll no pullet-sperm in my brewage. [*Exit Bardolph.*] How now !

Quick. Marry, sir, I come to your worship from Mistress Ford.

Fal. Mistress Ford ! I have had ford enough ; I was thrown into the ford ; I have my belly full of ford.

31

Quick. Alas the day ! good heart, that was not her fault : she does so take on with her men ; they mistook their erection.

Fal. So did I mine, to build upon a foolish woman's promise.

Quick. Well, she laments, sir, for it, that it would yearn your heart to see it. Her husband goes this morning a-birding ;

⁹ a blind bitch's puppies. Not improbably there is a transposition here, and we should read, a bitch's blind puppies.

²³ a posset. The old copies have *pottle*, for which *posset* might be easily mistaken. Sack was simply sherry wine, and not a brewage ; a sack posset was a common remedy in cases of fatigue and exposure ; moreover, a pottle was two quarts.

she desires you once more to come to her between eight and nine : I must carry her word quickly : she'll make you amends, I warrant you.

Fal. Well, I will visit her : tell her so ; and bid her think what a man is : let her consider his frailty, and then judge of my merit.

Quick. I will tell her.

Fal. Do so. Between nine and ten, say'st thou ?

Quick. Eight and nine, sir.

Fal. Well, be gone : I will not miss her.

Quick. Peace be with you, sir. [Exit.

Fal. I marvel I hear not of Master Brook ; he sent me word to stay within : I like his money well. O, here he comes.

Enter FORD.

Ford. Bless you, sir !

Fal. Now, Master Brook, you come to know what hath pass'd between me and Ford's wife ? 50

Ford. That, indeed, Sir John, is my business.

Fal. Master Brook, I will not lie to you : I was at her house the hour she appointed me.

Ford. And sped you, sir ?

Fal. Very ill-favouredly, Master Brook.

Ford. How so, sir ? Did she change her determination ?

Fal. No, Master Brook ; but the peaking cornuto her husband, Master Brook, dwelling in a continual 'larum of jealousy, comes me in the instant of our encounter, after we had embrac'd, kiss'd, protested, and, as it were, spoke the prologue of our comedy ; and at his heels a rabble of his companions, thither provok'd and instigated by his distemper, and, forsooth, to search his house for his wife's love.

Ford. What, while you were there ?

Fal. While I was there.

Ford. And did he search for you, and could not find you ?

Fal. You shall hear. As good luck would have it, comes in one Mistress Page ; gives intelligence of Ford's approach ; and, in her invention and Ford's wife's distraction, they convey'd me into a buck-basket.

Ford. A buck-basket !

Fal. By the Lord, a buck-basket ! ramm'd me in with foul shirts and smocks, socks, foul stockings, greasy napkins ; that, Master Brook, there was the rankest compound of villanous smell that ever offended nostril.

Ford. And how long lay you there ?

Fal. Nay, you shall hear, Master Brook, what I have suffer'd to bring this woman to evil for your good. Being thus cramm'd in the basket, a couple of Ford's knaves, his hinds,

were call'd forth by their mistress to carry me in the name of foul clothes to Datchet-lane: they took me on their shoulders; met the jealous knave their master in the door, who ask'd them once or twice what they had in their basket: I quak'd for fear, lest the lunatic knave would have search'd it; but fate, ordaining he should be a cuckold, held his hand. Well: on went he for a search, and away went I for foul clothes. But mark the sequel, Master Brook: I suffered the pangs of three several deaths; first, an intolerable fright, to be detected with a jealous rotten bell-wether; next, to be compass'd, like a good bilbo, in the circumference of a peck, hilt to point, heel to head; and then, to be stopp'd in, like a strong distillation, with stinking clothes that fretted in their own grease: think of that, — a man of my kidney, — think of that, — that am as subject to heat as butter; a man of continual dissolution and thaw: it was a miracle to escape suffocation. And in the height of this bath, when I was more than half stew'd in grease, like a Dutch dish, to be thrown into the Thames, and cool'd, glowing hot, in that surge, like a horse-shoe; think of that, — hissing hot, — think of that, Master Brook.

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Ford. In good sadness, sir, I am sorry that for my sake you have suffer'd all this. My suit then is desperate; you'll undertake her no more?

Fal. Master Brook, I will be thrown into Etna, as I have been into Thames, ere I will leave her thus. Her husband is this morning gone a-birding: I have receiv'd from her another embassy of meeting; 'twixt eight and nine is the hour, Master Brook.

Ford. 'Tis past eight already, sir.

110

Fal. Is it? I will then address me to my appointment. Come to me at your convenient leisure, and you shall know how I speed; and the conclusion shall be crowned with your enjoying her. Adieu. You shall have her, Master Brook; Master Brook, you shall cuckold Ford.

[*Exit.*]

Ford. Hum! ha! is this a vision? is this a dream? do I sleep? Master Ford, awake! awake. Master Ford! there's a hole made in your best coat, Master Ford. This 'tis to be married! this 'tis to have linen and buck-baskets! Well, I will proclaim myself what I am: I will now take the lecher; he is at my house; he cannot 'scape me; 'tis impossible he should; he cannot creep into a halfpenny purse, nor into a pepper-box: but, lest the devil that guides him should aid him, I will search impossible places. Though what I am I cannot avoid, yet to be

⁹¹ like a good bilbo. A good Bilboa blade might be bent point to hilt, and would spring back straight again.

what I would not shall not make me tame : if I have horns to make one mad, let the proverb go with me : I'll be horn mad.

[Exit.

ACT IV.

SCENE I. A street.

Enter MISTRESS PAGE, MISTRESS QUICKLY, and WILLIAM.

Mrs. Page. Is he at Master Ford's already, think'st thou?

Quick. Sure he is by this, or will be presently : but, truly, he is very courageous mad about his throwing into the water. Mistress Ford desires you to come suddenly.

Mrs. Page. I'll be with her by and by ; I'll but bring my young man here to school. Look, where his master comes ; 't is a playing-day, I see.

Enter SIR HUGH EVANS.

How now, Sir Hugh ! no school to-day ?

Evans. No ; Master Slender is let the boys leave to play.

Quick. Blessing of his heart !

Mrs. Page. Sir Hugh, my husband says my son profits nothing in the world at his book. I pray you, ask him some questions in his accidence.

Evans. Come hither, William ; hold up your head ; come.

Mrs. Page. Come on, sirrah ; hold up your head ; answer your master, be not afraid.

Evans. William, how many numbers is in nouns ?

Will. Two.

Quick. Truly, I thought there had been one number more, because they say, "'Od's nouns."

Evans. Peace your tattlings ! What is "fair," William ?

Will. Pulcher.

Quick. Polecats ! there are fairer things than polecats, sure.

Evans. You are a very simplicity 'oman : I pray you, peace. What is *lapis*, William ?

Will. A stone.

Evans. And what is "a stone," William ?

Will. A pebble.

Evans. No, it is *lapis* : I pray you, remember in your prain.

Will. Lapis.

Evans. That is a good William. What is he, William, that does lend articles ?

Will. Articles are borrowed of the pronoun, and be thus declined, *Singulariter, nominativo, hic, hæc, hoc.*

Evans. *Nominativo, hig, hag, hog* ; pray you, mark : *genitivo, hujus.* Well, what is your accusative case ?

Will. Accusativo, hinc.

Evans. I pray you, have your remembrance, child ; *accusativo, hung, hang, hog.*

Quick. "Hang-hog" is Latin for bacon, I warrant you. 40

Evans. Leave your prabbles, 'oman. What is the focative case, William ?

Will. O, — *vocativo, O.*

Evans. Remember, William ; focative is *caret.*

Quick. And that's a good root.

Evans. 'Oman, forbear.

Mrs. Page. Peace !

Evans. What is your genitive case plural, William ?

Will. Genitive case !

Evans. Ay.

50

Will. Genitive, *horum, harum, horum.*

Quick. Vengeance of Jinny's case ! fie on her ! never name her, child, if she be a whore.

Evans. For shame, 'oman.

Quick. You do ill to teach the child such words : he teaches him to hick and to hack, which they'll do fast enough of themselves, and to call "horum : " fie upon you !

Evans. 'Oman, art thou lunatics ? hast thou no understandings for thy cases and the numbers of thy genders ? Thou art as foolish Christian creatures as I would desires. 60

Mrs. Page. Prithee, hold thy peace.

Evans. Show me now, William, some declensions of your pronouns.

Will. Forsooth, I have forgot.

Evans. It is *qui, quæ, quod* : if you forget your *quies*, your *quæ*s, and your *quod*s, you must be preeches. Go your ways, and play ; go.

Mrs. Page. He is a better scholar than I thought he was.

Evans. He is a good sprag memory. Farewell, Mistress Page.

Mrs. Page. Adieu, good Sir Hugh. [*Exit Sir Hugh.*] Get you home, boy. Come, we stay too long. 70

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. A room in FORD'S house.

Enter FALSTAFF and MISTRESS FORD.

Fal. Mistress Ford, your sorrow hath eaten up my sufferance. I see you are obsequious in your love, and I profess requital to a hair's breadth ; not only, Mistress Ford, in the simple office of love, but in all the accoutrement, complement and ceremony of it. But are you sure of your husband now ?

Mrs. Ford. He's a-birding, sweet Sir John.

⁶⁰ *sprag* = sprack, quick, ready.

Mrs. Page. [*Within.*] What, ho, gossip Ford! what, ho!

Mrs. Ford. Step into the chamber, Sir John. [*Exit Falstaff.*]

Enter MISTRESS PAGE.

Mrs. Page. How now, sweetheart! who's at home besides yourself? 10

Mrs. Ford. Why, none but mine own people.

Mrs. Page. Indeed!

Mrs. Ford. No, certainly. [*Aside to her.*] Speak louder.

Mrs. Page. Truly, I am so glad you have nobody here.

Mrs. Ford. Why?

Mrs. Page. Why, woman, your husband is in his old luns again: he so takes on yonder with my husband; so rails against all married mankind; so curses all Eve's daughters, of what complexion soever; and so buffets himself on the forehead, crying, "Peer out, peer out!" that any madness I ever yet beheld seemed but tameness, civility and patience, to this his distemper he is in now: I am glad the fat knight is not here.

Mrs. Ford. Why, does he talk of him?

Mrs. Page. Of none but him; and swears he was carried out, the last time he search'd for him, in a basket; protests to my husband he is now here, and hath drawn him and the rest of their company from their sport, to make another experiment of his suspicion: but I am glad the knight is not here; now he shall see his own foolery.

Mrs. Ford. How near is he, Mistress Page? 30

Mrs. Page. Hard by; at street end; he will be here anon.

Mrs. Ford. I am undone! The knight is here.

Mrs. Page. Why then you are utterly sham'd, and he's but a dead man. What a woman are you! — Away with him, away with him! better shame than murder.

Mrs. Ford. Which way should he go? how should I bestow him? Shall I put him into the basket again?

Re-enter FALSTAFF.

Fal. No, I'll come no more i' th' basket. May I not go out ere he come? 39

Mrs. Page. Alas, three of Master Ford's brothers watch the door with pistols, that none shall issue out; otherwise you might slip away ere he came. But what make you here?

Fal. What shall I do? I'll creep up into the chimney.

Mrs. Ford. There they always use to discharge their birding-pieces. Creep into the kill-hole.

Fal. Where is it?

Mrs. Ford. He will seek there, on my word. Neither press, coffer, chest, trunk, well, vault, but he hath an abstract for the remembrance of such places, and goes to them by his note: there is no hiding you in the house. 50

Fal. I'll go out then.

Mrs. Page. If you go out in your own semblance, you die,
Sir John. Unless you go out disguis'd —

Mrs. Ford. How might we disguise him?

Mrs. Page. Alas the day, I know not! There is no woman's gown big enough for him; otherwise he might put on a hat, a muffler and a kerchief, and so escape.

Fal. Good hearts, devise something: any extremity rather than a mischief.

Mrs. Ford. My maid's aunt, the fat woman of Brentford, has a gown above. 61

Mrs. Page. On my word, it will serve him; she's as big as he is: and there's her thrumm'd hat and her muffler too. Run up, Sir John.

Mrs. Ford. Go, go, sweet Sir John: Mistress Page and I will look some linen for your head.

Mrs. Page. Quick, quick! we'll come dress you straight: put on the gown the while. [Exit Falstaff.]

Mrs. Ford. I would my husband would meet him in this shape: he cannot abide the old woman of Brentford; he swears she's a witch; forbade her my house and hath threat'ned to beat her.

Mrs. Page. Heaven guide him to thy husband's cudgel, and the devil guide his cudgel afterwards!

Mrs. Ford. But is my husband coming?

Mrs. Page. Ay, in good sadness, is he; and talks of the basket too, howsoever he hath had intelligence.

Mrs. Ford. We'll try that; for I'll appoint my men to carry the basket again, to meet him at the door with it, as they did last time. 80

Mrs. Page. Nay, but he'll be here presently: let's go dress him like the witch of Brentford.

Mrs. Ford. I'll first direct my men what they shall do with the basket. Go up; I'll bring linen for him straight. [Exit.]

Mrs. Page. Hang him, dishonest varlet! we cannot misuse him enough.

We'll leave a proof, by that which we will do,

Wives may be merry, and yet honest too:

We do not act that often jest and laugh;

'T is old, but true, Still swine eat all the draff. 89

[Exit.]

Re-enter MISTRESS FORD with two Servants.

Mrs. Ford. Go, sirs, take the basket again on your shoulders: your master is hard at door; if he bid you set it down, obey him: quickly, dispatch. [Exit.]

⁶³ *thrumm'd hat*: a hat made of thrums or wool-weaver's leavings. This fat woman of Brentford seems to have been a real and well-known personage, whose name was Gillian.

First Serv. Come, come, take it up.

Sec. Serv. Pray heaven it be not full of knight again.

First Serv. I hope not; I had as lief bear so much lead.

Enter FORD, PAGE, SHALLOW, CAIUS, and SIR HUGH EVANS.

Ford. Ay, but if it prove true, Master Page, have you any way then to unfool me again? Set down the basket, villain! Somebody call my wife. Youth in a basket! O you panderly rascals! there's a knot, a ging, a pack, a conspiracy against me: now shall the devil be sham'd. What, wife, I say! Come, come forth! Behold what honest clothes you send forth to bleaching!

Page. Why, this passes, Master Ford; you are not to go loose any longer; you must be pinion'd.

Evans. Why, this is lunatics! this is mad as a mad dog!

Shal. Indeed, Master Ford, this is not well, indeed.

Ford. So say I too, sir.

Re-enter MISTRESS FORD.

Come hither, Mistress Ford; Mistress Ford, the honest woman, the modest wife, the virtuous creature, that hath the jealous fool to her husband! I suspect without cause, mistress, do I? 111

Mrs. Ford. Heaven be my witness you do, if you suspect me in any dishonesty.

Ford. Well said, brazen-face! hold it out. Come forth, sirrah!

[Pulling clothes out of the basket.]

Page. This passes!

Mrs. Ford. Are you not asham'd? let the clothes alone.

Ford. I shall find you anon.

Evans. 'Tis unreasonable! Will you take up your wife's clothes? Come away. 120

Ford. Empty the basket, I say!

Mrs. Ford. Why, man, why?

Ford. Master Page, as I am a man, there was one convey'd out of my house yesterday in this basket: why may not he be there again? In my house I am sure he is: my intelligence is true; my jealousy is reasonable. Pluck me out all the linen.

Mrs. Ford. If you find a man there, he shall die a flea's death.

Page. Here's no man.

Shal. By my fidelity, this is not well, Master Ford; this wrongs you. 131

Evans. Master Ford, you must pray, and not follow the imaginations of your own heart: this is jealousies.

Ford. Well, he's not here I seek for.

Page. No, nor nowhere else but in your brain.

Ford. Help to search my house this one time. If I find not what I seek, show no colour for my extremity; let me forever

be your table-sport; let them say of me, "As jealous as Ford, that search'd a hollow walnut for his wife's leman." Satisfy me once more; once more search with me.

140

Mrs. Ford. What, ho, Mistress Page! come you and the old woman down; my husband will come into the chamber.

Ford. Old woman! what old woman's that?

Mrs. Ford. Why, it is my maid's aunt of Brentford.

Ford. A witch, a quean, an old cozening quean! Have I not forbid her my house? She comes of errands, does she? We are simple men; we do not know what's brought to pass under the profession of fortune-telling. She works by charms, by spells, by the figure, and such daubery as this is, beyond our element: we know nothing. Come down, you witch, you hag, you; come down, I say!

151

Mrs. Ford. Nay, good, sweet husband! Good gentlemen, let him not strike the old woman.

Re-enter FALSTAFF in woman's clothes, and MISTRESS PAGE.

Mrs. Page. Come, Mother Prat; come, give me your hand.

Ford. I'll prat her. [*Beating him.*] Out of my door, you witch, you hag, you baggage, you polecat, you ronyon! out, out! I'll conjure you, I'll fortune-tell you.

[*Erit Falstaff.*]

Mrs. Page. Are you not asham'd? I think you have kill'd the poor woman.

Mrs. Ford. Nay, he will do it. 'Tis a goodly credit for you.

161

Ford. Hang her, witch!

Evans. By yea and no, I think the 'oman is a witch indeed: I like not when a 'oman has a great peard; I spy a great peard under his muffler.

Ford. Will you follow, gentlemen? I beseech you, follow; see but the issue of my jealousy: if I cry out thus upon no trail, never trust me when I open again.

Page. Let's obey his humour a little further: come, gentlemen.

[*Exeunt Ford, Page, Shal., Caius, and Evans.*]

Mrs. Page. Trust me, he beat him most pitifully.

171

Mrs. Ford. Nay, by the mass, that he did not; he beat him most unpitifully, methought.

Mrs. Page. I'll have the cudgel hallow'd and hung o'er the altar; it hath done meritorious service.

Mrs. Ford. What think you? may we, with the warrant of womanhood and the witness of a good conscience, pursue him with any further revenge?

Mrs. Page. The spirit of wantonness is, sure, scar'd out of him: if the devil have him not in fee-simple, with fine and re-

¹³⁹ leman = lover, but most commonly applied to the woman: pronounced *lém-an*.

¹⁸⁰ fee-simple, fine and recovery, waste: law terms, the first expressing the completest possession, and the second the strongest assurance as to possession of real estate.

covery, he will never, I think, in the way of waste, attempt us again.

Mrs. Ford. Shall we tell our husbands how we have serv'd him?

Mrs. Page. Yes, by all means; if it be but to scrape the figures out of your husband's brains. If they can find in their hearts the poor unvirtuous fat knight shall be any further afflicted, we two will still be the ministers.

Mrs. Ford. I'll warrant they'll have him publicly sham'd: and methinks there would be no period to the jest, should he not be publicly sham'd.

Mrs. Page. Come, to the forge with it then; shape it: I would not have things cool. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *A room in the Garter Inn.*

Enter Host and BARDOLPH.

Bard. Sir, the Germans desire to have three of your horses: the duke himself will be to-morrow at court, and they are going to meet him.

Host. What duke should that be comes so secretly? I hear not of him in the court. Let me speak with the gentlemen: they speak English?

Bard. Ay, sir; I'll call them to you.

Host. They shall have my horses; but I'll make them pay; I'll sauce them: they have had my house a week at command; I have turn'd away my other guests: they must come off; I'll sauce them. Come. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE IV. *A room in FORD'S house.*

Enter PAGE, FORD, MISTRESS PAGE, MISTRESS FORD, and SIR HUGH EVANS.

Evans. 'Tis one of the best discretions of a 'oman as ever I did look upon.

Page. And did he send you both these letters at an instant?

Mrs. Page. Within a quarter of an hour.

Ford. Pardon me, wife. Henceforth do what thou wilt; I rather will suspect the sun with cold
Than thee with wantonness: now doth thy honour stand,
In him that was of late an heretic,
As firm as faith.

Page. 'Tis well, 't is well; no more:
Be not as extreme in submission
As in offence.

10

¹ *the Germans.* This passage probably refers to the visit of a Count Mumplegart to Windsor in 1592.

But let our plot go forward : let our wives
Yet once again, to make us public sport,
Appoint a meeting with this old fat fellow,
Where we may take him and disgrace him for it.

Ford. There is no better way than that they spoke of.

Page. How ? to send him word they 'll meet him in the park
at midnight ? Fie, fie ! he 'll never come.

Evans. You say he has been thrown in the rivers and has
been grievously peaten as an old 'oman : methinks there should
be terrors in him that he should not come ; methinks his flesh is
punish'd, he shall have no desires. 22

Page. So think I too.

Mrs. Ford. Devise but how you 'll use him when he comes,
And let us two devise to bring him thither.

Mrs. Page. There is an old tale goes that Herne the hunter,
Sometime a keeper here in Windsor forest,
Doth all the winter-time, at still midnight,
Walk round about an oak, with great ragg'd horns ;
And there he blasts the tree, and takes the cattle 30
And makes milch-kine yield blood, and shakes a chain
In a most hideous and dreadful manner :
You have heard of such a spirit, and well you know
The superstitious idle-headed eld
Receiv'd and did deliver to our age
This tale of Herne the hunter for a truth.

Page. Why, yet there want not many that do fear
In deep of night to walk by this Herne's oak :
But what of this ?

Mrs. Ford. Marry, this is our device ;
That Falstaff at that oak shall meet with us, 40
Disguis'd like Herne, with huge horns on his head.

Page. Well, let it not be doubted but he 'll come :
And in this shape when you have brought him thither,
What shall be done with him ? what is your plot ?

Mrs. Page. That likewise have we thought upon, and thus :
Nan Page my daughter and my little son
And three or four more of their growth we 'll dress
Like urchins, ouphes, and fairies, green and white,
With rounds of waxen tapers on their heads,
And rattles in their hands : upon a sudden, 50
As Falstaff, she and I, are newly met,
Let them from forth a sawpit rush at once
With some diffused song : upon their sight,
We two in great amazedness will fly :

³⁰ *takes* = bewitches.

⁴⁸ *ouphes* = elves, goblins.

Then let them all encircle him about
 And, fairy-like, to-pinch the unclean knight,
 And ask him why, that hour of fairy revel,
 In their so sacred paths he dares to tread
 In shape profane.

Mrs. Ford. And till he tell the truth,
 Let the supposed fairies pinch him sound 60
 And burn him with their tapers.

Mrs. Page. The truth being known,
 We'll all present ourselves, dis-horn the spirit,
 And mock him home to Windsor.

Ford. The children must
 Be practis'd well to this, or they'll ne'er do't.

Evans. I will teach the children their behaviours; and I will
 be like a jack-an-apes also, to burn the knight with my taber.

Ford. That will be excellent. I'll go and buy them vizards.

Mrs. Page. My Nan shall be the queen of all the fairies,
 Finely attired in a robe of white. 69

Page. That silk will I go buy. [*Aside.*] And in that trim
 Shall Master Slender steal my Nan away
 And marry her at Eton. Go send to Falstaff straight.

Ford. Nay, I'll to him again in name of Brook:
 He'll tell me all his purpose: sure, he'll come.

Mrs. Page. Fear not you that. Go get us properties
 And tricking for our fairies.

Evans. Let us about it: it is admirable pleasures and fery
 honest knaveries. [*Exeunt Page, Ford, and Evans.*]

Mrs. Page. Go, Mistress Ford, 79
 Send quickly to Sir John, to know his mind. [*Exit Mrs. Ford.*]

I'll to the doctor: he hath my good will,
 And none but he, to marry with Nan Page.
 That Slender, though well landed, is an idiot;
 And he my husband best of all affects.

The doctor is well money'd, and his friends
 Potent at court: he, none but he, shall have her,
 Though twenty thousand worthier come to crave her. [*Exit.*]

SCENE V. A room in the Garter Inn.

Enter Host and SIMPLE.

Host. What wouldst thou have, boor? what, thick-skin?
 speak, breathe, discuss; brief, short, quick, snap.

Sim. Marry, sir, I come to speak with Sir John Falstaff
 from Master Slender.

Host. There's his chamber, his house, his castle, his stand-

⁵⁶ to-pinch: that is, pinch, merely; a form now obsolete, but common in S.'s day.

⁷⁰ in that trim. The folio has "in that time," which is just possibly not a misprint.

ing-bed and truckle-bed; 't is painted about with the story of the Prodigal, fresh and new. Go knock and call; he'll speak like an Anthropophaginian unto thee: knock, I say.

Sim. There's an old woman, a fat woman, gone up into his chamber: I'll be so bold as stay, sir, till she come down; I come to speak with her, indeed.

Host. Ha! a fat woman! the knight may be robb'd: I'll call. Bully knight! bully Sir John! speak from thy lungs military: art thou there? it is thine host, thine Ephesian, calls.

Fal. [*Above.*] How now, mine host!

Host. Here's a Bohemian-Tartar tarries the coming down of thy fat woman. Let her descend, bully, let her descend; my chambers are honourable: fie! privacy? fie!

Enter FALSTAFF.

Fal. There was, mine host, an old fat woman even now with me; but she's gone.

Sim. Pray you, sir, was 't not the wise woman of Brentford?

Fal. Ay, marry, was it, mussel-shell: what would you with her?

Sim. My master, sir, Master Slender, sent to her, seeing her go through the streets, to know, sir, whether one Nym, sir, that beguil'd him of a chain, had the chain or no.

Fal. I spake with the old woman about it.

Sim. And what says she, I pray, sir?

Fal. Marry, she says that the very same man that beguil'd Master Slender of his chain cozen'd him of it.

Sim. I would I could have spoken with the woman herself; I had other things to have spoken with her too from him.

Fal. What are they? let us know.

Host. Ay, come; quick.

Sim. I may not conceal them, sir.

Host. Conceal them, or thou diest.

Sim. Why, sir, they were nothing but about Mistress Anne Page; to know if it were my master's fortune to have her or no.

Fal. 'T is, 't is his fortune.

Sim. What, sir?

Fal. To have her, or no. Go; say the woman told me so.

Sim. May I be bold to say so, sir?

Fal. Ay, sir; like who more bold!

Sim. I thank your worship: I shall make my master glad with these tidings.

[*Exit.*]

Host. Thou art clerkly, thou art clerkly, Sir John. Was there a wise woman with thee?

⁴⁵ *like who more bold!* A colloquial exclamation, meaning, who is like to be more bold!

Fal. Ay, that there was, mine host; one that hath taught me more wit than ever I learn'd before in my life; and I paid nothing for it neither, but was paid for my learning.

Enter BARDOLPH.

Bard. Out, alas, sir! cozenage, mere cozenage.

Host. Where be my horses? speak well of them, varletto.

Bard. Run away with the cozeners; for so soon as I came beyond Eton, they threw me off from behind one of them, in a slough of mire; and set spurs and away, like three German devils, three Doctor Faustuses.

Host. They are gone but to meet the duke, villain: do not say they be fled; Germans are honest men. 60

Enter SIR HUGH EVANS.

Evans. Where is mine host?

Host. What is the matter, sir?

Evans. Have a care of your entertainments: there is a friend of mine come to town, tells me there is three cozen-germans that has cozen'd all the hosts of Readins, of Maidenhead, of Colebrook, of horses and money. I tell you for good will, look you: you are wise and full of gibes and vlouting-stocks, and 't is not convenient you should be cozened. Fare you well. *[Exit.]*

Enter DOCTOR CAIUS.

Caius. Vere is mine host de Jarteer?

Host. Here, Master Doctor, in perplexity and doubtful dilemma. 71

Caius. I cannot tell vat is dat: but it is tell-a me dat you make grand preparation for a duke de Jamany: by my trot, dere is no duke dat de court is know to come. I tell you for good vill: adieu. *[Exit.]*

Host. Hue and cry, villain, go! Assist me, knight. I am undone! Fly, run, hue and cry, villain! I am undone!

[Exeunt Host and Bard.]

Fal. I would all the world might be cozen'd; for I have been cozen'd and beaten too. If it should come to the ear of the court, how I have been transformed and how my transformation hath been wash'd and cudgell'd, they would melt me out of my fat drop by drop and liquor fishermen's boots with me: I warrant they would whip me with their fine wits till I were as crest-fallen as a dried pear. I never prosper'd since I forswore myself at primero. Well, if my wind were but long enough to say my prayers, I would repent.

Enter MISTRESS QUICKLY.

Now, whence come you?

Quick. From the two parties, forsooth.

Fal. The devil take one party and his dam the other! and so they shall be both bestowed. I have suffer'd more for their

sakes, more than the villanous inconstancy of man's disposition is able to bear.

Quick. And have not they suffer'd? Yes, I warrant; speciously one of them; Mistress Ford, good heart, is beaten black and blue, that you cannot see a white spot about her.

Fal. What tellest thou me of black and blue? I was beaten myself into all the colours of the rainbow; and I was like to be apprehended for the witch of Brentford: but that my admirable dexterity of wit, my counterfeiting the action of an old woman, deliver'd me, the knave constable had set me i' the stocks, i' th' common stocks, for a witch. 101

Quick. Sir, let me speak with you in your chamber: you shall hear how things go; and, I warrant, to your content. Here is a letter will say somewhat. Good hearts, what ado here is to bring you together! Sure, one of you does not serve heaven well, that you are so cross'd.

Fal. Come up into my chamber.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE VI. *Another room in the Garter Inn.*

Enter FENTON and HOST.

Host. Master Fenton, talk not to me; my mind is heavy: I will give over all.

Fent. Yet hear me speak. Assist me in my purpose, And, as I am a gentleman, I'll give thee A hundred pound in gold more than your loss.

Host. I will hear you, Master Fenton; and I will at the least keep your counsel.

Fent. From time to time I have acquainted you
With the dear love I bear to fair Anne Page;
Who mutually hath answer'd my affection, 10
So far forth as herself might be her chooser,
Even to my wish. I have a letter from her
Of such contents as you will wonder at;
The mirth whereof so larded with my matter,
That neither singly can be manifested,
Without the show of both; fat Falstaff
Hath a great scene: the image of the jest
I'll show you here at large. Hark, good mine host.
To-night at Herne's oak, just 'twixt twelve and one,
Must my sweet Nan present the Fairy Queen; 20
The purpose why, is here: in which disguise,
While other jests are something rank on foot,
Her father hath commanded her to slip
Away with Slender and with him at Eton
Immediately to marry: she hath consented:
Now, sir,

Her mother, ever strong against that match
 And firm for Doctor Caius, hath appointed
 That he shall likewise shuffle her away,
 While other sports are tasking of their minds, 30
 And at the deanery, where a priest attends,
 Straight marry her : to this her mother's plot
 She seemingly obedient likewise hath
 Made promise to the doctor. Now, thus it rests :
 Her father means she shall be all in white,
 And in that habit, when Slender sees his time
 To take her by the hand and bid her go,
 She shall go with him : her mother hath intended,
 The better to denote her to the doctor,
 For they must all be mask'd and vizarded, 40
 That quaint in green she shall be loose enrob'd,
 With ribands pendent, flaring 'bout her head ;
 And when the doctor spies his vantage ripe,
 To pinch her by the hand, and, on that token,
 The maid hath given consent to go with him.

Host. Which means she to deceive, father or mother ?

Fent. Both, my good host, to go along with me :
 And here it rests, that you 'll procure the vicar
 To stay for me at church 'twixt twelve and one,
 And, in the lawful name of marrying, 50
 To give our hearts united ceremony.

Host. Well, husband your device ; I 'll to the vicar :
 Bring you the maid, you shall not lack a priest.

Fent. So shall I evermore be bound to thee ;
 Besides, I 'll make a present recompense.

[*Exeunt.*]

ACT V.

SCENE I. *A room in the Garter Inn.*

Enter FALSTAFF and MISTRESS QUICKLY.

Fal. Prithee, no more prattling ; go. I 'll hold. This is the third time ; I hope good luck lies in odd numbers. Away ! go. They say there is divinity in odd numbers, either in nativity, chance, or death. Away !

Quick. I 'll provide you a chain ; and I 'll do what I can to get you a pair of horns.

Fal. Away, I say ; time wears : hold up your head, and mince.

[*Exit Mrs. Quickly.*]

Enter FORD.

How now, Master Brook ! Master Brook, the matter will be

⁵¹ *united ceremony* = ceremonious union : one of S.'s reckless, but partly unconscious, perversions and inversions for rhythm's sake.

known to-night, or never. Be you in the park about midnight, at Herne's oak, and you shall see wonders. 11

Ford. Went you not to her yesterday, sir, as you told me you had appointed?

Fal. I went to her, Master Brook, as you see, like a poor old man: but I came from her, Master Brook, like a poor old woman. That same knave Ford, her husband, hath the finest mad devil of jealousy in him, Master Brook, that ever govern'd frenzy. I will tell you: he beat me grievously, in the shape of a woman; for in the shape of man, Master Brook, I fear not Goliath with a weaver's beam; because I know also life is a shuttle. I am in haste; go along with me: I'll tell you all, Master Brook. Since I pluck'd geese, play'd truant and whipp'd top, I knew not what 't was to be beaten till lately. Follow me: I'll tell you strange things of this knave Ford, on whom to-night I will be revenged, and I will deliver his wife into your hand. Follow. Strange things in hand, Master Brook! Follow.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *Windsor Park.*

Enter PAGE, SHALLOW, and SLENDER.

Page. Come, come; we'll couch i' the castle-ditch till we see the light of our fairies. Remember, son Slender, my daughter.

Slen. Ay, forsooth; I have spoke with her and we have a nay-word how to know one another: I come to her in white, and cry "mum;" she cries "budget;" and by that we know one another.

Shal. That's good too: but what needs either your "mum" or her "budget"? the white will decipher her well enough. It hath struck ten o'clock. 9

Page. The night is dark; light and spirits will become it well. Heaven prosper our sport! No man means evil but the devil, and we shall know him by his horns. Let's away; follow me. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *A street leading to the Park.*

Enter MISTRESS PAGE, MISTRESS FORD, and DOCTOR CAIUS.

Mrs. Page. Master Doctor, my daughter is in green: when you see your time, take her by the hand, away with her to the deanery, and dispatch it quickly. Go before into the park: we two must go together.

Caius. I know vat I have to do. Adieu.

Mrs. Page. Fare you well, sir. [*Exit Caius.*] My husband will not rejoice so much at the abuse of Falstaff as he will chafe at the doctor's marrying my daughter: but 't is no matter; better a little chiding than a great deal of heart-break.

Mrs. Ford. Where is Nan now and her troop of fairies, and the Welsh devil Hugh?

Mrs. Page. They are all couch'd in a pit hard by Herne's oak, with obscur'd lights; which, at the very instant of Falstaff's and our meeting, they will at once display to the night.

Mrs. Ford. That cannot choose but amaze him.

Mrs. Page. If he be not amaz'd, he will be mock'd; if he be amaz'd, he will every way be mock'd.

Mrs. Ford. We'll betray him finely.

Mrs. Page. Against such lewdsters and their lechery Those that betray them do no treachery.

Mrs. Ford. The hour draws on. To the oak, to the oak!

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE IV. Windsor Park.

Enter SIR HUGH EVANS, disguised, with others as Fairies.

Evans. Trib, trib, fairies; come; and remember your parts: be pold, I pray you; follow me into the pit; and when I give the watch-ords, do as I bid you: come, come; trib, trib.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE V. Another part of the Park.

Enter FALSTAFF, disguised as Herne.

Fal. The Windsor bell hath struck twelve; the minute draws on. Now, the hot-blooded gods assist me! Remember, Jove, thou wast a bull for thy Europa; love set on thy horns. O powerful love! that, in some respects, makes a beast a man, in some other, a man a beast. You were also, Jupiter, a swan for the love of Leda. O omnipotent Love! how near the god drew to the complexion of a goose! A fault done first in the form of a beast. O Jove, a beastly fault! And then another fault in the semblance of a fowl; think on't, Jove; a foul fault! When gods have hot backs, what shall poor men do? For me, I am here a Windsor stag; and the fattest, I think, i' th' forest. Send me a cool rut-time, Jove, or who can blame me to piss my tal-low? Who comes here? my doe?

Enter MISTRESS FORD and MISTRESS PAGE.

Mrs. Ford. Sir John! art thou there, my deer? my male deer?

Fal. My doe with the black scut! Let the sky rain potatoes; let it thunder to the tune of Green Sleeves, hail kissing-comfits and snow eringoes; let there come a tempest of provocation, I will shelter me here.

Mrs. Ford. Mistress Page is come with me, sweetheart.

20

¹⁶ potatoes — eringoes. Both these roots were supposed to be provocatives to love and desire.

Fal. Divide me like a brib'd buck, each a haunch : I will keep my sides to myself, my shoulders for the fellow of this walk, and my horns I bequeath your husbands. Am I a woodman, ha ? Speak I like Herne the hunter ? Why, now is Cupid a child of conscience ; he makes restitution. As I am a true spirit, welcome !

[Noise within.

Mrs. Page. Alas, what noise ?

Mrs. Ford. Heaven forgive our sins !

Fal. What should this be ?

29

Mrs. Ford. } Away, away !

Mrs. Page. }

[They run off.

Fal. I think the devil will not have me damn'd, lest the oil that's in me should set hell on fire ; he would never else cross me thus.

Enter SIR HUGH EVANS, *disguised as before* ; PISTOL, *as Hobgoblin* ; MISTRESS QUICKLY, ANNE PAGE, *and others, as Fairies, with tapers.*

Quick. Fairies, black, grey, green, and white,
You moonshine revellers, and shades of night,
You orphan heirs of fixed destiny,
Attend your office and your quality.
Crier Hobgoblin, make the fairy oyes.

Pist. Elves, list your names ; silence, you airy toys.
Cricket, to Windsor chimneys shalt thou leap :
Where fires thou find'st unrak'd and hearths unswept,
There pinch the maids as blue as bilberry :
Our radiant queen hates sluts and sluttery.

40

Fal. They are fairies ; he that speaks to them shall die :
I'll wink and couch : no man their works must eye.

[Lies down upon his face.

Evans. Where's Pede ? Go you, and where you find a maid
That, ere she sleep, has thrice her prayers said,
Rein up the organs of her fantasy ;
Sleep she as sound as careless infancy :
But those as sleep and think not on their sins,
Pinch them, arms, leks, backs, shoulders, sides and shins.

50

Quick. About, about ;
Search Windsor Castle, elves, within and out :
Strew good luck, ouphes, on every sacred room :
That it may stand till the perpetual doom,
In state as wholesome as in state 't is fit,
Worthy the owner, and the owner it.
The several chairs of order look you scour

²¹ a brib'd buck. Bribe here is the old French word *bribes*. A bribed buck was one cut up and divided among several people.

²⁶ heirs of fixed destiny : that is, inheritors of a fixed destiny.

²⁸ oyes. The cry of the clerk of a court : old Fr., meaning, hear ye ! a dissyllable, but here a monosyllable, as the rhyme shows. The rhyme of the next two lines was perfect. Strange as it may seem, *leap* was pronounced *lep*, and *swept*, *swep*.

With juice of balm and every precious flower :
 Each fair instalment, coat, and several crest, 60
 With loyal blazon, evermore be blest !
 And nightly, meadow-fairies, look you sing,
 Like to the Garter's compass, in a ring :
 The expressure that it bears, green let it be,
 More fertile-fresh than all the field to see ;
 And "*Honi soit qui mal y pense*" write
 In emerald tufts, flowers purple, blue, and white ;
 Like sapphire, pearl and rich embroidery,
 Buckled below fair knighthood's bending knee :
 Fairies use flowers for their charactery. 70
 Away ; disperse : but till 't is one o'clock,
 Our dance of custom round about the oak
 Of Herne the hunter, let us not forget.

Evans. Pray you, lock hant in hant ; yourselves in order set ;
 And twenty glow-worms shall our lanterns pe,
 To guide our measure round about the tree.
 But, stay ; I smell a man of middle-earth.

Fal. Heavens defend me from that Welsh fairy, lest he
 transform me to a piece of cheese !

Pist. Vile worm, thou wast o'erlook'd even in thy birth. 80

Quick. With trial-fire touch me his finger-end :
 If he be chaste, the flame will back descend
 And turn him to no pain ; but if he start,
 It is the flesh of a corrupted heart.

Pist. A trial, come.

Evans. Come, will this wood take fire ?

[*They burn him with their tapers.*]

Fal. Oh, Oh, Oh !

Quick. Corrupt, corrupt, and tainted in desire !
 About him, fairies ; sing a scornful rhyme ;
 And, as you trip, still pinch him to your time.

SONG.

Fie on sinful fantasy !
 Fie on lust and luxury ! 90
 Lust is but a bloody fire,
 Kindled with unchaste desire,
 Fed in heart, whose flames aspire
 As thoughts do blow them, higher and higher.
 Pinch him, fairies, mutually ;
 Pinch him for his villany ;
 Pinch him, and burn him, and turn him about,
 Till candles and starlight and moonshine be out.

During this song they pinch FALSTAFF. DOCTOR CAIUS comes one way, and steals away a boy in green ; SLENDER another way, and takes off a boy in white ; and FENTON comes, and steals away ANNE PAGE. A noise of hunting is heard within. All the Fairies run away. FALSTAFF pulls off his buck's head, and rises.

Enter PAGE, FORD, MISTRESS PAGE, and MISTRESS FORD.

Page. Nay, do not fly; I think we have watch'd you now :
Will none but Herne the hunter serve your turn ? 101

Mrs. Page. I pray you, come, hold up the jest no higher.
Now, good Sir John, how like you Windsor wives ?
See you these, husband ? do not these fairy oaks
Become the forest better than the town ?

Ford. Now, sir, who's a cuckold now ? Master Brook, Falstaff's a knave, a cuckoldly knave ; here are his horns, Master Brook : and, Master Brook, he hath enjoy'd nothing of Ford's but his buck-basket, his cudgel, and twenty pounds of money, which must be paid to Master Brook ; his horses are arrested for it, Master Brook. 111

Mrs. Ford. Sir John, we have had ill luck ; we could never meet. I will never take you for my love again ; but I will always count you my deer.

Fal. I do begin to perceive that I am made an ass.

Ford. Ay, and an ox too : both the proofs are extant.

Fal. And these are not fairies ? I was three or four times in the thought they were not fairies : and yet the guiltiness of my mind, the sudden surprise of my powers, drove the grossness of the foppery into a receiv'd belief, in despite of the teeth of all rhyme and reason, that they were fairies. See now how wit may be made a Jack-a-Lent, when 't is upon ill employment !

Evans. Sir John Falstaff, serve Got, and leave your tesires, and fairies will not pinse you.

Ford. Well said, fairy Hugh.

Evans. And leave your jealousies too, I pray you.

Ford. I will never mistrust my wife again, till thou art able to woo her in good English.

Fal. Have I laid my brain in the sun and dri'd it, that it wants matter to prevent so gross o'erreaching as this ? Am I ridden with a Welsh goat too ? shall I have a coxcomb of frieze ? 'T is time I were chok'd with a piece of toasted cheese.

Evans. Seese is not good to give putter ; your belly is all putter.

Fal. "Seese" and "putter" ! have I liv'd to stand at the taunt of one that makes fritters of English ? This is enough to be the decay of lust and late-walking through the realm.

Mrs. Page. Why, Sir John, do you think, though we would have thrust virtue out of our hearts by the head and shoulders and have given ourselves without scruple to hell, that ever the devil could have made you our delight ? 141

Ford. What, a hodge-pudding ? a bag of flax ?

¹⁰⁴ *fairy oaks.* The folio has "fair yoakes," in which the *y* seems to have been shifted from the first word to the second. But even thus the passage is obscure, and may be corrupt.

Mrs. Page. A puff'd man?

Page. Old, cold, wither'd and of intolerable entrails?

Ford. And one that is as slanderous as Satan?

Page. And as poor as Job?

Ford. And as wicked as his wife?

Evans. And given to fornications, and to taverns and sack and wine and metheglins, and to trinkings and swearings and starings, pribbles and prabbles? 150

Fal. Well, I am your theme: you have the start of me; I am dejected; I am not able to answer the Welsh flannel; ignorance itself is a plummet o'er me: use me as you will.

Ford. Marry, sir, we'll bring you to Windsor, to one Master Brook, that you have cozen'd of money, to whom you should have been a pander: over and above that you have suffer'd, I think to repay that money will be a biting affliction.

Page. Yet be cheerful, knight: thou shalt eat a posset to-night at my house; where I will desire thee to laugh at my wife, that now laughs at thee: tell her Master Slender hath married her daughter. 161

Mrs. Page. [*Aside.*] Doctors doubt that: if Anne Page be my daughter, she is, by this, Doctor Caius' wife.

Enter SLENDER.

Slen. Whoa, ho! ho, father Page!

Page. Son, how now! how now, son! have you dispatch'd?

Slen. Dispatch'd! I'll make the best in Gloucestershire know on 't; would I were hang'd, la, else!

Page. Of what, son?

Slen. I came yonder at Eton to marry Mistress Anne Page, and she's a great lubberly boy. If it had not been i' th' church, I would have swing'd him, or he should have swing'd me. If I did not think it had been Anne Page, would I might never stir! — and 't is a postmaster's boy.

Page. Upon my life, then, you took the wrong.

Slen. What need you tell me that? I think so, when I took a boy for a girl. If I had been married to him, for all he was in woman's apparel, I would not have had him.

Page. Why, this is your own folly. Did not I tell you how you should know my daughter by her garments? 179

Slen. I went to her in white, and cried "mum," and she cried "budget," as Anne and I had appointed; and yet it was not Anne, but a postmaster's boy.

Mrs. Page. Good George, be not angry: I knew of your purpose; turn'd my daughter into green; and, indeed, she is now with the Doctor at the deanery, and there married.

Enter CAIUS.

Caius. Vere is Mistress Page? By gar, I am cozened: I

ha' married un garçon, a boy ; un paysan, by gar, a boy ; it is not Anne Page : by gar, I am cozened.

Mrs. Page. Why, did you take her in green ? 189

Caius. Ay, by gar, and 't is a boy : by gar, I 'll raise all Windsor. [Exit.

Ford. This is strange. Who hath got the right Anne ?

Page. My heart misgives me : here comes Master Fenton.

Enter FENTON and ANNE PAGE.

How now, Master Fenton !

Anne. Pardon, good father ! good my mother, pardon !

Page. Now, mistress, how chance you went not with Master Slender ?

Mrs. Page. Why went you not with Master Doctor, maid ?

Fent. You do amaze her : hear the truth of it.

You would have married her most shamefully, 200

Where there was no proportion held in love.

The truth is, she and I, long since contracted,

Are now so sure that nothing can dissolve us.

The offence is holy that she hath committed ;

And this deceit loses the name of craft,

Of disobedience, or unduteous title,

Since therein she doth evitate and shun

A thousand irreligious cursed hours,

Which forced marriage would have brought upon her.

Ford. Stand not amaz'd ; here is no remedy : 210

In love the heavens themselves do guide the state ;

Money buys lands, and wives are sold by fate.

Fal. I am glad, though you have ta'en a special stand to strike at me, that your arrow hath glanc'd.

Page. Well, what remedy ? Fenton, heaven give thee joy ! What cannot be eschew'd must be embrac'd.

Fal. When night-dogs run, all sorts of deer are chas'd.

Mrs. Page. Well, I will muse no further. Master Fenton, Heaven give you many, many merry days !

Good husband, let us every one go home, 220

And laugh this sport o'er by a country fire ;

Sir John and all.

Ford. Let it be so. Sir John,

To Master Brook you yet shall hold your word ;

For he to-night shall lie with Mistress Ford.

[*Exeunt.*

²⁰⁷ *evitate* = shun : the French *éviter*. Such a use of two words of the same meaning, one generally of Latin origin and the other English, was common until a late period.

MEASURE FOR MEASURE.

INTRODUCTION.

MEASURE FOR MEASURE is a product of Shakespeare's most thoughtful period; and we might also say of his gloomiest mood, were it not that his mood seems to have been always determined by the tale that he dramatized or the play that he re-wrote. Yet his choice of these may have been influenced by his prevailing tone of mind at the time of choosing. It is to be remarked, however, that the plot of this play, which casts over it a shadow that cannot be lifted, is broken up and relieved by scenes of humor which are in Shakespeare's lightest and most mirth-provoking style. The plot and the principal personages are taken from George Whetstone's *Promos and Cassandra*, a drama published in 1578, but not acted. The story is also told in the same writer's *Heptameron*, a collection of tales published in 1582. Whetstone himself found the story in Giraldi Cinthio's *Hecatommithi*, but he amplified and improved it much; and then came Shakespeare to touch it with immortality. This, however, he did, not by changes in construction or in motive, as to which he was always reserved, but merely by the elevation of his thought and the magic of his style. *Measure for Measure* was first printed in the folio of 1623, and no contemporary reference to it has been discovered; a record, in a book of accounts of Revels at Court, of its performance before James in 1604, upon which conclusions were formerly rested as to the date of its production, having proved to be a forgery. But its style, its tone of thought, its versification, and an allusion in the first scene to King James's personal reserve, combine to indicate 1603 or 1604 as the time of its production. The text is on the whole well printed in the folio; but there are some very obscure passages, and a few which are surely corrupt, — the corruption being a consequence of the obscurity. The period of the action is about 1485, when Corvinus, the King of Hungary mentioned in Act I. Sc. 2, marched upon Vienna and took it.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

VINCENTIO, *the Duke.*

ANGELO, *the Deputy.*

ESCALUS, *an ancient Lord.*

CLAUDIO, *a young gentleman.*

LUCIO, *a fantastic.*

Two other like gentlemen.

Provost.

THOMAS, } *two friars.*

PETER, }

A Justice.

VARRIUS.

ELBOW, *a simple constable.*

FROTH, *a foolish gentleman.*

POMPEY, *servant to Mistress Overdone.*

ABHORSON, *an executioner.*

BARNARDINE, *a dissolute prisoner.*

ISABELLA, *sister to Claudio.*

MAFIANA, *betrothed to Angelo.*

JULIET, *beloved of Claudio.*

FRANCISCA, *a nun.*

MISTRESS OVERDONE, *a bawd.*

Lords, Officers, Citizens, Boy, and Attendants.

SCENE: Vienna.

MEASURE FOR MEASURE.

ACT I.

SCENE I. *An apartment in the DUKE'S palace.*

Enter DUKE, ESCALUS, Lords, and Attendants.

Duke. Escalus.

Escal. My lord.

Duke. Of government the properties to unfold,
Would seem in me to affect speech and discourse ;
Since I am put to know that your own science
Exceeds, in that, the lists of all advice
My strength can give you : then no more remains,
But that to your sufficiency

. as your worth is able,
And let them work. The nature of our people,

10

Our city's institutions, and the terms

For common justice, you 're as pregnant in

As art and practice hath enriched any

That we remember. There is our commission,

From which we would not have you warp. Call hither,
I say, bid come before us Angelo.

[Exit an Attendant.]

What figure of us think you he will bear ?

For you must know, we have with special soul

Elected him our absence to supply,

Lent him our terror, dress'd him with our love,

20

And given his deputation all the organs

Of our own power : what think you of it ?

Escal. If any in Vienna be of worth

To undergo such ample grace and honour,
It is Lord Angelo.

Duke.

Look where he comes.

Enter ANGELO.

Ang. Always obedient to your grace's will,
I come to know your pleasure.

Duke.

Angelo,

There is a kind of character in thy life,

⁸ *But that to your sufficiency* This passage is hopelessly mutilated.

That to the observer doth thy history
 Fully unfold. Thyself and thy belongings 30
 Are not thine own so proper as to waste
 Thyself upon thy virtues, they on thee.
 Heaven doth with us as we with torches do,
 Not light them for themselves ; for if our virtues
 Did not go forth of us, 't were all alike
 As if we had them not. Spirits are not finely touch'd
 But to fine issues, nor Nature never lends,
 The smallest scruple of her excellence,
 But, like a thrifty goddess, she determines
 Herself the glory of a creditor, 40
 Both thanks and use. But I do bend my speech
 To one that can my part in him advertise ;
 Hold therefore, Angelo, [our power and place.]
 In our remove be thou at full ourself :
 Mortality and mercy in Vienna
 Live in thy tongue and heart : old Escalus,
 Though first in question, is thy secondary.
 Take thy commission.

Ang. Now, good my lord,
 Let there be some more test made of my metal,
 Before so noble and so great a figure 50
 Be stamp'd upon it.

Duke. No more evasion :
 We have with a leaven'd and prepared choice
 Proceeded to you ; therefore take your honours.
 Our haste from hence is of so quick condition
 That it prefers itself and leaves unquestion'd
 Matters of needful value. We shall write to you,
 As time and our concernings shall importune,
 How it goes with us, and do look to know
 What doth befall you here. So, fare you well :
 To th' hopeful execution do I leave you 60
 Of your commissions.

Ang. Yet give leave, my lord,
 That we may bring you something on the way.

Duke. My haste may not admit it ;
 Nor need you, on mine honour, have to do
 With any scruple ; your scope is as mine own,
 So to enforce or qualify the laws
 As to your soul seems good. Give me your hand :

³² *they on thee.* Loosely written and elliptical, but plain enough.

⁴² *advertise* : accented on the second syllable.

⁴³ *our power and place.* The folio leaves this line imperfect. The deficiency is supplied from the Duke's speech in the next scene but one, in which he sets forth his action in this.

⁵⁷ *importune* : accented on the second syllable.

I'll privily away. I love the people,
 But do not like to stage me to their eyes :
 Though it do well, I do not relish well
 Their loud applause and Aves vehement ;
 Nor do I think the man of safe discretion
 That does affect it. Once more, fare you well.

70

Ang. The heavens give safety to your purposes !

Escal. Lead forth and bring you back in happiness !

Duke. I thank you. Fare you well.

[Exit.

Escal. I shall desire you, sir, to give me leave
 To have free speech with you ; and it concerns me
 To look into the bottom of my place :
 A power I have, but of what strength and nature
 I am not yet instructed.

80

Ang. 'T is so with me. Let us withdraw together,
 And we may soon our satisfaction have
 Touching that point.

Escal. I'll wait upon your honour.

[Exeunt.

SCENE II. A street.

Enter LUCIO and two Gentlemen.

Lucio. If the Duke with the other dukes come not to composition with the King of Hungary, why then all the dukes fall upon the king.

First Gent. Heaven grant us its peace, but not the King of Hungary's !

Sec. Gent. Amen.

Lucio. Thou concludest like the sanctimonious pirate, that went to sea with the Ten Commandments, but scrap'd one out of the table.

Sec. Gent. "Thou shalt not steal" ?

10

Lucio. Ay, that he raz'd.

First Gent. Why, 't was a commandment to command the captain and all the rest from their functions : they put forth to steal. There's not a soldier of us all, that, in the thanksgiving before meat, do relish the petition well that prays for peace.

Sec. Gent. I never heard any soldier dislike it.

Lucio. I believe thee ; for I think thou never wast where grace was said.

Sec. Gent. No ? a dozen times at least.

First Gent. What, in metre ?

20

Lucio. In any proportion or in any language.

First Gent. I think, or in any religion.

Lucio. Ay, why not ? Grace is grace, despite of all controversy : as, for example, thou thyself art a wicked villain, despite of all grace.

First Gent. Well, there went but a pair of shears between us.

Lucio. I grant; as there may between the lists and the velvet. Thou art the list.

First Gent. And thou the velvet: thou art good velvet; thou 'rt a three-pil'd piece, I warrant thee: I had as lief be a list of an English kersey as be pil'd, as thou art pil'd, for a French velvet. Do I speak feelingly now?

Lucio. I think thou dost; and, indeed, with most painful feeling of thy speech: I will, out of thine own confession, learn to begin thy health; but, whilst I live, forget to drink after thee.

First Gent. I think I have done myself wrong, have I not?

Sec. Gent. Yes, that thou hast, whether thou art tainted or free. 39

Lucio. Behold, behold, where Madam Mitigation comes! I have purchas'd as many diseases under her roof as come to —

Sec. Gent. To what, I pray?

Lucio. Judge.

Sec. Gent. To three thousand dolours a year.

First Gent. Ay, and more.

Lucio. A French crown more.

First Gent. Thou art always figuring diseases in me; but thou art full of error; I am sound.

Lucio. Nay, not as one would say, healthy; but so sound as things that are hollow: thy bones are hollow; impiety has made a feast of thee. 51

Enter MISTRESS OVERDONE.

First Gent. How now! which of your hips has the most profound sciatica?

Mrs. Ov. Well, well; there's one yonder arrested and carried to prison was worth five thousand of you all.

Sec. Gent. Who's that, I pray thee?

Mrs. Ov. Marry, sir, that's Claudio, Signior Claudio.

First Gent. Claudio to prison? 't is not so.

Mrs. Ov. Nay, but I know 't is so: I saw him arrested, saw him carried away; and, which is more, within these three days his head's to be chopp'd off. 61

Lucio. But, after all this fooling, I would not have it so. Art thou sure of this?

Mrs. Ov. I am too sure of it: and it is for getting Madam Julietta with child.

Lucio. Believe me, this may be: he promis'd to meet me two hours since, and he was ever precise in promise-keeping.

Sec. Gent. Besides, you know, it draws something near to the speech we had to such a purpose. 69

First Gent. But, most of all, agreeing with the proclamation.

²⁸ but a pair of shears between us: that is, we were both of one piece.

⁴⁵ A French crown: one of S.'s many allusions to what was called the French disease.

Lucio. Away ! let 's go learn the truth of it.

[*Exeunt Lucio and Gentlemen.*]

Mrs. Ov. Thus, what with the war, what with the sweat, what with the gallows and what with poverty, I am custom-shrunk.

Enter POMPEY.

How now ! what 's the news with you ?

Pom. Yonder man is carried to prison.

Mrs. Ov. Well ; what has he done ?

Pom. A woman.

Mrs. Ov. But what 's his offence ?

Pom. Groping for trouts in a peculiar river.

Mrs. Ov. What, is there a maid with child by him ? 80

Pom. No, but there 's a woman with maid by him. You have not heard of the proclamation, have you ?

Mrs. Ov. What proclamation, man ?

Pom. All houses in the suburbs of Vienna must be pluck'd down.

Mrs. Ov. And what shall become of those in the city ?

Pom. They shall stand for seed : they had gone down too, but that a wise burgher put in for them.

Mrs. Ov. But shall all our houses of resort in the suburbs be pull'd down ? 90

Pom. To the ground, mistress.

Mrs. Ov. Why, here 's a change indeed in the commonwealth ! What shall become of me ?

Pom. Come ; fear not you : good counsellors lack no clients : though you change your place, you need not change your trade ; I 'll be your tapster still. Courage ! there will be pity taken on you : you that have worn your eyes almost out in the service, you will be considered.

Mrs. Ov. What 's to do here, Thomas tapster ? let 's withdraw. 100

Pom. Here comes Signior Claudio, led by the provost to prison ; and there 's Madam Juliet. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III.

Enter Provost, CLAUDIO, JULIET, and Officers.

Claud. Fellow, why dost thou show me thus to the world ? Bear me to prison, where I am committed.

⁷² *the sweat* = the sweating sickness, a kind of plague.

⁸⁴ *the suburbs.* Women like Mrs. Overdone and her company lived mostly in the suburbs of London in S.'s day.

SCENE III. There is really no new scene here, unless according to the French system of making a new scene on the incoming of a new personage and a new interest ; but the division is made in the folio, it has been preserved for two hundred and fifty years, and as there is an entirely new action, we may well yield to time-honored custom. Moreover, we shall thus conform to Mrs. Cowden Clarke's Concordance, a product of enthusiasm and patience which deserves great and continued consideration.

Prov. I do it not in evil disposition,
But from Lord Angelo by special charge.

Claud. Thus can the demigod authority
Make us pay down for our offence by weight
The words of heaven ; on whom it will, it will ;
On whom it will not, so ; yet still 't is just.

Re-enter LUCIO and two Gentlemen.

Lucio. Why, how now, Claudio ! whence comes this restraint ?

Claud. From too much liberty, my Lucio, liberty : 10
As surfeit is the father of much fast,
So every scope by the immoderate use
Turns to restraint. Our natures do pursue,
Like rats that ravin down their proper bane,
A thirsty evil ; and when we drink we die.

Lucio. If I could speak so wisely under an arrest, I would
send for certain of my creditors : and yet, to say the truth, I
had as lief have the foppery of freedom as the morality of imprisonment. What 's thy offence, Claudio ?

Claud. What but to speak of would offend again. 20

Lucio. What, is 't murder ?

Claud. No.

Lucio. Lechery ?

Claud. Call it so.

Prov. Away, sir ! you must go.

Claud. One word, good friend. Lucio, a word with you.

Lucio. A hundred, if they 'll do you any good.

Is lechery so look'd after ?

Claud. Thus stands it with me : upon a true contract 30
I got possession of Julietta's bed :
You know the lady ; she is fast my wife,
Save that we do the denunciation lack
Of outward order : this we came not to,
Only for propagation of a dower
Remaining in the coffer of her friends,
From whom we thought it meet to hide our love
Till time had made them for us. But it chances
The stealth of our most mutual entertainment
With character too gross is writ on Juliet.

Lucio. With child, perhaps ?

Claud. Unhappily, even so. 40
And the new deputy now for the Duke —
Whether it be the fault and glimpse of newness,
Or whether that the body public be

³² *denunciation.* Denounce was used in the sense of proclaim, set forth.

³⁴ *propagation* was used in the sense of payment.

A horse whereon the governor doth ride,
 Who, newly in the seat, that it may know
 He can command, lets it straight feel the spur ;
 Whether the tyranny be in his place,
 Or in his eminence that fills it up,
 I stagger in : — but this new governor
 Awakes me all the enrolled penalties
 Which have, like unscour'd armour, hung by the wall
 So long that nineteen zodiacs have gone round
 And none of them been worn ; and, for a name,
 Now puts the drowsy and neglected act
 Freshly on me : 't is surely for a name.

50

Lucio. I warrant it is : and thy head stands so tickle on thy
 shoulders that a milkmaid, if she be in love, may sigh it off.
 Send after the Duke and appeal to him.

Claud. I have done so, but he 's not to be found.
 I prithee, Lucio, do me this kind service :
 This day my sister should the cloister enter
 And there receive her approbation :
 Acquaint her with the danger of my state ;
 Implore her, in my voice, that she make friends
 To the strict deputy ; bid herself assay him :
 I have great hope in that ; for in her youth
 There is a prone and speechless dialect,
 Such as move men ; beside, she hath prosperous art
 When she will play with reason and discourse,
 And well she can persuade.

70

Lucio. I pray she may ; as well for the encouragement of
 the like, which else would stand under grievous imposition, as
 for the enjoying of thy life, who I would be sorry should be thus
 foolishly lost at a game of tick-tack. I 'll to her.

Claud. I thank you, good friend Lucio.

Lucio. Within two hours.

Claud.

Come, officer, away !

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE IV. *A monastery.*

Enter DUKE and FRIAR THOMAS.

Duke. No, holy father ; throw away that thought ;
 Believe not that the dribbling dart of love
 Can pierce a complete bosom. Why I desire thee
 To give me secret harbour, hath a purpose
 More grave and wrinkled than the aims and ends
 Of burning youth.

⁴⁹ *I stagger in* : that is, I am uncertain.

⁵² *receive her approbation* : that is, enter upon her probation.

⁶⁷ *prone* = humbly attractive.

Fri. T. May your grace speak of it :

Duke. My holy sir, none better knows than you
How I have ever lov'd the life remov'd,
And held in idle price to haunt assemblies
Where youth, and cost, and witless bravery keeps. 10
I have deliver'd to Lord Angelo,
A man of stricture and firm abstinence,
My absolute power and place here in Vienna,
And he supposes me travell'd to Poland ;
For so I have strew'd it in the common ear,
And so it is receiv'd. Now, pious sir,
You will demand of me why I do this ?

Fri. T. Gladly, my lord.

Duke. We have strict statutes and most biting laws,
The needful bits and curbs to headstrong steeds, 20
Which for this nineteen years we have let sleep ;
Even like an o'ergrown lion in a cave,
That goes not out to prey. Now, as fond fathers,
Having bound up the threatening twigs of birch,
Only to stick it in their children's sight
For terror, not to use, in time the rod
Becomes more mock'd than fear'd ; so our decrees,
Dead to infliction, to themselves are dead ;
And liberty plucks justice by the nose :
The baby beats the nurse, and quite athwart 30
Goes all decorum.

Fri. T. It rested in your grace
To unloose this tied-up justice when you pleas'd :
And it in you more dreadful would have seem'd
Than in Lord Angelo.

Duke. I do fear, too dreadful :
Sith 't was my fault to give the people scope,
'T would be my tyranny to strike and gall them
For what I bid them do : for we bid this be done,
When evil deeds have their permissive pass
And not the punishment. Therefore indeed, my father,
I have on Angelo impos'd the office ; 40
Who may, in the ambush of my name, strike home,
And yet my nature never in the fight
To do in slander. And to behold his sway,
I will, as 't were a brother of your order,
Visit both prince and people : therefore, I prithee,
Supply me with the habit and instruct me
How I may formally in person bear me
Like a true friar. More reasons for this action
At our more leisure shall I render you ;

Only, this one : Lord Angelo is precise ;
Stands at a guard with envy ; scarce confesses
That his blood flows, or that his appetite
Is more to bread than stone : hence shall we see,
If power change purpose, what our seemers be.

50

[*Exeunt.*]SCENE V. *A nunnery.**Enter ISABELLA and FRANCISCA.**Isab.* And have you nuns no farther privileges ?*Fran.* Are not these large enough ?*Isab.* Yes, truly : I speak not as desiring more ;
But rather wishing a more strict restraint
Upon the sisterhood, the votaries of Saint Clare.*Lucio.* [*Within.*] Ho ! Peace be in this place !*Isab.* Who 's that which calls ?*Fran.* It is a man's voice. Gentle Isabella,
Turn you the key, and know his business of him ;
You may, I may not ; you are yet unsworn.
When you have vow'd, you must not speak with men
But in the presence of the prioress :

10

Then, if you speak, you must not show your face,
Or, if you show your face, you must not speak.
He calls again ; I pray you, answer him.[*Exit*]*Isab.* Peace and prosperity ! Who is 't that calls ?*Enter LUCIO.**Lucio.* Hail, virgin, if you be, as those cheek-roses
Proclaim you are no less ! Can you so stead me
As bring me to the sight of Isabella,
A novice of this place and the fair sister
To her unhappy brother Claudio ?

20

Isab. Why her unhappy brother ? let me ask,
The rather for I now must make you know
I am that Isabella and his sister.*Lucio.* Gentle and fair, your brother kindly greets you :
Not to be weary with you, he 's in prison.*Isab.* Woe me ! for what ?*Lucio.* For that which, if myself might be his judge,
He should receive his punishment in thanks :
He hath got his friend with child.*Isab.* Sir, make me not your story.*Lucio.* It is true.

30

I would not — though 't is my familiar sin
With maids to seem the lapwing and to jest,
Tongue far from heart — play with all virgins so :
I hold you as a thing ensky'd and sainted,

By your renouncement an immortal spirit,
And to be talk'd with in sincerity,
As with a saint.

Isab. You do blaspheme the good in mocking me.

Lucio. Do not believe it. Fewness and truth, 't is thus :
Your brother and his lover have embrac'd :
As those that feed grow full, as blossoming time
That from the seedness the bare fallow brings
To teeming foison, even so her plenteous womb
Expresseth his full tilth and husbandry.

40

Isab. Some one with child by him? My cousin Juliet?

Lucio. Is she your cousin?

Isab. Adoptedly; as school-maids change their names
By vain though apt affection.

Lucio. She it is.

Isab. O, let him marry her.

Lucio. This is the point.

The Duke is very strangely gone from hence;
Bore many gentlemen, myself being one,
In hand and hope of action: but we do learn
By those that know the very nerves of state,
His givings-out were of an infinite distance
From his true-meant design. Upon his place,
And with full line of his authority,

50

✓ Governs Lord Angelo; a man whose blood
Is very snow-broth; one who never feels
The wanton stings and motions of the sense,
But doth rebate and blunt his natural edge
With profits of the mind, study and fast.
He — to give fear to use and liberty,
Which have for long run by the hideous law,
As mice by lions — hath pick'd out an act,
Under whose heavy sense your brother's life
Falls into forfeit: he arrests him on it;
And follows close the rigour of the statute,
To make him an example. All hope is gone,
Unless you have the grace by your fair prayer
To soften Angelo: and that's my pith of business
'Twixt you and your poor brother.

60

Isab. Doth he so seek his life?

Lucio. Has censur'd him

Already; and, as I hear, the Provost hath
A warrant for his execution.

Isab. Alas! what poor ability's in me
To do him good?

70

Lucio. Assay the power you have.

Isab. My power? Alas, I doubt —

Lucio. Our doubts are traitors

And make us lose the good we oft might win

By fearing to attempt. Go to Lord Angelo,

And let him learn to know, when maidens sue

80

Men give like gods; but when they weep and kneel,

All their petitions are as freely theirs

As they themselves would owe them.

Isab. I'll see what I can do.

Lucio. But speedily.

Isab. I will about it straight;

No longer staying but to give the mother

Notice of my affair. I humbly thank you:

Commend me to my brother: soon at night

I'll send him certain word of my success.

Lucio. I take my leave of you.

Isab. Good sir, adieu. [Exeunt.]

ACT II.

SCENE I. A hall in ANGELO'S house.

Enter ANGELO, ESCALUS, and a Justice, Provost, Officers, and other Attendants, behind.

Ang. We must not make a scarecrow of the law,

Setting it up to fear the birds of prey,

And let it keep one shape, till custom make it

Their perch and not their terror.

Escal. Ay, but yet

Let us be keen, and rather cut a little,

Than fall, and bruise to death. Alas, this gentleman,

Whom I would save, had a most noble father!

Let but your honour know,

Whom I believe to be most strait in virtue,

That, in the working of your own affections,

10

Had time coher'd with place or place with wishing,

Or that the resolute acting of your blood

Could have attain'd the effect of your own purpose,

Whether you had not sometime in your life

Err'd in this point which now you censure him,

And pull'd the law upon you.

Ang. 'T is one thing to be tempted, Escalus,

⁸⁸ soon at night. This phrase, used at first in its obvious meaning, came to be used vaguely for very soon, as soon as possible.

² fear = scare.

¹⁵ which now you censure. Mere loose writing; the sense is obvious. This play is full of such passages, which need not all be pointed out.

Another thing to fall. I not deny,
 The jury, passing on the prisoner's life,
 May in the sworn twelve have a thief or two 20
 Guiltier than him they try. What's open made to justice,
 That justice seizes : what know the laws
 That thieves do pass on thieves ? 'T is very pregnant,
 The jewel that we find, we stoop and take 't
 Because we see it; but what we do not see
 We tread upon, and never think of it.
 You may not so extenuate his offence
 For I have had such faults ; but rather tell me,
 When I, that censure him, do so offend,
 Let mine own judgement pattern out my death, 30
 And nothing come in partial. Sir, he must die.

Escal. Be it as your wisdom will.

Ang.

Prov. Here, if it like your honour.

Ang.

Where is the Provost ?

See that Claudio

Be executed by nine to-morrow morning :
 Bring him his confessor, let him be prepar'd ;
 For that's the utmost of his pilgrimage.

[*Exit Provost.*]

Escal. [*Aside.*] Well, Heaven forgive him ! and forgive
 us all !

Some rise by sin, and some by virtue fall :
 Some run through brakes of vice, and answer none :
 And some condemned for a fault alone. 40

Enter ELBOW, and Officers, with FROTH and POMPEY.

Elb. Come, bring them away : if these be good people in a
 commonweal that do nothing but use their abuses in common
 houses, I know no law : bring them away.

Ang. How now, sir ! What's your name ? and what's the
 matter ?

Elb. If it please your honour, I am the poor Duke's con-
 stable, and my name is Elbow : I do lean upon justice, sir, and
 do bring in here before your good honour two notorious bene-
 factors.

Ang. Benefactors ? Well ; what benefactors are they ? are
 they not malefactors ? 51

Elb. If it please your honour, I know not well what they
 are : but precise villains they are, that I am sure of ; and void
 of all profanation in the world that good Christians ought to
 have.

Escal. This comes off well ; here's a wise officer.

Ang. Go to : what quality are they of ? Elbow is your name ?
 why dost thou not speak, Elbow ?

Pom. He cannot, sir; he's out at elbow.

Ang. What are you, sir?

60

Elb. He, sir! a tapster, sir; parcel-bawd; one that serves a bad woman; whose house, sir, was, as they say, pluck'd down in the suburbs; and now she professes a hot-house, which, I think, is a very ill house too.

Escal. How know you that?

Elb. My wife, sir, whom I detest before Heaven and your honour, —

Escal. How? thy wife?

Elb. Ay, sir; whom, I thank Heaven, is an honest woman, —

Escal. Dost thou detest her therefore?

70

Elb. I say, sir, I will detest myself also, as well as she, that this house, if it be not a bawd's house, it is pity of her life, for it is a naughty house.

Escal. How dost thou know that, constable?

Elb. Marry, sir, by my wife; who, if she had been a woman cardinally given, might have been accus'd in fornication, adultery, and all uncleanness there.

Escal. By the woman's means?

Elb. Ay, sir, by Mistress Overdone's means: but as she spit in his face, so she defied him.

80

Pom. Sir, if it please your honour, this is not so.

Elb. Prove it before these varlets here, thou honourable man; prove it.

Escal. Do you hear how he misplaces?

Pom. Sir, she came in great with child; and longing, saving your honour's reverence, for stew'd prunes; sir, we had but two in the house, which at that very distant time stood, as it were, in a fruit-dish, a dish of some three-pence; your honours have seen such dishes; they are not china dishes, but very good dishes, —

90

Escal. Go to, go to: no matter for the dish, sir.

Pom. No, indeed, sir, not of a pin; you are therein in the right: but to the point. As I say, this Mistress Elbow, being, as I say, with child, and being great-bellied, and longing, as I said, for prunes; and having but two in the dish, as I said, Master Froth here, this very man, having eaten the rest, as I said, and, as I say, paying for them very honestly; for, as you know, Master Froth, I could not give you three-pence again.

Froth. No, indeed.

Pom. Very well; you being then, if you be rememb'ed, cracking the stones of the foresaid prunes, —

101

Froth. Ay, so I did indeed.

⁶¹ *parcel-bawd* = part bawd.

¹⁰⁰ *rememb'ed*. This word was colloquially contracted into three syllables; but it was the third vowel, not the fourth, of the original word which was elided.

Pom. Why, very well ; I telling you then, if you be rememb'ed, that such a one and such a one were past cure of the thing you wot of, unless they kept very good diet, as I told you, —

Froth. All this is true.

Pom. Why, very well, then, —

Escal. Come, you are a tedious fool : to the purpose. What was done to Elbow's wife, that he hath cause to complain of ? Come we to what was done to her. 110

Pom. Sir, your honour cannot come to that yet.

Escal. No, sir, nor I mean it not.

Pom. Sir, but you shall come to it, by your honour's leave. And, I beseech you, look into Master Froth here, sir ; a man of fourscore pound a year ; whose father died at Hallowmas : was 't not at Hallowmas, Master Froth ?

Froth. All-hallond eve.

Pom. Why, very well ; I hope here be truths. He, sir, sitting, as I say, in a lower chair, sir ; 't was in the Bunch of Grapes, where indeed you have a delight to sit, have you not ?

Froth. I have so ; because it is an open room and good for winter.

Pom. Why, very well, then ; I hope here be truths.

Ang. This will last out a night in Russia,
When nights are longest there : I'll take my leave,
And leave you to the hearing of the cause ;
Hoping you'll find good cause to whip them all.

Escal. I think no less. Good morrow to your lordship.

[Exit Angelo.]

Now, sir, come on : what was done to Elbow's wife, once more ?

Pom. Once, sir ? there was nothing done to her once. 130

Elb. I beseech you, sir, ask him what this man did to my wife.

Pom. I beseech your honour, ask me.

Escal. Well, sir ; what did this gentleman to her ?

Pom. I beseech you, sir, look in this gentleman's face. Good Master Froth, look upon his honour ; 't is for a good purpose. Doth your honour mark his face ?

Escal. Ay, sir, very well.

Pom. Nay, I beseech you, mark it well.

Escal. Well, I do so.

Pom. Doth your honour see any harm in his face ? 140

Escal. Why, no.

Pom. I'll be suppos'd upon a book, his face is the worst thing about him. Good, then ; if his face be the worst thing about him, how could Master Froth do the constable's wife any harm ? I would know that of your honour.

¹¹⁹ *Bunch of Grapes.* Rooms in inns had names like this ; and indeed in some inns in England they have them yet.

Escal. He's in the right. Constable, what say you to it?

Elb. First, an it like you, the house is a respected house; next, this is a respected fellow; and his mistress is a respected woman.

Pom. By this hand, sir, his wife is a more respected person than any of us all. 150

Elb. Varlet, thou liest; thou liest, wicked varlet! the time is yet to come that she was ever respected with man, woman, or child.

Pom. Sir, she was respected with him before he married with her.

Escal. Which is the wiser here? Justice or Iniquity? Is this true? 159

Elb. O thou caitiff! O thou varlet! O thou wicked Hannibal! I respected with her before I was married to her! If ever I was respected with her, or she with me, let not your worship think me the poor Duke's officer. Prove this, thou wicked Hannibal, or I'll have mine action of battery on thee.

Escal. If he took you a box o' th' ear, you might have your action of slander too.

Elb. Marry, I thank your good worship for it. What is't your worship's pleasure I shall do with this wicked caitiff?

Escal. Truly, officer, because he hath some offences in him that thou wouldst discover if thou couldst, let him continue in his courses till thou know'st what they are. 171

Elb. Marry, I thank your worship for it. Thou seest, thou wicked varlet, now, what's come upon thee: thou art to continue now, thou varlet; thou art to continue.

Escal. Where were you born, friend?

Froth. Here in Vienna, sir.

Escal. Are you of fourscore pounds a year?

Froth. Yes, an't please you, sir.

Escal. So. What trade are you of, sir?

Pom. A tapster; a poor widow's tapster. 180

Escal. Your mistress' name?

Pom. Mistress Overdone.

Escal. Hath she had any more than one husband?

Pom. Nine, sir; Overdone by the last.

Escal. Nine! Come hither to me, Master Froth. Master Froth, I would not have you acquainted with tapsters: they will draw you, Master Froth, and you will hang them. Get you gone, and let me hear no more of you.

Froth. I thank your worship. For mine own part, I never come into any room in a taphouse, but I am drawn in. 190

Escal. Well, no more of it, Master Froth: farewell. [*Exit*

¹⁸⁰ thou wicked Hannibal: meaning, of course, cannibal.

Froth.] Come you hither to me, Master tapster. What's your name, Master tapster?

Pom. Pompey.

Escal. What else?

Pom. Bum, sir.

Escal. Troth, and your bum is the greatest thing about you; so that in the beastliest sense you are Pompey the Great. Pompey, you are partly a bawd, Pompey, howsoever you colour it in being a tapster, are you not? come, tell me true: it shall be the better for you. 201

Pom. Truly, sir, I am a poor fellow that would live.

Escal. How would you live, Pompey? by being a bawd? What do you think of the trade, Pompey? is it a lawful trade?

Pom. If the law would allow it, sir.

Escal. But the law will not allow it, Pompey; nor it shall not be allowed in Vienna.

Pom. Does your worship mean to geld and spay all the youth of the city?

Escal. No, Pompey. 210

Pom. Truly, sir, in my poor opinion. they will to't then. If your worship will take order for the drabs and the knaves, you need not to fear the bawds.

Escal. There are pretty orders beginning, I can tell you: it is but heading and hanging.

Pom. If you head and hang all that offend that way but for ten year together, you'll be glad to give out a commission for more heads: if this law hold in Vienna ten year, I'll rent the fairest house in it after three-pence a day: if you live to see this come to pass, say Pompey told you so. 220

Escal. Thank you, good Pompey; and, in requital of your prophecy, hark you: I advise you, let me not find you before me again upon any complaint whatsoever; no, not for dwelling where you do: if I do, Pompey, I shall beat you to your tent, and prove a shrewd Cæsar to you; in plain dealing, Pompey, I shall have you whipt: so, for this time, Pompey, fare you well.

Pom. I thank your worship for your good counsel: [*aside*] but I shall follow it as the flesh and fortune shall better determine.

Whip me? No, no; let carman whip his jade: 230
The valiant heart is not whipt out of his trade. [*Erit.*]

Escal. Come hither to me, Master Elbow; come hither, Master constable. How long have you been in this place of constable?

²¹² *three-pence a day.* The folio has *a bay*, which, it is barely possible, may be the true reading, as bay means the distance between certain beams in a house.

²³⁰ *Whip me*, etc. This couplet is probably an interpolation.

Elb. Seven year and a half, sir.

Escal. I thought, by your readiness in the office, you had continued in it some time. You say, seven years together?

Elb. And a half, sir.

Escal. Alas, it hath been great pains to you. They do you wrong to put you so oft upon 't: are there not men in your ward sufficient to serve it? 241

Elb. Faith, sir, few of any wit in such matters: as they are chosen, they are glad to choose me for them; I do it for some piece of money, and go through with all.

Escal. Look you bring me in the names of some six or seven, the most sufficient of your parish.

Elb. To your worship's house, sir?

Escal. To my house. Fare you well. [Exit Elbow.]

What's o'clock, think you?

Just. Eleven, sir. 250

Escal. I pray you home to dinner with me.

Just. I humbly thank you.

Escal. It grieves me for the death of Claudio;
But there's no remedy.

Just. Lord Angelo is severe.

Escal. It is but needful:

Mercy is not itself, that oft looks so;

Pardon is still the nurse of second woe:

But yet, — poor Claudio! There is no remedy.

Come, sir. [Exeunt.]

SCENE II. Another room in the same.

Enter Provost and a Servant.

Serv. He's hearing of a cause; he will come straight:
I'll tell him of you.

Prov. Pray you, do. [Exit Servant.] I'll know
His pleasure; may be he will relent. Alas,
He hath offended but as in a dream!
All sects, all ages smack of this vice; and he
To die for 't!

Enter ANGELO.

Ang. Now, what's the matter, Provost?

Prov. Is it your will Claudio shall die to-morrow?

Ang. Did not I tell thee yea? hadst thou not order?
Why dost thou ask again?

Prov. Lest I might be too rash:
Under your good correction, I have seen, 10
When, after execution, judgement hath
Repented o'er his doom.

⁴ *He hath offended.* The folio, "He hath but as offended."

⁵ *All sects.* Possibly "all sorts."

Ang. Go to ; let that be mine.
Do you your office, or give up your place,
And you shall well be spar'd.

Prov. I crave your honour's pardon.
What shall be done, sir, with the groaning Juliet?
She's very near her hour.

Ang. Dispose of her
To some more fitter place, and that with speed.

Re-enter Servant.

Serv. Here is the sister of the man condemn'd
Desires access to you.

Ang. Hath he a sister?

Prov. Ay, my good lord ; a very virtuous maid,
And to be shortly of a sisterhood,
If not already.

Ang. Well, let her be admitted. *[Exit Servant.]*
See you the fornicatress be remov'd :
Let her have needful, but not lavish, means ;
There shall be order for 't.

Enter ISABELLA and LUCIO.

Prov. God save your honour !

Ang. Stay a little while. *[To Isab.]* You're welcome :
what's your will?

Isab. I am a woeful suitor to your honour,
Please but your honour hear me.

Ang. Well ; what's your suit ?

Isab. There is a vice that most I do abhor,
And most desire should meet the blow of justice ;
For which I would not plead, but that I must ;
For which I must not plead, but that I am
At war 'twixt will and will not. 30

Ang. Well ; the matter ?

Isab. I have a brother is condemn'd to die :
I do beseech you, let it be his fault,
And not my brother.

Prov. *[Aside.]* Heaven give thee moving graces !

Ang. Condemn the fault, and not the actor of it ?
Why, every fault's condemn'd ere it be done :
Mine were the very cipher of a function,
To fine the faults whose fine stands in record,
And let go by the actor. 40

Isab. O just but severe law !
I had a brother, then. Heaven keep your honour !

Lucio. *[Aside to Isab.]* Give't not o'er so : to him again,
entreat him :

Kneel down before him, hang upon his gown :

You are too cold ; if you should need a pin,
You could not with more tame a tongue desire it :
To him, I say !

Isab. Must he needs die ?

Ang. Maiden, no remedy.

Isab. Yes ; I do think that you might pardon him,
And neither heaven nor man grieve at the mercy.

Ang. I will not do 't.

Isab. But can you, if you would ?

Ang. Look, what I will not, that I cannot do.

Isab. But might you do 't, and do the world no wrong,
If so your heart were touch'd with that remorse
As mine is to him ?

Ang. He 's sentenc'd ; 't is too late.

Lucio. [*Aside to Isab.*] You are too cold.

Isab. Too late ? why, no ; I, that do speak a word,
May call it back again. Well, believe this,
No ceremony that to great ones 'longs,
Not the king's crown, nor the deputed sword,
The marshal's truncheon, nor the judge's robe,
Become them with one half so good a grace
As mercy does.

If he had been as you and you as he,
You would have slipt like him ; but he, like you,
Would not have been so stern.

Ang. Pray you, *be gone.

Isab. I would to heaven I had your potency,
And you were Isabel ! should it then be thus ?
No ; I would tell what 't were to be a judge,
And what a prisoner.

Lucio. [*Aside to Isab.*] Ay, touch him ; there 's the vein.

Ang. Your brother is a forfeit of the law,
And you but waste your words.

Isab. Alas, alas !

Why, all the souls that were were forfeit once ;
And He that might the vantage best have took
Found out the remedy. How would you be,
If He, which is the top of judgement, should
But judge you as you are ? O, think on that ;
And mercy then will breathe within your lips,
Like man new made.

Ang. Be you content, fair maid ;

It is the law, not I condemn your brother :
Were he my kinsman, brother, or my son,
It should be thus with him : he must die to-morrow.

Isab. To-morrow ! O, that 's sudden ! Spare him, spare him !

He's not prepared for death. Even for our kitchens
 We kill the fowl of season: shall we serve Heaven
 With less respect than we do minister
 To our gross selves? Good, good my lord, bethink you;
 Who is it that hath died for this offence?
 There's many have committed it.

Lucio. [*Aside to Isab.*] Ay, well said.

Ang. The law hath not been dead, though it hath slept: 90
 Those many had not dar'd to do that evil,
 If but the first that did th' edict infringe
 Had answer'd for his deed: now 't is awake,
 Takes note of what is done; and, like a prophet,
 Looks in a glass, that shows what future evils,
 Either new, or by remissness new-conceived,
 And so in progress to be hatch'd and born,
 Are now to have no successive degrees,
 But, ere they live, to end.

Isab. Yet show some pity.

Ang. I show it most of all when I show justice; 100
 For then I pity those I do not know,
 Which a dismiss'd offence would after gall;
 And do him right that, answering one foul wrong,
 Lives not to act another. Be satisfied;
 Your brother dies to-morrow; be content.

Isab. So you must be the first that gives this sentence,
 And he, that suffers.* O, 't is excellent
 To have a giant's strength; but it is tyrannous
 To use it like a giant.

Lucio. [*Aside to Isab.*] That's well said.

Isab. Could great men thunder 110
 As Jove himself does, Jove would ne'er be quiet;
 For every pelting, petty officer
 Would use his heaven for thunder;
 Nothing but thunder! Merciful Heaven,
 Thou rather with thy sharp and sulphurous bolt
 Split'st the unwedgeable and gnarled oak
 Than the soft myrtle: but man, proud man,
 Drest in a little brief authority,
 Most ignorant of what he's most assur'd,
 His glassy essence, like an angry ape, 120
 Plays such fantastic tricks before high heaven
 As make the angels weep; who, with our spleens,
 Would all themselves laugh mortal.

Lucio. [*Aside to Isab.*] O, to him, to him, wench! he will
 relent;

⁹² *If but the first.* The folio, "If the first," etc.

¹¹² *pelting* = paltry.

He's coming; I perceive 't.

Prov. [*Aside.*] Pray Heaven she win him!

Isab. We cannot weigh our brother with ourself:
Great men may jest with saints; 't is wit in them,
But in the less foul profanation.

Lucio. Thou 'rt i' th' right, girl; more o' that.

Isab. That in the captain's but a cholerick word,
Which in the soldier is flat blasphemy. 130

Lucio. [*Aside to Isab.*] Art avis'd o' that? more on 't.

Ang. Why do you put these sayings upon me?

Isab. Because authority, though it err like others,
Hath yet a kind of medicine in itself,
That skins the vice o' th' top. Go to your bosom;
Knock there, and ask your heart what it doth know
That's like my brother's fault: if it confess
A natural guiltiness such as is his,
Let it not sound a thought upon your tongue 140
Against my brother's life.

Ang. [*Aside.*] She speaks, and 't is
Such sense, that my sense breeds with it. — Fare you well.

Isab. Gentle my lord, turn back.

Ang. I will bethink me: come again to-morrow.

Isab. Hark how I'll bribe you: good my lord, turn back.

Ang. How! bribe me?

Isab. Ay, with such gifts that Heaven shall share with you.

Lucio. [*Aside to Isab.*] You had marr'd all else.

Isab. Not with fond shekels of the tested gold,
Or stones whose rates are either rich or poor 150
As fancy values them; but with true prayers
That shall be up at heaven and enter there
Ere sun-rise, prayers from preserved souls,
From fasting maids whose minds are dedicate
To nothing temporal.

Ang. Well; come to me to-morrow.

Lucio. [*Aside to Isab.*] Go to; 't is well; away!

Isab. Heaven keep your honor safe!

Ang. [*Aside.*] Amen:

For I am that way going to temptation,
Where prayers cross.

Isab. At what hour to-morrow
Shall I attend your lordship?

Ang. At any time 'fore noon. 160

Isab. 'Save your honour! [*Exeunt Isabella, Lucio, and Provost.*]

Ang. From thee, even from thy virtue?

What's this, what's this? Is this her fault or mine?

150 Where prayers cross: that is, his prayers for good guidance cross those which he silently puts up for the possession of Isabella.

The tempter or the tempted, who sins most?

Ha!

Not she; nor doth she tempt: but it is I

That, lying by the violet in the sun,

Do as the carrion does, not as the flower,

Corrupt with virtuous season. Can it be

That modesty may more betray our sense

Than woman's lightness? Having waste ground enough, 170

Shall we desire to raze the sanctuary

And pitch our evils there? O, fie, fie, fie!

What dost thou, or what art thou, Angelo?

Dost thou desire her foully for those things

That make her good? O, let her brother live:

Thieves for their robbery have authority

When judges steal themselves. What, do I love her,

That I desire to hear her speak again,

And feast upon her eyes? What is't I dream on?

O cunning enemy, that, to catch a saint, 180

With saints dost bait thy hook! Most dangerous

Is that temptation that doth goad us on

To sin in loving virtue: never could the strumpet,

With all her double vigour, art and nature,

Once stir my temper; but this virtuous maid

Subdues me quite. Ever till now,

When men were fond, I smil'd and wonder'd how.

[Exit.

SCENE III. A room in a prison.

Enter, severally, DUKE disguised as a friar, and Provost.

Duke. Hail to you, Provost! so I think you are.

Prov. I am the provost. What's your will, good friar?

Duke. Bound by my charity and my blest order,

I come to visit the afflicted spirits

Here in the prison. Do me the common right

To let me see them and to make me know

The nature of their crimes, that I may minister

To them accordingly.

Prov. I would do more than that, if more were needful.

Enter JULIET.

Look, here comes one: a gentlewoman of mine,

Who, falling in the flames of her own youth,

Hath blister'd her report: she is with child;

And he that got it, sentenc'd; a young man

More fit to do another such offence

Than die for this.

10

¹⁷² evils = offal, foul refuse of all kinds.

Duke. When must he die?

Prov.

As I do think, to-morrow.

I have provided for you: stay awhile,

[*To Juliet.*

And you shall be conducted.

Duke. Repent you, fair one, of the sin you carry?

Jul. I do; and bear the shame most patiently.

20

Duke. I'll teach you how you shall arraign your conscience,
And try your penitence, if it be sound,
Or hollowly put on.

Jul. I'll gladly learn. *

Duke. Love you the man that wrong'd you?

Jul. Yes, as I love the woman that wrong'd him.

Duke. So then it seems your most offenceful act
Was mutually committed?

Jul. Mutually.

Duke. Then was your sin of heavier kind than his.

Jul. I do confess it, and repent it, father.

Duke. 'Tis meet so, daughter: but lest you do repent, 30
As that the sin hath brought you to this shame,
Which sorrow is always towards ourselves, not heaven,
Showing we would not spare heaven as we love it,
But as we stand in fear,—

Jul. I do repent me, as it is an evil,
And take the shame with joy.

Duke. There rest.

Your partner, as I hear, must die to-morrow,

And I am going with instruction to him.

Grace go with you, Benedicite!

[*Exit.*

Jul. Must die to-morrow! O injurious law, 40
That respites me a life whose very comfort
Is still a dying horror!

Prov.

'Tis pity of him.

[*Exeunt.*

SCENE IV. A room in ANGELO'S house.

Enter ANGELO.

Ang. When I would pray and think, I think and pray
To several subjects. Heaven hath my empty words;
Whilst my invention, hearing not my tongue,
Anchors on Isabel: Heaven in my mouth,
As if I did but only chew his name;
And in my heart the strong and swelling evil
Of my conception. The state, whereon I studied,

* several subjects. Here *several* has its proper meaning, separated, severed.

4 Heaven in my mouth. Here and in the second line above S. doubtless wrote *God*, which was changed in the stage copy to comply with a statute against profanity.

Is like a good thing, being often read,
 Grown sear'd and tedious ; yea, my gravity,
 Wherein — let no man hear me — I take pride, 10
 Could I with boot change for an idle plume,
 Which the air beats for vain. O place, O form,
 How often dost thou with thy case, thy habit,
 Wrench awe from fools and tie the wiser souls
 To thy false seeming ! Blood, thou art blood :
 Let 's write good angel on the devil's horn ;
 'T is not the devil's crest.

Enter a Servant.

How now ! who's there ?

Serv. One Isabel, a sister, desires access to you.

Ang. Teach her the way. [*Exit Serv.*] O heavens !
 Why does my blood thus muster to my heart, 20
 Making both it unable for itself,
 And dispossessing all my other parts
 Of necessary fitness ?

So play the foolish throngs with one that swoons ;
 Come all to help him, and so stop the air
 By which he should revive : and even so
 The general, subject to a well-wish'd king,
 Quit their own part, and in obsequious fondness
 Crowd to his presence, where their untaught love
 Must needs appear offence.

Enter ISABELLA.

How now, fair maid ? 30

Isab. I am come to know your pleasure.

Ang. That you might know it, would much better please me
 Than to demand what 't is. Your brother cannot live.

Isab. Even so. Heaven keep your honour !

Ang. Yet may he live awhile ; and, it may be,
 As long as you or I : yet he must die.

Isab. Under your sentence ?

Ang. Yea.

Isab. When, I beseech you ? that in his reprieve,
 Longer or shorter, he may be so fitted 40
 That his soul sicken not.

Ang. Ha ! fie, these filthy vices ! It were as good
 To pardon him that hath from nature stolen
 A man already made, as to remit
 Their saucy sweetness that do coin Heaven's image
 In stamps that are forbid : 't is all as easy
 Falsely to take away a life true made
 As to put metal in restrained means
 To make a false one.

²⁷ *The general* : that is, people in general.

Isab. 'Tis set down so in heaven, but not in earth.

Ang. Say you so? then I shall pose you quickly.
Which had you rather, that the most just law
Now took your brother's life; or, to redeem him,
Give up your body to such sweet uncleanness
As she that he hath stain'd?

Isab. Sir, believe this,
I had rather give my body than my soul.

Ang. I talk not of your soul: our compell'd sins
Stand more for number than for accompt.

Isab. How say you?

Ang. Nay, I'll not warrant that; for I can speak
Against the thing I say. Answer to this:
I, now the voice of the recorded law,
Pronounce a sentence on your brother's life:
Might there not be a charity in sin
To save this brother's life?

Isab. Please you to do't,
I'll take it as a peril to my soul,
It is no sin at all, but charity.

Ang. Pleas'd you to do't at peril of your soul,
Were equal poise of sin and charity.

Isab. That I do beg his life, if it be sin,
Heaven let me bear it! you granting of my suit,
If that be sin, I'll make it my morn prayer
To have it added to the faults of mine,
And nothing of your answer.

Ang. Nay, but hear me
Your sense pursues not mine: either you are ignorant,
Or seem so craftily; and that's not good.

Isab. Let me be ignorant, and in nothing good,
But graciously to know I am no better.

Ang. Thus wisdom wishes to appear most bright
When it doth tax itself; as these black masks
Proclaim an enshield beauty ten times louder
Than beauty could, display'd. But mark me;
To be received plain, I'll speak more gross:
Your brother is to die.

Isab. So.

Ang. And his offence is so, as it appears,
Accountant to the law upon that pain.

Isab. True.

Ang. Admit no other way to save his life, —
As I subscribe not that, nor any other,
But (in the loss of question), — that you, his sister,

⁹⁰ in the loss of question = the waste of words; supposing an un-supposable case.

Finding yourself desir'd of such a person,
 Whose credit with the judge, or own great place,
 Could fetch your brother from the manacles
 Of the all-building law ; and that there were
 No earthly mean to save him, but that either
 You must lay down the treasures of your body
 To this suppos'd, or else to let him suffer ;
 What would you do ?

Isab. As much for my poor brother as myself :
 That is, were I under the terms of death,
 The impression of keen whips I 'ld wear as rubies,
 And strip myself to death, as to a bed
 That longing have been sick for, ere I 'ld yield
 My body up to shame.

100

Ang. Then must your brother die. \

Isab. And 't were the cheaper way :
 Better it were a brother died at once,
 Than that a sister, by redeeming him,
 Should die for ever.

Ang. Were not you then as cruel as the sentence
 That you have slander'd so ?

110

Isab. Ignomy in ransom and free pardon
 Are of two houses : lawful mercy
 Is nothing kin to foul redemption.

Ang. You seem'd of late to make the law a tyrant ;
 And rather prov'd the sliding of your brother
 A merriment than a vice.

Isab. O, pardon me, my lord ; it oft falls out,
 To have what we would have, we speak not what we mean :
 I something do excuse the thing I hate,
 For his advantage that I dearly love.

120

Ang. We are all frail.

Isab. Else let my brother die,
 If not a feodary, but only he
 Owe and succeed thy weakness.

Ang. Nay, women are frail too.

Isab. Ay, as the glasses where they view themselves ;
 Which are as easy broke as they make forms.
 Women ! Help Heaven ! men their creation mar
 In profiting by them. Nay, call us ten times frail ;
 For we are soft as our complexions are,
 And credulous to false prints.

¹⁰³ *have been sick for* = I have been, etc. Here is an elision of the pronoun, common in our old writers.

¹²² *If not a feodary.* One of the most obscure passages in these plays. *Feodary* = associate, companion.

¹²³ *owe* = possess. *succeed* = follow, in the sense of take after, imitate.

Ang. I think it well :
And from this testimony of your own sex, —
Since I suppose we are made to be no stronger
Than faults may shake our frames, — let me be bold ;
I do arrest your words. Be that you are,
That is, a woman ; if you be more, you're none ;
If you be one, as you are well express'd
By all external warrants, show it now,
By putting on the destin'd livery.

Isab. I have no tongue but one : gentle my lord,
Let me entreat you speak the former language.

Ang. Plainly conceive, I love you.

Isab. My brother did love Juliet,
And you tell me that he shall die for it.

Ang. He shall not, Isabel, if you give me love.

Isab. I know your virtue hath a license in 't,
Which seems a little fouler than it is,
To pluck on others.

Ang. Believe me, on mine honour,
My words express my purpose.

Isab. Ha ! little honour to be much believ'd,
And most pernicious purpose ! Seeming, seeming !
I will proclaim thee, Angelo. Look for 't :
Sign me a present pardon for my brother,
Or with an outstretch'd throat I'll tell the world aloud
What man thou art.

Ang. Who will believe thee, Isabel ?
My unsoil'd name, th' austereness of my life,
My vouch against you, and my place i' th' state,
Will so your accusation outweigh,
That you shall stifle in your own report
And smell of calumny. I have begun,
And now I give my sensual race the rein :
Fit thy consent to my sharp appetite ;
Lay by all nicety and prolixious blushes,
That banish what they sue for ; redeem thy brother
By yielding up thy body to my will ;
Or else he must not only die the death,
But thy unkindness shall his death draw out
To lingering sufferance. Answer me to-morrow,
Or, by the affection that now guides me most,
I'll prove a tyrant to him. As for you,
Say what you can, my false o'erweighs your true.

Isab. To whom should I complain ? Did I tell this,
Who would believe me ? O perilous mouths,

¹⁴⁴ *Isabel* here, and in line 154 and elsewhere, is a dissyllable — *Is'bel*.

That bear in them one and the self-same tongue,
 Either of condemnation or approof;
 Bidding the law make court'sy to their will;
 Hooking both right and wrong to th' appetite,
 To follow as it draws! I'll to my brother:
 Though he hath fall'n by prompture of the blood,
 Yet hath he in him such a mind of honour,
 That, had he twenty heads to tender down
 On twenty bloody blocks, he 'ld yield them up,
 Before his sister should her body stoop
 To such abhorr'd pollution.
 Then, Isabel, live chaste, and, brother, die:
 More than our brother is our chastity.
 I'll tell him yet of Angelo's request,
 And fit his mind to death, for his soul's rest.

180

[Exit.]

ACT III.

SCENE I. *A room in the prison.*

Enter DUKE, disguised as before, CLAUDIO, and Provost.

Duke. So then you hope of pardon from Lord Angelo?

Claud. The miserable have no other medicine

But only hope:

I've hope to live, and am prepar'd to die.

Duke. Be absolute for death; either death or life
 Shall thereby be the sweeter. Reason thus with life:

If I do lose thee, I do lose a thing

That none but fools would keep: a breath thou art,
 Servile to all the skyey influences,

That dost this habitation where thou keep'st

Hourly afflict: merely, thou art death's fool;

For him thou labour'st by thy flight to shun

And yet runn'st toward him still. Thou art not noble;

For all the accommodations that thou bear'st

Are nurs'd by baseness. Thou 'rt by no means valiant;

For thou dost fear the soft and tender fork

Of a poor worm. Thy best of rest is sleep,

And that thou oft provok'st; yet grossly fear'st

Thy death, which is no more. Thou art not thyself;

For thou exist'st on many a thousand grains

That issue out of dust. Happy thou art not;

For what thou hast not, still thou striv'st to get,

And what thou hast, forget'st. Thou art not certain;

10

20

¹⁰ *tender fork of a poor worm* = the fang of a snake: *worm* = snake, small serpent, as in "their worm dieth not, and their fire is not quenched."

For thy complexion shifts to strange effects,
 After the moon. If thou art rich, thou 'rt poor;
 For, like an ass whose back with ingots bows,
 Thou bear'st thy heavy riches but a journey,
 And death unloads thee. Friend hast thou none;
 For thine own bowels, which do call thee sire,
 The mere effusion of thy proper loins,
 Do curse the gout, serpigo, and the rheum,
 For ending thee no sooner. Thou hast nor youth nor age,
 But, as it were, an after-dinner's sleep,
 Dreaming on both; for all thy blessed youth
 Becomes as aged, and doth beg the alms
 Of palsied eld; and when thou art old and rich,
 Thou hast neither heat, affection, limb, nor beauty,
 To make thy riches pleasant. What's yet in this
 That bears the name of life? Yet in this life
 Lie hid moe thousand deaths: yet death we fear,
 That makes these odds all even.

Claud. I humbly thank you.

To sue to live, I find I seek to die;
 And, seeking death, find life: let it come on.

Isab. [*Within.*] What, ho! Peace here; grace and good company!

Prov. Who's there? come in: the wish deserves a welcome.

Duke. Dear sir, ere long I'll visit you again.

Claud. Most holy sir, I thank you.

Enter ISABELLA.

Isab. My business is a word or two with Claudio.

Prov. And very welcome. Look, signior, here's your sister.

Duke. Provost, a word with you.

Prov. As many as you please.

Duke. Bring me to hear them speak, where I may be conceal'd.

[*Exeunt Duke and Provost.*]

Claud. Now, sister, what's the comfort?

Isab. Why,

As all comforts are; most good, most good indeed.

Lord Angelo, having affairs to heaven,

Intends you for his swift ambassador,

Where you shall be an everlasting leiger:

Therefore your best appointment make with speed;

To-morrow you set on.

Claud. Is there no remedy?

Isab. None, but such remedy as, to save a head,
 To cleave a heart in twain.

²⁴ thy complexion = constitution, the making up, here, of the body; the proper sense of the word.

⁵⁸ lieger = representative, advocate, ambassador.

Claud.

But is there any?

Isab. Yes, brother, you may live :

There is a devilish mercy in the judge,
If you 'll implore it, that will free your life,
But fetter you till death.

Claud.

Perpetual durance?

Isab. Ay, just; perpetual durance, a restraint,
Though all the world's vastidity you had,
To a determin'd scope.

Claud.

But in what nature?

Isab. In such a one as, you consenting to 't,
Would bark your honour from that trunk you bear,
And leave you naked.

Claud.

Let me know the point.

Isab. O, I do fear thee, Claudio; and I quake,
Lest thou a feverous life shouldst entertain,
And six or seven winters more respect
Than a perpetual honour. Dar'st thou die?
The sense of death is most in apprehension;
And the poor beetle, that we tread upon,
In corporal sufferance finds a pang as great
As when a giant dies.

Claud.

Why give you me this shame?

Think you I can a resolution fetch
From flowery tenderness? If I must die,
I will encounter darkness as a bride,
And hug it in mine arms.

Isab. There spake my brother; there my father's grave
Did utter forth a voice. Yes, thou must die :
Thou art too noble to conserve a life
In base appliances. This outward-sainted deputy,
Whose settled visage and deliberate word
Nips youth i' th' head and follies doth emmew
As falcon doth the fowl, is yet a devil ;
His filth within being cast, he would appear
A pond as deep as hell.

Claud.

The priestly Angelo!

Isab. O, 't is the cunning livery of hell,
The damned'st body to invest and cover
In priestly guards! Dost thou think, Claudio?
If I would yield him my virginity,
Thou mightst be freed.

Claud.

O heavens! it cannot be.

Isab. Yes, he would give 't thee, from this rank offence,

⁹³ *The priestly Angelo.* The folio has, here and three lines below, *prenzie*, for which any meaning imagined hitherto is so remote from sense that this conjectural reading is welcome.

So to offend him still. This night's the time
That I should do what I abhor to name,
Or else thou diest to-morrow.

100

Claud. Thou shalt not do 't.

Isab. O, were it but my life,
I 'ld throw it down for your deliverance
As frankly as a pin.

Claud. Thanks, dear Isabel.

Isab. Be ready, Claudio, for your death to-morrow.

Claud. Yes. Has he affections in him,
That thus can make him bite the law by the nose,
When he would force it? Sure, it is no sin;
Or of the deadly seven it is the least.

110

Isab. Which is the least?

Claud. If it were damnable, he being so wise,
Why would he for the momentary trick
Be perdurably fin'd? O Isabel!

Isab. What says my brother?

Claud. Death is a fearful thing.

Isab. And shamed life a hateful.

Claud. Ay, but to die, and go we know not where;
To lie in cold obstruction and to rot;
This sensible warm motion to become
A kneaded clod; and the delighted spirit
To bathe in fiery floods, or to reside
In thrilling region of thick-ribbed ice;
To be imprison'd in the viewless winds,
And blown with restless violence round about
The pendent world; or to be — worse than worst —
Of those that lawless and incertain thought
Imagine howling: 't is too horrible!
The weariest and most loathed worldly life
That age, ache, penury and imprisonment
Can lay on nature is a paradise
To what we fear of death.

120

130

Isab. Alas, alas!

Claud. Sweet sister, let me live:

What sin you do to save a brother's life,
Nature dispenses with the deed so far
That it becomes a virtue.

Isab. O you beast!
O faithless coward! O dishonest wretch!
Wilt thou be made a man out of my vice?
Is 't not a kind of incest, to take life
From thine own sister's shame? What should I think?
Heaven shield my mother play'd my father fair!

140

For such a warped slip of wilderness
 Ne'er issued from his blood. Take my defiance !
 Die, perish ! Might but my bending down
 Reprieve thee from thy fate, it should proceed :
 I'll pray a thousand prayers for thy death,
 No word to save thee.

Claud. Nay, hear me, Isabel.

Isab.

O, fie, fie, fie !

Thy sin's not accidental, but a trade.
 Mercy to thee would prove itself a bawd :
 'Tis best that thou diest quickly.

Claud.

O hear me, Isabella !

150

Re-enter DUKE.

Duke. Vouchsafe a word, young sister, but one word.

Isab. What is your will ?

Duke. Might you dispense with your leisure, I would by and by have some speech with you : the satisfaction I would require is likewise your own benefit.

Isab. I have no superfluous leisure ; my stay must be stolen out of other affairs ; but I will attend you awhile. [Walks apart.]

Duke. Son, I have overheard what hath pass'd between you and your sister. Angelo had never the purpose to corrupt her ; only he hath made an assay of her virtue to practise his judgement with the disposition of natures : she, having the truth of honour in her, hath made him that gracious denial which he is most glad to receive. I am confessor to Angelo, and I know this to be true ; therefore prepare yourself to death : do not satisfy your resolution with hopes that are fallible : to-morrow you must die ; go to your knees and make ready.

Claud. Let me ask my sister pardon. I am so out of love with life that I will sue to be rid of it.

Duke. Hold you there : farewell. [Exit Claudio.] Provost, a word with you !

170

Re-enter PROVOST.

Prov. What's your will, father ?

Duke. That now you are come, you will be gone. Leave me awhile with the maid : my mind promises with my habit no loss shall touch her by my company.

Prov. In good time.

[Exit Provost. Isabella comes forward.]

Duke. The hand that hath made you fair hath made you good : the goodness that is cheap in beauty makes beauty brief in goodness ; but grace, being the soul of your complexion, shall keep the body of it ever fair. The assault that Angelo hath made to you, fortune hath convey'd to my understanding ; and,

¹⁴¹ wilderness : used loosely, and for the sake of a syllable, for *wildness*.

¹⁷⁸ complexion : as in line 24 of this scene, but here having reference to the constitution of both soul and body.

but that frailty hath examples for his falling, I should wonder at Angelo. How will you do to content this substitute, and to save your brother?

Isab. I am now going to resolve him: I had rather my brother die by the law than my son should be unlawfully born. But, O, how much is the good Duke deceiv'd in Angelo! If ever he return and I can speak to him, I will open my lips in vain, or discover his government.

Duke. That shall not be much amiss: yet, as the matter now stands, he will avoid your accusation; he made trial of you only. Therefore fasten your ear on my advisings: to the love I have in doing good a remedy presents itself. I do make myself believe that you may most uprightously do a poor wronged lady a merited benefit; redeem your brother from the angry law; do no stain to your own gracious person; and much please the absent Duke, if peradventure he shall ever return to have hearing of this business.

Isab. Let me hear you speak farther. I have spirit to do anything that appears not foul in the truth of my spirit. 199

Duke. Virtue is bold, and goodness never fearful. Have you not heard speak of Mariana, the sister of Frederick, the great soldier who miscarried at sea?

Isab. I have heard of the lady, and good words went with her name.

Duke. She should this Angelo have married; was affianced to her by oath, and the nuptial appointed: between which time of the contract and limit of the solemnity, her brother Frederick was wreck'd at sea, having in that perished vessel the dowry of his sister. But mark how heavily this befell to the poor gentlewoman: there she lost a noble and renowned brother, in his love toward her ever most kind and natural; with him, the portion and sinew of her fortune, her marriage-dowry; with both, her combinate husband, this well-seeming Angelo.

Isab. Can this be so? did Angelo so leave her?

Duke. Left her in her tears, and dried not one of them with his comfort; swallowed his vows whole, pretending in her discoveries of dishonour: in few, bestow'd her on her own lamentation, which she yet wears for his sake; and he, a marble to her tears, is washed with them, but relents not. 219

Isab. What a merit were it in death to take this poor maid from the world! What corruption in this life, that it will let this man live! But how out of this can she avail?

Duke. It is a rupture that you may easily heal: and the cure of it not only saves your brother, but keeps you from dishonour in doing it.

Isab. Show me how, good father.

Duke. This forenamed maid hath yet in her the continuance of her first affection: his unjust unkindness, that in all reason should have quenched her love, hath, like an impediment in the current, made it more violent and unruly. Go you to Angelo; answer his requiring with a plausible obedience; agree with his demands to the point; only refer yourself to this advantage, first, that your stay with him may not be long; that the time may have all shadow and silence in it; and the place answer to convenience. This being granted in course, — and now follows all, — we shall advise this wronged maid to stead up your appointment, go in your place; if the encounter acknowledge itself hereafter, it may compel him to her recompense: and here, by this is your brother saved, your honor untainted, the poor Mariana advantaged, and the corrupt deputy foiled. The maid will I frame and make fit for his attempt. If you think well to carry this as you may, the doubleness of the benefit defends the deceit from reproof. What think you of it?

Isab. The image of it gives me content already; and I trust it will grow to a most prosperous perfection.

Duke. It lies much in your holding up. Haste you speedily to Angelo: if for this night he entreat you to his bed, give him promise of satisfaction. I will presently to Saint Luke's: there, at the moated grange, resides this dejected Mariana. At that place call upon me; and dispatch with Angelo, that it may be quickly.

Isab. I thank you for this comfort. Fare you well, good father. ²⁵¹

[*Exeunt severally.*]

SCENE II. *The street before the prison.*

Enter, on one side, DUKE, disguised as before; on the other, ELBOW, and Officers with POMPEY.

Elb. Nay, if there be no remedy for it, but that you will needs buy and sell men and women like beasts, we shall have all the world drink brown and white bastard.

Duke. O heavens! what stuff is here?

Pom. 'T was never merry world since, of two usuries, the merriest was put down, and the worsè allow'd by order of law a furr'd gown to keep him warm; and furr'd with fox and lamb-skins too, to signify, that craft, being richer than innocency, stands for the facing.

Elb. Come your way, sir. 'Bless you, good father friar. ¹⁰

Duke. And you, good brother father. What offence hath this man made you, sir?

Elb. Marry, sir, he hath offended the law: and, sir, we take him to be a thief too, sir; for we have found upon him, sir, a strange picklock, which we have sent to the deputy.

^s *bastard* = a kind of sham sweet wine made of raisins.

Duke. Fie, sirrah! a bawd, a wicked bawd!
 The evil that thou causest to be done,
 That is thy means to live. Do thou but think
 What 't is to cram a maw or clothe a back
 From such a filthy vice: say to thyself,
 From their abominable and beastly touches
 I drink, I eat, array myself, and live.
 Canst thou believe thy living is a life,
 So stinkingly depending? Go mend, go mend.

20

Pom. Indeed, it does stink in some sort, sir; but yet, sir, I would prove —

Duke. Nay, if the devil have given thee proofs for sin,
 Thou wilt prove his. Take him to prison, officer:
 Correction and instruction must both work
 Ere this rude beast will profit.

30

Elb. He must before the deputy, sir; he has given him warning: the deputy cannot abide a whoremaster: if he be a whoremonger, and comes before him, he were as good go a mile on his errand.

Duke. That we were all, as some would seem to be,
 Free from our faults, as from faults seeming, free!

Elb. His neck will come to your waist, — a cord, sir.

Pom. I spy comfort; I cry bail. Here's a gentleman and a friend of mine.

39

Enter LUCIO.

Lucio. How now, noble Pompey! What, at the wheels of Cæsar? art thou led in triumph? What, is there none of Pygmalion's images, newly made woman, to be had now, for putting the hand in the pocket and extracting it clutch'd? What reply, ha? What say'st thou to this tune, matter and method? Is 't not drown'd i' th' last rain, ha? What say'st thou, Trot? Is the world as it was, man? Which is the way? Is it sad, and few words? or how? The trick of it?

Duke. Still thus, and thus; still worse!

Lucio. How doth my dear morsel, thy mistress? Procures she still, ha?

50

Pom. Troth, sir, she hath eaten up all her beef, and she is herself in the tub.

Lucio. Why, 't is good; it is the right of it; it must be so: ever your fresh whore and your powder'd bawd: an unshunn'd consequence; it must be so. Art going to prison, Pompey?

Pom. Yes, faith, sir.

Lucio. Why, 't is not amiss, Pompey. Farewell: go, say I sent thee thither. For debt, Pompey? or how?

⁵² *in the tub*: that is, the powdering tub; a mode of treatment for what was called the French disease.

⁵⁴ *powder'd* = salted. Salted beef was called powdered beef.

Elb. For being a bawd, for being a bawd. 59

Lucio. Well, then, imprison him: if imprisonment be the due of a bawd, why, 't is his right: bawd is he doubtless, and of antiquity too; bawd-born. Farewell, good Pompey. Commend me to the prison, Pompey: you will turn good husband now, Pompey; you will keep the house.

Pom. I hope, sir, your good worship will be my bail.

Lucio. No, indeed, will I not, Pompey; it is not the wear. I will pray, Pompey, to increase your bondage: if you take it not patiently, why, your mettle is the more. Adieu, trusty Pompey. 'Bless you, friar.

Duke. And you. 70

Lucio. Does Bridget paint still, Pompey, ha?

Elb. Come your ways, sir; come.

Pom. You will not bail me, then, sir?

Lucio. 'Then, Pompey, nor now. What news abroad, friar? what news?

Elb. Come your ways, sir; come.

Lucio. Go to kennel, Pompey; go. [*Exeunt Elbow, Pompey and Officers.*] What news, friar, of the Duke?

Duke. I know none. Can you tell me of any?

Lucio. Some say he is with the Emperor of Russia; other some, he is in Rome: but where is he, think you? 81

Duke. I know not where; but wheresoever, I wish him well.

Lucio. It was a mad fantastical trick of him to steal from the state, and usurp the beggary he was never born to. Lord Angelo dukes it well in his absence; he puts transgression to 't.

Duke. He does well in 't.

Lucio. A little more lenity to lechery would do no harm in him: something too crabbed that way, friar.

Duke. It is too general a vice, and severity must cure it. 89

Lucio. Yes, in good sooth, the vice is of a great kindred; it is well allied: but it is impossible to extirp it quite, friar, till eating and drinking be put down. They say this Angelo was not made by man and woman after this downright way of creation: is it true, think you?

Duke. How should he be made, then?

Lucio. Some report a sea-maid spawn'd him; some, that he was begot between two stock-fishes. But it is certain that when he makes water his urine is congeal'd ice; that I know to be true: and he is a motion ungenerative; that's infallible.

Duke. You are pleasant, sir, and speak apace. 100

Lucio. Why, what a ruthless thing is this in him, for the rebellion of a codpiece to take away the life of a man! Would

⁶³ You will turn good husband, etc. The full original meaning of the word husband, that is, house-bonder, is implied.

⁶⁹ a motion = a puppet, an automaton.

the Duke that is absent have done this? Ere he would have hang'd a man for the getting a hundred bastards, he would have paid for the nursing a thousand: he had some feeling of the sport; he knew the service, and that instructed him to mercy.

Duke. I never heard the absent Duke much detected for women; he was not inclin'd that way.

Lucio. O, sir, you are deceiv'd.

Duke. 'T is not possible.

110

Lucio. Who, not the Duke? yes, your beggar of fifty; and his use was to put a ducat in her clack-dish: the Duke had crotchets in him. He would be drunk too; that let me inform you.

Duke. You do him wrong, surely.

Lucio. Sir, I was an inward of his. A sly fellow was the Duke: and I believe I know the cause of his withdrawing.

Duke. What, I prithee, might be the cause?

Lucio. No, pardon: 't is a secret must be lock'd within the teeth and the lips: but this I can let you understand, the greater file of the subject held the Duke to be wise.

121

Duke. Wise! why, no question but he was.

Lucio. A very superficial, ignorant, unweighing fellow.

Duke. Either this is envy in you, folly, or mistaking: the very stream of his life and the business he hath helmed must upon a warranted need give him a better proclamation. Let him be but testimonied in his own bringings-forth, and he shall appear to the envious a scholar, a statesman and a soldier. Therefore you speak unskillfully; or if your knowledge be more it is much dark'ned in your malice.

130

Lucio. Sir, I know him, and I love him.

Duke. Love talks with better knowledge, and knowledge with dearer love.

Lucio. Come, sir, I know what I know.

Duke. I can hardly believe that, since you know not what you speak. But, if ever the Duke return, as our prayers are he may, let me desire you to make your answer before him. If it be honest you have spoke, you have courage to maintain it: I am bound to call upon you; and, I pray you, your name?

Lucio. Sir, my name is Lucio; well known to the Duke.

140

Duke. He shall know you better, sir, if I may live to report you.

Lucio. I fear you not.

Duke. O, you hope the Duke will return no more; or you imagine me too unhurtful an opposite. But indeed I can do you little harm; you 'll forswear this again.

¹¹² *clack-dish.* Beggars carried dishes with hinged covers, which they clacked to attract attention.

¹¹⁶ *inward* = intimate.

Lucio. I'll be hang'd first: thou art deceiv'd in me, friar. But no more of this. Canst thou tell if Claudio die to-morrow or no?

Duke. Why should he die, sir? 150

Lucio. Why? For filling a bottle with a tun-dish. I would the Duke we talk of were return'd again: this ungenitur'd agent will unpeople the province with continency; sparrows must not build in his house-eaves, because they are lecherous. The Duke yet would have dark deeds darkly answered; he would never bring them to light: would he were return'd! Marry, this Claudio is condemned for untrussing. Farewell, good friar: I prithee, pray for me. The Duke, I say to thee again, would eat mutton on Fridays. He's not past it yet, and I say to thee, he would mouth with a beggar, though she smelt brown bread and garlic: say that I said so. Farewell. [Exit.]

Duke. No might nor greatness in mortality
Can censure 'scape; back-wounding calumny
The whitest virtue strikes. What king so strong
Can tie the gall up in the slanderous tongue?
But who comes here?

Enter ESCALUS, Provost, and Officers, with MISTRESS OVERDONE.

Escal. Go; away with her to prison!

Mrs. Ov. Good my lord, be good to me; your honour is accounted a merciful man; good my lord. 169

Escal. Double and treble admonition, and still forfeit in the same kind! This would make mercy swear and play the tyrant.

Prov. A bawd of eleven years' continuance, may it please your honour.

Mrs. Ov. My lord, this is one Lucio's information against me. Mistress Kate Keepdown was with child by him in the Duke's time: he promis'd her marriage: his child is a year and a quarter old, come Philip and Jacob: I have kept it myself; and see how he goes about to abuse me! 179

Escal. That fellow is a fellow of much license: let him be call'd before us. Away with her to prison! Go to; no more words. [Exeunt Officers with Mistress Ov.] Provost, my brother Angelo will not be alter'd; Claudio must die to-morrow: let him be furnish'd with divines, and have all charitable preparation. If my brother wrought by my pity, it should not be so with him.

Prov. So please you, this friar hath been with him, and advis'd him for the entertainment of death.

¹⁵⁹ eat mutton. As to the meaning, see the note on "lac'd mutton," *Three Gentlemen of Verona*, Act I. Sc. 1.

¹⁷⁸ Philip and Jacob = a holiday on the 1st May. Old Style, sacred to St. Philip and St. James.

¹⁸⁸ the entertainment = the reception.

Escal. Good even, good father.

Duke. Bliss and goodness on you !

190

Escal. Of whence are you ?

Duke. Not of this country, though my chance is now
To use it for my time : I am a brother
Of gracious order, late come from the See
In special business from his Holiness.

Escal. What news abroad i' th' world ?

Duke. None, but that there is so great a fever on goodness,
that the dissolution of it must cure it : novelty is only in re-
quest ; and it is as dangerous to be aged in any kind of course,
as it is virtuous to be constant in any undertaking. There is
scarce truth enough alive to make societies secure ; but secu-
rity enough to make fellowships accurst : much upon this riddle
runs the wisdom of the world. This news is old enough, yet it
is every day's news. I pray you, sir, of what disposition was
the Duke ?

Escal. One that, above all other strifes, contended especially
to know himself.

Duke. What pleasure was he given to ?

Escal. Rather rejoicing to see another merry, than merry at
any thing which profess'd to make him rejoice : a gentleman of
all temperance. But leave we him to his events, with a prayer
they may prove prosperous ; and let me desire to know how
you find Claudio prepar'd. I am made to understand that you
have lent him visitation.

Duke. He professes to have received no sinister measure
from his judge, but most willingly humbles himself to the deter-
mination of justice : yet had he framed to himself, by the in-
struction of his frailty, many deceiving promises of life ; which
I by my good leisure have discredited to him, and now is he
resolv'd to die.

220

Escal. You have paid the heavens your function, and the
prisoner the very debt of your calling. I have labour'd for the
poor gentleman to the extremest shore of my modesty : but my
brother justice have I found so severe, that he hath forc'd me
to tell him he is indeed Justice.

Duke. If his own life answer the straitness of his proceeding,
it shall become him well ; wherein if he chance to fail, he hath
sentenc'd himself.

Escal. I am going to visit the prisoner. Fare you well.

Duke. Peace be with you !

[*Exeunt Escalus and Provost.*]

He who the sword of heaven will bear

231

²²¹ *paid the heavens your function* = discharged your duty.

²³¹ *He who the sword of heaven, etc.* The twenty-one poor lines after the exit of Escalus and the Provost are not. S.'s, I am sure. He closed the scene with "Peace be with you." The speech is confused in some passages, which it is not worth while to comment on. Better jump the whole.

Should be as holy as severe ;
 Pattern in himself to know,
 Grace to stand, and virtue go ;
 More nor less to others paying
 Than by self-offences weighing.
 Shame to him whose cruel striking
 Kills for faults of his own liking !
 Twice treble shame on Angelo,
 To weed my vice and let his grow ! 240
 O, what may man within him hide,
 Though angel on the outward side !
 How may likeness made in crimes,
 Making practice on the times,
 To draw with idle spiders' strings
 Most ponderous and substantial things !
 Craft against vice I must apply :
 With Angelo to-night shall lie
 His old betrothed but despised ;
 So disguise shall, by the disguised, 250
 Pay with falsehood false exacting,
 And perform an old contracting. [Exit.

ACT IV.

SCENE I. *The moated grange at St. LUKE'S.**Enter MARIANA and a Boy.*BOY *sings.*

Take, O, take those lips away,
 That so sweetly were forsworn ;
 And those eyes, the break of day,
 Lights that do mislead the morn :
 But my kisses bring again, bring again ;
 Scals of love, but seal'd in vain, seal'd in vain.

Mari. Break off thy song, and haste thee quick away :
 Here comes a man of comfort, whose advice
 Hath often still'd my brawling discontent. [Exit Boy.

Enter DUKE, disguised as before.

I cry you mercy, sir ; and well could wish 10
 You had not found me here so musical :
 Let me excuse me, and believe me so,
 My mirth it much displeas'd, but pleas'd my woe.

Duke. 'T is good ; though music oft hath such a charm
 To make bad good, and good provoke to harm.
 I pray you, tell me, hath any body inquir'd for me here to-day ?
 much upon this time have I promis'd here to meet.

Mari. You have not been inquir'd after : I have sat here all day.

19

Enter ISABELLA.

Duke. I do constantly believe you. The time is come even now. I shall crave your forbearance a little : may be I will call upon you anon, for some advantage to yourself.

Mari. I am always bound to you.

[*Exit.*

Duke. Very well met, and well come.
What is the news from this good deputy ?

Isab. He hath a garden circummur'd with brick,
Whose western side is with a vineyard back'd ;
And to that vineyard is a planched gate,
That makes his opening with this bigger key :
This other doth command a little door
Which from the vineyard to the garden leads ;
There have I made my promise
Upon the heavy middle of the night
To call upon him.

30

Duke. But shall you on your knowledge find this way ?

Isab. I have ta'en a due and wary note upon 't :
With whispering and most guilty diligence,
In action all of precept, he did show me
The way twice o'er.

Duke. Are there no other tokens
Between you 'greed concerning her observance ?

40

Isab. No, none, but only a repair i' th' dark ;
And that I have possess'd him my most stay
Can be but brief ; for I have made him know
I have a servant comes with me along,
That stays upon me, whose persuasion is
I come about my brother.

Duke. 'T is well borne up.
I have not yet made known to Mariana
A word of this. What, ho ! within ! come forth !

Re-enter MARIANA.

I pray you, be acquainted with this maid ;
She comes to do you good.

Isab. I do desire the like.

50

Duke. Do you persuade yourself that I respect you ?

Mari. Good friar, I know you do, and have found it.

Duke. Take, then, this your companion by the hand,
Who hath a story ready for your ear.
I shall attend your leisure : but make haste ;
The vaporous night approaches.

²⁶ *circummur'd* = walled around.

²⁸ *planch'd* = planked.

Mari. Will 't please you walk aside? [*Exeunt Mariana and Isabella.*]

Duke. O place and greatness! millions of false eyes
Are stuck upon thee: volumes of report
Run with these false and most contrarious quests 60
Upon thy doings: thousand escapes of wit
Make thee the father of their idle dreams
And rack thee in their fancies.

Re-enter MARIANA and ISABELLA.

Welcome, how agreed?

Isab. She'll take the enterprise upon her, father,
If you advise it.

Duke. It is not my consent,
But my entreaty too.

Isab. Little have you to say
When you depart from him, but, soft and low,
"Remember now my brother."

Mari. Fear me not.

Duke. Nor, gentle daughter, fear you not at all.
He is your husband on a pre-contract: 70
To bring you thus together, 't is no sin,
Sith that the justice of your title to him
Doth flourish the deceit. Come, let us go:
Our corn 's to reap, for yet our tilth 's to sow.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. A room in the prison.

Enter Provost and POMPEY.

Prov. Come hither, sirrah. Can you cut off a man's head?

Pom. If the man be a bachelor, sir, I can; but if he be a married man, he 's his wife's head, and I can never cut off a woman's head.

Prov. Come, sir, leave me your snatches, and yield me a direct answer. To-morrow morning are to die Claudio and Barnardine. Here is in our prison a common executioner, who in his office lacks a helper: if you will take it on you to assist him, it shall redeem you from your gyves; if not, you shall have your full time of imprisonment, and your deliverance with an unpitied whipping, for you have been a notorious bawd. 11

Pom. Sir, I have been an unlawful bawd time out of mind; but yet I will be content to be a lawful hangman. I would be glad to receive some instruction from my fellow partner.

Prov. What, ho! Abhorson! Where 's Abhorson, there?

Enter ABHORSON.

Abhor. Do you call, sir?

Prov. Sirrah, here 's a fellow will help you to-morrow in your execution. If you think it meet, compound with him by the

⁷² *Sith.* Contracted from *sithence* = since.

year, and let him abide here with you ; if not, use him for the present and dismiss him. He cannot plead his estimation with you ; he hath been a bawd.

21

Abhor. A bawd, sir? fie upon him! he will discredit our mystery.

Prov. Go to, sir ; you weigh equally ; a feather will turn the scale.

[Exit.

Pom. Pray, sir, by your good favour, — for surely, sir, a good favour you have, but that you have a hanging look, — do you call, sir, your occupation a mystery?

Abhor. Ay, sir ; a mystery.

29

Pom. Painting, sir, I have heard say, is a mystery ; and your whores, sir, being members of my occupation, using painting, do prove my occupation a mystery : but what mystery there should be in hanging, if I should be hang'd, I cannot imagine.

Abhor. Sir, it is a mystery.

Pom. Proof?

Abhor. Every true man's apparel fits your thief : if it be too little for your thief, your true man thinks it big enough ; if it be too big for your thief, your thief thinks it little enough : so every true man's apparel fits your thief.

Re-enter Provost.

Prov. Are you agreed?

40

Pom. Sir, I will serve him ; for I do find your hangman is a more penitent trade than your bawd ; he doth oftener ask forgiveness.

Prov. You, sirrah, provide your block and your axe to-morrow four o'clock.

Abhor. Come on, bawd ; I will instruct thee in my trade ; follow.

Pom. I do desire to learn, sir : and I hope, if you have occasion to use me for your own turn, you shall find me yare ; for truly, sir, for your kindness I owe you a good turn.

50

Prov. Call hither Barnardine and Claudio :

[Exeunt Pompey and Abhorson.

The one has my pity ; not a jot the other,
Being a murderer, though he were my brother.

Enter CLAUDIO.

Look, here's the warrant, Claudio, for thy death :
'T is now dead midnight, and by eight to-morrow
Thou must be made immortal. Where's Barnardine?

Claud. As fast lock'd up in sleep as guiltless labour
When it lies starkly in the traveller's bones :
He will not wake.

⁴² ask forgiveness. It was the custom of old for executioners to ask forgiveness of those they put to death.

⁴⁹ yare = ready. See *Tempest*, Act I. Sc. 1.

Prov. Who can do good on him?
 Well, go, prepare yourself. [*Knocking within.*] But, hark,
 what noise? 60
 Heaven give your spirits comfort! [*Exit Claudio.*] By and by.
 I hope it is some pardon or reprieve
 For the most gentle Claudio.

Enter DUKE, disguised as before.

Welcome, father.

Duke. The best and wholesom'st spirits of the night
 Envelope you, good provost! Who call'd here of late?

Prov. None, since the curfew rung.

Duke. Not Isabel?

Prov. No.

Duke. They will, then, ere 't be long.

Prov. What comfort is for Claudio?

Duke. There's some in hope.

Prov. It is a bitter deputy.

Duke. Not so, not so; his life is parallel'd 70
 Even with the stroke and line of his great justice:
 He doth with holy abstinence subdue
 That in himself which he spurs on his power
 To qualify in others: were he meal'd with that
 Which he corrects, then were he tyrannous;
 But this being so, he's just.

[*Knocking within.*]

Now are they come. [*Exit Provost.*]

This is a gentle provost: seldom when
 The steeled gaoler is the friend of men. [*Knocking within.*]
 How now! what noise? That spirit's possess'd with haste
 That wounds the unsisting postern with these strokes. 80

Re-enter Provost.

Prov. There he must stay until the officer
 Arise to let him in: he is call'd up.

Duke. Have you no countermand for Claudio yet,
 But he must die to-morrow?

Prov. None, sir, none.

Duke. As near the dawning, provost, as it is,
 You shall hear more ere morning.

Prov. Happely
 You something know; yet I believe there comes
 No countermand; no such example have we:
 Besides, upon the very siege of justice
 Lord Angelo hath to the public ear 90
 Profess'd the contrary.

⁷⁴ meal'd: that is, dusted, smirched as a miller is with the meal in which he works.

⁸⁰ the unsisting postern: may mean the postern never at rest; or we may have a misprint of unlisting, or unresting, or unresisting, or unwisting

⁸⁶ Happely = by hap, perhaps: a trisyllable; often printed happily in the old copies.

⁸⁹ siege = seat.

Enter a Messenger.

This is his lordship's man.

Duke. And here comes Claudio's pardon.

Mes. [*Giving a paper.*] My lord hath sent you this note ; and by me this further charge, that you swerve not from the smallest article of it, neither in time, matter, or other circumstance. Good morrow ; for, as I take it, it is almost day.

Prov. I shall obey him.

[*Exit Messenger.*]

Duke. [*Aside.*] This is his pardon, purchas'd by such sin For which the pardoner himself is in.

Hence hath offence his quick celerity,

100

When it is borne in high authority :

When vice makes mercy, mercy's so extended,

That for the fault's love is the offender friended.

Now, sir, what news ?

Prov. I told you. Lord Angelo, belike thinking me remiss in mine office, awakens me with this unwonted putting-on ; methinks strangely, for he hath not us'd it before.

Duke. Pray you, let's hear.

Prov. [*Reads.*]

Whatsoever you may hear to the contrary, let Claudio be executed by four of the clock ; and in the afternoon Barnardine : for my better satisfaction, let me have Claudio's head sent me by five. Let this be duly performed ; with a thought that more depends on it than we must yet deliver. Thus fail not to do your office, as you will answer it at your peril.

What say you to this, sir ?

Duke. What is that Barnardine who is to be executed in the afternoon ?

Prov. A Bohemian born, but here nurs'd up and bred ; one that is a prisoner nine years old.

Duke. How came it that the absent Duke had not either deliver'd him to his liberty or executed him ? I have heard it was ever his manner to do so.

121

Prov. His friends still wrought reprieves for him : and, indeed, his fact, till now in the government of Lord Angelo, came not to an undoubtful proof.

Duke. It is now apparent ?

Prov. Most manifest, and not denied by himself.

Duke. Hath he borne himself penitently in prison ? how seems he to be touch'd ?

Prov. A man that apprehends death no more dreadfully but as a drunken sleep ; careless, reckless, and fearless of what's past, present, or to come ; insensible of mortality, and desperately mortal.

Duke. He wants advice.

Prov. He will hear none : he hath evermore had the liberty

of the prison ; give him leave to escape hence, he would not : drunk many times a day, if not many days entirely drunk. We have very oft awak'd him, as if to carry him to execution, and show'd him a seeming warrant for it : it hath not moved him at all.

139

Duke. More of him anon. There is written in your brow, provost, honesty and constancy : if I read it not truly, my ancient skill beguiles me ; but, in the boldness of my cunning, I will lay myself in hazard. Claudio, whom here you have warrant to execute, is no greater forfeit to the law than Angelo who hath sentenc'd him. To make you understand this in a manifested effect, I crave but four days' respite ; for the which you are to do me both a present and a dangerous courtesy.

Prov. Pray, sir, in what ?

Duke. In the delaying death.

149

Prov. Alack, how may I do it, having the hour limited, and an express command, under penalty, to deliver his head in the view of Angelo ? I may make my case as Claudio's, to cross this in the smallest.

Duke. By the vow of mine order I warrant you, if my instructions may be your guide. Let this Barnardine be this morning executed, and his head borne to Angelo.

Prov. Angelo hath seen them both, and will discover the favour.

Duke. O, death's a great disguiser ; and you may add to it. Shave the head, and dye the beard ; and say it was the desire of the penitent to be so bar'd before his death : you know the course is common. If anything fall to you upon this, more than thanks and good fortune, by the saint whom I profess, I will plead against it with my life.

Prov. Pardon me, good father ; it is against my oath.

Duke. Were you sworn to the Duke, or to the deputy ?

Prov. To him, and to his substitutes.

Duke. You will think you have made no offence, if the Duke avouch the justice of your dealing ?

Prov. But what likelihood is in that ?

170

Duke. Not a resemblance, but a certainty. Yet since I see you fearful, that neither my coat, integrity, nor persuasion can with ease attempt you, I will go further than I meant, to pluck all fears out of you. Look you, sir, here is the hand and seal of the Duke : you know the character, I doubt not ; and the signet is not strange to you.

Prov. I know them both.

Duke. The contents of this is the return of the Duke : you shall anon over-read it at your pleasure ; where you shall find, within these two days he will be here. This is a thing that

Angelo knows not; for he this very day receives letters of strange tenour; perchance of the Duke's death; perchance entering into some monastery; but, by chance, nothing of what is here writ. Look, the unfolding star calls up the shepherd. Put not yourself into amazement how these things should be: all difficulties are but easy when they are known. Call your executioner, and off with Barnardine's head: I will give him a present shrift and advise him for a better place. Yet you are amaz'd; but this shall absolutely resolve you. Come away; it is almost clear dawn.

[*Exeunt.*]SCENE III. *Another room in the same.**Enter POMPEY.*

Pom. I am as well acquainted here as I was in our house of profession: one would think it were Mistress Overdone's own house, for here be many of her old customers. First, here's young Master Rash; he's in for a commodity of brown paper and old ginger, nine-score and seventeen pounds; of which he made five marks, ready money: marry, then ginger was not much in request, for the old women were all dead. Then is there here one Master Caper, at the suit of Master Three-pile the mercer, for some four suits of peach-colour'd satin, which now peaches him a beggar. Then have we here young Dizzy, and young Master Deep-vow, and Master Copper-spur, and Master Starve-lackey the rapier and dagger man, and young Drop-heir that killed lusty Pudding, and Master Forthright the tilter, and brave Master Suity the great traveller, and wild Half-can that stabb'd Pots, and, I think, forty more; all great doers in our trade, and are now "for the Lord's sake."

Enter ABHORSON.

Abhor. Sirrah, bring Barnardine hither.

Pom. Master Barnardine! you must rise and be hang'd, Master Barnardine!

Abhor. What, ho, Barnardine!

20

Bar. [*Within.*] A pox o' your throats! Who makes that noise there? What are you?

Pom. Your friends, sir; the hangman. You must be so good, sir, to rise and be put to death.

Bar. [*Within.*] Away, you rogue, away! I am sleepy.

Abhor. Tell him he must awake, and that quickly too.

⁴ *brown paper*, etc.: that is, rubbish foisted upon borrowers by usurers.

¹⁴ *Master Suity*. This name satirizes the habit of travelers on the continent to come back to England bedecked, or "brave," as Pompey says, in suits of foreign fashion. The folio has *Shoatie*; a mere phonetic spelling. *Suitor* was pronounced, and sometimes written, *shooter*.

¹⁶ *for the Lord's sake*: that is, begging alms at the prison window for the Lord's sake; a custom of S.'s day.

Pom. Pray, Master Barnardine, awake till you are executed, and sleep afterwards.

Abhor. Go in to him, and fetch him out.

Pom. He is coming, sir, he is coming ; I hear his straw rustle.

Abhor. Is the axe upon the block, sirrah ? 31

Pom. Very ready, sir.

Enter BARNARDINE.

Bar. How now, Abhorson ? what 's the news with you ?

Abhor. Truly, sir, I would desire you to clap into your prayers ; for, look you, the warrant 's come.

Bar. You rogue, I have been drinking all night ; I am not fitted for 't.

Pom. O, the better, sir ; for he that drinks all night, and is hang'd betimes in the morning, may sleep the sounder all the next day. 40

Abhor. Look you, sir ; here comes your ghostly father : do we jest now, think you ?

Enter DUKE, disguised as before.

Duke. Sir, induced by my charity, and hearing how hastily you are to depart, I am come to advise you, comfort you and pray with you.

Bar. Friar, not I : I have been drinking hard all night, and I will have more time to prepare me, or they shall beat out my brains with billets : I will not consent to die this day, that 's certain.

Duke. O, sir, you must : and therefore I beseech you 50
Look forward on the journey you shall go.

Bar. I swear I will not die to-day for any man's persuasion.

Duke. But hear you.

Bar. Not a word : if you have any thing to say to me, come to my ward ; for thence will not I to-day. [Exit.]

Duke. Unfit to live or die : O gravel heart !
After him, fellows ; bring him to the block.

[Exit Abhorson and Pompey.]

Re-enter Provost.

Prov. Now, sir, how do you find the prisoner ?

Duke. A creature unprepar'd, unmeet for death ;
And to transport him in the mind he is 60
Were damnable.

Prov. Here in the prison, father,
There died this morning of a cruel fever
One Ragozine, a most notorious pirate,
A man of Claudio's years ; his beard and head
Just of his colour. What if we do omit
This reprobate till he were well inclin'd ;

⁵⁰ *O gravel heart.* Incomprehensible ; but no satisfactory substitute has been proposed, unless it be " grovelling beast " in the Collier fol. 1632.

And satisfy the deputy with the visage
Of Ragozine, more like to Claudio?

Duke. O, 't is an accident that Heaven provides!
Dispatch it presently; the hour draws on
Prefix'd by Angelo: see this be done,
And sent according to command; whiles I
Persuade this rude wretch willingly to die.

70

Prov. This shall be done, good father, presently.
But Barnardine must die this afternoon:
And how shall we continue Claudio,
To save me from the danger that might come
If he were known alive?

Duke. Let this be done. Put them in secret holds,
Both Barnardine and Claudio:
Ere twice the sun hath made his journal greeting
To th' under generation, you shall find
Your safety manifested.

80

Prov. I am your free dependant.

Duke. Quick, dispatch, and send the head to Angelo.

[Exit Provost.

Now will I write letters to Angelo, —
The provost, he shall bear them, — whose contents
Shall witness to him I am near at home,
And that, by great injunctions, I am bound
To enter publicly. Him I'll desire
To meet me at the consecrated fount
A league below the city; and from thence,
By cold gradation and well-balanc'd form,
We shall proceed with Angelo.

90

Re-enter Provost.

Prov. Here is the head; I'll carry it myself.

Duke. Convenient is it. Make a swift return;
For I would commune with you of such things
That want no ear but yours.

Prov. I'll make all speed.

[Exit.

Isab. [Within.] Peace, ho, be here!

Duke. The tongue of Isabel. She's come to know
If yet her brother's pardon be come hither:
But I will keep her ignorant of her good,
To make her heavenly comforts of despair,
When it is least expected.

100

Enter ISABELLA.

Isab. Ho, by your leave!

Duke. Good morning to you, fair and gracious daughter.'

Isab. The better, given me by so holy a man.
Hath yet the deputy sent my brother's pardon?

Duke. He hath releas'd him, Isabel, from the world :
His head is off and sent to Angelo.

Isab. Nay, but it is not so.

110

Duke. It is no other : show your wisdom, daughter,
In your close patience.

Isab. O, I will to him and pluck out his eyes !

Duke. You shall not be admitted to his sight.

Isab. Unhappy Claudio ! wretched Isabel !
Injurious world ! most damned Angelo !

Duke. This nor hurts him nor profits you a jot ;
Forbear it therefore ; give your cause to heaven.

Mark what I say, which you shall find

By every syllable a faithful verity :

120

The Duke comes home to-morrow ; nay, dry your eyes ;

One of our covent, and his confessor,

Gives me this instance : already he hath carried

Notice to Escalus and Angelo,

Who do prepare to meet him at the gates,

There to give up their power. If you can, pace your wisdom

In that good path that I would wish it go,

And you shall have your bosom on this wretch,

Grace of the Duke, revenges to your heart,

And general honour.

Isab. I am directed by you.

130

Duke. This letter, then, to Friar Peter give ;

'T is that he sent me of the Duke's return :

Say, by this token, I desire his company

At Mariana's house to-night. Her cause and yours

I'll perfect him withal, and he shall bring you

Before the Duke, and to the head of Angelo

Accuse him home and home. For my poor self,

I am combined by a sacred vow

And shall be absent. Wend you with this letter :

Command these fretting waters from your eyes

140

With a light heart ; trust not my holy order,

If I pervert your course. Who's here ?

Enter LUCIO.

Lucio. Good even. Friar, where's the provost ?

Duke. Not within, sir.

Lucio. O pretty Isabella, I am pale at mine heart to see thine eyes so red : thou must be patient. I am fain to dine and sup with water and bran ; I dare not for my head fill my belly ; one fruitful meal would set me to 't. But they say the Duke will be here to-morrow. By my troth, Isabel, I lov'd thy brother : if

¹²² *covent* : old form of convent ; preserved in Covent Garden.

¹²³ *combined* = pledged, as before, in Act III. Sc. 1, "combine husband."

the old fantastical Duke of dark corners had been at home, he had liv'd.

[Exit Isabella.]

Duke. Sir, the Duke is marvellous little beholding to your reports ; but the best is, he lives not in them.

Lucio. Friar, thou knowest not the Duke so well as I do : he 's a better woodman than thou tak'st him for.

Duke. Well, you 'll answer this one day. Fare ye well.

Lucio. Nay, tarry ; I 'll go along with thee : I can tell thee pretty tales of the Duke.

Duke. You have told me too many of him already, sir, if they be true ; if not true, none were enough. 160

Lucio. I was once before him for getting a wench with child.

Duke. Did you such a thing ?

Lucio. Yes, marry, did I : but I was fain to forswear it ; they would else have married me to the rotten medlar.

Duke. Sir, your company is fairer than honest. Rest you well.

Lucio. By my troth, I 'll go with thee to the lane's end : if bawdy talk offend you, we 'll have very little of it. Nay, friar, I am a kind of burr ; I shall stick. [Exeunt.]

SCENE IV. *A room in ANGELO's house.*

Enter ANGELO and ESCALUS

Escal. Every letter he hath writ hath disvouch'd other.

Ang. In most uneven and distracted manner. His actions show much like to madness : pray Heaven his wisdom be not tainted ! And why meet him at the gates, and redeliver our authorities there ?

Escal. I guess not.

Ang. And why should we proclaim it in an hour before his entering, that if any crave redress of injustice, they should exhibit their petitions in the street ? 9

Escal. He shows his reason for that : to have a dispatch of complaints, and to deliver us from devices hereafter, which shall then have no power to stand against us.

Ang. Well, I beseech you, let it be proclaim'd betimes i' th' morn ; I 'll call you at your house : give notice to such men of sort and suit as are to meet him.

Escal. I shall, sir. Fare you well.

Ang. Good night.

[Exit Escalus.]

This deed unshapes me quite, makes me unpregnant
And dull to all proceedings. A deflower'd maid !
And by an eminent body that enforc'd

¹⁵⁵ *woodman* = hunter, — after human does.

¹⁴ *men of sort and suit* = men of great sort and following.

The law against it ! But that her tender shame
 Will not proclaim against her maiden loss,
 How might she tongue me ! Yet reason dares her on ;
 For my authority bears a credent bulk,
 That no particular scandal once can touch
 But it confounds the breather. He should have liv'd,
 Save that his riotous youth, with dangerous sense,
 Might in the times to come have ta'en revenge,
 By so receiving a dishonour'd life
 With ransom of such shame. Would yet he had liv'd ! 30
 Alack, when once our grace we have forgot,
 Nothing goes right : we would, and we would not. [Exit.]

SCENE V. *Fields without the town.*

Enter DUKE in his own habit, and FRIAR PETER.

Duke. These letters at fit time deliver me : [Giving letters.
 The provost knows our purpose and our plot.
 The matter being afoot, keep your instruction,
 And hold you ever to our special drift ;
 Though sometimes you do blench from this to that,
 As cause doth minister. Go call at Flavius' house,
 And tell him where I stay : give the like notice
 To Valentinus, Rowland, and to Crassus,
 And bid them bring the trumpets to the gate ; 9
 But send me Flavius first.

Fri. P. It shall be speeded well. [Exit.]

Enter VARRIUS.

Duke. I thank thee, Varrius ; thou hast made good haste :
 Come, we will walk. There's other of our friends
 Will greet us here anon, my gentle Varrius. [Exeunt.]

SCENE VI. *Street near the city gate.*

Enter ISABELLA and MARIANA.

Isab. To speak so indirectly I am loath :
 I would say the truth ; but to accuse him so,
 That is your part : yet I am advis'd to do it ;
 He says, to veil full purpose.

Mari. Be rul'd by him.

Isab. Besides, he tells me that, if peradventure
 He speak against me on the adverse side,
 I should not think it strange ; for 't is a physic
 That's bitter to sweet end.

²⁴ bears a credent bulk. The folio, "bears of," etc., which some editors retain, and others change to "bears up," "bears so," etc.

Mari. I would Friar Peter —

Isab.

O, peace! the friar is come.

Enter FRIAR PETER.

Fri. P. Come, I have found you out a stand most fit, 10
Where you may have such vantage on the Duke,
He shall not pass you. Twice have the trumpets sounded;
The generous and gravest citizens
Have hent the gates, and very near upon
The Duke is entering: therefore, hence, away! [*Exeunt.*]

ACT V.

SCENE I. *The city gate.*

MARIANA veiled, ISABELLA, and FRIAR PETER, at their stand. *Enter DUKE, VARRIUS, Lords, ANGELO, ESCALUS, LUCIO, Provost, Officers, and Citizens, severally.*

Duke. My very worthy cousin, fairly met!
Our old and faithful friend, we are glad to see you.

Ang. }
Escal. } Happy return be to your royal grace!

Duke. Many and hearty thankings to you both.
We have made inquiry of you; and we hear
Such goodness of your justice, that our soul
Cannot but yield you forth to public thanks,
Forerunning more requital.

Ang. You make my bonds still greater.

Duke. O, your desert speaks loud; and I should wrong it, 10
To lock it in the wards of covert bosom,
When it deserves, with characters of brass,
A fortified residence 'gainst the tooth of time
And rasure of oblivion. Give me your hand,
And let the subject see, to make them know
That outward courtesies would fain proclaim
Favours that keep within. Come, Escalus,
You must walk by us on our other hand;
And good supporters are you.

FRIAR PETER and ISABELLA come forward.

Fri. P. Now is your time: speak loud and kneel before him.

Isab. Justice, O royal Duke! Vail your regard 20
Upon a wrong'd, I would fain have said, a maid!
O worthy prince, dishonour not your eye
By throwing it on any other object
Till you have heard me in my true complaint
And given me justice, justice, justice, justice!

¹⁴ *hent* = taken possession of.

⁷ *yield you forth.* This may be the true text loosely written for *yield forth to you.*

²⁰ *Vail* = drop, bend.

Duke. Relate your wrongs; in what? by whom? be brief.
Here is Lord Angelo shall give you justice:
Reveal yourself to him.

Isab. O worthy Duke,
You bid me seek redemption of the devil:
Hear me yourself; for that which I must speak
Must either punish me, not being believ'd, 30
Or wring redress from you. Hear me, O hear me, here!

Ang. My lord, her wits, I fear me, are not firm:
She hath been a suitor to me for her brother,
Cut off by course of justice, —

Isab. By course of justice!

Ang. And she will speak most bitterly and strange.

Isab. Most strange, but yet most truly, will I speak:
That Angelo's forsworn; is it not strange?
That Angelo's a murderer; is't not strange?
That Angelo is an adulterous thief, 40
An hypocrite, a virgin-violator;
Is it not strange and strange?

Duke. Nay, it is ten times strange.

Isab. It is not truer he is Angelo
Than this is all as true as it is strange:
Nay, it is ten times true; for truth is truth
To th' end of reckoning.

Duke. Away with her! Poor soul,
She speaks this in th' infirmity of sense.

Isab. O prince, I conjure thee, as thou believ'st
There is another comfort than this world,
That thou neglect me not, with that opinion 50
That I am touch'd with madness! Make not impossible
That which but seems unlike: 't is not impossible
But one, the wicked'st caitiff on the ground,
May seem as shy, as grave, as just, as absolute
As Angelo; even so may Angelo,
In all his dressings, characts, titles, forms,
Be an arch-villain; believe it, royal prince:
If he be less, he's nothing; but he's more,
Had I more name for badness.

Duke. By mine honesty,
If she be mad, — as I believe no other, — 60
Her madness hath the oddest frame of sense,
Such a dependency of thing on thing,
As e'er I heard in madness.

Isab. O gracious Duke,
Harp not on that, nor do not banish reason

⁶³ As e'er I heard. Here, as often in S.'s day and later, as has the sense of *that*.

For inequality; but let your reason serve
To make the truth appear where it seems hid,
And hide the false seems true.

Duke. Many that are not mad
Have, sure, more lack of reason. What would you say?

Isab. I am the sister of one Claudio,
Condemn'd upon the act of fornication
To lose his head; condemn'd by Angelo:
I, in probation of a sisterhood,
Was sent to by my brother; one Lucio
As then the messenger, —

70

Lucio. That's I, an't like your grace:
I came to her from Claudio, and desir'd her
To try her gracious fortune with Lord Angelo
For her poor brother's pardon.

Isab. That's he indeed.

Duke. You were not bid to speak.

Lucio. No, my good lord;
Nor wish'd to hold my peace.

Duke. I wish you now, then;
Pray you, take note of it: and when you have
A business for yourself, pray Heaven you then
Be perfect.

80

Lucio. I warrant your honour.

Duke. The warrant's for yourself; take heed to't.

Isab. This gentleman told somewhat of my tale, —

Lucio. Right.

Duke. It may be right; but you are i' the wrong
To speak before your time. Proceed.

Isab. I went
To this pernicious caitiff deputy, —

Duke. That's somewhat madly spoken.

Isab. Pardon it;
The phrase is to the matter.

90

Duke. Mended again. The matter; proceed.

Isab. In brief, to set the needless process by,
How I persuaded, how I pray'd, and kneel'd,
How he refell'd me, and how I repli'd, —
For this was of much length, — the vile conclusion
I now begin with grief and shame to utter:
He would not, but by gift of my chaste body
To his concupiscible intemperate lust,
Release my brother; and, after much debatement,
My sisterly remorse confutes mine honour,

100

⁶⁵ *inequality* = inconsistency.

⁶⁶ *refell'd* = refuted

And I did yield to him : but the next morn betimes,
His purpose surfeiting, he sends a warrant
For my poor brother's head.

Duke. This is most likely !

Isab. O, that it were as like as it is true !

Duke. By heaven, fond wretch, thou know'st not what thou
speak'st,

Or else thou art suborn'd against his honour,
In hateful practice. First, his integrity
Stands without blemish. Next, it imports no reason
That with such vehemency he should pursue
Faults proper to himself : if he had so offended, 110
He would have weigh'd thy brother by himself,
And not have cut him off. Some one hath set you on :
Confess the truth, and say by whose advice
Thou cam'st here to complain.

Isab. And is this all ?

Then, O you blessed ministers above,
Keep me in patience, and with ripened time
Unfold the evil which is here wrapt up
In countenance ! Heaven shield your grace from woe,
As I, thus wrong'd, hence unbeliev'd go !

Duke. I know you 'ld fain be gone. An officer ! 120
To prison with her ! Shall we thus permit
A blasting and a scandalous breath to fall
On him so near us ? This needs must be a practice.
Who knew of your intent and coming hither ?

Isab. One that I would were here, Friar Lodowick.

Duke. A ghostly father, belike. Who knows that Lodowick ?

Lucio. My lord, I know him ; 't is a meddling friar ;
I do not like the man : had he been lay, my lord,
For certain words he spake against your grace
In your retirement, I had swing'd him soundly. 130

Duke. Words against me ! this ' a good friar, belike !
And to set on this wretched woman here
Against our substitute ! Let this friar be found.

Lucio. But yesternight, my lord, she and that friar,
I saw them at the prison : a saucy friar,
A very scurvy fellow.

Fri. P. Blessed be your royal grace !
I have stood by, my lord, and I have heard

¹⁰² *His purpose surfeiting.* Not improbably S. wrote "*his promise forfeiting*," although that seems a step towards commonplace.

¹¹⁶ *ripened* : a dissyllable, pronounced ripe-ned.

¹²³ *a practice* = a plot.

¹³¹ *this ' a good friar.* The apostrophe marks an elision of *is* ; the custom was not uncommon.

Your royal ear abus'd. First, hath this woman
Most wrongfully accus'd your substitute,
Who is as free from touch or soil with her
As she from one ungot.

140

Duke.

We did believe no less.

Know you that Friar Lodowick that she speaks of?

Fri. P. I know him for a man divine and holy;
Not scurvy, nor a temporary meddler,
As he's reported by this gentleman;
And, on my trust, a man that never yet
Did, as he vouches, misreport your grace.

Lucio. My lord, most villanously; believe it.

Fri. P. Well, he in time may come to clear himself;
But at this instant he is sick, my lord,

150

Of a strange fever. Upon his mere request,
Being come to knowledge that there was complaint
Intended 'gainst Lord Angelo, came I hither,
To speak, as from his mouth, what he doth know
Is true and false; and what he with his oath
And all probation will make up full clear.

Whensoever he's convented. First, for this woman,
To justify this worthy nobleman,
So vulgarly and personally accus'd,
Her shall you hear disproved to her eyes,
Till she herself confess it.

160

Duke.

Good friar, let's hear it.

[*Isabella is carried off guarded; and Mariana comes forward.*]

Do you not smile at this, Lord Angelo?
O heaven, the vanity of wretched fools!
Give us some seats. Come, cousin Angelo;
In this I'll be impartial; be you judge
Of your own cause. Is this the witness, friar?
First, let her show her face, and after speak.

Mari. Pardon, my lord; I will not show my face
Until my husband bid me.

170

Duke. What, are you married?

Mari. No, my lord.

Duke. Are you a maid?

Mari. No, my lord.

Duke. A widow, then?

Mari. Neither, my lord.

Duke. Why, you are nothing then: neither maid, widow,
nor wife?

Lucio. My lord, she may be a punk; for many of them are
neither maid, widow, nor wife.

180

Duke. Silence that fellow : I would he had some cause
To prattle for himself.

Lucio. Well, my lord.

Mari. My lord, I do confess I ne'er was married ;
And I confess besides I am no maid :
I have known my husband ; yet my husband
Knows not that ever he knew me.

Lucio. He was drunk then, my lord : it can be no better.

Duke. For the benefit of silence, would thou wert so too !

Lucio. Well, my lord.

Duke. This is no witness for Lord Angelo.

190

Mari. Now I come to 't, my lord :

She that accuses him of fornication,
In self-same manner doth accuse my husband,
And charges him, my lord, with such a time
When I 'll depose I had him in mine arms
With all the effect of love.

Ang. Charges she more than me ?

Mari. Not that I know.

Duke. No ? you say your husband.

Mari. Why, just, my lord, and that is Angelo,
Who thinks he knows that he ne'er knew my body,
But knows he thinks that he knows Isabel's.

200

Ang. This is a strange abuse. Let's see thy face.

Mari. My husband bids me ; now I will unmask. [Unveiling.
This is that face, thou cruel Angelo,
Which once thou swor'st was worth the looking on ;
This is the hand which, with a vow'd contract,
Was fast belock'd in thine ; this is the body
That took away the match from Isabel,
And did supply thee at thy garden-house
In her imagin'd person.

210

Duke. Know you this woman ?

Lucio. Carnally, she says.

Duke. Sirrah, no more !

Lucio. Enough, my lord.

Ang. My lord, I must confess I know this woman :
And five years since there was some speech of marriage
Betwixt myself and her ; which was broke off,
Partly for that her promised proportions
Came short of composition, but in chief
For that her reputation was disvalued
In levity : since which time of five years
I never spake with her, saw her, nor heard from her,
Upon my faith and honour.

220

²¹⁷ *her promised proportions . . . composition* = her dower, *dot*, proved not so large as it had been represented.

Mari. Noble prince,
 As there comes light from heaven and words from breath,
 As there is sense in truth and truth in virtue,
 I am affianc'd this man's wife as strongly
 As words could make up vows : and, my good lord,
 But Tuesday night last gone in 's garden-house
 He knew me as a wife. As this is true,
 Let me in safety raise me from my knees ;
 Or else for ever be confixed here,
 A marble monument !

230

Ang. I did but smile till now :
 Now, good my lord, give me the scope of justice ;
 My patience here is touch'd. I do perceive
 These poor informal women are no more
 But instruments of some more mightier member
 That sets them on : let me have way, my lord,
 To find this practice out.

Duke. Ay, with my heart ;
 And punish them unto your height of pleasure.
 Thou foolish friar, and thou pernicious woman,
 Compact with her that 's gone, think'st thou thy oaths,
 Though they would swear down each particular saint,
 Were testimonies against his worth and credit
 That 's seal'd in approbation ? You, Lord Escalus,
 Sit with my cousin ; lend him your kind pains
 To find out this abuse, whence 't is deriv'd.
 There is another friar that set them on ;
 Let him be sent for.

240

Fri. P. Would he were here, my lord ! for he indeed
 Hath set the women on to this complaint :
 Your provost knows the place where he abides,
 And he may fetch him.

250

Duke. Go do it instantly. [Exit Provost.]
 And you, my noble and well-warranted cousin,
 Whom it concerns to hear this matter forth,
 Do with your injuries as seems you best,
 In any chastisement : I for a while
 Will leave you ; but stir not you till you have well
 Determined upon these scand'rers.

Escal. My lord, we'll do it throughly. [Exit Duke.]
 Signior Lucio, did not you say you knew that Friar Lodowick
 to be a dishonest person ?

260

Lucio. *Cucullus non facit monachum* : honest in nothing but
 in his clothes ; and one that hath spoke most villanous speeches
 of the Duke.

Escal. We shall entreat you to abide here till he come and

enforce them against him; we shall find this friar a notable fellow.

Lucio. As any in Vienna, on my word.

Escal. Call that same Isabel here once again : I would speak with her. [*Exit an Attendant.*] Pray you, my lord, give me leave to question ; you shall see how I 'll handle her. 270

Lucio. Not better than he, by her own report.

Escal. Say you ?

Lucio. Marry, sir, I think, if you handled her privately, she would sooner confess : perchance, publicly, she 'll be asham'd.

Escal. I will go darkly to work with her.

Lucio. That 's the way ; for women are light at midnight.

Re-enter Officers with ISABELLA ; and Provost with the DUKE in his friar's habit.

Escal. Come on, mistress : here 's a gentlewoman denies all that you have said.

Lucio. My lord, here comes the rascal I spoke of ; here with the provost. 280

Escal. In very good time : speak not you to him till we call upon you.

Lucio. Mum.

Escal. Come, sir : did you set these women on to slander Lord Angelo ? they have confess'd you did.

Duke. 'T is false.

Escal. How ! know you where you are ?

Duke. Respect to your great place ! and let the Devil Be sometime honour'd for his burning throne ! Where is the Duke ? 't is he would hear me speak. 290

Escal. The Duke 's in us ; and we will hear you speak : Look you speak justly.

Duke. Boldly, at least. But, O, poor souls, Come you to seek the lamb here of the fox ? Good night to your redress ! Is the Duke gone ? Then is your cause gone too. The Duke 's unjust, Thus to retort your manifest appeal, And put your trial in the villain's mouth Which here you come to accuse.

Lucio. This is the rascal ; this is he I spoke of.

Escal. Why, thou unreverend and unhallow'd friar, Is 't not enough thou hast suborn'd these women

To accuse this worthy man, but, in foul mouth

And in the witness of his proper ear,

To call him villain ? and then to glance from him

To th' Duke himself, to tax him with injustice ?

Take him hence ; to th' rack with him ! We 'll touse him. 300

²⁸⁵ notable : used for notorious.

²⁹⁷ retort = turn back, reject.

³⁰⁷ We 'll touse him. The folio has "touse you ;" an easy misprint in S.'s day.

Joint by joint, but we will know his purpose.

What, "unjust"!

Duke. Be not so hot; the Duke
Dare no more stretch this finger of mine than he
Dare rack his own: his subject am I not,
Nor here provincial. My business in this state
Made me a looker on here in Vienna,
Where I have seen corruption boil and bubble
Till it o'er-run the stew; laws for all faults,
But faults so countenanc'd, that the strong statutes
Stand like the forfeits in a barber's shop,
As much in mock as mark.

310

Escal. Slander to the state! Away with him to prison!

Ang. What can you vouch against him, Signior Lucio? 320
Is this the man that you did tell us of?

Lucio. 'Tis he, my lord. Come hither, goodman baldpate:
do you know me?

Duke. I remember you, sir, by the sound of your voice: I
met you at the prison, in the absence of the Duke.

Lucio. O, did you so? And do you remember what you
said of the Duke?

Duke. Most notably, sir.

Lucio. Do you so, sir? And was the Duke a fleshmonger, a
fool, and a coward, as you then reported him to be? 330

Duke. You must, sir, change persons with me, ere you make
that my report: you, indeed, spoke so of him; and much more,
much worse.

Lucio. O thou damnable fellow! Did not I pluck thee by
the nose for thy speeches?

Duke. I protest I love the Duke as I love myself.

Ang. Hark, how the villain would glose now, after his trea-
sonable abuses!

Escal. Such a fellow is not to be talk'd withal. Away with
him to prison! Where is the provost? Away with him to
prison! lay bolts enough upon him: let him speak no more.
Away with those giglots too, and with the other confederate
companion!

[The Provost lays hands on the Duke.]

Duke. Stay, sir; stay awhile.

Ang. What, resists he? Help him, Lucio.

Lucio. Come, sir; come, sir; come, sir; foh, sir! Why,
you bald-pated, lying rascal, you must be hooded, must you?
Show your knave's visage, with a pox to you! show your sheep-
biting face, and be hang'd an hour! Will 't not off?

[Pulls off the friar's hood.]

312 *Nor here provincial*: that is, not belonging ecclesiastically to this province.

317 *forfeits in a barbers' shop*. Fines declared, but rarely enforced, against the loungers
in barbers' shops.

337 *glose*: that is, glose it over, as we say.

Duke. Thou art the first knave that e'er mad'st a duke. 350
First, provost, let me bail these gentle three.

[*To Lucio.*] Sneak not away, sir; for the friar and you
Must have a word anon. Lay hold on him.

Lucio. This may prove worse than hanging.

Duke. [*To Escalus.*] What you have spoke I pardon: sit
you down:
We'll borrow place of him. Sir, [*taking Angelo's seat*] by
your leave.

Hast thou or word, or wit, or impudence,
That yet can do thee office? If thou hast,
Rely upon it till my tale be heard,
And hold no longer out.

Ang. O my dread lord, 360
I should be guiltier than my guiltiness,
To think I can be undiscernible,
When I perceive your grace, like power divine,
Hath look'd upon my passes. Then, good prince,
No longer session hold upon my shame,
But let my trial be mine own confession:
Immediate sentence then and sequent death
Is all the grace I beg.

Duke. Come hither, Mariana.
Say, wast thou e'er contracted to this woman?

Ang. I was, my lord.

Duke. Go take her hence, and marry her instantly. 370
Do you the office, friar; which consummate,
Return him here again. Go with him, provost.

[*Exeunt Angelo, Mariana, Friar Peter, and Provost.*]

Escal. My lord, I am more amaz'd at his dishonour
Than at the strangeness of it.

Duke. Come hither, Isabel.
Your friar is now your prince: as I was then
Advertising and holy to your business,
Not changing heart with habit, I am still
Attorney'd at your service.

Isab. O, give me pardon,
That I, your vassal, have employ'd and pain'd 380
Your unknown sovereignty!

Duke. You are pardon'd, Isabel:
And now, dear maid, be you as free to us.
Your brother's death, I know, sits at your heart;
And you may marvel why I obscur'd myself,
Labouring to save his life, and would not rather

³⁶⁴ *my passes* = my doings; somewhat with the sense of guilty pastime.

³⁷⁷ *Advertising* = attentive, strongly inclined; accented on the second syllable.

³⁸⁰ *pain'd*: that is, caused you to take pains.

Make rash remonstrance of my hidden power
 Than let him so be lost. O most kind maid,
 It was the swift celerity of his death,
 Which I did think with slower foot came on,
 That brain'd my purpose. But, peace be with him!
 That life is better life, past fearing death,
 Than that which lives to fear: make it your comfort,
 So happy is your brother.

Isab.

I do, my lord.

Re-enter ANGELO, MARIANA, FRIAR PETER, and PROVOST.

Duke. For this new-married man approaching here,
 Whose salt imagination yet hath wrong'd
 Your well defended honour, you must pardon
 For Mariana's sake: but as he adjudg'd your brother, —
 Being criminal, in double violation
 Of sacred chastity and of promise-breach
 Thereon dependent, for your brother's life, —
 The very mercy of the law cries out
 Most audible, even from his proper tongue,
 "An Angelo for Claudio, death for death!"
 Haste still pays haste, and leisure answers leisure;
 Like doth quit like, and *Measure* still for *Measure*.
 Then, Angelo, thy fault's thus manifested;
 Which, though thou wouldst deny, denies thee vantage.
 We do condemn thee to the very block
 Where Claudio stoop'd to death, and with like haste.
 Away with him!

Mari. O my most gracious lord,
 I hope you will not mock me with a husband.

Duke. It is your husband mock'd you with a husband.
 Consenting to the safeguard of your honour,
 I thought your marriage fit; else imputation,
 For that he knew you, might reproach your life
 And choke your good to come: for his possessions,
 Although by confiscation they are ours,
 We do instate and widow you withal,
 To buy you a better husband.

Mari. O my dear lord,
 I crave no other, nor no better man.

Duke. Never crave him; we are definitive.

Mari. Gentle my liege, —

[*Kneeling.*

Duke. You do but lose your labour.

Away with him to death! [*To Lucio.*] Now, sir, to you.

Mari. O my good lord! Sweet Isabel, take my part;

⁴¹⁸ *widow you*: that is, dower you as a widow. A fine example of S.'s reckless use of language.

Lend me your knees, and all my life to come
I'll lend you all my life to do you service.

Duke. Against all sense you do importune her :
Should she kneel down in mercy of this fact,
Her brother's ghost his paved bed would break,
And take her hence in horror.

Mari.

Isabel,

430

Sweet Isabel, do yet but kneel by me ;
Hold up your hands, say nothing ; I'll speak all.
They say, best men are moulded out of faults ;
And, for the most, become much more the better
For being a little bad : so may my husband.
O Isabel, will you not lend a knee ?

Duke. He dies for Claudio's death.

Isab.

[*Kneeling.*]

Most bounteous sir,

Look, if it please you, on this man condemn'd,
As if my brother liv'd : I partly think
A due sincerity govern'd his deeds,
Till he did look on me : since it is so,
Let him not die. My brother had but justice,
In that he did the thing for which he died :
For Angelo,

440

His act did not o'ertake his bad intent,
And must be buried but as an intent
That perish'd by the way : thoughts are no subjects ;
Intent but merely thoughts.

Mari.

Merely, my lord.

Duke. Your suit's unprofitable ; stand up, I say.
I have bethought me of another fault.
Provost, how came it Claudio was beheaded
At an unusual hour ?

450

Prov.

It was commanded so.

Duke. Had you a special warrant for the deed ?

Prov. No, my good lord ; it was by private message.

Duke. For which I do discharge you of your office :
Give up your keys.

Prov.

Pardon me, noble lord :

I thought it was a fault, but knew it not ;

Yet did repent me, after more advice :

For testimony whereof, one in the prison,

That should by private order else have died,

460

I have reserved alive.

Duke.

What's he ?

Prov.

His name is Barnardine.

Duke. I would thou hadst done so by Claudio.

Go fetch him hither ; let me look upon him.

[*Exit Provost.*]

Escal. I am sorry, one so learned and so wise
As you, Lord Angelo, have still appear'd,
Should slip so grossly, both in the heat of blood,
And lack of temper'd judgement afterward.

Ang. I am sorry that such sorrow I procure:
And so deep sticks it in my penitent heart
That I crave death more willingly than mercy;
'Tis my deserving, and I do entreat it.

470

Re-enter Provost, with BARNARDINE, CLAUDIO muffled, and JULIET.

Duke. Which is that Barnardine?

Prov. This, my lord.

Duke. There was a friar told me of this man.

Sirrah, thou art said to have a stubborn soul,
That apprehends no further than this world,
And squar'st thy life according. Thou 'rt condemn'd:
But, for those earthly faults, I quit them all;
And pray thee take this mercy to provide
For better times to come. Friar, advise him;
I leave him to your hand. What muffled fellow's that?

480

Prov. This is another prisoner that I sav'd,
Who should have died when Claudio lost his head;
As like almost to Claudio as himself.

[Unmuffles Claudio.]

Duke. *[To Isabella.]* If he be like your brother, for his
sake

Is he pardon'd; and, for your lovely sake,
Give me your hand and say you will be mine,
He is my brother too: but fitter time for that.
By this Lord Angelo perceives he's safe;
Methinks I see a quickening in his eye.

Well, Angelo, your evil quits you well:
Look that you love your wife; her worth worth yours.

490

I find an apt remission in myself;
And yet here's one in place I cannot pardon.

[To Lucio.] You, sirrah, that knew me for a fool, a coward,
One all of luxury, an ass, a madman;
Wherein have I so deserv'd of you,
That you extol me thus?

Lucio. 'Faith, my lord, I spoke it but according to the trick.
If you will hang me for it, you may; but I had rather it would
please you I might be whipp'd.

500

Duke. Whipp'd first, sir, and hang'd after.
Proclaim it, provost, round about the city,
Is any woman wrong'd by this lewd fellow,
As I have heard him swear himself there's one
Whom he begot with child, let her appear,
And he shall marry her: the nuptial finish'd,
Let him be whipp'd and hang'd.

Lucio. I beseech your highness, do not marry me to a whore. Your highness said even now, I made you a duke : good my lord, do not recompense me in making me a cuckold. 510

Duke. Upon mine honour, thou shalt marry her. Thy slanders I forgive ; and therewithal Remit thy other forfeits. Take him to prison ; And see our pleasure herein executed.

Lucio. Marrying a punk, my lord, is pressing to death, whipping, and hanging.

Duke. Slandering a prince deserves it. [*Exeunt Officers with Lucio.*]
She, Claudio, that you wrong'd, look you restore.

Joy to you, Mariana ! Love her, Angelo :

I have confess'd her and I know her virtue. 520

Thanks, good friend Escalus, for thy much goodness :

There 's more behind that is more gratulate.

Thanks, provost, for thy care and secrecy :

We shall employ thee in a worthier place.

Forgive him, Angelo, that brought you home

The head of Ragozine for Claudio's :

The offence pardons itself. Dear Isabel,

I have a motion much imports your good ;

Whereto if you 'll a willing ear incline,

What 's mine is yours and what is yours is mine. 530

So, bring us to our palace ; where we 'll show

What 's yet behind, that 's meet you all should know.

[*Exeunt.*]

THE COMEDY OF ERRORS.



INTRODUCTION.

THIS amusing play, in which farce is lifted to the plane of the ideal, was first printed in the folio of 1623. It is, however, one of Shakespeare's earliest works ; or, to be more exact, it contains some of his earliest work ; for in its present condition it shows the mark of at least two hands. Some of the rhyming passages — for example Sc. 1 of Act III. — are in form and in thought not such as Shakespeare wrote at any time. Some of the blank verse — for example that of Act V. — is in form and even in thought such as he need not have been ashamed of in maturer years. It is mentioned by Meres in 1598 as Shakespeare's ; but parts of it must have been written at least ten years earlier. The pun on France "making war against her heir" (Act III. Sc. 2) shows that this passage at least was written after 1589, when the civil war about Henry of Navarre's title to the throne began, and before the summer of 1593, when it ended. The source of the plot is a comedy by Plautus, called *Menæchmi*, which was translated into English by W[illiam] W[arner], and published in 1598, but which had been handed about in manuscript for some years previously. In the *Menæchmi* there is but one pair of twins ; the complication produced by the presence of a second may be of Shakespeare's making, or it may have been the contrivance of some playwright who preceded him in the preparation of this story for the London stage. Of the work of such a writer, there are slight but sufficient traces in the stage directions of the very folio of 1623. A *Comedy of Errors* founded on the *Menæchmi* was presented at the Christmas revels at Gray's Inn in 1594 ; but that this was the Shakespearean version we do not surely know. The period of the action of this comedy is not only indeterminable, but does not need to be determined. From the first scene to the last, it is a mass of anachronism ; but for this neither Shakespeare's audience nor he himself cared the snuff of a rushlight. Let us be at least as wise as they were.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

SOLINUS, *duke of Ephesus.*

ÆGEON, *a merchant of Syracuse.*

ANTIPHOLUS of Ephesus, ANTIPHOLUS of Syracuse, *twin brothers, and sons to Ægeon and Emilia.*

DROMIO of Ephesus, DROMIO of Syracuse, *twin brothers, and attendants on the two Antipholuses.*

BALTHAZAR, *a merchant.*

ANGELO, *a goldsmith.*

First Merchant, friend to Antipholus of Syracuse.

Second Merchant, to whom Angelo is a debtor.

PINCH, *a schoolmaster.*

ÆMILIA, *wife to Ægeon, an abbess at Ephesus.*

ADRIANA, *wife to Antipholus of Ephesus.*

LUCIANA, *her sister.*

LUCE, *servant to Adriana.*

A Courtezan.

Gaoler, Officers, and other Attendants.

SCENE : Ephesus.

THE COMEDY OF ERRORS.

ACT I.

SCENE I. *A hall in the DUKE's palace.*

Enter DUKE, ÆGEON, Gaoler, Officers, and other Attendants.

Æge. Proceed, Solinus, to procure my fall,
And by the doom of death end woes and all.

Duke. Merchant of Syracuse, plead no more ;
I am not partial to infringe our laws :
The enmity and discord which of late
Sprung from the rancorous outrage of your duke
To merchants, our well-dealing countrymen,
Who wanting guilders to redeem their lives
Have seal'd his rigorous statutes with their bloods,
Excludes all pity from our threatening looks.

10

For, since the mortal and intestine jars
'Twixt thy seditious countrymen and us,
It hath in solemn synods been decreed,
Both by the Syracusians and ourselves,
To admit no traffic to our adverse towns :
Nay, more, if any born at Ephesus
Be seen at Syracusan marts and fairs ;
Again : if any Syracusian born
Come to the bay of Ephesus, he dies,
His goods confiscate to the Duke's dispose,
Unless a thousand marks be levied,
To quit the penalty and to ransom him.
Thy substance, valued at the highest rate,
Cannot amount unto a hundred marks ;
Therefore by law thou art condemn'd to die.

20

Æge. Yet this my comfort : when your words are done,
My woes end likewise with the evening sun.

Duke. Well, Syracusian, say in brief the cause
Why thou departed'st from thy native home
And for what cause thou cam'st to Ephesus.

30

Æge. A heavier task could not have been impos'd
Than I to speak my griefs unspeakable :
Yet, that the world may witness that my end

Was wrought by nature, not by vile offence,
 I'll utter what my sorrow gives me leave.
 In Syracuse was I born, and wed
 Unto a woman, happy but for me,
 And by me, had not our hap been bad.
 With her I liv'd in joy ; our wealth increas'd
 By prosperous voyages I often made 40
 To Epidamnum : till my factor's death
 And the great care of goods at random left
 Drew me from kind embracements of my spouse :
 From whom my absence was not six months old
 Before herself, almost at fainting under
 The pleasing punishment that women bear,
 Had made provision for her following me,
 And soon and safe arriv'd where I was.
 There had she not been long but she became
 A joyful mother of two goodly sons ; 50
 And, which was strange, the one so like the other
 As could not be distinguish'd but by names.
 That very hour, and in the self-same inn,
 A meaner woman was delivered
 Of such a burden, male twins, both alike :
 Those, for their parents were exceeding poor,
 I bought and brought up to attend my sons.
 My wife, not meanly proud of two such boys,
 Made daily motions for our home return :
 Unwilling I agreed ; alas ! too soon 60
 We came aboard.
 A league from Epidamnum had we sail'd,
 Before the always wind-obeying deep
 Gave any tragic instance of our harm :
 But longer did we not retain much hope ;
 For what obscured light the heavens did grant
 Did but convey unto our fearful minds
 A doubtful warrant of immediate death ;
 Which though myself would gladly have embrac'd,
 Yet the incessant weepings of my wife, 70
 Weeping before for what she saw must come,
 And piteous plainings of the pretty babes,
 That mourn'd for fashion, ignorant what to fear,
 Forc'd me to seek delays for them and me.
 And this it was, for other means was none :
 The sailors sought for safety by our boat,
 And left the ship, then sinking-ripe, to us :

⁴¹ *Epidamnum*. A town in Illyria, at which the travelling brother in the *Menæchmi* arrives.

⁵⁶ *for their parents* = *because their parents*.

My wife, more careful for the latter born,
Had fasten'd him unto a small spare mast,
Such as seafaring men provide for storms ; 80
To him one of the other twins was bound,
Whilst I had been like heedful of the other :
The children thus dispos'd, my wife and I,
Fixing our eyes on whom our care was fix'd,
Fasten'd ourselves at either end the mast ;
And floating straight, obedient to the stream,
Was carried towards Corinth, as we thought.
At length the sun, gazing upon the earth,
Dispers'd those vapours that offended us ;
And, by the benefit of his wish'd light, 90
The seas wax'd calm, and we discovered
Two ships from far making amain to us,
Of Corinth that, of Epidaurus this :
But ere they came, — O, let me say no more !
Gather the sequel by that went before.

Duke. Nay, forward, old man ; do not break off so ;
For we may pity, though not pardon thee.

Æge. O, had the gods done so, I had not now
Worthily term'd them merciless to us !
For, ere the ships could meet by twice five leagues, 100
We were encounter'd by a mighty rock ;
Which being violently borne upon,
Our helpful ship was splitted in the midst ;
So that, in this unjust divorce of us,
Fortune had left to both of us alike
What to delight in, what to sorrow for.
Her part, poor soul ! seeming as burdened
With lesser weight but not with lesser woe,
Was carried with more speed before the wind ;
And in our sight they three were taken up 110
By fishermen of Corinth, as we thought.
At length, another ship had seiz'd on us ;
And, knowing whom it was their hap to save,
Gave healthful welcome to their shipwrack'd guests ;
And would have reft the fishers of their prey,
Had not their bark been very slow of sail ;
And therefore homeward did they bend their course.
Thus have you heard me sever'd from my bliss,
That by misfortunes was my life prolong'd
To tell sad stories of my own mishaps. 120

Duke. And, for the sake of them thou sorrowest for,
Do me the favour to dilate at full
What hath befall'n of them and thee till now.

Æge. My youngest boy, and yet my eldest care,

At eighteen years became inquisitive
 After his brother : and importun'd me
 That his attendant — so his case was like,
 Reft of his brother, but retain'd his name —
 Might bear him company in the quest of him :
 Whom whilst I labour'd of a love to see,
 I hazarded the loss of whom I lov'd.

130

Five summers have I spent in furthest Greece,
 Roaming clean through the bounds of Asia,
 And, coasting homeward, came to Ephesus ;
 Hopeless to find, yet loath to leave unsought
 Or that or any place that harbours men.
 But here must end the story of my life ;
 And happy were I in my timely death,
 Could all my travels warrant me they live.

Duke. Hapless Ægeon, whom the fates have mark'd
 To bear the extremity of dire mishap !

140

Now, trust me, were it not against our laws,
 Against my crown, my oath, my dignity,
 Which princes, would they, may not disannul,
 My soul should sue as advocate for thee.
 But, though thou art adjudged to the death,
 And passed sentence may not be recall'd
 But to our honour's great disparagement,
 Yet I will favour thee in what I can.

Therefore, merchant, I'll limit thee this day
 To seek thy life by beneficial help :

150

Try all the friends thou hast in Ephesus ;
 Beg thou, or borrow, to make up the sum,
 And live ; if no, then thou art doom'd to die.
 Gaoler, take him to thy custody.

Gaol. I will, my lord.

Æge. Hopeless and helpless doth Ægeon wend,
 But to procrastinate his lifeless end.

[Exeunt.

SCENE II. *The mart.*

Enter ANTIPHOLUS of Syracuse, DROMIO of Syracuse, *and* First Merchant.

First Mer. Therefore give out you are of Epidamnum,
 Lest that your goods too soon be confiscate.
 This very day a Syracusian merchant
 Is apprehended for arrival here ;
 And, not being able to buy out his life
 According to the statute of the town,
 Dies ere the weary sun set in the west.
 There is your money that I had to keep.

Ant. S. Go bear it to the Centaur, where we host,
 And stay there, Dromio, till I come to thee.
 Within this hour it will be dinner-time :
 Till that, I'll view the manners of the town,
 Peruse the traders, gaze upon the buildings,
 And then return and sleep within mine inn,
 For with long travel I am stiff and weary.
 Get thee away.

10

Dro. S. Many a man would take you at your word,
 And go, indeed, having so good a mean.

[Exit.

Ant. S. A trusty villain, sir, that very oft,
 When I am dull with care and melancholy,
 Lightens my humour with his merry jests.
 What, will you walk with me about the town,
 And then go to my inn and dine with me ?

20

First Mer. I am invited, sir, to certain merchants,
 Of whom I hope to make much benefit ;
 I crave your pardon. Soon at five o'clock,
 Please you, I'll meet with you upon the mart
 And afterwards consort you till bed-time :
 My present business calls me from you now.

Ant. S. Farewell till then : I will go lose myself,
 And wander up and down to view the city.

30

First Mer. Sir, I commend you to your own content.

[Exit.

Ant. S. He that commends me to mine own content
 Commends me to the thing I cannot get.
 I to the world am like a drop of water
 That in the ocean seeks another drop,
 Who, falling there to find his fellow forth,
 Unseen, inquisitive, confounds himself :
 So I, to find a mother and a brother,
 In quest of them, unhappy, lose myself.

40

Enter DROMIO of Ephesus.

Here comes the almanac of my true date.
 What now ? how chance thou art return'd so soon ?

Dro. E. Return'd so soon ! rather approach'd too late :
 The capon burns, the pig falls from the spit,
 The clock hath stricken twelve upon the bell ;
 My mistress made it one upon my cheek :
 She is so hot because the meat is cold ;
 The meat is cold because you come not home ;
 You come not home because you have no stomach ;
 You have no stomach having broke your fast ;

50

⁹ *host* = stay, put up, have a host. One of S.'s many reckless twists of language.

¹⁰ *villain* = knave, servant.

²⁸ *consort you*. It is not improbable that S. wrote "consort with you."

⁵⁰ *stomach* = appetite, strong desire.

But we that know what 't is to fast and pray
Are penitent for your default to-day.

Ant. S. Stop in your wind, sir : tell me this, I pray :
Where have you left the money that I gave you ?

Dro. E. O, — sixpence, that I had o' Wednesday last
To pay the saddler for my mistress' crupper ?
The saddler had it, sir ; I kept it not.

Ant. S. I am not in a sportive humour now :
Tell me, and dally not, where is the money ?
We being strangers here, how dar'st thou trust
So great a charge from thine own custody ?

60

Dro. E. I pray you, jest, sir, as you sit at dinner :
I from my mistress come to you in post ;
If I return, I shall be post indeed,
For she will score your fault upon my pate.
Methinks your maw, like mine, should be your clock
And strike you home without a messenger.

Ant. S. Come, Dromio, come, these jests are out of season ;
Reserve them till a merrier hour than this.
Where is the gold I gave in charge to thee ?

70

Dro. E. To me, sir ? why, you gave no gold to me.

Ant. S. Come on, sir knave, have done your foolishness
And tell me how thou hast dispos'd thy charge.

Dro. E. My charge was but to fetch you from the mart
Home to your house, the Phoenix, sir, to dinner :
My mistress and her sister stays for you.

Ant. S. Now, as I am a Christian, answer me
In what safe place you have bestow'd my money,
Or I shall break that merry scone of yours
That stands on tricks when I am undispos'd :

80

Where is the thousand marks thou hadst of me ?

Dro. E. I have some marks of yours upon my pate,
Some of my mistress' marks upon my shoulders,
But not a thousand marks between you both.
If I should pay your worship those again,
Perchance you will not bear them patiently.

Ant. S. Thy mistress' marks ? what mistress, slave, hast
thou ?

Dro. E. Your worship's wife, my mistress at the Phoenix ;
She that doth fast till you come home to dinner
And prays that you will hie you home to dinner.

90

Ant. S. What, wilt thou flout me thus unto my face,
Being forbid ? There, take you that, sir knave.

Dro. E. What mean you, sir ? for God's sake, hold your hands !
Nay, an you will not, sir, I'll take my heels.

[Exit.]

Ant. S. Upon my life, by some device or other

The villain is o'erraught of all my money.
 They say this town is full of cozenage,
 As, nimble jugglers that deceive the eye,
 Dark-working sorcerers that change the mind,
 Soul-killing witches that deform the body,
 Disguised cheaters, prating mountebanks,
 And many such-like liberties of sin :
 If it prove so, I will be gone the sooner.
 I'll to the Centaur to go seek this slave :
 I greatly fear my money is not safe.

100

[Exit.

ACT II.

SCENE I. *The house of ANTIPHOLUS of Ephesus.**Enter ADRIANA and LUCIANA.*

Adr. Neither my husband nor the slave return'd,
 That in such haste I sent to seek his master !
 Sure, Luciana, it is two o'clock.

Luc. Perhaps some merchant hath invited him
 And from the mart he's somewhere gone to dinner.
 Good sister, let us dine and never fret :
 A man is master of his liberty :

Time is their master ; and when they see time
 They'll go or come : if so, be patient, sister.

Adr. Why should their liberty than ours be more ?

10

Luc. Because their business still lies out o' door.

Adr. Look, when I serve him so, he takes it ill.

Luc. O, know he is the bridle of your will.

Adr. There's none but asses will be bridled so.

Luc. Why, headstrong liberty is lash'd with woe.
 There's nothing situate under heaven's eye
 But hath his bound, in earth, in sea, in sky :
 The beasts, the fishes, and the winged fowls
 Are their males' subjects and at their controls :
 Men, more divine, the masters of all these,
 Lords of the wide world and wild watery seas,
 Indued with intellectual sense and souls,
 Of more preëminence than fish and fowls,
 Are masters to their females, and their lords :
 Then let your will attend on their accords.

20

Adr. This servitude makes you to keep unwed.

Luc. Not this, but troubles of the marriage-bed.

Adr. But, were you wedded, you would bear some sway.

Luc. Ere I learn love, I'll practise to obey.

Adr. How if your husband start some other where? 30

Luc. Till he came home again, I would forbear.

Adr. Patience unmov'd! no marvel though she pause;
They can be meek that have no other cause.

A wretched soul, bruis'd with adversity,

We bid be quiet, when we hear it cry;

But were we burden'd with like weight of pain,

As much or more we should ourselves complain:

So thou, that hast no unkind mate to grieve thee,

With urging helpless patience wouldst relieve me;

But, if thou live to see like right bereft, 40

This fool-begg'd patience in thee will be left.

Luc. Well, I will marry one day, but to try.
Here comes your man; now is your husband nigh.

Enter DROMIO of Ephesus.

Adr. Say, is your tardy master now at hand?

Dro. E. Nay, he's at two hands with me, and that my two ears can witness.

Adr. Say, didst thou speak with him? know'st thou his mind?

Dro. E. Ay, ay, he told his mind upon mine ear:
Beshrew his hand, I scarce could understand it.

Luc. Spake he so doubtfully, thou couldst not feel his meaning? 51

Dro. E. Nay, he struck so plainly, I could too well feel his blows; and withal so doubtfully that I could scarce understand them.

Adr. But say, I prithee, is he coming home? It seems he hath great care to please his wife.

Dro. E. Why, mistress, sure my master is horn-mad.

Adr. Horn-mad, thou villain!

Dro. E. I mean not cuckold-mad;
But, sure, he is stark mad.

When I desir'd him to come home to dinner, 60

He ask'd me for a thousand marks in gold:

"'T is dinner-time," quoth I; "My gold," quoth he:

"Your meat doth burn," quoth I; "My gold!" quoth he:

"Will you come home?" quoth I; "My gold!" quoth he,

"Where is the thousand marks I gave thee, villain?"

"The pig," quoth I, "is burn'd;" "My gold!" quoth he:

"My mistress, sir," quoth I; "Hang up thy mistress!"

I know not thy mistress: out on thy mistress!"

Luc. Quoth who?

Dro. E. Quoth my master: 70

"I know," quoth he, "no house, no wife, no mistress."

So that my errand, due unto my tongue,

⁴¹ *fool-begg'd* = witless. It was the custom to beg of the king the guardianship of rich idiots, or "naturals," for the sake of the trusteeship of their estates.

I thank him, I bare home upon my shoulders ;
For, in conclusion, he did beat me there.

Adr. Go back again, thou slave, and fetch him home.

Dro. E. Go back again, and be new beaten home ?

For God's sake, send some other messenger.

Adr. Back, slave, or I will break thy pate across.

Dro. E. And he will bless that cross with other beating :
Between you I shall have a holy head.

Adr. Hence, prating peasant ! fetch thy master home.

Dro. E. Am I so round with you as you with me,
That like a football you do spurn me thus ?

You spurn me hence, and he will spurn me hither :

If I last in this service, you must case me in leather.

Luc. Fie, how impatience loureth in your face !

Adr. His company must do his minions grace,
Whilst I at home starve for a merry look.

Hath homely age the alluring beauty took
From my poor cheek ? then he hath wasted it :
Are my discourses dull ? barren my wit ?

If voluble and sharp discourse be marr'd,
Unkindness blunts it more than marble hard :

Do their gay vestments his affections bait ?

That 's not my fault : he 's master of my state :

What ruins are in me that can be found,
By him not ruin'd ? then is he the ground
Of my defeatures. My decayed fair

A sunny look of his would soon repair :

But, too unruly deer, he breaks the pale
And feeds from home ; poor I am but his stale.

Luc. Self-harming jealousy ! fie, beat it hence !

Adr. Unfeeling fools can with such wrongs dispense.
I know his eye doth homage elsewhere ;

Or else what lets it but he would be here ?

Sister, you know he promis'd me a chain ;

Would that alone, alone he would detain,

So he would keep fair quarter with his bed !

I see the jewel best enamelled

Will lose his beauty ; yet tho' gold bides still

That others touch, an often touching will

Wear gold : and no man that hath a name,

By falsehood and corruption doth it shame.

Since that my beauty cannot please his eye,

I 'll weep what 's left away, and weeping die.

Luc. How many fond fools serve mad jealousy ?

[*Exeunt.*

⁸² round = plump, downright, outspoken. There is a pun, of course.

¹⁰¹ his stale. A sportsman's stalking horse, a sham, was called a stale.

¹⁰⁵ lets = hinders.

SCENE II. *A public place.**Enter ANTIPHOLUS of Syracuse.*

Ant. S. The gold I gave to Dromio is laid up
 Safe at the Centaur ; and the heedful slave
 Is wander'd forth, in care to seek me out
 By computation and mine host's report.
 I could not speak with Dromio since at first
 I sent him from the mart. See, here he comes.

Enter DROMIO of Syracuse.

How now, sir ! is your merry humour alter'd ?
 As you love strokes, so jest with me again.
 You know no Centaur ? you receiv'd no gold ?
 Your mistress sent to have me home to dinner ?
 My house was at the Phoenix ? Wast thou mad,
 That thus so madly thou didst answer me ?

10

Dro. S. What answer, sir ? when spake I such a word ?

Ant. S. Even now, even here, not half an hour since.

Dro. S. I did not see you since you sent me hence,
 Home to the Centaur, with the gold you gave me.

Ant. S. Villain, thou didst deny the gold's receipt
 And told'st me of a mistress and a dinner ;
 For which, I hope, thou felt'st I was displeas'd.

Dro. S. I am glad to see you in this merry vein :
 What means this jest ? I pray you, master, tell me.

20

Ant. S. Yea, dost thou jeer and flout me in the teeth ?
 Think'st thou I jest ? Hold, take thou that, and that. [*Beating him.*]

Dro. S. Hold, sir, for God's sake ! now your jest is earnest :
 Upon what bargain do you give it me ?

Ant. S. Because that I familiarly sometimes
 Do use you for my fool and chat with you,
 Your sauciness will jest upon my love
 And make a common of my serious hours.

When the sun shines let foolish gnats make sport,
 But creep in crannies when he hides his beams.

30

If you will jest with me, know my aspect
 And fashion your demeanour to my looks,
 Or I will beat this method in your sconce.

Dro. S. Sconce call you it ? so you would leave battering, I
 had rather have it a head : an you use these blows long, I must
 get a sconce for my head and insconce it too ; or else I shall
 seek my wit in my shoulders. But, I pray, sir, why am I
 beaten ?

Ant. S. Dost thou not know ?

40

Dro. S. Nothing, sir, but that I am beaten.

³⁵ *Sconce*, jocosely used for head, means a small fortification.

Ant. S. Shall I tell you why?

Dro. S. Ay, sir, and wherefore; for they say every why hath a wherefore.

Ant. S. Why, first, — for flouting me; and then, wherefore, — For urging it the second time to me.

Dro. S. Was there ever any man thus beaten out of season, When in the why and the wherefore is neither rhyme nor reason?

Well, sir, I thank you.

Ant. S. Thank me, sir! for what? 50

Dro. S. Marry, sir, for this something that you gave me for nothing.

Ant. S. I'll make you amends next, to give you nothing for something. But say, sir, is it dinner-time?

Dro. S. No, sir: I think the meat wants that I have.

Ant. S. In good time, sir; what's that?

Dro. S. Basting.

Ant. S. Well, sir, then 't will be dry.

Dro. S. If it be, sir, I pray you, eat none of it.

Ant. S. Your reason? 60

Dro. S. Lest it make you cholerick and purchase me another dry basting.

Ant. S. Well, sir, learn to jest in good time: there's a time for all things.

Dro. S. I durst have denied that, before you were so cholerick.

Ant. S. By what rule, sir?

Dro. S. Marry, sir, by a rule as plain as the plain bald pate of father Time himself.

Ant. S. Let's hear it.

Dro. S. There's no time for a man to recover his hair that grows bald by nature. 71

Ant. S. May he not do it by fine and recovery?

Dro. S. Yes, to pay a fine for a periwig and recover the lost hair of another man.

Ant. S. Why is Time such a niggard of hair, being, as it is, so plentiful an excrement?

Dro. S. Because it is a blessing that he bestows on beasts; and what he hath scanted men in hair he hath given them in wit.

Ant. S. Why, but there's many a man hath more hair than wit. 81

Dro. S. Not a man of those but he hath the wit to lose his hair.

Ant. S. Why, thou didst conclude hairy men plain dealers without wit.

⁷² *fine and recovery*: antiquated law terms for a disused legal proceeding.

Dro. S. The plainer dealer the sooner lost : yet he loseth it in a kind of jollity.

Ant. S. For what reason ?

Dro. S. For two ; and sound ones too.

Ant. S. Nay, not sound, I pray you.

90

Dro. S. Sure ones then.

Ant. S. Nay, not sure, in a thing falling.

Dro. S. Certain ones then.

Ant. S. Name them.

Dro. S. The one, to save the money that he spends in trimming ; the other, that at dinner, they should not drop in his porridge.

Ant. S. You would all this time have prov'd there is no time for all things.

Dro. S. Marry, and did, sir ; namely, no time to recover hair lost by nature.

101

Ant. S. But your reason was not substantial, why there is no time to recover.

Dro. S. Thus I mend it : Time himself is bald and therefore to the world's end will have bald followers.

Ant. S. I knew 't would be a bald conclusion. — But, soft ! who wafts us yonder ?

Enter ADRIANA and LUCIANA.

Adr. Ay, ay, Antipholus, look strange and frown :
Some other mistress hath thy sweet aspects ;
I am not Adriana, nor thy wife.

110

The time was once when thou unurg'd wouldst vow
That never words were music to thine ear,
That never object pleasing in thine eye,
That never touch well welcome to thy hand,
That never meat sweet-savour'd in thy taste,
Unless I spake, or look'd, or touch'd, or carv'd to thee.

How comes it now, my husband, O, how comes it,
That thou art thus estranged from thyself ?

Thyself I call it, being strange to me,

That, undividable, incorporate,

120

Am better than thy dear self's better part.

Ah, do not tear away thyself from me !

For know, my love, as easy mayst thou fall

A drop of water in the breaking gulf

And take unmingled thence that drop again,

Without addition or diminishing,

As take from me thyself and not me too.

How dearly would it touch thee to the quick,

Shouldst thou but hear I were licentious,

And that this body, consecrate to thee,

130

By ruffian lust should be contaminate !
 Wouldst thou not spit at me, and spurn at me,
 And hurl the name of husband in my face,
 And tear the stain'd skin off my harlot-brow,
 And from my false hand cut the wedding-ring
 And break it with a deep-divorcing vow ?
 I know thou canst ; and therefore see thou do it.
 I am possess'd with an adulterate blot ;
 My blood is mingled with the crime of lust :
 For if we two be one and thou play false,
 I do digest the poison of thy flesh,
 Being strumpeted by thy contagion.
 Keep then fair league and truce with thy true bed ;
 I live distain'd, thou undishonoured.

140

Ant. S. Plead you to me, fair dame ? I know you not :
 In Ephesus I am but two hours old,
 As strange unto your town as to your talk ;
 Who, every word by all my wit being scann'd,
 Want wit in all one word to understand.

Luc. Fie, brother ! how the world is chang'd with you !
 When were you wont to use my sister thus ?
 She sent for you by Dromio home to dinner.

150

Ant. S. By Dromio ?

Dro. S. By me ?

Adr. By thee ; and this thou didst return from him,
 That he did buffet thee, and in his blows
 Denied my house for his, me for his wife.

Ant. S. Did you converse, sir, with this gentlewoman ?
 What is the course and drift of your compact ?

Dro. S. I, sir ? I never saw her till this time.

160

Ant. S. Villain, thou liest ; for even her very words
 Didst thou deliver to me on the mart.

Dro. S. I never spake with her in all my life.

Ant. S. How can she thus then call us by our names,
 Unless it be by inspiration.

Adr. How ill agrees it with your gravity
 To counterfeit thus grossly with your slave,
 Abetting him to thwart me in my mood !
 Be it my wrong you are from me exempt,
 But wrong not that wrong with a more contempt.
 Come, I will fasten on this sleeve of thine :
 Thou art an elm, my husband, I a vine,
 Whose weakness married to thy stronger state
 Makes me with thy strength to communicate :

170

¹⁴⁴ *I live distain'd*, etc. : that is, it is I that am distained by your loose life, while you by my chaste life live undishonoured.

If aught possess thee from me, it is dross,
 Usurping ivy, brier, or idle moss;
 Who, all for want of pruning, with intrusion
 Infect thy sap and live on thy confusion.

Ant. S. To me she speaks; she moves me for her theme:
 What, was I married to her in my dream? 180
 Or sleep I now and think I hear all this?
 What error drives our eyes and ears amiss?
 Until I know this sure uncertainty,
 I'll entertain the offer'd fallacy.

Luc. Dromio, go bid the servants spread for dinner.

Dro. S. O, for my beads! I cross me for a sinner.
 This is the fairy land: O spite of spites:
 We talk with goblins, owls and sprites:
 If we obey them not, this will ensue,
 They'll suck our breath or pinch us black and blue. 190

Luc. Why prat'st thou to thyself and answer'st not?
 Dromio, thou drone, thou snail, thou slug, thou sot!

Dro. S. I am transformed, master, am I not?

Ant. S. I think thou art in mind, and so am I.

Dro. S. Nay, master, both in mind and in my shape.

Ant. S. Thou hast thine own form.

Dro. S. No, I am an ape.

Luc. If thou art chang'd to aught, 't is to an ass.

Dro. S. 'T is true; she rides me and I long for grass.
 'T is so, I am an ass; else it could never be
 But I should know her as well as she knows me. 200

Adr. Come, come, no longer will I be a fool,
 To put the finger in the eye and weep,
 Whilst man and master laugh my woes to scorn.
 Come, sir, to dinner. Dromio, keep the gate.
 Husband, I'll dine above with you to-day
 And shrive you of a thousand idle pranks.
 Sirrah, if any ask you for your master,
 Say he dines forth and let no creature enter.
 Come, sister. Dromio, play the porter well.

Ant. S. Am I in earth, in heaven, or in hell? 210
 Sleeping or waking? mad or well-advis'd?
 Known unto these, and to myself disguis'd!
 I'll say as they say and persevere so,
 And in this mist at all adventures go,

Dro. S. Master, shall I be porter at the gate?

Adr. Ay; and let none enter, lest I break your pate.

Luc. Come, come, Antipholus, we dine too late. [Exeunt.]

¹⁸⁴ the offer'd fallacy. The folio, "the free'd fallacy." Steevens's *offer'd* is quite surely not the true word; but it may well remain until a better is proposed.

ACT III.

SCENE I. *Before the house of ANTIPHOLUS of Ephesus.*

Enter ANTIPHOLUS of Ephesus, DROMIO of Ephesus, ANGELO, and BALTHAZAR.

Ant. E. Good Signior Angelo, you must excuse us all ;
My wife is shrewish when I keep not hours :
Say that I linger'd with you at your shop
To see the making of her carcanet,
And that to-morrow you will bring it home.
But here 's a villain that would face me down
He met me on the mart, and that I beat him
And charg'd him with a thousand marks in gold,
And that I did deny my wife and house.
Thou drunkard, thou, what didst thou mean by this ? 10

Dro. E. Say what you will, sir, but I know what I know ;
That you beat me at the mart, I have your hand to show :
If the skin were parchment and the blows you gave were ink,
Your own handwriting would tell you what I think.

Ant. E. I think thou art an ass.

Dro. E. Marry, so it doth appear
By the wrongs I suffer and the blows I bear.
I should kick, being kick'd ; and, being at that pass,
You would keep from my heels and beware of an ass.

Ant. E. Y' are sad, Signior Balthazar : pray God our cheer
May answer my good will and your good welcome here. 20

Bal. I hold your dainties cheap, sir, and your welcome dear.

Ant. E. O, Signior Balthazar, either at flesh or fish,
A table full of welcome makes scarce one dainty dish.

Bal. Good meat, sir, is common ; that every churl affords.

Ant. E. And welcome more common ; for that 's nothing
but words.

Bal. Small cheer and great welcome makes a merry feast.

Ant. E. Ay, to a niggardly host and more sparing guest :
But thought my cates be mean, take them in good part ;
Better cheer may you have, but not with better heart.
But, soft ! my door is lock'd. Go bid them let us in. 30

Dro. E. Maud, Bridget, Marian, Cicely, Gillian, Ginn !

Dro. S. [*Within.*] Mome, malt-horse, capon, coxcomb,
idiot, patch !

Either get thee from the door or sit down at the hatch.
Dost thou conjure for wenches, that thou call'st for such store,
When one is one too many ? Go get thee from the door.

³² *Mome* . . . *patch*. *Mome* meant a dullard ; *patch*, at first, a professional fool whose dress was patched like Harlequin's ; afterwards, a simple fool.

³³ *hatch*. A hatch was the lower half of a divided door.

Dro. E. What patch is made our porter? My master stays in the street.

Dro. S. [*Within.*] Let him walk from whence he came, lest he catch cold on 's feet.

Ant. E. Who talks within there? ho, open the door!

Dro. S. [*Within.*] Right, sir; I 'll tell you when, an you 'll tell me wherefore.

Ant. E. Wherefore? for my dinner: I have not din'd to-day. 40

Dro. S. [*Within.*] Nor to-day here you must not; come again when you may.

Ant. E. What art thou that keep'st me out from the house I owe?

Dro. S. [*Within.*] The porter for this time, sir, and my name is Dromio.

Dro. E. O villain! thou hast stolen both mine office and my name.

The one ne'er got me credit, the other mickle blame.

If thou hadst been Dromio to-day in my place,

Thou wouldst have chang'd thy face for a name or thy name for an ass.

Luce. [*Within.*] What a coil is there, Dromio? who are those at the gate?

Dro. E. Let my master in, Luce.

Luce. [*Within.*] Faith, no; he comes too late; 50
And so tell your master.

Dro. E. O Lord, I must laugh!

Have at you with a proverb — Shall I set in my staff?

Luce. [*Within.*] Have at you with another; that's —
When? can you tell?

Dro. S. [*Within.*] If thy name be call'd Luce, — Luce,
thou hast answer'd him well.

Ant. E. Do you hear, you minion? you 'll let us in, I hope?

Luce. [*Within.*] I thought to have ask'd you.

Dro. S. [*Within.*] And you said no.

Dro. E. So, come, help: well struck! there was blow for blow.

Ant. E. Thou baggage, let me in.

Luce. [*Within.*] Can you tell for whose sake?

Dro. E. Master, knock the door hard.

Luce. [*Within.*] Let him knock till it ache.

Ant. E. You 'll cry for this, minion, if I beat the door down.

Luce. [*Within.*] What needs all that, and a pair of stocks in the town?

⁴² *I owe* = I own.

⁴⁷ *for an ass*. Incomprehensible, and probably corrupt.

Adr. [*Within.*] Who is that at the door that keeps all this noise?

Dro. S. [*Within.*] By my troth, your town is troubled with unruly boys.

Ant. E. Are you there, wife? you might have come before.

Adr. [*Within.*] Your wife, sir knave! go get you from the door.

Dro. E. If you went in pain, master, this knave would go sore.

Ang. Here is neither cheer, sir, nor welcome: we would fain have either.

Bal. In debating which was best, we shall part with neither.

Dro. E. They stand at the door, master; bid them welcome hither.

Ant. E. There is something in the wind, that we cannot get in.

Dro. E. You would say so, master, if your garments were thin.

Your cake there is warm within; you stand here in the cold:
It would make a man mad as a buck, to be so bought and sold.

Ant. E. Go fetch me something: I'll break ope the gate.

Dro. S. [*Within.*] Break any breaking here, and I'll break your knave's pate.

Dro. E. A man may break a word with you, sir, and words are but wind,

Ay, and break it in your face, so he break it not behind.

Dro. S. [*Within.*] It seems thou wantest breaking: out upon thee, hind!

Dro. E. Here's too much out upon thee! I pray thee, let me in.

Dro. S. [*Within.*] Ay, when fowls have no feathers and fish have no fin.

Ant. E. Well, I'll break in: go borrow me a crow.

Dro. E. A crow without feather? Master, mean you so?

For a fish without a fin, there's a fowl without a feather:

If a crow help us in, sirrah, we'll pluck a crow together.

Ant. E. Go get thee gone; fetch me an iron crow.

Bal. Have patience, sir; O, let it not be so!

Herein you war against your reputation

And draw within the compass of suspect

The unviolated honour of your wife.

Once this, — your long experience of her wisdom,

Her sober virtue, years and modesty,

Plead on her part some cause to you unknown;

And doubt not, sir, but she will well excuse

Why at this time the doors are made against you.

Be rul'd by me: depart in patience,
 And let us to the Tiger all to dinner,
 And about evening come yourself alone
 To know the reason of this strange restraint.
 If by strong hand you offer to break in
 Now in the stirring passage of the day,
 A vulgar comment will be made of it,
 And that supposed by the common rout
 Against your yet ungalled estimation
 That may with foul intrusion enter in
 And dwell upon your grave when you are dead;
 For slander lives upon succession,
 For ever housed where it gets possession.

100

Ant. E. You have prevail'd: I will depart in quiet,
 And, in despite of mirth, mean to be merry.
 I know a wench of excellent discourse,
 Pretty and witty, wild and yet, too, gentle:
 There will we dine. This woman that I mean,
 My wife — but, I protest, without desert —
 Hath oftentimes upbraided me withal:
 To her will we to dinner. [*To Ang.*] Get you home
 And fetch the chain; by this I know 't is made:
 Bring it, I pray you, to the Porpentine;
 For there 's the house: that chain will I bestow —
 Be it for nothing but to spite my wife —
 Upon mine hostess there: good sir, make haste.
 Since mine own doors refuse to entertain me,
 I 'll knock elsewhere, to see if they 'll disdain me.

110

120

Ang. I 'll meet you at that place some hour hence.

Ant. E. Do so. This jest shall cost me some expense.

[*Exeunt.*]SCENE II. *The same.**Enter LUCIANA and ANTIPHOLUS of Syracuse.*

Luc. And may it be that you have quite forgot
 A husband's office? shall, Antipholus,
 Even in the spring of love, thy love-springs rot?
 Shall love, in building, grow so ruinous?
 If you did wed my sister for her wealth,
 Then for her wealth's sake use her with more kindness:
 Or if you like elsewhere, do it by stealth;
 Muffle your false love with some show of blindness:
 Let not my sister read it in your eye;
 Be not thy tongue thy own shame's orator;

10

¹⁰⁰ *succession*: a word of four syllables. In S.'s time the termination *ion* was very generally thus pronounced.

¹¹⁸ *Porpentine*. Thus the porcupine was called in S.'s day.

Look sweet, speak fair, become disloyalty ;
 Apparel vice like virtue's harbinger ;
 Bear a fair presence, though your heart be tainted ;
 Teach sin the carriage of a holy saint ;
 Be secret-false : what need she be acquainted ?
 What simple thief brags of his own attain ?
 'T is double wrong, to truant with your bed
 And let her read it in thy looks at board :
 Shame hath a bastard fame, well managed ;
 Ill deeds are doubled with an evil word.
 Alas, poor women ! make us but believe,
 Being compact of credit, that you love us ;
 Though others have the arm, show us the sleeve ;
 We in your motion turn and you may move us.
 Then, gentle brother, get you in again ;
 Comfort my sister, cheer her, call her wife :
 'T is holy sport to be a little vain,

20

When the sweet breath of flattery conquers strife.
Ant. S. Sweet mistress, — what your name is else, I know not,
 Nor by what wonder you do hit of mine, —

30

Less in your knowledge and your grace you show not
 Than our earth's wonder, more than earth divine.

Teach me, dear creature, how to think and speak ;

Lay open to my earthy-gross conceit,
 Smother'd in errors, feeble, shallow, weak,
 The folded meaning of your words' deceit.

Against my soul's pure truth why labour you

To make it wander in an unknown field ?

Are you a god ? would you create me new ?

Transform me then, and to your power I'll yield.

40

But if that I am I, then well I know

Your weeping sister is no wife of mine,

Nor to her bed no homage do I owe :

Far more, far more to you do I decline.

O, train me not, sweet mermaid, with thy note,

To drown me in thy sister's flood of tears :

Sing, siren, for thyself and I will dote :

Spread o'er the silver waves thy golden hairs,

And as a bed I'll take them and there lie,

And in that glorious supposition think

50

He gains by death that hath such means to die :

Let Love, being light, be drowned if she sink !

Luc. What, are you mad, that you do reason so ?

Ant. S. Not mad, but mated ; how, I do not know.

²⁷ *a little vain* = a little deceitful, beguiling.

⁴⁴ *decline* = incline ; commonly so used in S.'s day.

⁵⁴ *Not mad, but mated.* A common folk phrase in S.'s time, meaning not crazy, but confused, bewildered.

Luc. It is a fault that springeth from your eye.

Ant. S. For gazing on your beams, fair sun, being by.

Luc. Gaze where you should, and that will clear your sight.

Ant. S. As good to wink, sweet love, as look on night.

Luc. Why call you me love? call my sister so.

Ant. S. Thy sister's sister.

Luc. That's my sister.

Ant. S. No; 60

It is thyself, mine own self's better part,
Mine eye's clear eye, my dear heart's dearer heart,
My food, my fortune and my sweet hope's aim,
My sole earth's heaven and my heaven's claim.

Luc. All this my sister is, or else should be.

Ant. S. Call thyself sister, sweet, for I am thee.

Thee will I love and with thee lead my life:

Thou hast no husband yet nor I no wife.

Give me thy hand.

Luc. O, soft, sir! hold you still: 69

I'll fetch my sister, to get her good will. [Exit.

Enter DROMIO of Syracuse.

Ant. S. Why, how now, Dromio! where runn'st thou so fast?

Dro. S. Do you know me, sir? am I Dromio? am I your man? am I myself?

Ant. S. Thou art Dromio, thou art my man, thou art thyself.

Dro. S. I am an ass, I am a woman's man and besides myself.

Ant. S. What woman's man? and how besides thyself?

Dro. S. Marry, sir, besides myself, I am due to a woman; one that claims me, one that haunts me, one that will have me.

Ant. S. What claim lays she to thee? 81

Dro. S. Marry, sir, such claim as you would lay to your horse; and she would have me as a beast: not that, I being a beast, she would have me; but that she, being a very beastly creature, lays claim to me.

Ant. S. What is she?

Dro. S. A very reverent body; ay, such a one as a man may not speak of without he say "Sir-reverence." I have but lean luck in the match, and yet is she a wondrous fat marriage.

Ant. S. How dost thou mean a fat marriage? 90

Dro. S. Marry, sir, she's the kitchen wench and all grease; and I know not what use to put her to but to make a lamp of her and run from her by her own light. I warrant, her rags

⁷⁶ *besides thyself* = *beside thyself*. The words are really the same.

⁸⁸ *Sir-reverence*. Dromio here makes the filthiest possible allusion; for full explanation of which see Grose's *Dict. of the Vulgar Tongue*.

and the tallow in them will burn a Poland winter : if she lives till doomsday, she 'll burn a week longer than the whole world.

Ant. S. What complexion is she of?

Dro. S. Swart, like my shoe, but her face nothing like so clean kept : for why, she sweats ; a man may go over shoes in the grime of it.

Ant. S. That 's a fault that water will mend.

100

Dro. S. No, sir, 't is in grain ; Noah's flood could not do it.

Ant. S. What 's her name ?

Dro. S. Nell, sir ; but her name and three quarters, that 's an ell and three quarters, will not measure her from hip to hip.

Ant. S. Then she bears some breadth ?

Dro. S. No longer from head to foot than from hip to hip : she is spherical, like a globe ; I could find out countries in her.

Ant. S. In what part of her body stands Ireland ?

Dro. S. Marry, sir, in her buttocks : I found it out by the bogs.

110

Ant. S. Where Scotland ?

Dro. S. I found it by the barrenness ; hard in the palm of the hand.

Ant. S. Where France ?

Dro. S. In her forehead ; armed and reverted, making war against her heir.

Ant. S. Where England ?

Dro. S. I looked for the chalky cliffs, but I could find no whiteness in them ; but I guess it stood in her chin, by the salt rheum that ran between France and it.

120

Ant. S. Where Spain ?

Dro. S. Faith, I saw it not ; but I felt it hot in her breath.

Ant. S. Where America, the Indies ?

Dro. S. Oh, sir, upon her nose, all o'er embellished with rubies, carbuncles, sapphires, declining their rich aspect to the hot breath of Spain ; who sent whole armadoes of caracks to be ballast at her nose.

Ant. S. Where stood Belgia, the Netherlands ?

Dro. S. Oh, sir, I did not look so low. To conclude, this drudge, or diviner, laid claim to me ; called me Dromio ; swore I was assur'd to her ; told me what privy marks I had about me, as, the mark of my shoulder, the mole in my neck, the great wart on my left arm, that I amaz'd ran from her as a witch : And, I think, if my breast had not been made of faith and my heart of steel,

She had transform'd me to a curtal dog and made me turn i' th' wheel.

115 *reverted*. Possibly a misprint for *revolted*.

116 *her heir*. See Introduction.

120 *ballast* = ballasted, a preterite form common with *S*.

Ant. S. Go hie thee presently post to the road :
 An if the wind blow any way from shore,
 I will not harbour in this town to-night :
 If any bark put forth, come to the mart,
 Where I will walk till thou return to me.

140

If every one knows us and we know none,
 'Tis time, I think, to trudge, pack and be gone.

Dro. S. As from a bear a man would run for life,
 So fly I from her that would be my wife.

[Exit.]

Ant. S. There 's none but witches do inhabit here ;
 And therefore 't is high time that I were hence.
 She that doth call me husband, even my soul
 Doth for a wife abhor. But her fair sister,
 Possess'd with such a gentle sovereign grace,
 Of such enchanting presence and discourse,
 Hath almost made me traitor to myself :
 But, lest myself be guilty to self-wrong,
 I'll stop mine ears against the mermaid's song.

150

Enter ANGELO with the chain.

Ang. Master Antipholus, —

Ant. S. Ay, that 's my name.

Ang. I know it well, sir : lo, here is the chain.
 I thought to have ta'en you at the Porpentine :
 The chain unfinish'd made me stay thus long.

Ant. S. What is your will that I shall do with this ?

Ang. What please yourself, sir : I have made it for you.

Ant. S. Made it for me, sir ! I bespoke it not.

160

Ang. Not once, nor twice, but twenty times you have.

Go home with it and please your wife withal ;
 And soon at supper-time I'll visit you
 And then receive my money for the chain.

Ant. S. I pray you, sir, receive the money now,
 For fear you ne'er see chain nor money more.

Ang. You are a merry man, sir : fare you well.

[Exit.]

Ant. S. What I should think of this, I cannot tell :

But this I think, there 's no man is so vain
 That would refuse so fair an offer'd chain.

170

I see a man here needs not live by shifts,
 When in the streets he meets such golden gifts.

I'll to the mart and there for Dromio stay :

If any ship put out, then straight away.

[Exit]

ACT IV.

SCENE I. *A public place.**Enter Second Merchant, ANGELO, and an Officer.*

Sec. Mer. You know since Pentecost the sum is due,
 And since I have not much importun'd you ;
 Nor now I had not, but that I am bound
 To Persia and want guilders for my voyage :
 Therefore make present satisfaction,
 Or I'll attach you by this officer.

Ang. Even just the sum that I do owe to you
 Is growing to me by Antipholus,
 And in the instant that I met with you
 He had of me a chain : at five o'clock
 I shall receive the money for the same.
 Pleaseth you walk with me down to his house,
 I will discharge my bond and thank you too.

Enter ANTIPHOLUS of Ephesus and DROMIO of Ephesus from the courtesan's.

Off. That labour may you save : see where he comes.

Ant. E. While I go to the goldsmith's house, go thou
 And buy a rope's end : that will I bestow
 Among my wife and her confederates,
 For locking me out of my doors by day.
 But, soft ! I see the goldsmith. Get thee gone ;
 Buy thou a rope and bring it home to me.

Dro. E. I buy a thousand pound a year : I buy a rope. [*Erit.*]

Ant. E. A man is well help up that trusts to you :
 I promised your presence and the chain ;
 But neither chain nor goldsmith came to me.
 Belike you thought our love would last too long,
 If it were chain'd together, and therefore came not.

Ang. Saving your merry humour, here's the note
 How much your chain weighs to the utmost carat,
 The fineness of the gold and chargeful fashion,
 Which doth amount to three odd ducats more

Than I stand debted to this gentleman :
 I pray you, see him presently discharg'd,
 For he is bound to sea and stays but for it.

Ant. E. I am not furnish'd with the present money ;
 Besides, I have some business in the town.
 Good signior, take the stranger to my house
 And with you take the chain and bid my wife

² *importun'd* : accent on the second syllable, as before.

¹² *Pleaseth you*. Possibly we have here a survival of the old plural imperative in *eth*, *you* being plural in form ; but S. surely used it in the sense, " if it pleaseth you."

²¹ *I buy a thousand pound*, etc. Dromio's meaning here seems incomprehensible.

Disburse the sum on the receipt thereof :

Perchance I will be there as soon as you.

Ang. Then you will bring the chain to her yourself ? 40

Ant. E. No ; bear it with you, lest I come not time enough.

Ang. Well, sir, I will. Have you the chain about you ?

Ant. E. An if I have not, sir, I hope you have ;

Or else you may return without your money.

Ang. Nay, come, I pray you, sir, give me the chain :
Both wind and tide stays for this gentleman,
And I, to blame, have held him here too long.

Ant. E. Good Lord ! you use this dalliance to excuse
Your breach of promise to the Porpentine.
I should have chid you for not bringing it, 50
But, like a shrew, you first begin to brawl.

Sec. Mer. The hour steals on ; I pray you, sir, dispatch.

Ang. You hear how he importunes me ; — the chain !

Ant. E. Why, give it to my wife and fetch your money.

Ang. Come, come, you know I gave it you even now.

Either send the chain or send me by some token.

Ant. E. Fie, now you run this humour out of breath,
Come, where's the chain ? I pray you, let me see it.

Sec. Mer. My business cannot brook this dalliance.

Good sir, say whether you'll answer me or no : 60

If not, I'll leave him to the officer.

Ant. E. I answer you ! what should I answer you ?

Ang. The money that you owe me for the chain.

Ant. E. I owe you none till I receive the chain.

Ang. You know I gave it you half an hour since.

Ant. E. You gave me none : you wrong me much to say so.

Ang. You wrong me more, sir, in denying it :

Consider how it stands upon my credit.

Sec. Mer. Well, officer, arrest him at my suit.

Off. I do ; and charge you in the Duke's name to obey me.

Ang. This touches me in reputation. 71

Either consent to pay this sum for me

Or I attach you by this officer.

Ant. E. Consent to pay thee that I never had !
Arrest me, foolish fellow, if thou darest.

Ang. Here is thy fee ; arrest him, officer.

I would not spare my brother in this case,

If he should scorn me so apparently.

Off. I do arrest you, sir : you hear the suit.

Ant. E. I do obey thee till I give thee bail.

But, sirrah, you shall buy this sport as dear 80

As all the metal in your shop will answer.

Ang. Sir, sir, I shall have law in Ephesus,
To your notorious shame ; I doubt it not.

Enter DROMIO of Syracuse, from the bay.

Dro. S. Master, there is a bark of Epidamnum
That stays but till her owner comes aboard
And then, sir, she bears away. Our fraughtage, sir,
I have convey'd aboard and I have bought
The oil, the balsamum and aqua-vitæ.

The ship is in her trim ; the merry wind
Blows fair from land : they stay for nought at all
But for their owner, master, and yourself.

90

Ant. E. How now ! a madman ! Why, thou peevish sheep,
What ship of Epidamnum stays for me ?

Dro. S. A ship you sent me to, to hire waftage.

Ant. E. Thou drunken slave, I sent thee for a rope
And told thee to what purpose and what end.

Dro. S. You sent me for a rope's end as soon :
You sent me to the bay, sir, for a bark.

Ant. E. I will debate this matter at more leisure
And teach your ears to list me with more heed.

100

To Adriana, villain, hie thee straight :
Give her this key, and tell her, in the desk
That 's cover'd o'er with Turkish tapestry
There is a purse of ducats ; let her send it :
Tell her I am arrested in the street
And that shall bail me : hie thee, slave, be gone !
On, officer, to prison till it come.

[Exeunt Sec. Merchant, Angelo, Officer, and Ant. E.]

Dro. S. To Adriana ! that is where we din'd,
Where Dowsabel did claim me for her husband :
She is too big, I hope, for me to compass.
Thither I must, although against my will,
For servants must their masters' minds fulfil.

110

[Exit.]

SCENE II. *The house of ANTIPHOLUS of Ephesus.*

Enter ADRIANA and LUCIANA.

Adr. Ah, Luciana, did he tempt thee so ?
Mightst thou perceive austerely in his eye
That he did plead in earnest ? yea or no ?
Look'd he or red or pale, or sad or merrily ?
What observation mad'st thou in this case
Of his heart's meteors tilting in his face ?

Luc. First he deni'd you had in him no right.

Adr. He meant he did me none ; the more my spite.

Luc. Then swore he that he was a stranger here.

Adr. And true he swore, though yet forsworn he were. 10

⁷ *deni'd* . . . *no right*. The use of a double negative was common in S.'s day.

Luc. Then pleaded I for you.

Adr. And what said he?

Luc. That love I begg'd for you he begg'd of me.

Adr. With what persuasion did he tempt thy love?

Luc. With words that in an honest suit might move.

First he did praise my beauty, then my speech.

Adr. Didst speak him fair?

Luc. Have patience, I beseech.

Adr. I cannot, nor I will not, hold me still ;

My tongue, though not my heart, shall have his will.

He is deformed, crooked, old and sere,

Ill-faced, worse bodied, shapeless everywhere ;

20

Vicious, ungentle, foolish, blunt, unkind,

Stigmatical in making, worse in mind.

Luc. Who would be jealous then of such a one?

No evil lost is wail'd when it is gone.

Adr. Ah, but I think him better than I say,

And yet would herein others' eyes were worse.

Far from her nest the lapwing cries away :

My heart prays for him, though my tongue do curse.

Enter DROMIO of Syracuse.

Dro. S. Here ! go ; the desk, the purse ! sweet, now, make haste.

Luc. How hast thou lost thy breath ?

Dro. S. By running fast. 30

Adr. Where is thy master, Dromio ? is he well ?

Dro. S. No, he 's in Tartar limbo, worse than hell.

A devil in an everlasting garment hath him ;

One whose hard heart is button'd up with steel ;

A fiend, a fairy pitiless and rough ;

A wolf, nay, worse, a fellow all in buff ;

A back-friend, a shoulder-clapper, one that countermands

The passages of alleys, creeks and narrow lands ;

A hound that runs counter and yet draws dry-foot well ;

One that before the judgement carries poor souls to hell. 40

Adr. Why, man, what is the matter ?

Dro. S. I do not know the matter : he is 'rested on the case.

Adr. What, is he arrested ? Tell me at whose suit.

Dro. S. I know not at whose suit he is arrested well ;

But he 's in a suit of buff which 'rested him, that can I tell.

Will you send him, mistress, redemption, the money in his desk ?

Adr. Go fetch it, sister. [*Exit Luciana.*] This I wonder at,

³⁹ runs counter = follows scent the wrong way : draws dry-foot = hunts by the foot-scent. Hunting phrases.

⁴⁰ hell : cant for prison.

⁴² 'rested on the case : on the case is a law phrase for a legal proceeding now out of use ; but which survived within the memory of men now at the bar.

That he, unknown to me, should be in debt.

Tell me, was he arrested on a band?

Dro. S. Not on a band, but on a stronger thing;

A chain, a chain! Do you not hear it ring?

50

Adr. What, the chain?

Dro. S. No, no, the bell: 't is time that I were gone:

It was two ere I left him, and now the clock strikes one.

Adr. The hours come back! that did I never hear.

Dro. S. O, yes; if any hour meet a sergeant, a' turns back
for very fear.

Adr. As if Time were in debt! how fondly dost thou reason!

Dro. S. Time is a very bankrupt and owes more than he's
worth to season.

Nay, he's a thief too: have you not heard men say,

That Time comes stealing on by night and day?

60

If Time be in debt and theft, and a sergeant in the way,

Hath he not reason to turn back an hour in a day?

Re-enter LUCIANA with a purse.

Adr. Go, Dromio; there's the money, bear it straight,

And bring thy master home immediately.

Come, sister: I am press'd down with conceit —

Conceit, my comfort and my injury.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *A public place.*

Enter ANTIPHOLUS of Syracuse.

Ant. S. There's not a man I meet but doth salute me

As if I were their well-acquainted friend;

And every one doth call me by my name.

Some tender money to me; some invite me;

Some other give me thanks for kindnesses;

Some offer me commodities to buy:

Even now a tailor call'd me in his shop

And show'd me silks that he had bought for me

And therewithal took measure of my body.

Sure, these are but imaginary wiles

10

And Lapland sorcerers inhabit here.

Enter DROMIO of Syracuse.

Dro. S. Master, here's the gold you sent me for. What,
have you got the picture of old Adam new-apparelled?

Ant. S. What gold is this? what Adam dost thou mean?

Dro. S. Not that Adam that kept the Paradise, but that Adam

⁵⁰ *any hour*: *hour* and *whore* were pronounced alike.

¹¹ *Lapland* was in high credit for witches in S.'s day.

¹³ *old Adam*, etc. An obscure and possibly corrupt passage, which has never been satisfactorily explained or restored.

that keeps the prison : he that goes in the calf's skin that was kill'd for the Prodigal ; he that came behind you, sir, like an evil angel, and bid you forsake your liberty.

Ant. S. I understand thee not.

Dro. S. No ? why, 't is a plain case : he that went, like a bass-viol, in a case of leather ; the man, sir, that, when gentlemen are tired, gives them a fob and 'rests them ; he, sir, that takes pity on decayed men and gives them suits of durance ; he that sets up his rest to do more exploits with his mace than a morris-pike.

Ant. S. What, thou mean'st an officer ?

Dro. S. Ay, sir, the sergeant of the band ; he that brings any man to answer it that breaks his band ; one that thinks a man always going to bed and says, God give you good rest !

Ant. S. Well, sir, there rest in your foolery. Is there any ship puts forth to-night ? may we be gone ?

Dro. S. Why, sir, I brought you word an hour since that the bark Expedition put forth to-night ; and then were you hind'ed by the sergeant, to tarry for the hoy Delay. Here are the angels that you sent for to deliver you.

Ant. S. The fellow is distract, and so am I ;
And here we wander in illusions :
Some blessed power deliver us from hence !

Enter a Courtezan.

Cour. Well met, well met, Master Antipholus.
I see, sir, you have found the goldsmith now :
Is that the chain you promis'd me to-day ?

Ant. S. Satan, avoid ! I charge thee, tempt me not.

Dro. S. Master, is this Mistress Satan ?

Ant. S. It is the devil.

Dro. S. Nay, she is worse, she is the devil's dam ; and here she comes in the habit of a light wench : and thereof comes that the wenches say, God damn me ; that's as much to say, God make me a light wench. It is written, they appear to men like angels of light : light is an effect of fire, and fire will burn ; *ergo*, light wenches will burn. Come not near her.

Cour. Your man and you are marvellous merry, sir.
Will you go with me ? We'll mend our dinner here ?

Dro. S. Master, if you do, expect spoon-meat ; or bespeak a long spoon.

Ant. S. Why, Dromio ?

Dro. S. Marry, he must have a long spoon that must eat with the devil.

Ant. S. Avoid then, fiend ! what tell'st thou me of supping ?

¹⁹ *calf's skin* : these officers wore leathern doublets.

²⁴ *sets up his rest*. A gaming phrase, equivalent to betting long odds.

Thou art, as you are all, a sorceress :
I conjure thee to leave me and be gone.

60

Cour. Give me the ring of mine you had at dinner,
Or, for my diamond, the chain you promis'd,
And I'll be gone, sir, and not trouble you.

Dro. S. Some devils ask but the parings of one's nail,
A rush, a hair, a drop of blood, a pin,
A nut, a cherry-stone ;
But she, more covetous, would have a chain.
Master, be wise : an if you give it her,
The devil will shake her chain and fright us with it.

Cour. I pray you, sir, my ring, or else the chain :
I hope you do not mean to cheat me so.

70

Ant. S. Avaunt, thou witch ! Come, Dromio, let us go.

Dro. S. Fly pride, says the peacock : mistress, that you know.

[*Exeunt Ant. S. and Dro. S.*]

Cour. Now, out of doubt Antipholus is mad,
Else would he never so demean himself.
A ring he hath of mine worth forty ducats,
And for the same he promis'd me a chain :
Both one and other he denies me now.
The reason that I gather he is mad,
Besides this present instance of his rage,
Is a mad tale he told to-day at dinner,
Of his own doors being shut against his entrance.
Belike his wife, acquainted with his fits,
On purpose shut the doors against his way.
My way is now to hie home to his house,
And tell his wife that, being lunatic,
He rush'd into my house and took perforce
My ring away. This course I fittest choose ;
For forty ducats is too much to lose.

80

[*Exit.*]SCENE IV. *A street.*

Enter ANTIPHOLUS of Ephesus and the Officer.

Ant. E. Fear me not, man ; I will not break away :
I'll give thee, ere I leave thee, so much money,
To warrant thee, as I am 'rested for.
My wife is in a wayward mood to-day,
And will not lightly trust the messenger.
That I should be attach'd in Ephesus,
I tell you, 't will sound harshly in her ears.

Enter DROMIO of Ephesus with a rope's-end.

Here comes my man ; I think he brings the money.
How now, sir ! have you that I sent you for ?

Dro. E. Here's that, I warrant you, will pay them all. 10

Ant. E. But where's the money?

Dro. E. Why, sir, I gave the money for the rope.

Ant. E. Five hundred ducats, villain, for a rope?

Dro. E. I'll serve you, sir, five hundred at the rate.

Ant. E. To what end did I bid thee hie thee home?

Dro. E. To a rope's end, sir; and to that end am I return'd.

Ant. E. And to that end, sir, I will welcome you. [*Beating him.*]

Off. Good sir, be patient.

Dro. E. Nay, 't is for me to be patient; I am in adversity.

Off. Good, now, hold thy tongue. 20

Dro. E. Nay, rather persuade him to hold his hands.

Ant. E. Thou whoreson, senseless villain!

Dro. E. I would I were senseless, sir, that I might not feel your blows.

Ant. E. Thou art sensible in nothing but blows, and so is an ass.

Dro. E. I am an ass, indeed; you may prove it by my long ears. I have served him from the hour of my nativity to this instant, and have nothing at his hands for my service but blows. When I am cold, he heats me with beating; when I am warm, he cools me with beating: I am wak'd with it when I sleep; rais'd with it when I sit; driven out of doors with it when I go from home; welcom'd home with it when I return: nay, I bear it on my shoulders, as a beggar wont her brat; and, I think, when he hath lam'd me, I shall beg with it from door to door.

Ant. E. Come, go along; my wife is coming yonder.

Enter ADRIANA, LUCIANA, the Courtezan, and PINCH.

Dro. E. Mistress, *respice finem*, respect your end; or rather, to prophesy like the parrot, "beware the rope's-end."

Ant. E. Wilt thou still talk? [*Beating him.*]

Cour. How say you now? is not your husband mad? 40

Adr. His incivility confirms no less.

Good Doctor Pinch, you are a conjurer;

Establish him in his true sense again,

And I will please you what you will demand.

Luc. Alas, how fiery and how sharp he looks!

Cour. Mark how he trembles in his ecstasy!

Pinch. Give me your hand and let me feel your pulse.

Ant. E. There is my hand, and let it feel your ear.

[*Striking him.*]

Pinch. I charge thee, Satan, hous'd within this man,

To yield possession to my holy prayers

And to thy state of darkness hie thee straight: 50

I conjure thee by all the saints in heaven!

Ant. E. Peace, doting wizzard, peace! I am not mad.

Adr. O, that thou wert not, poor distressed soul !

Ant. E. You minion, you, are these your customers ?
Did this companion with the saffron face
Revel and feast it at my house to-day,
Whilst upon me the guilty doors were shut
And I denied to enter in my house ?

Adr. O husband, God doth know you din'd at home ; 60
Where would you had remain'd until this time,
Free from these slanders and this open shame !

Ant. E. Din'd at home ! Thou villain, what sayest thou ?

Dro. E. Sir, sooth to say, you did not dine at home.

Ant. E. Were not my doors lock'd up and I shut out ?

Dro. E. *Perdie*, your doors were lock'd and you shut out.

Ant. E. And did not she herself revile me there ?

Dro. E. *Sans* fable, she herself revil'd you there.

Ant. E. Did not her kitchen-maid rail, taunt and scorn me ?

Dro. E. Certes, she did ; the kitchen-vestal scorn'd you. 70

Ant. E. And did not I in rage depart from thence ?

Dro. E. In verity you did ; my bones bear witness,
That since have felt the vigour of his rage.

Adr. Is't good to soothe him in these contraries ?

Pinch. It is no shame : the fellow finds his vein
And yielding to him humours well his frenzy.

Ant. E. Thou hast suborn'd the goldsmith to arrest me.

Adr. Alas, I sent you money to redeem you,
By Dromio here, who came in haste for it.

Dro. E. Money by me ! heart and good-will you might ; 80
But surely, master, not a rag of money.

Ant. E. Went'st not thou to her for a purse of ducats ?

Adr. He came to me and I deliver'd it.

Luc. And I am witness with her that she did.

Dro. E. God and the rope-maker bear me witness
That I was sent for nothing but a rope !

Pinch. Mistress, both man and master is possess'd ;
I know it by their pale and deadly looks :
They must be bound and laid in some dark room.

Ant. E. Say, wherefore didst thou lock me forth to-day ? 90
And why dost thou deny the bag of gold ?

Adr. I did not, gentle husband, lock thee forth.

Dro. E. And, gentle master, I receiv'd no gold ;
But I confess, sir, that we were lock'd out.

Adr. Dissembling villain, thou speak'st false in both.

Ant. E. Dissembling harlot, thou art false in all
And art confederate with a damned pack

⁵⁵ *customers* = customary companions.

⁶⁰ *Perdie* = *Par Dieu*. (Fr.)

⁶⁸ *Sans* = without. (Fr.)

To make a loathsome abject scorn of me :
 But with these nails I 'll pluck out these false eyes
 That would behold in me this shameful sport.

100

Enter three or four, and offer to bind him. He strives.

Adr. O, bind him, bind him ! let him not come near me.

Pinch. More company ! The fiend is strong within him.

Luc. Ay me, poor man, how pale and wan he looks !

Ant. E. What, will you murder me ? Thou gaoler, thou,
 I am thy prisoner : wilt thou suffer them
 To make a rescue ?

Off. Masters, let him go :

He is my prisoner, and you shall not have him.

Pinch. Go bind this man, for he is frantic too.

[They offer to bind Dro. E.]

Adr. What wilt thou do, thou peevish officer ?

Hast thou delight to see a wretched man

110

Do outrage and displeasure to himself ?

Off. He is my prisoner : if I let him go,
 The debt he owes will be requir'd of me.

Adr. I will discharge thee e'er I go from thee :
 Bear me forthwith unto his creditor

And, knowing how the debt grows, I will pay it.

Good master doctor, see him safe convey'd

Home to my house. O most unhappy day !

Ant. E. O most unhappy strumpet !

Dro. E. Master, I am here ent'red in bond for you.

120

Ant. E. Out on thee, villain ! wherefore dost thou mad me ?

Dro. E. Will you be bound for nothing ? be mad, good master : cry "The devil !"

Luc. God help, poor souls, how idly do they talk !

Adr. Go bear him hence. Sister, go you with me.

[Exeunt all but Adriana, Luciana, Officer and Courtezan.]

Say now, whose suit is he arrested at ?

Off. One Angelo, a goldsmith : do you know him ?

Adr. I know the man. What is the sum he owes ?

Off. Two hundred ducats.

Adr. Say, how grows it due ?

Off. Due for a chain your husband had of him.

130

Adr. He did bespeak a chain for me, but had it not.

Cour. When as your husband all in rage to-day
 Came to my house and took away my ring —

The ring I saw upon his finger now —

Straight after did I meet him with a chain.

Adr. It may be so, but I did never see it.

¹³² *When as*: that is, merely, *when*, usually written of old as one word. Rare in S., and one of the evidences of the early writing of this comedy.

Come, gaoler, bring me where the goldsmith is :
I long to know the truth hereof at large.

Enter ANTIPHOLUS of Syracuse with his rapier drawn, and DROMIO of Syracuse.

Luc. God, for thy mercy ! they are loose again.

Adr. And come with naked swords.

140

Let's call more help to have them bound again.

Off. Away ! they'll kill us.

[Exeunt all but Ant. S. and Dro. S.]

Ant. S. I see these witches are afraid of swords.

Dro. S. She that would be your wife now ran from you.

Ant. S. Come to the Centaur ; fetch our stuff from thence :
I long that we were safe and sound aboard.

Dro. S. Faith, stay here this night ; they will surely do us
no harm : you saw they speak us fair, give us gold : methinks
they are such a gentle nation that, but for the mountain of mad
flesh that claims marriage of me, I could find in my heart to
stay here still and turn witch.

151

Ant. S. I will not stay to-night for all the town ;
Therefore away, to get our stuff aboard.

[Exeunt.]

ACT V.

SCENE I. *A street before a Priory.*

Enter Second Merchant and ANGELO.

Ang. I am sorry, sir, that I have hinder'd you ;
But, I protest, he had the chain of me,
Though most dishonestly he doth deny it.

Sec. Mer. How is the man esteem'd here in the city ?

Ang. Of very reverend reputation, sir,
Of credit infinite, highly belov'd,
Second to none that lives here in the city :
His word might bear my wealth at any time.

Sec. Mer. Speak softly : yonder, as I think, he walks.

Enter ANTIPHOLUS of Syracuse and DROMIO of Syracuse.

Ang. 'T is so ; and that self chain about his neck
Which he forswore most monstrously to have.

10

Good sir, draw near to me, I'll speak to him.

Signior Antipholus, I wonder much

That you would put me to this shame and trouble ;

And, not without some scandal to yourself,

With circumstance and oaths so to deny

This chain which now you wear so openly :

Beside the charge, the shame, imprisonment,

You have done wrong to this my honest friend,

Who, but for staying on our controversy,

20

Had hoisted sail and put to sea to-day :

This chain you had of me ; can you deny it ?

Ant. S. I think I had ; I never did deny it.

Sec. Mer. Yes, that you did, sir, and forswore it too.

Ant. S. Who heard me to deny it or forswear it ?

Sec. Mer. These ears of mine, thou know'st, did hear thee.

Fie on thee, wretch ! 't is pity that thou liv'st

To walk where any honest men resort.

Ant. S. Thou art a villain to impeach me thus :

I'll prove mine honour and mine honesty

30

Against thee presently, if thou dar'st stand.

Sec. Mer. I dare, and do defy thee for a villain. [*They draw.*]

Enter ADRIANA, LUCIANA, the Courtezan and others.

Adr. Hold, hurt him not, for God's sake ! he is mad.

Some get within him ; take his sword away :

Bind Dromio too, and bear them to my house.

Dro. S. Run, master, run ; for God's sake, take a house !

This is some priory. In, or we are spoil'd !

[*Exeunt Ant. S. and Dro. S. to the Priory.*]

Enter the Lady Abbess.

Abb. Be quiet, people. Wherefore throng you hither ?

Adr. To fetch my poor distracted husband hence.

Let us come in, that we may bind him fast

40

And bear him home for his recovery.

Ang. I knew he was not in his perfect wits.

Sec. Mer. I am sorry now that I did draw on him.

Abb. How long hath this possession held the man ?

Adr. This week he hath been heavy, sour, sad,

And much different from the man he was ;

But till this afternoon his passion

Ne'er brake into extremity of rage.

Abb. Hath he not lost much wealth by wrack of sea ?

Buried some dear friend ? Hath not else his eye

50

Stray'd his affection in unlawful love ?

A sin prevailing much in youthful men,

Who give their eyes the liberty of gazing.

Which of these sorrows is he subject to ?

Adr. To none of these, except it be the last ;

Namely, some love that drew him oft from home.

Abb. You should for that have reprehended him.

Adr. Why, so I did.

Abb. Ay, but not rough enough.

Adr. As roughly as my modesty would let me.

Abb. Haply, in private.

Adr. And in assemblies too.

60

²⁴ *within him ; that is, within his guard.*

Abb. Ay, but not enough.

Adr. It was the copy of our conference :

In bed he slept not for my urging it ;
At board he fed not for my urging it ;
Alone, it was the subject of my theme ;
In company I often glanced it ;
Still did I tell him it was vile and bad.

Abb. And thereof came it that the man was mad :
The venom clamours of a jealous woman
Poisons more deadly than a mad dog's tooth. 70
It seems his sleeps were hinder'd by thy railing,
And thereof comes it that his head is light.
Thou say'st his meat was sauc'd with thy upbraidings :
Unquiet meals make ill digestions ;
Thereof the raging fire of fever bred ;
And what's a fever but a fit of madness ?
Thou say'st his sports were hinder'd by thy brawls :
Sweet recreation barr'd, what doth ensue
But moody and dull melancholy,
Kinsman to grim and comfortless despair, 80
And at her heels a huge infectious troop
Of pale distemperatures and foes to life ?
In food, in sport and life-preserving rest
To be disturb'd, would mad or man or beast :
The consequence is then thy jealous fits
Have scar'd thy husband from the use of wits.

Luc. She never reprehended him but mildly,
When he demean'd himself rough, rude and wildly.
Why bear you these rebukes and answer not ?

Adr. She did betray me to my own reproof. 90
Good people, enter and lay hold on him.

Abb. No, not a creature enters in my house.

Adr. Then let your servants bring my husband forth.

Abb. Neither : he took this place for sanctuary,
And it shall privilege him from your hands
Till I have brought him to his wits again,
Or lose my labour in assaying it.

Adr. I will attend my husband, be his nurse,
Diet his sickness for it is my office,
And will have no attorney but myself ; 100
And therefore let me have him home with me.

Abb. Be patient ; for I will not let him stir
Till I have us'd the approved means I have,
With wholesome syrups, drugs and holy prayers,
To make of him a formal man again :

It is a branch and parcel of mine oath,
A charitable duty of my order.
Therefore depart and leave him here with me.

Adr. I will not hence and leave my husband here:

And ill it doth beseem your holiness

110

To separate the husband and the wife.

Abb. Be quiet and depart: thou shalt not have him. [*Exit.*]

Luc. Complain unto the Duke of this indignity.

Adr. Come, go: I will fall prostrate at his feet

And never rise until my tears and prayers

Have won his grace to come in person hither

And take perforce my husband from the abbess.

Sec. Mer. By this, I think, the dial points at five:

Anon, I'm sure, the Duke himself in person

Comes this way to the melancholy vale,

120

The place of death and sorry execution,

Behind the ditches of the abbey here.

Ang. Upon what cause?

Sec. Mer. To see a reverend Syracusian merchant,
Who put unluckily into this bay

Against the laws and statutes of this town,

Beheaded publicly for his offence.

Ang. See where they come: we will behold his death.

Luc. Kneel to the Duke before he pass the abbey.

Enter DUKE, attended; ÆGEON bareheaded; with the Headsman and other Officers.

Duke. Yet once again proclaim it publicly,

130

If any friend will pay the sum for him,

He shall not die; so much we tender him.

Adr. Justice, most sacred Duke, against the abbess!

Duke. She is a virtuous and a reverend lady:

It cannot be that she hath done thee wrong.

Adr. May it please your grace, Antipholus, my husband,

Who I made lord of me and all I had,

At your important letters, — this ill day

A most outrageous fit of madness took him;

That desperately he hurried through the street, —

140

With him his bondman, all as mad as he, —

Doing displeasure to the citizens

By rushing in their houses, bearing thence

Rings, jewels, any thing his rage did like.

Once did I get him bound and sent him home,

Whilst to take order for the wrongs I went

That here and there his fury had committed.

Anon, I wot not by what strong escape,

He broke from those that had the guard of him;

And with his mad attendant and himself,
 Each one with ireful passion, with drawn swords,
 Met us again and madly bent on us
 Chas'd us away, till raising of more aid
 We came again to bind them. Then they fled
 Into this abbey, whither we pursu'd them :
 And here the abbess shuts the gates on us,
 And will not suffer us to fetch him out,
 Nor send him forth that we may bear him hence.
 Therefore, most gracious Duke, with thy command
 Let him be brought forth and borne hence for help. 150

Duke. Long since thy husband serv'd me in my wars,
 And I to thee engag'd a prince's word,
 When thou didst make him master of thy bed,
 To do him all the grace and good I could.
 Go, some of you, knock at the abbey-gate
 And bid the lady abbess come to me.
 I will determine this before I stir.

Enter a Servant.

Serv. O mistress, mistress, shift and save yourself !
 My master and his man are both broke loose,
 Beaten the maids a-row and bound the doctor,
 Whose beard they have sing'd off with brands of fire ; 170
 And ever, as it blaz'd, they threw on him
 Great pails of puddled mire to quench the hair :
 My master preaches patience to him and the while
 His man with scissors nicks him like a fool,
 And sure, unless you send some present help,
 Between them they will kill the conjurer.

Adr. Peace, fool ! thy master and his man are here,
 And that is false thou dost report to us.

Serv. Mistress, upon my life, I tell you true ; 180
 I have not breath'd almost since I did see it.
 He cries for you and vows, if he can take you,
 To scorch your face and to disfigure you. [*Cry within.*
 Hark, hark ! I hear him, mistress : fly, be gone !

Duke. Come, stand by me ; fear nothing. Guard with hal-
 berds !

Adr. Ay me, it is my husband ! Witness you,
 That he is borne about invisible :
 Even now we hous'd him in the abbey here ;
 And now he 's there, past thought of human reason.

Enter ANTIPHOLUS of Ephesus and DROMIO of Ephesus.

Ant. E. Justice, most gracious Duke, O, grant me justice !
 Even for the service that long since I did thee, 191

176 nicks him like a fool: that is, cuts his hair in the fashion of the jesters.

When I bestrid thee in the wars and took
 Deep scars to save thy life ; even for the blood
 That then I lost for thee, now grant me justice.

Æge. Unless the fear of death doth make me dote,
 I see my son Antipholus and Dromio.

Ant. E. Justice, sweet prince, against that woman there !
 She whom thou gav'st to me to be my wife,
 That hath abused and dishonour'd me
 Even in the strength and height of injury !
 Beyond imagination is the wrong
 That she this day hath shameless thrown on me.

Duke. Discover how, and thou shalt find me just.

Ant. E. This day, great Duke, she shut the doors upon me,
 While she with harlots feasted in my house.

Duke. A grievous fault ! Say, woman, didst thou so ?

Adr. No, my good lord : myself, he and my sister
 To-day did dine together. So befall my soul
 As this is false he burdens me withal !

Luc. Ne'er may I look on day, nor sleep on night,
 But she tells to your highness simple truth !

Ang. O perjur'd woman ! They are both forsworn :
 In this the madman justly chargeth them.

Ant. E. My liege, I am advised what I say,
 Neither disturbed with the effect of wine,
 Nor heady-rash, provok'd with raging ire,
 Albeit my wrongs might make one wiser mad.
 This woman lock'd me out this day from dinner :
 That goldsmith there, were he not pack'd with her,
 Could witness it, for he was with me then ;
 Who parted with me to go fetch a chain,
 Promising to bring it to the Porpentine,
 Where Balthazar and I did dine together.
 Our dinner done, and he not coming thither,
 I went to seek him : in the street I met him
 And in his company that gentleman.
 There did this perjur'd goldsmith swear me down
 That I this day of him receiv'd the chain,
 Which, God he knows, I saw not : for the which
 He did arrest me with an officer.

I did obey, and sent my peasant home
 For certain ducats : he with none return'd.
 Then fairly I bespoke the officer
 To go in person with me to my house.
 B' th' way we met my wife, her sister, and a rabble more
 Of vile confederates. Along with them

²⁰⁵ *harlots*. This word was of old applied to men as well as to women.

²¹⁹ *packed* = joined, confederated.

They brought one Pinch, a hungry lean-faced villain,
 A mere anatomy, a mountebank,
 A threadbare juggler and a fortune-teller,
 A needy, hollow-eyed, sharp-looking wretch,
 A living-dead man : this pernicious slave,
 Forsooth, took on him as a conjurer,
 And, gazing in mine eyes, feeling my pulse,
 And with no face, as 't were, outfacing me,
 Cries out, I was possess'd. Then all together
 They fell upon me, bound me, bore me thence
 And in a dark and dankish vault at home
 There left me and my man, both bound together ;
 Till, gnawing with my teeth my bonds in sunder,
 I gain'd my freedom and immediately
 Ran hither to your grace ; whom I beseech
 To give me ample satisfaction

For these deep shames and great indignities.

Ang. My lord, in truth, thus far I witness with him,
 That he din'd not at home, but was lock'd out.

Duke. But had he such a chain of thee or no ?

Ang. He had, my lord : and when he ran in here,
 These people saw the chain about his neck.

Sec. Mer. Besides, I will be sworn these ears of mine
 Heard you confess you had the chain of him
 After you first forswore it on the mart :
 And thereupon I drew my sword on you ;
 And then you fled into this abbey here,
 From whence, I think, you are come by miracle.

Ant. E. I never came within these abbey-walls,
 Nor ever didst thou draw thy sword on me :
 I never saw the chain, so help me Heaven !
 And this is false you burden me withal.

Duke. Why, what an intricate impeach is this !
 I think you all have drunk of Circe's cup.
 If here you hous'd him, here he would have been ;
 If he were mad, he would not plead so coldly :
 You say he din'd at home ; the goldsmith here
 Denies that saying. Sirrah, what say you ?

Dro. E. Sir, he din'd with her there, at the Porpentine.

Cour. He did, and from my finger snatch'd that ring.

Ant. E. 'Tis true, my liege, this ring I had of her.

Duke. Saw'st thou him enter at the abbey here ?

Cour. As sure, my liege, as I do see your grace.

Duke. Why, this is strange. Go call the abbess hither. 280
 I think you are all mated or stark mad. [Exit one to the Abbess.]

270 *Circe's cup.* Circe, a beautiful sorceress, besotted and embruted all her admirers.

281 *mated :* confused, bewildered.

Æge. Most mighty Duke, vouchsafe me speak a word :
Haply I see a friend will save my life
And pay the sum that may deliver me.

Duke. Speak freely, Syracusian, what thou wilt.

Æge. Is not your name, sir, call'd Antipholus ?
And is not that your bondman, Dromio ?

Dro. E. Within this hour I was his bondman, sir,
But he, I thank him, gnaw'd in two my cords :
Now am I Dromio and his man unbound.

290

Æge. I am sure you both of you remember me.

Dro. E. Ourselves we do remember, sir, by you ;
For lately we were bound, as you are now.
You are not Pinch's patient, are you, sir ?

Æge. Why look you strange on me ? you know me well.

Ant. E. I never saw you in my life till now.

Æge. O, grief hath chang'd me since you saw me last,
And careful hours with time's deformed hand
Have written strange defeatures in my face :
But tell me yet, dost thou not know my voice ?

300

Ant. E. Neither.

Æge. Dromio, nor thou ?

Dro. E.

No, trust me, sir, nor I.

Æge. I am sure thou dost.

Dro. E. Ay, sir, but I am sure I do not ; and whatsoever a
man denies, you are now bound to believe him.

Æge. Not know my voice ! O time's extremity,
Hast thou so crack'd and splitted my poor tongue
In seven short years, that here my only son
Knows not my feeble key of untun'd cares ?
Though now this grained face of mine be hid
In sap-consuming winter's drizzled snow
And all the conduits of my blood froze up,
Yet hath my night of life some memory,
My wasting lamps some fading glimmer left,
My dull deaf ears a little use to hear :
All these old witnesses — I cannot err —
Tell me thou art my son Antipholus.

310

Ant. E. I never saw my father in my life.

Æge. But seven years since, in Syracuse, boy,
Thou know'st we parted : but perhaps, my son,
Thou sham'st to acknowledge me in misery.

320

Ant. E. The Duke and all that know me in the city
Can witness with me that it is not so :
I ne'er saw Syracuse in my life.

Duke. I tell thee, Syracusian, twenty years
Have I been patron to Antipholus,

During which time he ne'er saw Syracuse :
I see thy age and dangers make thee dote.

Re-enter Abbess, with ANTIPHOLUS of Syracuse and DROMIO of Syracuse.

Abb. Most mighty Duke, behold a man much wrong'd.

[All gather to see them.]

Adr. I see two husbands, or mine eyes deceive me.

330

Duke. One of these men is Genius to the other ;

And so of these. Which is the natural man,
And which the spirit ? who deciphers them ?

Dro. S. I, sir, am Dromio : command him away.

Dro. E. I, sir, am Dromio : pray, let me stay.

Ant. S. Ægeon art thou not ? or else his ghost ?

Dro. S. O, my old master ! who hath bound him here ?

Abb. Whoever bound him, I will loose his bonds

And gain a husband by his liberty.

Speak, old Ægeon, if thou be'st the man

340

That hadst a wife once call'd Æmilia

That bore thee at a burden two fair sons :

O, if thou be'st the same Ægeon, speak,

And speak unto the same Æmilia !

Æge. If I dream not, thou art Æmilia :

If thou art she, tell me where is that son

That floated with thee on the fatal raft ?

Abb. By men of Epidamnum he and I

And the twin Dromio all were taken up ;

But by and by rude fishermen of Corinth

350

By force took Dromio and my son from them,

And me they left with those of Epidamnum.

What then became of them I cannot tell ;

I to this fortune that you see me in.

Duke. Why, here begins his morning story right :

These two Antipholuses, these two so like,

And these two Dromios, one in semblance, —

Besides her urging of her wrack at sea, —

These are the parents to these children,

Which accidentally are met together.

360

Antipholus, thou cam'st from Corinth first ?

Ant. S. No, sir, not I ; I came from Syracuse.

Duke. Stay, stand apart ; I know not which is which.

Ant. E. I came from Corinth, my most gracious lord, —

Dro. E. And I with him.

Ant. E. Brought to this town by that most famous warrior,
Duke Menaphon, your most renowned uncle.

Adr. Which of you two did dine with me to-day ?

Ant. S. I, gentle mistress.

Adr.

And are not you my husband ?

Ant. E. No ; I say nay to that.

370

Ant. S. And so do I ; yet did she call me so :

And this fair gentlewoman, her sister here,
Did call me brother. [*To Luc.*] What I told you then,
I hope I shall have leisure to make good ;
If this be not a dream I see and hear.

Ang. That is the chain, sir, which you had of me.

Ant. S. I think it be, sir ; I deny it not.

Ant. E. And you, sir, for this chain arrested me.

Ang. I think I did, sir ; I deny it not.

Adr. I sent you money, sir, to be your bail,
By Dromio ; but I think he brought it not.

380

Dro. E. No, none by me.

Ant. S. This purse of ducats I receiv'd from you
And Dromio my man did bring them me.

I see we still did meet each other's man,

And I was ta'en for him, and he for me,

And thereupon these errors are arose.

Ant. E. These ducats pawn I for my father here.

Duke. It shall not need ; thy father hath his life.

Cour. Sir, I must have that diamond from you.

390

Ant. E. There, take it ; and much thanks for my good
cheer.

Abb. Renowned Duke, vouchsafe to take the pains
To go with us into the abbey here

And hear at large discoursed all our fortunes :

And all that are assembled in this place,

That by this sympathized one day's error

Have suffer'd wrong, go keep us company,

And we shall make full satisfaction.

Thirty-three years have I but gone in travail

Of you, my sons ; and till this present hour

My heavy burthen ne'er delivered.

400

The Duke, my husband and my children both,

And you the calendars of their nativity,

Go to a gossips' feast, and go with me ;

After so long grief, such festivity !

Duke. With all my heart, I'll gossip at this feast.

[*Exeunt all but Ant. S., Ant. E., Dro. S., and Dro. E.*]

Dro. S. Master, shall I go fetch your stuff from shipboard ?

Ant. E. Dromio, what stuff of mine hast thou embark'd ?

³⁸⁷ *are arose.* This has been changed to "*all arose* ; " a very plausible and apparently much needed correction. But the more I consider the question, the stronger becomes my belief that S. wrote "errors are arose."

³⁸⁸ *satisfaction* : five syllables.

³⁹⁹ *Thirty-three years.* As Ægeon had parted from his son seven years before, when the boy was eighteen years old, it was only twenty-five years ; but for such matters S. cared little.

Dro. S. Your goods that lay at host, sir, in the Centaur.

Ant. S. He speaks to me. I am your master, Dromio : 410
Come, go with us ; we 'll look to that anon :
Embrace thy brother there ; rejoice with him.

[*Exeunt Ant. S. and Ant. E.*]

Dro. S. There is a fat friend at your master's house,
That kitchen'd me for you to-day at dinner :
She now shall be my sister, not my wife.

Dro. E. Methinks you are my glass, and not my brother :
I see by you I am a sweet-faced youth.
Will you walk in to see their gossiping ?

Dro. S. Not I, sir ; you are my elder.

Dro. E. That 's a question : how shall we try it ? 420

Dro. S. We 'll draw cuts for the senior : till then lead thou
first.

Dro. E. Nay, then, thus :

We came into the world like brother and brother ;
And now let 's go hand in hand, not one before another. [*Exeunt.*]

MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.

INTRODUCTION.

THIS comedy shows the lighter and brighter side of Shakespeare's mind in the early years of perfected manhood. It was written about 1599, and was first printed in quarto in 1600, when he was thirty-five or thirty-six years old. The plot and the gentlefolks among the personages came from a story by Bandello, an Italian novelist, who died in 1561, and whose works were never Englished. But the very names in Shakespeare's comedy and the Italian story are the same, and so are the principal incidents. Shakespeare may have read Bandello; but I am much disposed to believe that there was a writer, narrative or dramatic, between the English playwright and the Italian novelist, and that the comedy is an adaptation of another man's constructive work, enriched by Shakespeare's poetry and character-making. But it is essentially his from beginning to end, the traces of another hand being few and slight.

The name of the play and the significance of the name depend upon a pun not so plain in our day as it was in Shakespeare's. For then *th* was pronounced *t*, or *dth*, as the Irish now pronounce it, for example, in *murdther*; and *noting* and *nothing* had consequently much the same sound. See the following passage in this play:—

Balth. There's not a note of mine that's worth the *noting*.

Don P. Why, these are very crotchets that he speaks;

Note, notes, forsooth, and *nothing*.

See also in the *Winter's Tale*, Act IV. Scene 3: "No hearing, no feeling, but my sir's song, and the *nothing* of it." The play is made up of much ado about noting, that is, watching, observing. All the personages are constantly engaged in noting or watching each other. Hero's sufferings come from noting, — by her uncle's servant, by Claudio, and by Don Pedro; her release and her happiness by the noting of the Watch; and Benedick and Beatrice are brought together by secretly noting what their friends plot that they should note; and yet the principal serious incident, the accusation of Hero, about which there is so much ado, rests upon nothing.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

DON PEDRO, *prince of Arragon.*
 DON JOHN, *his bastard brother.*
 CLAUDIO, *a young lord of Florence.*
 BENEDICK, *a young lord of Padua.*
 LEONATO, *governor of Messina.*
 ANTONIO, *his brother.*
 BALTHASAR, *esquire to Don Pedro.*
 CONRADE, { *followers of Don John.*
 BORACHIO, {
 FRIAR FRANCIS.
 DOGBERRY, *a constable.*

VERGES, *a headborough.*
A Sexton.
A Boy.

HERO, *Daughter to Leonato.*
 BEATRICE, *niece to Leonato.*
 MARGARET, { *gentlewomen attending*
 URSULA, { *on Hero.*

Messengers, Watch, Attendants, etc.

SCENE: Messina.

MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.

ACT I.

SCENE I. *Before LEONATO's house.*

Enter LEONATO, HERO, and BEATRICE, with a Messenger.

Leon. I learn in this letter that Don Pedro of Arragon comes this night to Messina.

Mess. He is very near by this: he was not three leagues off when I left him.

Leon. How many gentlemen have you lost in this action?

Mess. But few of any sort, and none of name.

Leon. A victory is twice itself when the achiever brings home full numbers. I find here that Don Pedro hath bestowed much honour on a young Florentine called Claudio. 9

Mess. Much deserv'd on his part and equally rememb'ed by Don Pedro: he hath borne himself beyond the promise of his age, doing, in the figure of a lamb, the feats of a lion: he hath indeed better bett'ed expectation than you must expect of me to tell you how.

Leon. He hath an uncle here in Messina will be very much glad of it.

Mess. I have already delivered him letters, and there appears much joy in him; even so much that joy could not show itself modest enough without a badge of bitterness.

Leon. Did he break out into tears? 20

Mess. In great measure.

Leon. A kind overflow of kindness: there are no faces truer than those that are so wash'd. How much better is it to weep at joy than to joy at weeping!

Beat. I pray you, is Signior Mountanto return'd from the wars or no?

Mess. I know none of that name, lady: there was none such in the army of any sort.

Leon. What is he that you ask for, niece?

Hero. My cousin means Signior Benedick of Padua. 30

Mess. O, he's return'd; and as pleasant as ever he was.

Beat. He set up his bills here in Messina and challeng'd Cupid at the flight; and my uncle's fool, reading the challenge, subscrib'd for Cupid, and challeng'd him at the bird-bolt. I pray you, how many hath he kill'd and eaten in these wars? But how many hath he kill'd? for indeed I promised to eat all of his killing.

Leon. Faith, niece, you tax Signior Benedick too much; but he 'll be meet with you, I doubt it not.

Mess. He hath done good service, lady, in these wars. 40

Beat. You had musty victual, and he hath help to eat it: he is a very valiant trencher-man; he hath an excellent stomach.

Mess. And a good soldier too, lady.

Beat. And a good soldier to a lady: but what is he to a lord?

Mess. A lord to a lord, a man to a man; stuff'd with all honourable virtues.

Beat. It is so, indeed; he is no less than a stuff'd man: but for the stuffing, — well, we are all mortal. 49

Leon. You must not, sir, mistake my niece. There is a kind of merry war betwixt Signior Benedick and her: they never meet but there's a skirmish of wit between them.

Beat. Alas! he gets nothing by that. In our last conflict four of his five wits went halting off, and now is the whole man govern'd with one; so that if he have wit enough to keep himself warm, let him bear it for a difference between himself and his horse; for it is all the wealth that he hath left, to be known a reasonable creature. Who is his companion now? He hath every month a new sworn brother.

Mess. Is't possible? 60

Beat. Very easily possible: he wears his faith but as the fashion of his hat; it ever changes with the next block.

Mess. I see, lady, the gentleman is not in your books.

Beat. No; an he were, I would burn my study. But, I pray you, who is his companion? Is there no young squarer now that will make a voyage with him to the Devil?

Mess. He is most in the company of the right noble Claudio.

Beat. O Lord, he will hang upon him like a disease: he is sooner caught than the pestilence, and the taker runs presently mad. God help the noble Claudio! if he have caught the Benedick, it will cost him a thousand pounds ere he be cur'd. 71

Mess. I will hold friends with you, lady.

Beat. Do, good friend.

Leon. You will never run mad, niece.

⁵⁵ *flight; bird-bolt.* Flight was long shot in archery; bird-bolt, short.

⁶⁰ *squarer.* Boys now about to fight square off at each other; but perhaps S. wrote "young squire."

Beat. No, not till a hot January.

Mess. Don Pedro is approach'd.

Enter DON PEDRO, DON JOHN, CLAUDIO, BENEDICK, and BALTHASAR.

D. Pedro. Good Signior Leonato, you are come to meet your trouble: the fashion of the world is to avoid cost, and you encounter it. 79

Leon. Never came trouble to my house in the likeness of your grace: for trouble being gone, comfort should remain; but when you depart from me, sorrow abides and happiness takes his leave.

D. Pedro. You embrace your charge too willingly. I think this is your daughter.

Leon. Her mother hath many times told me so.

Bene. Were you in doubt, sir, that you ask'd her?

Leon. Signior Benedick, no; for then were you a child.

D. Pedro. You have it full, Benedick: we may guess by this what you are, being a man. Truly, the lady fathers herself. Be happy, lady; for you are like an honourable father. 91

Bene. If Signior Leonato be her father, she would not have his head on her shoulders for all Messina, as like him as she is.

Beat. I wonder that you will still be talking, Signior Benedick; nobody marks you.

Bene. What, my dear Lady Disdain! are you yet living?

Beat. Is it possible disdain should die while she hath such meet food to feed it as Signior Benedick? Courtesy itself must convert to disdain, if you come in her presence. 99

Bene. Then is courtesy a turncoat. But it is certain I am loved of all ladies, only you excepted: and I would I could find in my heart that I had not a hard heart; for, truly, I love none.

Beat. A dear happiness to women: they would else have been troubled with a pernicious suitor. I thank God and my cold blood, I am of your humour for that: I had rather hear my dog bark at a crow than a man swear he loves me.

Bene. God keep your ladyship still in that mind! so some gentleman or other shall 'scape a predestinate scratch'd face.

Beat. Scratching could not make it worse, an 't were such a face as yours were. 111

Bene. Well, you are a rare parrot-teacher.

Beat. A bird of my tongue is better than a beast of yours.

Bene. I would my horse had the speed of your tongue, and so good a continuer. But keep your way, i' God's name; I have done.

Beat. You always end with a jade's trick: I know you of old.

D. Pedro. That is the sum of all, Leonato. Signior Claudio

and Signior Benedick, my dear friend Leonato hath invited you all. I tell him we shall stay here at the least a month; and he heartily prays some occasion may detain us longer. I dare swear he is no hypocrite, but prays from his heart.

Leon. If you swear, my lord, you shall not be forsworn. [To Don John.] Let me bid you welcome, my lord: being reconciled to the Prince your brother, I owe you all duty.

D. John. I thank you: I am not of many words, but I thank you.

Leon. Please it your grace lead on?

D. Pedro. Your hand, Leonato; we will go together. 130

[Exeunt all except BENEDICK and CLAUDIO.]

Claud. Benedick, didst thou note the daughter of Signior Leonato?

Bene. I noted her not; but I look'd on her.

Claud. Is she not a modest young lady?

Bene. Do you question me, as an honest man should do, for my simple true judgement; or would you have me speak after my custom, as being a professed tyrant to their sex?

Claud. No; I pray thee speak in sober judgement.

Bene. Why, i' faith, methinks she's too low for a high praise, too brown for a fair praise and too little for a great praise: only this commendation I can afford her, that were she other than she is, she were unhandsome; and being no other but as she is, I do not like her.

Claud. Thou thinkest I am in sport: I pray thee tell me truly how thou lik'st her.

Bene. Would you buy her, that you inquire after her?

Claud. Can the world buy such a jewel?

Bene. Yea, and a case to put it into. But speak you this with a sad brow? or do you play the flouting Jack, to tell us Cupid is a good hare-finder and Vulcan a rare carpenter? Come, in what key shall a man take you, to go in the song? 151

Claud. In mine eye she is the sweetest lady that ever I look'd on.

Bene. I can see yet without spectacles and I see no such matter; there's her cousin, an she were not possessed with a fury, exceeds her as much in beauty as the first of May doth the last of December. But I hope you have no intent to turn husband, have you?

Claud. I would scarce trust myself, though I had sworn the contrary, if Hero would be my wife. 160

Bene. Is 't come to this? In faith, hath not the world one man but he will wear his cap with suspicion? Shall I never see a bachelor of threescore again? Go to, i' faith; an thou wilt needs thrust thy neck into a yoke, wear the print of it

and sigh away Sundays. Look ; Don Pedro is returned to seek you.

Re-enter DON PEDRO.

D. Pedro. What secret hath held you here, that you followed not to Leonato's?

Bene. I would your grace would constrain me to tell.

D. Pedro. I charge thee on thy allegiance. 170

Bene. You hear, Count Claudio : I can be secret as a dumb man ; I would have you think so ; but, on my allegiance, mark you this, on my allegiance. He is in love. With who ? now that is your grace's part. Mark how short his answer is ; — With Hero, Leonato's short daughter.

Claud. If this were so, so were it utter'd.

Bene. Like the old tale, my lord : " it is not so, nor 't was not so, but, indeed, God forbid it should be so."

Claud. If my passion change not shortly, God forbid it should be otherwise. 180

D. Pedro. Amen, if you love her ; for the lady is very well worthy.

Claud. You speak this to fetch me in, my lord.

D. Pedro. By my troth, I speak my thought.

Claud. And, in faith, my lord, I spoke mine.

Bene. And, by my two faiths and troths, my lord, I spoke mine.

Claud. That I love her, I feel.

D. Pedro. That she is worthy, I know. 189

Bene. That I neither feel how she should be loved nor know how she should be worthy, is the opinion that fire cannot melt out of me : I will die in it at the stake.

D. Pedro. Thou wast ever an obstinate heretic in the despite of beauty.

Claud. And never could maintain his part but in the force of his will.

Bene. That a woman conceived me, I thank her ; that she brought me up, I likewise give her most humble thanks : but that I will have a recheat winded in my forehead, or hang my bugle in an invisible baldrick, all women shall pardon me. Because I will not do them the wrong to mistrust any, I will do myself the right to trust none ; and the fine is, for the which I may go the finer, I will live a bachelor.

D. Pedro. I shall see thee, ere I die, look pale with love.

Bene. With anger, with sickness, or with hunger, my lord, not with love : prove that ever I lose more blood with love than I will get again with drinking, pick out mine eyes with a

¹⁸⁹ *recheat.* The recall winded, or blown, upon the hunter's horn. These allusions connecting horns with marriage are countless in our old literature.

ballad-maker's pen and hang me up at the door of a brothel-house for the sign of blind Cupid. 209

D. Pedro. Well, if ever thou dost fall from this faith, thou wilt prove a notable argument.

Bene. If I do, hang me in a bottle like a cat and shoot at me; and he that hits me, let him be clapp'd on the shoulder, and called Adam.

D. Pedro. Well, as time shall try :

"In time the savage bull doth bear the yoke."

Bene. The savage bull may; but if ever the sensible Benedick bear it, pluck off the bull's horns and set them in my forehead: and let me be vilely painted, and in such great letters as they write "Here is good horse to hire," let them signify under my sign Here you may see Benedick the married man.

Claud. If this should ever happen, thou wouldst be horn-mad.

D. Pedro. Nay, if Cupid have not spent all his quiver in Venice, thou wilt quake for this shortly.

Bene. I look for an earthquake too, then.

D. Pedro. Well, you will temporize with the hours. In the meantime, good Signior Benedick, repair to Leonato's: commend me to him and tell him I will not fail him at supper; for indeed he hath made great preparation. 229

Bene. I have almost matter enough in me for such an embassage; and so I commit you —

Claud. To the tuition of God: From my house, if I had it, —

D. Pedro. The sixth of July: Your loving friend, Benedick.

Bene. Nay, mock not, mock not. The body of your discourse is sometime guarded with fragments, and the guards are but slightly basted on neither: ere you flout old ends any further, examine your conscience: and so I leave you. [Exit.]

Claud. My liege, your highness now may do me good.

D. Pedro. My love is thine to teach: teach it but how, And thou shalt see how apt it is to learn Any hard lesson that may do thee good. 240

Claud. Hath Leonato any son, my lord?

D. Pedro. No child but Hero; she's his only heir. Dost thou affect her, Claudio?

Claud. O, my lord,
When you went onward on this ended action,
I look'd upon her with a soldier's eye,
That lik'd, but had a rougher task in hand
Than to drive liking to the name of love:
But now I am return'd and that war-thoughts

²¹⁴ *Adam.* One of the three famous archers: Adam Bell, Clym of the Clough, and William of Cloudesly.

²³⁰ *old ends:* that is, the phrases jestingly used in the speeches immediately foregoing, which were old and customary endings of letters.

Have left their places vacant, in their rooms
 Come thronging soft and delicate desires,
 All prompting me how fair young Hero is,
 Saying, I lik'd her ere I went to wars.

250

D. Pedro. Thou wilt be like a lover presently
 And tire the hearer with a book of words.
 If thou dost love fair Hero, cherish it,
 And I will break with her and with her father
 And thou shalt have her. Was't not to this end
 That thou began'st to twist so fine a story?

Claud. How sweetly you do minister to love,
 That know love's grief by his complexion!
 But lest my liking might too sudden seem,
 I would have salv'd it with a stronger treatise.

260

D. Pedro. What need the bridge much broader than the
 flood?

The fairest grant is the necessity.
 Look, what will serve is fit: 't is once, thou lovest,
 And I will fit thee with the remedy.
 I know we shall have revelling to-night:
 I will assume thy part in some disguise
 And tell fair Hero I am Claudio,
 And in her bosom I'll unclasp my heart
 And take her hearing prisoner with the force
 And strong encounter of my amorous tale;
 Then after to her father will I break;
 And the conclusion is, she shall be thine.
 In practice let us put it presently.

270

[*Exeunt.*]SCENE II. *A room in LEONATO'S house.**Enter LEONATO and ANTONIO, meeting.*

Leon. How now, brother! Where is my cousin, your son?
 hath he provided this music?

Ant. He is very busy about it. But, brother, I can tell you
 strange news that you yet dreamt not of.

Leon. Are they good?

Ant. As the event stamps them: but they have a good cover;
 they show well outward. The Prince and Count Claudio, walk-
 ing in a thick-pleached alley in mine orchard, were thus much
 overheard by a man of mine: the Prince discovered to Claudio
 that he loved my niece your daughter and meant to acknowl-
 edge it this night in a dance; and if he found her accordant, he
 meant to take the present time by the top and instantly break
 with you of it.

^a *thick-pleached alley* = alley lined with thickly interwoven shrubs.

Leon. Hath the fellow any wit that told you this ?

Ant. A good sharp fellow : I will send for him ; and question him yourself.

Leon. No, no ; we will hold it as a dream till it appear itself : but I will acquaint my daughter withal, that she may be the better prepared for an answer, if peradventure this be true. Go you and tell her of it. [*Enter attendants.*] Cousins, you know what you have to do. O, I cry you mercy, friend ; go you with me, and I will use your skill. Good cousin, have a care this busy time. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *The same.*

Enter DON JOHN and CONRADE.

Con. What the good-year, my lord ! why are you thus out of measure sad ?

D. John. There is no measure in the occasion that breeds ; therefore the sadness is without limit.

Con. You should hear reason.

D. John. And when I have heard it, what blessing brings it ?

Con. If not a present remedy, at least a patient sufferance.

D. John. I wonder that thou, being, as thou say'st thou art, born under Saturn, goest about to apply a moral medicine to a mortifying mischief. I cannot hide what I am : I must be sad when I have cause and smile at no man's jests, eat when I have stomach and wait for no man's leisure, sleep when I am drowsy and tend on no man's business, laugh when I am merry and claw no man in his humour.

Con. Yea, but you must not make the full show of this till you may do it without controlment. You have of late stood out against your brother, and he hath ta'en you newly into his grace ; where it is impossible you should take true root but by the fair weather that you make yourself : it is needful that you frame the season for your own harvest. 20

D. John. I had rather be a canker in a hedge than a rose in his grace, and it better fits my blood to be disdain'd of all than to fashion a carriage to rob love from any : in this, though I cannot be said to be a flattering honest man, it must not be denied but I am a plain-dealing villain. I am trusted with a muzzle and enfranchis'd with a clog ; therefore I have decreed not to sing in my cage. If I had my mouth, I would bite ; if I had my liberty, I would do my liking : in the meantime let me be that I am and seek not to alter me.

¹ *What the good year !* A vague phrase of exclamation, the real meaning of which was probably unknown to them who used it. See note on 2 Henry IV., Act II. Sc. 7, line 51.

²¹ *canker* = wild dog-rose.

Con. Can you make no use of your discontent?

30

D. John. I make all use of it, for I use it only.
Who comes here?

Enter BORACHIO.

What news, Borachio?

Bora. I came yonder from a great supper: the Prince your brother is royally entertained by Leonato; and I can give you intelligence of an intended marriage.

D. John. Will it serve for any model to build mischief on? What is he for a fool that betroths himself to unquietness?

Bora. Marry, it is your brother's right hand.

D. John. Who? the most exquisite Claudio?

40

Bora. Even he.

D. John. A proper squire! And who, and who? which way looks he?

Bora. Marry, on Hero, the daughter and heir of Leonato.

D. John. A very forward March-chick! How came you to this?

Bora. Being entertain'd for a perfumer, as I was smoking a musty room, comes me the Prince and Claudio, hand in hand, in sad conference: I whipt me behind the arras; and there heard it agreed upon that the Prince should woo Hero for himself, and having obtain'd her, give her to Count Claudio.

51

D. John. Come, come, let us thither: this may prove food to my displeasure. That young start-up hath all the glory of my overthrow: if I can cross him any way, I bless myself every way. You are both sure, and will assist me?

Con. To the death, my lord.

D. John. Let us to the great supper: their cheer is the greater that I am subdued. Would the cook were of my mind! Shall we go prove what's to be done?

59

Bora. We'll wait upon your lordship.

[*Exeunt.*]

ACT II.

SCENE I. A hall in LEONATO'S house.

Enter LEONATO, ANTONIO, HERO, BEATRICE, and others.

Leon. Was not Count John here at supper?

Ant. I saw him not.

Beat. How tartly that gentleman looks! I never can see him but I am heart-burn'd an hour after.

Hero. He is of a very melancholy disposition.

Beat. He were an excellent man that were made just in the

38 *What is he for a fool? Who is he that is such a fool?*

midway between him and Benedick : the one is too like an image and says nothing, and the other too like my lady's eldest son, evermore tattling.

Leon. Then half Signior Benedick's tongue in Count John's mouth, and half Count John's melancholy in Signior Benedick's face, —

Beat. With a good leg and a good foot, uncle, and money enough in his purse, such a man would win any woman in the world, if he could get her good-will.

Leon. By my troth, niece, thou wilt never get thee a husband, if thou be so shrewd of thy tongue.

Ant. In faith, she's too curst.

Beat. Too curst is more than curst : I shall lessen God's sending that way ; for it is said, " God sends a curst cow short horns ; " but to a cow too curst he sends none. 21

Leon. So, by being too curst, God will send you no horns.

Beat. Just, if he send me no husband ; for the which blessing I am at him upon my knees every morning and evening. Lord, I could not endure a husband with a beard on his face : I had rather lie in the woollen.

Leon. You may light on a husband that hath no beard.

Beat. What should I do with him ? dress him in my apparel and make him my waiting-gentlewoman ? He that hath a beard is more than a youth, and he that hath no beard is less than a man : and he that is more than a youth is not for me, and he that is less than a man, I am not for him : therefore I will even take sixpence in earnest of the bear-ward, and lead his apes into hell.

Leon. Well, then, go you into hell ?

Beat. No, but to the gate ; and there will the Devil meet me, like an old cuckold, with horns on his head, and say " Get you to heaven, Beatrice, get you to heaven ; here's no place for you maids : " so deliver I up my apes, and away to Saint Peter for the heavens ; he shows me where the bachelors sit, and there live we as merry as the day is long. 41

Ant. [*To Hero.*] Well, niece, I trust you will be rul'd by your father.

Beat. Yes, faith ; it is my cousin's duty to make curtsy and say, Father, as it please you. But yet for all that, cousin, let him be a handsome fellow, or else make another curtsy and say, Father, as it please me.

Leon. Well, niece, I hope to see you one day fitted with a husband.

49

³³ *bear-ward*, that is, bear-ward or bear-herd : *lead his apes into hell*. It was said of women who remained virgins past a certain period that they would lead apes in hell : why, has not yet been discovered.

Beat. Not till God make men of some other metal than earth. Would it not grieve a woman to be overmast' red with a piece of valiant dust? to make an account of her life to a clod of wayward marl? No, uncle, I'll none: Adam's sons are my brethren; and, truly, I hold it a sin to match in my kindred.

Leon. Daughter, remember what I told you: if the Prince do solicit you in that kind, you know your answer.

Beat. The fault will be in the music, cousin, if you be not woo'd in good time: if the Prince be too important, tell him there is measure in every thing and so dance out the answer. For, hear me, Hero: wooing, wedding, and repenting, is as a Scotch jig, a measure, and a cinque pace: the first suit is hot and hasty, like a Scotch jig, and full as fantastical; the wedding, mannerly-modest, as a measure, full of state and ancientry; and then comes repentance and, with his bad legs, falls into the cinque pace faster and faster, till he sink into his grave.

Leon. Cousin, you apprehend passing shrewdly.

Beat. I have a good eye, uncle; I can see a church by daylight.

Leon. The revellers are entering, brother: make good room.

[All put on their masks.

Enter DON PEDRO, CLAUDIO, BENEDICK, BALTHASAR, DON JOHN, BORACHIO, MARGARET, URSULA, and others, masked.

D. Pedro. Lady, will you walk about with your friend? 70

Hero. So you walk softly and look sweetly and say nothing, I am yours for the walk; and especially when I walk away.

D. Pedro. With me in your company?

Hero. I may say so, when I please.

D. Pedro. And when please you to say so?

Hero. When I like your favour; for God defend the lute should be like the case!

D. Pedro. My visor is Philemon's roof; within the house is Jove.

Hero. Why, then, your visor should be thatch'd. 80

D. Pedro. Speak low, if you speak love. [Drawing her aside.

Balth. Well, I would you did like me.

Marg. So would not I, for your own sake; for I have many ill qualities.

Balth. Which is one?

Marg. I say my prayers aloud.

Balth. I love you the better: the hearers may cry, Amen.

Marg. God match me with a good dancer!

Balth. Amen.

⁷⁰ *important*: loosely used for importunate.

⁷⁸ *Philemon's roof*: referring to the story told by Ovid (*Metam.* Book viii.) of the entertainment of Jupiter by Baucis and Philemon unawares.

Marg. And God keep him out of my sight when the dance is done! Answer, clerk. 91

Balth. No more words: the clerk is answered.

Urs. I know you well enough; you are Signior Antonio.

Ant. At a word, I am not.

Urs. I know you by the waggling of your head.

Ant. To tell you true, I counterfeit him.

Urs. You could never do him so ill-well, unless you were the very man. Here's his dry hand up and down: you are he, you are he.

Ant. At a word, I am not. 100

Urs. Come, come, do you think I do not know you by your excellent wit? can virtue hide itself? Go to, mum, you are he: graces will appear, and there's an end.

Beat. Will you not tell me who told you so?

Bene. No, you shall pardon me.

Beat. Nor will you not tell me who you are?

Bene. Not now.

Beat. That I was disdainful, and that I had my good wit out of the "Hundred Merry Tales:" — well, this was Signior Benedick that said so. 110

Bene. What's he?

Beat. I am sure you know him well enough.

Bene. Not I, believe me.

Beat. Did he never make you laugh?

Bene. I pray you, what is he?

Beat. Why, he is the Prince's jester: a very dull fool; only his gift is in devising impossible slanders: none but libertines delight in him; and the commendation is not in his wit, but in his villany; for he both pleases men and angers them, and then they laugh at him and beat him. I am sure he is in the fleet: I would he had boarded me. 121

Bene. When I know the gentleman, I'll tell him what you say.

Beat. Do, do: he'll but break a comparison or two on me; which, peradventure not mark'd or not laugh'd at, strikes him into melancholy; and then there's a partridge wing saved, for the fool will eat no supper that night. [*Mus.*] We must follow the leaders.

Bene. In every good thing. 129

Beat. Nay, if they lead to any ill, I will leave them at the next turning. [*Dance. Then exeunt all except Don John, Borachio, and Claudio.*]

D. John. Sure my brother is amorous on Hero and hath withdrawn her father to break with him about it. The ladies follow her and but one visor remains.

109 "Hundred Merry Tales:" a very coarse jest book of S.'s time.

116 only his gift = his only gift; a construction common in S.'s time and long after.

Bora. And that is Claudio: I know him by his bearing.

D. John. Are not you Signior Benedick?

Claud. You know me well; I am he.

D. John. Signior, you are very near my brother in his love: he is enamour'd on Hero; I pray you, dissuade him from her: she is no equal for his birth: you may do the part of an honest man in it.

141

Claud. How know you he loves her?

D. John. I heard him swear his affection.

Bora. So did I too; and he swore he would marry her to-night.

D. John. Come, let us to the banquet.

[*Exeunt Don John and Borachio.*]

Claud. Thus answer I in name of Benedick,
But hear these ill news with the ears of Claudio.

'Tis certain so; the Prince wooes for himself.

Friendship is constant in all other things

150

Save in the office and affairs of love:

Therefore all hearts in love use their own tongues;

Let every eye negotiate for itself

And trust no agent; for beauty is a witch

Against whose charms faith melteth into blood.

This is an accident of hourly proof,

Which I mistrusted not. Farewell, therefore, Hero!

Re-enter BENEDICK.

Bene. Count Claudio?

Claud. Yea, the same.

Bene. Come, will you go with me?

160

Claud. Whither?

Bene. Even to the next willow, about your own business, county. What fashion will you wear the garland of? about your neck, like an usurer's chain? or under your arm, like a lieutenant's scarf? You must wear it one way, for the Prince hath got your Hero.

Claud. I wish him joy of her.

Bene. Why, that's spoken like an honest drovier: so they sell bullocks. But did you think the Prince would have served you thus?

170

Claud. I pray you, leave me.

Bene. Ho! now you strike like the blind man: 't was the boy that stole your meat, and you'll beat the post.

Claud. If it will not be, I'll leave you.

[*Exit.*]

Bene. Alas, poor hurt fowl! now will he creep into sedges. But that my Lady Beatrice should know me, and not know me! The Prince's Fool! Ha? It may be I go under that title because I am merry. Yea, but so I am apt to do myself wrong;

I am not so reputed : it is the base, though bitter, disposition of Beatrice that puts the world into her person, and so gives me out. Well, I 'll be revenged as I may. 181

Re-enter DON PEDRO.

D. Pedro. Now, signior, where's the count? did you see him?

Bene. Troth, my lord, I have played the part of Lady Fame. I found him here as melancholy as a lodge in a warren : I told him, and I think I told him true, that your grace had got the good will of this young lady ; and I offered him my company to a willow-tree, either to make him a garland, as being forsaken, or to bind him up a rod, as being worthy to be whipp'd.

D. Pedro. To be whipp'd ! What's his fault? 190

Bene. The flat transgression of a school-boy, who, being overjoyed with finding a birds' nest, shows it his companion, and he steals it.

D. Pedro. Wilt thou make a trust a transgression? The transgression is in the stealer.

Bene. Yet it had not been amiss the rod had been made, and the garland too ; for the garland he might have worn himself, and the rod he might have bestowed on you, who, as I take it, have stolen his birds' nest.

D. Pedro. I will but teach them to sing, and restore them to the owner. 201

Bene. If their singing answer your saying, by my faith, you say honestly.

D. Pedro. The Lady Beatrice hath a quarrel to you : the gentleman that danc'd with her told her she is much wrong'd by you.

Bene. O, she misus'd me past the endurance of a block ! an oak but with one green leaf on it would have answered her ; my very visor began to assume life and scold with her. She told me, not thinking I had been myself, that I was the Prince's jester, that I was duller than a great thaw ; huddling jest upon jest with such impossible conveyance upon me that I stood like a man at a mark, with a whole army shooting at me. She speaks poniards, and every word stabs : if her breath were as terrible as her terminations, there were no living near her ; she would infect to the north star. I would not marry her, though she were endowed with all that Adam had left him before he transgress'd : she would have made Hercules have turn'd spit, yea, and have cleft his club to make the fire too. Come, talk not of her : you shall find her the infernal Ate in good apparel. I would to God some scholar would conjure her ; for certainly,

185 a warren : that is, a rabbit warren.

220 Ate : the goddess of discord.

while she is here, a man may live as quiet in hell as in a sanctuary; and people sin upon purpose, because they would go thither; so, indeed, all disquiet, horror and perturbation follows her.

D. Pedro. Look, here she comes.

Enter CLAUDIO, BEATRICE, HERO, and LEONATO.

Bene. Will your grace command me any service to the world's end? I will go on the slightest errand now to the Antipodes that you can devise to send me on; I will fetch you a tooth-picker now from the furthest inch of Asia, bring you the length of Prester John's foot, fetch you a hair off the great Cham's beard, do you any embassy to the Pigmies, rather than hold three words' conference with this harpy. You have no employment for me?

D. Pedro. None, but to desire your good company.

Bene. O God, sir, here's a dish I love not: I cannot endure my Lady Tongue. [Exit.

D. Pedro. Come, lady, come; you have lost the heart of Signior Benedick. 239

Beat. Indeed, my lord, he lent it me awhile; and I gave him use for it, a double heart for his single one: marry, once before he won it of me with false dice, therefore your grace may well say I have lost it.

D. Pedro. You have put him down, lady, you have put him down.

Beat. So I would not he should do me, my lord, lest I should prove the mother of fools. I have brought Count Claudio, whom you sent me to seek.

D. Pedro. Why, how now, count! wherefore are you sad?

Claud. Not sad, my lord. 250

D. Pedro. How then? sick?

Claud. Neither, my lord.

Beat. The count is neither sad, nor sick, nor merry, nor well; but civil count, civil as an orange, and something of that jealous complexion.

D. Pedro. I' faith, lady, I think your blazon to be true; though, I'll be sworn, if he be so, his conceit is false. Here, Claudio, I have wooed in thy name, and fair Hero is won: I have broke with her father, and his good will obtained: name the day of marriage, and God give thee joy! 260

Leon. Count, take of me my daughter, and with her my fortunes: his grace hath made the match, and all grace say Amen to it.

Beat. Speak, count, 't is your cue.

Claud. Silence is the perfectest herald of joy: I were but

254 civil as an orange: that is, a Seville orange.

little happy, if I could say how much. Lady, as you are mine, I am yours: I give away myself for you and dote upon the exchange.

Beat. Speak, cousin; or, if you cannot, stop his mouth with a kiss, and let not him speak neither. 270

D. Pedro. In faith, lady, you have a merry heart.

Beat. Yea, my lord; I thank it, poor fool, it keeps on the windy side of care. My cousin tells him in his ear that he is in her heart.

Claud. And so she doth, cousin.

Beat. Good Lord, for alliance! Thus goes every one to the world but I, and I am sunburnt; I may sit in a corner and cry heigh-ho for a husband!

D. Pedro. Lady Beatrice, I will get you one. 279

Beat. I would rather have one of your father's getting. Hath your grace ne'er a brother like you? Your father got excellent husbands, if a maid could come by them.

D. Pedro. Will you have me, lady?

Beat. No, my lord, unless I might have another for working-days: your grace is too costly to wear every day. But, I beseech your grace, pardon me: I was born to speak all mirth and no matter.

D. Pedro. Your silence most offends me, and to be merry best becomes you; for, out of question, you were born in a merry hour. 290

Beat. No, sure, my lord, my mother cried; but then there was a star danc'd, and under that was I born. Cousins, God give you joy!

Leon. Niece, will you look to those things I told you of?

Beat. I cry you mercy, uncle. By your grace's pardon. *[Exit.]*

D. Pedro. By my troth, a pleasant-spirited lady.

Leon. There's little of the melancholy element in her, my lord: she is never sad but when she sleeps, and not ever sad then; for I have heard my daughter say, she hath often dream'd of unhappiness and waked herself with laughing. 300

D. Pedro. She cannot endure to hear tell of a husband.

Leon. O, by no means: she mocks all her wooers out of suit.

D. Pedro. She were an excellent wife for Benedick.

Leon. O Lord, my lord, if they were but a week married, they would talk themselves mad.

D. Pedro. County Claudio, when mean you to go to church?

Claud. To-morrow, my lord: time goes on crutches till love have all his rites.

Leon. Not till Monday, my dear son, which is hence a just seven-night; and a time too brief, too, to have all things answer my mind. 311

D. Pedro. Come, you shake the head at so long a breathing: but, I warrant thee, Claudio, the time shall not go dully by us. I will in the interim undertake one of Hercules' labours; which is, to bring Signior Benedick and th' Lady Beatrice into a mountain of affection the one with th' other. I would fain have it a match, and I doubt not but to fashion it, if you three will but minister such assistance as I shall give you direction.

Leon. My lord, I am for you, though it cost me ten nights' watchings. 320

Claud. And I, my lord.

D. Pedro. And you too, gentle Hero?

Hero. I will do any modest office, my lord, to help my cousin to a good husband.

D. Pedro. And Benedick is not the unhopefullest husband that I know. Thus far can I praise him; he is of a noble strain, of approved valour and confirm'd honesty. I will teach you how to humour your cousin, that she shall fall in love with Benedick; and I, with your two helps, will so practise on Benedick that, in despite of his quick wit and his queasy stomach, he shall fall in love with Beatrice. If we can do this, Cupid is no longer an archer: his glory shall be ours, for we are the only love-gods. Go in with me, and I will tell you my drift. [Exeunt.]

SCENE II. *The same.*

Enter DON JOHN and BORACHIO.

D. John. It is so; the Count Claudio shall marry the daughter of Leonato.

Bora. Yea, my lord; but I can cross it.

D. John. Any bar, any cross, any impediment will be medicinal to me: I am sick in displeasure to him, and whatsoever comes athwart his affection ranges evenly with mine. How canst thou cross this marriage?

Bora. Not honestly, my lord; but so covertly that no dishonesty shall appear in me.

D. John. Show me briefly how. 10

Bora. I think I told your lordship a year since, how much I am in the favour of Margaret, the waiting gentlewoman to Hero.

D. John. I remember.

Bora. I can, at any unseasonable instant of the night, appoint her to look out at her lady's chamber window.

D. John. What life is in that, to be the death of this marriage?

Bora. The poison of that lies in you to temper. Go you to

³²⁰ *strain* = family, blood, lineage.

³³⁰ *queasy* = squeamish, over-nice.

the Prince your brother; spare not to tell him that he hath wrong'd his honour in marrying the renowned Claudio — whose estimation do you mightily hold up — to a contaminated stale, such a one as Hero. 22

D. John. What proof shall I make of that?

Bora. Proof enough to misuse the Prince, to vex Claudio, to undo Hero and kill Leonato. Look you for any other issue?

D. John. Only to despise them, I will endeavour any thing.

Bora. Go, then; find me a meet hour to draw Don Pedro and the Count Claudio alone: tell them that you know that Hero loves me; intend a kind of zeal both to the Prince and Claudio, as, — in love of your brother's honour, who hath made this match, and his friend's reputation, who is thus like to be cozen'd with the semblance of a maid, — that you have discover'd thus. They will scarcely believe this without trial: offer them instances; which shall bear no less likelihood than to see me at her chamber-window, hear me call Margaret Hero, hear Margaret term me Borachio; and bring them to see this the very night before the intended wedding, — for in the meantime I will so fashion the matter that Hero shall be absent, — and there shall appear such seeming truth of Hero's disloyalty, that jealousy shall be called assurance and all the preparation overthrown. 41

D. John. Grow this to what adverse issue it can, I will put it in practice. Be cunning in the working this, and thy fee is a thousand ducats.

Bora. Be you constant in the accusation, and my cunning shall not shame me.

D. John. I will presently go learn their day of marriage.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. LEONATO'S orchard.

Enter BENEDICK.

Bene. Boy!

Enter Boy.

Boy. Signior?

Bene. In my chamber-window lies a book: bring it hither to me in the orchard.

Boy. I am here already, sir.

Bene. I know that; but I would have thee hence, and here again. [*Exit Boy.*] I do much wonder that one man, seeing how much another man is a fool when he dedicates his behaviours to love, will, after he hath laugh'd at such shallow follies in others, become the argument of his own scorn by falling in

²¹ *stale* = a woman who makes herself common.

⁴ *orchard.* Orchard and garden were convertible terms in S.'s day.

love : and such a man is Claudio. I have known when there was no music with him but the drum and the fife ; and now had he rather hear the tabor and the pipe : I have known when he would have walk'd ten mile a-foot to see a good armour ; and now will he lie ten nights awake, carving the fashion of a new doublet. He was wont to speak plain and to the purpose, like an honest man and a soldier ; and now is he turn'd orthographer ; his words are a very fantastical banquet, just so many strange dishes. May I be so converted and see with these eyes ? I cannot tell ; I think not : I will not be sworn but love may transform me to an oyster ; but I'll take my oath on it, till he have made an oyster of me, he shall never make me such a fool. One woman is fair, yet I am well ; another is wise, yet I am well ; another virtuous, yet I am well ; but till all graces be in one woman, one woman shall not come in my grace. Rich she shall be, that's certain ; wise, or I'll none ; virtuous, or I'll never cheapen her ; fair, or I'll never look on her ; mild, or come not near me ; noble, or not I for an angel ; of good discourse, an excellent musician, and her hair shall be of what colour it please God. Ha ! the Prince and Monsieur Love ! I will hide me in the arbour.

[*Withdraws.*]*Enter DON PEDRO, CLAUDIO, and LEONATO.*

D. Pedro. Come, shall we hear this music ?

Claud. Yea, my good lord. How still the evening is, As hush'd on purpose to grace harmony !

D. Pedro. See you where Benedick hath hid himself ?

Claud. O, very well, my lord : the music ended, We'll fit the kid-fox with a pennyworth.

Enter BALTHASAR with music.

D. Pedro. Come, Balthasar, we'll hear that song again.

Balth. O, good my lord, tax not so bad a voice To slander music any more than once.

40

D. Pedro. It is the witness still of excellency To put a strange face on his own perfection. I pray thee, sing, and let me woo no more.

Balth. Because you talk of wooing, I will sing ; Since many a wooer doth commence his suit To her he thinks not worthy, yet he woos, Yet will he swear he loves.

D. Pedro. Now, pray thee, come ; Or, if thou wilt hold longer argument, Do it in notes.

Balth. Note this before my notes ; There's not a note of mine that's worth the noting.

50

D. Pedro. Why, these are very crotchets that he speaks ; Note, notes, forsooth, and nothing.

[*Air.*]

⁵² *nothing*: pronounced *noting* and involving a pun. See Introduction.

Bene. Now, divine air! now is his soul ravish'd! Is it not strange that sheeps' guts should hale souls out of men's bodies? Well, a horn for my money, when all's done.

THE SONG.

Balth. Sigh no more, ladies, sigh no more,
Men were deceivers ever,
One foot in sea and one on shore,
To one thing constant never:
Then sigh not so, but let them go,
And be you blithe and bonny,
Converting all your sounds of woe
Into Hey nonny nonny.

60

Sing no more ditties, sing no moe,
Of dumps so dull and heavy;
The fraud of men was ever so,
Since summer first was leafy:
Then sigh not so, etc.

D. Pedro. By my troth, a good song.

Balth. And an ill singer, my lord.

70

D. Pedro. Ha, no, no, faith; thou sing'st well enough for a shift.

Bene. An he had been a dog that should have howl'd thus, they would have hang'd him: and I pray God his bad voice bode no mischief. I had as lief have heard the night-raven, come what plague could have come after it.

D. Pedro. Yea, marry, dost thou hear, Balthasar? I pray thee, get us some excellent music; for to-morrow night we would have it at the Lady Hero's chamber-window.

Balth. The best I can, my lord.

80

D. Pedro. Do so: farewell. [*Exit Balthasar.*] Come hither, Leonato. What was it you told me of to-day, that your niece Beatrice was in love with Signior Benedick?

Claud. [*Aside.*] O, ay: stalk on, stalk on; the fowl sits. — I did never think that lady would have loved any man.

Leon. No, nor I neither; but most wonderful that she should so dote on Signior Benedick, whom she hath in all outward behaviours seemed ever to abhor.

Bene. Is't possible? Sits the wind in that corner?

89

Leon. By my troth, my lord, I cannot tell what to think of it but that she loves him with an enraged affection: it is past the infinite of thought.

D. Pedro. May be she doth but counterfeit.

Claud. Faith, like enough.

Leon. O God, counterfeit! There was never counterfeit of passion came so near the life of passion as she discovers it.

⁶³ *Hey nonny nonny.* For the meaning of *nonny* decorum requires me to refer the reader to the definition of *fossa*, in Florio's *World of Words*, 1597.

D. Pedro. Why, what effects of passion shows she?

Claud. Bait the hook well; this fish will bite.

Leon. What effects, my lord? She will sit you, — you heard my daughter tell you how.

100

Claud. She did, indeed.

D. Pedro. How, how, I pray you? You amaze me: I would have thought her spirit had been invincible against all assaults of affection.

Leon. I would have sworn it had, my lord; especially against Benedick.

Bene. I should think this a gull, but that the white-bearded fellow speaks it: knavery cannot, sure, hide himself in such reverence.

Claud. [*Aside.*] He hath ta'en the infection: hold it up. 110

D. Pedro. Hath she made her affection known to Benedick?

Leon. No; and swears she never will: that's her torment.

Claud. 'Tis true, indeed; so your daughter says: "Shall I," says she, "that have so oft encount'ed him with scorn, write to him that I love him?"

Leon. This says she now when she is beginning to write to him; for she'll be up twenty times a night, and there will she sit in her smock till she have writ a sheet of paper: my daughter tells us all.

Claud. Now you talk of a sheet of paper, I remember a pretty jest your daughter told us of. 121

Leon. O, when she had writ it and was reading it over, she found Benedick and Beatrice between the sheet?

Claud. That.

Leon. O, she tore the letter into a thousand halfpence; railed at herself, that she should be so immodest to write to one that she knew would flout her; "I measure him," says she, "by my own spirit; for I should flout him, if he writ to me; yea, though I love him, I should." 129

Claud. Then down upon her knees she falls, weeps, sobs, beats her heart, tears her hair, prays, cries "O sweet Benedick! God give me patience!"

Leon. She doth indeed; my daughter says so: and the ecstasy hath so much overborne her that my daughter is sometime afeard she will do a desperate outrage to herself: it is very true.

D. Pedro. It were good that Benedick knew of it by some other, if she will not discover it.

Claud. To what end? He would make but a sport of it and torment the poor lady worse. 139

D. Pedro. An he should, it were an alms to hang him. She's an excellent sweet lady; and, out of all suspicion, she is virtuous.

Claud. And she is exceeding wise.

D. Pedro. In every thing but in loving Benedick.

Leon. O, my lord, wisdom and blood combating in so tender a body, we have ten proofs to one that blood hath the victory. I am sorry for her, as I have just cause, being her uncle and her guardian.

D. Pedro. I would she had bestowed this dotage on me: I would have daff'd all other respects and made her half myself. I pray you, tell Benedick of it, and hear what he will say. 151

Leon. Were it good, think you?

Claud. Hero thinks surely she will die; for she says she will die, if he love her not, and she will die, ere she make her love known, and she will die, if he woo her, rather than she will bate one breath of her accustomed crossness.

D. Pedro. She doth well: if she should make tender of her love, 't is very possible he'll scorn it; for the man, as you know all, hath a contemptible spirit.

Claud. He is a very proper man.

160

D. Pedro. He hath indeed a good outward happiness.

Claud. Before God! and, in my mind, very wise.

D. Pedro. He doth indeed show some sparks that are like wit.

Claud. And I take him to be valiant.

D. Pedro. As Hector, I assure you: and in the managing of quarrels you may say he is wise; for either he avoids them with great discretion, or undertakes them with a most Christian-like fear. 169

Leon. If he do fear God, he must necessarily keep peace: if he break the peace, he ought to enter into a quarrel with fear and trembling.

D. Pedro. And so will he do; for the man doth fear God, howsoever it seems not in him by some large jests he will make. Well, I am sorry for your niece. Shall we go seek Benedick, and tell him of her love?

Claud. Never tell him, my lord: let her wear it out with good counsel.

Leon. Nay, that's impossible: she may wear her heart out first. 180

D. Pedro. Well, we will hear further of it by your daughter: let it cool the while. I love Benedick well; and I could wish he would modestly examine himself, to see how much he is unworthy so good a lady.

Leon. My lord, will you walk? dinner is ready.

Claud. [*Aside.*] If he do not dote on her upon this, I will never trust my expectation.

D. Pedro. [*Aside.*] Let there be the same net spread for her; and that must your daughter and her gentlewomen carry. The sport will be, when they hold one an opinion of another's dotage, and no such matter: that's the scene that I would see, which will be merely a dumb-show. Let us send her to call him in to dinner.

[*Exeunt Don Pedro, Claudio, and Leonato.*]

Bene. [*Coming forward.*] This can be no trick: the conference was sadly borne. They have the truth of this from Hero. They seem to pity the lady: it seems her affections have their full bent. Love me! why, it must be requited. I hear how I am censur'd: they say I will bear myself proudly, if I perceive the love come from her; they say too that she will rather die than give any sign of affection. I did never think to marry: I must not seem proud: happy are they that hear their detractions and can put them to mending. They say the lady is fair; 't is a truth, I can bear them witness; and virtuous; 't is so, I cannot reprove it; and wise, but for loving me; by my troth, it is no addition to her wit, nor no great argument of her folly, for I will be horribly in love with her. I may chance have some odd quirks and remnants of wit broken on me, because I have rail'd so long against marriage: but doth not the appetite alter? a man loves the meat in his youth that he cannot endure in his age. Shall quips and sentences and these paper bullets of the brain awe a man from the career of his humour? No, the world must be peopled. When I said I would die a bachelor, I did not think I should live till I were married. Here comes Beatrice. By this day! she's a fair lady: I do spy some marks of love in her.

[*Enter BEATRICE.*]

Beat. Against my will I am sent to bid you come in to dinner.

Bene. Fair Beatrice, I thank you for your pains.

Beat. I took no more pains for those thanks than you take pains to thank me: if it had been painful, I would not have come.

221

Bene. You take pleasure then in the message?

Beat. Yea, just so much as you may take upon a knife's point and choke a daw withal. You have no stomach, signior: fare you well.

[*Exit.*]

Bene. Ha! "Against my will I am sent to bid you come in to dinner;" there's a double meaning in that. "I took no more pains for those thanks than you took pains to thank me;" that's as much as to say, Any pains that I take for you is as easy as thanks. If I do not take pity of her, I am a villain; if I do not love her, I am a Jew. I will go get her picture. [*Exit.*]

ACT III.

SCENE I. LEONATO'S garden.

Enter HERO, MARGARET, and URSULA.

Hero. Good Margaret, run thee to the parlour ;
 There shalt thou find my cousin Beatrice
 Proposing with the Prince and Claudio :
 Whisper her ear and tell her, I and Ursula
 Walk in the orchard and our whole discourse
 Is all of her ; say that thou overheard'st us ;
 And bid her steal into the pleached bower,
 Where honeysuckles, ripen'd by the sun,
 Forbid the sun to enter, like favourites,
 Made proud by princes, that advance their pride
 Against that power that bred it : there will she hide her,
 To listen our propose. This is thy office ;
 Bear thee well in it and leave us alone.

10

Marg. I'll make her come, I warrant you, presently. [*Exit.*]

Hero. Now, Ursula, when Beatrice doth come,
 As we do trace this alley up and down,
 Our talk must only be of Benedick.
 When I do name him, let it be thy part
 To praise him more than ever man did merit :
 My talk to thee must be how Benedick
 Is sick in love with Beatrice. Of this matter
 Is little Cupid's crafty arrow made,
 That only wounds by hearsay.

20

Enter BEATRICE, behind.

Now begin ;
 For look where Beatrice, like a lapwing, runs
 Close by the ground, to hear our conference.

Urs. The pleasant'st angling is to see the fish
 Cut with her golden oars the silver stream,
 And greedily devour the treacherous bait :
 So angle we for Beatrice ; who even now
 Is couched in the woodbine coverture.
 Fear you not my part of the dialogue.

30

Hero. Then go we near her, that her ear lose nothing
 Of the false sweet bait that we lay for it. [*Approaching the bower.*]
 No, truly, Ursula, she is too disdainful ;
 I know her spirits are as coy and wild
 As haggards of the rock.

¹ *pleached* = thickly interwoven.

Urs.

But are you sure

That Benedick loves Beatrice so entirely?

Hero. So says the Prince and my new-trothed lord.*Urs.* And did they bid you tell her of it, madam?*Hero.* They did entreat me to acquaint her of it;

40

But I persuaded them, if they lov'd Benedick,

To wish him wrestle with affection,

And never to let Beatrice know of it.

Urs. Why did you so? Doth not the gentleman

Deserve as full as fortunate a bed

As ever Beatrice shall couch upon?

Hero. O god of love! I know he doth deserve

As much as may be yielded to a man:

But Nature never fram'd a woman's heart

Of prouder stuff than that of Beatrice;

50

Disdain and scorn ride sparkling in her eyes,

Misprising what they look on, and her wit

Values itself so highly that to her

All matter else seems weak: she cannot love,

Nor take no shape nor project of affection,

She is so self-endeared.

Urs.

Sure, I think so;

And therefore certainly it were not good

She knew his love, lest she make sport at it.

Hero. Why, you speak truth. I never yet saw man,

60

How wise, how noble, young, how rarely featur'd,

But she would spell him backward: if fair-fac'd,

She would swear the gentleman should be her sister;

If black, why, Nature, drawing of an antique,

Made a foul blot; if tall, a lance ill-headed;

If low, an agate very vilely cut;

If speaking, why, a vane blown with all winds;

If silent, why, a block moved with none.

So turns she every man the wrong side out

And never gives to truth and virtue that

Which simpleness and merit purchaseth.

70

Urs. Sure, sure, such carping is not commendable.*Hero.* No, not to be so odd and from all fashions

As Beatrice is, cannot be commendable:

But who dare tell her so? If I should speak,

She would mock me into air; O, she would laugh me

Out of myself, press me to death with wit.

Therefore let Benedick, like cover'd fire,

⁶¹ *spell him backward.* To spell a name or to read a prayer backward was one form of a witch's curse.

⁶⁵ *an agate:* that is, an engraved gem.

Consume away in sighs, waste inwardly :
It were a better death than die with mocks,
Which is as bad as die with tickling.

80

Urs. Yet tell her of it : hear what she will say.

Hero. No ; rather I will go to Benedick
And counsel him to fight against his passion.
And, truly, I 'll devise some honest slanders
To stain my cousin with : one doth not know
How much an ill word may empoison liking.

Urs. O, do not do your cousin such a wrong.
She cannot be so much without true judgement —
Having so swift and excellent a wit
As she is priz'd to have — as to refuse
So rare a gentleman as Signior Benedick.

90

Hero. He is the only man of Italy,
Always excepted my dear Claudio.

Urs. I pray you, be not angry with me, madam,
Speaking my fancy : Signior Benedick,
For shape, for bearing, argument and valour,
Goes foremost in report through Italy.

Hero. Indeed, he hath an excellent good name.

Urs. His excellence did earn it, ere he had it.
When are you married, madam ?

100

Hero. Why, every day, to-morrow. Come, go in :
I 'll show thee some attires, and have thy counsel
Which is the best to furnish me to-morrow.

Urs. [*Aside.*] She 's lim'd, I warrant you : we have caught
her, madam.

Hero. [*Aside.*] If it proves so, then loving goes by haps :
Some Cupid kills with arrows, some with traps.

[*Exeunt Hero and Ursula.*]

Beat. [*Coming forward.*] What fire is in mine ears ? Can
this be true ?

Stand I condemn'd for pride and scorn so much ?
Contempt, farewell ! and maiden pride, adieu !

No glory lives behind the back of such.

110

And, Benedick, love on ; I will requite thee,

Taming my wild heart to thy loving hand :

If thou dost love, my kindness shall incite thee

To bind our loves up in a holy band ;

For others say thou dost deserve, and I

Believe it better than reportingly.

[*Exit.*]

⁸⁰ *tickling* : a word of three syllables.

SCENE II. *A room in LEONATO'S house.*

Enter DON PEDRO, CLAUDIO, BENEDICK, and LEONATO.

D. Pedro. I do but stay till your marriage be consummate, and then go I toward Arragon.

Claud. I'll bring you thither, my lord, if you'll vouchsafe me.

D. Pedro. Nay, that would be as great a soil in the new gloss of your marriage as to show a child his new coat and forbid him to wear it. I will only be bold with Benedick for his company; for, from the crown of his head to the sole of his foot, he is all mirth: he hath twice or thrice cut Cupid's bowstring and the little hangman dare not shoot at him; he hath a heart as sound as a bell and his tongue is the clapper, for what his heart thinks his tongue speaks.

Bene. Gallants, I am not as I have been.

Leon. So say I: methinks you are sadder.

Claud. I hope he be in love.

D. Pedro. Hang him, truant! there's no true drop of blood in him, to be truly touch'd with love: if he be sad, he wants money.

Bene. I have the toothache.

D. Pedro. Draw it.

20

Bene. Hang it!

Claud. You must hang it first, and draw it afterwards.

D. Pedro. What! sigh for the toothache?

Leon. Where is but a humour or a worm.

Bene. Well, every one can master a grief but he that has it.

Claud. Yet say I, he is in love.

D. Pedro. There is no appearance of fancy in him, unless it be a fancy that he hath to strange disguises; as, to be a Dutchman to-day, a Frenchman to-morrow, or in the shape of two countries at once, as, a German from the waist downward, all slops, and a Spaniard from the hip upward, no doublet. Unless he have a fancy to this foolery, as it appears he hath, he is no fool for fancy, as you would have it appear he is.

Claud. If he be not in love with some woman, there is no believing old signs: he brushes his hat o' mornings; what should that bode?

D. Pedro. Hath any man seen him at the barber's?

Claud. No, but the barber's man hath been seen with him, and the old ornament of his cheek hath already stuffed tennis-balls.

40

²⁴ *a worm.* A worm at the root of the tooth was supposed to be a cause of toothache.

²⁷ *fancy* = preference, strong liking, love; as even nowadays.

³¹ *slops* = loose breeches.

Leon. Indeed, he looks younger than he did, by the loss of a beard.

D. Pedro. Nay, he rubs himself with civet: can you smell him out by that?

Claud. That's as much as to say, the sweet youth's in love.

D. Pedro. The greatest note of it is his melancholy.

Claud. And when was he wont to wash his face?

D. Pedro. Yea, or to paint himself? for the which, I hear what they say of him. 49

Claud. Nay, but his jesting spirit; which is now crept into a lute-string and now govern'd by stops.

D. Pedro. Indeed, that tells a heavy tale for him: conclude, conclude he is in love.

Claud. Nay, but I know who loves him.

D. Pedro. That would I know too: I warrant, one that knows him not.

Claud. Yes, and his ill conditions; and, in despite of all, dies for him.

D. Pedro. She shall be buried with her face upwards. 59

Bene. Yet is this no charm for the toothache. Old signior, walk aside with me; I have studied eight or nine wise words to speak to you, which these hobby-horses must not hear.

[*Exeunt Benedick and Leonato.*]

D. Pedro. For my life, to break with him about Beatrice.

Claud. 'Tis even so. Hero and Margaret have by this played their parts with Beatrice; and then the two bears will not bite one another when they meet.

[*Enter DON JOHN.*]

D. John. My lord and brother, God save you!

D. Pedro. Good den, brother.

D. John. If your leisure serv'd, I would speak with you.

D. Pedro. In private? 70

D. John. If it please you: yet Count Claudio may hear; for what I would speak of concerns him.

D. Pedro. What's the matter?

D. John. [*To Claudio.*] Means your lordship to be married to-morrow?

D. Pedro. You know he does.

D. John. I know not that, when he knows what I know.

Claud. If there be any impediment, I pray you discover it.

D. John. You may think I love you not: let that appear hereafter, and aim better at me by that I now will manifest. For my brother, I think he holds you well, and in dearness of heart hath help to effect your ensuing marriage;—surely suit ill spent and labour ill bestowed.

D. Pedro. Why, what's the matter?

D. John. I came hither to tell you; and — circumstances shortened, for she has been too long a talking of — the lady is disloyal.

Claud. Who, Hero?

D. John. Even she; Leonato's Hero, your Hero, every man's Hero.

90

Claud. Disloyal?

D. John. The word is too good to paint out her wickedness; I could say she were worse: think you of a worse title, and I will fit her to it. Wonder not till further warrant: go but with me to-night, you shall see her chamber-window ent'red, even the night before her wedding-day: if you love her then, to-morrow wed her; but it would better fit your honour to change your mind.

Claud. May this be so?

D. Pedro. I will not think it.

100

D. John. If you dare not trust that you see, confess not that you know: if you will follow me, I will show you enough; and when you have seen more and heard more, proceed accordingly.

Claud. If I see any thing to-night why I should not marry her to-morrow, in the congregation, where I should wed, there will I shame her.

D. Pedro. And, as I wooed for thee to obtain her, I will join with thee to disgrace her.

D. John. I will disparage her no farther till you are my witnesses: bear it coldly but till midnight, and let the issue show itself.

111

D. Pedro. O day untowardly turned!

Claud. O mischief strangely thwarting!

D. John. O plague right well prevented! so will you say when you have seen the sequel.

[*Exeunt.*]SCENE III. *A street.*

Enter DOGBERRY and VERGES with the Watch.

Dog. Are you good men and true?

Verg. Yea, or else it were pity but they should suffer salvation, body and soul.

Dog. Nay, that were a punishment too good for them, if they should have any allegiance in them, being chosen for the Prince's watch.

Verg. Well, give them their charge, neighbour Dogberry.

Dog. First, who think you the most desertless man to be constable?

First Watch. Hugh Oatcake, sir, or George Seacole; for they can write and read.

9

Dog. Come hither, neighbour Seacole. God hath bless'd you with a good name : to be a well-favoured man is the gift of fortune ; but to write and read comes by nature.

Sec. Watch. Both which, master constable, —

Dog. You have : I knew it would be your answer. Well, for your favour, sir, why, give God thanks, and make no boast of it ; and for your writing and reading, let that appear when there is no need of such vanity. You are thought here to be the most senseless and fit man for the constable of the watch ; therefore bear you the lantern. This is your charge : you shall comprehend all vagrom men ; you are to bid any man stand, in the Prince's name.

Sec. Watch. How if a' will not stand ?

Dog. Why, then, take no note of him, but let him go ; and presently call the rest of the watch together and thank God you are rid of a knave.

Verg. If he will not stand when he is bidden, he is none of the Prince's subjects.

Dog. True, and they are to meddle with none but the Prince's subjects. You shall also make no noise in the streets ; for for the watch to babble and to talk is most tolerable and not to be endured.

Watch. We will rather sleep than talk : we know what belongs to a watch.

Dog. Why, you speak like an ancient and most quiet watchman ; for I cannot see how sleeping should offend : only, have a care that your bills be not stolen. Well, you are to call at all the ale-houses, and bid those that are drunk get them to bed.

Watch. How if they will not ?

Dog. Why, then, let them alone till they are sober : if they make you not then the better answer, you may say they are not the men you took them for.

Watch. Well, sir.

Dog. If you meet a thief, you may suspect him, by virtue of your office, to be no true man ; and, for such kind of men, the less you meddle or make with them, why, the more is for your honesty.

Watch. If we know him to be a thief, shall we not lay hands on him ?

Dog. Truly, by your office, you may ; but I think they that touch pitch will be defil'd : the most peaceable way for you, if you do take a thief, is to let him show himself what he is and steal out of your company.

Verg. You have been always called a merciful man, partner.

Dog. Truly, I would not hang a dog by my will, much more a man who hath any honesty in him.

³⁸ *bills* : halberds, pikes with small axe-heads.

Verg. If you hear a child cry in the night, you must call to the nurse and bid her still it.

Watch. How if the nurse be asleep and will not hear us? 59

Dog. Why, then, depart in peace, and let the child wake her with crying; for the ewe that will not hear her lamb when it baes will never answer a calf when he bleats.

Verg. 'Tis very true.

Dog. This is the end of the charge: — you, constable, are to present the Prince's own person: if you meet the Prince in the night, you may stay him.

Verg. Nay, by 'r lady, that I think a' cannot. 68

Dog. Five shillings to one on 't, with any man that knows the statues, he may stay him: marry, not without the Prince be willing; for, indeed, the watch ought to offend no man; and it is an offence to stay a man against his will.

Verg. By 'r lady, I think it be so.

Dog. Ha, ah ha! Well, masters, good night: an there be any matter of weight chances, call up me: keep your fellows' counsels and your own; and good night. Come, neighbour.

Watch. Well, masters, we hear our charge: let us go sit here upon the church-bench till two, and then all to bed. 78

Dog. One word more, honest neighbours. I pray you, watch about Signior Leonato's door; for the wedding being there to-morrow, there is a great coil to-night. Adieu: be vigilant, I beseech you.

[*Exeunt Dogberry and Verges.*]

Enter BORACHIO and CONRADE.

Bora. What, Conrade!

Watch. [*Aside.*] Peace! stir not.

Bora. Conrade, I say!

Con. Here, man; I am at thy elbow.

Bora. Mass, and my elbow itch'd; I thought there would a scab follow.

Con. I will owe thee an answer for that: and now forward with thy tale. 90

Bora. Stand thee close, then, under this pent-house, for it drizzles rain; and I will, like a true drunkard, utter all to thee.

Watch. [*Aside.*] Some treason, masters: yet stand close.

Bora. Therefore know I have earned of Don John a thousand ducats.

Con. Is it possible that any villany should be so dear?

Bora. Thou shouldst rather ask if it were possible any villany should be so rich; for when rich villains have need of poor ones, poor ones may make what price they will.

Con. I wonder at it.

100

⁸¹ coil = disturbance, confusion.

⁹² like a true drunkard. Borachio's name, the Italian for a great drinking vessel, came to be slang for a drunkard.

Bora. That shows thou art unconfirm'd. Thou knowest that the fashion of a doublet, or a hat, or a cloak, is nothing to a man.

Con. Yes, it is apparel.

Bora. I mean, the fashion.

Con. Yes, the fashion is the fashion.

Bora. Tush! I may as well say the fool's the fool. But seest thou not what a deformed thief this fashion is?

Watch. [*Aside.*] I know that Deformed; a' has been a vile thief this seven years; a' goes up and down like a gentleman: I remember his name.

110

Bora. Didst thou not hear somebody?

Con. No; 't was the vane on the house.

Bora. Seest thou not, I say, what a deformed thief this fashion is? how giddily a' turns about all the hot bloods between fourteen and five-and-thirty? sometimes fashioning them like Pharaoh's soldiers in the reechy painting, sometime like god Bel's priests in the old church-window, sometime like the shaven Hercules in the smirch'd worm-eaten tapestry, where his cod-piece seems as massy as his club?

119

Con. All this I see; and I see that the fashion wears out more apparel than the man. But art not thou thyself giddy with the fashion too, that thou hast shifted out of thy tale into telling me of the fashion?

Bora. Not so, neither: but know that I have to-night wooed Margaret, the Lady Hero's gentlewoman, by the name of Hero: she leans me out at her mistress' chamber-window, bids me a thousand times good night, — I tell this tale vilely: — I should first tell thee how the Prince, Claudio and my master, planted and placed and possessed by my master Don John, saw afar off in the orchard this amiable encounter.

130

Con. And thought they Margaret was Hero?

Bora. Two of them did, the Prince and Claudio; but the devil my master knew she was Margaret; and partly by his oaths, which first possess'd them, partly by the dark night, which did deceive them, but chiefly by my villany, which did confirm any slander that Don John had made, away went Claudio enraged; swore he would meet her, as he was appointed, next morning at the temple, and there, before the whole congregation, shame her with what he saw o'er night and send her home again without a husband.

140

First Watch. We charge you, in the Prince's name, stand!

Sec. Watch. Call up the right master constable. We have here recovered the most dangerous piece of lechery that ever was known in the commonwealth.

¹¹⁶ *reechy*: smoked, smirched: pronounced with the *ch* hard.

¹¹⁸ *cod-piece*: a por'tentous part of the lower masculine garment, all traces of which did not disappear until about 1830.

First Watch. And one Deformed is one of them : I know him ; a' wears a lock.

Con. Masters, masters, —

Sec. Watch. You'll be made bring Deformed forth, I warrant you.

Con. Masters, —

First Watch. Never speak : we charge you let us obey you to go with us. 150

Bora. We are like to prove a goodly commodity, being taken up of these men's bills.

Con. A commodity in question, I warrant you. Come, we'll obey you. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE IV. *HERO'S apartment.*

Enter HERO, MARGARET, and URSULA.

Hero. Good Ursula, wake my cousin Beatrice, and desire her to rise.

Urs. I will, lady.

Hero. And bid her come hither.

Urs. Well. [*Exit.*]

Marg. Troth, I think your other rabato were better.

Hero. No, pray thee, good Meg, I'll wear this.

Marg. By my troth, 's not so good ; and I warrant your cousin will say so.

Hero. My cousin 's a fool, and thou art another : I'll wear none but this. 11

Marg. I like the new tire within excellently, if the hair were a thought browner ; and your gown's a most rare fashion, i' faith. I saw the Duchess of Milan's gown that they praise so.

Hero. O, that exceeds, they say.

Marg. By my troth, 's but a night-gown in respect of yours : cloth o' gold, and cuts, and lac'd with silver, set with pearls, down sleeves, side sleeves, and skirts, round underborne with a bluish tinsel : but for a fine, quaint, graceful and excellent fashion, yours is worth ten on 't. 20

Hero. God give me joy to wear it ! for my heart is exceeding heavy.

Marg. 'T will be heavier soon by the weight of a man.

Hero. Fie upon thee ! art not asham'd ?

Marg. Of what, lady ? of speaking honourably ? Is not marriage honourable in a beggar ? Is not your lord honourable without marriage ? I think you would have me say, " saving

⁶ *rabato* : a kind of ruff.

¹⁰ *night-gown* : that is, what we call now a morning gown, or dressing gown.

¹⁸ *down sleeves, side sleeves* : the former close inner and the latter loose outer hanging sleeves.

your reverence, a husband : ” an bad thinking do not wrest true speaking, I ’ll offend nobody : is there any harm in “ the heavier for a husband ” ? None, I think, an it be the right husband and the right wife ; otherwise ’t is light, and not heavy : ask my Lady Beatrice else ; here she comes.

Enter BEATRICE.

Hero. Good morrow, coz.

Beat. Good morrow, sweet Hero.

Hero. Why, how now ? do you speak in the sick tune ?

Beat. I am out of all other tune, methinks.

Marg. Clap’s into “ Light o’ love ; ” that goes without a burden : do you sing it, and I ’ll dance it.

Beat. Ye light o’ love, with your heels ! then, if your husband have stables enough, you ’ll see he shall lack no barns. 40

Marg. O illegitimate construction ! I scorn that with my heels.

Beat. ’T is almost five o’clock, cousin ; ’t is time you were ready. By my troth, I am exceeding ill : heigh-ho !

Marg. For a hawk, a horse, or a husband ?

Beat. For the letter that begins them all, H.

Marg. Well, an you be not turn’d Turk, there’s no more sailing by the star.

Beat. What means the fool, trow ?

Marg. Nothing I ; but God send every one their heart’s desire ! 49

Hero. These gloves the count sent me ; they are an excellent perfume.

Beat. I am stuff’d, cousin ; I cannot smell.

Marg. A maid, and stuff’d ! there’s goodly catching of cold.

Beat. O, God help me ! God help me ! how long have you profess’d apprehension ?

Marg. Even since you left it. Doth not my wit become me rarely ? 59

Beat. It is not seen enough, you should wear it in your cap. By my troth, I am sick.

Marg. Get you some of this distill’d Carduus Benedictus, and lay it to your heart : it is the only thing for a qualm.

Hero. There thou prick’st her with a thistle.

Beat. Benedictus ! why Benedictus ? you have some moral in this Benedictus.

Marg. Moral ! no, by my troth, I have no moral meaning ; I meant, plain holy-thistle. You may think perchance that I

⁴⁰ barns : the English equivalent of bairns, children.

⁴⁸ H. *Ache*, the noun, was pronounced with *ch* soft like *h*.

⁵⁷ apprehension : that is, word-catching.

⁶² *Carduus Benedictus* = blessed thistle, supposed to be a sovereign remedy for affection of the heart.

think you are in love: nay, by 'r lady, I am not such a fool to think what I list, nor I list not to think what I can, nor indeed I cannot think, if I would think my heart out of thinking, that you are in love or that you will be in love or that you can be in love. Yet Benedick was such another, and now is he become a man: he swore he would never marry, and yet now, in despite of his heart, he eats his meat without grudging: and how you may be converted I know not, but methinks you look with your eyes as other women do.

Beat. What pace is this that thy tongue keeps?

Marg. Not a false gallop.

79

Re-enter URSULA.

Urs. Madam, withdraw; the Prince, the count, Signior Benedick, Don John, and all the gallants of the town, are come to fetch you to church.

Hero. Help to dress me, good coz, good Meg, good Ursula.

[Exeunt.]

SCENE V. *Another room in LEONATO'S house.*

Enter LEONATO, with DOGBERRY and VERGES.

Leon. What would you with me, honest neighbour?

Dog. Marry, sir, I would have some confidence with you that decerns you nearly.

Leon. Brief, I pray you; for you see it is a busy time with me.

Dog. Marry, this it is, sir.

Verg. Yes, in truth it is, sir.

Leon. What is it, my good friends?

Dog. Goodman Verges, sir, speaks a little off the matter: an old man, sir, and his wits are not so blunt as, God help, I would desire they were; but, in faith, honest as the skin between his brows.

Verg. Yes, I thank God I am as honest as any man living that is an old man and no honester than I.

Dog. Comparisons are odorous: palabras, neighbour Verges.

Leon. Neighbours, you are tedious.

Dog. It pleases your worship to say so, but we are the poor Duke's officers; but truly, for mine own part, if I were as tedious as a king, I could find it in my heart to bestow it all of your worship.

20

Leon. All thy tediousness on me, ah?

Dog. Yea, an 't were a thousand pound more than 't is; for I hear as good exclamation on your worship as of any man

¹¹ *the skin between his brows*: a folk-phrase of S.'s time, the precise meaning of which has not been discovered. It was used only in comparison with truth, virtue, honesty, and the like.

¹² *palabras* = *palaver*, which is a corruption of the Spanish word.

in the city; and though I be but a poor man, I am glad to hear it.

Verg. And so am I.

Leon. I would fain know what you have to say.

Verg. Marry, sir, our watch to-night, excepting your worship's presence, ha' ta'en a couple of as arrant knaves as any in Messina.

Dog. A good old man, sir; he will be talking: as they say, When the age is in, the wit is out: God help us! it is a world to see. Well said, i' faith, neighbour Verges: well, God's a good man; an two men ride of a horse, one must ride behind. An honest soul, i' faith, sir; by my troth he is, as ever broke bread; but God is to be worshipp'd; all men are not alike; alas, good neighbour!

Leon. Indeed, neighbour, he comes too short of you.

Dog. Gifts that God gives.

Leon. I must leave you.

Dog. One word, sir: our watch, sir, have indeed comprehended two aspicuous persons, and we would have them this morning examined before your worship.

Leon. Take their examination yourself and bring it me: I am now in great haste, as it may appear unto you.

Dog. It shall be suffigance.

Leon. Drink some wine ere you go: fare you well.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My lord, they stay for you to give your daughter to her husband.

Leon. I'll wait upon them: I am ready.

[Exeunt Leonato and Messenger.]

Dog. Go, good partner, go, get you to Francis Seacole; bid him bring his pen and inkhorn to the gaol: we are now to examine these men.

Verg. And we must do it wisely.

Dog. We will spare for no wit, I warrant you; here's that shall drive some of them to a non-come: only get the learned writer to set down our excommunication and meet me at the gaol.

[Exeunt.]

ACT IV.

SCENE I. A church.

Enter DON PEDRO, DON JOHN, LEONATO, FRIAR FRANCIS, CLAUDIO, BENEDICK, HERO, BEATRICE, and attendants.

Leon. Come, Friar Francis, be brief; only to the plain form of marriage, and you shall recount their particular duties afterwards.

⁸⁸ God's a good man: a folk-phrase.

⁸⁶ non-come: Dogberry's form of non-compos.

Friar. You come hither, my lord, to marry this lady.

Claud. No.

Leon. To be married to her : friar, you come to marry her.

Friar. Lady, you come hither to be married to this count.

Hero. I do.

Friar. If either of you know any inward impediment why you should not be conjoined, I charge you, on your souls, to utter it.

II

Claud. Know you any, Hero?

Hero. None, my lord.

Friar. Know you any, count?

Leon. I dare make his answer, none.

Claud. O, what men dare do ! what men may do ! what men daily do, not knowing what they do !

Bene. How now ! interjections ? Why, then, some be of laughing, as, ah, ha, he !

Claud. Stand thee by, friar. Father, by your leave :
Will you with free and unconstrained soul
Give me this maid, your daughter ?

20

Leon. As freely, son, as God did give her me.

Claud. And what have I to give you back, whose worth
May counterpoise this rich and precious gift ?

D. Pedro. Nothing, unless you render her again.

Claud. Sweet Prince, you learn me noble thankfulness.
There, Leonato, take her back again :

Give not this rotten orange to your friend ;

She 's but the sign and semblance of her honour.

30

Behold how like a maid she blushes here !

O, what authority and show of truth

Can cunning sin cover itself withal !

Comes not that blood as modest evidence

To witness simple virtue ? Would you not swear,

All you that see her, that she were a maid,

By these exterior shows ? But she is none :

She knows the heat of a luxurious bed ;

Her blush is guiltiness, not modesty.

Leon. What do you mean, my lord ?

Claud. Not to be married, 40

Not to knit my soul to an approved wanton.

Leon. Dear my lord, if you, in your own proof,

Have vanquish'd the resistance of her youth,

And made defeat of her virginity, —

Claud. I know what you would say : if I have known her,
You will say she did embrace me as a husband,

⁹ inward = secret, known only to you.

²⁷ learn me = teach me : the misuse was common in S.'s time.

And so extenuate the 'forehand sin :

No, Leonato,

I never tempted her with word too large ;

But, as a brother to his sister, show'd

Bashful sincerity and comely love.

50

Hero. And seem'd I ever otherwise to you ?

Claud. Out on thee ! Seeming ! I will write against it :

You seem to me as Dian in her orb,

As chaste as is the bud ere it be blown ;

But you are more intemperate in your blood

Than Venus, or those pamper'd animals

That rage in savage sensuality.

Hero. Is my lord well, that he doth speak so wide ?

Leon. Sweet Prince, why speak not you ?

D. Pedro.

What should I speak ?

I stand dishonour'd, that have gone about

To link my dear friend to a common stale.

61

Leon. Are these things spoken, or do I but dream ?

D. John. Sir, they are spoken, and these things are true.

Bene. This looks not like a nuptial.

Hero.

True ! O God !

Claud. Leonato, stand I here ?

Is this the Prince ? is this the Prince's brother ?

Is this face Hero's ? are our eyes our own ?

Leon. All this is so : but what of this, my lord ?

Claud. Let me but move one question to your daughter ;

And, by that fatherly and kindly power

That you have in her, bid her answer truly.

Leon. I charge thee do so, as thou art my child.

Hero. O, God defend me ! how am I beset !

What kind of catechising call you this ?

Claud. To make you answer truly to your name.

Hero. Is it not Hero ? Who can blot that name

With any just reproach ?

Claud.

Marry, that can Hero ;

Hero itself can blot out Hero's virtue.

What man was he talk'd with you yesternight

Out at your window betwixt twelve and one ?

Now, if you are a maid, answer to this.

Hero. I talk'd with no man at that hour, my lord.

D. Pedro. Why, then are you no maiden. Leonato,

I am sorry you must hear : upon mine honour,

Myself, my brother and this griev'd count

Did see her, hear her, at that hour last night

Talk with a ruffian at her chamber-window ;

Who hath indeed, most like a liberal villain,

80

Confess'd the vile encounters they have had
A thousand times in secret. 90

D. John. Fie, fie ! they are not to be named, my lord,
Not to be spoke of ;

There is not chastity enough in language
Without offence to utter them. Thus, pretty lady,
I am sorry for thy much misgovernment.

Claud. O Hero, what a Hero hadst thou been,
If half thy outward graces had been plac'd
About thy thoughts and counsels of thy heart !
But fare thee well, most foul, most fair ! farewell, 100
Thou pure impiety and impious purity !
For thee I 'll lock up all the gates of love,
And on my eyelids shall conjecture hang,
To turn all beauty into thoughts of harm,
And never shall it more be gracious.

Leon. Hath no man's dagger here a point for me ?

[*Hero swoons.*]

Beat. Why, how now, cousin ! wherefore sink you down ?

D. John. Come, let us go. These things, come thus to light,
Smother her spirits up. [Exeunt *Don Pedro, Don John, and Claudio.*]

Bene. How doth the lady ?

Beat. Dead, I think. Help, uncle !
Hero ! why, Hero ! Uncle ! Signior Benedick ! Friar ! 111

Leon. O Fate ! take not away thy heavy hand.
Death is the fairest cover for her shame
That may be wish'd for.

Beat. How now, cousin Hero !

Friar. Have comfort, lady.

Leon. Dost thou look up ?

Friar. Yea, wherefore should she not ?

Leon. Wherefore ! Why, doth not every earthly thing
Cry shame upon her ? Could she here deny
The story that is printed in her blood ? 120

Do not live, Hero ; do not ope thine eyes :
For, did I think thou wouldst not quickly die,
Thought I thy spirits were stronger than thy shames,
Myself would, on the rearward of reproaches,
Strike at thy life. Griev'd I, I had but one ?
Chid I for that at frugal nature's frame ?

O, one too much by thee ! Why had I one ?

Why ever wast thou lovely in my eyes ?

Why had I not with charitable hand

Took up a beggar's issue at my gates, 130
Who smirched thus and mir'd with infamy,

126 *frame* = order, disposition ; as, God *framed* the heavens and the earth.

I might have said "No part of it is mine ;
 This shame derives itself from unknown loins" ?
 But mine and mine I lov'd and mine I prais'd
 And mine that I was proud on, mine so much
 That I myself was to myself not mine,
 Valueing of her, — why, she, O, she is fallen
 Into a pit of ink, that the wide sea
 Hath drops too few to wash her clean again
 And salt too little which may season give
 To her foul-tainted flesh !

140

Bene.

Sir, sir, be patient.

For my part, I am so attired in wonder,
 I know not what to say.

Beat. O, on my soul, my cousin is belied !*Bene.* Lady, were you her bedfellow last night ?

Beat. No, truly not ; although, until last night,
 I have this twelvemonth been her bedfellow.

Leon. Confirm'd, confirm'd ! O, that is stronger made
 Which was before barr'd up with ribs of iron !
 Would the two princes lie, and Claudio lie,
 Who lov'd her so, that, speaking of her foulness,
 Wash'd it with tears ? Hence from her ! let her die.

150

Friar. Hear me a little ;

For I have only silent been so long
 And given way unto this course of fortune . . .
 By noting of the lady. I have mark'd
 A thousand blushing apparitions
 To start into her face, a thousand innocent shames
 In angel whiteness beat away those blushes ;
 And in her eye there hath appear'd a fire,
 To burn the errors that these princes hold
 Against her maiden truth. Call me a fool ;
 Trust not my reading nor my observations,
 Which with experimental seal doth warrant
 The tenour of my book ; trust not my age,
 My reverence, calling, nor divinity,
 If this sweet lady lie not guiltless here
 Under some biting error.

160

Leon.

Friar, it cannot be.

Thou seest that all the grace that she hath left
 Is that she will not add to her damnation
 A sin of perjury ; she not denies it :
 Why seek'st thou then to cover with excuse
 That which appears in proper nakedness ?

170

Friar. Lady, what man is he you are accus'd of ?*Hero.* They know that do accuse me ; I know none :

If I know more of any man alive
 Than that which maiden modesty doth warrant,
 Let all my sins lack mercy ! O my father,
 Prove you that any man with me convers'd
 At hours unmeet, or that I yesternight
 Maintain'd the change of words with any creature,
 Refuse me, hate me, torture me to death !

180

Friar. There is some strange misprision in the princes.

Bene. Two of them have the very bent of honour ;
 And if their wisdoms be misled in this,
 The practice of it lives in John the bastard,
 Whose spirits toil in frame of villanies.

Leon. I know not. If they speak but truth of her,
 These hands shall tear her ; if they wrong her honour,
 The proudest of them shall well hear of it.
 Time hath not yet so dried this blood of mine,
 Nor age so eat up my invention,
 Nor fortune made such havoc of my means,
 Nor my bad life reft me so much of friends,
 But they shall find, awak'd in such a kind,
 Both strength of limb and policy of mind,
 Ability in means and choice of friends,
 To quit me of them thoroughly.

190

Friar. Pause awhile,

And let my counsel sway you in this case.
 Your daughter here the princes left for dead :
 Let her awhile be secretly kept in,
 And publish it that she is dead indeed ;
 Maintain a mourning ostentation
 And on your family's old monument
 Hang mournful epitaphs and do all rites
 That appertain unto a burial.

200

Leon. What shall become of this ? what will this do ?

Friar. Marry, this well carried shall on her behalf
 Change slander to remorse ; that is some good :
 But not for that dream I on this strange course,
 But on this travail look for greater birth.
 She dying, as it must be so maintain'd,
 Upon the instant that she was accus'd,
 Shall be lamented, pitied and excus'd
 Of every hearer : for it so falls out
 That what we have we prize not to the worth
 Whiles we enjoy it, but being lack'd and lost,
 Why, then we rack the value ; then we find
 The virtue that possession would not show us

210

¹⁸⁸ *misprision* = misapprehension.

²¹⁸ *rack* = strain, stretch.

Whiles it was ours. So will it fare with Claudio : 220
 When he shall hear she died upon his words,
 The idea of her life shall sweetly creep
 Into his study of imagination,
 And every lovely organ of her life
 Shall come apparell'd in more precious habit,
 More moving-delicate and full of life,
 Into the eye and prospect of his soul,
 Than when she liv'd indeed ; then shall he mourn,
 If ever love had interest in his liver,
 And wish he had not so accused her, 230
 No, though he thought his accusation true.
 Let this be so, and doubt not but success
 Will fashion the event in better shape
 Than I can lay it down in likelihood.
 But if all aim but this be levell'd false,
 The supposition of the lady's death
 Will quench the wonder of her infamy :
 And if it sort not well, you may conceal her,
 As best befits her wounded reputation,
 In some reclusive and religious life, 240
 Out of all eyes, tongues, minds and injuries.

Bene. Signior Leonato, let the friar advise you :
 And though you know my inwardness and love
 Is very much unto the Prince and Claudio,
 Yet, by mine honour, I will deal in this
 As secretly and justly as your soul
 Should with your body.

Leon. Being that I flow in grief,
 The smallest twine may lead me.

Friar. 'T is well consented : presently away ;
 For to strange sores strangely they strain the cure. 250
 Come, lady, die to live : this wedding-day
 Perhaps is but prolong'd : have patience and endure.

[*Exeunt all but Benedick and Beatrice.*]

Bene. Lady Beatrice, have you wept all this while ?

Beat. Yea, and I will weep a while longer.

Bene. I will not desire that.

Beat. You have no reason ; I do it freely.

Bene. Surely I do believe your fair cousin is wrong'd.

Beat. Ah, how much might the man deserve of me that
 would right her !

Bene. Is there any way to show such friendship ? 260

Beat. A very even way, but no such friend.

Bene. May a man do it ?

²²⁹ *his liver.* The liver was supposed of old to be the seat of amorous desire.

²⁴³ *inwardness* = intimacy.

Beat. It is a man's office, but not yours.

Bene. I do love nothing in the world so well as you : is not that strange ?

Beat. As strange as the thing I know not. It were as possible for me to say I lov'd nothing so well as you : but believe me not ; and yet I lie not ; I confess nothing, nor I deny nothing. I am sorry for my cousin.

Bene. By my sword, Beatrice, thou lov'st me.

270

Beat. Do not swear, and eat it.

Bene. I will swear by it that you love me ; and I will make him eat it that says I love not you.

Beat. Will you not eat your word ?

Bene. With no sauce that can be devised to it. I protest I love thee.

Beat. Why, then, God forgive me !

Bene. What offence, sweet Beatrice ?

Beat. You have stay'd me in a happy hour : I was about to protest I loved you.

280

Bene. And do it with all thy heart.

Beat. I love you with so much of my heart that none is left to protest.

Bene. Come, bid me do any thing for thee.

Beat. Kill Claudio.

Bene. Ha ! not for the wide world.

Beat. You kill me to deny it. Farewell.

Bene. Tarry, sweet Beatrice.

Beat. I am gone, though I am here : there is no love in you : nay, I pray you, let me go.

290

Bene. Beatrice, —

Beat. In faith, I will go.

Bene. We 'll be friends first.

Beat. You dare easier be friends with me than fight with mine enemy.

Bene. Is Claudio thine enemy ?

Beat. Is he not approved in the height a villain, that hath slandered, scorned, dishonoured my kinswoman ? O that I were a man ! What, bear her in hand until they come to take hands ; and then, with public accusation, uncovered slander, unmitigated rancour, — O God, that I were a man ! I would eat his heart in the market-place.

Bene. Hear me, Beatrice, —

Beat. Talk with a man out at a window ! A proper saying !

Bene. Nay, but, Beatrice, —

Beat. Sweet Hero ! She is wrong'd, she is slandered, she is undone.

²⁹⁰ *bear her in hand*: to bear in hand was to keep up confidence by promises or professions.

Bene. Beat—

Beat. Princes and counties! Surely, a princely testimony, a goodly count, Count Comfect; a sweet gallant, surely! O that I were a man for his sake! or that I had any friend would be a man for my sake! But manhood is melted into courtesies, valour into compliment, and men are only turned into tongue, and trim ones too: he is now as valiant as Hercules that only tells a lie and swears it. I cannot be a man with wishing, therefore I will die a woman with grieving.

Bene. Tarry, good Beatrice. By this hand, I love thee.

Beat. Use it for my love some other way than swearing by it.

Bene. Think you in your soul the Count Claudio hath wrong'd Hero?

320

Beat. Yea, as sure as I have a thought or a soul.

Bene. Enough, I am engag'd; I will challenge him. I will kiss your hand, and so I leave you. By this hand, Claudio shall render me a dear account. As you hear of me, so think of me. Go, comfort your cousin: I must say she is dead: and so, farewell.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. A prison.

Enter DOGBERRY, VERGES, and Sexton, in gowns; and the Watch, with CONRADE and BORACHIO.

Dog. Is our whole dissembly appear'd?

Verg. O, a stool and a cushion for the sexton.

Sex. Which be the malefactors?

Dog. Marry, that am I and my partner.

Verg. Nay, that's certain; we have the exhibition to examine.

Sex. But which are the offenders that are to be examined? let them come before master constable.

Dog. Yea, marry, let them come before me. What is your name, friend?

10

Bora. Borachio.

Dog. Pray, write down, Borachio. Yours, sirrah?

Con. I am a gentleman, sir, and my name is Conrade.

Dog. Write down, master gentleman Conrade. Masters, do you serve God?

Con. }
Bora. } Yea, sir, we hope.

Dog. Write down, that they hope they serve God: and write God first; for God defend but God should go before such villains! Masters, it is proved already that you are little better than false knaves; and it will go near to be thought so shortly. How answer you for yourselves?

21

³⁰⁹ a princely testimony, a goodly count. A quibble here between *conte* (a tale) and *count*.

³¹⁰ Count Comfect, a count of sugar comfits, a sweet gallant.

Con. Marry, sir, we say we are none.

Dog. A marvellous witty fellow, I assure you; but I will go about with him. Come you hither, sirrah; a word in your ear: sir, I say to you, it is thought you are false knaves.

Bora. Sir, I say to you we are none.

Dog. Well, stand aside. 'Fore God, they are both in a tale. Have you writ down, that they are none?

Sex. Master constable, you go not the way to examine: you must call forth the watch that are their accusers. 30

Dog. Yea, marry, that's the eitest way. Let the watch come forth. Masters, I charge you, in the Prince's name, accuse these men.

First Watch. This man said, sir, that Don John, the Prince's brother, was a villain.

Dog. Write down Prince John a villain. Why, this is flat perjury, to call a prince's brother villain.

Bora. Master constable, —

Dog. Pray thee, fellow, peace: I do not like thy look, I promise thee. 40

Sex. What heard you him say else?

Sec. Watch. Marry, that he had received a thousand ducats of Don John for accusing the Lady Hero wrongfully.

Dog. Flat burglary as ever was committed.

Verg. Yea, by mass, that it is.

Sex. What else, fellow?

First Watch. And that Count Claudio did mean, upon his words, to disgrace Hero before the whole assembly, and not marry her. 49

Dog. O villain! thou wilt be condemn'd into everlasting redemption for this.

Sex. What else?

Watch. This is all.

Sex. And this is more, masters, than you can deny. Prince John is this morning secretly stolen away; Hero was in this manner accus'd, in this very manner refus'd, and upon the grief of this suddenly died. Master constable, let these men be bound, and brought to Leonato's: I will go before and show him their examination. [Exit. 60

Dog. Come, let them be opinion'd.

Verg. Let them be in the hands —

Con. Off, coxcomb!

Dog. God's my life, where's the sexton? let him write down the Prince's officer coxcomb. Come, bind them. Thou naughty varlet!

Con. Away! you are an ass, you are an ass.

⁶⁰ Let them be, etc. This passage seems to be hopelessly corrupted.

Dog. Dost thou not suspect my place? dost thou not suspect my years? O that he were here to write me down an ass! But, masters, remember that I am an ass; though it be not written down, yet forget not that I am an ass. No, thou villain, thou art full of piety, as shall be prov'd upon thee by good witness. I am a wise fellow, and, which is more, an officer, and, which is more, a householder, and, which is more, as pretty a piece of flesh as any is in Messina, and one that knows the law, go to; and a rich fellow enough, go to; and a fellow that hath had losses, and one that hath two gowns and every thing handsome about him. Bring him away. O that I had been writ down an ass!

[Exeunt.

ACT V.

SCENE I. Before LEONATO's house.

Enter LEONATO and ANTONIO.

Ant. If you go on thus, you will kill yourself;
And 't is not wisdom thus to second grief
Against yourself.

Leon. I pray thee, cease thy counsel,
Which falls into mine ears as profitless
As water in a sieve: give not me counsel;
Nor let no comforter delight mine ear
But such a one whose wrongs do suit with mine.
Bring me a father that so lov'd his child,
Whose joy of her is overwhelm'd like mine,
And bid him speak of patience;
Measure his woe the length and breadth of mine
And let it answer every strain for strain,
As thus for thus and such a grief for such,
In every lineament, branch, shape, and form:
If such a one will smile and stroke his beard,
Bid sorrow wag, cry "hem!" when he should groan,
Patch grief with proverbs, make misfortune drunk
With candle-wasters; bring him yet to me,
And I of him will gather patience.
But there is no such man: for, brother, men
Can counsel and speak comfort to that grief
Which they themselves not feel; but, tasting it,
Their counsel turns to passion, which before
Would give preceptual medicine to rage,
Fetter strong madness in a silken thread,

10

20

⁷⁵ that hath had losses. Incomprehensible; and probably corrupt. Query?—that hath had horses.

¹⁴ lineament: pronounced properly in three syllables, *line-ament*.

Charm ache with air and agony with words :
 No, no ; 't is all men's office to speak patience
 To those that wring under the load of sorrow,
 But no man's virtue nor sufficiency
 To be so moral when he shall endure
 The like himself. Therefore give me no counsel :
 My griefs cry louder than advertisement.

30

Ant. Therein do men from children nothing differ.

Leon. I pray thee, peace. I will be flesh and blood ;
 For there was never yet philosopher
 That could endure the toothache patiently,
 However they have writ the style of gods
 And made a push at chance and sufferance.

Ant. Yet bend not all the harm upon yourself ;
 Make those that do offend you suffer too.

40

Leon. There thou speak'st reason : nay, I will do so.
 My soul doth tell me Hero is belied ;
 And that shall Claudio know ; so shall the Prince
 And all of them that thus dishonour her.

Ant. Here comes the Prince and Claudio hastily.

Enter DON PEDRO and CLAUDIO.

D. Pedro. Good den, good den.

Claud. Good day to both of you.

Leon. Hear you, my lords, —

D. Pedro. We have some haste, Leonato.

Leon. Some haste, my lord ! well, fare you well, my lord :
 Are you so hasty now ? well, all is one.

D. Pedro. Nay, do not quarrel with us, good old man. 50

Ant. If he could right himself with quarreling,
 Some of us would lie low.

Claud. Who wrongs him ?

Leon. Marry, thou dost wrong me ; thou dissembler, thou : —
 Nay, never lay thy hand upon thy sword ;
 I fear thee not.

Claud. Marry, beshrew my hand,
 If it should give your age such cause of fear :
 In faith, my hand meant nothing to my sword.

Leon. Tush, tush, man ; never fleer and jest at me :
 I speak not like a dotard nor a fool,
 As under privilege of age to brag 60
 What I have done being young, or what would do
 Were I not old. Know, Claudio, to thy head,
 Thou hast so wrong'd mine innocent child and me
 That I am forc'd to lay my reverence by

³⁰ *so moral* : that is, so patient ; patience being one of the moral virtues.

³² *advertisement* : a forced use of the word for admonition.

And, with grey hairs and bruise of many days,
 Do challenge thee to trial of a man.
 I say thou hast belied mine innocent child ;
 Thy slander hath gone through and through her heart,
 And she lies buried with her ancestors ;
 O, in a tomb where never scandal slept,
 Save this of hers, fram'd by thy villany !

70

Claud. My villany ?

Leon. Thine, Claudio ; thine, I say.

D. Pedro. You say not right, old man.

Leon.

My lord, my lord,

I'll prove it on his body, if he dare,
 Despite his nice fence and his active practice,
 His May of youth and bloom of lustihood.

Claud. Away ! I will not have to do with you.

Leon. Canst thou so daff me ? Thou hast kill'd my child :
 If thou kill'st me, boy, thou shalt kill a man.

Ant. He shall kill two of us, and men indeed :

80

But that's no matter ; let him kill one first ;

Win me and wear me ; let him answer me.

Come, follow me, boy ; come, sir boy, come, follow me :

Sir boy, I'll whip you from your foining fence ;

Nay, as I am a gentleman, I will.

Leon. Brother, —

Ant. Content yourself. God knows I lov'd my niece ;

And she is dead, slander'd to death by villains,

That dare as well answer a man indeed

As I dare take a serpent by the tongue :

90

Boys, apes, braggarts, Jacks, milksops !

Leon.

Brother Antony, —

Ant. Hold you content. What, man ! I know them, yea,

And what they weigh, even to the utmost scruple, —

Scambling, out-facing, fashion-mong'ring boys,

That lie and cog and flout, deprave and slander,

Go anticly, show outward hideousness,

And speak off half a dozen dangerous words,

How they might hurt their enemies, if they durst ;

And this is all.

Leon. But, brother Antony, —

Ant.

Come, 't is no matter : 100

Do not you meddle ; let me deal in this.

D. Pedro. Gentlemen both, we will not wake your patience.

My heart is sorry for your daughter's death :

But, on my honour, she was charg'd with nothing

But what was true and very full of proof.

Leon. My lord, my lord, —

D. Pedro. I will not hear you.

Leon. No? Come, brother; away! I will be heard.

Ant. And shall, or some of us will smart for it.

109

[*Exeunt Leonato and Antonio.*]

D. Pedro. See, see; here comes the man we went to seek.

Enter BENEDICK.

Claud. Now, signior, what news?

Bene. Good day, my lord.

D. Pedro. Welcome, signior: you are almost come to part almost a fray.

Claud. We had like to have had our two noses snapp'd off with two old men without teeth.

D. Pedro. Leonato and his brother. What think'st thou? Had we fought, I doubt we should have been too young for them.

Bene. In a false quarrel there is no true valour. I came to seek you both.

120

Claud. We have been up and down to seek thee; for we are high-proof melancholy and would fain have it beaten away. Wilt thou use thy wit?

Bene. It is in my scabbard: shall I draw it?

D. Pedro. Dost thou wear thy wit by thy side?

Claud. Never any did so, though very many have been beside their wit. I will bid thee draw, as we do the minstrels; draw, to pleasure us.

D. Pedro. As I am an honest man, he looks pale. Art thou sick, or angry?

130

Claud. What, courage, man! What though care kill'd a cat, thou hast mettle enough in thee to kill care.

Bene. Sir, I shall meet your wit in the career, an you charge it against me. I pray you choose another subject.

Claud. Nay, then, give him another staff: this last was broke across.

D. Pedro. By this light, he changes more and more: I think he be angry indeed.

Claud. If he be, he knows how to turn his girdle.

Bene. Shall I speak a word in your ear?

140

Claud. God bless me from a challenge!

Bene. [*Aside to Claudio.*] You are a villain; I jest not: I will make it good how you dare, with what you dare, and when you dare. Do me right, or I will protest your cowardice. You have kill'd a sweet lady, and her death shall fall heavy on you. Let me hear from you.

Claud. Well, I will meet you, so I may have good cheer.

¹³⁶ broke across: an allusion to the tilt-yard, where the knight was shamed the staff of whose spear was broken across.

¹³⁹ turn his girdle: wrestlers turned their girdles, to bring the buckles behind their backs.

D. Pedro. What, a feast, a feast?

Claud. I' faith, I thank him; he hath bid me to a calf's head and a capon; the which if I do not carve most curiously, say my knife's naught. Shall I not find a woodcock too? 151

Bene. Sir, your wit ambles well; it goes easily.

D. Pedro. I'll tell thee how Beatrice prais'd thy wit the other day. I said, thou hadst a fine wit: "True," said she, "a fine little one." "No," said I, "a great wit:" "Right," says she, "a great gross one." "Nay," said I, "a good wit:" "Just," said she, "it hurts nobody." "Nay," said I, "the gentleman is wise:" "Certain," said she, "a wise gentleman." "Nay," said I, "he hath the tongues:" "That I believe," said she, "for he swore a thing to me on Monday night, which he forswore on Tuesday morning; there's a double tongue; there's two tongues." Thus did she, an hour together, trans-shape thy particular virtues: yet at last she concluded with a sigh, thou wast the prop'rest man in Italy.

Claud. For the which she wept heartily and said she car'd not.

D. Pedro. Yea, that she did; but yet, for all that, an if she did not hate him deadly, she would love him dearly: the old man's daughter told us all.

Claud. All, all; and, moreover, God saw him when he was hid in the garden. 170

D. Pedro. But when shall we set the savage bull's horns on the sensible Benedick's head?

Claud. Yea, and text underneath, "Here dwells Benedick the married man"?

Bene. Fare you well, boy: you know my mind. I will leave you now to your gossip-like humour: you break jests as brag-garts do their blades, which, God be thanked, hurt not. My lord, for your many courtesies I thank you: I must discontinue your company: your brother the bastard is fled from Messina: you have among you kill'd a sweet and innocent lady. For my Lord Lackbeard there, he and I shall meet: and, till then, peace be with him. [Exit.]

D. Pedro. He is in earnest.

Claud. In most profound earnest; and, I'll warrant you, for the love of Beatrice.

D. Pedro. And hath challeng'd thee.

Claud. Most sincerely.

D. Pedro. What a pretty thing man is when he goes in his doublet and hose and leaves off his wit! 189

Claud. He is then a giant to an ape; but then is an ape a doctor to such a man.

D. Pedro. But, soft you, let me be: pluck up, my heart, and be sad. Did he not say, my brother was fled?

Enter DOGBERRY, VERGES, and the Watch, with CONRADE and BORACHIO.

Dog. Come you, sir: if justice cannot tame you, she shall ne'er weigh more reasons in her balance: nay, an you be a cursing hypocrite once, you must be look'd to.

D. Pedro. How now? two of my brother's men bound! Borachio one!

Claud. Hearken after their offence, my lord.

D. Pedro. Officers, what offence have these men done? 200

Dog. Marry, sir, they have committed false report; moreover, they have spoken untruths; secondarily, they are slanders; sixth and lastly, they have belied a lady; thirdly, they have verified unjust things; and, to conclude, they are lying knaves.

D. Pedro. First, I ask thee what they have done; thirdly, I ask thee what's their offence; sixth and lastly, why they are committed; and, to conclude, what you lay to their charge.

Claud. Rightly reasoned, and in his own division; and, by my troth, there's one meaning well suited. 209

D. Pedro. Who have you offended, masters, that you are thus bound to your answer? this learned constable is too cunning to be understood: what's your offence?

Bora. Sweet Prince, let me go no farther to mine answer: do you hear me, and let this count kill me. I have deceived even your very eyes: what your wisdoms could not discover, these shallow fools have brought to light; who in the night overheard me confessing to this man how Don John your brother incensed me to slander the Lady Hero, how you were brought into the orchard and saw me court Margaret in Hero's garments, how you disgrac'd her, when you should marry her: my villany they have upon record; which I had rather seal with my death than repeat over to my shame. The lady is dead upon mine and my master's false accusation; and, briefly, I desire nothing but the reward of a villain.

D. Pedro. Runs not this speech like iron through your blood?

Claud. I have drunk poison whiles he utter'd it.

D. Pedro. But did my brother set thee on to this?

Bora. Yea, and paid me richly for the practice of it.

D. Pedro. He is compos'd and fram'd of treachery: And fled he is upon this villany. 230

Claud. Sweet Hero! now thy image doth appear In the rare semblance that I lov'd it first.

Dog. Come, bring away the plaintiffs: by this time our sexton hath reformed Signior Leonato of the matter: and, masters, do not forget to specify, when time and place shall serve, that I am an ass.

Verg. Here, here comes master Signior Leonato, and the sexton too.

Re-enter LEONATO and ANTONIO, with the Sexton.

Leon. Which is the villain? let me see his eyes,
That, when I note another man like him,
I may avoid him: which of these is he?

240

Bora. If you would know your wronger, look on me.

Leon. Art thou the slave that with thy breath hast kill'd
Mine innocent child?

Bora. Yea, even I alone.

Leon. No, not so, villain; thou beliest thyself:
Here stand a pair of honourable men;
A third is fled, that had a hand in it.

I thank you, princes, for my daughter's death:

Record it with your high and worthy deeds:

'T was bravely done, if you bethink you of it.

250

Claud. I know not how to pray your patience;
Yet I must speak. Choose your revenge yourself;

Impose me to what penance your invention

Can lay upon my sin: yet sinn'd I not

But in mistaking.

D. Pedro. By my soul, nor I:

And yet, to satisfy this good old man,

I would bend under any heavy weight

That he'll enjoin me to.

Leon. I cannot bid you bid my daughter live;

That were impossible: but, I pray you both,

Possess the people in Messina here

260

How innocent she died; and if your love

Can labour ought in sad invention,

Hang her an epitaph upon her tomb

And sing it to her bones, sing it to-night:

To-morrow morning come you to my house,

And since you could not be my son-in-law,

Be yet my nephew: my brother hath a daughter,

Almost the copy of my child that's dead,

And she alone is heir to both of us:

270

Give her the right you should have given her cousin,
And so dies my revenge.

Claud. O noble sir,

Your over-kindness doth wring tears from me!

I do embrace your offer; and dispose

For henceforth of poor Claudio.

Leon. To-morrow then I will expect your coming;

To-night I take my leave. This naughty man

Shall face to face be brought to Margaret,

²⁷² *And so dies my revenge.* In the strange conduct of Leonato and Claudio, by which the end of the play is huddled up, S. probably followed some predecessor.

Who I believe was pack'd in all this wrong,
Hir'd to it by your brother.

Bora.

No, by my soul, she was not, 280

Nor knew not what she did when she spoke to me,
But always hath been just and virtuous
In any thing that I do know by her.

Dog. Moreover, sir, which indeed is not under white and black, this plaintiff here, the offender, did call me ass: I beseech you, let it be rememb'ed in his punishment. And also, the watch heard them talk of one Deformed: they say he wears a key in his ear and a lock hanging by it, and borrows money in God's name, the which he hath used so long and never paid that now men grow hard-hearted and will lend nothing for God's sake: pray you, examine him upon that point. 291

Leon. I thank thee for thy care and honest pains.

Dog. Your worship speaks like a most thankful and reverend youth; and I praise God for you.

Leon. There's for thy pains.

Dog. God save the foundation!

Leon. Go, I discharge thee of thy prisoner, and I thank thee.

Dog. I leave an arrant knave with your worship; which I beseech your worship to correct yourself, for the example of others. God keep your worship! I wish your worship well; God restore you to health! I humbly give you leave to depart; and if a merry meeting may be wish'd, God prohibit it! Come, neighbour. [Exeunt Dogberry and Verges.]

Leon. Until to-morrow morning, lords, farewell.

Ant. Farewell, my lords: we look for you to-morrow.

D. Pedro. We will not fail.

Claud.

To-night I'll mourn with Hero.

Leon. [To the Watch.] Bring you these fellows on. We'll talk with Margaret,

How her acquaintance grew with this lewd fellow. [Exeunt severally.]

SCENE II. LEONATO'S garden.

Enter BENEDICK and MARGARET meeting.

Bene. Pray thee, sweet Mistress Margaret, deserve well at my hands by helping me to the speech of Beatrice.

Marg. Will you then write me a sonnet in praise of my beauty?

Bene. In so high a style, Margaret, that no man living shall come over it; for, in most comely truth, thou deservest it.

279 pack'd = implicated, involved.

290 God save the foundation. The formula of thanksgiving with those who received alms at the gates of religious houses.

308 lewd = base, low.

Marg. To have no man come over me! why, shall I always keep below stairs?

Bene. Thy wit is as quick as the greyhound's mouth; it catches. 10

Marg. And yours as blunt as the fencer's foils, which hit, but hurt not.

Bene. A most manly wit, Margaret; it will not hurt a woman: and so, I pray thee, call Beatrice: I give thee the bucklers.

Marg. Give us the swords; we have bucklers of our own.

Bene. If you use them, Margaret, you must put in the pikes with a vice; and they are dangerous weapons for maids.

Marg. Well, I will call Beatrice to you, who I think hath legs.

Bene. And therefore will come. [Exit Margaret.]

[Sings.] The god of love, 20
 That sits above,
 And knows me, and knows me,
 How pitiful I deserve, —

I mean in singing; but in loving, Leander the good swimmer, Troilus the first employer of panders, and a whole bookful of these quondam carpet-mongers, whose names yet run smoothly in the even road of a blank verse, why, they were never so truly turned over and over as my poor self in love. Marry, I cannot show it in rhyme; I have tried: I can find out no rhyme to "lady" but "baby," an innocent rhyme; for "scorn," "horn," a hard rhyme; for "school," "fool," a babbling rhyme; very ominous endings: no, I was not born under a rhyming planet, nor I cannot woo in festival terms.

Enter BEATRICE.

Sweet Beatrice, wouldst thou come when I call'd thee?

Beat. Yea, signior, and depart when you bid me.

Bene. O, stay but till then!

Beat. "Then" is spoken; fare you well now: and yet, ere I go, let me go with that I came for; which is, with knowing what hath pass'd between you and Claudio.

Bene. Only foul words; and thereupon I will kiss thee. 40

Beat. Foul words is but foul wind, and foul wind is but foul breath, and foul breath is noisome; therefore I will depart un-kiss'd.

Bene. Thou hast frighted the word out of his right sense, so forcible is thy wit. But I must tell thee plainly, Claudio undergoes my challenge; and either I must shortly hear from him, or I will subscribe him a coward. And, I pray thee now, tell me for which of my bad parts didst thou first fall in love with me?

Beat. For them all together; which maintained so politic a state of evil that they will not admit any good part to inter-

¹⁴ give thee the bucklers = acknowledge myself beaten. A proverbial phrase.

minge with them. But for which of my good parts did you first suffer love for me?

Bene. Suffer love! a good epithet! I do suffer love indeed, for I love thee against my will.

Beat. In spite of your heart, I think; alas, poor heart! If you spite it for my sake, I will spite it for yours; for I will never love that which my friend hates.

Bene. Thou and I are too wise to woo peaceably.

Beat. It appears not in this confession: there's not one wise man among twenty that will praise himself. 60

Bene. An old, an old instance, Beatrice, that lived in the time of good neighbours. If a man do not erect in this age his own tomb ere he dies, he shall live no longer in monument than the bell rings and the widow weeps.

Beat. And how long is that, think you?

Bene. Question: why, an hour in clamour and a quarter in rheum: therefore is it most expedient for the wise, if Don Worm, his conscience, find no impediment to the contrary, to be the trumpet of his own virtues, as I am to myself. So much for praising myself, who, I myself will bear witness, is praiseworthy: and now tell me, how doth your cousin? 71

Beat. Very ill.

Bene. And how do you?

Beat. Very ill too.

Bene. Serve God, love me and mend. There will I leave you too, for here comes one in haste.

Enter URSULA.

Urs. Madam, you must come to your uncle. Yonder's old coil at home: it is proved my Lady Hero hath been falsely accus'd, the Prince and Claudio mightily abus'd; and Don John is the author of all, who is fled and gone. Will you come presently? 81

Beat. Will you go hear this news, signior?

Bene. I will live in thy heart, die in thy lap and be buried in thy eyes; and moreover I will go with thee to thy uncle's.

[Exeunt.]

SCENE III. *A church.*

Enter DON PEDRO, CLAUDIO, and three or four with tapers.

Claud. Is this the monument of Leonato?

A Lord. It is, my lord.

Claud. *[Reading out of a scroll.]*

Done to death by slanderous tongues

Was the Hero that here lies:

Death, in guerdon of her wrongs,
Gives her fame which never dies.

77 *old coil* = great confusion.

So the life that died with shame
Lives in death with glorious fame.

Hang thou there upon the tomb,
Praising her when I am dumb.

10

Now, music, sound, and sing your solemn hymn.

SONG.

Pardon, goddess of the night,
Those that slew thy virgin knight;
For the which, with songs of woe,
Round about her tomb they go.
Midnight, assist our moan;
Help us to sigh and groan,
Heavily, heavily:
Graves, yawn and yield your dead,
Till death be uttered,
Heavily, heavily.

20

Claud. Now, unto thy bones good night!
Yearly will I do this rite.

D. Pedro. Good morrow, masters; put your torches out:
The wolves have prey'd; and look, the gentle day,
Before the wheels of Phœbus, round about
Dapples the drowsy east with spots of grey.
Thanks to you all, and leave us: fare you well.

Claud. Good morrow, masters: each his several way.

D. Pedro. Come, let us hence, and put on other weeds;
And then to Leonato's we will go.

30

Claud. And Hymen now with luckier issue speed's
Than this for whom we render'd up this woe.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE IV. *A room in LEONATO'S house.*

Enter LEONATO, ANTONIO, BENEDICK, BEATRICE, MARGARET, URSULA, FRIAR FRANCIS, and
HERO.

Friar. Did I not tell you she was innocent?

Leon. So are the Prince and Claudio, who accus'd her
Upon the error that you heard debated:
But Margaret was in some fault for this,
Although against her will, as it appears
In the true course of all the question.

Ant. Well, I am glad that all things sort so well.

Bene. And so am I, being else by faith enforc'd
To call young Claudio to a reckoning for it.

Leon. Well, daughter, and you gentlewomen all,

10

²⁰ *Till death be uttered*: an obscure allusion to the resurrection.

⁸² *speed's* = speed us.

⁷ *sort* = arrange themselves in order.

Withdraw into a chamber by yourselves,
 And when I send for you, come hither mask'd.
 The Prince and Claudio promis'd by this hour
 To visit me. You know your office, brother :
 You must be father to your brother's daughter,
 And give her to young Claudio.

[*Exeunt Ladies.*]

Ant. Which I will do with confirm'd countenance.

Bene. Friar, I must entreat your pains, I think.

Friar. To do what, signior?

Bene. To bind me, or undo me ; one of them.

20

Signior Leonato, truth it is, good signior,
 Your niece regards me with an eye of favour.

Leon. That eye my daughter lent her : 't is most true.

Bene. And I do with an eye of love requite her.

Leon. The sight whereof I think you had from me,
 From Claudio and the Prince : but what's your will?

Bene. Your answer, sir, is enigmatical :

But, for my will, my will is your good will
 May stand with ours, this day to be conjoin'd
 In the state of honourable marriage :

30

In which, good friar, I shall desire your help.

Leon. My heart is with your liking.

Friar.

And my help.

Here comes the Prince and Claudio.

Enter DON PEDRO and CLAUDIO, and two or three others.

D. Pedro. Good morrow to this fair assembly.

Leon. Good morrow, Prince ; good morrow, Claudio :
 We here attend you. Are you yet determin'd
 To-day to marry with my brother's daughter?

Claud. I'll hold my mind, were she an Ethiope.

Leon. Call her forth, brother ; here's the friar ready.

[*Exit Antonio.*]

D. Pedro. Good morrow, Benedick. Why, what's the
 matter,

40

That you have such a February face,
 So full of frost, of storm and cloudiness?

Claud. I think he thinks upon the savage bull.
 Tush, fear not, man ; we'll tip thy horns with gold
 And all Europa shall rejoice at thee,
 As once Europa did at lusty Jove,
 When he would play the noble beast in love.

Bene. Bull Jove, sir, had an amiable low ;
 And some such strange bull leap'd your father's cow,
 And got a calf in that same noble feat
 Much like to you, for you have just his bleat.

50

Claud. For this I owe you : here comes other reckonings.

Re-enter ANTONIO, with the Ladies masked.

Which is the lady I must seize upon?

Ant. This same is she, and I do give you her.

Claud. Why, then she's mine. Sweet, let me see your face.

Leon. No, that you shall not, till you take her hand
Before this friar and swear to marry her.

Claud. Give me your hand : before this holy friar,
I am your husband, if you like of me.

Hero. And when I liv'd, I was your other wife : 59
[Unmasking.]

And when you lov'd, you were my other husband.

Claud. Another Hero!

Hero. Nothing certainer :

One Hero died defiled ; but I do live ;

And surely as I live, I am a maid.

D. Pedro. The former Hero ! Hero that is dead !

Leon. She died, my lord, but whiles her slander liv'd.

Friar. All this amazement can I qualify ;

When after that the holy rites are ended,

I'll tell you largely of fair Hero's death :

Meantime let wonder seem familiar,

And to the chapel let us presently. 70

Bene. Soft and fair, friar. Which is Beatrice?

Beat. [Unmasking.] I answer to that name. What is your
will?

Bene. Do not you love me?

Beat. Why, no ; no more than reason.

Bene. Why, then your uncle and the Prince and Claudio
Have been deceived ; they swore you did.

Beat. Do not you love me?

Bene. Troth, no ; no more than reason.

Beat. Why, then my cousin Margaret and Ursula
Are much deceived ; for they did swear you did. 80

Bene. They swore that you were almost sick for me.

Beat. They swore that you were well-nigh dead for me.

Bene. 'T is no such matter. Then you do not love me?

Beat. No, truly, but in friendly recompense.

Leon. Come, cousin, I am sure you love the gentleman.

Claud. And I'll be sworn upon 't that he loves her ;

For here's a paper written in his hand,

A halting sonnet of his own pure brain,

Fashion'd to Beatrice.

Hero.

And here's another

Writ in my cousin's hand, stolen from her pocket,

Containing her affection unto Benedick. 90

Bene. A miracle ! here's our own hands against our hearts.
Come, I will have thee ; but, by this light, I take thee for pity.

Beat. I would not deny you; but, by this good day, I yield upon great persuasion; and partly to save your life, for I was told you were in a consumption.

Bene. Peace! I will stop your mouth. [*Kissing her.*]

D. Pedro. How dost thou, Benedick, the married man?

Bene. I'll tell thee what, Prince; a college of wit-crackers cannot flout me out of my humour. Dost thou think I care for a satire or an epigram? No: if a man will be beaten with brains, he shall wear nothing handsome about him. In brief, since I do purpose to marry, I will think nothing to any purpose that the world can say against it; and therefore never flout at me for what I have said against it: for man is a giddy thing, and this is my conclusion. For thy part, Claudio, I did think to have beaten thee; but in that thou art like to be my kinsman, live unbruis'd and love my cousin. 108

Claud. I had well hop'd thou wouldst have denied Beatrice, that I might have cudgell'd thee out of thy single life, to make thee a double-dealer; which, out of question, thou wilt be, if my cousin do not look exceeding narrowly to thee.

Bene. Come, come, we are friends: let's have a dance ere we are married, that we may lighten our own hearts and our wives' heels.

Leon. We'll have dancing afterward.

Bene. First, of my word; therefore play, music. Prince, thou art sad; get thee a wife, get thee a wife: there is no staff more reverend than one tipp'd with horn.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. My lord, your brother John is ta'en in flight, 120
And brought with armed men back to Messina.

Bene. Think not on him till to-morrow: I'll devise thee brave punishments for him. Strike up, pipers. [*Dance. Exeunt.*]

¹¹⁰ *tipp'd with horn.* One of the countless allusions to cuckoldry as the inevitable consequence of marriage.

LOVE'S LABOUR'S LOST.



INTRODUCTION.

THIS comedy was first published in 1598, in which year also it is mentioned by Francis Meres. But the title page of this quarto edition tells us that it is therein set forth "newly corrected and augmented;" and in a little poem called *Alba*, which was published in 1598, Robert Tofte says :—

"Love's Labour Lost! I once did see a play
Ycleped so; so called to my paine."

The word "once" shows that in 1598 Tofte's pain was not recent. To this external evidence that in 1598 *Love's Labour's Lost* had been written some years, there is added the supporting internal evidence of its construction, its style, and its versification. The latter particularly, in its use of rhyme, and in its comparatively constrained rhythm, shows that this comedy is one of its author's very earliest works. Yet, even as we have it, we must remember it is corrected and augmented. Hence there is a general consent among the critical students of Shakespeare that this is probably his very first wholly original dramatic work. That it was produced nearly ten years before the quarto edition was published, I feel very sure. The style of those passages which are themselves evidence that they were written on the revision and augmentation, shows that this could not have taken place earlier than 1597 or 1598. No tale or play of which this comedy is an adaptation has been discovered. But without a doubt there was such a tale or play, and of French origin. Not only is the whole air and cast of the piece as French as the names of the personages and the scene of the action, but verbal vestiges of a French predecessor are surely to be seen in the Princess's command "Break up this *capon*," in the appearance on two occasions of the strong French negative *point*, and in the use of *seigneur* instead of *signior*. As to the period of the action, it may possibly be the reign of Charles, King of Navarre, who surrendered the Castle of Cherbourg and certain lordships to the King of France for the Duchy of Nemours and the promise of 200,000 gold crowns.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

FERDINAND, *king of Navarre.*
 BIRONE, }
 LONGAVILLE, } *lords attending on the*
 DUMAIN, } *King.*
 BOYET, }
 MERCADE, } *lords attending on the*
 } *Princess of France.*

DON ADRIANO DE ARMADO, *a fantastical Spaniard.*
 SIR NATHANIEL, *a curate.*
 HOLOFERNES, *a schoolmaster.*

DULL, *a constable.*
 COSTARD, *a clown.*
 MOTH, *page to Armado.*
A Forester.

The PRINCESS of France.
 ROSALINE, }
 MARIA, } *ladies attending on the*
 KATHARINE, } *Princess.*
 JAQUENETTA, *a country wench.*
 Lords, Attendants, etc.

SCENE : Navarre.

LOVE'S LABOUR 'S LOST.

ACT I.

SCENE I. *The king of Navarre's park.*

Enter FERDINAND, king of Navarre, BIRONE, LONGAVILLE, and DUMAIN.

King. Let fame, that all hunt after in their lives,
Live register'd upon our brazen tombs
And then grace us in the disgrace of death ;
When, spite of cormorant, devouring Time,
The endeavour of this present breath may buy
That honour which shall bate his scythe's keen edge
And make us heirs of all eternity.
Therefore, brave conquerors, — for so you are,
That war against your own affections
And the huge army of the world's desires, —
Our late edict shall strongly stand in force :
Navarre shall be the wonder of the world ;
Our court shall be a little Academe,
Still and contemplative in living art.
You three, Birone, Dumain, and Longaville,
Have sworn for three years' term to live with me
My fellow-scholars, and to keep those statutes
That are recorded in this schedule here :
Your oaths are pass'd ; and now subscribe your names,
That his own hand may strike his honour down
That violates the smallest branch herein :
If you are arm'd to do as sworn to do,
Subscribe to your deep oaths, and keep it too.

10

20

Long. I am resolv'd ; 't is but a three years' fast :
The mind shall banquet, though the body pine :
Fat paunches have lean pates, and dainty bits
Make rich the ribs, but bankrout quite the wits.

Dum. My loving lord, Dumain is mortified :
The grosser manner of these world's delights
He throws upon the gross world's baser slaves :

30

⁶ *bate* = blunt.

²³ *keep it too* : an example, not of "Shakespearean grammar," but of the carelessness of the period, particularly in play-writing and play-printing.

²⁷ *bankrout*. The old spelling and pronunciation of *bankrupt*.

To love, to wealth, to pomp, I pine and die ;
With all these living in philosophy.

Bir. I can but say their protestation over ;
So much, dear liege, I have already sworn,
That is, to live and study here three years.

But there are other strict observances ;
As, not to see a woman in that term,
Which I hope well is not enrolled there ;
And one day in a week to touch no food
And but one meal on every day beside,
The which I hope is not enrolled there ;
And then, to sleep but three hours in the night,
And not be seen to wink of all the day —
When I was wont to think no harm all night
And make a dark night too of half the day —
Which I hope well is not enrolled there :

40

O, these are barren tasks, too hard to keep,
Not to see ladies, study, fast, not sleep !

King. Your oath is pass'd to pass away from these.

Bir. Let me say no, my liege, an if you please :

50

I only swore to study with your grace
And stay here in your court for three years' space.

Long. You swore to that, Birone, and to the rest.

Bir. By yea and nay, sir, then I swore in jest.
What is the end of study ? let me know.

King. Why, that to know, which else we should not know.

Bir. Things hid and barr'd, you mean, from common sense ?

King. Ay, that is study's god-like recompense.

Bir. Come on, then ; I will swear to study so,
To know the thing I am forbid to know :

60

As thus, — to study where I well may dine,

When I to feast expressly am forbid ;

Or study where to meet some mistress fine,

When mistresses from common sense are hid ;

Or, having sworn too hard a keeping oath,

Study to break it and not break my troth.

If study's gain be thus and this be so,

Study knows that which yet it doth not know :

Swear me to this, and I will ne'er say no.

King. These be the stops that hinder study quite
And train our intellects to vain delight.

70

Bir. Why, all delights are vain ; but that most vain,
Which with pain purchas'd doth inherit pain :

As, painfully to pore upon a book

⁵³ *Birone.* This name is spelled *Berowne* in the old copies. It is to be accented on the last syllable and pronounced with the *o* as in *cone*.

⁵⁷ *common sense*: that is, common knowledge ; not a faculty of the mind.

To seek the light of truth ; while truth the while
Doth falsely blind the eyesight of his look :

Light seeking light doth light of light beguile ;
So, ere you find where light in darkness lies,
Your light grows dark by losing of your eyes.
Study me how to please the eye indeed

80

By fixing it upon a fairer eye,
Who dazzling so, that eye shall be his heed
And give him light that it was blinded by.

Study is like the heaven's glorious sun
That will not be deep-search'd with saucy looks.
Small have continual plodders ever won
Save base authority from others' books.

These earthly godfathers of heaven's lights

That give a name to every fixed star
Have no more profit of their shining nights

90

Than those that walk and wot not what they are.

Too much to know is to know nought but fame ;

And every godfather can give a name.

King. How well he 's read, to reason against reading !

Dum. Proceeded well, to stop all good proceeding !

Long. He weeds the corn and still lets grow the weeding.

Bir. The spring is near when green geese are a-breeding.

Dum. How follows that ?

Bir. Fit in his place and time.

Dum. In reason nothing.

Bir. Something then in rhyme.

King. Birone is like an envious sneaping frost

100

That bites the first-born infants of the spring.

Bir. Well, say I am ; why should proud summer boast

Before the birds have any cause to sing ?

Why should I joy in any abortive birth ?

At Christmas I no more desire a rose

Than wish a snow in May's new-fangled mirth ;

But like of each thing that in season grows.

So you, to study now it is too late,

That were to climb o'er th' house to unlock the gate.

King. Well, sit you out : go home, Birone : adieu.

110

Bir. No, my good lord ; I have sworn to stay with you :

And though I have for barbarism spoke more

Than for that angel knowledge you can say,

Yet confident I 'll keep what I have sworn,

And bide the penance of each three years' day.

¹⁰⁰ *sneaping* = snipping, nipping.

¹⁰⁷ *like of* = like : an obsolete phrase.

¹⁰⁹ *That were to climb.* This is to be read as a line of five accents : " That were | to climb | o'er th' house | to unlock | the gate."

Give me the paper ; let me read the same ;
And to the strict'st decrees I'll write my name.

King. How well this yielding rescues thee from shame !

Bir. [*Reads.*] "*Item*, That no woman shall come within a mile of my court : " Hath this been proclaimed ? 120

Long. Four days ago.

Bir. Let's see the penalty. [*Reads.*] "On pain of losing her tongue." Who devis'd this penalty ?

Long. Marry, that did I.

Bir. Sweet lord, and why ?

Long. To fright them hence with that dread penalty.

Bir. A dangerous law : against gentility ! [*Reads.*] "*Item*, "If any man be seen to talk with a woman within the term of three years, he shall endure such public shame as the rest of the court can possibly devise." 130

This article, my liege, yourself must break ;

For well you know here comes in embassy
The French king's daughter with yourself to speak —

A maid of grace and complete majesty —
About surrender up of Aquitaine

To her decrepit, sick and bedrid father :

Therefore this article is made in vain,

Or vainly comes the admired princess hither.

King. What say you, lords ? why, this was quite forgot.

Bir. So study evermore is overshot : 140

While it doth study to have what it would

It doth forget to do the thing it should,

And when it hath the thing it hunteth most,

'Tis won as towns with fire, so won, so lost.

King. We must of force dispense with this decree ;

She must lie here on mere necessity.

Bir. Necessity will make us all forsworn

Three thousand times within this three years' space ;

For every man with his affects is born,

Not by might master'd but by special grace : 150

If I break faith, this word shall speak for me ;

I am forsworn on "mere necessity."

So to the laws at large I write my name :

[*Subscribes.*]

And he that breaks them in the least degree

Stands in attainder of eternal shame :

Suggestions are to other as to me ;

But I believe, although I seem so loath,

I am the last that will last keep his oath.

But is there no quick recreation granted ?

¹⁴⁰ *lie here* = stay, lodge here.

¹⁴⁰ *affects* = affections, natural likings, passions.

¹⁵⁰ *suggestions* = temptations.

King. Ay, that there is. Our court, you know, is haunted
With a refined traveller of Spain ;

161

A man in all the world's new fashion planted,
That hath a mint of phrases in his brain ;
One whom the music of his own vain tongue
Doth ravish like enchanting harmony ;
A man of complements, whom right and wrong
Have chose as umpire of their mutiny :

This child of fancy, that Armado hight,
For interim to our studies shall relate,
In high-born words, the worth of many a knight
From tawny Spain lost in the world's debate.

170

How you delight, my lords, I know not, I ;
But, I protest, I love to hear him lie
And I will use him for my minstrelsy.

Bir. Armado is a most illustrious wight,
A man of fire-new words, fashion's own knight.

Long. Costard the swain and he shall be our sport ;
And so to study, three years is but short.

Enter DULL with a letter, and COSTARD.

Dull. Which is the Duke's own person ?

Bir. This, fellow : what wouldst ?

180

Dull. I myself reprehend his own person, for I am his
grace's tharborough : but I would see his own person in flesh
and blood.

Bir. This is he.

Dull. Signior Arme— Arme— commends you. There's
villany abroad : this letter will tell you more.

Cost. Sir, the contempts thereof are as touching me.

King. A letter from the magnificent Armado.

Bir. How low soever the matter, I hope in God for high
words.

190

Long. A high hope for a low heaven : God grant us pa-
tience !

Bir. To hear ? or forbear laughing ?

Long. To hear meekly, sir, and to laugh moderately ; or to
forbear both.

Bir. Well, sir, be it as the style shall give us cause to climb
in the merriness.

Cost. The matter is to me, sir, as concerning Jaquenetta.
The manner of it is, I was taken with the manner.

¹⁶⁶ *complements* = accomplishments.

¹⁶⁸ *hight* = is called ; the only passive verb in the English language.

¹⁷⁶ *fire-new* = brand-new.

¹⁸² *tharborough* = third-borough ; a minor parish officer.

¹⁹¹ *a low heaven*. The meaning is not very clear ; but much of the dialogue of this
play is mere jingle, quip and conceit : *heaven* jingles with *havin* = having.

¹⁹⁹ *taken with the manner* = taken in the fact ; a technical law phrase.

Bir. In what manner?

200

Cost. In manner and form following, sir; all those three: I was seen with her in the manor-house, sitting with her upon the form, and taken following her into the park; which, put together, is in manner and form following. Now, sir, for the manner, — it is the manner of a man to speak to a woman: for the form, — in some form.

Bir. For the following, sir?

Cost. As it shall follow in my correction: and God defend the right!

King. Will you hear this letter with attention?

210

Bir. As we would hear an oracle.

Cost. Such is the simplicity of man to hearken after the flesh.

King. [*Reads.*] Great deputy, the welkin's vicegerent and sole dominator of Navarre, my soul's earth's god, and body's fostering patron.

Cost. Not a word of Costard yet.

King. [*Reads.*] So it is, —

Cost. It may be so: but if he say it is so, he is, in telling true, but so.

King. Peace!

Cost. Be to me and every man that dares not fight!

220

King. No words!

Cost. Of other men's secrets, I beseech you.

King. [*Reads.*] So it is, besieged with sable-coloured melancholy, I did commend the black-oppressing humour to the most wholesome physic of thy health-giving air; and, as I am a gentleman, betook myself to walk. The time when. About the sixth hour; when beasts most graze, birds best peck, and men sit down to that nourishment which is called supper: so much for the time when. Now for the ground which; which, I mean, I walked upon: it is ycleped thy park. Then for the place where; where, I mean, I did encounter that obscene and most preposterous event, that draweth from my snow-white pen the ebon-coloured ink which here thou viewest, beholdest, surveyest, or seest: but to the place where; it standeth north-north-east and by east from the west corner of thy curious-knotted garden: there did I see that low-spirited swain, that base minnow of thy mirth, —

Cost. Me?

King. [*Reads.*] That unlettered small-knowing soul, —

Cost. Me?

King. [*Reads.*] That shallow vassal, —

240

Cost. Still me?

King. [*Reads.*] Which, as I remember, hight Costard, —

Cost. O, me!

²²⁰ *ycleped* = called.

²²³ *curious-knotted* = intricately laid out.

King. [*Reads.*] Sorted and consorted, contrary to thy established proclaimed edict and continent canon, which with, — O, with — but with this I passion to say wherewith, —

Cost. With a wench.

King. [*Reads.*] With a child of our grandmother Eve, a female ; or, for thy more sweet understanding, a woman. Him I, as my ever-esteemed duty pricks me on, have sent to thee, to receive the meed of punishment, by thy sweet grace's officer, Anthony Dull ; a man of good repute, carriage, bearing, and estimation. 251

Dull. Me, an't shall please you ; I am Anthony Dull.

King. [*Reads.*] For Jaquenetta, — so is the weaker vessel called which I apprehended with the aforesaid swain, — I keep her as a vessel of thy law's fury ; and shall, at the least of thy sweet notice, bring her to trial. Thine, in all compliments of devoted and heart-burning heat of duty.

DON ADRIANO DE ARMADO.

Biron. This is not so well as I looked for, but the best that ever I heard.

King. Ay, the best for the worst. But, sirrah, what say you to this? 261

Cost. Sir, I confess the wench.

King. Did you hear the proclamation?

Cost. I do confess much of the hearing it, but little of the marking of it.

King. It was proclaimed a year's imprisonment, to be taken with a wench.

Cost. I was taken with none, sir : I was taken with a damosel.

King. Well, it was proclaimed damosel. 270

Cost. This was no damosel neither, sir ; she was a virgin.

King. It is so varied too ; for it was proclaimed virgin.

Cost. If it were, I deny her virginity : I was taken with a maid.

King. This maid will not serve your turn, sir.

Cost. This maid will serve my turn, sir.

King. Sir, I will pronounce your sentence : you shall fast a week with bran and water.

Cost. I had rather pray a month with mutton and porridge.

King. And Don Armado shall be your keeper. 280
My Lord Birone, see him deliver'd o'er :
And go we, lords, to put in practice that

Which each to other hath so strongly sworn.

[*Exeunt King, Longaville, and Dumain.*]

Bir. I'll lay my head to any good man's hat,

These oaths and laws will prove an idle scorn.

Sirrah, come on.

Cost. I suffer for the truth, sir ; for true it is, I was taken with Jaquenetta, and Jaquenetta is a true girl ; and therefore

welcome the sour cup of prosperity! Affliction may one day smile again; and till then, sit down, sorrow! [Exeunt.]

SCENE II. *The same.*

Enter ARMADO and MOTH.

Arm. Boy, what sign is it when a man of great spirit grows melancholy?

Moth. A great sign, sir, that he will look sad.

Arm. Why, sadness is one and the self-same thing, dear imp.

Moth. No, no; O Lord, sir, no.

Arm. How canst thou part sadness and melancholy, my tender juvenal?

Moth. By a familiar demonstration of the working, my tough senior.

Arm. Why tough senior? why tough senior? 10

Moth. Why tender juvenal? why tender juvenal?

Arm. I spoke it, tender juvenal, as a congruent epitheton appertaining to thy young days, which we may nominate tender.

Moth. And I, tough senior, as an appertinent title to your old time, which we may name tough.

Arm. Pretty and apt.

Moth. How mean you, sir? I pretty, and my saying apt? or I apt, and my saying pretty?

Arm. Thou pretty, because little.

Moth. Little pretty, because little. Wherefore apt? 20

Arm. And therefore apt, because quick.

Moth. Speak you this in my praise, master?

Arm. In thy condign praise.

Moth. I will praise an eel with the same praise.

Arm. What, that an eel is ingenious?

Moth. That an eel is quick.

Arm. I do say thou art quick in answers: thou heatest my blood.

Moth. I am answer'd, sir.

Arm. I love not to be cross'd.

Moth. [*Aside.*] He speaks the mere contrary; crosses love not him. 30

Arm. I have promis'd to study three years with the Duke.

Moth. You may do it in an hour, sir.

Arm. Impossible.

Moth. How many is one thrice told?

Arm. I am ill at reckoning; it fitteth the spirit of a tapster.

Moth. This name was pronounced *mote*, and suggested the extreme smallness of a mote, as well as the little insect. See subsequent note, Act IV. Sc. 3, line 157, and the Introduction to *Much Ado about Nothing*.

³¹ crosses: that is, money, coins which had a cross on the obverse.

Moth. You are a gentleman and a gamester, sir.

Arm. I confess both: they are both the varnish of a complete man.

Moth. Then, I am sure, you know how much the gross sum of deuce-ace amounts to. 40

Arm. It doth amount to one more than two.

Moth. Which the base vulgar do call three.

Arm. True.

Moth. Why, sir, is this such a piece of study? Now here is three studied, ere ye 'll thrice wink: and how easy it is to put "years" to the word "three," and study three years in two words, the dancing horse will tell you.

Arm. A most fine figure! 50

Moth. To prove you a cipher.

Arm. I will hereupon confess I am in love: and as it is base for a soldier to love, so am I in love with a base wench. If drawing my sword against the humour of affection would deliver me from the reprobate thought of it, I would take Desire prisoner, and ransom him to any French courtier for a new-devis'd courtesy. I think scorn to sigh: methinks I should out-swear Cupid. Comfort me, boy: what great men have been in love?

Moth. Hercules, master. 60

Arm. Most sweet Hercules! More authority, dear boy, name more; and, sweet my child, let them be men of good reputation and carriage.

Moth. Samson, master: he was a man of good carriage, great carriage, for he carried the town gates on his back like a porter: and he was in love.

Arm. O well-knit Samson! strong-jointed Samson! I do excel thee in my rapier as much as thou didst me in carrying gates. I am in love too. Who was Samson's love, my dear Moth?

Moth. A woman, master. 70

Arm. Of what complexion?

Moth. Of all the four, or the three, or the two, or one of the four.

Arm. Tell me precisely of what complexion.

Moth. Of the sea-water green, sir.

Arm. Is that one of the four complexions?

Moth. As I have read, sir; and the best of them too.

Arm. Green indeed is the colour of lovers; but to have a love of that colour, methinks Samson had small reason for it. He surely affected her for her wit. 80

⁴⁰ the dancing horse: a learned horse, known as Banks's horse, which was exhibited in London in S.'s day.

⁷⁸ Green. Why this should be the color of lovers does not appear, unless all lovers have the tint of green-eyed jealousy.

Moth. It was so, sir ; for she had a green wit.

Arm. My love is most immaculate white and red.

Moth. Most maculate thoughts, master, are mask'd under such colours.

Arm. Define, define, well-educated infant.

Moth. My father's wit and my mother's tongue, assist me !

Arm. Sweet invocation of a child ; most pretty and pathetic !

Moth. If she be made of white and red,
Her faults will ne'er be known,
For blushing cheeks by faults are bred
And fears by pale white shown :
Then if she fear, or be to blame,
By this you shall not know,
For still her cheeks possess the same
Which native she doth owe.

90

A dangerous rhyme, master, against the reason of white and red.

Arm. Is there not a ballad, boy, of the King and the Beggar ?

Moth. The world was very guilty of such a ballad some three ages since : but I think now 't is not to be found ; or, if it were, it would neither serve for the writing nor the tune.

Arm. I will have that subject newly writ o'er, that I may example my digression by some mighty precedent. Boy, I do love that country girl that I took in the park with the rational hind Costard : she deserves well.

Moth. [*Aside.*] To be whipp'd ; and yet a better love than my master.

Arm. Sing, boy ; my spirit grows heavy in love.

Moth. And that 's great marvel, loving a light wench.

110

Arm. I say, sing.

Moth. Forbear till this company be past.

Enter DULL, COSTARD, and JAQUENETTA.

Dull. Sir, the Duke's pleasure is, that you keep Costard safe : and you must suffer him to take no delight nor no penance ; but a' must fast three days a week. For this damsel, I must keep her at the park : she is allow'd for the day-woman. Fare you well.

Arm. I do betray myself with blushing. Maid !

Jaq. Man ?

Arm. I will visit thee at the lodge.

120

Jaq. That 's hereby.

⁶¹ a green wit. A punning allusion to the green withes with which Delilah bound Samson ; the being pronounced as *t*.

⁹⁰ owe = own.

⁹⁸ the King and the Beggar. The Ballad of King Cophetua and the Beggar Maid. See Child's *English and Scottish Ballads*.

¹¹⁰ day-woman = dairy woman.

Arm. I know where it is situate.

Jag. Lord, how wise you are !

Arm. I will tell thee wonders.

Jag. With that face ?

Arm. I love thee.

Jag. So I heard you say.

Arm. And so, farewell.

Jag. Fair weather after you !

129

Dull. Come, Jaquenetta, away !

[*Exeunt Dull and Jaquenetta.*]

Arm. Villain, thou shalt fast for thy offences ere thou be pardoned.

Cost. Well, sir, I hope when I do it, I shall do it on a full stomach.

Arm. Thou shalt be heavily punished.

Cost. I am more bound to you than your fellows, for they are but lightly rewarded.

Arm. Take away this villain ; shut him up.

Moth. Come, you transgressing slave ; away !

139

Cost. Let me not be pent up, sir : I will fast, being loose.

Moth. No, sir ; that were fast and loose : thou shalt to prison.

Cost. Well, if ever I do see the merry days of desolation that I have seen, some shall see.

Moth. What shall some see ?

Cost. Nay, nothing, Master Moth, but what they look upon. It is not for prisoners to be too silent in their words ; and therefore I will say nothing : I thank God I have as little patience as another man ; and therefore I can be quiet.

148

[*Exeunt Moth and Costard.*]

Arm. I do affect the very ground, which is base, where her shoe, which is baser, guided by her foot, which is basest, doth tread. I shall be forsworn, which is a great argument of falsehood, if I love. And how can that be true love which is falsely attempted ? Love is a familiar ; Love is a devil : there is no evil angel but Love. Yet was Samson so tempted, and he had an excellent strength ; yet was Solomon so seduced, and he had a very good wit. Cupid's butt-shaft is too hard for Hercules' club ; and therefore too much odds for a Spaniard's rapier. The first and second cause will not serve my turn ; the passado he respects not, the duello he regards not : his disgrace is to be called boy ; but his glory is to subdue men. Adieu, valour ! rust, rapier ! be still, drum ! for your manager is in love ; yea, he loveth. Assist me, some extemporal god of rhyme, for I am sure I shall turn sonnetist. Devise, wit ; write, pen ; for I am for whole volumes in folio.

[*Exit.*]

¹⁵⁷ *first and second cause.* As to classified causes of quarrel, see Touchstone's speech, *As You Like It*, Act V. Sc. 4, line 52.

¹⁶⁸ *passado.* A pass, or thrust, in fencing.

ACT II.

SCENE I. *The same.*

Enter the PRINCESS of France, ROSALINE, MARIA, KATHARINE, BOYET, Lords, and other Attendants.

Boyet. Now, madam, summon up your dearest spirits :
 Consider who the King your father sends,
 To whom he sends, and what 's his embassy :
 Yourself, held precious in the world's esteem,
 To parley with the sole inheritor
 Of all perfections that a man may owe,
 Matchless Navarre ; the plea of no less weight
 Than Aquitaine, a dowry for a queen.
 Be now as prodigal of all dear grace
 As Nature was in making graces dear
 When she did starve the general world beside
 And prodigally gave them all to you.

10

Prin. Good Lord Boyet, my beauty, though but mean,
 Needs not the painted flourish of your praise :
 Beauty is bought by judgement of the eye,
 Not utter'd by base sale of chapmen's tongues :
 I am less proud to hear you tell my worth
 Than you much willing to be counted wise
 In spending your wit in the praise of mine.
 But now to task the tasker : good Boyet,
 You are not ignorant, all-telling fame
 Doth noise abroad, Navarre hath made a vow,
 Till painful study shall outwear three years,
 No woman may approach his silent court :
 Therefore to 's seemeth it a needful course,
 Before we enter his forbidden gates,
 To know his pleasure ; and in that behalf,
 Bold of your worthiness, we single you
 As our best-moving fair solicitor.
 Tell him, the daughter of the King of France,
 On serious business, craving quick dispatch,
 Importunes personal conference with his grace :
 Haste, signify so much ; while we attend,
 Like humble-visag'd suitors, his high will.

20

30

Boyet. Proud of employment, willingly I go.

Prin. All pride is willing pride, and yours is so. *[Exit Boyet.]*
 Who are the votaries, my loving lords,
 That are vow-fellows with this virtuous Duke ?

¹ *dearest* = best.

²⁵ *to 's* = to us.

³² *Importunes* : accented on the second syllable.

First Lord. Lord Longaville is one.

Prin.

Know you the man?

Mar. I know him, madam : at a marriage-feast,
Between Lord Perigort and the beauteous heir
Of Jaques Falconbridge, solemnized
In Normandy, saw I this Longaville :
A man of sovereign parts he is esteem'd ;
Well fitted in arts, glorious in arms :
Nothing becomes him ill that he would well.
The only soil of his fair virtue's gloss,
If virtue's gloss will stain with any soil,
Is a sharp wit match'd with too blunt a will ;
Whose edge hath power to cut, whose will still wills
It should none spare that come within his power. 40

Prin. Some merry mocking lord, belike ; is 't so ?

Mar. They say so most that most his humours know.

Prin. Such short-liv'd wits do wither as they grow.
Who are the rest ?

Kath. The young Dumain, a well-accomplish'd youth,
Of all that virtue love for virtue lov'd :
Most power to do most harm, least knowing ill ;
For he hath wit to make an ill shape good,
And shape to win grace though he had no wit. 60
I saw him at the Duke Alençon's once ;
And much too little of that good I saw
Is my report to his great worthiness.

Ros. Another of these students at that time
Was there with him, if I have heard a truth.
Birone they call him ; but a merrier man,
Within the limit of becoming mirth,
I never spent an hour's talk withal :
His eye begets occasion for his wit ;
For every object that the one doth catch
The other turns to a mirth-moving jest, 70
Which his fair tongue, conceit's expositor,
Delivers in such apt and gracious words
That aged ears play truant at his tales
And younger hearings are quite ravished ;
So sweet and voluble is his discourse.

Prin. God bless my ladies ! are they all in love,
That every one her own hath garnished
With such bedecking ornaments of praise ? 79

First Lord. Here comes Boyet.

Re-enter BOYET.

Prin. Now, what admittance, lord ?

⁴² solemnized : a word of four syllables, accented on the second.

Boyet. Navarre had notice of your fair approach;
 And he and his competitors in oath
 Were all address'd to meet you, gentle lady,
 Before I came. Marry, thus much I have learnt:
 He rather means to lodge you in the field,
 Like one that comes here to besiege his court,
 Than seek a dispensation for his oath,
 To let you enter his unpeopled house.
 Here comes Navarre.

[*The ladies mask.*]

Enter KING, LONGAVILLE, DUMAIN, BIRONE, and Attendants.

King. Fair Princess, welcome to the court of Navarre. 90

Prin. "Fair" I give you back again; and "welcome" I
 have not yet: the roof of this court is too high to be yours; and
 welcome to the wide fields too base to be mine.

King. You shall be welcome, madam, to my court.

Prin. I will be welcome, then: conduct me thither.

King. Hear me, dear lady; I have sworn an oath.

Prin. Our Lady help my lord! he'll be forsworn.

King. Not for the world, fair madam, by my will.

Prin. Why, will shall break it; will and nothing else.

King. Your ladyship is ignorant what it is.

100

Prin. Were my lord so, his ignorance were wise,

Where now his knowledge must prove ignorance.

I hear your grace hath sworn out house-keeping:

'Tis deadly sin to keep that oath, my lord,

And sin to break it.

But pardon me, I am too sudden-bold:

To teach a teacher ill beseemeth me.

Vouchsafe to read the purpose of my coming,

And suddenly resolve me in my suit.

[*Hands a paper.*]

King. Madam, I will, if suddenly I may.

110

Prin. You will the sooner, that I were away;

For you'll prove perjur'd if you make me stay.

Bir. Did not I dance with you in Brabant once?

Ros. Did not I dance with you in Brabant once?

Bir. I know you did.

Ros. How needless was it then to ask the question!

Bir. You must not be so quick.

Ros. 'Tis 'long of you that spur me with such questions.

Bir. Your wit's too hot, it speeds too fast, 't will tire.

Ros. Not till it leave the rider in the mire.

120

Bir. What time o' day?

Ros. The hour that fools should ask.

Bir. Now fair befall your mask!

Ros. Fair fall the face it covers!

Bir. And send you many lovers!

Ros. Amen, so you be none.

Bir. Nay, then will I be gone.

King. Madam, your father here doth intimate
The payment of a hundred thousand crowns ;
Being but the one half of an entire sum 130
Disbursed by my father in his wars.
But say that he or we, as neither have,
Receiv'd that sum, yet there remains unpaid
A hundred thousand more ; in surety of the which,
One part of Aquitaine is bound to us,
Although not valued to the money's worth.
If then the King your father will restore
But that one half which is unsatisfi'd,
We will give up our right in Aquitaine,
And hold fair friendship with his majesty. 140
But that, it seems, he little purposeth,
For here he doth demand to have repaid
A hundred thousand crowns ; and not demands,
On payment of a hundred thousand crowns,
To have his title live in Aquitaine ;
Which we much rather had depart withal
And have the money by our father lent
Than Aquitaine, so gelded as it is.
Dear Princess, were not his request so far
From reason's yielding, your fair self should make 150
A yielding 'gainst some reason in my breast
And go well satisfi'd to France again.

Prin. You do the King my father too much wrong
And wrong the reputation of your name,
In so unseemingly to confess receipt
Of that which hath so faithfully been paid.

King. I do protest I never heard of it ;
And if you prove it, I'll repay it back
Or yield up Aquitaine.

Prin. We arrest your word.
Boyet, you can produce acquittances 160
For such a sum from special officers
Of Charles his father.

King. Satisfy me so.

Boyet. So please your grace, the packet is not come
Where that and other specialties are bound :
To-morrow you shall have a sight of them.

King. It shall suffice me : at which interview
All liberal reason I will yield unto.

¹⁴⁰ had depart. This line is to be understood thus : Which we had much rather part with.

Meantime receive such welcome at my hand

As honour without breach of honour may

Make tender of to thy true worthiness :

170

You may not come, fair Princess, in my gates ;

But here without you shall be so receiv'd

As you shall deem yourself lodg'd in my heart,

Though so denied fair harbour in my house.

Your own good thoughts excuse me, and farewell :

To-morrow shall we visit you again.

Prin. Sweet health and fair desires consort your grace !

King. Thy own wish wish I thee in every place ! [Exit.

Bir. Lady, I will commend you to mine own heart.

Ros. Pray you, do my commendations ; I would be glad to
see it. 181

Bir. I would you heard it groan.

Ros. Is the fool sick ?

Bir. Sick at the heart.

Ros. Alack, let it blood.

Bir. Would that do it good ?

Ros. My physic says "ay."

Bir. Will you prick 't with your eye ?

Ros. No point, with my knife.

Bir. Now, God save thy life !

190

Ros. And yours from long living !

Bir. I cannot stay thanksgiving.

[Retiring.

Dum. Sir, I pray you, a word : what lady is that same ?

Boyet. The heir of Alençon, Katharine her name.

Dum. A gallant lady. Monsieur, fare you well. [Exit.

Long. I beseech you a word : what is she in the white ?

Boyet. A woman sometimes, an you saw her in the light.

Long. Perchance light in the light. I desire her name.

Boyet. She hath but one for herself ; to desire that were a
shame. 200

Long. Pray you, sir, whose daughter ?

Boyet. Her mother's, I have heard.

Long. God's blessing on your beard !

Boyet. Good sir, be not offended.

She is an heir of Falconbridge.

Long. Nay, my choler is ended.

She is a most sweet lady.

Boyet. Not unlike, sir, that may be.

[Exit Long.

Bir. What's her name in the cap ?

Boyet. Rosaline, by good hap.

210

Bir. Is she wedded or no ?

Boyet. To her will, sir, or so.

Bir. You are welcome, sir : adieu.

Boyet. Farewell to me, sir, and welcome to you. [Exit Birone.]

Mar. That last is Birone, the merry mad-cap lord :
Not a word with him but a jest.

Boyet. And every jest but a word.

Prin. It was well done of you to take him at his word.

Boyet. I was as willing to grapple as he was to board.

Mar. Two hot sheeps, marry.

Boyet. And wherefore not ships ?

No sheep, sweet lamb, unless we feed on your lips. 220

Mar. You sheep, and I pasture : shall that finish the jest ?

Boyet. So you grant pasture for me. [Offering to kiss her.]

Mar. Not so, gentle beast :

My lips are not common, though several they be.

Boyet. Belonging to whom ?

Mar. To my fortunes and me.

Prin. Good wits will be jangling ; but, gentles, agree :

This civil war of wits were much better us'd

On Navarre and his book-men ; for here 't is abus'd.

Boyet. If my observation, which very seldom lies,
By the heart's still rhetoric disclosed with eyes,
Deceive me not now, Navarre is infected. 230

Prin. With what ?

Boyet. With that which we lovers entitle affected.

Prin. Your reason ?

Boyet. Why, all his behaviours did make their retire
To the court of his eye, peeping through desire :

His heart, like an agate, with your print impress'd,

Proud with his form, in his eye pride express'd :

His tongue, all impatient to speak and not see,

Did stumble with haste in his eyesight to be ;

All senses to that sense did make their repair, 240

To feel only looking on fairest of fair :

Methought all his senses were lock'd in his eye,

As jewels in crystal for some prince to buy ;

Who, tend'ring their own worth from where they were glass'd,

Did point you to buy them, along as you pass'd :

His face's own margent did quote such amazes

That all eyes saw his eyes enchanted with gazes.

I'll give you Aquitaine and all that is his,

An you give him for my sake but one loving kiss.

Prin. Come to our pavilion : Boyet is dispos'd. 250

²¹⁹ *ships* : *ship* and *sheep* were pronounced alike.

²²³ *several* = severed. *Common* and *several* were law phrases of opposite meaning in regard to land.

²²⁵ *Good wits*, etc. It is very doubtful whether the remainder of this scene was written by S.

²⁵⁰ *dispos'd* : amorously, understood : a common use of the word.

Boyet. But to speak that in words which his eye hath disclosed.

I only have made a mouth of his eye,
By adding a tongue which I know will not lie.

Ros. Thou art an old love-monger and speakest skilfully.

Mar. He is Cupid's grandfather and learns news of him.

Ros. Then was Venus like her mother, for her father is but grim.

Boyet. Do you hear, my mad wenches?

Mar. No.

Boyet. What then, do you see?

Ros. Ay, our way to be gone.

Boyet. You are too hard for me.

[*Exeunt.*]

ACT III.

SCENE I. *The same.*

Enter ARMADO and MOTH.

Arm. Warble, child; make passionate my sense of hearing.

Moth. Concolinel. [*Singing.*]

Arm. Sweet air! Go, tenderness of years; take this key, give enlargement to the swain, bring him festinately hither: I must employ him in a letter to my love.

Moth. Master, will you win your love with a French brawl?

Arm. How meanest thou? brawling in French?

Moth. No, my complete master: but to jig off a tune at the tongue's end, canary to it with your feet, humour it with turning up your eyelids, sigh a note and sing a note, sometime through the throat, as if you swallowed love with singing love, sometime through the nose, as if you snuff'd up love by smelling love; with your hat penthouse-like o'er the shop of your eyes; with your arms crossed on your thin-belly doublet like a rabbit on a spit; or your hands in your pocket like a man after the old painting; and keep not too long in one tune, but a snip and away. These are complements, these are humours; these betray nice wenches, that would be betray'd without these; and make them men of note — do you note me? — that most are affected to these.

20

Arm. How hast thou purchased this experience?

Moth. By my penny of observation.

Arm. But O, — but O, —

Moth. "The hobby-horse is forgot."

² *Concolinel.* Perhaps some part, the beginning or the burden, of a song; or, possibly, a corrupted obsolete musical phrase.

³ *festinately* = speedily.

⁶ *brawl*: the name of an old French dance.

²⁴ *The hobby-horse*: a line of an old song well known in S.'s day

Arm. Callest thou my love "hobby-horse"?

Moth. No, master; the hobby-horse is but a colt, and your love perhaps a hackney. But have you forgot your love?

Arm. Almost I had.

Moth. Negligent student! learn her by heart.

Arm. By heart and in heart, boy. 30

Moth. And out of heart, master: all those three I will prove.

Arm. What wilt thou prove?

Moth. A man, if I live; and this, by, in, and without, upon the instant: by heart you love her, because your heart cannot come by her; in heart you love her, because your heart is in love with her; and out of heart you love her, being out of heart that you cannot enjoy her.

Arm. I am all these three.

Moth. And three times as much more, and yet nothing at all.

Arm. Fetch hither the swain: he must carry me a letter. 40

Moth. A message well sympathized; a horse to be ambassador for an ass.

Arm. Ha, ha! what sayest thou?

Moth. Marry, sir, you must send the ass upon the horse, for he is very slow-gaited. But I go.

Arm. The way is but short: away!

Moth. As swift as lead, sir.

Arm. The meaning, pretty ingenious?

Is not lead a metal heavy, dull, and slow?

Moth. *Minimè*, honest master; or rather, master, no. 50

Arm. I say lead is slow.

Moth. You are too swift, sir, to say so:

Is that lead slow which is fir'd from a gun?

Arm. Sweet smoke of rhetoric!

He reputes me a cannon; and the bullet, that's he:

I shoot thee at the swain.

Moth. Thump then and I flee. [*Exit.*]

Arm. A most acute juvenal; voluble and free of grace!

By thy favour, sweet welkin, I must sigh in thy face:

Most rude melancholy, valour gives thee place.

My herald is return'd. 59

Re-enter MOTH with COSTARD.

Moth. A wonder, master! here's a costard broken in a shin.

Arm. Some enigma, some riddle: come, thy l'envoy; begin.

Cost. No egma, no riddle, no l'envoy; no salve in them all, sir: O, sir, plantain, a plain plantain! no l'envoy, no l'envoy; no salve, sir, but a plantain!

⁸⁰ *Minimè* = very little.

⁶⁰ a costard: used jocosely for the head.

⁶¹ l'envoy: a sententious and explanatory stanza (originally the first, later the last) of a poem.

Arm. By virtue, thou enforcest laughter; thy silly thought my spleen; the heaving of my lungs provokes me to ridiculous smiling. O, pardon me, my stars! Doth the inconsiderate take salve for l'envoy, and the l'envoy for a salve?

Moth. Do the wise think them other? is not l'envoy a salve?

Arm. No, page: it is an epilogue or discourse, to make plain Some obscure precedence that hath tofore been sain. 71

I will example it:

The fox, the ape and the humble-bee,
Were still at odds, being but three.

There's the moral. Now the l'envoy.

Moth. I will add the l'envoy. Say the moral again.

Arm. The fox, the ape, the humble-bee,
Were still at odds, being but three.

Moth. Until the goose came out of door,
And stay'd the odds by adding four. 80

Now will I begin your moral, and do you follow with my l'envoy.
The fox, the ape and the humble-bee,
Were still at odds, being but three.

Arm. Until the goose came out of door,
Staying the odds by adding four.

Moth. A good l'envoy, ending in the goose: would you desire more?

Cost. The boy hath sold him a bargain, a goose, that's flat. Sir, your pennyworth is good, an your goose be fat. To sell a bargain well is as cunning as fast and loose: 90 Let me see; a fat l'envoy; ay, that's a fat goose.

Arm. Come hither, come hither. How did this argument begin?

Moth. By saying that a costard was broken in a shin. Then call'd you for the l'envoy.

Cost. True, and I for a plantain: thus came your argument in;

Then the boy's fat l'envoy, the goose that you bought;
And he ended the market.

Arm. But tell me; how was there a costard broken in a shin?

Moth. I will tell you sensibly. 99

Cost. Thou hast no feeling of it, Moth: I will speak that l'envoy:

I Costard, running out, that was safely within,
Fell over the threshold, and broke my shin.

⁶⁰ *l'envoy a salve.* The *l* seems to have been pronounced in *salve* in S.'s day, which made it sound enough like the Latin salutation, *Salve*, for a poor pun.

⁷¹ *sain*: grotesquely used for *said*.

⁷⁷ *the ape, the humble-bee.* The want of conformity between Armado and Moth here and below is due to the old copies.

⁸⁰ *adding four*: heedlessly written for making four.

⁹⁷ *the market.* "Three women and a goose make a market." Old proverb.

Arm. We will talk no more of this matter.

Cost. Till there be more matter in the shin.

Arm. Sirrah Costard, I will enfranchise thee.

Cost. O, marry me to one Frances: I smell some l'envoy, some goose, in this.

Arm. By my sweet soul, I mean setting thee at liberty, enfranchising thy person: thou wert immured, restrained, captivated, bound.

Cost. True, true; and now you will be my purgation and let me loose. III

Arm. I give thee thy liberty, set thee from durance; and, in lieu thereof, impose on thee nothing but this: bear this significant [*giving a letter*] to the country maid Jaquenetta: there is remuneration; for the best ward of mine honour is rewarding my dependents. Moth, follow. [Exit.]

Moth. Like the sequel, I. Signior Costard, adieu.

Cost. My sweet ounce of man's flesh! my incony Jew! 120

[Exit Moth.]

Now will I look to his remuneration. Remuneration! O, that's the Latin word for three farthings: three farthings — remuneration. — "What's the price of this inkle?" — "One penny." — "No, I'll give you a remuneration:" why, it carries it. Remuneration! why, it is a fairer name than French crown. I will never buy and sell out of this word.

Enter BIRONE.

Bir. O, my good knave Costard! exceedingly well met.

Cost. Pray you, sir, how much carnation ribbon may a man buy for a remuneration?

Bir. What is a remuneration? 130

Cost. Marry, sir, halfpenny farthing.

Bir. Why, then, three-farthing worth of silk.

Cost. I thank your worship: God be wi' you!

Bir. Stay, slave; I must employ thee:

As thou wilt win my favour, good my knave,

Do one thing for me that I shall entreat.

Cost. When would you have it done, sir?

Bir. This afternoon.

Cost. Well, I will do it, sir: fare you well.

Bir. Thou knowest not what it is. 140

Cost. I shall know, sir, when I have done it.

Bir. Why, villain, thou must know first.

Cost. I will come to your worship to-morrow morning.

Bir. It must be done this afternoon. Hark, slave, it is but this:

¹²⁰ *incony* = fine, delicate.

¹²³ *inkle*: a kind of tape.

The Princess comes to hunt here in the park,
 And in her train there is a gentle lady ;
 When tongues speak sweetly, then they name her name,
 And Rosaline they call her : ask for her ;
 And to her white hand see thou do commend 150
 This seal'd-up counsel. There's thy guerdon : go.

Cost. Gardon, O sweet gardon ! better than remuneration, a
 'leven-pence farthing better : most sweet gardon ! I will do it,
 sir, in print. Gardon ! Remuneration ! [Exit.

Bir. And I, forsooth, in love ! I, that have been love's
 whip ;

A very beadle to a humorous sigh ;
 A critic, nay, a night-watch constable ;
 A domineering pedant o'er the boy ;
 Than whom no mortal so magnificent ! 160

This whimp'd, whining, purblind, wayward boy ;
 This senior-junior, giant-dwarf, Dan Cupid ;
 Regent of love-rhymes, lord of folded arms,
 The anointed sovereign of sighs and groans,
 Liege of all loiterers and malcontents,
 Dread prince of plackets, king of codpieces,
 Sole imperator and great general
 Of trotting 'paritors : — O my little heart ! —
 And I to be a corporal of his field,
 And wear his colours like a tumbler's hoop ! 170
 What, I ! I love ! I sue ! I seek a wife !

A woman, that is like a German clock,
 Still a-repairing, ever out of frame,
 And never going aright, being a watch,
 But being watch'd that it may still go right !
 Nay, to be perjurd, which is worst of all ;
 And, among three, to love the worst of all ;
 A whitely wanton with a velvet brow,
 With two pitch-balls stuck in her face for eyes ;
 Ay, and, by heaven, one that will do the deed 180
 Though Argus were her eunuch and her guard :
 And I to sigh for her ! to watch for her !

To pray for her ! Go to ; it is a plague
 That Cupid will impose for my neglect
 Of his almighty dreadful little might.
 Well, I will love, write, sigh, pray, sue and groan :
 Some men must love my lady and some Joan.

[Exit.

164 *in print* = exactly, precisely.

164 *sovereign* : a word of three syllables.

166 *plackets* : probably petticoats, but possibly having another meaning.

168 *'paritors* = apparitors, minor officers of ecclesiastical courts.

ACT IV.

SCENE I. *The same.*

Enter the PRINCESS, and her train, a Forester, BOYET, ROSALINE, MARIA, and KATHARINE.

Prin. Was that the King, that spurr'd his horse so hard
Against the steep uprising of the hill?

Boyet. I know not; but I think it was not he.

Prin. Whoe'er he was, he show'd a mounting mind.
Well, lords, to-day we shall have our dispatch:
On Saturday we will return to France.

Then, forester, my friend, where is the bush
That we must stand and play the murderer in?

For. Hereby, upon the edge of yonder coppice;
A stand where you may make the fairest shoot. 10

Prin. I thank my beauty, I am fair that shoot,
And thereupon thou speak'st the fairest shoot.

For. Pardon me, madam, for I meant not so.

Prin. What, what? first praise me and again say no?
O short-liv'd pride! Not fair? alack for woe!

For. Yes, madam, fair.

Prin. Nay, never paint me now:
Where fair is not, praise cannot mend the brow.
Here, good my glass, take this for telling true: [Gives money.]
Fair payment for foul words is more than due.

For. Nothing but fair is that which you inherit. 20

Prin. See, see, my beauty will be sav'd by merit!
O heresy in fair, fit for these days!

A giving hand, though foul, shall have fair praise.

But come, the bow: now mercy goes to kill,

And shooting well is then accounted ill.

Thus will I save my credit in the shoot:

Not wounding, pity would not let me do 't;

If wounding, then it was to show my skill,

That more for praise than purpose meant to kill.

And out of question so it is sometimes, 30

Glory grows guilty of detested crimes,

When, for fame's sake, for praise, an outward part,

We bend to that the working of the heart;

As I for praise alone now seek to spill

The poor deer's blood, that my heart means no ill.

Boyet. Do not curst wives hold that self-sovereignty

¹³ *I meant not so.* *Suit* and *sutor* were pronounced *shoot* and *shooter*. Hence the Princess punningly taxes the forester with making suit ('fairest shoot') to her; and he denies such presumption. This pronunciation must be remembered at lines 25 and 26.

Only for praise sake, when they strive to be
Lords o'er their lords?

Prin. Only for praise: and praise we may afford
To any lady that subdues a lord.

40

Boyet. Here comes a member of the commonwealth.

Enter COSTARD.

Cost. God dig-you-den all! Pray you, which is the head lady?

Prin. Thou shalt know her, fellow, by the rest that have no heads.

Cost. Which is the greatest lady, the highest?

Prin. The thickest and the tallest.

Cost. The thickest and the tallest! it is so; truth is true.

An your waist, mistress, were as slender as my wit,
One o' these maids' girdles for your waist should be fit. 50
Are not you the chief woman? you are the thickest here.

Prin. What's your will, sir? what's your will?

Cost. I have a letter from Monsieur Birone to one Lady Rosaline.

Prin. O, thy letter, thy letter! he's a good friend of mine:
Stand aside good bearer. Boyet, you can carve;
Break up this capon.

Boyet. I am bound to serve.

This letter is mistook, it importeth none here
It is writ to Jaquenetta.

Prin. We will read it, I swear.

Break the neck of the wax, and every one give ear. 59

Boyet. [*Reads.*] By heaven, that thou art fair, is most infallible; true, that thou art beauteous; truth itself, that thou art lovely. More fairer than fair, beautiful than beauteous, truer than truth itself, have commiseration on thy heroical vassal! The magnanimous and most illustrate king Cophetua set eye upon the pernicious and indubitate beggar Penelophon; and he it was that might rightly say, *Veni, vidi, vici*; which to annotanize in the vulgar, — O base and obscure vulgar! — videlicet, He came, saw, and overcame: he came, one; saw, two; overcame, three. Who came? the king: why did he come? to see: why did he see? to overcome: to whom came he? to the beggar: what saw he? the beggar: who overcame he? the beggar. The conclusion is victory: on whose side? the king's. The captive is enriched: on whose side? the beggar's. The catastrophe is a nuptial: on whose side? the king's: no, on both in one, or one in both. I am the king; for so stands the comparison: thou the beggar; for so witnesseth thy lowliness. Shall I command thy love? I may: shall I enforce thy love? I could: shall I entreat thy love? I will. What shalt thou exchange for rags? robes; for tittles? titles; for thyself? me. Thus, expecting thy reply, I profane my lips on thy foot, my eyes on thy picture, and my heart on thy every part. Thine, in the dearest design of industry,
DON ADRIANO DE ARMADO.

⁴² *God dig-you-den*: a rustic corruption of "God give you good even."

⁴⁶ *capon*: used, like the French *poulet*, for a love-letter.

⁴⁵ *annotanize*. A grotesquely pompous word for annotate. The quarto has *anatomize*, which may well have been S.'s word.

Thus dost thou hear the Nemean lion roar 80
 'Gainst thee, thou lamb, that standest as his prey.
 Submissive fall his princely feet before,
 And he from forage will incline to play:
 But if thou strive, poor soul, what art thou then?
 Food for his rage, repasture for his den.

Prin. What plume of feathers is he that indited this letter?
 What vane? what weathercock? did you ever hear better?

Boyet. I am much deceived but I remember the style.

Prin. Else your memory is bad, going o'er it erewhile.

Boyet. This Armado is a Spaniard, that keeps here in court;
 A phantasime, a Monarcho, and one that makes sport 91
 To the Prince and his bookmates.

Prin. Thou fellow, a word:
 Who gave thee this letter?

Cost. I told you; my lord.

Prin. To whom shouldst thou give it?

Cost. From my lord to my lady.

Prin. From which lord to which lady?

Cost. From my lord Birone, a good master of mine,
 To a lady of France that he call'd Rosaline.

Prin. Thou hast mistaken his letter. Come, lords, away.
 [To Ros.] Here, sweet, put up this: 't will be thine another
 day. [Exeunt Princess and train.]

Boyet. Who is the suitor? who is the suitor?

Ros. Shall I teach you to know?

Boyet. Ay, my continent of beauty.

Ros. Why, she that bears the bow.

Finely put off! 102

Boyet. My lady goes to kill horns; but, if thou marry,
 Hang me by the neck, if horns that year miscarry.

Finely put on!

Ros. Well, then, I am the shooter.

Boyet. And who is your deer?

Ros. If we choose by the horns, yourself come not near.

Finely put on, indeed!

Mar. You still wrangle with her, Boyet, and she strikes at
 the brow.

Boyet. But she herself is hit lower: have I hit her now? 110

Ros. Shall I come upon thee with an old saying, that was a
 man when King Pepin of France was a little boy, as touching
 the hit it.

⁸⁰ Thus dost thou hear. This postscript is possibly quoted from some ridiculous poem of the day.

¹⁰¹ she that bears the bow. The pronunciation of *suit*, before set forth, must be remembered. In Boyet's speech, three lines above, the folio, 1623, prints *suitor*, *shooter*.

Boyet. So I may answer thee with one as old, that was a woman when Queen Guinever of Britain was a little wench, as touching the hit it.

Ros. Thou canst not hit it, hit it, hit it,
Thou canst not hit it, my good man.

Boyet. An I cannot, cannot, cannot,
An I cannot, another can. [*Exeunt Ros. and Kath.*]

Cost. By my troth, most pleasant : how both did fit it ! 121

Mar. A mark marvellous well shot, for they both did hit it.

Boyet. A mark ! O, mark but that mark ! A mark, says my lady !

'Let the mark have a prick in 't, to mete at, if it may be.

Mar. Wide o' th' bow hand ! i' faith, your hand is out.

Cost. Indeed, a' must shoot nearer, or he 'll ne'er hit the clout.

Boyet. An if my hand be out, then belike your hand is in.

Cost. Then will she get the upshoot by cleaving the pin.

Mar. Come, come, you talk greasily ; your lips grow foul.

Cost. She's too hard for you at pricks, sir : challenge her to bowl. 130

Boyet. I fear too much rubbing. Good night, my good owl.
[*Exeunt Boyet and Maria.*]

Cost. By my soul, a swain ! a most simple clown !

Lord, Lord, how the ladies and I have put him down !

O' my troth, most sweet jests ! most incony vulgar wit !

When it comes so smoothly off, so obscenely, as it were, so fit.

Armado o' th' to side, — O, a most dainty man !

To see him walk before a lady and to bear her fan !

To see him kiss his hand ! and how most sweetly a' will swear !

And his page o' t' other side, that handful of wit !

Ah, heavens, it is a most pathological nit ! 140

Sola, sola ! [*Shout within. Exit Costard, running.*]

SCENE II. *The same.*

Enter HOLOFERNES, SIR NATHANIEL, and DULL.

Nath. Very reverend sport, truly ; and done in the testimony of a good conscience.

Hol. The deer was, as you know, *sanguis*, in blood ; ripe as the pomewater, who now hangeth like a jewel in the ear of *caelo*, the sky, the welkin, the heaven ; and anon falleth like a crab on the face of *terra*, the soil, the land, the earth.

¹²⁸ *the clout* : the white spot or rag in the middle of the target.

¹²⁸ *the pin* : that is, the pin which held the clout to the target.

¹²⁹ *greasily* = grossly.

¹³⁴ *incony* = fine, delicate.

¹³⁶ *o' th' to side*. The *to side* and the *t' other side* were commonly opposed phrases in S.'s day.

⁴ *pomewater* : a kind of apple.

Nath. Truly, Master Holofernes, the epithets are sweetly varied, like a scholar at the least : but, sir, I assure ye, it was a buck of the first head.

Hol. Sir Nathaniel, *haud credo*.

10

Dull. 'T was not a *haud credo* : 't was a pricket.

Hol. Most barbarous intimation ! yet a kind of insinuation, as it were, *in via*, in way, of explication ; *facere*, as it were, replication, or rather, *ostentare*, to show, as it were, his inclination, after his undressed, unpolished, uneducated, unpruned, untrained, or rather, unlettered, or ratherest, unconfirmed fashion, to assert again any *haud credo* for a deer.

Dull. I said the deer was not a *haud credo* ; 't was a pricket.

Hol. Twice-sod simplicity, *bis coctus* !

O thou monster Ignorance, how deformed dost thou look ! 20

Nath. Sir, he hath never fed of the dainties that are bred in a book ;

he hath not eat paper, as it were ; he hath not drunk ink : his intellect is not replenished ; he is only an animal, only sensible in the duller parts :

And such barren plants are set before us, that we thankful should be,

Which we of taste and feeling are, for those parts that do fructify in us more than he.

For as it would ill become me to be vain, indiscreet, or a fool,

So were there a patch set on learning, to see him in a school :

But *omne bene*, say I ; being of an old father's mind,

Many can brook the weather that love not the wind. 30

Dull. You two are book-men : can you tell me by your wit What was a month old at Cain's birth, that 's not five weeks old as yet ?

Hol. Dictynna, goodman Dull ; Dictynna, goodman Dull.

Dull. What is Dictynna ?

Nath. A title to Phœbe, to Luna, to the moon.

Hol. The moon was a month old when Adam was no more, And raught not to five weeks when he came to five-score. The allusion holds in the exchange.

Dull. 'T is true indeed ; the collusion holds in the exchange.

Hol. God comfort thy capacity ! I say, the allusion holds in the exchange. 41

Dull. And I say, the pollution holds in the exchange ; for the moon is never but a month old : and I say beside that, 't was a pricket that the Princess kill'd.

¹⁰ *haud credo* = I don't believe it. Lat., like nearly all the rest of Holofernes's pedantic phrases.

¹⁵ *undressed, unpolished*. It is worthy of remark that the pedagogue always, and the curate generally, uses the full participial form.

²⁰ *omne bene* = all is well.

³⁷ *raught* = reached.

Hol. Sir Nathaniel, will you hear an extemporal epitaph on the death of the deer? And, to humour the ignorant, call I the deer the Princess killed a pricket.

Nath. *Perge*, good Master Holofernes, *perge*; so it shall please you to abrogate scurrility. 49

Hol. I will something affect the letter, for it argues facility.

The preyful princess pierc'd and prick'd a pretty pleasing pricket;

Some say a sore; but not a sore, till now made sore with shooting.

The dogs did yell: put L to sore, then sorel jumps from thicket;

Or pricket sore, or else sorel; the people fall a-hooting.

If sore be sore, then L to sore make fifty sores one sorel.

Of one sore I an hundred make by adding but one more L.

Nath. A rare talent!

Dull. [*Aside.*] If a talent be a claw, look how he claws him with a talent. 59

Hol. This is a gift that I have, simple, simple; a foolish extravagant spirit, full of forms, figures, shapes, objects, ideas, apprehensions, motions, revolutions: these are begot in the ventricle of memory, nourished in the womb of pia mater, and delivered upon the mellowing of occasion. But the gift is good in those in whom it is acute, and I am thankful for it.

Nath. Sir, I praise the Lord for you: and so may my parishioners; for their sons are well tutor'd by you, and their daughters profit very greatly under you: you are a good member of the commonwealth. 69

Hol. *Mehercle*, if their sons be ingenuous, they shall want no instruction; if their daughters be capable, I will put it to them: but *vir sapit qui pauca loquitur*; a soul feminine saluteth us.

Enter JAQUENETTA and COSTARD.

Jaq. God give you good morrow, master Parson.

Hol. Master Parson, quasi pers-on. An if one should be pierc'd, which is the one?

Cost. Marry, master schoolmaster, he that is likest to a hogs-head.

Hol. Piercing a hogshead! a good lustre of conceit in a tuft of earth; fire enough for a flint, pearl enough for a swine: 't is pretty; it is well. 80

Jaq. Good master Parson, be so good as read me this letter: it was given me by Costard, and sent me from Don Armado: I beseech you, read it.

Hol. *Fauste, precor gelida quando pecus omne sub umbra*

⁴⁹ *Perge* = go on.

⁵⁰ *the letter*: that is, alliteration.

⁵¹ *pierc'd*: in the folio *perst*. The word *pierce* was pronounced *purse* until the beginning of this century. In Holofernes' next speech the folio has "*persing* a hogshead."

⁷⁰ *Mehercle* = by Hercules.

⁷² *vir sapit*, etc. = he is wise who says little.

⁸⁴ *Fauste*, etc. = Faustus, I pray when the herd chews the cud in the cool shade.

ruminat, — and so forth. Ah, good old Mantuan! I may speak of thee as the traveller doth of Venice :

*Venetia, Venetia,
Chi non ti vede non ti pretia.*

Old Mantuan, old Mantuan! who understandeth thee not, loves thee not. *Ut, re, sol, la, mi, fa.* Under pardon, sir, what are the contents? or rather, as Horace says in his — What, my soul, verses?

Nath. Ay, sir, and very learned.

Hol. Let me hear a staff, a stanza, a verse; *lege, domine.*

Nath. [*Reads.*]

If love make me forsworn, how shall I swear to love?

Ah, never faith could hold, if not to beauty vow'd!

Though to myself forsworn, to thee I'll faithful prove;

Those thoughts to me were oaks, to thee like osiers bow'd.

Study his bias leaves and makes his book thine eyes,

Where all those pleasures live that art would comprehend: 100

If knowledge be the mark, to know thee shall suffice;

Well learned is that tongue that well can thee commend,

All ignorant that soul that sees thee without wonder;

Which is to me some praise that I thy parts admire:

Thy eye Jove's lightning bears, thy voice his dreadful thunder,

Which, not to anger bent, is music and sweet fire.

Celestial as thou art, O, pardon love this wrong,

That sings heaven's praise with such an earthly tongue.

Hol. You find not the apostrophes, and so miss the accent: let me supervise the canzonet. Here are only numbers ratified; but, for the elegance, facility, and golden cadence of poesy, *caret*. Ovidius Naso was the man: and why, indeed, Naso, but, for smelling out the odoriferous flowers of fancy, the jerks of invention? *Imitari* is nothing: so doth the hound his master, the ape his keeper, the tired horse his rider. But, damosella virgin, was this directed to you?

Jaq. Ay, sir, from one Monsieur Birone, one of the strange queen's lords. 118

Hol. I will overglance the superscript: "To the snow-white hand of the most beauteous Lady Rosaline." I will look again on the intellect of the letter, for the nomination of the party writing to the person written unto: "Your ladyship's in all desired employment, BIRONE." Sir Nathaniel, this Birone is one of the votaries with the King; and here he hath framed a letter

⁸⁵ *Mantuan.* Not Virgil, but Battista Spagnolus, who also was called the Mantuan from his place of birth. He wrote Latin eclogues, and Holofernes quotes the beginning of the first.

⁸⁷ *Venetia*, etc. = Venice, Venice, who sees thee not does not know thee. (Ital.)

⁹⁴ *lege, domine* = read, sir.

¹¹² *Naso* = nose.

¹¹⁴ *Imitari* = to imitate.

¹¹⁷ *Monsieur Birone*, etc. Another instance of S.'s heedlessness. Birone was one of the King's lords, of whom, moreover, Jaquenetta knew nothing, and yet again just before this she has said that the letter came from Armado.

to a sequent of the stranger queen's, which accidentally, or by the way of progression, hath miscarried. Trip and go, my sweet; deliver this paper into the royal hand of the King: it may concern much. Stay not thy compliment; I forgive thy duty: adieu.

Jaq. Good Costard, go with me. Sir, God save your life! 129

Cost. Have with thee, my girl. [Exeunt *Cost.* and *Jaq.*]

Nath. Sir, you have done this in the fear of God, very religiously; and, as a certain father saith, —

Hol. Sir, tell not me of the father; I do fear colourable colours. But to return to the verses: did they please you, Sir Nathaniel?

Nath. Marvellous well for the pen.

Hol. I do dine to-day at the father's of a certain pupil of mine; where, if, before repast, it shall please you to gratify the table with a grace, I will, on my privilege I have with the parents of the foresaid child or pupil, undertake your *benvenuto*; where I will prove those verses to be very unlearned, neither savouring of poetry, wit, nor invention: I beseech your society.

Nath. And thank you too; for society, saith the text, is the happiness of life.

Hol. And, certes, the text most infallibly concludes it. [To *Dull.*] Sir, I do invite you too; you shall not say me nay: *pauca verba*. Away! the gentles are at their game, and we will to our recreation. [Exeunt.]

SCENE III. *The same.*

Enter BIRONE, with a paper.

Bir. The King he is hunting the deer; I am coursing myself: they have pitch'd a toil; I am toiling in a pitch, — pitch that defiles: defile! a foul word. Well, "set thee down, sorrow"! for so they say the fool said, and so say I, and ay the fool: well proved, wit! By the Lord, this love is as mad as Ajax: it kills sheep; it kills me, I a sheep: well proved again o' my side! I will not love: if I do, hang me; i' faith, I will not. O, but her eye, — by this light, but for her eye, I would not love her; yes, for her two eyes. Well, I do nothing in the world but lie, and lie in my throat. By heaven, I do love: and it hath taught me to rhyme and to be melancholy; and here is

¹²⁸ *Stay not thy compliment*, etc.: that is, don't stop to make curtsies.

¹³⁴ *fear colourable colours*: a slang phrase of the day, the meaning of which is now unknown.

¹⁴¹ *benvenuto* = welcome. (Ital.)

¹⁴⁸ *pauca verba* = few words.

¹⁵⁰ *kills sheep*: an allusion to Ajax's slaughter of sheep in his insane jealousy of Ulysses.

part of my rhyme, and here my melancholy. Well, she hath one o' my sonnets already : the clown bore it, the fool sent it, and the lady hath it : sweet clown, sweeter fool, sweetest lady ! By the world, I would not care a pin, if the other three were in. Here comes one with a paper : God give him grace to groan !

[Climbs a tree.]

Enter the KING, with a paper.

King. Ay me !

Bir. [*Aside.*] Shot, by heaven ! Proceed, sweet Cupid : thou hast thump'd him with thy bird-bolt under the left pap. In faith, secrets !

21

King. [*Reads.*]

So sweet a kiss the golden sun gives not
 To those fresh morning drops upon the rose,
 As thy eye-beams, when their fresh rays have smote
 The night of dew that on my cheeks down flows :
 Nor shines the silver moon one half so bright
 Through the transparent bosom of the deep,
 As doth thy face through tears of mine give light ;
 Thou shin'st in every tear that I do weep :
 No drop but as a coach doth carry thee ;
 So ridest thou triumphing in my woe.
 Do but behold the tears that swell in me,
 And they thy glory through my grief will show :
 But do not love thyself ; then thou wilt keep
 My tears for glasses, and still make me weep.
 O queen of queens ! how far dost thou excel,
 No thought can think, nor tongue of mortal tell.

30

How shall she know my griefs ? I'll drop the paper :

Sweet leaves, shade folly. Who is he comes here ? [*Steps aside.*]

What, Longaville ! and reading ! listen, ear.

40

Bir. Now, in thy likeness, one more fool appear !

Enter LONGAVILLE, with a paper.

Long. Ay me, I am forsworn !

Bir. Why, he comes in like a perjure, wearing papers.

King. In love, I hope : sweet fellowship in shame !

Bir. One drunkard loves another of the name.

Long. Am I the first that have been perjur'd so ?

Bir. I could put thee in comfort. Not by two that I know :
 Thou makest the triumvir, the corner-cap of society,
 The shape of Love's Tyburn that hangs up simplicity.

Long. I fear these stubborn lines lack power to move.
 O sweet Maria, empress of my love !
 These numbers will I tear, and write in prose.

50

³¹ *triumphing* : accented on the second syllable.

⁴³ *perjure* = perjurer. A convicted perjurer was condemned to wear a paper on his breast setting forth his crime.

⁴⁹ *Love's Tyburn*. The old gallows at Tyburn was triangular.

Bir. O, rhymes are guards on wanton Cupid's hose :
Disfigure not his slop.

Long.

This same shall go.

[*Reads.*

Did not the heavenly rhetoric of thine eye,
'Gainst whom the world cannot hold argument,
Persuade my heart to this false perjury ?
Vows for thee broke deserve not punishment.
A woman I forswore ; but I will prove,
Thou being a goddess, I forswore not thee :
My vow was earthly, thou a heavenly love ;
Thy grace being gain'd cures all disgrace in me.
Vows are but breath, and breath a vapour is :
Then thou, fair sun, which on my earth dost shine,
Exhal'st this vapour-vow ; in thee it is :
If broken then, it is no fault of mine :
If by me broke, what fool is not so wise
To lose an oath to win a paradise ?

60

Bir. This is the liver-vein, which makes flesh a deity,
A green goose a goddess : pure, pure idolatry.
God amend us, God amend ! we are much out o' th' way.

70

Long. By whom shall I send this ? — Company ! stay.

[*Steps aside.*

Bir. All hid, all hid ; an old infant play.

— Like a demigod here sit I in the sky,
And wretched fools' secrets heedfully o'er-eye.
More sacks to the mill ! O heavens, I have my wish !

Enter DUMAIN, with a paper.

Dumain transform'd ! four woodcocks in a dish !

Dum. O most divine Kate !

Bir. O most profane coxcomb !

Dum. By heaven, the wonder in a mortal eye !

80

Bir. By earth, she is not, corporal ; there you lie.

Dum. Her amber hair for foul hath amber quoted.

Bir. An amber-colour'd raven was well noted.

Dum. As upright as the cedar.

Bir.

Stoop, I say ;

Her shoulder is with child.

Dum.

As fair as day.

Bir. Ay, as some days ; but then no sun must shine.

Dum. O that I had my wish !

Long.

And I had mine !

King. And I mine too, good Lord !

Bir. Amen, so I had mine : is not that a good word ?

Dum. I would forget her ; but a fever she
Reigns in my blood and will remember'd be.

90

Bir. A fever in your blood ! why, then incision
Would let her out in saucers : sweet misprision !

⁵⁸ *guards* = embroidery or facings.

⁵⁹ *liver-vein*. The liver was supposed to be the seat of amorous desire.

Dum. Once more I'll read the ode that I have writ.

Bir. Once more I'll mark how love can vary wit.

Dum. [*Reads.*]

On a day — alack the day ! —
 Love, whose month is ever May,
 Spied a blossom passing fair
 Playing in the wanton air :
 Through the velvet leaves the wind, 100
 All unseen, can passage find ;
 That the lover, sick to death,
 Wish himself the heaven's breath.
 Air, quoth he, thy cheeks may blow ;
 Air, would I might triumph so !
 But, alack, my hand is sworn
 Ne'er to pluck thee from thy thorn ;
 Vow, alack, for youth unmeet,
 Youth so apt to pluck a sweet !
 Do not call it sin in me, 110
 That I am forsworn for thee ;
 Thou for whom Jove would swear
 Juno but an Ethiopè were ;
 And deny himself for Jove,
 Turning mortal for thy love.

This will I send and something else more plain,

That shall express my true love's fasting pain.

O, would the King, Birone, and Longaville,

Were lovers too ! Ill, to example ill,

Would from my forehead wipe a perjur'd note ;

120

For none offend where all alike do dote.

Long. [*Advancing.*] Dumain, thy love is far from charity,
 That in love's grief desir'st society :

You may look pale, but I should blush, I know

To be o'erheard and taken napping so.

King. [*Advancing.*] Come, sir, you blush ; as his your case
 is such ;

You chide at him, offending twice as much ;

You do not love Maria ; Longaville

Did never sonnet for her sake compile,

Nor never lay his wreathed arms athwart

130

His loving bosom to keep down his heart.

I have been closely shrouded in this bush

And mark'd you both ; and for you both did blush :

I heard your guilty rhymes, observ'd your fashion,

Saw sighs reek from you, noted well your passion :

Ay me ! says one ; O Jove ! the other cries ;

One, her hairs were gold, crystal the other's eyes :

[*To Long.*] You would for paradise break faith and troth ;

[*To Dum.*] And Jove, for your love, would infringe an oath.

What will Birone say when that he shall hear

140

Faith so infringed, which such zeal did swear?
 How will he scorn! how will he spend his wit!
 How will he triumph, leap and laugh at it!
 For all the wealth that ever I did see,
 I would not have him know so much by me.

Bir. Now step I forth to whip hypocrisy.
 Ah, good my liege, I pray thee, pardon me!
 Good heart, what grace hast thou, thus to reprove
 These worms for loving, that art most in love?
 Your eyes do make no coaches; in your tears
 There is no certain Princess that appears;
 You'll not be perjur'd; 't is a hateful thing;
 Tush, none but minstrels like of sonneting!
 But are you not asham'd? nay, are you not,
 All three of you, to be thus much o'ershot?
 You found his mote; the King your mote did see;
 But I a beam do find in each of three.

[Descending.]

150

O, what a scene of foolery have I seen,
 Of sighs, of groans, of sorrow and of teen!
 O me, with what strict patience have I sat,
 To see a king transformed to a gnat!
 To see great Hercules whipping a gig,
 And profound Solomon to tune a jig,
 And Nestor play at push-pin with the boys,
 And critic Timon laugh at idle toys!
 Where lies thy grief, O, tell me, good Dumain?
 And, gentle Longaville, where lies thy pain?
 And where my liege's? all about the breast:
 A caudle, ho!

160

King. Too bitter is thy jest.
 Are we betray'd thus to thy over-view?

170

Bir. Not you to me, but I betray'd by you:
 I, that am honest; I, that hold it sin
 To break the vow I am engaged in;
 I am betray'd, by keeping company
 With men-like men, of strange inconstancy.
 When shall you see me write a thing in rhyme?
 Or groan for love? or spend a minute's time
 In pruning me? When shall you hear that I
 Will praise a hand, a foot, a face, an eye,
 A gait, a state, a brow, a breast, a waist,
 A leg, a limb?

180

King. Soft! whither away so fast?
 A true man or a thief that gallops so?

¹⁵⁰ *mote*. This word is printed *moth* twice in this line. See the Introduction to *Much Ado About Nothing*, and the note on *Moth*, Act I. Sc. ii.

¹⁵⁹ *teen* = sorrow, vexation; mere tautology for rhyme's sake

¹⁶² *gig* = a kind of top.

Bir. I post from love : good lover, let me go.

Enter JAQUENETTA and COSTARD.

Jaq. God bless the King!

King. What present hast thou there ?

Cost. Some certain treason.

King. What makes treason here ?

Cost. Nay, it makes nothing, sir.

King. If it mar nothing neither,
The treason and you go in peace away together.

Jaq. I beseech your grace, let this letter be read :
Our parson misdoubts it ; 't was treason, he said.

189

King. Birone, read it over. *[Giving him the paper]*

Where hadst thou it ?

Jaq. Of Costard.

King. Where hadst thou it ?

Cost. Of Dun Adramadio, Dun Adramadio.

[Birone tears the letter.]

King. How now ! what is in you ? why dost thou tear it ?

Bir. A toy, my liege, a toy : your grace needs not fear it.

Long. It did move him to passion, and therefore let 's hear it.

Dum. It is Birone's writing, and here is his name.

[Gathering up the pieces.]

Bir. *[To Costard.]* Ah, you whoreson loggerhead ! you
were born to do me shame.

Guilty, my lord, guilty ! I confess, I confess.

200

King. What ?

Bir. That you three fools lack'd me fool to make up the
mess :

He, he, and you, and you, my liege, and I,
Are pick-purses in love, and we deserve to die.

O, dismiss this audience, and I shall tell you more.

Dum. Now the number is even.

Bir. True, true ; we are four.

Will these turtles be gone ?

King. Hence, sirs ; away !

Cost. Walk aside the true folk, and let the traitors stay.

[Exeunt Costard and Jaquenetta.]

Bir. Sweet lords, sweet lovers, O, let us embrace !

As true we are as flesh and blood can be :

210

The sea will ebb and flow, heaven show his face ;

Young blood doth not obey an old decree :

We cannot cross the cause why we were born ;

Therefore of all hands must we be forsworn.

King. What, did these rent lines show some love of thine ?

Bir. Did they, quoth you ? Who sees the heavenly Rosaline,

202 mess = a party of four at table.

That, like a rude and savage man of Inde,
 At the first opening of the gorgeous east,
 Bows not his vassal head and stricken blind
 Kisses the base ground with obedient breast? 220

What peremptory eagle-sighted eye
 Dares look upon the heaven of her brow,
 That is not blinded by her majesty?
King. What zeal, what fury hath inspir'd thee now?

My love, her mistress, is a gracious moon;
 She an attending star, scarce seen a light.

Bir. My eyes are then no eyes, nor I Birone:
 O, but for my love, day would turn to night!
 Of all complexions the cull'd sovereignty
 Do meet, as at a fair, in her fair cheek, 230
 Where several worthies make one dignity,
 Where nothing wants that want itself doth seek.

Lend me the flourish of all gentle tongues, —
 Fie, painted rhetoric! O, she needs it not:
 To things of sale a seller's praise belongs,
 She passes praise; then praise too short doth blot.

A wither'd hermit, five-score winters worn,
 Might shake off fifty, looking in her eye:
 Beauty doth varnish age, as if new-born,
 And gives the crutch the cradle's infancy: 240
 O, 't is the sun that maketh all things shine.

King. By heaven, thy love is black as ebony.

Bir. Is ebony like her? O wood divine!
 A wife of such wood were felicity.
 O, who can give an oath? where is a book?
 That I may swear beauty doth beauty lack,
 If that she learn not of her eye to look:
 No face is fair that is not full so black.

King. O paradox! Black is the badge of hell,
 The hue of dungeons and the suit of night; 250
 And beauty's crest becomes the heavens well.

Bir. Devils soonest tempt, resembling spirits of light.
 O, if in black my lady's brows be deck'd,
 It mourns that painting and usurping hair
 Should ravish doters with a false aspect;
 And therefore is she born to make black fair.

Her favour turns the fashion of the days,
 For native blood is counted painting now;
 And therefore red, that would avoid dispraise,
 Paints itself black, to imitate her brow. 260

Dum. To look like her are chimney-sweepers black.

Long. And since her time are colliers counted bright.

King. And Ethiopes of their sweet complexion crack.

Dum. Dark needs no candles now, for dark is light.

Bir. Your mistresses dare never come in rain,

For fear their colours should be wash'd away.

King. 'T were good, yours did ; for, sir, to tell you plain,
I 'll find a fairer face not wash'd to-day.

Bir. I 'll prove her fair, or talk till doomsday here.

King. No devil will fright thee then so much as she. 270

Dum. I never knew man hold vile stuff so dear.

Long. Look, here 's thy love : my foot and her face see.

Bir. O, if the streets were paved with thine eyes,

Her feet were much too dainty for such tread !

Dum. O vile ! then, as she goes, what upward lies

The street should see as she walk'd overhead.

King. But what of this ? are we not all in love ?

Bir. Nothing so sure ; and thereby all forsworn.

King. Then leave this chat ; and, good Birone, now prove
Our loving lawful, and our faith not torn. 280

Dum. Ay, marry, there ; some flattery for this evil.

Long. O, some authority how to proceed ;
Some tricks, some quilllets, how to cheat the Devil.

Dum. Some salve for perjury.

Bir. 'T is more than need.

Have at you, then, affection's men at arms.

Consider what you first did swear unto,

To fast, to study, and to see no woman ;

Flat treason 'gainst the kingly state of youth.

Say, can you fast ? your stomachs are too young ;

And abstinence engenders maladies. 290

And where that you have vow'd to study, lords,

In that each of you have forsworn his book,

Can you still dream and pore and thereon look ?

For when would you, my lord, or you, or you,

Have found the ground of study's excellence

Without the beauty of a woman's face ?

From women's eyes this doctrine I derive ;

They are the ground, the books, the academes

From whence doth spring the true Promethean fire.

Why, universal plodding poisons up 290

The nimble spirits in the arteries,

As motion and long-during action tires

The sinewy vigour of the traveller.

Now, for not looking on a woman's face,

You have in that forsworn the use of eyes

And study too, the causer of your vow ;

For where is any author in the world

Teaches such beauty as a woman's eye ?
 Learning is but an adjunct to ourself,
 And where we are our learning likewise is : 310
 Then when ourselves we see in ladies' eyes,
 Do we not likewise see our learning there ?
 O, we have made a vow to study, lords,
 And in that vow we have forsworn our books.
 For when would you, my liege, or you, or you,
 In leaden contemplation have found out
 Such fiery numbers as the prompting eyes
 Of beauty's tutors have enrich'd you with ?
 Other slow arts entirely keep the brain ;
 And therefore, finding barren practisers, 320
 Scarce show a harvest of their heavy toil :
 But love, first learned in a lady's eyes,
 Lives not alone immured in the brain ;
 But, with the motion of all elements,
 Courses as swift as thought in every power,
 And gives to every power a double power,
 Above their functions and their offices.
 It adds a precious seeing to the eye ;
 A lover's eyes will gaze an eagle blind ;
 A lover's ear will hear the lowest sound, 330
 When the suspicious head of theft is stopp'd :
 Love's feeling is more soft and sensible
 Than are the tender horns of cockled snails ;
 Love's tongue proves dainty Bacchus gross in taste :
 For valour, is not Love a Hercules,
 Still climbing trees in the Hesperides ?
 Subtle as Sphinx ; as sweet and musical
 As bright Apollo's lute, strung with his hair :
 And when Love speaks, the voice of all the gods
 Make heaven drowsy with the harmony. 340
 Never durst poet touch a pen to write
 Until his ink were temper'd with Love's sighs ;
 O, then his lines would ravish savage ears
 And plant in tyrants mild humility.
 From women's eyes this doctrine I derive :
 They sparkle still the right Promethean fire ;
 They are the books, the arts, the academes,
 That show, contain and nourish all the world :
 Else none at all in ought proves excellent.
 Then fools you were these women to forswear, 350

³³⁰ *the Hesperides* : that is, the gardens of the Hesperides.

³⁴⁵ *From women's eyes*. It will be observed that this passage occurs substantially twice in this speech, at line 297 and line 345. Neglect has left evidence of the revision of the play. One passage is surely that which was meant to be replaced by the other.

Or keeping what is sworn, you will prove fools.
 For wisdom's sake, a word that all men love,
 Or for love's sake, a word that loves all men,
 Or for men's sake, the authors of these women,
 Or women's sake, by whom we men are men,
 Let us once lose our oaths to find ourselves,
 Or else we lose ourselves to keep our oaths.
 It is religion to be thus forsworn,
 For charity itself fulfils the law,
 And who can sever love from charity?

360

King. Saint Cupid, then! and, soldiers, to the field!

Bir. Advance your standards, and upon them, lords;
 Pell-mell, down with them! but be first advis'd,
 In conflict that you get the sun of them.

Long. Now to plain-dealing; lay these glozes by:
 Shall we resolve to woo these girls of France?

King. And win them too: therefore let us devise
 Some entertainment for them in their tents.

Bir. First, from the park let us conduct them thither;
 Then homeward every man attach the hand
 Of his fair mistress: in the afternoon

370

We will with some strange pastime solace them,
 Such as the shortness of the time can shape;
 For revels, dances, masks and merry hours
 Forerun fair Love, strewing her way with flowers.

King. Away, away! no time shall be omitted
 That will betime, and may by us be fitted.

Bir. *Allons! allons!* Sow'd cockle reap'd no corn;
 And justice always whirls in equal measure:

Light wenches may prove plagues to men forsworn;

380

If so, our copper buys no better treasure.

[*Exeunt.*]

ACT V.

SCENE I. *The same.*

Enter HOLOFERNES, SIR NATHANIEL, and DULL.

Hol. *Satis quod sufficit.*

Nath. I praise God for you, sir: your reasons at dinner have been sharp and sententious; pleasant without scurrility, witty without affection, audacious without impudency, learned without opinion, and strange without heresy. I did converse this *quondam* day with a companion of the King's, who is intituled, nominated, or called, Don Adriano de Armado.

³⁶⁴ *get the sun.* It was an advantage in battle, in the days of archers and of close quarters, to have the sun on your back. There is also a punning allusion here.

¹ *Satis*, etc. Enough is as good as a feast.

⁵ *quondam* = one, certain.

Hol. *Novi hominem tanquam te*: his humor is lofty, his discourse peremptory, his tongue filed, his eye ambitious, his gait majestic, and his general behaviour vain, ridiculous, and thra-sonical. He is too picked, too spruce, too affected, too odd, as it were, too peregrinate, as I may call it. 12

Nath. A most singular and choice epithet.

[Draws out his table-book.]

Hol. He draweth out the thread of his verbosity finer than the staple of his argument. I abhor such fanatical phantasies, such insociable and point-devise companions; such rackers of orthography, as to speak *dout*, fine, when he should say *doubt*; *det*, when he should pronounce *debt*, — *d*, *e*, *b*, *t*, not *d*, *e*, *t*: he clepeth a calf, *cauf*; half, *hauf*; neighbour *vocatur nebour*; neigh abbreviated *ne*. This is abominable, — which he would call abominable: it insinuateth me of insanie: *ne intelligis, domine?* to make frantic, lunatic. 22

Nath. *Laus Deo, bone intelligo.*

Hol. *Bone?* bone for *bene*, Priscian a little scratched, 't will serve.

Nath. *Videsne quis venit?*

Hol. *Video, et gaudeo.*

Enter ARMADO, MOTH, and COSTARD.

Arm. Chirrah!

[To Moth.]

Hol. *Quare chirrah*, not sirrah?

Arm. Men of peace, well encountered. 30

Hol. Most military sir, salutation.

Moth. [Aside to Costard.] They have been at a great feast of languages, and stol'n the scraps.

Cost. O, they have liv'd long on the alms-basket of words. I marvel thy master hath not eaten thee for a word; for thou art not so long by the head as honorificabilitudinitatibus: thou art easier swallowed than a flap-dragon.

Moth. Peace! the peal begins.

Arm. [To *Hol.*] Monsieur, are you not lettered? 39

Moth. Yes, yes; he teaches boys the horn-book. What is *a*, *b*, spelt backward, with the horn on his head?

Hol. *Ba*, *pueritia*, with a horn added.

Moth. *Ba*, most silly sheep with a horn. You hear his learning.

Hol. *Quis, quis*, thou consonant?

⁸ *Novi hominem*, etc. I know the man as well as I know you.

²¹ *ne intelligis, domine?* = do you not understand, sir?

²³ *Laus Deo, bone intelligo* = Praise to God, I understand good (that is, well).

²⁵ *Videsne*, etc. Do you see who comes? And Holofernes replies, I see and rejoice.

²⁰ *Quare*, etc. = wherefore, etc. Holofernes, who is a prototype of the modern phonetic reformers, protests against the pronunciation of *s* as *sh*.

⁴⁰ *horn-book*. The old spelling-books had thin horn covers to protect the leaves.

⁴² *pueritia* = boyhood.

⁴⁵ *Quis* = who.

Moth. The third of the five vowels, if you repeat them; or the fifth, if I.

Hol. I will repeat them, — *a, e, i,* —

Moth. The sheep: the other two concludes it, — *o, u.* 49

Arm. Now, by the salt wave of the Mediterranean, a sweet touch, a quick venue of wit! snip, snap, quick and home! it rejoiceth my intellect: true wit!

Moth. Offer'd by a child to an old man; which is wit-old.

Hol. What is the figure? what is the figure?

Moth. Horns.

Hol. Thou disputest like an infant: go, whip thy gig.

Moth. Lend me your horn to make one, and I will whip about your infamy *circum circa*, — a gig of a cuckold's horn. 58

Cost. An I had but one penny in the world, thou shouldst have it to buy gingerbread: hold, there is the very remuneration I had of thy master, thou halfpenny purse of wit, thou pigeon-egg of discretion. O, an the heavens were so pleased that thou wert but my bastard, what a joyful father wouldst thou make me! Go to; thou hast it ad dunghill, at the fingers' ends, as they say.

Hol. O, I smell false Latin; dunghill for *unguem*.

Arm. Arts-man, preambulate, we will be singuled from the barbarous. Do you not educate youth at the charge-house on the top of the mountain?

Hol. Or *mons*, the hill. 70

Arm. At your sweet pleasure, for the mountain.

Hol. I do, sans question.

Arm. Sir, it is the King's most sweet pleasure and affection to congratulate the Princess at her pavilion in the posteriors of this day, which the rude multitude call the afternoon.

Hol. The posterior of the day, most generous sir, is liable, congruent and measurable for the afternoon: the word is well culled, chose, sweet and apt, I do assure you, sir, I do assure.

Arm. Sir, the King is a noble gentleman, and my familiar, I do assure ye, very good friend: for what is inward between us, let it pass. I do beseech thee, remember thy courtesy; I beseech thee, apparel thy head: and among other important and most serious designs, and of great import indeed, too, but let that pass: for I must tell thee, it will please his grace, by the world, sometime to lean upon my poor shoulder, and with his royal finger, thus, dally with my excrement, with my mustachio; but, sweet heart, let that pass. By the world, I recount no fable: some certain special honours it pleaseth his greatness to impart to

⁵⁸ *circum circa* = around about.

⁶⁰ *unguem* = the nail; *ad unguem* expressed the highest finish.

⁸¹ *I do beseech thee*, etc. This Armado represents the king as saying to him, by way of showing how familiar they were, even in the midst of important business.

Armado, a soldier, a man of travel, that hath seen the world; but let that pass. The very all of all is, — but, sweet heart, I do implore secrecy, — that the King would have me present the Princess, sweet chuck, with some delightful ostentation, or show, or pageant, or antique, or firework. Now, understanding that the curate and your sweet self are good at such eruptions and sudden breaking out of mirth, as it were, I have acquainted you withal, to the end to crave your assistance.

Hol. Sir, you shall present before her the Nine Worthies. Sir, as concerning some entertainment of time, some show in the posterior of this day, to be rendered by our assistants, at the King's command, and this most gallant, illustrate, and learned gentleman, before the Princess: I say none so fit as to present the Nine Worthies. 102

Nath. Where will you find men worthy enough to present them?

Hol. Joshua, yourself; myself or this gallant gentleman, Judas Maccabæus; this swain, because of his great limb or joint, shall pass for Pompey the Great; the page, Hercules, —

Arm. Pardon, sir; error: he is not quantity enough for that Worthy's thumb: he is not so big as the end of his club. 109

Hol. Shall I have audience? he shall present Hercules in minority: his enter and exit shall be strangling a snake; and I will have an apology for that purpose.

Moth. An excellent device! so, if any of the audience hiss, you may cry, "Well done, Hercules! now thou crushest the snake!" that is the way to make an offence gracious, though few have the grace to do it.

Arm. For the rest of the Worthies? —

Hol. I will play three myself.

Moth. Thrice-worthy gentleman!

Arm. Shall I tell you a thing? 120

Hol. We attend.

Arm. We will have, if this fadge not, an antique. I beseech you, follow.

Hol. *Via*, goodman Dull! thou hast spoken no word all this while.

Dull. Nor understood none neither, sir.

Hol. *Allons!* we will employ thee.

Dull. I'll make one in a dance, or so; or I will play On the tabor to the Worthies, and let them dance the hay. 129

Hol. Most dull, honest Dull! To our sport, away! [*Exeunt.*]

⁹³ *antique* is used in a sense conveyed to us by the form *antic*.

⁹⁷ *Nine Worthies.* They were Hector, Alexander, Cæsar, Joshua, David, Judas Maccabeus, Arthur, Charlemagne, and Godfrey of Bouillon. Pompey and Hercules are intruders.

¹²⁴ *Via* = away (encouragingly). (Ital.)

¹²⁷ *Allons* = let us go. (Fr.)

¹²⁹ *the hay*: a rollicking boisterous dance, long obsolete.

SCENE II. *The same.**Enter the PRINCESS, KATHARINE, ROSALINE, and MARIA.*

Prin. Sweet hearts, we shall be rich ere we depart,
If fairings come thus plentifully in :

A lady wall'd about with diamonds !

Look you what I have from the loving King.

Ros. Madam, came nothing else along with that ?

Prin. Nothing but this ! yes, as much love in rhyme

As would be cram'd up in a sheet of paper,

Writ o' both sides the leaf, margent and all,

That he was fain to seal on Cupid's name.

Ros. That was the way to make his godhead wax,

10

For he hath been five thousand years a boy.

Kath. Ay, and a shrewd unhappy gallows too.

Ros. You 'll ne'er be friends with him ; he kill'd your sister.

Kath. He made her melancholy, sad, and heavy ;

And so she died : had she been light, like you,

Of such a merry, nimble, stirring spirit,

She might ha' been a grandam ere she died :

And so may you ; for a light heart lives long.

Ros. What's your dark meaning, mouse, of this light word ?

Kath. A light condition in a beauty dark.

20

Ros. We need more light to find your meaning out.

Kath. You 'll mar the light by taking it in snuff ;

Therefore I 'll darkly end the argument.

Ros. Look, what you do, you do it still i' th' dark.

Kath. So do not you, for you are a light wench.

Ros. Indeed I weigh not you, and therefore light.

Kath. You weigh me not ? O, that's you care not for me.

Ros. Great reason ; for " past cure is still past care."

Prin. Well bandied both ; a set of wit well play'd.

But, Rosaline, you have a favour too :

30

Who sent it ? and what is it ?

Ros. I would you knew :

An if my face were but as fair as yours,

My favour were as great ; be witness this.

Nay, I have verses too, I thank Birone :

The numbers true ; and, were the numbering too,

I were the fairest goddess on the ground :

I am compared to twenty thousand fairs.

O, he hath drawn my picture in his letter !

Prin. Any thing like ?

Ros. Much in the letters ; nothing in the praise.

40

¹² *gallows* = scape-grace, one likely to come to the gallows, which was easily reached when the phrase came in vogue.

Prin. Beauteous as ink ; a good conclusion.

Kath. Fair as a text B in a copy-book.

Ros. 'Ware pencils, ho ! let me not die your debtor,

My red dominical, my golden letter :

O that your face were not so full of O's !

Kath. A pox of that jest ! and I beshrew all shrews.

Prin. But, Katharine, what was sent to you from fair Du-
main ?

Kath. Madam, this glove.

Prin. Did he not send you twain ?

Kath. Yes, madam, and moreover

Some thousand verses of a faithful lover,

50

A huge translation of hypocrisy,

Vilely compiled, profound simplicity.

Mar. This and these pearls to me sent Longaville :
The letter is too long by half a mile.

Prin. I think no less. Dost thou not wish in heart
The chain were longer and the letter short ?

Mar. Ay, or I would these hands might never part.

Prin. We are wise girls to mock our lovers so.

Ros. They are worse fools to purchase mocking so.

That same Birone I'll torture ere I go :

60

O that I knew he were but in by the week !

How I would make him fawn and beg and seek,

And wait the season and observe the times,

And spend his prodigal wits in bootless rhymes,

And shape his service wholly to my hests,

And make him proud to make me proud that jests !

So piersaunt-like would I o'ersway his state

That he should be my fool and I his fate.

Prin. None are so surely caught, when they are catch'd,

As wit turn'd fool : folly, in wisdom hatch'd,

70

Hath wisdom's warrant and the help of school

And wit's own grace to grace a learned fool.

Ros. The blood of youth burns not with such excess

As gravity's revolt to wantonness.

Mar. Folly in fools bears not so strong a note

As foolery in the wise, when wit doth dote ;

Since all the power thereof it doth apply

To prove, by wit, worth in simplicity.

Prin. Here comes Boyet, and mirth is in his face.

Enter BOYET.

Boyet. O, I am stabb'd with laughter ! Where's her grace ?

⁴⁵ full of O's. Katharine was pitted with small-pox, as we see by her reply.

⁴⁶ shrews. *Shrew*, like *sew* nowadays, rhymed perfectly with *O*.

⁴⁷ piersaunt-like = piercing-like. See the note on *pierced*, Act IV. Sc. 2, line 51.

Prin. Thy news, Boyet?

Boyet.

Prepare, madam, prepare!

81

Arm, wenches, arm! encounters mounted are
Against your peace: Love doth approach disguis'd,
Armed in arguments; you'll be surpris'd:
Muster your wits; stand in your own defence;
Or hide your heads like cowards, and fly hence.

Prin. Saint Denis to Saint Cupid! What are they
That charge their breath against us? say, scout, say.

Boyet. Under the cool shade of a sycamore
I thought to close mine eyes some half an hour;
When, lo! to interrupt my purpos'd rest,
Toward that shade I might behold address
The King and his companions: warily
I stole into a neighbour thicket by,
And overheard what you shall overhear;
That, by and by, disguis'd they will be here.

90

Their herald is a pretty knavish page,
That well by heart hath conn'd his embassy:
Action and accent did they teach him there;
"Thus must thou speak," and "thus thy body bear:"

100

And ever and anon they made a doubt
Presence majestical would put him out;
"For," quoth the King, "an angel shalt thou see;
Yet fear not thou, but speak audaciously."
The boy replied, "An angel is not evil;
I should have fear'd her had she been a devil."

With that, all laugh'd and clapp'd him on the shoulder
Making the bold wag by their praises bolder:
One rubb'd his elbow thus, and fleer'd and swore

110

A better speech was never spoke before;
Another, with his finger and his thumb,
Cried, "Via! we will do't, come what will come;"
The third he caper'd, and cried, "All goes well;"
The fourth turn'd on the toe, and down he fell.

With that, they all did tumble on the ground,
With such a zealous laughter, so profound,
That in this spleen ridiculous appears,
To check their folly, passion's solemn tears.

Prin. But what, but what, come they to visit us?

Boyet. They do, they do; and are apparell'd thus
Like Muscovites or Russians, as I guess.
Their purpose is to parle, to court and dance;
And every one his love-feat will advance

¹¹² *Via* = away (Ital.); like "go it."

¹²³ *love-feat*. Not improbably a misprint for *love-suit*.

Unto his several mistress, which they 'll know
By favours several which they did bestow.

Prin. And will they so? the gallants shall be task'd;
For, ladies, we will every one be mask'd;
And not a man of them shall have the grace,
Despite of suit, to see a lady's face.

Hold, Rosaline, this favour thou shalt wear,
And then the King will court thee for his dear;
Hold, take thou this, my sweet, and give me thine,
So shall Birone take me for Rosaline.

130

And change you favours too; so shall your loves
Woo contrary, deceiv'd by these removes.

Ros. Come on, then; wear the favours most in sight.

Kath. But in this changing what is your intent?

Prin. The effect of my intent is to cross theirs:
They do it but in mocking merriment;
And mock for mock is only my intent.

140

Their several counsels they unbosom shall
To loves mistook, and so be mock'd withal
Upon the next occasion that we meet,
With visages display'd, to talk and greet.

Ros. But shall we dance, if they desire us to't?

Prin. No, to the death, we will not move a foot;
Nor to their penn'd speech render we no grace,
But while 't is spoke each turn away her face.

Boyet. Why, that contempt will kill the speaker's heart,
And quite divorce his memory from his part.

150

Prin. Therefore I do it; and I make no doubt
The rest will ne'er come in, if he be out.
There's no such sport as sport by sport o'erthrown,
To make theirs ours and ours none but our own:
So shall we stay, mocking intended game,
And they, well mock'd, depart away with shame.

[Trumpets sound within.]

Boyet. The trumpet sounds: be mask'd; the maskers come.

[The Ladies mask.]

Enter Blackamoors with music; MOTH; the KING, BIRONE, LONGAVILLE, and DUMAIN, in Russian habits, and masked.

Moth. All hail, the richest beauties on the earth! —

Boyet. Beauties no richer than rich taffeta.

Moth. A holy parcel of the fairest dames

160

[The Ladies turn their backs to him.]

That ever turn'd their — backs — to mortal views!

Bir. [Aside to *Moth.*] Their eyes, villain, their eyes.

Moth. That ever turn'd their eyes to mortal views! —
Out —

Boyet. True ; out indeed.

Moth. Out of your favours, heavenly spirits, vouchsafe
Not to behold —

Bir. [*Aside to Moth.*] Once to behold, rogue.

Moth. Once to behold with your sun-beamed eyes,
—— with your sun-beamed eyes —

Boyet. They will not answer to that epithet ;
You were best call it “ daughter-beamed eyes.”

Moth. They do not mark me, and that brings me out.

Bir. Is this your perfectness ? be gone, you rogue ! [*Exit Moth.*]

Ros. What would these strangers ? know their minds, *Boyet* :
If they do speak our language, 'tis our will
That some plain man recount their purposes :
Know what they would.

Boyet. What would you with the Princess ?

Bir. Nothing but peace and gentle visitation.

Ros. What would they, say they ?

Boyet. Nothing but peace and gentle visitation.

Ros. Why, that they have ; and bid them so be gone.

Boyet. She says, you have it, and you may be gone.

King. Say to her, we have measur'd many miles
To tread a measure with her on this grass.

Boyet. They say, that they have measur'd many a mile
To tread a measure with you on this grass.

Ros. It is not so. Ask them how many inches
Is in one mile : if they have measur'd many,
The measure then of one is easily told.

Boyet. If to come hither you have measur'd miles,
And many miles, the Princess bids you tell
How many inches doth fill up one mile.

Bir. Tell her, we measure them by weary steps.

Boyet. She hears herself.

Ros. How many weary steps,
Of many weary miles you have o'ergone,
Are number'd in the travel of one mile ?

Bir. We number nothing that we spend for you :
Our duty is so rich, so infinite,

That we may do it still without accompt.
Vouchsafe to show the sunshine of your face,
That we, like savages, may worship it.

Ros. My face is but a moon, and clouded too.

King. Blessed are clouds, to do as such clouds do !
Vouchsafe, bright moon, and these thy stars, to shine,
Those clouds remov'd, upon our watery eyne.

Ros. O vain petitioner ! beg a greater matter ;
Thou now request'st but moonshine in the water.

King. Then, in our measure do but vouchsafe one change.
 Thou bid'st me beg : this begging is not strange. 211
Ros. Play, music, then ! Nay, you must do it soon.

[*Music plays.*]

Not yet ! no dance ! Thus change I like the moon.

King. Will you not dance ? How come you thus estranged ?

Ros. You took the moon at full, but now she's changed.

King. Yet still she is the moon, and I the man.

The music plays ; vouchsafe some motion to it.

Ros. Our ears vouchsafe it.

King. But your legs should do it.

Ros. Since you are strangers and come here by chance,
 We'll not be nice : take hands. We will not dance. 220

King. Why take we hands, then ?

Ros. Only to part friends :

Curtsy, sweet hearts ; and so the measure ends.

King. More measure of this measure ; be not nice.

Ros. We can afford no more at such a price.

King. Prize you yourselves : what buys your company ?

Ros. Your absence only.

King. That can never be.

Ros. Then cannot we be bought : and so, adieu ;
 Twice to your visor, and half once to you.

King. If you deny to dance, let's hold more chat.

Ros. In private, then.

King. I am best pleased with that. 230

[*They converse apart.*]

Bir. White-handed mistress, one sweet word with thee.

Prin. Honey, and milk, and sugar ; there is three.

Bir. Nay then, two treys, and if you grow so nice,
 Metheglin, wort, and malmsey : well run, dice !
 There's half-a-dozen sweets.

Prin. Seventh sweet, adieu :

Since you can cog, I'll play no more with you.

Bir. One word in secret.

Prin. Let it not be sweet.

Bir. Thou grievest my gall.

Prin. Gall ! bitter.

Bir. Therefore meet.

[*They converse apart.*]

Dum. Will you vouchsafe with me to change a word ? 239

Mar. Name it.

Dum. Fair lady —

Mar. Say you so ? Fair lord, —

Take that for your fair lady.

²³⁴ *Metheglin* : an old-fashioned drink containing honey. *wort* = unfermented beer.

Dum.

Please it you,

As much in private, and I'll bid adieu.

[*They converse apart.*]*Kath.* What, was your vizard made without a tongue?*Long.* I know the reason, lady, why you ask.*Kath.* O for your reason! quickly, sir; I long.*Long.* You have a double tongue within your mask,
And would afford my speechless vizard half.*Kath.* Veel, quoth the Dutchman. Is not veal a calf?*Long.* A calf, fair lady!*Kath.* No, a fair lord calf.*Long.* Let's part the word.*Kath.* No, I'll not be your half: . 150

Take all, and wean it; it may prove an ox.

Long. Look, how you butt yourself in these sharp mocks!

Will you give horns, chaste lady? do not so.

Kath. Then die a calf, before your horns do grow.*Long.* One word in private with you, ere I die.*Kath.* Bleat softly then; the butcher hears you cry.[*They converse apart.*]*Boyet.* The tongues of mocking wenches are as keen

As is the razor's edge invisible,

Cutting a smaller hair than may be seen,

Above the sense of sense; so sensible

160

Seemeth their conference; their conceits have wings

Fleeter than arrows, bullets, wind, thought, swifter things.

Ros. Not one word more, my maids; break off, break off.*Bir.* By heaven, all dry-beaten with pure scoff!*King.* Farewell, mad wenches; you have simple wits.*Prin.* Twenty adieus, my frozen Muscovits.[*Exeunt King, Lords, and Blackamoors.*]

Are these the breed of wits so wonder'd at?

Boyet. Tapers they are, with your sweet breaths puff'd out.*Ros.* Well-liking wits they have; gross, gross; fat, fat.*Prin.* O poverty in wit, kingly-poor flout!

170

Will they not, think you, hang themselves to-night?

Or ever, but in vizards, show their faces?

This pert Birone was out of countenance quite.

Ros. O, they were all in lamentable cases!

The King was weeping-ripe for a good word.

Prin. Birone did swear himself out of all suit.*Mar.* Dumain was at my service, and his sword:

No point, quoth I; my servant straight was mute.

¹⁴⁸ *quoth the Dutchman.* It was the fashion in S.'s day to ridicule the Dutch pronunciation of English, which was heard from Dutch merchants and mariners, who then, and for some time after, thronged English marts.

¹⁷⁸ *No point.* The strong double French negative, as before in this play. See Act II. Sc. I., line 189.

Kath. Lord Longaville said, I came o'er his heart ;
And trow you what he called me ?

Prin. Qualm, perhaps. 180

Kath. Yes, in good faith.

Prin. Go, sickness as thou art !

Ros. Well, better wits have worn plain statute-caps.
But will you hear ? the King is my love sworn.

Prin. And quick Birone hath plighted faith to me.

Kath. And Longaville was for my service born.

Mar. Dumain is mine, as sure as bark on tree.

Boyet. Madam, and pretty mistresses, give ear :
Immediately they will again be here

In their own shapes ; for it can never be

They will digest this harsh indignity. 190

Prin. Will they return ?

Boyet. They will, they will, God knows.
And leap for joy, though they are lame with blows :
Therefore change favours ; and, when they repair,
Blow like sweet roses in this summer air.

Prin. How blow ? how blow ? speak to be understood.

Boyet. Fair ladies mask'd are roses in their bud ;
Dismask'd, their damask sweet commixture shown,
Are angels vailing clouds, or roses blown.

Prin. Avaunt, perplexity ! What shall we do, 200
If they return in their own shapes to woo ?

Ros. Good madam, if by me you 'll be advis'd,
Let 's mock them still, as well known as disguis'd :
Let us complain to them what fools were here,
Disguis'd like Muscovites, in shapeless gear ;
And wonder what they were and to what end
Their shallow shows and prologue vilely penn'd
And their rough carriage so ridiculous,
Should be presented at our tent to us.

Boyet. Ladies, withdraw : the gallants are at hand. 210

Prin. Whip to our tents, as roes run o'er land.

[*Exeunt Princess, Rosaline, Katharine, and Maria.*]

Re-enter the KING, BIRONE, LONGAVILLE, and DUMAIN, in their proper habits.

King. Fair sir, God save you ! Where 's the Princess ?

Boyet. Gone to her tent. Please it your majesty
Command me any service to her thither ?

King. That she vouchsafe me audience for one word.

Boyet. I will ; and so will she, I know, my lord. [Exit.]

Bir. This fellow pecks up wit as pigeons pease,

¹⁸⁰ *qualm* = pronounced *calm*.

¹⁸² *statute-caps*. Caps were prescribed by law for persons under a certain rank.

¹⁹⁰ *vailing* = dropping, letting fall ; that is, the clouds that conceal them as the masks conceal the ladies' faces.

²¹¹ *as roes run o'er land*. Either *roes* is a dissyllable, or *o'er* is to be pronounced as two syllables, but without the *v*, *Scotticé*, *ow-er*.

And utters it again when God doth please :
 He is wit's pedler, and retails his wares
 At wakes and wassails, meetings, markets, fairs ;
 And we that sell by gross, the Lord doth know,
 Have not the grace to grace it with such show.
 This gallant pins the wenches on his sleeve ;
 Had he been Adam, he had tempted Eve ;
 He can carve too, and lisp : why, this is he
 That kiss'd his hand away in courtesy ;
 This is the ape of form, monsieur the nice,
 That, when he plays at tables, chides the dice
 In honourable terms : nay, he can sing
 A mean most meanly ; and in ushering
 Mend him who can : the ladies call him sweet ;
 The stairs, as he treads on them, kiss his feet :
 This is the flower that smiles on every one,
 To show his teeth as white as whales bone ;
 And consciences, that will not die in debt,
 Pay him the due of honey-tongued Boyet.

220

230

King. A blister on his sweet tongue, with my heart,
 That put Armado's page out of his part !

Bir. See where it comes ! Behaviour, what wert thou
 Till this madman show'd thee ? and what art thou now ?

240

Re-enter the PRINCESS, ushered by BOYET ; ROSALINE, MARIA, and KATHARINE.

King. All hail, sweet madam, and fair time of day !

Prin. "Fair" in "all hail" is foul, as I conceive.

King. Construe my speeches better, if you may.

Prin. Then wish me better ; I will give you leave.

King. We came to visit you, and purpose now

To lead you to our court ; vouchsafe it then.

Prin. This field shall hold me ; and so hold your vow :

Nor God, nor I, delights in perjur'd men.

King. Rebuke me not for that which you provoke :

The virtue of your eye must break my oath.

250

Prin. You nickname virtue ; vice you should have spoke ;

For virtue's office never breaks men's troth.

Now by my maiden honour, yet as pure

As the unsullied lily, I protest,

A world of torments though I should endure,

I would not yield to be your house's guest ;

So much I hate a breaking cause to be

Of heavenly oaths, vow'd with integrity.

²²⁵ *carve* = make signs significant of gallantry. See *Merry Wives of Windsor*, Act I. Sc. 3, line 48.

²³⁰ *A mean* = a second.

²³⁴ *whales*. The old uncontracted form of the possessive case ; a dissyllable ; this whale's bone was really the tooth of the walrus.

King. O, you have lived in desolation here,

Unseen, unvisited, much to our shame.

260

Prin. Not so, my lord ; it is not so, I swear ;

We have had pastimes here and pleasant game :

A mess of Russians left us but of late.

King. How, madam ! Russians !

Prin.

Ay, in truth, my lord ;

Trin gallants, full of courtship and of state.

Ros. Madam, speak true. It is not so, my lord :

My lady, to the manner of the days,

In courtesy gives undeserving praise.

We four indeed confronted were with four

In Russian habit : here they stay'd an hour,

270

And talk'd apace ; and in that hour, my lord,

They did not bless us with one happy word.

I dare not call them fools ; but this I think,

When they are thirsty, fools would fain have drink.

Bir. This jest is dry to me. Fair gentle sweet,

Your wit makes wise things foolish : when we greet,

With eyes best seeing, heaven's fiery eye,

By light we lose light : your capacity

Is of that nature that to your huge store

Wise things seem foolish and rich things but poor.

280

Ros. This proves you wise and rich, for in my eye, —

Bir. I am a fool, and full of poverty.

Ros. But that you take what doth to you belong,

It were a fault to snatch words from my tongue.

Bir. O, I am yours, and all that I possess !

Ros. All the fool mine ?

Bir.

I cannot give you less.

Ros. Which of the vizards was it that you wore ?

Bir. Where ? when ? what vizard ? why demand you this ?

Ros. There, then, that vizard ; that superfluous case

That hid the worse and show'd the better face.

290

King. We are descried ; they 'll mock us now downright.

Dum. Let us confess and turn it to a jest.

Prin. Amaz'd, my lord ? why looks your highness sad ?

Ros. Help, hold his brows ! he 'll swoon ! Why look you pale ?

Sea-sick, I think, coming from Muscovy.

Bir. Thus pour the stars down plagues for perjury.

Can any face of brass hold longer out ?

Here stand I : lady, dart thy skill at me ;

Bruise me with scorn, confound me with a flout ;

Thrust thy sharp wit quite through my ignorance ;

300

Cut me to pieces with thy keen conceit ;
 And I will wish thee never more to dance,
 Nor never more in Russian habit wait.
 O, never will I trust to speeches penn'd,
 Nor to the motion of a schoolboy's tongue,
 Nor never come in vizard to my friend,
 Nor woo in rhyme, like a blind harper's song !
 Taffeta phrases, silken terms precise,
 Three-piled hyperboles, spruce affection,
 Figures pedantical ; these summer-flies 310
 Have blown me full of maggot ostentation :
 I do forswear them ; and I here protest,
 By this white glove, — how white the hand, God knows ! —
 Henceforth my wooing mind shall be express'd
 In russet yeas and honest kersey noes :
 And, to begin, wench, — so God help me, la ! —
 My love to thee is sound, sans crack or flaw.

Ros. Sans sans, I pray you.

Bir.

Yet I have a trick

Of the old rage : bear with me, I am sick ;
 I'll leave it by degrees. Soft, let us see : 320
 Write, " Lord have mercy on us " on those three ;
 They are infected ; in their hearts it lies ;
 They have the plague, and caught it of your eyes ;
 These lords are visited ; you are not free,
 For the Lord's tokens on you do I see.

Prin. No, they are free that gave these tokens to us.

Bir. Our states are forfeit : seek not to undo us.

Ros. It is not so ; for how can this be true,
 That you stand forfeit, being those that sue ?

Bir. Peace ! for I will not have to do with you. 330

Ros. Nor shall not, if I do as I intend.

Bir. Speak for yourselves ; my wit is at an end.

King. Teach us, sweet madam, for our rude transgression
 Some fair excuse.

Prin. The fairest is confession.

Were not you here but even now disguis'd ?

King. Madam, I was.

Prin. And were you well advis'd ?

King. I was, fair madam.

Prin. When you then were here,
 What did you whisper in your lady's ear ?

³⁰¹ *conceit* : a perfect rhyme to *wait* in S.'s day.

³¹⁰ *hyperboles* : a trisyllable accented on the second, as in *Troilus and Cressida*, Act I. Sc. 3, line 161 : *affection* is a quadrisyllable rhyming with *ostenta-ti-on*.

³¹⁷ *Sans* = without. (Fr.)

³²¹ " *Lord have mercy on us.*" This was written on the doors of houses infected with the plague.

King. That more than all the world I did respect her.

Prin. When she shall challenge this, you will reject her. 340

King. Upon mine honour, no.

Prin. Peace, peace! forbear:

Your oath once broke, you force not to forswear.

King. Despise me, when I break this oath of mine.

Prin. I will: and therefore keep it. Rosaline,
What did the Russian whisper in your ear?

Ros. Madam, he swore that he did hold me dear
As precious eyesight, and did value me
Above this world; adding thereto moreover
That he would wed me, or else die my lover.

Prin. God give thee joy of him! the noble lord 350
Most honourably doth uphold his word.

King. What mean you, madam? by my life, my troth,
I never swore this lady such an oath.

Ros. By heaven, you did; and to confirm it plain,
You gave me this: but take it, sir, again.

King. My faith and this the Princess I did give:
I knew her by this jewel on her sleeve.

Prin. Pardon me, sir, this jewel did she wear;
And Lord Birone, I thank him, is my dear. 360
What, will you have me, or your pearl again?

Bir. Neither of either; I remit both twain.
I see the trick on 't: here was a consent,
Knowing aforehand of our merriment,
To dash it like a Christmas comedy:
Some carry-tale, some please-man, some slight zany,
Some mumble-news, some trencher-knight, some Dick,
That smiles his cheek in years and knows the trick
To make my lady laugh when she's dispos'd,
Told our intents before; which once disclos'd,
The ladies did change favours: and then we, 370
Following the signs, woo'd but the sign of she.
Now, to our perjury to add more terror,
We are again forsworn, in will and error.

Much upon this it is: and might not you [To Boyet.
Forestall our sport, to make us thus untrue?

Do not you know my lady's foot by the squier,
And laugh upon the apple of her eye?

And stand between her back, sir, and the fire,

Holding a trencher, jesting merrily?

You put our page out: go, you are allow'd; 380
Die when you will, a smock shall be your shroud.

³⁷⁶ *squier* = squire = square. To know the length of a woman's foot is an old phrase for standing high in her favor.

You leer upon me, do you? there's an eye
Wounds like a leaden sword.

Boyet.

Full merrily

Hath this brave manage, this career, been run.

Bir. Lo, he is tilting straight! Peace! I have done.

Enter COSTARD.

Welcome, pure wit! thou partest a fair fray.

Cost. O Lord, sir, they would know

Whether the three Worthies shall come in or no.

388

Bir. What, are there but three?

Cost.

No, sir; but it is vara fine,

For every one pursents three.

Bir.

And three times thrice is nine.

Cost. Not so, sir; under correction, sir; I hope it is not so.

You cannot beg us, sir, I can assure you, sir; we know what
we know:

I hope, sir, three times thrice, sir, —

Bir. Is not nine.

Cost. Under correction, sir, we know whereuntil it doth
amount.

Bir. By Jove, I always took three threes for nine.

Cost. O Lord, sir, it were pity you should get your living by
reckoning, sir.

Bir. How much is it?

400

Cost. O Lord, sir, the parties themselves, the actors, sir, will
show whereuntil it doth amount: for mine own part, I am, as
they say, but to pursent one man in one poor man, Pompion the
Great, sir.

Bir. Art thou one of the Worthies?

Cost. It pleased them to think me worthy of Pompion the
Great: for mine own part, I know not the degree of the Worthy,
but I am to stand for him.

Bir. Go, bid them prepare.

409

Cost. We will turn it finely off, sir; we will take some care.

[*Exit.*

King. Birone, they will shame us; let them not approach.

Bir. We are shame-proof, my lord: and 't is some policy
To have one show worse than the King's and his company.

King. I say they shall not come.

Prin. Nay, my good lord, let me o'errule you now:
That sport best pleases that doth least know how;
Where zeal strives to content, and the contents
Dies in the zeal of that which it presents:

³⁹² *beg us*: fools were begged (that is, the custody of them), from the king, for the sake
of the administration of their estates.

⁴¹⁷ *contents* = content: recklessly made plural for rhyme's sake.

Their form confounded makes most form in mirth,
When great things labouring perish in their birth.

420

Bir. A right description of our sport, my lord.

Enter ARMADO.

Arm. Anointed, I implore so much expense of thy royal
sweet breath as will utter a brace of words.

[*Converses apart with the King, and delivers him a paper.*]

Prin. Doth this man serve God?

Bir. Why ask you?

Prin. He speaks not like a man of God's making.

Arm. That is all one, my fair, sweet, honey monarch; for, I
protest, the schoolmaster is exceeding fantastical; too too vain,
too too vain: but we will put it, as they say, to *fortuna de la*
guerra. I wish you the peace of mind, most royal complement!

[*Exit.*]

King. Here is like to be a good presence of Worthies. He
presents Hector of Troy; the swain, Pompey the Great; the
parish curate, Alexander; Armado's page, Hercules; the ped-
ant, Judas Maccabæus:

And if these four Worthies in their first show thrive,
These four will change habits, and present the other five.

Bir. There is five in the first show.

King. You are deceived; 't is not so.

Bir. The pedant, the braggart, the hedge-priest, the fool and
the boy:

Abate throw at Novem, and the whole world again
Cannot pick out five such, take each one in his vein.

440

King. The ship is under sail, and here she comes amain.

Enter COSTARD, for Pompey.

Cost. "I Pompey am," —

Boyet. You lie, you are not he.

Cost. "I Pompey am," —

Boyet. With libbard's head on knee.

Bir. Well said, old mocker: I must needs be friends with
thee.

Cost. "I Pompey am, Pompey surnamed the Big," —

Dum. The Great.

Cost. It is, "Great," sir: —

"Pompey surnamed the Great;

That oft in field, with targe and shield, did make my foe to
sweat:

449

And travelling along this coast, I here am come by chance,
And lay my arms before the legs of this sweet lass of France."
If your ladyship would say, "Thanks, Pompey," I had done.

⁴²⁰ *fortuna de la guerra* = fortune of war. (Span.)

⁴⁴⁰ *Novem* = nine: a game at dice in which the important throws were nine and five.

⁴⁴⁴ *libbard's* = leopard's. The knee-caps of fine old armor were often wrought into
the form of leopards' heads.

Prin. Great thanks, great Pompey.

Cost. 'Tis not so much worth; but I hope I was perfect: I made a little fault in "Great."

Bir. My hat to a halfpenny, Pompey proves the best Worthy.

Enter SIR NATHANIEL, for Alexander.

Nath. "When in the world I liv'd, I was the world's commander;

By east, west, north, and south, I spread my conquering might: My scutcheon plain declares that I am Alisander," —

Boyet. Your nose says, no, you are not; for it stands too right. 460

Bir. Your nose smells "no" in this, most tender-smelling knight.

Prin. The conqueror is dismay'd. Proceed, good Alexander.

Nath. "When in the world I liv'd, I was the world's commander," —

Boyet. Most true, 'tis right; you were so, Alisander.

Bir. Pompey the Great, —

Cost. Your servant, and Costard.

Bir. Take away the conqueror, take away Alisander.

Cost. [*To Sir Nath.*] O, sir, you have overthrown Alisander the conqueror! You will be scrap'd out of the painted cloth for this: your lion, that holds his poll-axe sitting on a close-stool, will be given to Ajax: he will be the ninth Worthy. A conqueror, and afeard to speak! run away for shame, Alisander. [*Nath. retires.*] There, an't shall please you; a foolish mild man; an honest man, look you, and soon dash'd. He is a marvellous good neighbour, faith, and a very good bowler: but, for Alisander, — alas, you see how 'tis, — a little o'erparted. But there are Worthies a-coming will speak their mind in some other sort.

Prin. Stand aside, good Pompey.

Enter HOLOFERNES, for Judas, and MOTH, for Hercules.

Hol. "Great Hercules is presented by this imp, 480

Whose club kill'd Cerberus, that three-headed *canis*;

And when he was a babe, a child, a shrimp,

Thus did he strangle serpents in his *manus*.

Quoniam he seemeth in minority,

Ergo I come with this apology."

[*Aside.*] Keep some state in thy exit, and vanish. [*Moth retires.*

"Judas I am," —

Dum. A Judas!

460 too right. Alexander's head had a twist.

469 painted cloth = arras, hangings.

470 your lion, etc. Alexander's cognizance was an armed lion seated in a chair. In Ajax there is a coarse pun on a jakes.

478 o'erparted: a word like over-weighted: his part was too much for him.

481 *canis* = dog, *manus* = hand, *quoniam* = wherefore, *ergo* = therefore (all Lat.).

Hol. Not Iscariot, sir, —

“Judas I am, yeliped Maccabæus.”

490

Dum. Judas Maccabæus clipt is plain Judas.

Bir. A kissing traitor. How art thou prov'd Judas?

Hol. “Judas I am,” —

Dum. The more shame for you, Judas.

Hol. What mean you, sir?

Boyet. To make Judas hang himself.

Hol. Begin, sir; you are my elder.

Bir. Well follow'd: Judas was hang'd on an elder.

Hol. I will not be put out of countenance.

Bir. Because thou hast no face.

500

Hol. What is this?

Boyet. A cittern-head.

Dum. The head of a bodkin.

Bir. A Death's face in a ring.

Long. The face of an old Roman coin, scarce seen.

Boyet. The pommel of Cæsar's falchion.

Dum. The carv'd-bone face on a flask.

Bir. Saint George's half-cheek in a brooch.

Dum. Ay, and in a brooch of lead.

Bir. Ay, and worn in the cap of a tooth-drawer.

510

And now forward; for we have put thee in countenance.

Hol. You have put me out of countenance.

Bir. False; we have given thee faces.

Hol. But you have out-fac'd them all.

Bir. An thou wert a lion, we would do so.

Boyet. Therefore, as he is an ass, let him go.

And so adieu, sweet Jude! nay, why dost thou stay?

Dum. For the latter end of his name.

Bir. For the ass to the Jude; give it him: — Jud-as, away!

Hol. This is not generous, not gentle, not humble.

520

Boyet. A light for Monsieur Judas! it grows dark, he may stumble.

[*Hol. retires.*]

Prin. Alas, poor Maccabæus, how hath he been baited!

Enter ARMADO, for Hector.

Bir. Hide thy head, Achilles: here comes Hector in arms.

Dum. Though my mocks come home by me, I will now be merry.

King. Hector was but a Trojan in respect of this.

Boyet. But is this Hector?

King. I think Hector was not so clean-timber'd.

Long. His leg is too big for Hector's.

Dum. More calf, certain.

⁵⁰² a cittern-head. All these jocose comparisons are suggested by the Pedant's skull-like face looking out of a helmet.

Boyet. No ; he is best indued in the small.

Bir. This cannot be Hector.

530

Dum. He's a god or a painter ; for he makes faces.

Arm. "The armipotent Mars, of lances the almighty,
Gave Hector a gift," —

Dum. A gilt nutmeg.

Bir. A lemon.

Long. Stuck with cloves.

Dum. No, cloven.

Arm. Peace ! —

"The armipotent Mars, of lances the almighty,
Gave Hector a gift, the heir of Ilion ;

540

A man so breathed, that certain he would fight ; yea
From morn till night, out of his pavilion.

I am that flower," —

Dum. That mint.

Long. That columbine.

Arm. Sweet Lord Longaville, rein thy tongue.

Long. I must rather give it the rein, for it runs against
Hector.

Dum. Ay, and Hector's a greyhound.

Arm. The sweet war-man is dead and rotten ; sweet chucks,
beat not the bones of the buried : when he breathed, he was a
man. But I will forward with my device. [*To the Princess.*]
Sweet royalty, bestow on me the sense of hearing.

Prin. Speak, brave Hector : we are much delighted.

Arm. I do adore thy sweet grace's slipper.

Boyet. [*Aside to Dum.*] Loves her by the foot.

Dum. [*Aside to Boyet.*] He may not by the yard.

Arm. "This Hector far surmounted Hannibal," —

Cost. The party is gone, fellow Hector, she is gone ; she is
two months on her way.

Arm. What meanest thou ?

560

Cost. Faith, unless you play the honest Trojan, the poor
wench is cast away : she's quick ; the child brags in her belly
already 't is yours.

Arm. Dost thou infamonize me among potentates ? thou
shalt die.

Cost. Then shall Hector be whipp'd for Jaquenetta that is
quick by him and hang'd for Pompey that is dead by him.

Dum. Most rare Pompey !

Boyet. Renowned Pompey !

Bir. Greater than great, great, great, great Pompey ! Pom-
pey the Huge !

571

Dum. Hector trembles.

Bir. Pompey is moved. More Ates, more Ates! stir them on! stir them on!

Dum. Hector will challenge him.

Bir. Ay, if he have no more man's blood in 's belly than will sup a flea.

Arm. By the north pole, I do challenge thee.

Cost. I will not fight with a pole, like a northern man: I'll slash; I'll do it by the sword. I bepray you, let me borrow my arms again. 581

Dum. Room for the incensed Worthies!

Cost. I'll do it in my shirt.

Dum. Most resolute Pompey!

Moth. Master, let me take you a button-hole lower. Do you not see Pompey is uncasing for the combat? What mean you? You will lose your reputation.

Arm. Gentlemen and soldiers, pardon me; I will not combat in my shirt.

Dum. You may not deny it: Pompey hath made the challenge. 591

Arm. Sweet bloods, I both may and will.

Bir. What reason have you for 't?

Arm. The naked truth of it is, I have no shirt; I go woolward for penance.

Boyet. True, and it was enjoined him in Rome for want of linen: since when, I'll be sworn, he wore none but a dishclout of Jaquenetta's, and that he wears next his heart for a favour.

Enter MERCADÉ.

Mer. God save you, madam!

Prin. Welcome, Mercadé;

600

But that thou interrupt'st our merriment.

Mer. I am sorry, madam; for the news I bring is heavy in my tongue. The King, your father —

Prin. Dead, for my life!

Mer. Even so; my tale is told.

Bir. Worthies, away! the scene begins to cloud.

Arm. For mine own part, I breathe free breath. I have seen the day of wrong through the little hole of discretion, and I will right myself like a soldier. [Exeunt Worthies.]

King. How fares your majesty?

610

Prin. Boyet, prepare; I will away to-night.

King. Madam, not so; I do beseech you, stay.

Prin. Prepare, I say. I thank you, gracious lords, For all your fair endeavours; and entreat, Out of a new-sad soul, that you vouchsafe In your rich wisdom to excuse or hide

The liberal opposition of our spirits,
If over-boldly we have borne ourselves
In the converse of breath : your gentleness
Was guilty of it. Farewell, worthy lord !
A heavy heart bears not a nimble tongue :
Excuse me so, coming too short of thanks
For my great suit so easily obtain'd.

620

King. The extreme haste of time extremely forms
All causes to the purpose of his speed,
And often at his very loose decides
That which long process could not arbitrate :
And though the mourning brow of progeny
Forbid the smiling courtesy of love
The holy suit which fain it would convince,
Yet, since love's argument was first on foot,
Let not the cloud of sorrow jostle it
From what it purpos'd ; since, to wail friends lost
Is not by much so wholesome-profitable
As to rejoice at friends but newly found.

630

Prin. I understand you not : my griefs are double.

Bir. Honest plain words best pierce the ear of grief ;
And by these badges understand the King.
For your fair sakes have we neglected time,
Play'd foul play with our oaths : your beauty, ladies,
Hath much deform'd us, fashioning our humours
Even to the opposed end of our intents :
And what in us hath seem'd ridiculous, —
As love is full of unbefitting strains,
All wanton as a child, skipping and vain,
Form'd by the eye and therefore, like the eye,
Full of strange shapes, of habits and of forms,
Varying in subjects as the eye doth roll
To every varied object in his glance :
Which parti-coated presence of loose love
Put on by us, if, in your heavenly eyes,
Have misbecom'd our oaths and gravities,
Those heavenly eyes that look into these faults,
Suggested us to make. Therefore, ladies,
Our love being yours, the error that love makes
Is likewise yours : we to ourselves prove false,
By being once false for ever to be true
To those that make us both, — fair ladies, you :
And even that falsehood, in itself a sin,
Thus purifies itself and turns to grace.

640

650

660

Prin. We have receiv'd your letters full of love ;
Your favours, the ambassadors of love ;

And, in our maiden council, rated them
 At courtship, pleasant jest and courtesy,
 As bombast and as lining to the time :
 But more devout than this in our respects
 Have we not been ; and therefore met your loves
 In their own fashion, like a merriment.

Dum. Our letters, madam, show'd much more than jest.

Long. So did our looks.

Ros. We did not quote them so. 670

King. Now, at the latest minute of the hour,
 Grant us your loves.

Prin. A time, methinks, too short
 To make a world-without-end bargain in.

No, no, my lord, your grace is perjur'd much,
 Full of dear guiltiness ; and therefore this :

If for my love, as there is no such cause,
 You will do aught, this shall you do for me :
 Your oath I will not trust ; but go with speed

To some forlorn and naked hermitage,
 Remote from all the pleasures of the world ; 680

There stay until the twelve celestial signs
 Have brought about the annual reckoning.

If this austere insociable life

Change not your offer made in heat of blood ;

If frosts and fasts, hard lodging and thin weeds

Nip not the gaudy blossoms of your love,

But that it bear this trial and last love ;

Then, at the expiration of the year,

Come challenge me, challenge me by these deserts,

And, by this virgin palm now kissing thine, 690

I will be thine ; and till that instant shut

My woeful self up in a mourning house,

Raining the tears of lamentation

For the remembrance of my father's death.

If this thou do deny, let our hands part,

Neither intitled in the other's heart.

King. If this, or more than this, I would deny,

To flatter up these powers of mine with rest,

The sudden hand of death close up mine eye !

Hence ever then my heart is in thy breast. 700

Bir. And what to me, my love ? and what to me ?

Ros. You must be purged too, your sins are rank,
 You are attaint with faults and perjury :
 Therefore if you my favour mean to get,

⁶⁶⁵ *bombast* — *lining* : that is, the wool or cotton with which clothes were stuffed out about the hips and shoulders.

A twelvemonth shall you spend, and never rest,
But seek the weary beds of people sick.

Dum. But what to me, my love? but what to me?
A wife?

Kath. A beard, fair health, and honesty;
With three-fold love I wish you all these three.

710

Dum. O, shall I say, I thank you, gentle wife?

Kath. Not so, my lord; a twelvemonth and a day
I'll mark no words that smooth-fac'd wooers say:
Come when the King doth to my lady come;
Then, if I have much love, I'll give you some.

Dum. I'll serve thee true and faithfully till then.

Kath. Yet swear not, lest ye be forsworn again.

Long. What says Maria?

Mar. At the twelvemonth's end
I'll change my black gown for a faithful friend.

Long. I'll stay with patience; but the time is long.

720

Mar. The liker you; few taller are so young.

Bir. Studies my lady? mistress, look on me;
Behold the window of my heart, mine eye,
What humble suit attends thy answer there:
Impose some service on me for thy love.

Ros. Oft have I heard of you, my Lord Birone,
Before I saw you; and the world's large tongue
Proclaims you for a man replete with mocks,
Full of comparisons and wounding flouts,
Which you on all estates will execute
That lie within the mercy of your wit.
To weed this wormwood from your fruitful brain,
And therewithal to win me, if you please,
Without the which I am not to be won,
You shall this twelvemonth term from day to day
Visit the speechless sick and still converse
With groaning wretches; and your task shall be,
With all the fierce endeavour of your wit
To enforce the pained impotent to smile.

730

Bir. To move wild laughter in the throat of death?
It cannot be; it is impossible:
Mirth cannot move a soul in agony.

740

Ros. Why, that's the way to choke a gibing spirit,
Whose influence is begot of that loose grace
Which shallow laughing hearers give to fools:
A jest's prosperity lies in the ear
Of him that hears it, never in the tongue

⁷³⁵ You shall this twelvemonth, etc. This repetition of the substance of Rosaline's former speech is doubtless due to carelessness on the revision of the play.

Of him that makes it: then, if sickly ears,
 Deaf'd with the clamours of their own dear groans,
 Will hear your idle scorns, continue then, 750
 And I will have you and that fault withal;
 But if they will not, throw away that spirit,
 And I shall find you empty of that fault,
 Right joyful of your reformation.

Bir. A twelvemonth! well; befall what will befall,
 I'll jest a twelvemonth in a hospital.

Prin. [*To the King.*] Ay, sweet my lord; and so I take
 my leave.

King. No, madam; we will bring you on your way.

Bir. Our wooing doth not end like an old play;
 Jack hath not Jill: these ladies' courtesy 760
 Might well have made our sport a comedy.

King. Come, sir, it wants a twelvemonth and a day,
 And then 't will end.

Bir. That's too long for a play.

Re-enter ARMADO.

Arm. Sweet majesty, vouchsafe me, —

Prin. Was not that Hector?

Dum. The worthy knight of Troy.

Arm. I will kiss thy royal finger, and take leave. I am a
 votary; I have vow'd to Jaquenetta to hold the plough for her
 sweet love three years. But, most esteemed greatness, will you
 hear the dialogue that the two learned men have compiled in
 praise of the owl and the cuckoo? it should have followed in
 the end of our show. 772

King. Call them forth quickly; we will do so.

Arm. Holla! approach.

Re-enter HOLOFERNES, NATHANIEL, MOTH, COSTARD, and others.

This side is Hiems, Winter, this Ver, the Spring; the one main-
 tained by the owl, the other by the cuckoo. Ver, begin.

THE SONG.

Spring.

When daisies pied and violets blue
 And lady-smocks all silver-white
 And cuckoo-buds of yellow hue
 Do paint the meadows with delight, 780
 The cuckoo then, on every tree,
 Mocks married men; for thus sings he,
 Cuckoo;
 Cuckoo, cuckoo: O word of fear,
 Unpleasing to a married ear!

⁷⁷⁸ *lady-smocks.* The name of a white field-flower, called also Mayflower and Canterbury-bell: growing in masses among the meadows, it looks like linen bleaching.

When shepherds pipe on oaten straws
And merry larks are ploughmen's clocks,
When turtles tread, and rooks, and daws,
And maidens bleach their summer smocks,
The cuckoo then, on every tree,
Mocks married men ; for thus sings he,
Cuckoo ;
Cuckoo, cuckoo : O word of fear,
Unpleasing to a married ear !

790

Winter.

When icicles hang by the wall
And Dick the shepherd blows his nail,
And Tom bears logs into the hall
And milk comes frozen home in pail,
When blood is nipp'd and ways be foul,
Then nightly sings the staring owl,
Tu-whoo;
Tu-whit, tu-who, a merry note,
While greasy Joan doth keel the pot.

800

When all aloud the wind doth blow
And coughing drowns the parson's saw,
And birds sit brooding in the snow
And Marian's nose looks red and raw,
When roasted crabs hiss in the bowl,
Then nightly sings the staring owl,
 Tu-whoo;
Tu-whit, tu-who, a merry note,
While greasy Joan doth keel the pot.

810

Arm. The words of Mercury are harsh after the songs of Apollo. You that way: we this way. [*Exeunt.*]

[*Exeunt.*

788 *turtles* = turtle-doves.

788 *turtles* = turtle-doves.
803 *keel* = cool, by stirring and skimming.

A MIDSUMMER-NIGHT'S DREAM.

INTRODUCTION.

Few of Shakespeare's plays are more strongly marked with his peculiarities of thought and style than this; very few have furnished the world with phrases more widely known and recognized as vehicles of what the world professes or wishes to believe; and yet it is very surely, in great part at least, one of its writer's very earliest works. Nor is there lacking ground for the supposition that in some of its scenes we may trace the hand of another writer, — one of the playwrights of the elder school which Shakespeare supplanted, but in which, and with the craftsmen of which, he was at first obliged to work. Certainly there is no play of his in which in various parts incongruity of style is so strongly marked. Without assuming that Shakespeare was always doing the best that he could do at any particular time, it is yet difficult to believe that, for example, the first scene of Act I. and the first part of Act V. were written by the same man who wrote most of the scenes in which the Athenian lovers appear. Possibly the play may have been revised and partly rewritten; in which case I should place the first writing quite as early as 1592, if not earlier. Indeed, many years ago I suggested, in my first edition of it, that this fanciful comedy may have been, in an imperfect form, Shakespeare's maiden dramatic work. All that we know from positive evidence upon this point is that it was written some time before 1598, when Francis Meres cited it as proof of Shakespeare's excellence in comedy. No play or story that can be regarded as its original or its foundation has yet been discovered; but that there was such a play or story is rather probable than improbable. As to time and place of action and costume, they are all in delightful uncertainty and confusion; as well ask what is the native place, and what the proper apparel of Robin Goodfellow and the fairies whom this midsummer night's dream first made visible to human eyes. All of them are mere shadows; but there is no need of our imagination to amend them.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

THESEUS, *duke of Athens.*
 EGEUS, *father to Hermia.*
 LYSANDER, *betrothed to Hermia.*
 DEMETRIUS, *once suitor to Helena,*
 now in love with Hermia.
 PHILOSTRATE, *master of the revels to*
 Theseus.

QUINCE, *a carpenter,*
 BOTTOM, *a weaver,*
 FLUTE, *a bellows-mender,*
 SNOUT, *a tinker,*
 SNUG, *a joiner,*
 STARVELING, *a tailor,*
 Performing in the interlude the
parts of PROLOGUE, PYRAMUS, THIS-
BE, WALL, LION, MOONSHINE.

HIPPOLYTA, *queen of the Amazons,*
 betrothed to Theseus.
 HERMIA, *daughter to Egeus, betrothed*
 to Lysander.
 HELENA, *in love with Demetrius.*

OBERON, *king of the fairies.*
 TITANIA, *queen of the fairies.*
 PUCK, or *Robin Goodfellow.*
 PEASEBLOSSOM,
 COBWEB,
 MOTH,
 MUSTARDSEED, } *fairies.*

Other fairies attending their King
 and Queen.
Attendants on Theseus and Hippolyta.

SCENE: Athens, and a wood near it.

A MIDSUMMER-NIGHT'S DREAM.

ACT I.

SCENE I. *Athens. The palace of THESEUS.*

Enter THESEUS, HIPPOLYTA, PHILOSTRATE, and Attendants.

The. Now, fair Hippolyta, our nuptial hour
Draws on apace; four happy days bring in
Another moon: but, O, methinks, how slow
This old moon wanes! she lingers my desires,
Like to a step-dame or a dowager
Long withering out a young man's revenue.

Hip. Four days will quickly steep themselves in night;
Four nights will quickly dream away the time;
And then the moon, like to a silver bow
New-bent in heaven, shall behold the night
Of our solemnities. 10

The. Go, Philostrate,
Stir up the Athenian youth to merriments;
Awake the pert and nimble spirit of mirth;
Turn melancholy forth to funerals;
The pale companion is not for our pomp.
Hippolyta, I woo'd thee with my sword,
And won thy love, doing thee injuries;
But I will wed thee in another key,
With pomp, with triumph and with revelling.

[Exit Philostrate.]

Enter EGEUS, HERMIA, LYSANDER, and DEMETRIUS.

Ege. Happy be Theseus, our renowned Duke! 20

The. Thanks, good Egeus: what's the news with thee?

Ege. Full of vexation come I, with complaint
Against my child, my daughter Hermia.
Stand forth, Demetrius. My noble lord,
This man hath my consent to marry her.
Stand forth, Lysander: and, my gracious Duke,

¹⁹ *pert* = lively, without implication of reproach.

²⁰ *duke* = *dux*, leader. Dante calls Theseus Duke of Athens, and Chaucer also calls him Duke.

²¹ *Egeus*: properly a dissyllable accented on the first; but here made a trisyllable accented on the second.

This man hath bewitch'd the bosom of my child :
 Thou, thou, Lysander, thou hast given her rhymes
 And interchang'd love-tokens with my child :
 Thou hast by moonlight at her window sung
 With feigning voice verses of feigning love,
 And stolen the impression of her fantasy
 With bracelets of thy hair, rings, gawds, conceits,
 Knacks, trifles, nose-gays, sweetmeats, — messengers
 Of strong prevailment in unhardened youth :
 With cunning hast thou filch'd my daughter's heart,
 Turn'd her obedience, which is due to me,
 To stubborn harshness : and, my gracious Duke,
 Be it so she will not here before your grace
 Consent to marry with Demetrius,
 I beg the ancient privilege of Athens,
 As she is mine, I may dispose of her :
 Which shall be either to this gentleman
 Or to her death, according to our law
 Immediately provided in that case.

30

40

The. What say you, Hermia ? be advis'd, fair maid :
 To you your father should be as a god ;
 One that compos'd your beauties, yea, and one
 To whom you are but as a form in wax
 By him imprinted and within his power
 To leave the figure or disfigure it.
 Demetrius is a worthy gentleman.

50

Her. So is Lysander.

The. In himself he is ;
 But in this kind, wanting your father's voice,
 The other must be held the worthier.

Her. I would my father look'd but with my eyes.

The. Rather your eyes must with his judgement look.

Her. I do entreat your grace to pardon me.

I know not by what power I am made bold,
 Nor how it may concern my modesty,
 In such a presence here to plead my thoughts ;
 But I beseech your grace that I may know
 The worst that may befall me in this case,
 If I refuse to wed Demetrius.

60

The. Either to die the death or to abjure
 For ever the society of men.
 Therefore, fair Hermia, question your desires ;
 Know of your youth, examine well your blood,

³² *stolen the impression of her fantasy*: that is, secretly impressed her fancy ; *impression* = impressing.

⁴⁴ *Or to her death.* Solon's laws gave the father power of life and death over his children.

Whether, if you yield not to your father's choice,
 You can endure the livery of a nun,
 For aye to be in shady cloister mew'd,
 To live a barren sister all your life,
 Chanting faint hymns to the cold fruitless moon.
 Thrice-blessed they that master so their blood,
 To undergo such maiden pilgrimage ;
 But earthlier happy is the rose distill'd,
 Than that which withering on the virgin thorn
 Grows, lives and dies in single blessedness.

70

Her. So will I grow, so live, so die, my lord,
 Ere I will yield my virgin patent up
 Unto his lordship, whose unwished yoke
 My soul consents not to give sovereignty.

80

The. Take time to pause ; and, by the next new moon —
 The sealing-day betwixt my love and me,
 For everlasting bond of fellowship —
 Upon that day either prepare to die
 For disobedience to your father's will,
 Or else to wed Demetrius, as he would ;
 Or on Diana's altar to protest
 For aye austerity and single life.

90

Dem. Relent, sweet Hermia : and, Lysander, yield
 Thy crazed title to my certain right.

Lys. You have her father's love, Demetrius ;
 Let me have Hermia's : do you marry him.

Ege. Scornful Lysander ! true, he hath my love,
 And what is mine my love shall render him.
 And she is mine, and all my right of her
 I do estate unto Demetrius.

Lys. I am, my lord, as well deriv'd as he,
 As well possess'd ; my love is more than his ;
 My fortunes every way as fairly rank'd,
 If not with vantage, as Demetrius' ;
 And, which is more than all these boasts can be,
 I am belov'd of beauteous Hermia :
 Why should not I then prosecute my right ?
 Demetrius, I'll avouch it to his head,
 Made love to Nedar's daughter, Helena,
 And won her soul ; and she, sweet lady, dotes,
 Devoutly dotes, dotes in idolatry,
 Upon this spotted and inconstant man.

100

110

The. I must confess that I have heard so much,
 And with Demetrius thought to have spoke thereof ;
 But, being over-full of self-affairs,

My mind did lose it. But, Demetrius, come ;
 And come, Egeus ; you shall go with me,
 I have some private schooling for you both.
 For you, fair Hermia, look you arm yourself
 To fit your fancies to your father's will ;
 Or else the law of Athens yields you up —
 Which by no means we may extenuate —
 To death, or to a vow of single life.
 Come, my Hippolyta : what cheer, my love ?
 Demetrius and Egeus, go along :
 I must employ you in some business
 Against our nuptial and confer with you
 Of something nearly that concerns yourselves.

120

Ege. With duty and desire we follow you.

[Exeunt all but Lysander and Hermia.]

Lys. How now, my love ! why is your cheek so pale ?
 How chance the roses there do fade so fast ?

Her. Belike for want of rain, which I could well
 Beteem them from the tempest of my eyes.

130

Lys. Ay me ! for aught that I could ever read,
 Could ever hear by tale or history,
 The course of true love never did run smooth ;
 But, either it was different in blood, —

Her. O cross ! too high to be enthrall'd to low.

Lys. Or else misgraffed in respect of years, —

Her. O spite ! too old to be engag'd to young.

Lys. Or else it stood upon the choice of friends, —

Her. O hell ! to choose love by another's eyes.

140

Lys. Or, if there were a sympathy in choice,
 War, death, or sickness did lay siege to it,
 Making it momentary as a sound,
 Swift as a shadow, short as any dream ;
 Brief as the lightning in the collied night,
 That, in a spleen, unfolds both heaven and earth,
 And ere a man hath power to say " Behold !"
 The jaws of darkness do devour it up :
 So quick bright things come to confusion.

Her. If then true lovers have been ever cross'd,
 It stands as an edict in destiny :
 Then let us teach our trial patience,
 Because it is a customary cross,
 As due to love as thoughts and dreams and sighs,
 Wishes and tears, poor fancy's followers.

150

Lys. A good persuasion : therefore, hear me, Hermia.

¹³¹ *beteem* = afford, allow ; although why it should have that meaning is not plain.

¹⁴⁶ *collied* = smirched, as with coal ; murky.

I have a widow aunt, a dowager
Of great revenue, and she hath no child :
From Athens is her house remote seven leagues ;
And she respects me as her only son.
There, gentle Hermia, may I marry thee ;
And to that place the sharp Athenian law
Cannot pursue us. If thou lov'st me then,
Steal forth thy father's house to-morrow night ;
And in the wood, a league without the town,
Where I did meet thee once with Helena,
To do observance to a morn of May,
There will I stay for thee.

160

Her. My good Lysander!

I swear to thee, by Cupid's strongest bow,
By his best arrow with the golden head,
By the simplicity of Venus' doves,
By that which knitteth souls and prospers loves,
And by that fire which burn'd the Carthage queen,
When the false Trojan under sail was seen,
By all the vows that ever men have broke,
In number more than ever women spoke,
In that same place thou hast appointed me,
To-morrow truly will I meet with thee.

170

Lys. Keep promise, love. Look, here comes Helena.

Enter HELENA.

Her. God speed fair Helena! whither away?

180

Hel. Call you me fair? that fair again unsay.

Demetrius loves you fair : O happy fair !
Your eyes are lode-stars ; and your tongue's sweet air
More tuneable than lark to shepherd's ear,
When wheat is green, when hawthorn buds appear.
Sickness is catching : O, were favour so,
Yours would I catch, fair Hermia, ere I go ;
My ear should catch your voice, my eye your eye,
My tongue should catch your tongue's sweet melody.
Were the world mine, Demetrius being bated,
The rest I 'ld give to be to you translated.
O, teach me how you look, and with what art
You sway the motion of Demetrius' heart.

190

Her. I frown upon him, yet he loves me still.

Hel. O that your frowns would teach my smiles such skill!

Her. I give him curses, yet he gives me love.

Hel. O that my prayers could such affection move!

Her. The more I hate, the more he follows me.

Hel. The more I love, the more he hateth me.

¹⁶⁴ *forth* = forth from; commonly so used.

Her. His folly, Helena, is no fault of mine.

200

Hel. None, but your beauty : would that fault were mine !

Her. Take comfort : he no more shall see my face ;

Lysander and myself will fly this place.

Before the time I did Lysander see,

Seem'd Athens as a paradise to me :

O, then, what graces in my love do dwell,

That he hath turn'd a heaven into a hell !

Lys. Helen, to you our minds we will unfold :

To-morrow night, when Phœbe doth behold

Her silver visage in the wat'ry glass,

210

Decking with liquid pearl the bladed grass,

A time that lovers' flights doth still conceal,

Through Athens' gates have we devis'd to steal.

Her. And in the wood, where often you and I

Upon faint primrose-beds were wont to lie,

Emptying our bosoms of their counsel sweet,

There my Lysander and myself shall meet ;

And thence from Athens turn away our eyes,

To seek new friends and stranger companies.

Farewell, sweet playfellow : pray thou for us ;

220

And good luck grant thee thy Demetrius !

Keep word, Lysander : we must starve our sight

From lovers' food till morrow deep midnight.

Lys. I will, my Hermia.

[Exit *Herm.*

Helena, adieu :

As you on him, Demetrius dote on you !

[Exit.

Hel. How happy some o'er other some can be !

Through Athens I am thought as fair as she.

But what of that ? Demetrius thinks not so ;

He will not know what all but he do know :

And as he errs, doting on Hermia's eyes,

230

So I, admiring of his qualities :

Things base and vile, holding no quantity,

Love can transpose to form and dignity :

Love looks not with the eyes, but with the mind ;

And therefore is wing'd Cupid painted blind :

Nor hath Love's mind of any judgement taste ;

Wings and no eyes figure unheedy haste :

And therefore is Love said to be a child,

Because in choice he often is beguil'd.

As waggish boys in game themselves forswear,

240

So the boy Love is perjur'd every where :

For ere Demetrius look'd on Hermia's eyne,

²³² *holding no quantity* = being of no account.

²⁴² *eyne* = eyes, the old plural, used for the sake of rhyme.

He hail'd down oaths that he was only mine ;
 And when this hail some heat from Hermia felt,
 So he dissolv'd, and showers of oaths did melt.
 I will go tell him of fair Hermia's flight :
 Then to the wood will he to-morrow night
 Pursue her ; and for this intelligence
 If I have thanks, it is a dear expense :
 But herein mean I to enrich my pain,
 To have his sight thither and back again.

250
 [Exit.

SCENE II. *Athens.* QUINCE's house.

Enter QUINCE, SNUG, BOTTOM, FLUTE, SNOUT, and STARVELING.

Quin. Is all our company here ?

Bot. You were best to call them generally, man by man, according to the scrip.

Quin. Here is the scroll of every man's name, which is thought fit, through all Athens, to play in our interlude before the Duke and the Duchess, on his wedding-day at night.

Bot. First, good Peter Quince, say what the play treats on, then read the names of the actors, and so grow on to a point.

Quin. Marry, our play is, *The most lamentable comedy, and most cruel death of Pyramus and Thisby.* 10

Bot. A very good piece of work, I assure you, and a merry. Now, good Peter Quince, call forth your actors by the scroll. Masters, spread yourselves.

Quin. Answer as I call you. Nick Bottom, the weaver.

Bot. Ready. Name what part I am for, and proceed.

Quin. You, Nick Bottom, are set down for Pyramus.

Bot. What is Pyramus ? a lover, or a tyrant ?

Quin. A lover, that kills himself most gallantly for love.

Bot. That will ask some tears in the true performing of it : if I do it, let the audience look to their eyes ; I will move storms, I will condole in some measure. To the rest. Yet my chief humour is for a tyrant : I could play *Ercles* rarely, or a part to tear a cat in, to make all split.

“ The raging rocks
 And shivering shocks
 Shall break the locks
 Of prison gates ;
 And Phibbus' car
 Shall shine from far
 And make and mar
 The foolish Fates.”

30

⁸ the scrip = the script, written paper.

²² *Ercles* = Hercules.

²³ *tear a cat* : a phrase commonly used in S.'s time ; of uncertain origin ; possibly a corruption of *tear coat*, or *tear a coat*.

This was lofty! Now name the rest of the players. This is Ercles' vein, a tyrant's vein; a lover is more condoling.

Quin. Francis Flute, the bellows-mender.

Flu. Here, Peter Quince.

Quin. Flute, you must take Thisby on you.

Flu. What is Thisby? a wand'ring knight?

Quin. It is the lady that Pyramus must love.

Flu. Nay, faith, let not me play a woman; I have a beard coming.

Quin. That's all one: you shall play it in a mask, and you may speak as small as you will. 40

Bot. An I may hide my face, let me play Thisby too, I'll speak in a monstrous little voice. Listen, listen! "Ah Pyramus, my lover dear! thy Thisby dear, and lady dear!"

Quin. No, no; you must play Pyramus: and, Flute, you Thisby.

Bot. Well, proceed.

Quin. Robin Starveling, the tailor.

Star. Here, Peter Quince.

Quin. Robin Starveling, you must play Thisby's mother. Tom Snout, the tinker. 50

Snout. Here, Peter Quince.

Quin. You, Pyramus' father: myself, Thisby's father. Snug, the joiner, you, the lion's part; and, I hope, here is a play fitted.

Snug. Have you the lion's part written? pray you, if it be, give it me, for I am slow of study.

Quin. You may do it extempore, for it is nothing but roaring.

Bot. Let me play the lion too: I will roar, that I will do any man's heart good to hear me; I will roar, that I will make the Duke say "Let him roar again, let him roar again." 61

Quin. An you should do it too terribly, you would fright the Duchess and the ladies, that they would shriek; and that were enough to hang us all.

All. That would hang us, every mother's son.

Bot. I grant you, friends, if that you should fright the ladies out of their wits, they would have no more discretion but to hang us: but I will aggravate my voice so that I will roar you as gently as any sucking dove; I will roar an't were any night-ingle.

Quin. You can play no part but Pyramus; for Pyramus is a sweet-fac'd man; a proper man, as one shall see in a summer's day; a most lovely gentleman-like man: therefore you must needs play Pyramus. 70

³⁹ *play a woman.* Women's parts were played by young men until the middle of the seventeenth century.

⁴⁴ *Listen, listen!* The old copies have *Thisne*, *Thisne*; accepted hitherto as Bottom's blunder for *Thisbe*. Bottom made no such blunders. Nor did he use in this way such words as *thissen*, which has been conjectured as the true reading of *Thisne*.

Bot. Well, I will undertake it. What beard were I best to play it in?

Quin. Why, what you will.

Bot. I will discharge it in either your straw-colour beard, your orange-tawny beard, your purple-in-grain beard, or your French-crown-colour beard, your perfect yellow. 80

Quin. Some of your French crowns have no hair at all, and then you will play barefac'd. But, masters, here are your parts: and I am to entreat you, request you and desire you, to con them by to-morrow night; and meet me in the palace wood, a mile without the town, by moonlight; there will we rehearse, for if we meet in the city, we shall be dogg'd with company, and our devices known. In the meantime I will draw a bill of properties, such as our play wants. I pray you, fail me not.

Bot. We will meet; and there we may rehearse most obscenely and courageously. Take pains; be perfect: adieu. 90

Quin. At the Duke's oak we meet.

Bot. Enough; hold or cut bow-strings.

[*Exeunt.*]

ACT II.

SCENE I. A wood near Athens.

Enter, from opposite sides, a Fairy, and PUCK.

Puck. How now, spirit! whither wander you?

Fai. Over hill, over dale,

Thorough bush, thorough brier,

Over park, over pale,

Thorough flood, thorough fire,

I do wander every where,

Swifter than the moon's sphere;

And I serve the fairy queen,

To dew her orbs upon the green.

The cowslips tall her pensioners be:

10

In their gold coats spots you see;

Those be rubies, fairy favours,

In those freckles live their savours:

I must go seek some dewdrops here

And hang a pearl in every cowslip's ear.

Farewell, thou lob of spirits; I'll be gone:

Our queen and all her elves come here anon.

⁸¹ *French crowns*: that is, heads made bald by what was known as the French disease.

⁸² *hold or cut bow-strings*: a phrase of the archery-field, meaning probably that the bow-string, that is, the speaker's ability to shoot, was to be the pledge of keeping word.

⁷ *the moon's sphere*: a strange and incomprehensible comparison.

⁹ *orbs*: that is, the dark circles on the turf, sometimes called fairy-rings

¹⁰ *lob* = lubber, lout.

Puck. The King doth keep his revels here to-night :
 Take heed the Queen come not within his sight ;
 For Oberon is passing fell and wrath,
 Because that she as her attendant hath
 A lovely boy, stol'n from an Indian king ;
 She never had so sweet a changeling ;
 And jealous Oberon would have the child
 Knight of his train, to trace the forests wild ;
 But she perforce withholds the loved boy,
 Crowns him with flowers and makes him all her joy :
 And now they never meet in grove or green,
 By fountain clear, or spangled starlight sheen,
 But they do square, that all their elves for fear
 Creep into acorn-cups and hide them there.

20

30

Fai. Either I mistake your shape and making quite,
 Or else you are that shrewd and knavish sprite
 Call'd Robin Goodfellow : are not you he
 That frights the maidens of the villagery ;
 Skim milk, and sometimes labour in the quern
 And bootless make the breathless housewife churn ;
 And sometime make the drink to bear no barm ;
 Misdread night-wanderers, laughing at their harm ?
 Those that Hobgoblin call you and sweet Puck,
 You do their work, and they shall have good luck :
 Are not you he ?

40

Puck. Thou speak'st aright ;
 I am that merry wanderer of the night.
 I jest to Oberon and make him smile
 When I a fat and bean-fed horse beguile,
 Neighing in likeness of a filly foal :
 And sometime lurk I in a gossip's bowl,
 In very likeness of a roasted crab,
 And when she drinks, against her lips I bob
 And on her wither'd dewlap pour the ale.
 The wisest aunt, telling the saddest tale,
 Sometime for three-foot stool mistaketh me ;
 Then slip I from her bum, down topples she,
 And "tailor" cries, and falls into a cough ;
 And then the whole quire hold their hips and laugh,
 And waxen in their mirth and neeze and swear
 A merrier hour was never wasted there.
 But, room, fairy ! here comes Oberon.

50

²⁰ *fell* = fiercely set in anger.

²³ *changeling* : a trisyllable : the second very slight.

³⁰ *square* = draw off for quarrel.

³⁰ *quern* = a hand-mill. (Old English.)

³⁸ *barm* = yeast. (O. E.)

⁵¹ *aunt* : used in a general way for any old woman.

⁵⁰ *waxen* = wax, increase ; the old plural. *neeze* = sneeze. (O. E.)

Fai. And here my mistress. Would that he were gone !

Enter, from one side, OBERON, with his train ; from the other, TITANIA, with hers.

Obe. Ill met by moonlight, proud Titania.

60

Tita. What, jealous Oberon ! Fairies, skip hence :

I have forsworn his bed and company.

Obe. Tarry, rash wanton : am not I thy lord ?

Tita. Then I must be thy lady : but I know

When thou hast stol'n away from fairy land,

And in the shape of Corin sat all day,

Playing on pipes of corn and versing love

To amorous Phillida. Why art thou here,

Come from the farthest steppe of India ?

But that, forsooth, the bouncing Amazon,

70

Your buskin'd mistress and your warrior love,

To Theseus must be wedded, and you come

To give their bed joy and prosperity.

Obe. How canst thou thus for shame, Titania,

Glance at my credit with Hippolyta,

Knowing I know thy love to Theseus ?

Didst thou not lead him through the glimmering night

From Perigouna, whom he ravished ?

And make him with fair Ægle break his faith,

With Ariadne and Antiopa ?

80

Tita. These are the forgeries of jealousy :

And never, since the middle summer's spring,

Met we on hill, in dale, forest or mead,

By paved fountain or by rushy brook,

Or in the beached margent of the sea,

To dance our ringlets to the whistling wind,

But with thy brawls thou hast disturb'd our sport.

Therefore the winds, piping to us in vain,

As in revenge, have suck'd up from the sea

Contagious fogs ; which falling in the land

90

Have every petty river made so proud

That they have overborne their continents :

The ox hath therefore stretch'd his yoke in vain,

The ploughman lost his sweat, and the green corn

Hath rotted ere his youth attain'd a beard ;

The fold stands empty in the drowned field,

And crows are fatted with the murrain flock ;

The nine men's morris is fill'd up with mud,

⁷⁸ *Perigouna* (Περίγούνη) was the daughter of the robber Sinnis; she willingly bore a son, Menalippus, to Theseus who slew her father.

⁸⁰ *Ariadne.* Theseus' amour with Ariadne, in whose favor he preceded Bacchus, is well known. Ægle and Antiopa, we know little of, nor is it necessary that we should know more.

⁹⁸ *nine men's morris* : a game played by boys on lines cut in the turf, on which men were moved somewhat as in draughts or checkers.

And the quaint mazes in the wanton green
 For lack of tread are undistinguishable :
 The human mortals want, their winter here ;
 No night is now with hymn or carol blest :
 Therefore the moon, the governess of floods,
 Pale in her anger, washes all the air,
 That rheumatic diseases do abound :
 And thorough this distemperature we see
 The seasons alter : hoary-headed frosts
 Fall in the fresh lap of the crimson rose,
 And on old Hiems' thin and icy crown
 An odorous chaplet of sweet summer buds
 Is, as in mockery, set : the spring, the summer,
 The chiding autumn, angry winter, change
 Their wonted liveries, and the mazed world,
 By their increase, now knows not which is which :
 And this same progeny of evils comes
 From our debate, from our dissension ;
 We are their parents and original.

100

110

Obe. Do you amend it then ; it lies in you :
 Why should Titania cross her Oberon ?
 I do but beg a little changeling boy,
 To be my henchman.

120

Tita. Set your heart at rest :
 The fairy land buys not the child of me.
 His mother was a vot'ress of my order :
 And, in the spiced Indian air, by night,
 Full often hath she gossip'd by my side,
 And sat with me on Neptune's yellow sands,
 Marking the embarked traders on the flood,
 When we have laugh'd to see the sails conceive
 And grow big-bellied with the wanton wind ;
 Which she, with pretty and with swimming gait,
 Following her womb then rich with my young squire, —
 Would imitate, and sail upon the land,
 To fetch me trifles, and return again,
 As from a voyage, rich with merchandise.
 But she, being mortal, of that boy did die ;
 And for her sake do I rear up her boy,
 And for her sake I will not part with him.

130

Obe. How long within this wood intend you stay ?
Tita. Perchance till after Theseus' wedding-day.
 If you will patiently dance in our round

140

¹⁰⁵ *rheumatic* = catarrhal ; not the modern rheumatic.

¹⁰⁹ *Hiems* = winter.

¹²¹ *henchman* = body-servant, quasi haunchman.

And see our moonlight revels, go with us ;
If not, shun me, and I will spare your haunts.

Obe. Give me that boy, and I will go with thee.

Tita. Not for thy fairy kingdom. Fairies, away !
We shall chide downright, if I longer stay.

[*Exit Titania with her train.*]

Obe. Well, go thy way : thou shalt not from this grove
Till I torment thee for this injury.

My gentle Puck, come hither. Thou rememb'rest

Since once I sat upon a promontory,

And heard a mermaid on a dolphin's back

150

Uttering such dulcet and harmonious breath

That the rude sea grew civil at her song

And certain stars shot madly from their spheres,

To hear the sea-maid's music ?

Puck.

I remember.

Obe. That very time I saw, but thou couldst not,

Flying between the cold moon and the earth,

Cupid all arm'd : a certain aim he took

At a fair vestal throned by the west,

And loos'd his love-shaft smartly from his bow,

As it should pierce a hundred thousand hearts ;

160

But I might see young Cupid's fiery shaft

Quench'd in the chaste beams of the watery moon,

And the imperial votaress passed on,

In maiden meditation, fancy-free.

Yet mark'd I where the bolt of Cupid fell :

It fell upon a little western flower,

Before milk-white, now purple with love's wound,

And maidens call it love-in-idleness.

Fetch me that flower ; the herb I shew'd thee once :

The juice of it on sleeping eye-lids laid

170

Will make or man or woman madly dote

Upon the next live creature that it sees.

Fetch me this herb ; and be thou here again

Ere the leviathan can swim a league.

Puck. I'll put a girdle round about the earth

In forty minutes.

[*Exit.*]

Obe. Having once this juice,

I'll watch Titania when she is asleep,

And drop the liquor of it in her eyes.

The next thing then she waking looks upon,

Be it on lion, bear, or wolf, or bull,

180

¹⁵⁸ *fair vestal.* This exquisitely beautiful passage is fulsome flattery of Queen Elizabeth.

¹⁶⁸ *love-in-idleness:* that is, the three-colored violet, pansy.

On meddling monkey, or on busy ape,
 She shall pursue it with the soul of love :
 And ere I take this charm from off her sight,
 As I can take it with another herb,
 I'll make her render up her page to me.
 But who comes here ? I am invisible ;
 And I will overhear their conference.

Enter DEMETRIUS, HELENA following him.

Dem. I love thee not, therefore pursue me not.
 Where is Lysander and fair Hermia ?
 The one I'll slay, the other slayeth me.
 Thou told'st me they were stol'n unto this wood ;
 And here am I, and wode within this wood,
 Because I cannot meet my Hermia.
 Hence, get thee gone, and follow me no more.

190

Hel. You draw me, you hard-hearted adamant ;
 But yet you draw not iron, for my heart
 Is true as steel : leave you your power to draw,
 And I shall have no power to follow you.

Dem. Do I entice you ? do I speak you fair ?
 Or, rather, do I not in plainest truth
 Tell you, I do not, nor I cannot love you ?

200

Hel. And even for that do I love you the more.
 I am your spaniel ; and, Demetrius,
 The more you beat me, I will fawn on you :
 Use me but as your spaniel, spurn me, strike me,
 Neglect me, lose me ; only give me leave,
 Unworthy as I am, to follow you.
 What worser place can I beg in your love, —
 And yet a place of high respect with me, —
 Than to be used as you use your dog ?

210

Dem. Tempt not too much the hatred of my spirit,
 For I am sick when I do look on thee.

Hel. And I am sick when I look not on you.

Dem. You do impeach your modesty too much,
 To leave the city and commit yourself
 Into the hands of one that loves you not ;
 To trust the opportunity of night
 And the ill counsel of a desert place
 With the rich worth of your virginity.

Hel. Your virtue is my privilege : for that
 It is not night when I do see your face,
 Therefore I think I am not in the night ;
 Nor doth this wood lack worlds of company,
 For you in my respect are all the world :

220

¹⁹² *wode* : that is, mad, crazy.

¹⁹⁵ *adamant* = magnet.

Then how can it be said I am alone,
When all the world is here to look on me ?

Dem. I'll run from thee and hide me in the brakes,
And leave thee to the mercy of wild beasts.

Hel. The wildest hath not such a heart as you.
Run when you will, the story shall be chang'd : 230
Apollo flies, and Daphne holds the chase ;
The dove pursues the griffin ; the mild hind
Makes speed to catch the tiger ; bootless speed,
When cowardice pursues and valour flies.

Dem. I will not stay thy questions ; let me go :
Or, if thou follow me, do not believe
But I shall do thee mischief in the wood.

Hel. Ay, in the temple, in the town, the field,
You do me mischief. Fie, Demetrius !
Your wrongs do set a scandal on my sex : 240
We cannot fight for love, as men may do ;
We should be woo'd and were not made to woo. [*Exit Dem.*
I'll follow thee and make a heaven of hell,
To die upon the hand I love so well. [*Exit.*

Obe. Fare thee well, nymph : ere he do leave this grove,
Thou shalt fly him and he shall seek thy love.

Re-enter Puck.

Hast thou the flower there ? Welcome, wanderer.

Puck. Ay, there it is.

Obe. I pray thee, give it me.
I know a bank where the wild thyme blows,
Where oxlips and the nodding violet grows, 250
Quite over-canopi'd with luscious woodbine,
With sweet musk-roses and with eglantine :
There sleeps Titania sometime of the night,
Lull'd in these flowers with dances and delight ;
And there the snake throws her enamell'd skin,
Weed wide enough to wrap a fairy in :
And with the juice of this I'll streak her eyes,
And make her full of hateful fantasies.
Take thou some of it, and seek through this grove :
A sweet Athenian lady is in love 260
With a disdainful youth : anoint his eyes ;
But do it when the next thing he espies
May be the lady : thou shalt know the man
By the Athenian garments he hath on.

²⁵¹ *Daphne.* Apollo, enamoured of this unwilling nymph, pursued her, and at her prayer for protection she was turned into a laurel tree.

²⁶⁰ *oxlip.* The larger cowslip.

²⁵⁴ *in these flowers.* Possibly we should read, these bowers.

Effect it with some care, that he may prove
 More fond on her than she upon her love :
 And look thou meet me ere the first cock crow.

Puck. Fear not, my lord, your servant shall do so. [Exeunt.]

SCENE II. *Another part of the wood.*

Enter TITANIA, with her train.

Tita. Come, now a roundel and a fairy song ;
 Then, for the third part of a minute, hence ;
 Some to kill cankers in the musk-rose buds,
 Some war with rere-mice for their leathern wings,
 To make my small elves coats, and some keep back
 The clamorous owl that nightly hoots and wonders
 At our quaint spirits. Sing me now asleep ;
 Then to your offices and let me rest.

THE FAIRIES sing.

You spotted snakes with double tongue,
 Thorny hedgehogs, be not seen ;
 Newts and blind-worms, do no wrong,
 Come not near our fairy queen.

10

Cho. Philomel, with melody
 Sing in our sweet lullaby ;
 Lulla, lulla, lullaby, lulla, lulla, lullaby :
 Never harm,
 Nor spell nor charm,
 Come our lovely lady nigh ;
 So, good night, with lullaby.

Weaving spiders, come not here ;
 Hence, you long-legg'd spinners, hence !
 Beetles black, approach not near ;
 Worm nor snail, do no offence.

20

Cho. Philomel, with melody, etc.

A Fairy. Hence, away ! now all is well :

One aloof stand sentinel. [Exeunt Fairies. Titania sleeps.]

Enter OBERON, and squeezes the flower on Titania's eyelids.

Obe. What thou seest when thou dost wake,
 Do it for thy true-love take,
 Love and languish for his sake :
 Be it ounce, or cat, or bear,
 Pard or boar with bristled hair,
 In thy eye that shall appear

30

¹ *roundel* = round, catch for four voices.

⁴ *rere-mice* = bats, flitter mice : *rere* from A. S. *hreran*, to flutter.

⁵⁰ *ounce*. An animal like a small leopard.

⁸¹ *pard* = leopard.

When thou wak'st, it is thy dear :
Wake when some vile thing is near.

[Exit

Enter LYSANDER and HERMIA.

Lys. Fair love, you faint with wand'ring in the wood ;
And to speak troth, I have forgot our way :
We'll rest us, Hermia, if you think it good ;
And tarry for the comfort of the day.

Her. Be it so, Lysander : find you out a bed ;
For I upon this bank will rest my head.

40

Lys. One turf shall serve as pillow for us both ;
One heart, one bed, two bosoms and one troth.

Her. Nay, good Lysander ; for my sake, my dear,
Lie further off yet ; do not lie so near.

Lys. O, take the sense, sweet, of my innocence !
Love takes the meaning in love's conference.

I mean, that my heart unto yours is knit
So that but one heart you can make of it ;
Two bosoms interchained with an oath ;
So then two bosoms and a single troth.
Then by your side no bed-room me deny ;
For lying so, Hermia, I do not lie.

50

Her. Lysander riddles very prettily :
Now much beshrew my manners and my pride,
If Hermia meant to say Lysander lied.
But, gentle friend, for love and courtesy
Lie further off ; in human modesty,
Such separation as may well be said
Becomes a virtuous bachelor and a maid,
So far be distant ; and, good night, sweet friend :
Thy love ne'er alter till thy sweet life end !

60

Lys. Amen, amen, to that fair prayer, say I ;
And then end life when I end loyalty !
Here is my bed : sleep give thee all his rest !

Her. With half that wish the wisher's eyes be press'd !

[They sleep.

Enter PUCK.

Puck. Through the forest have I gone,
But Athenian found I none,
On whose eyes I might approve
This flower's force in stirring love.
Night and silence, — Who is here ?
Weeds of Athens he doth wear :
This is he, my master said,
Despised the Athenian maid ;
And here the maiden, sleeping sound,
On the dank and dirty ground.

70

Pretty soul ! she durst not lie
 Near this lack-love, this kill-courtesy.
 Churl, upon thy eyes I throw
 All the power this charm doth owe.
 When thou wak'st, let love forbid
 Sleep his seat on thy eyelid :
 So awake when I am gone ;
 For I must now to Oberon.

80

[Exit.]

Enter DEMETRIUS and HELENA, running.

Hel. Stay, though thou kill me, sweet Demetrius.

Dem. I charge thee, hence, and do not haunt me thus.

Hel. O, wilt thou darkling leave me ? do not so.

Dem. Stay, on thy peril : I alone will go.

[Exit.]

Hel. O, I am out of breath in this fond chase !

The more my prayer, the lesser is my grace.

Happy is Hermia, wheresoe'er she lies ;

90

For she hath blessed and attractive eyes.

How came her eyes so bright ? Not with salt tears :

If so, my eyes are oftener wash'd than hers.

No, no, I am as ugly as a bear ;

For beasts that meet me run away for fear :

Therefore no marvel though Demetrius

Do, as a monster, fly my presence thus.

What wicked and dissembling glass of mine

Made me compare with Hermia's spherie eyne ?

But who is here ? Lysander ! on the ground !

100

Dead ? or asleep ? I see no blood, no wound.

Lysander, if you live, good sir, awake.

Lys. [Awaking.] And run through fire I will for thy sweet sake.

Transparent Helena ! Nature shows art,

That through thy bosom makes me see thy heart.

Where is Demetrius ? O, how fit a word

Is that vile name to perish on my sword !

Hel. Do not say so, Lysander ; say not so.

What though he love your Hermia ? Lord, what though ?

Yet Hermia still loves you : then be content.

110

Lys. Content with Hermia ! No ; I do repent

The tedious minutes I with her have spent.

Not Hermia but Helena I love :

Who will not change a raven for a dove ?

The will of man is by his reason sway'd ;

And reason says you are the worthier maid.

Things growing are not ripe until their season :

⁷⁹ owe = own, possess.

⁸⁰ eyne : old plural of eyes, used for rhyme's sake.

So I, being young, till now ripe not to reason ;
 And touching now the point of human skill,
 Reason becomes the marshal to my will
 And leads me to your eyes, where I o'erlook
 Love's stories written in love's richest book. 120

Hel. Wherefore was I to this keen mockery born ?
 When at your hands did I deserve this scorn ?
 Is 't not enough, is 't not enough, young man,
 That I did never, no, nor never can,
 Deserve a sweet look from Demetrius' eye,
 But you must flout my insufficiency ?
 Good troth, you do me wrong, good sooth you do,
 In such disdainful manner me to woo. 130
 But fare you well : perforce I must confess
 I thought you lord of more true gentleness.
 O, that a lady, of one man refus'd,
 Should of another therefore be abus'd ! 135

[*Exit.*]

Lys. She sees not Hermia. Hermia, sleep thou there :
 And never mayst thou come Lysander near !
 For as a surfeit of the sweetest things
 The deepest loathing to the stomach brings,
 Or as the heresies that men do leave
 Are hated most of those they did deceive, 140
 So thou, my surfeit and my heresy,
 Of all be hated, but the most of me !
 And, all my powers, address your love and might
 To honour Helen and to be her knight. 145

[*Exit.*]

Her. [*Awaking.*] Help me, Lysander, help me ! do thy best
 To pluck this crawling serpent from my breast !
 Ay me, for pity ! what a dream was here !
 Lysander, look how I do quake with fear :
 Methought a serpent eat my heart away,
 And you sat smiling at his cruel prey. 150
 Lysander ! what, remov'd ? Lysander ! lord !
 What, out of hearing ? gone ? no sound, no word ?
 Alack, where are you ? speak, an if you hear ;
 Speak, of all loves ! I swoon almost with fear.
 No ? then I well perceive you are not nigh :
 Either death or you I'll find immediately. 155

[*Exit.*]

¹³² *gentleness* = gentility, good breeding.

¹⁵⁴ *of all loves* = a little feminine adjuration.

ACT III.

SCENE I. *The wood. Titania lying asleep.*

Enter QUINCE, SNUG, BOTTOM, FLUTE, SNOUT, and STARVELING.

Bot. Are we all met?

Quin. Pat, pat; and here 's a marvellous convenient place for our rehearsal. This green plot shall be our stage, this hawthorn-brake our tiring-house; and we will do it in action as we will do it before the Duke.

Bot. Peter Quince, —

Quin. What say'st thou, bully Bottom?

Bot. There are things in this comedy of Pyramus and Thisby that will never please. First, Pyramus must draw a sword to kill himself; which the ladies cannot abide. How answer you that?

11

Snout. By 'r lakin, a parlous fear.

Star. I believe we must have the killing out, when all is done.

Bot. Not a whit: I have a device to make all well. Write me a prologue; and let the prologue seem to say, we will do no harm with our swords and that Pyramus is not kill'd indeed; and, for the more better assurance, tell them that I Pyramus am not Pyramus, but Bottom the weaver: this will put them out of fear.

20

Quin. Well, we will have such a prologue; and it shall be written in eight and six.

Bot. No, make it two more; let it be written in eight and eight.

Snout. Will not the ladies be afeard of the lion?

Star. I fear it, I promise you.

Bot. Masters, you ought to consider with yourselves: to bring in — God shield us! — a lion among ladies, is a most dreadful thing; for there is not a more fearful wild-fowl than your lion living; and we ought to look to 't.

30

Snout. Therefore another prologue must tell he is not a lion.

Bot. Nay, you must name his name, and half his face must be seen through the lion's neck: and he himself must speak through, saying thus, or to the same defect, — Ladies, — or Fair ladies, — I would wish you, — or I would request you, — or I would entreat you, — not to fear, not to tremble: my life

¹² *lakin* = ladykin, or little lady; the Virgin Mary. *parlous* = perilous, a phonetic spelling of the word as it was commonly pronounced in S.'s day.

²² *eight and six*: that is, lines of eight and six syllables alternately.

for yours. If you think I come hither as a lion, it were pity of my life : no, I am no such thing ; I am a man as other men are ; and there indeed let him name his name, and tell them plainly he is Snug the joiner.

40

Quin. Well, it shall be so. But there is two hard things ; that is, to bring the moonlight into a chamber ; for, you know, Pyramus and Thisby meet by moonlight.

Snout. Doth the moon shine that night we play our play ?

Bot. A calendar, a calendar ! look in the almanac ; find out moonshine, find out moonshine.

Quin. Yes, it doth shine that night.

Bot. Why, then may you leave a casement of the great chamber window, where we play, open, and the moon may shine in at the casement.

50

Quin. Ay ; or else one must come in with a bush of thorns and a lanthorn, and say he comes to disfigure, or to present, the person of Moonshine. Then, there is another thing : we must have a wall in the great chamber ; for Pyramus and Thisby, says the story, did talk through the chink of a wall.

Snout. You can never bring in a wall. What say you, Bottom ?

Bot. Some man or other must present Wall : and let him have some plaster, or some loam, or some rough-cast about him, to signify wall ; and let him hold his fingers thus, and through that cranny shall Pyramus and Thisby whisper.

61

Quin. If that may be, then all is well. Come, sit down, every mother's son, and rehearse your parts. Pyramus, you begin : when you have spoken your speech, enter into that brake : and so every one according to his cue.

Enter PUCK behind.

Puck. What hempen home-spuns have we swaggering here,
So near the cradle of the fairy queen ?
What, a play toward ! I'll be an auditor ;
An actor too perhaps, if I see cause.

Quin. Speak, Pyramus. Thisby, stand forth.

70

Bot. "Thisby, the flowers of odious savours sweet," —

Quin. Odours, odours.

Bot. — "odours savours sweet :

So hath thy breath, my dearest Thisby dear.

But hark, a voice ! stay thou but here awhile,
And by and by I will to thee appear."

[Exit.

Puck. A stranger Pyramus than e'er play'd here.

[Exit.

Flu. Must I speak now ?

Quin. Ay, marry, must you ; for you must understand he goes but to see a noise that he heard, and is to come again.

80

Enter Puck. Here and elsewhere, the stage directions of the old copies have *Robin*, or *Robin Goodfellow*, instead of *Puck*.

Flu. "Most radiant Pyramus, most lily-white of hue,
Of colour like the red rose on triumphant brier,
Most brisky juvenal and eke most lovely Jew,
As true as truest horse that yet would never tire,
I'll meet thee, Pyramus, at Ninny's tomb."

Quin. "Ninus' tomb," man: why, you must not speak that yet; that you answer to Pyramus: you speak all your part at once, cues and all. Pyramus enter: your cue is past; it is, "never tire."

Flu. O, — "As true as truest horse, that yet would never tire."
91

Re-enter PUCK, and BOTTOM with an ass's head.

Bot. "If I were fair, Thisby, I were only thine."

Quin. O monstrous! O strange! we are haunted. Pray, masters! fly, masters! Help!

[Exeunt Quince, Snug, Flute, Snout, and Starveling.]

Puck. I'll follow you, I'll lead you about a round,
Through bog, through bush, through brake, through brier:
Sometime a horse I'll be, sometime a hound,

A hog, a headless bear, sometime a fire;
And neigh, and bark, and grunt, and roar, and burn, 99
Like horse, hound, hog, bear, fire, at every turn. *[Exit.]*

Bot. Why do they run away? this is a knavery of them to make me afeard.

Re-enter SNOOT.

Snout. O Bottom, thou art chang'd! what do I see on thee?

Bot. What do you see? you see an ass-head of your own, do you?
[Exit Snout.]

Re-enter QUINCE.

Quin. Bless thee, Bottom! bless thee! thou art translated.

[Exit.]

Bot. I see their knavery: this is to make an ass of me; to fright me, if they could. But I will not stir from this place, do what they can: I will walk up and down here, and I will sing, that they shall hear I am not afraid.
[Sings.]

The ousel cock so black of hue, 111
With orange-tawny bill,
The throstle with his note so true,
The wren with little quill, —

Tita. *[Awaking.]* What angel wakes me from my flow'ry bed?

Bot. *[Sings.]* The finch, the sparrow and the lark,
The plain-song cuckoo gray,
Whose note full many a man doth mark,
And dares not answer nay; —

119

¹¹¹ ousel = blackbird.

¹¹³ throstle = song thrush.

for, indeed, who would set his wit to so foolish a bird? who would give a bird the lie, though he cry "cuckoo" never so?

Tita. I pray thee, gentle mortal, sing again:
Mine ear is much enamour'd of thy note;
So is mine eye enthralled to thy shape;
And thy fair virtue's force perforce doth move me
On the first view to say, to swear, I love thee.

Bot. Methinks, mistress, you should have little reason for that: and yet, to say the truth, reason and love keep little company together now-a-days; the more the pity that some honest neighbours will not make them friends. Nay, I can glee upon occasion.

131

Tita. Thou art as wise as thou art beautiful.

Bot. Not so, neither: but if I had wit enough to get out of this wood, I have enough to serve mine own turn.

Tita. Out of this wood do not desire to go:
Thou shalt remain here, whether thou wilt or no.
I am a spirit of no common rate:
The summer still doth tend upon my state;
And I do love thee: therefore, go with me;
I'll give thee fairies to attend on thee,
And they shall fetch thee jewels from the deep,
And sing while thou on pressed flowers dost sleep:
And I will purge thy mortal grossness so
That thou shalt like an airy spirit go.
Peaseblossom! Cobweb! Mote! and Mustardseed!

140

Enter PEASEBLOSSOM, COBWEB, MOTE, and MUSTARDSEED.

Peas. Ready.

Cob. And I.

Mote. And I.

Mus. And I.

All. Where shall we go?

Tita. Be kind and courteous to this gentleman;
Hop in his walks and gambol in his eyes;
Feed him with apricocks and dewberries,
With purple grapes, green figs, and mulberries;
The honey-bags steal from the humble-bees,
And for night-tapers crop their waxen thighs
And light them at the fiery glow-worm's eyes,
To have my love to bed and to arise;
And pluck the wings from painted butterflies
To fan the moonbeams from his sleeping eyes:
Nod to him, elves, and do him courtesies.

150

Peas. Hail, mortal!

¹³⁰ *gleek* = jeer.

¹⁴⁹ *apricocks* = apricots: the sounds of *k* and *t* are often interchanged.

Cob. Hail!

Mote. Hail!

160

Mus. Hail!

Bot. I cry your worships mercy, heartily: I beseech your worship's name.

Cob. Cobweb.

Bot. I shall desire you of more acquaintance, good Master Cobweb: if I cut my finger, I shall make bold with you. Your name, honest gentleman?

Peas. Peaseblossom.

Bot. I pray you commend me to Mistress Squash, your mother, and to Master Peascod, your father. Good Master Peaseblossom, I shall desire you of more acquaintance too. Your name, I beseech you, sir?

Mus. Mustardseed.

Bot. Good Master Mustardseed, I know your patience well: that same cowardly, giant-like ox-beef hath devoured many a gentleman of your house: I promise you your kindred hath made my eyes water ere now. I desire your more acquaintance, good Master Mustardseed.

Tita. Come, wait upon him; lead him to my bower.

The moon methinks looks with a wat'ry eye;

180

And when she weeps, weeps every little flower,

Lamenting some enforced chastity.

Tie up my love's tongue, bring him silently.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *Another part of the wood.*

Enter OBERON.

Obe. I wonder if Titania be awak'd;
Then, what it was that next came in her eye,
Which she must dote on in extremity.

Enter PUCK.

Here comes my messenger.

How now, mad spirit!

What night-rule now about this haunted grove?

Puck. My mistress with a monster is in love.

Near to her close and consecrated bower,

While she was in her dull and sleeping hour,

A crew of patches, rude mechanicals,

That work for bread upon Athenian stalls,

10

Were met together to rehearse a play

Intended for great Theseus' nuptial-day.

¹⁰⁵ *desire you of*: that is, desire of you: a construction not uncommon in S.'s day.

¹⁶⁰ *Squash, your mother*: squash is not the English name of a vegetable, but of an unripe peascod.

⁹ *patches* = foolish clowns.

The shallowest thickskin of that barren sort,
 Who Pyramus presented, in their sport
 Forsook his scene and enter'd in a brake :
 When I did him at this advantage take,
 An ass's nowl I fixed on his head :
 Anon his Thisby must be answered,
 And forth my mimic comes. When they him spy,
 As wild geese that the creeping fowler eye, 20
 Or russet-pated choughs, many in sort,
 Rising and cawing at the gun's report,
 Sever themselves and madly sweep the sky,
 So, at his sight, away his fellows fly ;
 And, at our stamp, here o'er and o'er one falls ;
 He murder cries and help from Athens calls.
 Their sense thus weak, lost with their fears thus strong,
 Made senseless things begin to do them wrong ;
 For briers and thorns at their apparel snatch ;
 Some sleeves, some hats ; from yielders all things catch. 30
 I led them on in this distracted fear,
 And left sweet Pyramus translated there :
 When in that moment, so it came to pass,
 Titania wak'd and straightway lov'd an ass.

Obe. This falls out better than I could devise.
 But hast thou yet latch'd the Athenian's eyes
 With the love-juice, as I did bid thee do ?

Puck. I took him sleeping, — that is finish'd too, —
 And the Athenian woman by his side ;
 That, when he wak'd, of force she must be ey'd. 40

Enter HERMIA and DEMETRIUS.

Obe. Stand close : this is the same Athenian.

Puck. This is the woman, but not this the man.

Dem. O, why rebuke you him that loves you so ?
 Lay breath so bitter on your bitter foe.

Her. Now I but chide ; but I should use thee worse,
 For thou, I fear, hast given me cause to curse.
 If thou hast slain Lysander in his sleep,
 Being o'er shoes in blood, plunge in the deep,
 And kill me too.

The sun was not so true unto the day 50
 As he to me : would he have stolen away
 From sleeping Hermia ? I'll believe as soon
 This whole earth may be bor'd and that the moon
 May through the centre creep and so displease

¹⁵ *sort* = company, they whose lot, *sors*, is cast together.

¹⁷ *nowl* = head.

²⁰ *latch'd* = dropped (the juice) : latch = drippings ; latch pan = dripping pan.

Her brother's noontide with the Antipodes.
It cannot be but thou hast murder'd him;
So should a murderer look, so dead, so grim.

Dem. So should the murder'd look, and so should I,
Pierc'd through the heart with your stern cruelty :
Yet you, the murderer, look as bright, as clear,
As yonder Venus in her glimmering sphere.

60

Her. What's this to my Lysander? where is he?
Ah, good Demetrius, wilt thou give him me?

Dem. I had rather give his carcass to my hounds.

Her. Out, dog! out, cur! thou driv'st me past the bounds
Of maiden's patience. Hast thou slain him, then?

Henceforth be never number'd among men!

O, once tell true, tell true, even for my sake!

Durst thou have look'd upon him being awake,

And hast thou kill'd him sleeping? O brave touch!

70

Could not a worm, an adder, do so much?

An adder did it; for with doubler tongue

Than thine, thou serpent, never adder stung.

Dem. You spend your passion on a mispris'd mood :

I am not guilty of Lysander's blood ;

Nor is he dead, for aught that I can tell.

Her. I pray thee, tell me then that he is well.

Dem. An if I could, what should I get therefore?

Her. A privilege never to see me more.

And from thy hated presence part I so :

See me no more, whether he be dead or no.

80

[Exit.]

Dem. There is no following her in this fierce vein :

Here therefore for a while I will remain.

So sorrow's heaviness doth heavier grow

For debt that bankrupt sleep doth sorrow owe ;

Which now in some slight measure it will pay,

If for his tender here I make some stay.

[Lies down and sleeps.]

Obe. What hast thou done? thou hast mistaken quite

And laid the love-juice on some true-love's sight :

Of thy misprision must perforce ensue

90

Some true love turn'd and not a false turn'd true.

Puck. Then fate o'er-rules, that, one man holding troth,

A million fail, confounding oath on oath.

Obe. About the wood go swifter than the wind,

And Helena of Athens look thou find :

All fancy-sick she is and pale of cheer,

With sighs of love, that costs the fresh blood dear :

⁷¹ *worm* = snake, serpent.

⁷² *doubler tongue*: adders were supposed to have a double tongue.

⁸⁰ *misprision* = mistaking.

⁹⁰ *fancy-sick* = love-sick. *cheer* = face, countenance.

By some illusion see thou bring her here :
I'll charm his eyes against she do appear.

Puck. I go, I go ; look how I go,
Swifter than arrow from the Tartar's bow.

100
[Exit.

Obe. Flower of this purple dye,
Hit with Cupid's archery,
Sink in apple of his eye.
When his love he doth espy,
Let her shine as gloriously
As the Venus of the sky.
When thou wak'st, if she be by,
Beg of her for remedy.

Re-enter PUCK.

Puck. Captain of our fairy band,
Helena is here at hand ;
And the youth, mistook by me,
Pleading for a lover's fee.
Shall we their fond pageant see ?
Lord, what fools these mortals be !

110

Obe. Stand aside : the noise they make
Will cause Demetrius to awake.

Puck. Then will two at once woo one ;
That must needs be sport alone ;
And those things do best please me
That befall preposterously.

120

Enter LYSANDER and HELENA.

Lys. Why should you think that I should woo in scorn ?

Scorn and derision never come in tears :

Look, when I vow, I weep ; and vows so born,

In their nativity all truth appears.

How can these things in me seem scorn to you,

Bearing the badge of faith, to prove them true ?

Hel. You do advance your cunning more and more.

When truth kills truth, O devilish-holy fray !

These vows are Hermia's : will you give her o'er ?

130

Weigh oath with oath, and you will nothing weigh :

Your vows to her and me, but in two scales,

Will even weigh, and both as light as tales.

Lys. I had no judgement when to her I swore.

Hel. Nor none, in my mind, now you give her o'er

Lys. Demetrius loves her, and he loves not you.

Dem. [Awaking.] O Helen, goddess, nymph, perfect, divine !
To what, my love, shall I compare thine eyne ?

¹²¹ *preposterously* = wrong end foremost, the true meaning of the word.

¹²⁸ *advance* = set up, make show of.

¹³⁸ *eyne* : old plural of eye.

Crystal is muddy. O, how ripe in show
 Thy lips, those kissing cherries, tempting grow!
 That pure congealed white, high Taurus' snow,
 Fann'd with the eastern wind, turns to a crow
 When thou hold'st up thy hand: O, let me kiss
 This princess of pure white, this seal of bliss!

140

Hel. O spite! O hell! I see you all are bent
 To set against me for your merriment:

If you were civil and knew courtesy,
 You would not do me thus much injury.
 Can you not hate me, as I know you do,
 But you must join in souls to mock me too?

150

If you were men, as men you are in show,
 You would not use a gentle lady so;
 To vow, and swear, and superpraise my parts,
 When I am sure you hate me with your hearts.

You both are rivals, and love Hermia;
 And now both rivals, to mock Helena:

A trim exploit, a manly enterprise,
 To conjure tears up in a poor maid's eyes
 With your derision! none of noble sort
 Would so offend a virgin and extort

160

A poor soul's patience, all to make you sport.

Lys. You are unkind, Demetrius; be not so;
 For you love Hermia; this you know I know:
 And here, with all good will, with all my heart,
 In Hermia's love I yield you up my part;
 And yours of Helena to me bequeath,
 Whom I do love and will do till my death.

Hel. Never did mockers waste more idle breath.

Dem. Lysander, keep thy Hermia; I will none:
 If e'er I lov'd her, all that love is gone.

170

My heart to her but as guest-wise sojourn'd,
 And now to Helen is it home return'd,
 There to remain.

Lys. Helen, it is not so.

Dem. Disparage not the faith thou dost not know,
 Lest, to thy peril, thou aby it dear.
 Look, where thy love comes; yonder is thy dear.

Re-enter HERMIA.

Her. Dark night, that from the eye his function takes,
 The ear more quick of apprehension makes;
 Wherein it doth impair the seeing sense,
 It pays the hearing double recompense.

180

¹⁷⁵ *aby*: used for abide, and in that sense; but possibly representing, in the phrase *aby it dear*, the A. S. *abiegan* = redeem.

Thou art not by mine eye, Lysander, found;
 Mine ear, I thank it, brought me to thy sound.
 But why unkindly didst thou leave me so?

Lys. Why should he stay, whom love doth press to go?

Her. What love could press Lysander from my side?

Lys. Lysander's love, that would not let him bide,
 Fair Helena, who more engilds the night
 Then all yon fiery oes and eyes of light.
 Why seek'st thou me? could not this make thee know,
 The hate I bear thee made me leave thee so?

190

Her. You speak not as you think: it cannot be.

Hel. Lo, she is one of this confederacy!

Now I perceive they have conjoin'd all three
 To fashion this false sport, in spite of me.
 Injurious Hermia! most ungrateful maid!
 Have you conspir'd, have you with these contriv'd
 To bait me with this foul derision?

Is all the counsel that we two have shar'd,
 The sisters' vows, the hours that we have spent,
 When we have chid the hasty-footed time
 For parting us, — O, is it all forgot?
 All school-days' friendship, childhood innocence?

200

We, Hermia, like two artificial gods,
 Have with our needles created both one flower,
 Both on one sampler, sitting on one cushion,
 Both warbling of one song, both in one key,
 As if our hands, our sides, voices and minds,
 Had been incorporate. So we grew together,
 Like to a double cherry, seeming parted,
 But yet an union in partition;

210

Two lovely berries moulded on one stem;
 So, with two seeming bodies, but one heart;
 Two of the first, like coats in heraldry,
 Due but to one and crowned with one crest.
 And will you rent our ancient love asunder,
 To join with men in scorning your poor friend?
 It is not friendly, 't is not maidenly:
 Our sex, as well as I, may chide you for it,
 Though I alone do feel the injury.

Her. I am amazed at your passionate words.
 I scorn you not: it seems that you scorn me.

220

Hel. Have you not set Lysander, as in scorn,

¹⁸⁸ *oes and eyes*: a mere reference to the roundness of the stars, with a jingling allusion to *o* and *i*.

²⁰⁴ *needles*: one syllable; possibly we should read *neeldes*, the old form.

²¹³ *of the first*: in heraldry, when colors have been mentioned in the blazoning or describing of coat armor, the name of any tint is not repeated: but it is referred to by number and order, as, the first (color mentioned), the second (color mentioned).

To follow me and praise my eyes and face ?
 And made your other love, Demetrius,
 Who even but now did spurn me with his foot,
 To call me goddess, nymph, divine and rare,
 Precious, celestial ? Wherefore speaks he this
 To her he hates ? and wherefore doth Lysander
 Deny your love, so rich within his soul,
 And tender me, forsooth, affection,
 But by your setting on, by your consent ?
 What though I be not so in grace as you,
 So hung upon with love, so fortunate,
 But miserable most, to love unlov'd ?
 This you should pity rather than despise.

230

Her. I understand not what you mean by this.

Hel. Ay, do, persevere, counterfeit sad looks,
 Make mouths upon me when I turn my back ;
 Wink each at other ; hold the sweet jest up :
 This sport, well carried, shall be chronicled.
 If you have any pity, grace, or manners,
 You would not make me such an argument.
 But fare ye well : 't is partly my own fault ;
 Which death or absence soon shall remedy.

240

Lys. Stay, gentle Helena ; hear my excuse :
 My love, my life, my soul, fair Helena !

Hel. O excellent !

Her.

Sweet, do not scorn her so.

Dem. If she cannot entreat, I can compel.

Lys. Thou canst compel no more than she entreat :
 Thy threats have no more strength than her weak prayers.
 Helen, I love thee ; by my life, I do :
 I swear by that which I will lose for thee,
 To prove him false that says I love thee not.

250

Dem. I say I love thee more than he can do.

Lys. If thou say so, withdraw, and prove it too.

Dem. Quick, come !

Her. Lysander, whereto tends all this ?

Lys. Away, you Ethiopie !

Dem.

No, no ; he'll . . .

Seem to break loose ; take on as you would follow,
 But yet come not : you are a tame man, go !

Lys. Hang off, thou cat, thou burr ! vile thing, let loose,
 Or I will shake thee from me like a serpent !

260

Her. Why are you grown so rude ? what change is this ?
 Sweet love, —

²³⁷ *persevere* : accented on the second syllable.

²⁵⁷ *No, no ; he'll . . .* There seems to be hopeless corruption here ; probably some words, or even a line, lost.

Lys. Thy love! out, tawny Tartar, out!
Out, loathed medicine! hated potion, hence!

Her. Do you not jest?

Hel. Yes, sooth; and so do you.

Lys. Demetrius, I will keep my word with thee.

Dem. I would I had your bond, for I perceive
A weak bond holds you: I'll not trust your word.

Lys. What, should I hurt her, strike her, kill her dead?
Although I hate her, I'll not harm her so. 270

Her. What, can you do me greater harm than hate?
Hate me! wherefore? O me! what news, my love!
Am not I Hermia? are not you Lysander?
I am as fair now as I was erewhile.
Since night you lov'd me; yet since night you left me:
Why, then you left me — O, the gods forbid! —
In earnest, shall I say?

Lys. Ay, by my life;
And never did desire to see thee more.
Therefore be out of hope, of question, of doubt;
Be certain, nothing truer; 't is no jest 280
That I do hate thee and love Helena.

Her. O me! you juggler! you canker-blossom!
You thief of love! what, have you come by night
And stol'n my love's heart from him?

Hel. Fine, i' faith!
Have you no modesty, no maiden shame,
No touch of bashfulness? What, will you tear
Impatient answers from my gentle tongue?
Fie, fie! you counterfeit, you puppet, you!

Her. Puppet? why so? ay, that way goes the game.
Now I perceive that she hath made compare 290
Between our statures; she hath urg'd her height;
And with her personage, her tall personage,
Her height, forsooth, she hath prevail'd with him.
And are you grown so high in his esteem,
Because I am so dwarfish and so low?
How low am I, thou painted maypole? speak;
How low am I? I am not yet so low
But that my nails can reach unto thine eyes.

Hel. I pray you, though you mock me, gentlemen,
Let her not hurt me: I was never curst; 300
I have no gift at all in shrewishness;
I am a right maid for my cowardice:
Let her not strike me. You perhaps may think,

²⁷⁹ *question*: a trisyllable, making a line of six feet.

²⁸² *canker-blossom*: that is, like a canker worm that destroys the blossom.

Because she is something lower than myself,
That I can match her.

Her. Lower! hark, again.

Hel. Good Hermia, do not be so bitter with me.

I evermore did love you, Hermia,

Did ever keep your counsels, never wrong'd you;

Save that, in love unto Demetrius,

I told him of your stealth unto this wood.

He follow'd you; for love I follow'd him;

But he hath chid me hence and threaten'd me

To strike me, spurn me, nay, to kill me too:

And now, so you will let me quiet go,

To Athens will I bear my folly back

And follow you no further: let me go:

You see how simple and how fond I am.

Her. Why, get you gone: who is 't that hinders you?

Hel. A foolish heart, that I leave here behind.

Her. What, with Lysander?

Hel.

With Demetrius.

Lys. Be not afraid; she shall not harm thee, Helena.

Dem. No, sir, she shall not, though you take her part.

Hel. O, when she's angry, she is keen and shrewd!

She was a vixen when she went to school;

And though she be but little, she is fierce.

Her. Little again! nothing but low and little!

Why will you suffer her to flout me thus?

Let me come to her.

Lys.

Get you gone, you dwarf;

You minimus, of hindering knot-grass made;

You bead, you acorn.

Dem.

You are too officious

In her behalf that scorns your services.

Let her alone: speak not of Helena;

Take not her part; for, if thou dost intend

Never so little show of love to her,

Thou shalt aby it.

Lys.

Now she holds me not;

Now follow, if thou dar'st, to try whose right,

Of thine or mine, is most in Helena.

Dem. Follow! nay, I'll go with thee, cheek by jowl.

[*Exeunt Lysander and Demetrius.*]

Her. You, mistress, all this coil is 'long of you:
Nay, go not back.

³¹⁷ *fond* = foolishly loving.

³²⁴ *vixen* = she fox; and hence a female shrew.

³²⁹ *minimus* = smallest thing; *knot-grass*: a common kind of grass which was supposed to have the power of stunting growth.

Hel. I will not trust you, I, 340
 Nor longer stay in your curst company.
 Your hands than mine are quicker for a fray,
 My legs are longer though, to run away. [Exit.

Her. I am amaz'd, and know not what to say. [Exit.

Obe. This is thy negligence : still thou mistak'st,
 Or else committ'st thy knaveries wilfully.

Puck. Believe me, king of shadows, I mistook.
 Did not you tell me I should know the man
 By the Athenian garment he had on?
 And so far blameless proves my enterprise, 350
 That I have 'nointed an Athenian's eyes;
 And so far am I glad it so did sort
 As this their jangling I esteem a sport.

Obe. Thou see'st these lovers seek a place to fight :
 Hie therefore, Robin, overcast the night ;
 The starry welkin cover thou anon
 With drooping fog as black as Acheron,
 And lead these testy rivals so astray
 As one come not within another's way.
 Like to Lysander sometime frame thy tongue, 360
 Then stir Demetrius up with bitter wrong ;
 And sometime rail thou like Demetrius ;
 And from each other look thou lead them thus,
 Till o'er their brows death-counterfeiting sleep
 With leaden legs and batty wings doth creep :
 Then crush this herb into Lysander's eye ;
 Whose liquor hath this virtuous property,
 To take from thence all error with his might,
 And make his eyeballs roll with wonted sight.
 When they next wake, all this derision 370
 Shall seem a dream and fruitless vision,
 And back to Athens shall the lovers wend,
 With league whose date till death shall never end.
 Whiles I in this affair do thee employ,
 I'll to my queen and beg her Indian boy ;
 And then I will her charmed eye release
 From monster's view, and all things shall be peace.

Puck. My fairy lord, this must be done with haste,
 For night's swift dragons cut the clouds full fast,
 And yonder shines Aurora's harbinger ; 380
 At whose approach, ghosts, wand'ring here and there,
 Troop home to churchyards : damned spirits all,

357 *Acheron* : a river of Hades, which S. mistook to be a pit.

370 *derision* — *vision* : both words have the *ion* as two syllables, *de-ri-si-on*, *vi-si-on*.

380 *Aurora's harbinger* = the morning star.

That in crossways and floods have burial,
 Already to their wormy beds are gone ;
 For fear lest day should look their shames upon,
 They wilfully themselves exile from light
 And must for aye consort with black-brow'd night.

Obe. But we are spirits of another sort :

I with the morning's love have oft made sport,
 And, like a forester, the groves may tread,
 Even till the eastern gate, all fiery-red,
 Opening on Neptune with fair blessed beams,
 Turns into yellow gold his salt green streams.
 But, notwithstanding, haste ; make no delay :
 We may effect this business yet ere day.

390

[Exit

Puck. Up and down, up and down,
 I will lead them up and down :
 I am fear'd in field and town :
 Goblin, lead them up and down.

Here comes one.

Re-enter LYSANDER.

400

Lys. Where art thou, proud Demetrius ? speak thou now.

Puck. Here, villain ; drawn and ready. Where art thou ?

Lys. I will be with thee straight.

Puck.

Follow me, then,

To plainer ground.

[Exit *Lysander*, as following the voice.]

Re-enter DEMETRIUS.

Dem.

Lysander ! speak again :

Thou runaway, thou coward, art thou fled ?

Speak ! In some bush ? Where dost thou hide thy head ?

Puck. Thou coward, art thou bragging to the stars,
 Telling the bushes that thou look'st for wars,
 And wilt not come ? Come, recreant ; come, thou child ;
 I'll whip thee with a rod : he is defil'd

410

That draws a sword on thee.

Dem.

Yea, art thou there ?

Puck. Follow my voice : we'll try no manhood here. [Exit

Re-enter LYSANDER.

Lys. He goes before me and still dares me on :

When I come where he calls, then he is gone.

The villain is much lighter-heel'd than I :

I follow'd fast, but faster he did fly ;

That fallen am I in dark uneven way,

And here will rest me. [*Lies down.*] Come, thou gentle day !

For if but once thou show me thy grey light,

I'll find Demetrius and revenge this spite.

419

[Sleeps.]

³⁸⁹ *the morning's love* : possibly Tithonus, fabled to be the aged husband of Aurora ; but more probably, and I think more poetically, merely the love of the morning.

*Re-enter PUCK and DEMETRIUS.**Puck.* Ho, ho, ho! Coward, why com'st thou not?*Dem.* Abide me, if thou dar'st; for well I wot
Thou runn'st before me, shifting every place,
And dar'st not stand, nor look me in the face.
Where art thou now?*Puck.* Come hither; I am here.*Dem.* Nay, then, thou mock'st me. Thou shalt buy this
dear,

If ever I thy face by daylight see:

Now, go thy way. Faintness constraineth me

To measure out my length on this cold bed.

429

By day's approach look to be visited.

[*Lies down and sleeps.*]*Re-enter HELENA.**Hel.* O weary night, O long and tedious night,

Abate thy hours! Shine comforts from the east,

That I may back to Athens by daylight,

From these that my poor company detest:

And sleep, that sometimes shuts up sorrow's eye,

Steal me awhile from mine own company.

[*Lies down and sleeps.*]*Puck.* Yet but three? Come one more;

Two of both kinds makes up four.

Here she comes, curst and sad:

Cupid is a knavish lad,

440

Thus to make poor females mad.

*Re-enter HERMIA.**Her.* Never so weary, never so in woe,

Bedabbled with the dew and torn with briers,

I can no further crawl, no further go;

My legs can keep no pace with my desires.

Here will I rest me till the break of day.

Heavens shield Lysander, if they mean a fray!

[*Lies down and sleeps.*]*Puck.* On the ground

Sleep sound:

I'll apply

450

To your eye,

Gentle lover, remedy. [*Squeezing the juice on Lysander's eyes.*]

When thou wak'st,

Thou tak'st

True delight

In the sight

Of thy former lady's eye:

And the country proverb known,

That every man should take his own,

In your waking shall be shown:

460

Jack shall have Jill;
 Nought shall go ill;
 The man shall have his mare again, and all shall be well. [Exit.]

ACT IV.

SCENE I. *The same.* LYSANDER, DEMETRIUS, HELENA, and HERMIA, *lying asleep.*

Enter TITANIA *and* BOTTOM; PEASEBLOSSOM, COBWEB, MOTE, MUSTARDSEED, *and other Fairies attending; OBERON behind unseen.*

Tita. Come, sit thee down upon this flowery bed,
 While I thy amiable cheeks do coy,
 And stick musk-roses in thy sleek smooth head,
 And kiss thy fair large ears, my gentle joy.

Bot. Where's Peaseblossom?

Peas. Ready.

Bot. Scratch my head, Peaseblossom. Where's Mounsieur Cobweb?

Cob. Ready.

Bot. Mounsieur Cobweb, good mounsieur, get you your weapons in your hand, and kill me a red-hipp'd humble-bee on the top of a thistle; and, good mounsieur, bring me the honey-bag. Do not fret yourself too much in the action, mounsieur; and, good mounsieur, have a care the honey-bag break not; I would be loath to have you overflown with a honey-bag, signior. Where's Mounsieur Mustardseed?

Mus. Ready.

Bot. Give me your neif, Mounsieur Mustardseed. Pray you, leave your courtesy, good mounsieur.

Mus. What's your will?

20

Bot. Nothing, good mounsieur, but to help Cavalery Cobweb to scratch. I must to the barber's, mounsieur; for methinks I am marvellous hairy about the face; and I am such a tender ass, if my hair do but tickle me, I must scratch.

Tita. What, wilt thou hear some music, my sweet love?

Bot. I have a reasonable good ear in music. Let's have the tongs and the bones.

Tita. Or say, sweet love, what thou desirest to eat.

Bot. Truly, a peck of provender: I could munch your good dry oats. Methinks I have a great desire to a bottle of hay: good hay, sweet hay, hath no fellow.

31

⁴⁶³ *his mare again*: an old adage, of unknown origin, meaning that what is awry shall be made right.

² *coy* = caress, stroke gently.

¹⁸ *neif* = fist, hand; pronounced *nafe*.

¹⁹ *leave your courtesy*: cease bowing, and put on your hat.

²⁷ *tongs and bones*: here the old copies have the stage direction, *Musicke, Tongs, small musicke*.

³⁰ *bottle of hay* = a truss of hay.

Tita. I have a venturous fairy that shall seek
The squirrel's hoard, and fetch thee new nuts.

Bot. I had rather have a handful or two of dried peas. But,
I pray you, let none of your people stir me: I have an exposition of sleep come upon me.

Tita. Sleep thou, and I will wind thee in my arms.

Fairies, be gone, and be awhile away.

[*Exeunt fairies.*

So doth the woodbine the sweet honeysuckle

Gently entwist; the female ivy so.

40

Enrings the barky fingers of the elm.

O, how I love thee! how I dote on thee!

[*They sleep.*

Enter PUCK.

Obe. [*Advancing.*] Welcome, good Robin. See'st thou this
sweet sight?

Her dotage now I do begin to pity:

For, meeting her of late behind the wood,

Seeking sweet favours from this hateful fool,

I did upbraid her and fall out with her;

For she his hairy temples then had rounded

With coronet of fresh and fragrant flowers;

And that same dew, which sometime on the buds

50

Was wont to swell like round and orient pearls,

Stood now within the pretty flowerets' eyes

Like tears that did their own disgrace bewail.

When I had at my pleasure taunted her

And she in mild terms begg'd my patience,

I then did ask of her her changeling child;

Which straight she gave me, and her fairy sent

To bear him to my bower in fairy land.

And now I have the boy, I will undo

This hateful imperfection of her eyes:

60

And, gentle Puck, take this transformed scalp

From off the head of this Athenian swain;

That, he awaking when the other do,

May all to Athens back again repair,

And think no more of this night's accidents

But as the fierce vexation of a dream.

But first I will release the fairy queen.

[*Touching her eyes.*

Be as thou wast wont to be;

See as thou wast wont to see:

Dian's bud o'er Cupid's flower

70

Hath such force and blessed power.

Now, my Titania; wake you, my sweet queen.

³⁸ *awhile away*: the old copies have *alwaies* away; from which no acceptable meaning has been extracted.

³⁹ *woodbine* — *honeysuckle*. It is said that in England the woodbine and the honeysuckle are the same vine; but here is evidence that to S. at least they were not so.

⁶³ *other*: used as plural in S.'s day.

Tita. My Oberon ! what visions have I seen !
Methought I was enamour'd of an ass.

Obe. There lies your love.

Tita. How came these things to pass ?
O, how mine eyes do loathe this visage now !

Obe. Silence awhile. Robin, take off his head.

Titania, music call ; and strike more dead
Than common sleep of all these five the sense.

Tita. Music, ho ! music, such as charmeth sleep ! 80

Puck. Now, when thou wak'st, with thine own fool's eyes
peep.

Obe. Sound, music ! [*Still music.*] Come, my queen, take
hands with me,

And rock the ground whereon these sleepers be.

Now thou and I are new in amity

And will to-morrow midnight solemnly

Dance in Duke Theseus' house triumphantly

And bless it to all fair posterity :

There shall the pairs of faithful lovers be

Wedded, with Theseus, all in jollity.

Puck. Fairy king, attend, and mark :
I do hear the morning lark. 90

Obe. Then, my queen, in silence sad,
Trip we after the night's shade :
We the globe can compass soon,
Swifter than the wand'ring moon.

Tita. Come, my lord, and in our flight
Tell me how it came this night
That I sleeping here was found
With these mortals on the ground.

[*Exeunt.* Horns winded within.]

Enter THESEUS, HIPPOLYTA, EGEUS, and train.

The. Go, one of you, find out the forester ;
For now our observation is perform'd ; 100

And since we have the vaward of the day,

My love shall hear the music of my hounds.

Uncouple in the western valley ; let them go :

Despatch, I say, and find the forester.

We will, fair queen, up to the mountain's top

And mark the musical confusion

Of hounds and echo in conjunction.

Hip. I was with Hercules and Cadmus once,
When in a wood of Crete they bay'd the bear 110

⁸⁵ solemnly = formally, ceremoniously.

⁸⁷ fair posterity : perhaps we should read, for posterity.

¹⁰² vaward = vanward, fore-part ; so vanguard.

¹⁰⁷ confusion = conjunction : both quadrisyllables.

With hounds of Sparta : never did I hear
Such gallant chiding ; for, besides the groves,
The skies, the fountains, every region near
Seem'd all one mutual cry : I never heard
So musical a discord, such sweet thunder.

The. My hounds are bred out of the Spartan kind,
So flew'd, so sanded, and their heads are hung
With ears that sweep away the morning dew ;
Crook-knee'd and dew-lapp'd like Thessalian bulls ;
Slow in pursuit, but match'd in mouth like bells,
Each under each. A cry more tuneable
Was never holla'd to, nor cheer'd with horn,
In Crete, in Sparta, nor in Thessaly :
Judge when you hear. But, soft ! what nymphs are these ?

120

Ege. My lord, this is my daughter here asleep,
And this, Lysander ; this Demetrius is ;
This Helena, old Nedar's Helena :
I wonder of their being here together.

The. No doubt they rose up early to observe
The rite of May, and, hearing our intent,
Came here in grace of our solemnity.
But speak, Egeus ; is this not the day
That Hermia should give answer of her choice ?

130

Ege. It is, my lord.

The. Go, bid the huntsmen wake them with their horns.

[Horns and shout within. *Lys., Dem., Hel., and Her. wake and start up.*

Good morrow, friends. Saint Valentine is past :
Begin these wood-birds but to couple now ?

Lys. Pardon, my lord.

The. I pray you all, stand up.

I know you two are rival enemies :
How comes this gentle concord in the world,
That hatred is so far from jealousy,
To sleep by hate, and fear no enmity ?

140

Lys. My lord, I shall reply amazedly,
Half sleep, half waking : but as yet, I swear,
I cannot truly say how I came here ;
But, as I think, — for truly would I speak,
And now do I bethink me, so it is, —
I came with Hermia hither : our intent
Was to be gone from Athens, where we might,
Without the peril of the Athenian law —

150

Ege. Enough, enough, my lord ; you have enough :

¹¹⁷ flew'd : flews are the overhanging chops of dogs. sanded = colored red, like sand.

¹²⁷ old Nedar. This seems like a trace of some story on which the play was founded.

¹²⁸ I wonder of : old idiom for wonder at.

I beg the law, the law, upon his head.
 They would have stol'n away ; they would, Demetrius,
 Thereby to have defeated you and me,
 You of your wife and me of my consent,
 Of my consent that she should be your wife.

Dem. My lord, fair Helen told me of their stealth,
 Of this their purpose hither to this wood ;
 And I in fury hither follow'd them,
 Fair Helena in fancy following me.

160

But, my good lord, I wot not by what power, —
 But by some power it is, — my love to Hermia,
 Melted as doth the snow, seems to me now
 As the remembrance of an idle gaud
 Which in my childhood I did dote upon ;
 And all the faith, the virtue of my heart,
 The object and the pleasure of mine eye,
 Is only Helena. To her, my lord,
 Was I betroth'd ere I saw Hermia :

But, like in sickness, did I loathe this food ;
 But, as in health, come to my natural taste,
 Now I do wish it, love it, long for it,
 And will for evermore be true to it.

170

The. Fair lovers, you are fortunately met :
 Of this discourse we more will hear anon.

Egeus, I will overbear your will ;
 For in the temple, by and by, with us
 These couples shall eternally be knit :
 And, for the morning now is something worn,
 Our purpos'd hunting shall be set aside.

180

Away with us to Athens ; three and three,
 We'll hold a feast in great solemnity.

Come, Hippolyta.

[*Exeunt The., Hip., Ege., and train.*]

Dem. These things seem small and undistinguishable,
 Like far-off mountains turned into clouds.

Her. Methinks I see these things with parted eye,
 When every thing seems double.

Hel.

So methinks :

And I have found Demetrius like a jewel,
 Mine own, and not mine own.

Dem. Are you sure that we're awake ? It seems to me 190
 That yet we sleep, we dream. Do not you think
 The Duke was here, and bid us follow him ?

Her. Yea ; and my father.

Hel.

And Hippolyta.

Lys. And he did bid us follow to the temple.

Dem. Why, then, we are awake : let's follow him ;
 And by the way let us recount our dreams.

[*Exeunt*]

Bot. [*Awaking.*] When my cue comes, call me, and I will answer: my next is, "Most fair Pyramus." Heigh-ho! Peter Quince! Flute, the bellows-mender! Snout, the tinker! Starveling! God's my life, stol'n hence, and left me asleep! I have had a most rare vision. I have had a dream, past the wit of man to say what dream it was: man is but an ass, if he go about to expound this dream. Methought I was — there is no man can tell what. Methought I was, — and methought I had, — but man is but a patch'd fool, if he will offer to say what methought I had. The eye of man hath not heard, the ear of man hath not seen, man's hand is not able to taste, his tongue to conceive, nor his heart to report, what my dream was. I will get Peter Quince to write a ballad of this dream: it shall be called Bottom's Dream, because it hath no bottom; and I will sing it in the latter end of a play, before the Duke: peradventure, to make it the more gracious, I shall sing it at her death. [*Exit.*]

SCENE II. *Athens.* QUINCE'S house.

Enter QUINCE, FLUTE, SNOOT, and STARVELING.

Quin. Have you sent to Bottom's house? is he come home yet?

Star. He cannot be heard of. Out of doubt he is transported.

Flu. If he come not, then the play is marr'd: it goes not forward, doth it?

Quin. It is not possible: you have not a man in all Athens able to discharge Pyramus but he.

Flu. No, he hath simply the best wit of any handicraft man in Athens. 10

Snout. Yea, and the best person too; and he is a very paramour for a sweet voice.

Flu. You must say "paragon:" a paramour is, God bless us, a thing of naught.

Enter SNUG.

Snug. Masters, the Duke is coming from the temple, and there is two or three lords and ladies more married: if our sport had gone forward, we had all been made men.

Flu. O sweet bully Bottom! Thus hath he lost sixpence a day during his life; he could not have 'scaped sixpence a day: an the Duke had not given him sixpence a day for playing Pyramus, I'll be hang'd; he would have deserved it: sixpence a day in Pyramus, or nothing.

¹⁰⁵ *patch'd fool*: referring to the parti-colored dress of the jester.

¹¹² *her death*: that is, Thisbe's.

¹¹⁴ *thing of naught* = a naughty thing.

¹¹⁸ *sixpence* = equal to one dollar, at the least, to-day.

Enter BOTTOM.

Bot. Where are these lads? where are these hearts?

Quin. Bottom! O most courageous day! O most happy hour!

Bot. Masters, I am to discourse wonders: but ask me not what; for if I tell you, I am no true Athenian. I will tell you everything, right as it fell out.

Quin. Let us hear, sweet Bottom.

Bot. Not a word of me. All that I will tell you is, that the Duke hath dined. Get your apparel together, good strings to your beards, new ribbons to your pumps; meet presently at the palace; every man look o'er his part; for the short and the long is, our play is preferred. In any case, let Thisby have clean linen; and let not him that plays the lion pare his nails, for they shall hang out for the lion's claws. And, most dear actors, eat no onions nor garlic, for we are to utter sweet breath; and I do not doubt but to hear them say, it is a sweet comedy. No more words: away! go, away!

[*Exeunt.*]

ACT V.

SCENE I. Athens. The palace of THESEUS.

Enter THESEUS, HIPPOLYTA, PHILOSTRATE, Lords, and Attendants.

Hip. 'Tis strange, my Theseus, that these lovers speak of.

The. More strange than true: I never may believe

These antique fables, nor these fairy toys.

Lovers and madmen have such seething brains,

Such shaping fantasies, that apprehend

More than cool reason ever comprehends.

[The lunatic, the lover and the poet

Are of imagination all compact:

One sees more devils than vast hell can hold,

That is, the madman: the lover, all as frantic,

10

Sees Helen's beauty in a brow of Egypt:

The poet's eye, in a fine frenzy rolling,

Doth glance from heaven to earth, from earth to heaven;

And as imagination bodies forth

The forms of things unknown, the poet's pen

Turns them to shapes and gives to airy nothing

A local habitation and a name.

[Such tricks hath strong imagination,

That, if it would but apprehend some joy,

It comprehends some bringer of that joy;

20

[Or in the night, imagining some fear,

How easy is a bush suppos'd a bear!]

²¹ Or in the night: I cannot doubt that the two lines within brackets are interpolated.

Hip. But all the story of the night told over,
And all their minds transfigur'd so together,
More witnesseth than fancy's images
And grows to something of great constancy ;
But, howsoever, strange and admirable.

The. Here come the lovers, full of joy and mirth.

Enter LYSANDER, DEMETRIUS, HERMIA, and HELENA.

Joy, gentle friends! joy and fresh days of love
Accompany your hearts!

Lys. More than to us 30

Wait in your royal walks, your board, your bed!

The. Come now; what masques, what dances shall we have,
To wear away this long age of three hours
Between our after-supper and bed-time?
Where is our usual manager of mirth?
What revels are in hand? Is there no play,
To ease the anguish of a torturing hour?
Call Philostrate.

Phil. Here, mighty Theseus.

The. Say, what abridgement have you for this evening?
What masque? what music? How shall we beguile
The lazy time, if not with some delight?

Phil. There is a brief how many sports are ripe :
Make choice of which your highness will see first. [*Giving a paper.*]

The. [*Reads.*] "The battle with the Centaurs, to be sung
By an Athenian eunuch to the harp."

We'll none of that: that have I told my love,
In glory of my kinsman Hercules.

"The riot of the tipsy Bacchanals,
Tearing the Thracian singer in their rage."

That is an old device ; and it was play'd
When I from Thebes came last a conqueror.

"The thrice three Muses mourning for the death
Of Learning, late deccas'd in beggary."

That is some satire, keen and critical,
Not sorting with a nuptial ceremony.

"A tedious brief scene of young Pyramus
And his love Thisbe; very tragical mirth."

Merry and tragical ! tedious and brief !

That is, hot ice and wonderous strange snow.

How shall we find the concord of this discord? 60

³⁴ *after-supper*: may mean the time after supper, or a second, rere supper, as it was called.

³⁹ *abridgement* = pastime.

⁵³ *Learning, late deceased, etc.*: possibly a reference to the sad end of Robert Greene in 1592.

⁵⁹ *strange snow*: this text is unsatisfactory, but not surely corrupt.

Phil. A play there is, my lord, some ten words long,
Which is as brief as I have known a play ;
But by ten words, my lord, it is too long,
Which makes it tedious ; for in all the play
There is not one word apt, one player fitted :
And tragical, my noble lord, it is ;
For Pyramus therein doth kill himself.
Which, when I saw rehears'd, I must confess,
Made mine eyes water ; but more merry tears
The passion of loud laughter never shed.

70

The. What are they that do play it ?

Phil. Hard-handed men that work in Athens here,
Which never labour'd in their minds till now,
And now have toil'd their unbreath'd memories
With this same play, against your nuptial.

The. And we will hear it.

Phil. No, my noble lord ;
It is not for you : I have heard it over,
And it is nothing, nothing in the world ;
Unless you can find sport in their intents,
Extremely stretch'd and conn'd with cruel pain,
To do you service.

80

The. I will hear that play ;
For never anything can be amiss,
When simpleness and duty tender it.
Go, bring them in : and take your places, ladies.

[Exit Philostrate.]

Hip. I love not to see wretchedness o'ercharg'd
And duty in his service perishing.

The. Why, gentle sweet, you shall see no such thing.

Hip. He says they can do nothing in this kind.

The. The kinder we, to give them thanks for nothing.
Our sport shall be to take what they mistake :
And what poor duty cannot do, noble respect
Takes it in might, not merit.

90

Where I have come, great clerks have purposed
To greet me with premeditated welcomes ;
Where I have seen them shiver and look pale,
Make periods in the midst of sentences,
Throttle their practis'd accent in their fears
And in conclusion dumbly have broke off,
Not paying me a welcome. Trust me, sweet,
Out of this silence yet I pick'd a welcome ;
And in the modesty of fearful duty
I read as much as from the rattling tongue

100

⁷⁴ *unbreath'd* = unexercised, unemployed.

Of saucy and audacious eloquence.
 Love, therefore, and tongue-tied simplicity
 In least speak most, to my capacity.

Re-enter PHILOSTRATE.

Phil. So please your grace, the Prologue is address'd.

The. Let him approach. [*Flourish of trumpets.*]

Enter QUINCE for the Prologue.

Pro. If we offend, it is with our good will.

That you should think, we come not to offend,
 But with good will. To show our simple skill,

110

That is the true beginning of our end.

Consider then we come but in despite.

We do not come as minding to content you,
 Our true intent is. All for your delight

We are not here. That you should here repent you,
 The actors are at hand and by their show
 You shall know all that you are like to know.

The. This fellow doth not stand upon points.

Lys. He hath rid his prologue like a rough colt; he knows
 not the stop. A good moral, my lord: it is not enough to
 speak, but to speak true. 121

Hip. Indeed he hath play'd on his prologue like a child on a
 recorder; a sound, but not in government.

The. His speech was like a tangled chain; nothing impaired,
 but all disordered. Who is next?

Enter with a trumpet, and the Presenter before them, PYRAMUS and THISBE, WALL, MOONSHINE, and LION, in dumb show.

Pre. Gentles, perchance you wonder at this show;

But wonder on, till truth make all things plain.

This man is Pyramus, if you would know;

This beauteous lady Thisby is certain.

This man, with lime and rough-cast, doth present

130

Wall, that vile Wall which did these lovers sunder;

And through Wall's chink, poor souls, they are content

To whisper. At the which let no man wonder.

This man, with lanthorn, dog, and bush of thorn,

Presenteth Moonshine; for, if you will know,

By moonshine did these lovers think no scorn

To meet at Ninus' tomb, there, there to woo.

This grisly beast, which Lion hight by name,

The trusty Thisby, coming first by night,

Did scare away, or rather did affright;

140

¹⁰⁶ *addressed* = made ready, prepared.

¹²⁰ *the stop.* Horse-jockey cant.

¹²³ *recorder.* A wind instrument, something like a large flageolet.

Presenter. A personage whose function was to present and explain dumb shows. The folio records his name in this instance, — Sawyer.

And, as she fled, her mantle she did fall,

Which Lion vile with bloody mouth did stain.

Anon comes Pyramus, sweet youth and tall,

And finds his trusty Thisby's mantle slain :

Whereat, with blade, with bloody blameful blade,

He bravely broach'd his boiling bloody breast ;

And Thisby, tarrying in mulberry shade,

His dagger drew, and died. For all the rest,

Let Lion, Moonshine, Wall, and lovers twain

At large discourse, while here they do remain.

150

[*Exeunt Prologue, Thisbe, Lion, and Moonshine.*]

The. I wonder if the lion be to speak.

Dem. No wonder, my lord : one lion may, when many asses do.

Wall. In this same interlude it doth befall

That I, one Snout by name, present a wall ;

And such a wall, as I would have you think,

That had in it a crannied hole or chink,

Through which the lovers, Pyramus and Thisby,

Did whisper often very secretly.

This loam, this rough-cast and this stone doth show

160

That I am that same wall ; the truth is so :

And this the cranny is, right and sinister,

Through which the fearful lovers are to whisper.

The. Would you desire line and hair to speak better ?

Dem. It is the wittiest partition that ever I heard discourse, my lord.

Enter PYRAMUS.

The. Pyramus draws near the wall : silence !

Pyr. O grim-look'd night ! O night with hue so black !

O night, which ever art when day is not !

O night, O night ! alack, alack, alack,

170

I fear my Thisby's promise is forgot !

And thou, O wall, O sweet, O lovely wall,

That stand'st between her father's ground and mine !

Thou wall, O wall, O sweet and lovely wall,

Show me thy chink, to blink through with mine eyne !

[*Wall holds up his fingers.*]

Thanks, courteous wall : Jove shield thee well for this !

But what see I ? No Thisby do I see.

O wicked wall, through whom I see no bliss !

Curs'd be thy stones for thus deceiving me !

179

The. The wall, methinks, being sensible, should curse again.

Pyr. No, in truth, sir, he should not. " Deceiving me " is

¹⁴¹ *fall* = let fall.

¹⁴⁵ *with bloody blameful blade.* In this passage S. ridicules, but hardly caricatures, the alliteration of some contemporary and precedent poets.

Thisby's cue : she is to enter now, and I am to spy her through the wall. You shall see, it will fall pat as I told you. Yonder she comes.

Enter THISBE.

This. O wall, full often hast thou heard my moans,

For parting my fair Pyramus and me !

My cherry lips have often kiss'd thy stones,

Thy stones with lime and hair knit up in thee.

Pyr. I see a voice : now will I to the chink,

To spy an I can hear my Thisby's face.

190

Thisby !

This. My love thou art, my love I think.

Pyr. Think what thou wilt, I am thy lover's grace ;

And, like Limander, am I trusty still.

This. And I like Helen, till the Fates me kill.

Pyr. Not Shafalus to Procrus was so true.

This. As Shafalus to Procrus, I to you.

Pyr. O, kiss me through the hole of this vile wall !

This. I kiss the wall's hole, not your lips at all.

Pyr. Wilt thou at Ninny's tomb meet me straightway ? 200

This. 'Tide life, 'tide death, I come without delay.

[Exeunt Pyramus and Thisbe.]

Wall. Thus have I, Wall, my part discharged so ;

And, being done, thus Wall away doth go.

[Exit.]

The. Now is the wall down between the two neighbours.

Dem. No remedy, my lord, when walls are so wilful to hear without warning.

Hip. This is the silliest stuff that ever I heard.

The. The best in this kind are but shadows ; and the worst are no worse, if imagination amend them.

Hip. It must be your imagination then, and not theirs. 210

The. If we imagine no worse of them than they of themselves, they may pass for excellent men. Here come two noble beasts in, a man and a lion.

Enter LION and MOONSHINE.

Lion. You, ladies, you, whose gentle hearts do fear

The smallest monstrous mouse that creeps on floor,

May now perchance both quake and tremble here,

When lion rough in wildest rage doth roar.

Then know that I, one Snug the joiner, am

A lion-fell, nor else no lion's dam ;

For, if I should as lion come in strife

220

Into this place, 't were pity on my life.

The. A very gentle beast, and of a good conscience.

Dem. The very best at a beast, my lord, that e'er I saw.

219 a lion-fell = a lion's skin.

Lys. This lion is a very fox for his valour.

The. True; and a goose for his discretion.

Dem. Not so, my lord; for his valour cannot carry his discretion; and the fox carries the goose.

The. His discretion, I am sure, cannot carry his valour; for the goose carries not the fox. It is well: leave it to his discretion, and let us hearken to the moon. 230

Moon. This lanthorn doth the horned moon present; —

Dem. He should have worn the horns on his head.

The. He is no crescent, and his horns are invisible within the circumference.

Moon. This lanthorn doth the horned moon present;
Myself the man i' th' moon do seem to be.

The. This is the greatest error of all the rest: the man should be put into the lanthorn. How is it else the man i' th' moon?

Dem. He dares not come there for the candle; for, you see, it is already in snuff. 240

Hip. I am aweary of this moon: would he would change!

The. It appears, by his small light of discretion, that he is in the wane; but yet, in courtesy, in all reason, we must stay the time.

Lys. Proceed, Moon.

Moon. All that I have to say, is, to tell you that the lanthorn is the moon; I, the man in the moon; this thorn-bush, my thorn-bush; and this dog, my dog.

Dem. Why, all these should be in the lanthorn; for they are in the moon. But, silence! here comes Thisbe. 250

Enter THISBE.

This. This is old Ninny's tomb. Where is my love?

Lion. [*Roaring.*] Oh——

[*Thisbe runs off.*]

Dem. Well roar'd, Lion.

The. Well run, Thisbe.

Hip. Well shone, Moon. Truly, the moon shines with a good grace.

[*The Lion shakes Thisbe's mantle, and exit.*]

The. Well mous'd, Lion.

Lys. And so the lion vanish'd.

Dem. And then came Pyramus.

Enter PYRAMUS.

Pyr. Sweet Moon, I thank thee for thy sunny beams; 260

I thank thee, Moon, for shining now so bright;

For, by thy gracious, golden, glittering gleams,

I trust to take of truest Thisby sight.

But stay, O spite!

But mark, poor knight,

What dreadful dole is here!

260 for the candle: that is, because of the candle.

Eyes, do you see?
 How can it be?
 O dainty duck! O dear!
 Thy mantle good,
 What, stain'd with blood!
 Approach, ye Furies fell!
 O Fates, come, come,
 Cut thread and thrum;
 Quail, crush, conclude, and quell!

The. This passion, and the death of a dear friend, would go near to make a man look sad.

Hip. Beshrew my heart; but I pity the man.

Pyr. O wherefore, Nature, didst thou lions frame?

Since lion vile hath here deflower'd my dear :

280

Which is — no, no — which was the fairest dame

That liv'd, that lov'd, that lik'd, that look'd with cheer.

Come, tears, confound;
 Out, sword, and wound

The pap of Pyramus;

Ay, that left pap,

Where heart doth hop :

[Stabs himself.

Thus die I, thus, thus, thus.

Now am I dead,

Now am I fled;

290

My soul is in the sky :

Tongue, lose thy light;

Moon, take thy flight :

[Exit Moonshine.

Now die, die, die, die, die.

[Dies.

Dem. No die, but an ace, for him; for he is but one.

Lys. Less than an ace, man; for he is dead; he is nothing.

The. With the help of a surgeon he might yet recover, and prove an ass.

Hip. How chance Moonshine is gone before Thisbe comes back and finds her lover?

300

The. She will find him by starlight. Here she comes; and her passion ends the play.

Re-enter THISBE.

Hip. Methinks she should not use a long one for such a Pyramus: I hope she will be brief.

Dem. A mote will turn the balance, which Pyramus, which Thisbe, is the better; he for a man, God warrant us; she for a woman, God bless us.

Lys. She hath spied him already with those sweet eyes.

Dem. And thus she moans, videlicet: —

274 *thrum* = the waste end of the woollen warp.

302 *passion*. An outbreak of emotion in a play or a tale was called a passion.

This. Asleep, my love? 310
 What, dead, my dove?
 O Pyramus, arise!
 Speak, speak. Quite dumb?
 Dead, dead? A tomb
 Must cover thy sweet eyes.
 These lily lips,
 This cherry nose,
 These yellow cowslip cheeks,
 Are gone, are gone:
 Lovers, make moan: 320
 His eyes were green as leeks.
 O Sisters Three,
 Come, come to me,
 With hands as pale as milk;
 Lay them in gore,
 Since you have shore
 With shears his thread of silk.
 Tongue, not a word:
 Come, trusty sword;
 Come, blade, my breast imbrue: 329
 And, farewell, friends; [Stabs herself.]
 Thus, Thisby ends:
 Adieu, adieu, adieu. [Dies.]

The. Moonshine and Lion are left to bury the dead.

Dem. Ay, and Wall too.

Bot. [Starting up.] No, I assure you; the wall is down that parted their fathers. Will it please you to see the epilogue, or to hear a Bergomask dance between two of our company?

The. No epilogue, I pray you; for your play needs no excuse. Never excuse; for when the players are all dead, there need none to be blamed. Marry, if he that writ it had play'd Pyramus and hung himself in Thisbe's garter, it would have been a fine tragedy: and so it is, truly; and very notably discharged. But, come, your Bergomask: let your epilogue alone.

[A dance.]

The iron tongue of midnight hath told twelve:
 Lovers, to bed; 't is almost fairy time.
 I fear we shall out-sleep the coming morn
 As much as we this night have overwatch'd.
 This palpable-gross play hath well beguil'd
 The heavy gait of night. Sweet friends, to bed. 350
 A fortnight hold we this solemnity,
 In nightly revels and new jollity. [Exeunt.]

Enter PUCK.

Puck. Now the hungry lion roars,
 And the wolf behowls the moon;

Whilst the heavy ploughman snores,
 All with weary task fordone.
 Now the wasted brands do glow,
 Whilst the screech-owl, screeching loud,
 Puts the wretch that lies in woe
 In remembrance of a shroud. 360
 Now it is the time of night
 That the graves all gaping wide,
 Every one lets forth his sprite,
 In the church-way paths to glide :
 And we fairies, that do run
 By the triple Hecate's team,
 From the presence of the sun,
 Following darkness like a dream,
 Now are frolic : not a mouse
 Shall disturb this hallow'd house : 370
 I am sent with broom before,
 To sweep the dust behind the door.

Enter OBERON and TITANIA with their train.

Obe. Though the house give glimmering light,
 By the dead and drowsy fire,
 Every elf and fairy sprite
 Hop as light as bird from brier ;
 And this ditty, after me,
 Sing, and dance it trippingly.

Tita. First, rehearse your song by rote,
 To each word a warbling note :
 Hand in hand, with fairy grace,
 Will we sing, and bless this place.

[*Song and dance.*]

Obe. Now, until the break of day,
 Through this house each fairy stray.
 To the best bride-bed will we,
 Which by us shall blessed be ;
 And the issue there create
 Ever shall be fortunate.
 So shall all the couples three
 Ever true in loving be ;
 And the blots of Nature's hand
 Shall not in their issue stand ;
 Never mole, hare-lip, nor scar,
 Nor mark prodigious, such as are
 Despised in nativity,
 Shall upon their children be.
 With this field-dew consecrate,
 Every fairy take his gait ;

300 *triple Hecate* : " the thrice-crowned queen of night " — *diva triformis*.

399 *his gait* = his way.

And each several chamber bless,
Through this palace, with sweet peace ; 400
And the owner of it blest
Ever shall in safety rest.
Trip away ; make no stay ;
Meet me all by break of day.

[*Exeunt Oberon, Titania, and train.*]

Puck. If we shadows have offended,
Think but this, and all is mended,
That you have but slumber'd here
While these visions did appear.
And this weak and idle theme,
No more yielding but a dream, 410
Gentles, do not reprehend :
If you pardon, will we mend :
And, as I am an honest Puck,
If we have unearned luck
Now to 'scape the serpent's tongue,
We will make amends ere long ;
Else the Puck a liar call :
So, good night unto you all.
Give me your hands, if we be friends,
And Robin shall restore amends. 419

[*Exit.*]

THE MERCHANT OF VENICE.

INTRODUCTION.

IN the plot of this comedy two stories of very great antiquity are interwoven. That of the man who gives a bond payable in his own flesh instead of money, and who, forfeiting, is saved from death by the judge's decision that the creditor must cut off not a jot more nor less than the prescribed weight, is of Oriental and very remote origin. It was told over and over again, with variations in the lapse of ages, and came at last into a collection of tales called *Il Pecorone*, written by Ser Giovanni, of Florence, about 1378. The satirical contrivance of the caskets to show the folly of choosing by outside show appears first (so far as is known) in the Greek mediæval romance of *Barlaam and Josephat*, written about the year 800. This also is repeated, with variations, by many old tellers of tales. During Shakespeare's boyhood, these stories were wrought together into an English play, which one Stephen Gosson, in his *Schoole of Abuse*, written in 1579, mentions as tolerably good, giving *The Jew* as its name, and "the greed-inesse of worldly chusers and bloody mindes of usurers," as its plot. This play, manifestly, Shakespeare worked over into *The Merchant of Venice*, as we have it. As Meres mentions it in his *Paladis Tamia*, among Shakespeare's comedies, it must have been produced before the year 1598. At what particular time before that year he did this beautiful piece of work we can only infer from the internal evidence of style and versification, and from the record in the diary of Henslowe, a manager of that day, that *The Venesyon Comedy* was first acted on the 25th August, 1594. These confirm each other. The play, we may be sure, was written in 1594, when Shakespeare was thirty years old. Before writing it, the poet had read an old ballad written on the pound-of-flesh story, called *Ger-nutus the Jew*; it was to be sung "to the tune of Black and Yellow." The period of the action is plainly meant to be the author's own time; but the play has never yet been produced in the Venetian costume of that day. Two quarto editions of *The Merchant of Venice* were published by different stationers in 1600; the text of neither of which, however, differs in any important respect from that of the folio of 1623.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

THE DUKE OF VENICE.

THE PRINCE OF MOROCCO, } *Suitors to*

THE PRINCE OF ARRAGON, } *Portia.*

ANTONIO, *a merchant of Venice.*

BASSANIO, *his friend, suitor to Portia.*

SALANIO, }
SALARINO, } *friends to Antonio and*
GRATIANO, } *Bassanio.*
SALERIO, }

LORENZO, *in love with Jessica.*

SHYLOCK, *a rich Jew.*

TUBAL, *a Jew, his friend.*

LAUNCELOT GOBBO, *a clown, servant to Shylock.*

OLD GOBBO, *father to Launcelot.*

LEONARDO, *servant to Bassanio.*

BALTHASAR, }
STEPHANO, } *servants to Portia.*

PORTIA, *a rich heiress.*

NERISSA, *her waiting-maid.*

JESSICA, *daughter to Shylock.*

Magnificoes of Venice, Officers of the Court of Justice, Gaoler, Servants to Portia, and other attendants.

SCENE: Partly at Venice and partly at Belmont, Portia's seat, on the Continent

THE MERCHANT OF VENICE.

ACT I.

SCENE I. Venice. A street.

Enter ANTONIO, SALARINO, and SALANIO.

Ant. In sooth, I know not why I am so sad :
It wearies me ; you say it wearies you ;
But how I caught it, found it, or came by it,
What stuff 't is made of, whereof it is born,
I am to learn ;
And such a want-wit sadness makes of me,
That I have much ado to know myself.

Salar. Your mind is tossing on the ocean ;
There, where your argosies with portly sail,
Like signiors and rich burghers on the flood,
Or, as it were, the pageants of the sea,
Do overpeer the petty traffickers,
That curtsy to them, do them reverence,
As they fly by them with their woven wings.

10

Salan. Believe me, sir, had I such venture forth,
The better part of my affections would
Be with my hopes abroad. I should be still
Plucking the grass, to know where sits the wind,
Peering in maps for ports and piers and roads ;
And every object that might make me fear
Misfortune to my ventures, out of doubt
Would make me sad.

20

Salar. My wind cooling my broth
Would blow me to an ague, when I thought
What harm a wind too great at sea might do.
I should not see the sandy hour-glass run,
But I should think of shallows and of flats,
And see my wealthy Andrew dock'd in sand,

³ *caught it* : quite " ungrammatical ; " it has no antecedent, but is quite able to do without one.

⁸ *ocean* : a trisyllable.

⁰ *argosies* : a large ship was called an argosy, from Argo.

²⁷ *Andrew* = a merchant ship ; possibly so called in memory of Andrea Doria, the great Genoese admiral.

Vailing her high-top lower than her ribs
 To kiss her burial. Should I go to church
 And see the holy edifice of stone,
 And not bethink me straight of dangerous rocks,
 Which touching but my gentle vessel's side,
 Would scatter all her spices on the stream,
 Enrobe the roaring waters with my silks,
 And, in a word, but even now worth this,
 And now worth nothing? Shall I have the thought
 To think on this, and shall I lack the thought
 That such a thing bechanc'd would make me sad?
 But tell not me; I know, Antonio
 Is sad to think upon his merchandise.

30

40

Ant. Believe me, no: I thank my fortune for it,
 My ventures are not in one bottom trusted,
 Nor to one place; nor is my whole estate
 Upon the fortune of this present year:
 Therefore my merchandise makes me not sad.

Salar. Why, then you are in love.

Ant.

Fie, fie!

Salar. Not in love neither? Then let us say you are
 sad,

Because you are not merry: and 't were as easy
 For you to laugh and leap and say you are merry,
 Because you are not sad. Now, by two-headed Janus
 Nature hath fram'd strange fellows in her time:
 Some that will evermore peep through their eyes
 And laugh like parrots at a bag-piper,
 And other of such vinegar aspect
 That they'll not show their teeth in way of smile,
 Though Nestor swear the jest be laughable.

50

Enter BASSANIO, LORENZO, and GRATIANO.

Salan. Here comes Bassanio, your most noble kinsman,
 Gratiano and Lorenzo. Fare ye well:
 We leave you now with better company.

Salar. I would have stay'd till I had made you merry,
 If worthier friends had not prevented me.

60

Ant. Your worth is very dear in my regard.

I take it, your own business calls on you
 And you embrace the occasion to depart.

Salar. Good morrow, my good lords.

²⁸ *Vailing* = lowering.

⁵⁰ *Janus*: a Latin god, from whom the month of January was named, and whose two faces were supposed to look, one into the coming year, and the other into the past. He presided over the beginnings of things; entrances and doors were under his protection, whence we have *janitor* (for *janitor*).

⁵⁸ *Nestor*: oldest and gravest of the Grecian chiefs at the siege of Troy.

⁶¹ *prevented* = come before.

Bass. Good signiors both, when shall we laugh? say, when? You grow exceeding strange: must it be so?

Salar. We'll make our leisures to attend on yours.

[*Exeunt Salarino and Salanio.*]

Lor. My Lord Bassanio, since you have found Antonio, We two will leave you: but at dinner-time, I pray you, have in mind where we must meet. 70

Bass. I will not fail you.

Gra. You look not well, Signior Antonio; You have too much respect upon the world: They lose it that do buy it with much care: Believe me, you are marvellously chang'd.

Ant. I hold the world but as the world, Gratiano; A stage where every man must play a part, And mine a sad one.

Gra. Let me play the fool: With mirth and laughter let old wrinkles come, And let my liver rather heat with wine Than my heart cool with mortifying groans. Why should a man, whose blood is warm within, Sit like his grandsire cut in alabaster? Sleep when he wakes and creep into the jaundice By being peevish? I tell thee what, Antonio — I love thee, and it is my love that speaks — There are a sort of men whose visages Do cream and mantle like a standing pond, And do a wilful stillness entertain, With purpose to be dress'd in an opinion Of wisdom, gravity, profound conceit, As who should say "I am Sir Oracle, And when I ope my lips let no dog bark!" O my Antonio, I do know of these That therefore only are reputed wise For saying nothing, when, I am very sure, If they should speak, would almost damn those ears Which, hearing them, would call their brothers fools. I'll tell thee more of this another time: But fish not, with this melancholy bait, For this fool gudgeon, this opinion. Come, good Lorenzo. Fare ye well awhile: I'll end my exhortation after dinner. 90 100

Lor. Well, we will leave you then till dinner-time: I must be one of these same dumb wise men, For Gratiano never lets me speak.

⁹² *conceit* = thought, opinion: the modern sense was unknown in S.'s time.

⁹³ *If they should speak, would:* heedlessly written, but the meaning plain enough. So as to "And do," line 90.

Gra. Well, keep me company but two years moe,
Thou shalt not know the sound of thine own tongue.

Ant. Farewell: I'll grow a talker for this gear.

110

Gra. Thanks, i' faith, for silence is only commendable
In a neat's tongue dried and a maid not vendible.

[*Exeunt Gratiano and Lorenzo.*]

Ant. Is that any thing now?

Bass. Gratiano speaks an infinite deal of nothing, more than
any man in all Venice. His reasons are as two grains of wheat
hid in two bushels of chaff: you shall seek all day ere you find
them, and when you have them, they are not worth the search.

Ant. Well, tell me now what lady is the same
To whom you swore a secret pilgrimage,
That you to-day promis'd to tell me of?

120

Bass. 'Tis not unknown to you, Antonio,
How much I have disabled mine estate,
By something showing a more swelling port
Than my faint means would grant continuance:
Nor do I now make moan to be abridg'd
From such a noble rate; but my chief care
Is to come fairly off from the great debts
Wherein my time something too prodigal
Hath left me gag'd. To you, Antonio,
I owe the most, in money and in love,
And from your love I have a warranty
To unburden all my plots and purposes
How to get clear of all the debts I owe.

130

Ant. I pray you, good Bassanio, let me know it;
And if it stand, as you yourself still do,
Within the eye of honour, be assur'd,
My purse, my person, my extremest means,
Lie all unlock'd to your occasions.

Bass. In my school-days, when I had lost one shaft,
I shot his fellow of the self-same flight
The self-same way with more advised watch,
To find the other forth, and by adventuring both
I oft found both: I urge this childhood proof,
Because what follows is pure innocence.
I owe you much, and, like a wilful youth,
That which I owe is lost; but if you please
To shoot another arrow that self way
Which you did shoot the first, I do not doubt,

140

¹⁰⁸ *moe*: an old form of *more*, which S. sometimes used.

¹¹⁰ *gear* = business.

¹³⁸ *occasions*: a word of four syllables.

¹⁴² *forth* = out.

¹⁴⁷ *self way* = same way.

As I will watch the aim, or to find both
 Or bring your latter hazard back again 150
 And thankfully rest debtor for the first.

Ant. You know me well, and herein spend but time
 To wind about my love with circumstance;
 And out of doubt you do me now more wrong
 In making question of my uttermost
 Than if you had made waste of all I have:
 Then do but say to me what I should do
 That in your knowledge may by me be done,
 And I am prest unto it: therefore, speak.

Bass. In Belmont is a lady richly left; 160
 And she is fair and, fairer than that word,
 Of wondrous virtues: sometimes from her eyes
 I did receive fair speechless messages:
 Her name is Portia, nothing undervalu'd
 To Cato's daughter, Brutus' Portia:
 Nor is the wide world ignorant of her worth,
 For the four winds blow in from every coast
 Renowned suitors; and her sunny locks
 Hang on her temples like a golden fleece;
 Which makes her seat of Belmont Colchos' strand, 170
 And many Jasons come in quest of her.
 O my Antonio, had I but the means
 To hold a rival place with one of them,
 I have a mind presages me such thrift,
 That I should questionless be fortunate!

Ant. Thou know'st that all my fortunes are at sea;
 Neither have I money nor commodity
 To raise a present sum: therefore go forth;
 Try what my credit can in Venice do:
 That shall be rack'd, even to the uttermost, 180
 To furnish thee to Belmont, to fair Portia.
 Go, presently inquire, and so will I,
 Where money is; and I no question make
 To have it of my trust or for my sake.

[*Exeunt.*]SCENE II. *Belmont. A room in PORTIA'S house.**Enter PORTIA and NERISSA.*

Por. By my troth, Nerissa, my little body is weary of this
 great world. \

Ner. You would be, sweet madam, if your miseries were in

¹⁵⁹ *prest* = ready; old form of the French *prêt*.

¹⁸² *presently* = now, at the present moment; the proper sense of the word.

¹ *little body*: a fanciful antithetical phrase. Portia was not little.

the same abundance as your good fortunes are : and yet, for aught I see, they are as sick that surfeit with too much as they that starve with nothing. It is no mean happiness therefore, to be seated in the mean : superfluity comes sooner by white hairs, but competency lives longer.

Por. Good sentences and well pronounc'd.

Ner. They would be better, if well followed.

10

Por. If to do were as easy as to know what were good to do, chapels had been churches and poor men's cottages princes' palaces. It is a good divine that follows his own instructions : I can easier teach twenty what were good to be done, than be one of the twenty to follow mine own teaching. The brain may devise laws for the blood, but a hot temper leaps o'er a cold decree : such a hare is madness the youth, to skip o'er the meshes of good counsel the cripple. But this reasoning is not in the fashion to choose me a husband. O me, the word choose ! I may neither choose whom I would nor refuse whom I dislike ; so is the will of a living daughter curb'd by the will of a dead father. Is it not hard, Nerissa, that I cannot choose one nor refuse none ?

Ner. Your father was ever virtuous ; and holy men at their death have good inspirations : therefore the lottery, that he hath devis'd in these three chests of gold, silver and lead, whereof who chooses his meaning chooses you, will, no doubt, never be chosen by any rightly but one who you shall rightly love. But what warmth is there in your affection towards any of these princely suitors that are already come ?

30

Por. I pray thee, over-name them ; and as thou namest them, I will describe them ; and, according to my description, level at my affection.

Ner. First, there is the Neapolitan prince.

Por. Ay, that's a colt indeed, for he doth nothing but talk of his horse ; and he makes it a great appropriation to his own good parts, that he can shoe him himself. I am much afraid my lady his mother played false with a smith.

Ner. Then there is the County Palatine.

39

Por. He doth nothing but frown, as who should say " If you will not have me, choose : " he hears merry tales and smiles not : I fear he will prove the weeping philosopher when he grows old, being so full of unmannerly sadness in his youth. I had rather be married to a death's-head with a bone in his mouth than to either of these. God defend me from these two !

Ner. How say you by the French lord, Monsieur Le Bon ?

Por. God made him, and therefore let him pass for a man.

³⁰ *County Palatine.* A count palatine was a noble officer, who exercised royal authority within his county or province ; the same as *palsgrave* in German.

⁴² *weeping philosopher* : that is, Heraclitus.

In truth, I know it is a sin to be a mocker : but, he ! why, he hath a horse better than the Neapolitan's, a better bad habit of frowning than the Count Palatine ; he is every man in no man ; if a throstle sing, he falls straight a cap'ring : he will fence with his own shadow : if I should marry him, I should marry twenty husbands. If he would despise me, I would forgive him, for if he love me to madness, I shall never requite him.

Ner. What say you, then, to Falconbridge, the young baron of England ?

Por. You know I say nothing to him, for he understands not me, nor I him : he hath neither Latin, French, nor Italian, and you will come into the court and swear that I have a poor pennyworth in the English. He is a proper man's picture, but, alas, who can converse with a dumb-show ? How oddly he is suited ! I think he bought his doublet in Italy, his round hose in France, his bonnet in Germany and his behaviour every where.

Ner. What think you of the Scottish lord, his neighbour ?

Por. That he hath a neighbourly charity in him, for he borrowed a box of the ear of the Englishman and swore he would pay him again when he was able : I think the Frenchman became his surety and seal'd under for another.

Ner. How like you the young German, the Duke of Saxony's nephew ?

Por. Very vilely in the morning, when he is sober, and most vilely in the afternoon, when he is drunk : when he is best, he is a little worse than a man, and when he is worst, he is little better than a beast : an the worst fall that ever fell, I hope I shall make shift to go without him.

Ner. If he should offer to choose, and choose the right casket, you should refuse to perform your father's will, if you should refuse to accept him.

Por. Therefore, for fear of the worst, I pray thee, set a deep glass of rhenish wine on the contrary casket, for if the Devil be within and that temptation without, I know he will choose it. I will do anything, Nerissa, ere I'll be married to a sponge. 82

Ner. You need not fear, lady, the having any of these lords : they have acquainted me with their determinations ; which is, indeed, to return to their home and to trouble you with no more suit, unless you may be won by some other sort than your father's imposition depending on the caskets.

Por. If I live to be as old as Sibylla, I will die as chaste as Diana, unless I be obtained by the manner of my father's will. I am glad this parcel of wooers are so reasonable, for there is

⁸⁰ *proper man* = handsome, well-made man.

⁸¹ *sort* = chance, lot.

⁸² *Sibylla* : not a proper name ; merely Latin for the Sibyl. *chaste as Diana* : a common misuse of the word. Diana was no chaster than our wives and mothers.

not one among them but I dote on his very absence, and I pray God grant them a fair departure.

Ner. Do you not remember, lady, in your father's time, a Venetian, a scholar and a soldier, that came hither in company of the Marquis of Montferrat?

Por. Yes, yes, it was Bassanio, — as I think, so was he called.

Ner. True, madam: he, of all the men that ever my foolish eyes look'd upon, was the best deserving a fair lady.

Por. I remember him well, and I remember him worthy of thy praise.

100

Enter a Serving-Man.

Serv. The four strangers seek for you, madam, to take their leave: and there is a forerunner come from a fifth, the Prince of Morocco, who brings word the Prince his master will be here to-night.

Por. If I could bid the fifth welcome with so good a heart as I can bid the other four farewell, I should be glad of his approach: if he had the condition of a saint and the complexion of a devil, I had rather he should shrive me than wive me.

Come, Nerissa. Sirrah, go before.

109

While we shut the gates upon one wooer, another knocks at the door.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. Venice. A public place.

Enter BASSANIO and SHYLOCK.

Shy. Three thousand ducats; well.

Bass. Ay, sir, for three months.

Shy. For three months; well.

Bass. For the which, as I told you, Antonio shall be bound.

Shy. Antonio shall become bound; well.

Bass. May you stead me? will you pleasure me? shall I know your answer?

Shy. Three thousand ducats for three months and Antonio bound.

Bass. Your answer to that.

10

Shy. Antonio is a good man.

Bass. Have you heard any imputation to the contrary?

Shy. Oh, no, no, no, no: my meaning in saying he is a good man is to have you understand me that he is sufficient. Yet his means are in supposition: he hath an argosy bound to Tripolis, another to the Indies; I understand, moreover, upon the Rialto, he hath a third at Mexico, a fourth for England, and other

Enter a Serving-Man. Here the quarto copies make Portia exclaim, "How now! What news?"

¹ *ducats.* A ducat was of about 4s. 8d., or one dollar, in value.

¹⁶ *Rialto*: supposed to be a contraction of *riva alta*=high shore. It was a bridge used as an exchange.

ventures he hath, squand'red abroad. But ships are but boards, sailors but men: there be land-rats and water-rats, water-thieves and land-thieves, I mean pirates, and then there is the peril of waters, winds and rocks. The man is, notwithstanding, sufficient. Three thousand ducats; I think I may take his bond.

Bass. Be assured you may.

Shy. I will be assured I may; and, that I may be assured, I will bethink me. May I speak with Antonio?

Bass. If it please you to dine with us.

Shy. Yes, to smell pork; to eat of the habitation which your prophet the Nazarite conjured the devil into. I will buy with you, sell with you, talk with you, walk with you, and so following; but I will not eat with you, drink with you, nor pray with you. What news on the Rialto? Who is he comes here? 31

Enter ANTONIO.

Bass. This is Signior Antonio.

Shy. [*Aside.*] How like a fawning publican he looks! I hate him for he is a Christian, But more for that in low simplicity He lends out money gratis and brings down The rate of usance here with us in Venice. If I can catch him once upon the hip, I will feed fat the ancient grudge I bear him. He hates our sacred nation, and he rails, 40 Even there where merchants most do congregate, On me, my bargains and my well-won thrift, Which he calls interest. Cursed be my tribe, If I forgive him!

Bass. Shylock, do you hear?

Shy. I am debating of my present store, And, by the near guess of my memory, I cannot instantly raise up the gross Of full three thousand ducats. What of that? Tubal, a wealthy Hebrew of my tribe, Will furnish me. But soft! how many months 50 Do you desire? [*To Ant.*] Rest you fair, good signior; Your worship was the last man in our mouths.

Ant. Shylock, although I neither lend nor borrow By taking nor by giving of excess, Yet, to supply the ripe wants of my friend, I'll break a custom. Is he yet possess'd How much ye would?

¹⁸ *squand'red* = scattered.

³³ *fawning publican*: a strange and either heedless or ignorant use of *publican*; publicans were oppressors. That Shylock means an inn-keeper is hardly possible.

³⁷ *usance* — *interest*. All interest for money was called usury in S.'s day.

³⁸ *upon the hip*: a wrestler's phrase.

Shy. Ay, ay, three thousand ducats.

Ant. And for three months.

Shy. I had forgot ; three months ; you told me so.
Well then, your bond ; and let me see ; but hear you ;
Methought you said you neither lend nor borrow
Upon advantage. 60

Ant. I do never use it.

Shy. When Jacob graz'd his uncle Laban's sheep —
This Jacob from our holy Abram was,
As his wise mother wrought in his behalf,
The third possessor ; ay, he was the third —

Ant. And what of him ? did he take interest ?

Shy. No, not take interest, not, as you would say,
Directly interest : mark what Jacob did.
When Laban and himself were compromis'd
That all the eanlings which were streak'd and pied 70
Should fall as Jacob's hire, the ewes, being rank,
In the end of autumn turned to the rams,
And, when the work of generation was
Between these woolly breeders in the act,
The skilful shepherd peel'd me certain wands
And, in the doing of the deed of kind,
He stuck them up before the fulsome ewes,
Who then conceiving did in eaning time
Fall parti-colour'd lambs, and those were Jacob's. 80
This was a way to thrive, and he was blest :
And thrift is blessing, if men steal it not.

Ant. This was a venture, sir, that Jacob serv'd for ;
A thing not in his power to bring to pass,
But sway'd and fashion'd by the hand of Heaven.
Was this inserted to make interest good ?
Or is your gold and silver ewes and rams ?

Shy. I cannot tell ; I make it breed as fast :
But note me, signior.

Ant. Mark you this, Bassanio,
The Devil can cite Scripture for his purpose.
An evil soul producing holy witness 90
Is like a villain with a smiling cheek,
A goodly apple rotten at the heart :
O, what a goodly outside falsehood hath !

Shy. Three thousand ducats ; 't is a good round sum.
Three months from twelve ; then, let me see ; the rate —

Ant. Well, Shylock, shall we be beholding to you ?

Shy. Signior Antonio, many a time and oft

⁷⁰ *compromis'd* = bound, promised to each other.

⁷¹ *eanlings* = lambs just brought forth or eaned.

In the Rialto you have rated me
 About my moneys and my usances :
 Still have I borne it with a patient shrug,
 For sufferance is the badge of all our tribe.
 You call me misbeliever, cut-throat dog,
 And spet upon my Jewish gaberdine,
 And all for use of that which is mine own.
 Well then, it now appears you need my help :
 Go to, then ; you come to me, and you say
 " Shylock, we would have moneys : " you say so ;
 You, that did void your rheum upon my beard
 And foot me as you spurn a stranger cur
 Over your threshold : moneys is your suit.
 What should I say to you ? Should I not say
 " Hath a dog money ? is it possible
 A cur can lend three thousand ducats ? " Or
 Shall I bend low and in a bondman's key,
 With bated breath and whispering humbleness,
 Say this ;
 " Fair sir, you spet on me on Wednesday last ;
 You spurn'd me such a day ; another time
 You call'd me dog ; and for these courtesies
 I'll lend you thus much moneys " ?

100

110

120

Ant. I am as like to call thee so again,
 To spit on thee again, to spurn thee too.
 If thou wilt lend this money, lend it not
 As to thy friends ; for when did friendship take
 A breed for barren metal of his friend ?
 But lend it rather to thine enemy,
 Who, if he break, thou mayst with better face
 Exact the penalty.

Shy. Why, look you, how you storm !
 I would be friends with you and have your love,
 Forget the shames that you have stain'd me with,
 Supply your present wants and take no doit
 Of usance for my moneys, and you'll not hear me :
 This is kind I offer.

130

Cringi-

Bass. This were kindness.

Shy. This kindness will I show.

Go with me to a notary, seal me there
 Your single bond ; and, in a merry sport,
 If you repay me not on such a day,
 In such a place, such sum or sums as are
 Express'd in the condition, let the forfeit.

140

¹⁰⁴ *spet* = did spit : old form. *gaberdine* : a long, coarse, frock-like garment.

¹³² *doit* : an old German coin, worth about half a farthing.

Be nominated for an equal pound
Of your fair flesh, to be cut off and taken
In what part of your body pleaseth me.

Ant. Content, i' faith: I'll seal to such a bond
And say there is much kindness in the Jew.

Bass. You shall not seal to such a bond for me:
I'll rather dwell in my necessity.

Ant. Why, fear not, man; I will not forfeit it:
Within these two months, that's a month before
This bond expires, I do expect return
Of thrice three times the value of this bond.

150

Shy. O father Abram, what these Christians are,
Whose own hard dealings teaches them suspect
The thoughts of others! Pray you, tell me this;
If he should break his day, what should I gain
By the exaction of the forfeiture?

A pound of man's flesh taken from a man

Is not so estimable, profitable neither,

As flesh of muttons, beefs, or goats. I say,

To buy his favour, I extend this friendship:

160

If he will take it, so; if not, adieu;

And, for my love, I pray you wrong me not.

Ant. Yes, Shylock, I will seal unto this bond.

Shy. Then meet me forthwith at the notary's;
Give him direction for this merry bond,
And I will go and purse the ducats straight,
See to my house, left in the fearful guard
Of an unthrifty knave, and presently
I will be with you.

169

Ant. Hie thee, gentle Jew.

[Exit Shylock.]

The Hebrew will turn Christian: he grows kind.

Bass. I like not fair terms and a villain's mind.

Ant. Come on: in this there can be no dismay;
My ships come home a month before the day.

[Exeunt.]

ACT II.

SCENE I. Belmont. A room in PORTIA'S house.

Flourish of cornets. Enter the PRINCE OF MOROCCO and his train; PORTIA, NERISSA, and others attending.

Mor. Mislike me not for my complexion,
The shadow'd livery of the burnish'd sun,

¹⁵³ *hard dealings teaches them suspect.* A fine example of S.'s heedlessness as to grammar.

¹⁶⁵ *merry bond.* S. found this application of *merry* (which Shylock makes before) in the old ballad of *Gernutus*, where the Jew uses it exactly so.

To whom I am a neighbour and near bred.
 Bring me the fairest creature northward born,
 Where Phœbus' fire scarce thaws the icicles,
 And let us make incision for your love,
 To prove whose blood is reddest, his or mine.
 I tell thee, lady, this aspect of mine
 Hath fear'd the valiant : by my love, I swear
 The best-regarded virgins of our clime
 Have lov'd it too : I would not change this hue,
 Except to steal your thoughts, my gentle queen.

10

Por. In terms of choice I am not solely led
 By nice direction of a maiden's eyes ;
 Besides, the lottery of my destiny
 Bars me the right of voluntary choosing :
 But if my father had not scanted me
 And hedg'd me by his wit, to yield myself
 His wife who wins me by that means I told you,
 Yourself, renowned Prince, then stood as fair
 As any comer I have look'd on yet
 For my affection.

20

Mor. Even for that I thank you :
 Therefore, I pray you, lead me to the caskets
 To try my fortune. By this scimitar
 That slew the Sophy and a Persian prince
 That won three fields of Sultan Solyman,
 I would outstare the sternest eyes that look,
 Outbrave the heart most daring on the earth,
 Pluck the young sucking cubs from the she-bear,
 Yea, mock the lion when he roars for prey,
 To win thee, lady. But, alas the while !
 If Hercules and Lichas play at dice
 Which is the better man, the greater throw
 May turn by fortune from the weaker hand :
 So is Alcides beaten by his page ;
 And so may I, blind fortune leading me,
 Miss that which one unworthier may attain,
 And die with grieving.

30

Por. You must take your chance,
 And either not attempt to choose at all,
 Or swear before you choose, if you choose wrong
 Never to speak to lady afterward
 In way of marriage : therefore be advis'd.

40

⁸ *aspect.* Always with the accent on the second syllable.

⁹ *fear'd* = caused to fear.

¹⁴ *nice* = fastidious.

²⁵ *Sophy* = Sufi, the King of Persia.

³² *Lichas.* The name of the attendant who took Hercules the poisoned shirt from Dejanira.

Mor. Nor will not. Come, bring me unto my chance.

Por. First, forward to the temple : after dinner
Your hazard shall be made.

Mor. Good fortune then !

To make me blest or curs'd 'st among men. [Cornets, and exeunt.]

SCENE II. Venice. A street.

Enter LAUNCELOT.

Laun. Certainly my conscience will serve me to run from this Jew my master. The fiend is at mine elbow and tempts me, saying to me "Gobbo, Launcelot Gobbo, good Launcelot," or "good Gobbo," or "good Launcelot Gobbo, use your legs, take the start, run away." My conscience says "No ; take heed, honest Launcelot ; take heed, honest Gobbo," or, as afore-said, "honest Launcelot Gobbo ; do not run ; scorn running with thy heels." Well, the most courageous fiend bids me pack : "Via !" says the fiend ; "away !" says the fiend ; "for the heavens, rouse up a brave mind," says the fiend, "and run." Well, my conscience, hanging about the neck of my heart, says very wisely to me "My honest friend Launcelot, being an honest man's son," or rather an honest woman's son ; for, indeed, my father did something smack, something grow to, he had a kind of taste, — well, my conscience says "Launcelot, budge not." "Budge," says the fiend. "Budge not," says my conscience. "Conscience," say I, "you counsel well ;" "Fiend," say I, "you counsel well : " to be rul'd by my conscience, I should stay with the Jew my master, who, God bless the mark, is a kind of devil ; and, to run away from the Jew, I should be rul'd by the fiend, who, saving your reverence, is the Devil himself. Certainly the Jew is the very devil incarnation ; and, in my conscience, my conscience is but a kind of hard conscience, to offer to counsel me to stay with the Jew. The fiend gives the more friendly counsel : I will run, fiend ; my heels are at your command ; I will run.

Enter Old GOBBO, with a basket.

Gob. Master young man, you, I pray you, which is the way to master Jew's ?

Laun. [*Aside.*] O heavens, this is my true-begotten father ! who, being more than sand-blind, high-gravel blind, knows me not : I will try confusions with him.

Gob. Master young gentleman, I pray you, which is the way to master Jew's ? 31

Laun. Turn up on your right hand at the next turning, but at the next turning of all, on your left ; marry at the very next

⁹ *Via* = away. (Ital.) for the heavens = for heaven's sake.

turning, turn of no hand, but turn down indirectly to the Jew's house.

Gob. By God's *sonties*, 't will be a hard way to hit. Can you tell me whether one Launcelot, that dwells with him, dwell with him or no? 40

Laun. Talk you of young Master Launcelot? [*Aside.*] Mark me now; now will I raise the waters. Talk you of young Master Launcelot?

Gob. No master, sir, but a poor man's son: his father, though I say 't, is an honest exceeding poor man and, God be thanked, well to live.

Laun. Well, let his father be what a' will, we talk of young Master Launcelot.

Gob. Your worship's friend and Launcelot, sir. 49

Laun. But I pray you, ergo, old man, ergo, I beseech you, talk you of young Master Launcelot.

Gob. Of Launcelot, an 't please your mastership.

Laun. Ergo, Master Launcelot. Talk not of Master Launcelot, father; for the young gentleman, according to Fates and Destinies and such odd sayings, the Sisters Three and such branches of learning, is indeed deceased, or, as you would say in plain terms, gone to heaven.

Gob. Marry, God forbid! the boy was the very staff of my age, my very prop. 59

Laun. Do I look like a cudgel or a hovel-post, a staff or a prop? Do you know me, father?

Gob. Alack the day, I know you not, young gentleman; but I pray you, tell me, is my boy, God rest his soul, alive or dead?

Laun. Do you not know me, father?

Gob. Alack, sir, I am sand-blind; I know you not.

Laun. Nay, indeed, if you had your eyes, you might fail of the knowing me: it is a wise father that knows his own child. Well, old man, I will tell you news of your son: give me your blessing: truth will come to light; murder cannot be hid long; a man's son may, but at the length truth will out. 70

Gob. Pray you, sir, stand up: I am sure you are not Launcelot, my boy.

Laun. Pray you, let's have no more fooling about it, but give me your blessing: I am Launcelot, your boy that was, your son that is, your child that shall be.

Gob. I cannot think you are my son.

Laun. I know not what I shall think of that: but I am Launcelot, the Jew's man, and I am sure Margery your wife is my mother. 79

Gob. Her name is Margery, indeed: I'll be sworn, if thou be

⁸⁸ *sonties*: supposed to be a corruption of sanctities; but I suspect a grosser meaning.

Launcelot, thou art mine own flesh and blood. Lord worshipp'd might he be! what a beard hast thou got! thou hast got more hair on thy chin than Dobbin my fill-horse has on his tail.

Laun. It should seem, then, that Dobbin's tail grows backward: I am sure he had more hair of his tail than I have of my face when I last saw him.

Gob. Lord, how art thou chang'd! How dost thou and thy master agree? I have brought him a present. How 'gree you now?

89

Laun. Well, well: but, for mine own part, as I have set up my rest to run away, so I will not rest till I have run some ground. My master's a very Jew: give him a present! give him a halter: I am famish'd in his service; you may tell every finger I have with my ribs. Father, I am glad you are come: give me your present to one Master Bassanio, who, indeed, gives rare new liveries: if I serve not him, I will run as far as God has any ground. O rare fortune! here comes the man: to him, father; for I am a Jew, if I serve the Jew any longer.

98

Enter BASSANIO, with LEONARDO and other followers.

Bass. You may do so; but let it be so hasted that supper be ready at the farthest by five of the clock. See these letters delivered; put the liveries to making, and desire Gratiano to come anon to my lodging.

[Exit a Servant.]

Laun. To him, father.

Gob. God bless your worship!

Bass. Gramercy! wouldst thou aught with me?

Gob. Here's my son, sir, a poor boy, —

Laun. Not a poor boy, sir, but the rich Jew's man; that would, sir, as my father shall specify —

Gob. He hath a great infection, sir, as one would say, to serve —

110

Laun. Indeed, the short and the long is, I serve the Jew, and have a desire, as my father shall specify —

Gob. His master and he, saving your worship's reverence, are scarce cater-cousins —

Laun. To be brief, the very truth is that the Jew, having done me wrong, doth cause me, as my father, being, I hope, an old man, shall frutify unto you —

Gob. I have here a dish of doves that I would bestow upon your worship, and my suit is —

119

Laun. In very brief, the suit is impertinent to myself, as your worship shall know by this honest old man; and, though I say it, though old man, yet poor man, my father.

Bass. One speak for both. What would you?

⁸³ *fill-horse* = thill-horse; the horse in the thills or shafts.

⁹⁰ *set up my rest* = a gaming phrase, meaning "staked my whole hand."

¹¹⁴ *cater-cousins*. The meaning of this phrase is unknown.

Laun. Serve you, sir.

Gob. That is the very defect of the matter, sir.

Bass. I know thee well; thou hast obtain'd thy suit:

Shylock thy master spoke with me this day,

And hath prefer'd thee, if it be preferment

To leave a rich Jew's service, to become

The follower of so poor a gentleman.

130

Laun. The old proverb is very well parted between my master Shylock and you, sir: you have the grace of God, sir, and he hath enough.

Bass. Thou speak'st it well. Go, father, with thy son.

Take leave of thy old master and inquire

My lodging out. Give him a livery

More guarded than his fellows': see it done.

Laun. Father, in. I cannot get a service, no; I have ne'er a tongue in my head. [*Looks on his palm.*] Well, if any man in Italy have a fairer table, which doth offer to swear upon a book! I shall have good fortune. Go to, here's a simple line of life: here's a small trifle of wives: alas, fifteen wives is nothing! eleven widows and nine maids is a simple coming-in for one man: and then to 'scape drowning thrice, and to be in peril of my life with the edge of a feather-bed; here are simple scapes. Well, if Fortune be a woman, she's a good wench for this gear. Father, come; I'll take my leave of the Jew in the twinkling of an eye.

[*Exeunt Launcelot and old Gobbo.*]

Bass. I pray thee, good Leonardo, think on this:

These things being bought and orderly bestow'd,

150

Return in haste, for I do feast to-night

My best-esteem'd acquaintance: hie thee, go.

Leon. My best endeavours shall be done herein.

Enter GRATIANO.

Gra. Where is your master?

Leon.

Yonder, sir, he walks. [*Exit.*]

Gra. Signior Bassanio!

Bass. Gratiano!

Gra. I have a suit to you.

Bass.

You have obtain'd it.

Gra. You must not deny me: I must go with you to Belmont.

Bass. Why, then you must. But hear thee, Gratiano; 160

Thou art too wild, too rude and bold of voice;

Parts that become thee happily enough

And in such eyes as ours appear not faults;

But where thou art not known, why, there they show

¹³¹ *The old proverb: that is, "the grace of God is gear enough."*

¹³⁷ *guarded = laced on the edges and seams.*

Something too liberal. Pray thee, take pain
To allay with some cold drops of modesty
Thy skipping spirit, lest through thy wild behaviour
I be misconster'd in the place I go to
And lose my hopes.

Gra. Signior Bassanio, hear me :
If I do not put on a sober habit,
Talk with respect and swear but now and then,
Wear prayer-books in my pocket, look demurely,
Nay more, while grace is saying, hood mine eyes
Thus with my hat, and sigh and say Amen,
Use all the observance of civility,
Like one well studied in a sad ostent
To please his grandam, never trust me more.

170

Bass. Well, we shall see your bearing.

Gra. Nay, but I bar to-night : you shall not gauge me
By what we do to-night.

Bass. No, that were pity :
I would entreat you rather to put on
Your boldest suit of mirth, for we have friends
That purpose merriment. But fare you well :
I have some business.

180

Gra. And I must to Lorenzo and the rest :
But we will visit you at supper-time.

[Exeunt.]

SCENE III. *The same. A room in SHYLOCK'S house.*

Enter JESSICA and LAUNCELOT.

Jes. I am sorry thou wilt leave my father so :
Our house is hell, and thou, a merry devil,
Didst rob it of some taste of tediousness.
But fare thee well, there is a ducat for thee :
And, Launcelot, soon at supper shalt thou see
Lorenzo, who is thy new master's guest :
Give him this letter ; do it secretly ;
And so farewell : I would not have my father
See me in talk with thee.

9

Laun. Adieu ! tears exhibit my tongue. Most beautiful
pagan, most sweet Jew ! if a Christian did not play the knave
and get thee, I am much deceived. But, adieu : these foolish
drops do something drown my manly spirit : adieu.

Jes. Farewell, good Launcelot.
Alack, what heinous sin is it in me
To be ashamed to be my father's child !

[Exit Launcelot.]

¹⁶⁵ liberal = free.

¹⁶⁶ misconster'd = misconstrued ; thus pronounced and thus spelled in S.'s day.

¹⁷³ hood mine eyes. It was the fashion in S.'s day to wear the hat at table.

But though I am a daughter to his blood,
 I am not to his manners. O Lorenzo,
 If thou keep promise, I shall end this strife,
 Become a Christian and thy loving wife.

19
 [Exit.

SCENE IV. *The same. A street.*

Enter GRATIANO, LORENZO, SALARINO, and SALANIO.

Lor. Nay, we will slink away in supper-time,
 Disguise us at my lodging and return,
 All in an hour.

Gra. We have not made good preparation.

Salar. We have not spoke us yet of torch-bearers.

Salan. 'T is vile, unless it may be quaintly order'd,
 And better in my mind not undertook.

Lor. 'T is now but four o'clock : we have two hours
 To furnish us.

Enter LAUNCELOT, with a letter.

Friend Launcelot, what's the news?

9

Laun. An it shall please you to break up this, it shall seem
 to signify.

Lor. I know the hand : in faith, 't is a fair hand ;
 And whiter than the paper it writ on
 Is the fair hand that writ.

Gra. Love-news, in faith.

Laun. By your leave, sir.

Lor. Whither goest thou?

Laun. Marry, sir, to bid my old master the Jew to sup to-
 night with my new master the Christian.

Lor. Hold, here, take this : tell gentle Jessica
 I will not fail her ; speak it privately.

[Exit Launcelot.

Go, gentlemen,

Will you prepare you for this masque to night?

I am provided of a torch-bearer.

Salar. Ay, marry, I'll be gone about it straight.

Salan. And so will I.

Lor. Meet me and Gratiano
 At Gratiano's lodging some hour hence.

Salar. 'T is good we do so. [Exeunt Salar. and Salan.

Gra. Was not that letter from fair Jessica?

Lor. I must needs tell thee all. She hath directed
 How I shall take her from her father's house,
 What gold and jewels she is furnish'd with,
 What page's suits she hath in readiness.

30

¹⁰ break up = open.

²³ provided of = provided with. (O. E.)

If e'er the Jew her father come to heaven,
 It will be for his gentle daughter's sake :
 And never dare misfortune cross her foot,
 Unless she do it under this excuse,
 That she is issue to a faithless Jew.
 Come, go with me ; peruse this as thou goest :
 Fair Jessica shall be my torch-bearer.

[*Exeunt.*]SCENE V. *The same. Before SHYLOCK'S house.**Enter SHYLOCK and LAUNCELOT.*

Shy. Well, thou shalt see, thy eyes shall be thy judge,
 The difference of old Shylock and Bassanio : —
 What, Jessica ! — thou shalt not gormandise,
 As thou hast done with me : — What, Jessica ! —
 And sleep and snore, and rend apparel out ; —
 Why, Jessica, I say !

Laun. Why, Jessica !

Shy. Who bids thee call ? I do not bid thee call.

Laun. Your worship was wont to tell me that I could do nothing without bidding.

Enter JESSICA.

Jes. Call you ? what is your will ?

10

Shy. I am bid forth to supper, Jessica :
 There are my keys. But wherefore should I go ?
 I am not bid for love ; they flatter me :
 But yet I 'll go in hate, to feed upon
 The prodigal Christian. Jessica, my girl,
 Look to my house. I am right loath to go :
 There is some ill a-brewing towards my rest,
 For I did dream of money-bags to-night.

Laun. I beseech you, sir, go : my young master doth expect your reproach.

20

Shy. So do I his.

Laun. An they have conspired together, I will not say you shall see a masque ; but if you do, then it was not for nothing that my nose fell a-bleeding on Black-Monday last at six o'clock i' the morning, falling out that year on Ash-Wednesday was four year, in the afternoon.

Shy. What, are there masques ? Hear you me, Jessica :
 Lock up my doors ; and when you hear the drum
 And the vile squealing of the wry-neck'd fife,
 Clamber not you up to the casements then,

30

²⁴ *Black-Monday* : Easter Monday ; so called because of the calamities which befell the army of Edward III., before Paris, on that day, A. D. 1360.

²⁵ *wry-neck'd fife*. The old fife was blown with a crooked mouth-piece.

Nor thrust your head into the public street
 To gaze on Christian fools with varnish'd faces,
 But stop my house's ears, I mean my casements :
 Let not the sound of shallow foppery enter
 My sober house. By Jacob's staff, I swear,
 I have no mind of feasting forth to-night :
 But I will go. Go you before me, sirrah ;
 Say I will come.

Laun. I will go before, sir. Mistress, look out at window,
 for all this ; 40

There will come a Christian by,
 Will be worth a Jewess' eye. [Exit.

Shy. What says that fool of Hagar's offspring, ha ?

Jes. His words were " Farewell mistress ; " nothing else.

Shy. The patch is kind enough, but a huge feeder ;
 Snail-slow in profit, and he sleeps by day
 More than the wild-cat : drones hive not with me ;
 Therefore I part with him, and part with him
 To one that I would have him help to waste
 His borrow'd purse. Well, Jessica, go in : 50
 Perhaps I will return immediately :
 Do as I bid you ; shut doors after you :
 Fast bind, fast find ;

A proverb never stale in thrifty mind. {Exit.

Jes. Farewell ; and if my fortune be not crost,
 I have a father, you a daughter, lost. [Exit.

SCENE VI. The same.

Enter GRATIANO and SALARINO, masqued

Gra. This is the pent-house under which Lorenzo
 Desir'd us to make stand.

Salar. His hour is almost past.

Gra. And it is marvel he out-dwells his hour,
 For lovers ever run before the clock.

Salar. O, ten times faster Venus' pigeons fly
 To seal love's bonds new-made, than they are wont
 To keep obliged faith unforfeited !

Gra. That ever holds : who riseth from a feast
 With that keen appetite that he sits down ?
 Where is the horse that doth untread again 10
 His tedious measures with the unbated fire
 That he did pace them first ? All things that are,
 Are with more spirit chased than enjoy'd.

⁹ that he sits down : that is, sits down with, — S.'s habitual heedlessness, here and in the next sentence.

How like a younker or a prodigal
 The scarfed bark puts from her native bay,
 Hugg'd and embraced by the strumpet wind!
 How like the prodigal doth she return,
 With over-weather'd ribs and ragged sails,
 Lean, rent and beggar'd by the strumpet wind!

Salar. Here comes Lorenzo: more of this hereafter.

20

Enter LORENZO.

Lor. Sweet friends, your patience for my long abode;
 Not I, but my affairs, have made you wait:
 When you shall please to play the thieves for wives,
 I'll watch as long for you then. Approach;
 Here dwells my father Jew. Ho! who's within?

Enter JESSICA, above, in boy's clothes.

Jes. Who are you? Tell me, for more certainty,
 Albeit I'll swear that I do know your tongue.

Lor. Lorenzo, and thy love.

Jes. Lorenzo, certain, and my love indeed,
 For who love I so much? And now who knows
 But you, Lorenzo, whether I am yours?

30

Lor. Heaven and thy thoughts are witness that thou art.

Jes. Here, catch this casket; it is worth the pains.
 I am glad 't is night, you do not look on me,
 For I am much asham'd of my exchange:
 But love is blind and lovers cannot see
 The pretty follies that themselves commit;
 For if they could, Cupid himself would blush
 To see me thus transformed to a boy.

Lor. Descend, for you must be my torch-bearer.

40

Jes. What, must I hold a candle to my shames?
 They in themselves, good sooth, are too too light.
 Why, 't is an office of discovery, love;
 And I should be obscur'd.

Lor. So are you, sweet,
 Even in the lovely garnish of a boy.
 But come at once;

For the close night doth play the runaway,
 And we are stay'd for at Bassanio's feast.

Jes. I will make fast the doors, and gild myself
 With some more ducats, and be with you straight.

49

[Exit above.]

Gra. Now, by my hood, a Gentile and no Jew.

Lor. Beshrew me but I love her heartily;
 For she is wise, if I can judge of her,

¹⁵ *scarfed* = decked with flags

⁵¹ *by my hood*: this strange oath, which seems to have meant by myself, by my manhood, was not uncommon. It occurs in Drayton's *Eclogues*, and in Chaucer's *Troilus and Cressida*, and also in his *Legend of Good Women*.

And fair she is, if that mine eyes be true,
 And true she is, as she hath prov'd herself,
 And therefore, like herself, wise, fair and true,
 Shall she be placed in my constant soul.

Enter JESSICA, below.

What, art thou come? On, gentlemen; away!
 Our masquing mates by this time for us stay.

[Exit with Jessica and Salarino.

Enter ANTONIO.

Ant. Who's there?

60

Gra. Signior Antonio!

Ant. Fie, fie, Gratiano! where are all the rest?
 'T is nine o'clock: our friends all stay for you.
 No masque to-night: the wind is come about;
 Bassanio presently will go aboard:
 I have sent twenty out to seek for you.

Gra. I am glad on 't: I desire no more delight
 Than to be under sail and gone to-night.

[Exeunt.

SCENE VII. *Belmont. A room in PORTIA'S house.*

Flourish of cornets. Enter PORTIA with the PRINCE OF MOROCCO, and their trains.

Por. Go draw aside the curtains and discover
 The several caskets to this noble prince.
 Now make your choice.

Mor. The first, of gold, who this inscription bears,
 "Who chooseth me shall gain what many men desire;"
 The second, silver, which this promise carries,
 "Who chooseth me shall get as much as he deserves;"
 This third, dull lead, with warning all as blunt,
 "Who chooseth me must give and hazard all he hath."
 How shall I know if I do choose the right?

10

Por. The one of them contains my picture, Prince:
 If you choose that, then I am yours withal.

Mor. Some god direct my judgement! Let me see;
 I will survey the inscriptions back again.
 What says this leaden casket?

"Who chooseth me must give and hazard all he hath."
 Must give: for what? for lead? hazard for lead?
 This casket threatens. Men that hazard all
 Do it in hope of fair advantages:

A golden mind stoops not to shows of dross;
 I'll then nor give nor hazard aught for lead.
 What says the silver with her virgin hue?

20

⁴ *who this, etc.* *Who* and *which* were used interchangeably: "Our Father which art in heaven."

"Who chooseth me shall get as much as he deserves."
 As much as he deserves! Pause there, Morocco,
 And weigh thy value with an even hand:
 If thou be'st rated by thy estimation,
 Thou dost deserve enough; and yet enough
 May not extend so far as to the lady:
 And yet to be afeard of my deserving
 Were but a weak disabling of myself.
 As much as I deserve! Why, that's the lady:
 I do in birth deserve her, and in fortunes,
 In graces and in qualities of breeding;
 But more than these, in love I do deserve.
 What if I stray'd no further, but chose here?
 Let's see once more this saying grav'd in gold;
 "Who chooseth me shall gain what many men desire."
 Why, that's the lady; all the world desires her;
 From the four corners of the earth they come,
 To kiss this shrine, this mortal-breathing saint:
 The Hyrcanian deserts and the vasty wilds
 Of wide Arabia are as throughfares now
 For princes to come view fair Portia:
 The watery kingdom, whose ambitious head
 Spits in the face of heaven, is no bar
 To stop the foreign spirits, but they come,
 As o'er a brook, to see fair Portia.
 One of these three contains her heavenly picture.
 Is't like that lead contains her? 'T were damnation
 To think so base a thought: it were too gross
 To rib her cerecloth in the obscure grave.
 Or shall I think in silver she's immur'd,
 Being ten times undervalu'd to tri'd gold?
 O sinful thought! Never so rich a gem
 Was set in worse than gold. They have in England
 A coin that bears the figure of an angel
 Stamped in gold, but that's inculp'd upon;
 But here an angel in a golden bed
 Lies all within. Deliver me the key:
 Here do I choose, and thrive I as I may!

Por. There, take it, Prince; and if my form lie there,
 Then I am yours.

[*He unlocks the golden casket*]

Mor. O hell! what have we here?
 A carrion Death within whose empty eye
 There is a written scroll! I'll read the writing.

[Reads.] All that glisters is not gold;
 Often have you heard that told:

²¹ *cerecloth*: a waxed cloth, in which dead bodies were wrapped.

Many a man his life hath sold
 But my outside to behold :
 Gilded tombs do worms infold.
 Had you been as wise as bold,
 Young in limbs, in judgement old,
 Your answer had not been inscroll'd :
 Fare you well ; your suit is cold.

70

Cold, indeed ; and labour lost :

Then, farewell, heat, and welcome, frost !

Portia, adieu. I have too griev'd a heart
 To take a tedious leave : thus losers part.

[*Exit with his train. Flourish of cornets.*]

Por. A gentle riddance. Draw the curtains, go.
 Let all of his complexion choose me so.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE VIII. *Venice. A street.*

Enter SALARINO and SALANIO.

Salar. Why, man, I saw Bassanio under sail :
 With him is Gratiano gone along ;
 And in their ship I am sure Lorenzo is not.

Salan. The villain Jew with outcries rais'd the Duke,
 Who went with him to search Bassanio's ship.

Salar. He came too late, the ship was under sail :
 But there the Duke was given to understand
 That in a gondola were seen together
 Lorenzo and his amorous Jessica :
 Besides, Antonio certified the Duke
 They were not with Bassanio in his ship.

10

Salan. I never heard a passion so confus'd,
 So strange, outrageous, and so variable,
 As the dog Jew did utter in the streets :
 " My daughter ! O my ducats ! O my daughter !
 Fled with a Christian ! O my Christian ducats !
 Justice ! the law ! my ducats, and my daughter !
 A sealed bag, two sealed bags of ducats,
 Of double ducats, stolen from me by my daughter !
 And jewels, two stones, two rich and precious stones,
 Stolen by my daughter ! Justice ! find the girl ;
 She hath the stones upon her, and the ducats."

20

Salar. Why, all the boys in Venice follow him,
 Crying, his stones, his daughter, and his ducats.

Salan. Let good Antonio look he keep his day,
 Or he shall pay for this.

Salar. Marry, well remember'd.
 I reason'd with a Frenchman yesterday,
 Who told me, in the narrow seas that part

¹² *passion* = an utterance of passion.

The French and English, there miscarried
 A vessel of our country richly fraught :
 I thought upon Antonio when he told me ;
 And wish'd in silence that it were not his.

30

Salan. You were best to tell Antonio what you hear ;
 Yet do not suddenly, for it may grieve him.

Salar. A kinder gentleman treads not the earth.
 I saw Bassanio and Antonio part :
 Bassanio told him he would make some speed
 Of his return : he answer'd, " Do not so ;
 Slubber not business for my sake, Bassanio,
 But stay the very riping of the time ;
 And for the Jew's bond which he hath of me,
 Let it not enter in your mind, of love :
 Be merry, and employ your chiefest thoughts
 To courtship and such fair ostents of love
 As shall conveniently become you there : "
 And even there, his eye being big with tears,
 Turning his face, he put his hand behind him,
 And with affection wondrous sensible
 He wrung Bassanio's hand ; and so they parted.

40

Salan. I think he only loves the world for him.
 I pray thee, let us go and find him out
 And quicken his embraced heaviness
 With some delight or other.

50

Salar.

Do we so.

{Exeunt.}

SCENE IX. *Belmont. A room in PORTIA'S house.*

Enter NERISSA with a Servitor.

Ner. Quick, quick, I pray thee ; draw the curtain straight.
 The Prince of Arragon hath ta'en his oath,
 And comes to his election presently.

Flourish of cornets. Enter the PRINCE OF ARRAGON, PORTIA, and their trains.

Por. Behold, there stand the caskets, noble Prince :
 If you choose that wherein I am contain'd,
 Straight shall our nuptial rites be solemniz'd :
 But if you fail, without more speech, my lord,
 You must be gone from hence immediately.

Ar. I am enjoin'd by oath to observe three things :
 First, never to unfold to any one
 Which casket 't was I chose ; next, if I fail
 Of the right casket, never in my life
 To woo a maid in way of marriage ;
 Lastly,

10

⁴² of love: that is, for love's sake.

If I do fail in fortune of my choice,
Immediately to leave you and be gone.

Por. To these injunctions every one doth swear
That comes to hazard for my worthless self.

Ar. And so have I address'd me. Fortune now
To my heart's hope! Gold; silver; and base lead. 20
"Who chooseth me must give and hazard all he hath."
You shall look fairer, ere I give or hazard.

What says the golden chest? ha! let me see:

"Who chooseth me shall gain what many men desire."

What many men desire! that many may be meant

By the fool multitude, that choose by show,

Not learning more than the fond eye doth teach;

Which pries not to the interior, but, like the martlet,

Builds in the weather on the outward wall,

Even in the force and road of casualty. 30

I will not choose what many men desire,

Because I will not jump with common spirits

And rank me with the barbarous multitudes.

Why, then to thee, thou silver treasure-house;

Tell me once more what title thou dost bear:

"Who chooseth me shall get as much as he deserves:"

And well said too; for who shall go about

To cozen fortune and be honourable

Without the stamp of merit? Let none presume

To wear an undeserved dignity. 40

O, that estates, degrees and offices

Were not deriv'd corruptly, and that clear honour

Were purchas'd by the merit of the wearer!

How many then should cover that stand bare!

How many be commanded that command!

How much low peasantry would then be glean'd

From the true seed of honour! and how much honour

Pick'd from the chaff and ruin of the times

To be new-varnish'd! Well, but to my choice:

"Who chooseth me shall get as much as he deserves." 50

I will assume desert. Give me a key for this,

And instantly unlock my fortunes here. [*He opens the silver casket.*]

Por. Too long a pause for that which you find there.

Ar. What's here? the portrait of a blinking idiot,

Presenting me a schedule! I will read it.

How much unlike art thou to Portia!

How much unlike my hopes and my deservings!

"Who chooseth me shall have as much as he deserves."

²⁸ *martlet* = house martin.

⁴¹ *estates* = not landed property, but titles, rank.

⁵⁸ *shall have*. Just before, line 36, and in Scene 7, of this Act, "shall get." But S. was supremely indifferent to consistency and accuracy upon such literal points.

Did I deserve no more than a fool's head ?

Is that my prize ? are my deserts no better ?

60

Por. To offend, and judge, are distinct offices
And of opposed natures.

Ar.

What is here ?

[*Reads.*] The fire seven times tried this :
Seven times tried that judgement is,
That did never choose amiss.
Some there be that shadows kiss ;
Such have but a shadow's bliss :
There be fools alive, I wis,
Silver'd o'er ; and so was this.
Take what wife you will to bed,
I will ever be your head :
So be gone : you are sped.

70

Still more fool I shall appear

By the time I linger here :

With one fool's head I came to woo,

But I go away with two.

Sweet, adieu. I'll keep my oath,

Patiently to bear my wrath. [*Exeunt Arragon and train.*]

Por. Thus hath the candle sing'd the moth.

O, these deliberate fools ! when they do choose,

80

They have the wisdom by their wit to lose.

Ner. The ancient saying is no heresy,
Hanging and wiving goes by destiny.

Por. Come, draw the curtain, Nerissa.

Enter a Servant.

Serv. Where is my lady ?

Por.

Here : what would my lord ?

Serv. Madam, there is alighted at your gate
A young Venetian, one that comes before
To signify the approaching of his lord ;
From whom he bringeth sensible regreets,
To wit, besides commends and courteous breath,
Gifts of rich value. Yet I have not seen
So likely an ambassador of love :

90

A day in April never came so sweet,
To show how costly summer was at hand,
As this fore-spurrer comes before his lord.

Por. No more, I pray thee : I am half afraid
Thou wilt say anon he is some kin to thee,
Thou spend'st such high-day wit in praising him.
Come, come, Nerissa ; for I long to see
Quick Cupid's post that comes so mannerly.

100

Ner. Bassanio, lord Love, if thy will it be !

[*Exeunt.*]

⁶⁸ *I wis* : a corruption of *ywis* = certainly.

⁶⁹ *regreets* = responsive greeting, or gratification ; a gratification being a gift

ACT III.

SCENE I. Venice. A street.

*Enter SALANIO and SALARINO.**Salan.* Now, what news on the Rialto?*Salar.* Why, yet it lives there uncheck'd that Antonio hath a ship of rich lading wrack'd on the narrow seas; the Goodwins, I think they call the place; a very dangerous flat, and fatal, where the carcasses of many a tall ship lie buried, as they say, if my gossip report be an honest woman of her word.*Salan.* I would she were as lying a gossip in that as ever knapp'd ginger or made her neighbours believe she wept for the death of a third husband. But it is true, without any slips of prolixity or crossing the plain highway of talk, that the good Antonio, the honest Antonio, — O that I had a title good enough to keep his name company! —

12

Salar. Come, the full stop.*Salan.* Ha! what sayest thou? Why, the end is, he hath lost a ship.*Salar.* I would it might prove the end of his losses.*Salan.* Let me say Amen betimes, lest the devil cross my prayer, for here he comes in the likeness of a Jew.*Enter SHYLOCK.*

How now, Shylock! what news among the merchants?

Shy. You knew, none so well, none so well as you, of my daughter's flight.

21

Salar. That's certain: I, for my part, knew the tailor that made the wings she flew withal.*Salan.* And Shylock, for his own part, knew the bird was fledg'd; and then it is the complexion of them all to leave the dam.*Shy.* She is damn'd for it.*Salar.* That's certain, if the Devil may be her judge.*Shy.* My own flesh and blood to rebel!*Salan.* Out upon it, old carrion! rebels it at these years? 30*Shy.* I say, my daughter is my flesh and blood.*Salar.* There is more difference between thy flesh and hers than between jet and ivory; more between your bloods than there is between red wine and rhenish. But tell us, do you hear whether Antonio have had any loss at sea or no?

³ the narrow seas: that is, the waters that separate England from the mainland. the Goodwins: sands off the coast of Kent, where tradition said the castle of Earl Goodwin was swallowed up by the sea.

⁴ knapp'd ginger = snapped ginger nuts.

Shy. There I have another bad match: a bankrupt, a prodigal, who dare scarce show his head on the Rialto; a beggar, that was us'd to come so smug upon the mart; let him look to his bond: he was wont to call me usurer; let him look to his bond: he was wont to lend money for a Christian courtesy; let him look to his bond.

Salar. Why, I am sure, if he forfeit, thou wilt not take his flesh: what's that good for? 41

Shy. To bait fish withal: if it will feed nothing else, it will feed my revenge. He hath disgrac'd me, and hind'ed me half a million; laugh'd at my losses, mock'd at my gains, scorn'd my nation, thwarted my bargains, cooled my friends, heated mine enemies; and what's his reason? I am a Jew. Hath not a Jew eyes? hath not a Jew hands, organs, dimensions, senses, affections, passions? fed with the same food, hurt with the same weapons, subject to the same diseases, healed by the same means, warmed and cooled by the same winter and summer, as a Christian is? If you prick us, do we not bleed? if you tickle us, do we not laugh? if you poison us, do we not die? and if you wrong us, shall we not revenge? If we are like you in the rest, we will resemble you in that. If a Jew wrong a Christian, what is his humility? Revenge. If a Christian wrong a Jew, what should his sufferance be by Christian example? Why, revenge. The villany you teach me, I will execute, and it shall go hard but I will better the instruction. 60

Enter a Servant.

Serv. Gentlemen, my master Antonio is at his house and desires to speak with you both.

Salar. We have been up and down to seek him.

Enter TUBAL.

Salan. Here comes another of the tribe: a third cannot be match'd, unless the Devil himself turn Jew.

[*Exeunt Salan., Salar., and Servant.*]

Shy. How now, Tubal! what news from Genoa? hast thou found my daughter?

Tub. I often came where I did hear of her, but cannot find her. 69

Shy. Why, there, there, there, there! a diamond gone, cost me two thousand ducats in Frankfort! The curse never fell upon our nation till now; I never felt it till now: two thousand ducats in that; and other precious, precious jewels. I would my daughter were dead at my foot, and the jewels in her ear! would she were hears'd at my foot, and the ducats in her coffin! No news of them? Why, so: and I know not what's spent in the search: why, thou loss upon loss! the thief gone with so much, and so much to find the thief; and no satisfaction, no re-

venge: nor no ill luck stirring but what lights on my shoulders; no sighs but of my breathing; no tears but of my shedding. 80

Tub. Yes, other men have ill luck too: Antonio, as I heard in Genoa, —

Shy. What, what, what? ill luck, ill luck?

Tub. Hath an argosy cast away, coming from Tripolis.

Shy. I thank God, I thank God. Is 't true, is 't true?

Tub. I spoke with some of the sailors that escap'd the wrack.

Shy. I thank thee, good Tubal: good news, good news! ha, ha! where? in Genoa?

Tub. Your daughter spent in Genoa, as I heard, in one night fourscore ducats. 90

Shy. Thou stick'st a dagger in me: I shall never see my gold again: fourscore ducats at a sitting! fourscore ducats!

Tub. There came divers of Antonio's creditors in my company to Venice, that swear he cannot choose but break.

Shy. I am very glad of it: I'll plague him; I'll torture him: I am glad of it.

Tub. One of them showed me a ring that he had of your daughter for a monkey.

Shy. Out upon her! Thou torturest me, Tubal: it was my turquoise; I had it of Leah when I was a bachelor: I would not have given it for a wilderness of monkeys. 101

Tub. But Antonio is certainly undone.

Shy. Nay, that's true, that's very true. Go, Tubal, fee me an officer; bespeak him a fortnight before. I will have the heart of him, if he forfeit; for, were he out of Venice, I can make what merchandise I will. Go, go, Tubal, and meet me at our synagogue; go, good Tubal; at our synagogue, Tubal.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *Belmont. A room in PORTIA'S house.*

Enter BASSANIO, PORTIA, GRATIANO, NERISSA, and Attendants.

Por. I pray you, tarry: pause a day or two
Before you hazard; for, in choosing wrong,
I lose your company: therefore forbear awhile.
There's something tells me, but it is not love,
I would not lose you; and you know yourself,
Hate counsels not in such a quality.
But lest you should not understand me well, —
And yet a maiden hath no tongue but thought, —
I would detain you here some month or two
Before you venture for me. I could teach you
How to choose right, but I am then forsworn;
So will I never be: so may you miss me;
But if you do, you'll make me wish a sin,
That I had been forsworn. Beshrew your eyes,

They have o'erlook'd me and divided me ;
 One half of me is yours, the other half yours,
 Mine own, I would say ; but if mine, then yours,
 And so all yours. O, these naughty times
 Put bars between the owners and their rights !
 And so, though yours, not yours. Prove it so,
 Let fortune go to hell for it, not I.
 I speak too long ; but 't is to piece the time,
 To eke it and to draw it out in length,
 To stay you from election.

20

Bass. Let me choose ;

For as I am, I live upon the rack.

Por. Upon the rack, Bassanio ! then confess
 What treason there is mingled with your love.

Bass. None but that ugly treason of mistrust,
 Which makes me fear the enjoying of my love :
 There may as well be amity and life

30

'Tween snow and fire, as treason and my love.

Por. Ay, but I fear you speak upon the rack,
 Where men enforced do speak anything.

Bass. Promise me life, and I 'll confess the truth.

Por. Well then, confess and live.

Bass. Confess and love

Had been the very sum of my confession ;

O happy torment, when my torturer

Doth teach me answers for deliverance !

But let me to my fortune and the caskets.

Por. Away, then ! I am lock'd in one of them :

40

If you do love me, you will find me out.

Nerissa and the rest, stand all aloof.

Let music sound while he doth make his choice ;

Then, if he lose, he makes a swan-like end,

Fading in music : that the comparison

May stand more proper, my eye shall be the stream

And watery death-bed for him. He may win ;

And what is music then ? Then music is

Even as the flourish when true subjects bow

To a new-crowned monarch : such it is

50

As are those dulcet sounds in break of day

That creep into the dreaming bridegroom's ear

And summon him to marriage. Now he goes,

With no less presence, but with much more love,

Than young Alcides, when he did redeem

¹⁵ o'erlook'd = bewitched.

²² piece. The old editions have *peize*, which may be the true reading, in the sense, weigh down, and so, delay.

⁵⁵ Alcides = Heracles (Hercules), who saved Hesione from the death described.

The virgin tribute paid by howling Troy
 To the sea-monster : I stand for sacrifice ;
 The rest aloof are the Dardanian wives,
 With bleared visages, come forth to view
 The issue of the exploit. Go, Hercules !
 Live thou, I live : with much much more dismay
 I view the fight than thou that mak'st the fray.

60

Music, whilst BASSANIO comments on the caskets to himself.

SONG.

Tell me where is fancy bred,
 Or in the heart or in the head ?
 How begot, how nourished ?

Reply, reply.

It is engender'd in the eyes,
 With gazing fed ; and fancy dies
 In the cradle where it lies.

Let us all ring fancy's knell :

I'll begin it, — Ding, dong, bell.

70

All. Ding, dong, bell.

Bass. So may the outward shows be least themselves :
 The world is still deceiv'd with ornament.
 In law, what plea so tainted and corrupt
 But, being season'd with a gracious voice,
 Obscures the show of evil ? In religion,
 What damned error, but some sober brow
 Will bless it and approve it with a text,
 Hiding the grossness with fair ornament ?
 There is no vice so simple but assumes
 Some mark of virtue on his outward parts :
 How many cowards, whose hearts are all as false
 As stairs of sand, wear yet upon their chins
 The beards of Hercules and frowning Mars,
 Who, inward search'd, have livers white as milk ;
 And these assume but valour's excrement
 To render them redoubted ! Look on beauty,
 And you shall see 't is purchas'd by the weight ;
 Which therein works a miracle in nature,
 Making them lightest that wear most of it :
 So are those crisped snaky golden locks
 Which make such wanton gambols with the wind,
 Upon supposed fairness, often known
 To be the dowry of a second head,
 The skull that bred them in the sepulchre.
 Thus ornament is but the guiled shore
 To a most dangerous sea ; the beauteous scarf

80

90

⁶³ *fancy* = love.

⁸⁷ *excrement*. The hair and the nails are excrements.

Veiling an Indian beauty; in a word,
 The seeming truth which cunning times put on 100
 To entrap the wisest. Therefore, thou gaudy gold,
 Hard food for Midas, I will none of thee;
 Nor none of thee, thou pale and common drudge
 'Tween man and man: but thou, thou meagre lead,
 Which rather threat'nest than dost promise aught,
 Thy paleness moves me more than eloquence;
 And here choose I: joy be the consequence!

Por. [*Aside.*] How all the other passions fleet to air,
 As doubtful thoughts, and rash-embraç'd despair,
 And shuddering fear, and green-eyed jealousy! 110
 O love,
 Be moderate; allay thy ecstasy;
 In measure rein thy joy; scant this excess.
 I feel too much thy blessing: make it less,
 For fear I surfeit.

Bass. What find I here? [*Opening the leaden casket.*]
 Fair Portia's counterfeit! What demi-god
 Hath come so near creation? Move these eyes?
 Or whether, riding on the balls of mine,
 Seem they in motion? Here are sever'd lips,
 Parted with sugar breath: so sweet a bar 120
 Should sunder such sweet friends. Here in her hairs
 The painter plays the spider and hath woven
 A golden mesh to entrap the hearts of men
 Faster than gnats in cobwebs: but her eyes, —
 How could he see to do them? having made one,
 Methinks it should have power to steal both his
 And leave itself unfurnish'd. Yet look, how far
 The substance of my praise doth wrong this shadow
 In underprizing it, so far this shadow
 Doth limp behind the substance. Here's the scroll, 130
 The continent and summary of my fortune.

[*Reads.*] You that choose not by the view,
 Chance as fair and choose as true!
 Since this fortune falls to you,
 Be content and seek no new.
 If you be well pleas'd with this
 And hold your fortune for your bliss,
 Turn you where your lady is
 And claim her with a loving kiss.

A gentle scroll. Fair lady, by your leave; 140
 I come by note, to give and to receive.

⁹⁹ *Indian beauty*: that is, one with thick lips and a black skin.
¹⁰² *food for Midas*. Midas obtained as a boon that all that he should touch should
 turn to gold; and his food did so

Like one of two contending in a prize,
That thinks he hath done well in people's eyes,
Hearing applause and universal shout,
Giddy in spirit, still gazing in a doubt
Whether those peals of praise be his or no ;
So, thrice-fair lady, stand I, even so ;
As doubtful whether what I see be true,
Until confirm'd, sign'd, ratified by you.

Por. You see me, Lord Bassanio, where I stand,
Such as I am : though for myself alone
I would not be ambitious in my wish,
To wish myself much better ; yet, for you
I would be trebled twenty times myself ;
A thousand times more fair, ten thousand times
More rich :

That only to stand high in your account,
I might in virtues, beauties, livings, friends,
Exceed account. But the full sum of me
Is sum of nothing ; which, to term in gross,
Is an unlesson'd girl, unschool'd, unpractis'd ;
Happy in this, she is not yet so old
But she may learn ; happier than this,
She is not bred so dull but she can learn ;
Happiest of all is that her gentle spirit
Commits itself to yours to be directed,
As from her lord, her governor, her king.
Myself and what is mine to you and yours
Is now converted : but now I was the lord
Of this fair mansion, master of my servants,
Queen o'er myself ; and even now, but now,
This house, these servants and this same myself
Are yours, my lord : I give them with this ring ;
Which when you part from, lose, or give away,
Let it presage the ruin of your love
And be my vantage to exclaim on you.

Bass. Madam, you have bereft me of all words,
Only my blood speaks to you in my veins ;
And there is such confusion in my powers,
As, after some oration fairly spoke
By a beloved prince, there doth appear
Among the buzzing pleased multitude ;
Where every something, being blent together,
Turns to a wild of nothing, save of joy,
Express'd and not express'd. But when this ring
Parts from this finger, then parts life from hence :
O, then be bold to say Bassanio's dead !

150

160

170

180

Ner. My lord and lady, it is now our time,
That have stood by and seen our wishes prosper,
To cry, good joy : good joy, my lord and lady !

190

Gra. My Lord Bassanio and my gentle lady,
I wish you all the joy that you can wish ;
For I am sure you can wish none from me :
And when your honours mean to solemnize
The bargain of your faith, I do beseech you,
Even at that time I may be married too.

Bass. With all my heart, so thou canst get a wife.

Gra. I thank your lordship, you have got me one.
My eyes, my lord, can look as swift as yours :
You saw the mistress, I beheld the maid ;

200

You lov'd, I lov'd for intermission.
No more pertains to me, my lord, than you.
Your fortune stood upon the casket there,
And so did mine too, as the matter falls ;
For wooing here until I sweat again,
And swearing till my very roof was dry
With oaths of love, at last, if promise last,
I got a promise of this fair one here
To have her love, provided that your fortune
Achiev'd her mistress.

Por. Is this true, Nerissa ?

210

Ner. Madam, it is, so you stand pleas'd withal.

Bass. And do you, Gratiano, mean good faith ?

Gra. Yes, faith, my lord.

Bass. Our feast shall be much honour'd in your marriage.

Gra. We 'll play with them the first boy for a thousand
ducats.

Ner. What, and stake down ?

Gra. No ; we shall ne'er win at that sport, and stake down.
But who comes here ? Lorenzo and his infidel ?
What, and my old Venetian friend Salerio ?

220

Enter LORENZO, JESSICA, and SALERIO, a messenger from Venice.

Bass. Lorenzo and Salerio, welcome hither ;
If that the youth of my new interest here
Have power to bid you welcome. By your leave,
I bid my very friends and countrymen,
Sweet Portia, welcome.

Por. So do I, my lord :
They are entirely welcome.

Lor. I thank your honour. For my part, my lord,
My purpose was not to have seen you here ;

²⁰⁰ *the maid.* Nerissa was not a housemaid, or even a waiting-maid, in the modern sense, but a gentlewoman, perhaps as well born, although not so rich, as Portia.

But meeting with Salerio by the way,
 He did intreat me, past all saying nay,
 To come with him along. 230

Saler. I did, my lord;
 And I have reason for it. Signior Antonio
 Commends him to you. [Gives Bassanio a letter.

Bass. Ere I ope his letter,
 I pray you, tell me how my good friend doth.

Saler. Not sick, my lord, unless it be in mind;
 Nor well, unless in mind: his letter there
 Will show you his estate.

Gra. Nerissa, cheer yon stranger; bid her welcome.
 Your hand, Salerio: what's the news from Venice?
 How doth that royal merchant, good Antonio? 240
 I know he will be glad of our success;
 We are the Jasons, we have won the fleece.

Saler. I would you had won the fleece that he hath lost.

Por. There are some shrewd contents in yon same paper,
 That steals the colour from Bassanio's cheek.
 Some dear friend dead; else nothing in the world
 Could turn so much the constitution
 Of any constant man. What, worse and worse!
 With leave, Bassanio; I am half 'yourself,
 And I must freely have the half of anything 250
 That this same paper brings you.

Bass. O sweet Portia,
 Here are a few of the unpleasant'st words
 Than ever blotted paper! Gentle lady,
 When I did first impart my love to you,
 I freely told you, all the wealth I had
 Ran in my veins; I was a gentleman:
 And then I told you true: and yet, dear lady,
 Rating myself at nothing, you shall see
 How much I was a braggart. When I told you
 My state was nothing, I should then have told you 260
 That I was worse than nothing; for, indeed,
 I have engag'd myself to a dear friend,
 Engag'd my friend to his mere enemy,
 To feed my means. Here is a letter, lady;
 The paper as the body of my friend,
 And every word in it a gaping wound,
 Issuing life-blood. But is it true, Salerio?

²⁴⁰ *royal merchant*: a term applied to the great merchant, Sir Thomas Gresham, not because of his wealth but because he was the agent of English sovereigns.

²⁴² *Jasons* Jason was a scoundrel adventurer, fabled to have sought a golden fleece in possession of the king of Colchis, which he obtained through the love of the king's daughter Medea, whom, and the two children that she bore him, he deserted.

Have all his ventures fail'd? What, not one hit?
 From Tripolis, from Mexico, and England,
 From Lisbon, Barbary and India?
 And not one vessel 'scape the dreadful touch
 Of merchant-marring rocks?

270

Saler.

Not one, my lord.

Besides, it should appear, that if he had
 The present money to discharge the Jew,
 He would not take it. Never did I know
 A creature, that did bear the shape of man,
 So keen and greedy to confound a man:
 He plies the Duke at morning and at night,
 And doth impeach the freedom of the state,
 If they deny him justice: twenty merchants,
 The Duke himself, and the magnificoes
 Of greatest port, have all persuaded with him;
 But none can drive him from the envious plea
 Of forfeiture, of justice and his bond.

280

Jes. When I was with him I have heard him swear
 To Tubal and to Chus, his countrymen,
 That he would rather have Antonio's flesh
 Than twenty times the value of the sum
 That he did owe him: and I know, my lord,
 If law, authority and power deny not,
 It will go hard with poor Antonio.

290

Por. Is it your dear friend that is thus in trouble?

Bass. The dearest friend to me, the kindest man,
 The best-condition'd and unwearied spirit
 In doing courtesies, and one in whom
 The ancient Roman honour more appears
 Than any that draws breath in Italy.

Por. What sum owes he the Jew?

Bass. For me three thousand ducats.

Por.

What, no more?

Pay him six thousand, and deface the bond;
 Double six thousand, and then treble that,
 Before a friend of this description
 Shall lose a hair through Bassanio's fault.
 First go with me to church and call me wife,
 And then away to Venice to your friend;
 For never shall you lie by Portia's side
 With an unquiet soul. You shall have gold
 To pay the petty debt twenty times over:

300

²⁹⁴ *and unwearied*: should be unweariedest; but for that S. cared little.

³⁰³ *hair*: has the quantity of a dissyllable.

³⁰⁸ *twenty times over*. In her enthusiasm and her love, Portia talks largely. In S.'s time, 60,000 ducats were equal to at least one million of dollars now.

When it is paid, bring your true friend along.
 My maid Nerissa and myself meantime
 Will live as maids and widows. Come, away!
 For you shall hence upon your wedding-day:
 Bid your friends welcome, show a merry cheer:
 Since you are dear bought, I will love you dear.
 But let us hear the letter of your friend.

310

Bass. [*Reads.*] Sweet Bassanio, my ships have all miscarried, my creditors grow cruel, my estate is very low, my bond to the Jew is forfeit; and since in paying it, it is impossible I should live, all debts are cleared between you and I, if I might but see you at my death. Notwithstanding, use your pleasure: if your love do not persuade you to come, let not my letter.

321

Por. O love, dispatch all business, and be gone!

Bass. Since I have your good leave to go away,

I will make haste: but, till I come again,

No bed shall e'er be guilty of my stay,

No rest be interposer 'twixt us twain.

[*Exeunt.*]SCENE III. *Venice. A street.*

Enter SHYLOCK, SALARINO, ANTONIO, and Gaoler.

Shy. Gaoler, look to him: tell not me of mercy;

This is the fool that lent out money gratis:

Gaoler, look to him.

Ant.

Hear me yet, good Shylock.

Shy. I'll have my bond; speak not against my bond:

I have sworn an oath that I will have my bond.

Thou call'dst me dog before thou hadst a cause;

But, since I am a dog, beware my fangs:

The Duke shall grant me justice. I do wonder,

Thou naughty gaoler, that thou art so fond

To come abroad with him at his request.

10

Ant. I pray thee, hear me speak.

Shy. I'll have my bond; I will not hear thee speak:

I'll have my bond; and therefore speak no more.

I'll not be made a soft and dull-eyed fool,

To shake the head, relent, and sigh, and yield

To Christian intercessors. Follow not;

I'll have no speaking: I will have my bond.

[*Exit.*]

Salar. It is the most impenetrable cur

That ever kept with men.

Ant.

Let him alone:

I'll follow him no more with bootless prayers.

20

³¹³ *cheer* = countenance.

³¹⁹ *between you and I.* If S. had been writing carefully, he would have written *you and me.*

⁹ *fond* = foolishly blind.

He seeks my life; his reason well I know :
 I oft deliver'd from his forfeitures
 Many that have at times made moan to me ;
 Therefore he hates me.

Salar.

I am sure the Duke

Will never grant this forfeiture to hold.

Ant. The Duke cannot deny the course of law :

For the commodity that strangers have
 With us in Venice, if it be denied,
 Will much impeach the justice of his state ;
 Since that the trade and profit of the city
 Consisteth of all nations. Therefore, go :
 These griefs and losses have so bated me,
 That I shall hardly spare a pound of flesh
 To-morrow to my bloody creditor.

30

Well, gaoler, on. Pray God, Bassanio come
 To see me pay his debt, and then I care not !

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE IV. *Belmont. A room in PORTIA'S house.*

Enter PORTIA, NERISSA, LORENZO, JESSICA, and BALTHASAR.

Lor. Madam, although I speak it in your presence,
 You have a noble and a true conceit
 Of god-like amity ; which appears most strongly
 In bearing thus the absence of your lord.
 But if you knew to whom you show this honour,
 How true a gentleman you send relief,
 How dear a lover of my lord your husband,
 I know you would be prouder of the work
 Than customary bounty can enforce you.

Por. I never did repent for doing good,
 Nor shall not now : for in companions
 That do converse and waste the time together,
 Whose souls do bear an equal yoke of love,
 There must be needs a like proportion
 Of lineaments, of manners and of spirit ;
 Which makes me think that this Antonio,
 Being the bosom lover of my lord,
 Must needs be like my lord. If it be so,
 How little is the cost I have bestow'd
 In purchasing the semblance of my soul
 From out the state of hellish misery !

10

This comes too near the praising of myself ;
 Therefore no more of it : hear other things.
 Lorenzo, I commit into your hands
 The husbandry and manage of my house

20

Until my lord's return : for mine own part,
 I have toward heaven breath'd a secret vow
 To live in prayer and contemplation,
 Only attended by Nerissa here,
 Until her husband and my lord's return : 30
 There is a monastery two miles off ;
 And there will we abide. I do desire you
 Not to deny this imposition ;
 The which my love and some necessity
 Now lays upon you.

Lor. Madam, with all my heart ;
 I shall obey you in all fair commands.

Por. My people do already know my mind,
 And will acknowledge you and Jessica
 In place of Lord Bassanio and myself.
 And so farewell, till we shall meet again. 40

Lor. (Fair thoughts and happy hours) attend on you !

Jes. I wish your ladyship all heart's content.

Por. I thank you for your wish, and am well pleas'd
 To wish it back on you : fare you well, Jessica.

[*Exeunt Jessica and Lorenzo.*]

Now, Balthasar,
 As I have ever found thee honest-true,
 So let me find thee still. Take this same letter,
 And use thou all the endeavour of a man
 In speed to Padua : see thou render this
 Into my cousin's hand, Doctor Bellario ; 50
 And, look, what notes and garments he doth give thee,
 Bring them, I pray thee, with imagined speed
 Unto the traject, to the common ferry
 Which trades to Venice. Waste no time in words,
 But get thee gone : I shall be there before thee.

Balth. Madam, I go with all convenient speed. [*Exit.*]

Por. Come on, Nerissa ; I have work in hand
 That you yet know not of : we'll see our husbands
 Before they think of us.

Ner. Shall they see us ?

Por. They shall, Nerissa ; but in such a habit, 60
 That they shall think we are accomplished
 With that we lack. I'll hold thee any wager,
 When we are both accoutred like young men,
 I'll prove the prettier fellow of the two,
 And wear my dagger with the braver grace,
 And speak between the change of man and boy
 With a reed voice, and turn two mincing steps

⁵³ *traject* : the ferries between Venice and the mainland were called *traghetto*.

Into a manly stride, and speak of frays
 Like a fine bragging youth, and tell quaint lies,
 How honourable ladies sought my love,
 Which I denying, they fell sick and died;
 I could not do withal; then I'll repent,
 And wish, for all that, that I had not kill'd them;
 And twenty of these puny lies I'll tell,
 That men shall swear I have discontinu'd school
 Above a twelvemonth. I have within my mind
 A thousand raw tricks of these bragging Jacks,
 Which I will practise.

70

Ner. Why, shall we turn to men?

Por. Fie, what a question's that,
 If thou wert near a lewd interpreter!
 But come, I'll tell thee all my whole device
 When I am in my coach, which stays for us
 At the park gate; and therefore haste away,
 For we must measure twenty miles to-day.

80

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE V. *The same. A garden.*

Enter LAUNCELOT and JESSICA.

Laun. Yes, truly; for, look you, the sins of the father are to be laid upon the children: therefore, I promise ye, I fear you. I was always plain with you, and so now I speak my agitation of the matter: therefore be of good cheer, for truly I think you are damn'd. There is but one hope in it that can do you any good; and that is but a kind of bastard hope neither.

Jes. And what hope is that, I pray thee?

Laun. Marry, you may partly hope that your father got you not, that you are not the Jew's daughter.

Jes. That were a kind of bastard hope, indeed: so the sins of my mother should be visited upon me.

11

Laun. Truly then I fear you are damn'd both by father and mother: thus when I shun Scylla, your father, I fall into Charybdis, your mother: well, you are gone both ways.

Jes. I shall be sav'd by my husband; he hath made me a Christian.

Laun. Truly, the more to blame he: we were Christians enow before; e'en as many as could well live, one by another. This making of Christians will raise the price of hogs: if we grow all to be pork-eaters, we shall not shortly have a rasher on the coals for money.

21

⁷² *I could not do withal* = I could not help it; with a hidden allusion in "withal."

Enter Launcelot. It may be of interest to remark that in the stage directions and most of the prefixes of the folio, Launcelot is called simply *Clown*.

² *fear you* = fear for you.

¹³ *Scylla*, a rock, *Charybdis*, a whirlpool, near each other in the straits of Messina.

Enter LORENZO.

Jes. I'll tell my husband, Launcelot, what you say : here he comes.

Lor. I shall grow jealous of you shortly, Launcelot, if you thus get my wife into corners.

Jes. Nay, you need not fear us, Lorenzo : Launcelot and I are out. He tel's me flatly, there is no mercy for me in heaven, because I am a Jew's daughter : and he says, you are no good member of the commonwealth, for in converting Jews to Christians, you raise the price of pork. 30

Lor. I shall answer that better to the commonwealth than you can the getting up of the negro's belly : the Moor is with child by you, Launcelot.

Laun. It is much that the Moor should be more than reason : but if she be less than an honest woman, she is indeed more than I took her for.

Lor. How every fool can play upon the word ! I think the best grace of wit will shortly turn into silence, and discourse grow commendable in none only but parrots. Go in, sirrah ; bid them prepare for dinner. 40

Laun. That is done, sir ; they have all stomachs.

Lor. Goodly Lord, what a wit-snapper are you ! then bid them prepare dinner.

Laun. That is done too, sir ; only cover is the word.

Lor. Will you cover then, sir ?

Laun. Not so, sir, neither ; I know my duty.

Lor. Yet more quarrelling with occasion ! Wilt thou show the whole wealth of thy wit in an instant ? I pray thee, understand a plain man in his plain meaning : go to thy fellows ; bid them cover the table, serve in the meat, and we will come in to dinner. 51

Laun. For the table, sir, it shall be serv'd in ; for the meat, sir, it shall be covered ; for your coming in to dinner, sir, why, let it be as humours and conceits shall govern. [Exit.

Lor. O dear discretion, how his words are suited !

The fool hath planted in his memory
An army of good words ; and I do know
A many fools, that stand in better place,
Garnish'd like him, that for a tricky word
Defy the matter. How cheer'st thou, Jessica?
And now, good sweet, say thy opinion,
How dost thou like the Lord Bassanio's wife ? 60

Jes. Past all expressing. It is very meet
The Lord Bassanio live an upright life ;
For, having such a blessing in his lady,
He finds the joys of heaven here on earth ;

And if on earth he do not mean it, it
 Is reason he should never come to heaven.
 Why, if two gods should play some heavenly match
 And on the wager lay two earthly women,
 And Portia one, there must be something else
 Pawn'd with the other, for the poor rude world
 Hath not her fellow.

70

Lor. Even such a husband
 Hast thou of me as she is for a wife.

Jes. Nay, but ask my opinion too of that.

Lor. I will anon : first, let us go to dinner.

Jes. Nay, let me praise you while I have a stomach.

Lor. No, pray thee, let it serve for table-talk ;
 Then, howsoe'er thou speak'st, 'mong other things
 I shall digest it.

79

Jes. Well, I 'll set you forth.

[*Exeunt.*]

ACT IV.

SCENE I. Venice. A court of justice.

Enter the DUKE, the Magnificoes, ANTONIO, BASSANIO, GRATIANO, SALERIO, and others.

Duke. What, is Antonio here ?

Ant. Ready, so please your grace.

Duke. I am sorry for thee : thou art come to answer
 A stony adversary, an inhuman wretch
 Uncapable of pity, void and empty
 From any dram of mercy.

Ant. I have heard
 Your grace hath ta'en great pains to qualify
 His rigorous course ; but since he stands obdurate
 And that no lawful means can carry me
 Out of his envy's reach, I do oppose
 My patience to his fury, and am arm'd
 To suffer, with a quietness of spirit,
 The very tyranny and rage of his.

10

Duke. Go one, and call the Jew into the court.

Saler. He is ready at the door : he comes, my lord.

Enter SHYLOCK.

Duke. Make room, and let him stand before our face.
 Shylock, the world thinks, and I think so too,
 That thou but lead'st this fashion of thy malice
 To the last hour of act ; and then 't is thought
 Thou 'lt show thy mercy and remorse more strange

20

⁸ *obdurate*. S. generally accents the second syllable of this word.

¹⁰ *envy* : loosely used for hatred.

²⁰ *remorse* = pity.

Than is thy strange apparent cruelty ;
And where thou now exact'st the penalty,
Which is a pound of this poor merchant's flesh,
Thou wilt not only loose the forfeiture,
But, touch'd with human gentleness and love,
Forgive a moiety of the principal ;
Glancing an eye of pity on his losses,
That have of late so huddled on his back,
Enow to press a royal merchant down
And pluck commiseration of his state
From brassy bosoms and rough hearts of flint,
From stubborn Turks and Tartars, never train'd
To offices of tender courtesy.

30

We all expect a gentle answer, Jew.

Shy. I have possess'd your grace of what I purpose ;

And by our holy Sabbath have I sworn

To have the due and forfeit of my bond :

If you deny it, let the danger light

Upon your charter and your city's freedom.

You'll ask me, why I rather choose to have

40

A weight of carrion flesh than to receive

Three thousand ducats. I'll not answer that ;

But, say, it is my humour : is it answer'd ?

What if my house be troubled with a rat

And I be pleas'd to give ten thousand ducats

To have it baned ? What, are you answer'd yet ?

Some men there are love not a gaping pig ;

Some, that are mad if they behold a cat ;

And others, when the bagpipe sings i' th' nose,

Cannot contain their urine : for affection,

50

Master of passion, sways it to the mood

Of what it likes or loathes. Now, for your answer :

As there is no firm reason to be render'd,

Why he cannot abide a gaping pig ;

Why he, a harmless necessary cat ;

Why he, a woollen bagpipe ; but of force

Must yield to such inevitable shame

As to offend, himself being offended ;

So can I give no reason, nor I will not,

More than a lodg'd hate and a certain loathing

60

I bear Antonio, that I follow thus

A losing suit against him. Are you answer'd ?

Bass. This is no answer, thou unfeeling man,

To excuse the current of thy cruelty.

Shy. I am not bound to please thee with my answers.

³⁹ *charter.* Shakespeare assumes for independent oligarchical Venice the relations and constitution of an English town.

Bass. Do all men kill the things they do not love?

Shy. Hates any man the thing he would not kill?

Bass. Every offence is not a hate at first.

Shy. What, wouldst thou have a serpent sting thee twice?

Ant. I pray you, think you question with the Jew:

70

You may as well go stand upon the beach

And bid the main flood bate his usual height;

You may as well use question with the wolf

Why he hath made the ewe bleat for the lamb;

You may as well forbid the mountain pines

To wag their high tops and to make no noise,

When they are fretted with the gusts of heaven;

You may as well do any thing most hard,

As seek to soften that — than which what's harder? —

His Jewish heart: therefore, I do beseech you,

80

Make no more offers, use no farther means,

But with all brief and plain conveniency

Let me have judgement and the Jew his will.

Bass. For thy three thousand ducats here is six.

Shy. If every ducat in six thousand ducats

Were in six parts and every part a ducat,

I would not draw them; I would have my bond.

Duke. How shalt thou hope for mercy, rendering none?

Shy. What judgement shall I dread, doing no wrong?

You have among you many a purchas'd slave,

90

Which, like your asses and your dogs and mules,

You use in abject and in slavish parts,

Because you bought them: shall I say to you,

Let them be free, marry them to your heirs —

Why sweat they under burthens? — let their beds

Be made as soft as yours and let their palates

Be season'd with such viands? You will answer

The slaves are ours: so do I answer you:

The pound of flesh, which I demand of him,

Is dearly bought; 't is mine and I will have it.

100

If you deny me, fie upon your law!

There is no force in the decrees of Venice.

I stand for judgement: answer; shall I have it?

Duke. Upon my power I may dismiss this court,

Unless Bellario, a learned doctor,

Whom I have sent for to determine this,

Come here to-day.

Saler.

My lord, here stays without

A messenger with letters from the doctor,

New come from Padua.

Duke. Bring us the letters; call the messenger.

110

Bass. Good cheer, Antonio! What, man, courage yet!
The Jew shall have my flesh, blood, bones and all,
Ere thou shalt lose for me one drop of blood.

Ant. I am a tainted wether of the flock,
Meetest for death: the weakest kind of fruit
Drops earliest to the ground; and so let me:
You cannot better be employ'd, Bassanio,
Than to live still and write mine epitaph.

Enter NERISSA, dressed like a lawyer's clerk.

Duke. Came you from Padua, from Bellario?

Ner. From both, my lord. Bellario greets your grace. 120
[Presenting a letter.]

Bass. Why dost thou whet thy knife so earnestly?

Shy. To cut the forfeiture from that bankrupt there.

Gra. Not on thy sole, but on thy soul, harsh Jew,
Thou mak'st thy knife keen; but no metal can,
No, not the hangman's axe, bear half the keenness
Of thy sharp envy. Can no prayers pierce thee?

Shy. No, none that thou hast wit enough to make.

Gra. O, be thou damn'd, execrable dog!
And for thy life let justice be accus'd.

Thou almost mak'st me waver in my faith

To hold opinion with Pythagoras,

That souls of animals infuse themselves

Into the trunks of men: thy currish spirit

Govern'd a wolf, who, hang'd for human slaughter,

Even from the gallows did his fell soul fleet,

And, whilst thou lay'st in thy unhallow'd dam,

Infus'd itself in thee; for thy desires

Are wolfish, bloody, starv'd and ravenous.

Shy. Till thou canst rail the seal from off my bond,

Thou but offend'st thy lungs to speak so loud:

Repair thy wit, good youth, or it will fall

To cureless ruin. I stand here for law. 140

Duke. This letter from Bellario doth commend

A young and learned doctor to our court.

Where is he?

Ner. He attendeth here hard by,

To know your answer, whether you'll admit him.

Duke. With all my heart. Some three or four of you

Go give him courteous conduct to this place.

Meantime the court shall hear Bellario's letter. 149

Clerk. [Reads.] Your grace shall understand that at the receipt of your
letter I am very sick: but in the instant that your messenger came, in
loving visitation was with me a young doctor of Rome; his name is Bal-

128 *inexecrable* = not to be enough execrated: but perhaps S. wrote *inexorable*.

thasar. I acquainted him with the cause in controversy between the Jew and Antonio the merchant: we turned o'er many books together: he is furnished with my opinion; which, bettered with his own learning, the greatness whereof I cannot enough commend, comes with him, at my importunity, to fill up your grace's request in my stead. I beseech you, let his lack of years be no impediment to let him lack a reverend estimation; for I never knew so young a body with so old a head. I leave him to your gracious acceptance, whose trial shall better publish his commendation.

Duke. You hear the learn'd Bellario, what he writes: 161
And here, I take it, is the doctor come.

Enter PORTIA, dressed like a Doctor of Laws.

Give me your hand. Come you from old Bellario?

Por. I did, my lord.

Duke.

You are welcome: take your place.

Are you acquainted with the difference

That holds this present question in the court?

Por. I am informed throughly of the cause.

Which is the merchant here, and which the Jew?

Duke. Antonio and old Shylock, both stand forth.

Por. Is your name Shylock?

Shy.

Shylock is my name.

170

Por. Of a strange nature is the suit you follow;

Yet in such rule that the Venetian law

Cannot impugn you as you do proceed.

You stand within his danger, do you not?

Ant. Ay, so he says.

Por.

Do you confess the bond?

Ant. I do.

Por.

Then must the Jew be merciful.

Shy. On what compulsion must I? tell me that.

Por. (The quality of mercy is not strain'd;

It droppeth as the gentle rain from heaven

Upon the place beneath. It is twice blest;

180

It blesseth him that gives and him that takes:

'T is mightiest in the mightiest: it becomes

The throned monarch better than his crown:

His sceptre shows the force of temporal power,

The attribute to awe and majesty,

Wherein doth sit the dread and fear of kings;

But mercy is above the sceptred sway;

It is enthroned in the hearts of kings,

It is an attribute to God himself;

And earthly power doth then show likest God's

190

When mercy seasons justice.) Therefore, Jew,

Though justice be thy plea, consider this,

That, in the course of justice, none of us

¹⁷⁴ *within his danger* = legally liable to his claim.

Should see salvation : we do pray for mercy ;
And that same prayer doth teach us all to render
The deeds of mercy. I have spoke thus much
To mitigate the justice of thy plea ;
Which if thou follow, this strict court of Venice
Must needs give sentence 'gainst the merchant there.

Shy. My deeds upon my head ! I crave the law
The penalty and forfeit of my bond. 200

Por. Is he not able to discharge the money ?

Bass. Yes, here I tender it for him in the court ;
Yea, twice the sum : if that will not suffice,
I will be bound to pay it ten times o'er,
On forfeit of my hands, my head, my heart :
If this will not suffice, it must appear
That malice bears down truth. And I beseech you,
Wrest once the law to your authority :
To do a great right, do a little wrong, 210
And curb this cruel devil of his will.

Por. It must not be ; there is no power in Venice
Can alter a decree established :
'T will be recorded for a precedent,
And many an error by the same example
Will rush into the state : it cannot be.

Shy. A Daniel come to judgement ! yea, a Daniel !
O wise young judge, how I do honour thee !

Por. I pray you, let me look upon the bond.

Shy. Here 't is, most reverend doctor, here it is. 220

Por. Shylock, there 's thrice thy money offer'd thee.

Shy. An oath, an oath, I have an oath in heaven :
Shall I lay perjury upon my soul ?
No, not for Venice.

Por. Why, this bond is forfeit ;
And lawfully by this the Jew may claim
A pound of flesh, to be by him cut off
Nearest the merchant's heart. Be merciful :
Take thrice thy money ; bid me tear the bond.

Shy. When it is paid according to the tenour.
It doth appear you are a worthy judge ; 230
You know the law, your exposition
Hath been most sound : I charge you by the law,
Whereof you are a well-deserving pillar,
Proceed to judgement : by my soul I swear
There is no power in the tongue of man
To alter me : I stay here on my bond.

Ant. Most heartily I do beseech the court
To give the judgement.

Por.

Why then, thus it is :

You must prepare your bosom for his knife.

Shy. O noble judge ! O excellent young man !

240

Por. For the intent and purpose of the law

Hath full relation to the penalty,

Which here appeareth due upon the bond.

Shy. 'T is very true : O wise and upright judge !

How much more elder art thou than thy looks !

Por. Therefore lay bare your bosom.*Shy.*

Ay, his breast :

So says the bond : doth it not, noble judge ?

"Nearest his heart : " those are the very words.

Por. It is so. Are there balance here to weigh
The flesh ?*Shy.* I have them ready.

250

Por. Have by some surgeon, Shylock, on your charge,
To stop his wounds, lest he do bleed to death.*Shy.* Is it so nominated in the bond ?*Por.* It is not so express'd : but what of that ?

'T were good you do so much for charity.

Shy. I cannot find it ; 't is not in the bond.*Por.* You, merchant, have you anything to say ?*Ant.* But little : I am arm'd and well prepar'd.

Give me your hand, Bassanio : fare you well !

Grieve not that I am fallen to this for you ;

260

For herein Fortune shows herself more kind

Than is her custom. It is still her use

To let the wretched man outlive his wealth,

To view with hollow eye and wrinkled brow

An age of poverty ; from which lingering penance

Of such misery doth she cut me off.

Commend me to your honourable wife :

Tell her the process of Antonio's end ;

Say how I lov'd you, speak me fair in death ;

And, when the tale is told, bid her be judge

270

Whether Bassanio had not once a love.

Repent but you that you shall lose your friend,

And he repents not that he pays your debt ;

For if the Jew do cut but deep enough,

I'll pay it presently with all my heart.

Bass. Antonio, I am married to a wife

Which is as dear to me as life itself ;

But life itself, my wife, and all the world,

²⁴⁵ *more elder.* Double comparatives and superlatives were commonly used in S.'s day.²⁴⁹ *balance* : used as a plural in S.'s day.²⁷² *Repent but* : thus the quartos : the folio, *repent not*, which may be right.

Are not with me esteem'd above thy life :

I would lose all, ay, sacrifice them all

280

Here to this devil, to deliver you.

Por. Your wife would give you little thanks for that,

If she were by, to hear you make the offer.

Gra. I have a wife, whom, I protest, I love :

I would she were in heaven, so she could

Entreat some power to change this currish Jew.

Ner. 'Tis well you offer it behind her back ;

The wish would make else an unquiet house.

Shy. These be the Christian husbands. I have a daughter ;

Would any of the stock of Barrabas

290

Had been her husband rather than a Christian !

[*Aside.*

We trifle time : I pray thee, pursue sentence.

Por. A pound of that same merchant's flesh is thine :

The court awards it, and the law doth give it.

Shy. Most rightful judge !

Por. And you must cut this flesh from off his breast :

The law allows it, and the court awards it.

Shy. Most learned judge ! A sentence ! Come, prepare !

Por. Tarry a little ; there is something else.

This bond doth give thee here no jot of blood ;

300

The words expressly are "a pound of flesh :"

Take then thy bond, take thou thy pound of flesh ;

But, in the cutting it, if thou dost shed

One drop of Christian blood, thy lands and goods

Are, by the laws of Venice, confiscate

Unto the state of Venice.

Gra. O upright judge ! Mark, Jew : O learned judge !

Shy. Is that the law ?

Por. Thyself shall see the act :

For, as thou urgest justice, be assur'd

Thou shalt have justice, more than thou desirest.

310

Gra. O learned judge ! Mark, Jew : a learned judge !

Shy. I take this offer, then ; pay the bond thrice

And let the Christian go.

Bass.

Here is the money.

Por. Soft !

The Jew shall have all justice ; soft ! no haste :

He shall have nothing but the penalty.

Gra. O Jew ! an upright judge, a learned judge !

Por. Therefore prepare thee to cut off the flesh.

Shed thou no blood, nor cut thou less nor more

But just a pound of flesh : if thou cut'st more

320

Or less than a just pound, be it but so much

As makes it light or heavy in the substance,
 Or the division of the twentieth part
 Of one poor scruple, nay, if the scale do turn
 But in the estimation of a hair,
 Thou diest and all thy goods are confiscate.

Gra. A second Daniel, a Daniel, Jew !

Now, infidel, I have thee on the hip.

Por. Why doth the Jew pause ? take thy forfeiture.

Shy. Give me my principal, and let me go.

Bass. I have it ready for thee ; here it is.

Por. He hath refus'd it in the open court :
 He shall have merely justice and his bond.

Gra. A Daniel, still say I, a second Daniel !
 I thank thee, Jew, for teaching me that word.

Shy. Shall I not have barely my principal ?

Por. Thou shalt have nothing but the forfeiture,
 To be so taken at thy peril, Jew.

Shy. Why, then the Devil give him good of it !
 I'll stay no longer question.

Por. Tarry, Jew :

The law hath yet another hold on you.
 It is enacted in the laws of Venice,
 If it be prov'd against an alien
 That by direct or indirect attempts
 He seek the life of any citizen,
 The party 'gainst the which he doth contrive
 Shall seize one half his goods ; the other half
 Comes to the privy coffer of the state ;
 And the offender's life lies in the mercy
 Of the Duke only, 'gainst all other voice.
 In which predicament, I say, thou stand'st ;
 For it appears, by manifest proceeding,
 That indirectly, and directly too,
 Thou hast contriv'd against the very life
 Of the defendant ; and thou hast incurr'd
 The danger formerly by me rehears'd.
 Down therefore and beg mercy of the Duke.

Gra. Beg that thou mayst have leave to hang thyself :
 And yet, thy wealth being forfeit to the state,
 Thou hast not left the value of a cord ;
 Therefore thou must be hang'd at the state's charge.

Duke. That thou shalt see the difference of our spirits,
 I pardon thee thy life before thou ask it :
 For half thy wealth, it is Antonio's ;

³²⁰ *confiscate* = confiscated : a form of the preterite participle, common in certain verbs of Latin derivation in S.'s time.

330

340

350

360

The other half comes to the general state,
Which humbleness may drive unto a fine.

Por. Ay, for the state, not for Antonio.

Shy. Nay, take my life and all; pardon not that:
You take my house when you do take the prop
That doth sustain my house; you take my life
When you do take the means whereby I live.

370

Por. What mercy can you render him, Antonio?

Gra. A halter gratis; nothing else, for God's sake.

Ant. So please my lord the Duke and all the court
To quit the fine for one half of his goods,

I am content; so he will let me have

The other half in use, to render it,

Upon his death, unto the gentleman

That lately stole his daughter:

Two things provided more, that, for this favour,

380

He presently become a Christian;

The other, that he do record a gift,

Here in the court, of all he dies possess'd,

Unto his son Lorenzo and his daughter.

Duke. He shall do this, or else I do recant

The pardon that I late pronounced here.

Por. Art thou contented, Jew? what dost thou say?

Shy. I am content.

Por. Clerk, draw a deed of gift.

Shy. I pray you, give me leave to go from hence;

I am not well: send the deed after me,

390

And I will sign it.

Duke. Get thee gone, but do it.

Gra. In christening shalt thou have two godfathers:

Had I been judge, thou shouldst have had ten more,

To bring thee to the gallows, not the font.

[Exit Shylock.

Duke. Sir, I entreat you home with me to dinner.

Por. I humbly do desire your grace of pardon:

I must away this night toward Padua,

And it is meet I presently set forth.

Duke. I am sorry that your leisure serves you not.

Antonio, gratify this gentleman;

400

For, in my mind, you are much bound to him.

[Exeunt Duke and his train.

Bass. Most worthy gentleman, I and my friend

Have by your wisdom been this day acquitted

Of grievous penalties; in lieu whereof,

383 of all he dies possessed: carelessly written for possessed of.

400 gratify = reward; a fee was called a gratification.

404 in lieu = in place, and so, in recompense, reward.

Three thousand ducats, due unto the Jew,
We freely cope your courteous pains withal.

Ant. And stand indebted, over and above,
In love and service to you evermore.

Por. He is well paid that is well satisfied ;
And I, delivering you, am satisfied 410
And therein do account myself well paid :
My mind was never yet more mercenary.
I pray you, know me when we meet again :
I wish you well, and so I take my leave.

Bass. Dear sir, of force I must attempt you further :
Take some remembrance of us, as a tribute,
Not as a fee : grant me two things, I pray you,
Not to deny me, and to pardon me.

Por. You press me far, and therefore I will yield. 419
[*To Ant.*] Give me your gloves, I'll wear them for your sake ;
[*To Bass.*] And, for your love, I'll take this ring from you :
Do not draw back your hand ; I'll take no more ;
And you in love shall not deny me this.

Bass. This ring, good sir, alas, it is a trifle !
I will not shame myself to give you this.

Por. I will have nothing else but only this ;
And now methinks I have a mind to it.

Bass. There's more depends on this than on the value.
The dearest ring in Venice will I give you,
And find it out by proclamation : 430
Only for this, I pray you, pardon me.

Por. I see, sir, you are liberal in offers :
You taught me first to beg ; and now methinks
You teach me how a beggar should be answer'd.

Bass. Good sir, this ring was given me by my wife ;
And when she put it on, she made me vow
That I should neither sell nor give nor lose it.

Por. That'scuse serves many men to save their gifts.
An if your wife be not a mad-woman,
And know how well I have deserv'd the ring, 440
She would not hold out enemy for ever,
For giving it to me. Well, peace be with you !

[*Exeunt Portia and Nerissa.*]

Ant. My Lord Bassanio, let him have the ring :
Let his deservings and my love withal
Be valued against your wife's commandment.

Bass. Go, Gratiano, run and overtake him ;
Give him the ring, and bring him, if thou canst,

⁴⁰⁸ *cope.* A strained use of the word in the sense of equal, and so, reward.

⁴⁴⁵ *Be valued.* The verse is perfect ; *valued* is a trisyllable.

Unto Antonio's house : away ! make haste.

[Exit Gratiano.

Come, you and I will thither presently ;

And in the morning early will we both

Fly toward Belmont : come, Antonio.

450

[Exeunt.

SCENE II. *The same. A street.*

Enter PORTIA and NERISSA

Por. Inquire the Jew's house out, give him this deed

And let him sign it : we 'll away to-night

And be a day before our husbands home :

This deed will be well welcome to Lorenzo.

Enter GRATIANO.

Gra. Fair sir, you are well o'erta'en :

My Lord Bassanio upon more advice

Hath sent you here this ring, and doth entreat

Your company at dinner.

Por. That cannot be :

His ring I do accept most thankfully :

And so, I pray you, tell him : furthermore,

10

I pray you, show my youth old Shylock's house.

Gra. That will I do.

Ner. Sir, I would speak with you.

[*Aside to Por.*] I 'll see if I can get my husband's ring,

Which I did make him swear to keep for ever.

Por. [*Aside to Ner.*] Thou mayst, I warrant. We shall
have old swearing

That they did give the rings away to men ;

But we 'll outface them, and outswear them too.

[*Aloud.*] Away ! make haste : thou know'st where I will tarry.

Ner. Come, good sir, will you show me to this house ? [Exeunt.

ACT V.

SCENE I. *Belmont. Avenue to PORTIA'S house.*

Enter LORENZO and JESSICA

Lor. The moon shines bright : in such a night as this,

When the sweet wind did gently kiss the trees

And they did make no noise, in such a night

Troilus methinks mounted the Trojan walls

And sigh'd his soul toward the Grecian tents,

Where Cressid lay that night.

¹⁵ *old* : used with intensifying force, as, indeed, sometimes nowadays.

⁴ *Troilus* — *Cressid* : for Shakespeare's version of the story of these lovers, told in English first by Chaucer, see the drama that bears their names *Trojan* : printed *Troyan* in the old copies ; but *j* was pronounced like *y*.

Jes.

In such a night

Did Thisbe fearfully o'ertrip the dew
And saw the lion's shadow ere himself
And ran dismay'd away.

Lor.

In such a night

Stood Dido with a willow in her hand
Upon the wild sea banks and waft her love
To come again to Carthage.

10

Jes.

In such a night

Medea gather'd the enchanted herbs
That did renew old Æson.

Lor.

In such a night

Did Jessica steal from the wealthy Jew
And with an unthrift love did run from Venice
As far as Belmont.

Jes.

In such a night

Did young Lorenzo swear he lov'd her well,
Stealing her soul with many vows of faith
And ne'er a true one.

Lor.

In such a night

Did pretty Jessica, like a little shrew,
Slander her love, and he forgave it her.

20

Jes. I would out-night you, did no body come;
But, hark, I hear the footing of a man.

Enter STEPHANO.

Lor. Who comes so fast in silence of the night?

Steph. A friend.

Lor. A friend! what friend? your name, I pray you, friend?

Steph. Stephano is my name; and I bring word
My mistress will before the break of day
Be here at Belmont: she doth stray about
By holy crosses, where she kneels and prays
For happy wedlock hours.

30

Lor.

Who comes with her?

Steph. None but a holy hermit and her maid.

I pray you, is my master yet return'd?

Lor. He is not, nor we have not heard from him.
But go we in, I pray thee, Jessica,
And ceremoniously let us prepare
Some welcome for the mistress of the house.

Enter LAUNCELOT.

Laun. Sola, sola! wo ha, ho! sola, sola!

Lor. Who calls?

40

⁷ *Thisbe*: see the last act of *A Midsummer-Night's Dream*.

¹⁰ *Dido*: the story of this widow, who loved Æneas, and was deserted by him at divine command, and who thereupon put an end to her life, forms an important part of Vergil's *Æneid*.

¹¹ *waft* = waited.

Laur. Sola! did you see Master Lorenzo?

Master Lorenzo, sola, sola!

Lor. Leave hollaing, man: here.

Laur. Sola! where? where?

Lor. Here.

Laur. Tell him there's a post come from my master, with his horn full of good news: my master will be here ere morning.

[*Exit.*]

Lor. Sweet soul, let's in, and there expect their coming.

And yet no matter: why should we go in?

My friend Stephano, signify, I pray you,

Within the house, your mistress is at hand;

And bring your music forth into the air.

[*Exit Stephano.*]

How sweet the moonlight sleeps upon this bank!

Here will we sit and let the sounds of music

Creep in our ears: soft stillness and the night

Become the touches of sweet harmony.

Sit, Jessica. Look how the floor of heaven

Is thick inlaid with patines of bright gold:

There's not the smallest orb which thou behold'st

But in his motion like an angel sings,

Still quiring to the young-eyed cherubins;

Such harmony is in immortal souls;

But whilst this muddy vesture of decay

Doth grossly close it in, we cannot hear it.

Enter Musicians.

Come, ho! and wake Diana with a hymn:

With sweetest touches pierce your mistress' ear

And draw her home with music.

[*Music.*]

Jes. I am never merry when I hear sweet music.

Lor. The reason is, your spirits are attentive:

For do but note a wild and wanton herd,

Or race of youthful and unhandled colts,

Fetching mad bounds, bellowing and neighing loud,

Which is the hot condition of their blood;

If they but hear perchance a trumpet sound,

Or any air of music touch their ears,

You shall perceive them make a mutual stand,

Their savage eyes turn'd to a modest gaze

By the sweet power of music: therefore the poet

Did feign that Orpheus drew trees, stones and floods;

Since nought so stockish, hard and full of rage,

But music for the time doth change his nature.

⁵⁵ *patines* = small circular pieces of metal.

⁶⁰ *like an angel sings*: this exquisitely beautiful passage has its spring in the absurd notion of the harmony of the spheres.

⁶¹ *cherubins*: the old form of the word, from the Italian *cherubino*.

⁷⁰ *mutual*: incorrectly used for common.

The man that hath no music in himself,
 Nor is not mov'd with concord of sweet sounds,
 Is fit for treasons, stratagems and spoils :
 The motions of his spirit are dull as night
 And his affections dark as Erebus :
 Let no such man be trusted. Mark the music.

Enter PORTIA and NERISSA.

Por. That light we see is burning in my hall.
 How far that little candle throws his beams !
 So shines a good deed in a naughty world.

90

Ner. When the moon shone, we did not see the candle.

Por. So doth the greater glory dim the less :
 A substitute shines brightly as a king
 Until a king be by ; and then his state
 Empties itself, as doth an inland brook
 Into the main of waters. Music ! hark !

Ner. It is your music, madam, of the house.

Por. Nothing is good, I see, without respect :
 Methinks it sounds much sweeter than by day.

Ner. Silence bestows that virtue on it, madam.

100

Por. The crow doth sing as sweetly as the lark
 When neither is attended, and I think
 The nightingale, if she should sing by day,
 When every goose is cackling, would be thought
 No better a musician than the wren.
 How many things by season season'd are
 To their right praise and true perfection !
 Peace, ho ! the moon sleeps with Endymion
 And would not be awak'd.

[Music ceases.]

Lor. That is the voice,
 Or I am much deceiv'd, of Portia.

110

Por. He knows me as the blind man knows the cuckoo,
 By the bad voice.

Lor. Dear lady, welcome home.

Por. We have been praying for our husbands' healths,
 Which speed, we hope, the better for our words.
 Are they return'd ?

Lor. Madam, they are not yet ;
 But there is come a messenger before,
 To signify their coming.

Por. Go in, Nerissa ;
 Give order to my servants that they take
 No note at all of our being absent hence ;
 Nor you, Lorenzo ; Jessica, nor you.

119

[A tucket sounds.]

⁸⁶ *Erebus* : the gloomy passage to Hades.

¹²⁰ *tucket* : from the Italian *toccata*, and meaning properly a certain succession of notes, but here misused to mean a sort of trumpet.

Lor. Your husband is at hand; I hear his trumpet:
We are no tell-tales, madam; fear you not.

Por. This night methinks is but the daylight sick;
It looks a little paler: 't is a day,
Such as the day is when the sun is hid.

Enter BASSANIO, ANTONIO, GRATIANO, and their followers.

Bass. We should hold day with the Antipodes,
If you would walk in absence of the sun.

Por. Let me give light, but let me not be light;
For a light wife doth make a heavy husband,
And never be Bassanio so for me:

But God sort all! You are welcome home, my lord. 130

Bass. I thank you, madam. Give welcome to my friend.
This is the man: this is Antonio,
To whom I am so infinitely bound.

Por. You should in all sense be much bound to him,
For, as I hear, he was much bound for you.

Ant. No more than I am well acquitted of.

Por. Sir, you are very welcome to our house:
It must appear in other ways than words,
Therefore I scant this breathing courtesy. 140

Gra. [*To Ner.*] By yonder moon I swear you do me wrong;
In faith, I gave it to the judge's clerk:
Would he were gelt that had it, for my part,
Since you do take it, love, so much at heart.

Por. A quarrel, ho, already! what's the matter?

Gra. About a hoop of gold, a paltry ring
That she did give me, whose posy was
For all the world like cutler's poetry
Upon a knife, "Love me, and leave me not."

Ner. What talk you of the posy or the value? 150
You swore to me, when I did give it you,
That you would wear it till your hour of death,
And that it should lie with you in your grave.
Though not for me, yet for your vehement oaths,
You should have been respective and have kept it.
Gave it a judge's clerk! no, God's my judge,
The clerk will ne'er wear hair on 's face that had it.

Gra. He will, an if he live to be a man.

Ner. Ay, if a woman live to be a man.

Gra. Now, by this hand, I gave it to a youth, 160
A kind of boy, a little scrubbed boy,
No higher than thyself, the judge's clerk,

¹⁴⁷ *posy* — *poesy*: applied to inscriptions on rings and other love tokens, which were generally in verse.

¹⁵⁵ *respective* = respectful; that is, of his oath.

A prating boy, that begg'd it as a fee :
I could not for my heart deny it him.

Por. You were to blame, I must be plain with you,
To part so slightly with your wife's first gift ;
A thing stuck on with oaths upon your finger
And so riveted with faith unto your flesh.
I gave my love a ring and made him swear
Never to part with it ; and here he stands ;
I dare be sworn for him he would not leave it
Nor pluck it from his finger, for the wealth
That the world masters. Now, in faith, Gratiano,
You give your wife too unkind a cause of grief :
An't were to me, I should be mad at it.

70

Bass. [*Aside.*] Why, I were best to cut my left hand off
And swear I lost the ring defending it.

Gra. My Lord Bassanio gave his ring away
Unto the judge that begg'd it, and indeed
Deserv'd it too ; and then the boy, his clerk,
That took some pains in writing, he begg'd mine ;
And neither man nor master would take aught
But the two rings.

180

Por. What ring gave you, my lord ?
Not that, I hope, which you receiv'd of me.

Bass. If I could add a lie unto a fault,
I would deny it ; but you see my finger
Hath not the ring upon it ; it is gone.

Por. Even so void is your false heart of truth.
By heaven, I will ne'er come in your bed
Until I see the ring.

Ner. Nor I in yours
Till I again see mine.

190

Bass. Sweet Portia,
If you did know to whom I gave the ring,
If you did know for whom I gave the ring,
And would conceive for what I gave the ring,
And how unwillingly I left the ring,
When nought would be accepted but the ring,
You would abate the strength of your displeasure.

Por. If you had known the virtue of the ring,
Or half her worthiness that gave the ring,
Or your own honour to contain the ring,
You would not then have parted with the ring.
What man is there so much unreasonable,
If you had pleas'd to have defended it
With any terms of zeal, wanted the modesty

200

²⁰⁴ *wanted the modesty to urge*, etc. : a very confused and heedlessly written sentence. The meaning, What man, etc., would have been so immodest as to importune you for the thing ? etc.

To urge the thing held as a ceremony?

Nerissa teaches me what to believe :

I'll die for 't but some woman had the ring.

Bass. No, by my honour, madam, by my soul,

No woman had it, but a civil doctor,

Which did refuse three thousand ducats of me

And begg'd the ring ; the which I did deny him

And suffer'd him to go displeas'd away ;

Even he that did uphold the very life

Of my dear friend. What should I say, sweet lady?

I was enforc'd to send it after him ;

I was beset with shame and courtesy ;

My honour would not let ingratitude

So much besmear it. Pardon me, good lady ;

For, by these blessed candles of the night,

Had you been there, I think you would have begg'd

The ring of me to give the worthy doctor.

Por. Let not that doctor e'er come near my house :

Since he hath got the jewel that I lov'd,

And that which you did swear to keep for me,

I will become as liberal as you ;

I'll not deny him any thing I have,

No, not my body nor my husband's bed :

Know him I shall, I am well sure of it :

Lie not a night from home ; watch me like Argus :

If you do not, if I be left alone,

Now, by mine honour, which is yet mine own,

I'll have that doctor for my bedfellow.

Ner. And I his clerk ; therefore be well advis'd

How you do leave me to mine own protection.

Gra. Well, do you so : let not me take him, then ;

For if I do, I'll mar the young clerk's pen.

Ant. I am the unhappy subject of these quarrels.

Por. Sir, grieve not you ; you are welcome notwithstanding.

Bass. Portia, forgive me this enforced wrong ;

And, in the hearing of these many friends,

I swear to thee, even by thine own fair eyes,

Wherein I see myself —

Por.

Mark you but that!

In both my eyes he doubly sees himself ;

In each eye, one : swear by your double self,

And there 's an oath of credit.

Bass.

Nay, but hear me :

Pardon this fault, and by my soul I swear

I never more will break an oath with thee.

Ant. I once did lend my body for his wealth,
Which, but for him that had your husband's ring,
Had quite miscarried : I dare be bound again,
My soul upon the forfeit, that your lord
Will never more break faith advisedly. 250

Por. Then you shall be his surety. Give him this
And bid him keep it better than the other.

Ant. Here, Lord Bassanio ; swear to keep this ring.

Bass. By heaven, it is the same I gave the doctor !

Por. I had it of him : pardon me, Bassanio :
For, by this ring, the doctor lay with me.

Ner. And pardon me, my gentle Gratiano ;
For that same scrubbed boy, the doctor's clerk,
In lieu of this last night did lie with me. 260

Gra. Why, this is like the mending of highways
In summer, where the ways are fair enough :
What, are we cuckolds ere we have deserv'd it ?

Por. Speak not so grossly. You are all amaz'd :
Here is a letter ; read it at your leisure ;
It comes from Padua, from Bellario :
There you shall find that Portia was the doctor,
Nerissa there her clerk. Lorenzo here
Shall witness I set forth as soon as you
And even but now return'd ; I have not yet
Enter'd my house. Antonio, you are welcome ;
And I have better news in store for you
Than you expect. Unseal this letter soon :
There you shall find three of your argosies
Are richly come to harbour suddenly :
You shall not know by what strange accident
I chanced on this letter. 270

Ant. I am dumb.

Bass. Were you the doctor and I knew you not ?

Gra. Were you the clerk that is to make me cuckold ? 280

Ner. Ay, but the clerk that never means to do it,
Unless he live until he be a man.

Bass. Sweet doctor, you shall be my bedfellow :
When I am absent, then lie with my wife.

Ant. Sweet lady, you have given me life and living ;
For here I read for certain that my ships
Are safely come to road.

Por. How now, Lorenzo !
My clerk hath some good comforts too for you.

Ner. Ay, and I'll give them him without a fee.

²⁴⁸ *his wealth* = his well-being.

²⁶¹ *In lieu of* = in consideration of, for this pledge.

There do I give to you and Jessica,
From the rich Jew, a special deed of gift,
After his death, of all he dies possess'd of.

290

Lor. Fair ladies, you drop manna in the way
Of starved people.

Por. It is almost morning,
And yet I am sure you are not satisfied
Of these events at full. Let us go in;
And charge us there upon inter'gatories,
And we will answer all things faithfully.

Gra. Let it be so: the first inter'gatory
That my Nerissa shall be sworn on is,
Whether till the next night she had rather stay,
Or go to bed now, being two hours to day:
But were the day come, I should wish it dark,
That I were couching with the doctor's clerk.
Well, while I live I'll fear no other thing
So sore as keeping safe Nerissa's ring.

300

[*Exeunt.*]

²⁹⁷ *inter'gatories.* Thus the word was pronounced in S.'s day. In the King's Bench a person in contempt is "charged upon interrogatories," and sworn to answer faithfully.

AS YOU LIKE IT.

INTRODUCTION.

THE story and the substance of this most delightful of comedies (for *The Merchant of Venice* treads somewhat closely upon the heels of tragedy, and *A Midsummer-Night's Dream* is rather a fantasy piece than a comedy) Shakespeare took from a tale called *Rosalind*, written by Thomas Lodge, and published A. D. 1590. The comedy is, in fact, a mere dramatization of the tale, — an adaptation it would now be called, — the personages, the incidents, most of the names, and even some of the language being found in Lodge's novel. The chief difference between the two — more remarkable, even, than that one is a tale and the other a drama — is that the ambitious tale is one of the dullest and dreariest of all the obscure literary performances that have come down to us from past ages, and the comedy, written as journey-work by a playwright to please a miscellaneous audience, is the one bright, immortal woodland poem of the world.

As You Like It was first printed in the folio of 1623; but the London Stationer's Register shows that it was about to be published in 1600. Not being mentioned by Meres in *Palladis Tamia*, it was therefore written between 1597 or 1598 and 1600; that is, about 1598 or 1599; the few months earlier or later that would carry it into the one year or the other being of little importance. The text of the folio is remarkably free from corruption.

The period of the action is quite indefinable. The scene seems French; and in Lodge's novel the father of Rosader (the Orlando of the comedy) is Sir John of Bordeaux. But, notwithstanding this, and although there was an Ardennes in France and an Arden in England, the Forest of Arden is neither in France nor in England, but wherever the reader may like to fancy it; and the story is one of any time between the days of Pharamond and Henri Quatre. This comedy is remarkable for the purely Shakespearean character of its thought and language from beginning to end. But there are a few unimportant passages which show traces of another hand; notably the part of Hymen, and his song in the fifth act.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

DUKE, *living in banishment.*
 FREDERICK, *his brother, and usurper*
of his dominions.

AMIENS, } *lords attending on the ban-*
 JAQUES, } *ished duke.*

LE BEAU, *a courtier attending upon*
Frederick.

CHARLES, *wrestler to Frederick.*

OLIVER, }
 JAQUES, } *sons of Sir Rowland de*
 ORLANDO, } *Boys.*

ADAM, } *servants to Oliver.*
 DENNIS, }

TOUCHSTONE, *a clown.*

SIR OLIVER MARTEXT, *a vicar.*

CORIN, }
 SILVIUS, } *shepherds.*

WILLIAM, *a country fellow, in love*
with Audrey.

A person representing Hymen.

ROSALIND, *daughter to the banished*
duke.

CELIA, *daughter to Frederick.*

PHEBE, *a shepherdess.*

AUDREY, *a country wench.*

Lords, pages, and attendants, etc.

SCENE: *Oliver's house; Duke Frederick's court; and the Forest of Arden.*

no longer ...
in atmosphere; and ...
gentle rather than ...

AS YOU LIKE IT.

ACT I.

SCENE I. Orchard of OLIVER'S house.

Enter ORLANDO and ADAM.

Orl. As I remember, Adam, it was upon this fashion; — bequeathed me by will but poor a thousand crowns, and, as thou say'st, charg'd my brother, on his blessing, to breed me well: and there begins my sadness. My brother Jaques he keeps at school, and report speaks goldenly of his profit: for my part, he keeps me rustically at home, or, to speak more properly, stays me here at home unkept; for call you that keeping for a gentleman of my birth, that differs not from the stalling of an ox? His horses are bred better; for, besides that they are fair with their feeding, they are taught their manage, and to that end riders dearly hir'd: but I, his brother, gain nothing under him but growth; for the which his animals on his dunghills are as much bound to him as I. Besides this nothing that he so plentifully gives me, the something that nature gave me his countenance seems to take from me: he lets me feed with his hinds, bars me the place of a brother, and, as much as in him lies, mines my gentility with my education. This is it, Adam, that grieves me; and the spirit of my father, which I think is within me, begins to mutiny against this servitude: I will no longer endure it, though yet I know no wise remedy how to avoid it.

21

Adam. Yonder comes my master, your brother.

Orl. Go apart, Adam, and thou shalt hear how he will shake me up.

Enter OLIVER.

Oli. Now, sir! what make you here?

Orl. Nothing: I am not taught to make any thing.

Oli. What mar you then, sir?

² *poor a thousand* = a poor thousand: a position of the adjective and the article hardly yet obsolete.

⁵ *school* = college.

¹⁰ *manage* = training.

²⁵ *what make you here?* = what do you? why are you here?

Orl. Marry, sir, I am helping you to mar that which God made, a poor unworthy brother of yours, with idleness. 29

Oli. Marry, sir, be better employed, and be naught awhile.

Orl. Shall I keep your hogs and eat husks with them? What prodigal portion have I spent, that I should come to such penury?

Oli. Know you where you are, sir?

Orl. O, sir, very well: here in your orchard.

Oli. Know you before whom, sir?

Orl. Ay, better than him I am before knows me. I know you are my eldest brother; and, in the gentle condition of blood, you should so know me. The courtesy of nations allows you my better, in that you are the first-born; but the same tradition takes not away my blood, were there twenty brothers betwixt us: I have as much of my father in me as you; albeit, I confess, your coming before me is nearer to his reverence.

Oli. What, boy!

[*Strikes at him.*]

Orl. Come, come, elder brother, you are too young in this.

[*Takes him by the throat.*]

Oli. Wilt thou lay hands on me, villain?

Orl. I am no villain; I am the youngest son of Sir Rowland de Boys; he was my father, and he is thrice a villain that says such a father begot villains. Wert thou not my brother, I would not take this hand from thy throat till this other had pull'd out thy tongue for saying so: thou hast rail'd on thyself. 51

Adam. Sweet masters, be patient: for your father's remembrance, be at accord.

Oli. Let me go, I say.

Orl. I will not, till I please: you shall hear me. My father charg'd you in his will to give me good education: you have train'd me like a peasant, obscuring and hiding from me all gentleman-like qualities. The spirit of my father grows strong in me, and I will no longer endure it: therefore allow me such exercises as may become a gentleman, or give me the poor allottery my father left me by testament; with that I will go buy my fortunes. 62

Oli. And what wilt thou do, beg? when that is spent? Well, sir, get you in: I will not long be troubled with you; you shall have some part of your will: I pray you, leave me.

Orl. I will no further offend you than becomes me for my good.

Oli. Get you with him, you old dog.

²⁸ *Marry*: originally *Mary*; an oath by the Virgin.

³⁰ *and be naught awhile*: exactly correspondent to the modern "and be damned to you."

³⁷ *better than him*, etc. Mere heedless writing; not "Elizabethan grammar."

⁴⁰ *villain*: used in the double sense of serf and vile creature.

Adam. Is "old dog" my reward? Most true, I have lost my teeth in your service. God be with my old master! he would not have spoke such a word.

[*Exeunt Orlando and Adam.*]

Oli. Is it even so? begin you to grow upon me? I will physic your rankness, and yet give no thousand crowns neither. Holla, Dennis!

Enter DENNIS.

Den. Calls your worship?

Oli. Was not Charles, the Duke's wrestler, here to speak with me?

Den. So please you, he is here at the door and importunes access to you.

Oli. Call him in. [*Exit Dennis.*] 'T will be a good way; and to-morrow the wrestling is.

81

Enter CHARLES.

Cha. Good morrow to your worship.

Oli. Good Monsieur Charles, what's the new news at the new court?

Cha. There's no news at the court, sir, but the old news: that is, the old Duke is banish'd by his younger brother the new Duke; and three or four loving lords have put themselves into voluntary exile with him, whose lands and revenues enrich the new Duke; therefore he gives them good leave to wander.

Oli. Can you tell if Rosalind, the Duke's daughter, be banished with her father?

91

Cha. O, no; for the Duke's daughter, her cousin, so loves her, being ever from their cradles bred together, that she would have followed her exile, or have died to stay behind her. She is at the court, and no less beloved of her uncle than his own daughter; and never two ladies loved as they do.

Oli. Where will the old Duke live?

Cha. They say he is already in the forest of Arden, and a many merry men with him; and there they live like the old Robin Hood of England: they say many young gentlemen flock to him every day, and fleet the time carelessly, as they did in the golden world.

102

Oli. What, you wrestle to-morrow before the new Duke?

Cha. Marry, do I, sir; and I came to acquaint you with a matter. I am given, sir, secretly to understand that your younger brother Orlando hath a disposition to come in disguis'd against me to try a fall. To-morrow, sir, I wrestle for my credit; and he that escapes me without some broken limb shall acquit him well. Your brother is but young and tender; and,

⁹⁹ *a many*: a use of the article as if *many* were definite, like a hundred or a thousand; it is not quite obsolete.

¹⁰¹ *fleet* = pass lightly over; possibly a transitive use of the old *fleet* = to move swiftly, but rather, I think, S. chose to use an adjective as if it were a verb.

for your love, I would be loath to foil him, as I must, for my own honour, if he come in: therefore, out of my love to you, I came hither to acquaint you withal, that either you might stay him from his intendment or brook such disgrace well as he shall run into, in that it is a thing of his own search and altogether against my will.

Oli. Charles, I thank thee for thy love to me, which thou shalt find I will most kindly requite. I had myself notice of my brother's purpose herein, and have by underhand means laboured to dissuade him from it; but he is resolute. I'll tell thee, Charles: it is the stubbornest young fellow of France, full of ambition, an envious emulator of every man's good parts, a secret and villanous contriver against me his natural brother: therefore use thy discretion; I had as lief thou didst break his neck as his finger. And thou wert best look to't; for if thou dost him any slight disgrace or if he do not mightily grace himself on thee, he will practise against thee by poison, entrap thee by some treacherous device and never leave thee till he hath ta'en thy life by some indirect means or other; for, I assure thee, and almost with tears I speak it, there is not one so young and so villanous this day living. I speak but brotherly of him; but should I anatomize him to thee as he is, I must blush and weep and thou must look pale and wonder.

Cha. I am heartily glad I came hither to you. If he come to-morrow, I'll give him his payment. If ever he go alone again, I'll never wrestle for prize more: and so God keep your worship! 132

Oli. Farewell, good Charles. [*Exit Charles.*] Now will I stir this gamester: I hope I shall see an end of him; for my soul, yet I know not why, hates nothing more than he. Yet he's gentle, never school'd and yet learned, full of noble device, of all sorts enchantingly beloved, and indeed so much in the heart of the world, and especially of my own people, who best know him, that I am altogether misprised: but it shall not be so long; this wrestler shall clear all: nothing remains but that I kindle the boy thither; which now I'll go about. [*Exit.*]

SCENE II. *Lawn before the Duke's palace.*

Enter CELIA and ROSALIND.

Cel. I pray thee, Rosalind, sweet my coz, be merry.

Ros. Dear Celia, I show more mirth than I am mistress of;

¹²⁰ *it is the stubbornest.* This use of *it* for *he* or *she* implies great familiarity, but not necessarily detraction. It is still heard colloquially.

¹³⁸ *gamester* = sporting man, player at games.

¹³⁹ *than he*: heedlessly written for "than him."

¹⁴⁶ *kindle* = warm up, incite.

and would you yet I were merrier? Unless you could teach me to forget a banished father, you must not learn me how to remember any extraordinary pleasure.

Cel. Herein I see thou lov'st me not with the full weight that I love thee. If my uncle, thy banished father, had banished thy uncle, the Duke my father, so thou hadst been still with me, I could have taught my love to take thy father for mine: so wouldst thou, if the truth of thy love to me were so righteously temper'd as mine is to thee. 11

Ros. Well, I will forget the condition of my estate, to rejoice in yours.

Cel. You know my father hath no child but I, nor none is like to have: and, truly, when he dies, thou shalt be his heir; for what he hath taken away from thy father perforce, I will render thee again in affection; by mine honour, I will; and when I break that oath, let me turn monster. Therefore, my sweet Rose, my dear Rose, be merry. 19

Ros. From henceforth I will, coz, and devise sports. Let me see; what think you of falling in love?

Cel. Marry, I prithee, do, to make sport withal: but love no man in good earnest; nor no further in sport neither than with safety of a pure blush thou mayst in honour come off again.

Ros. What shall be our sport, then?

Cel. Let us sit and mock the good housewife Fortune from her wheel, that her gifts may henceforth be bestowed equally. 20

Ros. I would we could do so, for her benefits are mightily misplaced; and the bountiful blind woman doth most mistake in her gifts to women. 30

Cel. 'Tis true; for those that she makes fair she scarce makes honest, and those that she makes honest she makes very ill-favouredly.

Ros. Nay, now thou goest from Fortune's office to Nature's: Fortune reigns in gifts of the world, not in the lineaments of Nature.

Enter TOUCHSTONE.

Cel. No? when Nature hath made a fair creature, may she not by Fortune fall into the fire? Though Nature hath given us wit to flout at Fortune, hath not Fortune sent in this Fool to cut off the argument? 40

Ros. Indeed, there is Fortune too hard for Nature, when Fortune makes Nature's natural the cutter-off of Nature's wit.

Cel. Peradventure this is not Fortune's work neither, but Nature's; who perceiveth our natural wits too dull to reason of such goddesses and hath sent this natural for our whetstone; for

⁴ learn: loosely used in S.'s day for "teach."

⁴⁵ natural = fool.

always the dulness of the fool is the whetstone of the wits.
How now, wit! whither wander you?

Touch. Mistress, you must come away to your father.

Cel. Were you made the messenger?

Touch. No, by mine honour; but I was bid to come for you.

Ros. Where learned you that oath, Fool?

Touch. Of a certain knight that swore by his honour they
were good pancakes, and swore by his honour the mustard was
naught: now I'll stand to it, the pancakes were naught and the
mustard was good, and yet was not the knight forsworn.

Cel. How prove you that, in the great heap of your knowl-
edge?

Ros. Ay, marry, now unmuzzle your wisdom.

Touch. Stand you both forth now: stroke your chins, and
swear by your beards that I am a knave.

Cel. By our beards, if we had them, thou art. 60

Touch. By my knavery, if I had it, then I were; but if you
swear by that that is not, you are not forsworn: no more was
this knight, swearing by his honour, for he never had any; or
if he had, he had sworn it away before ever he saw those pan-
cakes or that mustard.

Cel. Prithee, who is 't that thou mean'st?

Touch. One that old Frederick, your father, loves.

Cel. My father's love is enough to honour him: enough!
speak no more of him; you'll be whipp'd for taxation one of
these days. 70

Touch. The more pity, that fools may not speak wisely what
wise men do foolishly.

Cel. By my troth, thou sayest true; for since the little wit
that fools have was silenced, the little foolery that wise men
have makes a great show. Here comes Monsieur Le Beau.

Ros. With his mouth full of news.

Cel. Which he will put on us, as pigeons feed their young.

Ros. Then shall we be news-cramm'd.

Cel. All the better; we shall be the more marketable.

Enter LE BEAU.

Bon jour, Monsieur Le Beau: what's the news? 80

Le Beau. Fair princess, you have lost much good sport.

Cel. Sport! of what colour?

Le Beau. What colour, madam! how shall I answer you?

Ros. As wit and fortune will.

Touch. Or as the Destinies decree.

Cel. Well said: that was laid on with a trowel.

Touch. Nay, if I keep not my rank, —

⁶⁰ taxation = censure, sarcasm.

⁸⁰ laid on with a trowel = daubed on; as we still say of flattery.

Ros. Thou lovest thy old smell.

Le Beau. You amaze me, ladies: I would have told you of good wrestling, which you have lost the sight of. 90

Ros. Yet tell us the manner of the wrestling.

Le Beau. I will tell you the beginning; and, if it please your ladyships, you may see the end; for the best is yet to do; and here, where you are, they are coming to perform it.

Cel. Well, the beginning, that is dead and buried.

Le Beau. There comes an old man and his three sons, —

Cel. I could match this beginning with an old tale.

Le Beau. Three proper young men, of excellent growth and presence. 99

Ros. With bills on their necks: Be it known unto all men by these presents. V

Le Beau. The eldest of the three wrestled with Charles, the Duke's wrestler; which Charles in a moment threw him and broke three of his ribs, that there is little hope of life in him: so he served the second, and so the third. Yonder they lie; the poor old man, their father, making such pitiful dole over them that all the beholders take his part with weeping.

Ros. Alas!

Touch. But what is the sport, monsieur, that the ladies have lost? 110

Le Beau. Why, this that I speak of.

Touch. Thus men may grow wiser every day: it is the first time that ever I heard breaking of ribs was sport for ladies.

Cel. Or I, I promise thee.

Ros. But is there any else longs to see this broken music in his sides? is there yet another dotes upon rib-breaking? Shall we see this wrestling, cousin?

Le Beau. You must, if you stay here; for here is the place appointed for the wrestling, and they are ready to perform it. 120

Cel. Yonder, sure, they are coming: let us now stay and see it.

Flourish. Enter DUKE FREDERICK, Lords, ORLANDO, CHARLES, and Attendants.

Duke F. Come on: since the youth will not be entreated, his own peril on his forwardness.

Ros. Is yonder the man?

Le Beau. Even he, madam.

Cel. Alas, he is too young! yet he looks successfully.

Duke F. How now, daughter, and cousin! are you crept hither to see the wrestling?

Ros. Ay, my liege, so please you give us leave. 130

¹⁰⁸ *dole* = dolour, expression of grief.

¹¹⁵ *broken music* = music in parts; hence whimsically applied to parted ribs.

Duke F. You will take little delight in it, I can tell you ; there is such odds in the man. In pity of the challenger's youth I would fain dissuade him, but he will not be entreated. Speak to him, ladies ; see if you can move him.

Cel. Call him hither, good Monsieur Le Beau.

Duke F. Do so : I'll not be by.

Le Beau. Monsieur the challenger, the princess calls for you.

Orl. I attend them with all respect and duty. 138

Ros. Young man, have you challeng'd Charles the wrestler ?

Orl. No, fair princess ; he is the general challenger : I come but in, as others do, to try with him the strength of my youth.

Cel. Young gentleman, your spirits are too bold for your years. You have seen cruel proof of this man's strength : if you saw yourself with your eyes, or knew yourself with your judgement, the fear of your adventure would counsel you to a more equal enterprise. We pray you, for your own sake, to embrace your own safety and give over this attempt.

Ros. Do, young sir ; your reputation shall not therefore be misprised : we will make it our suit to the Duke that the wrestling might not go forward. 150

Orl. I beseech you, punish me not with your hard thoughts ; wherein I confess me much guilty, to deny so fair and excellent ladies any thing. But let your fair eyes and gentle wishes go with me to my trial : wherein if I be foil'd, there is but one sham'd that was never gracious ; if kill'd, but one dead that is willing to be so : I shall do my friends no wrong, for I have none to lament me ; the world no injury, for in it I have nothing ; only in the world I fill up a place, which may be better supplied when I have made it empty. 159

Ros. The little strength that I have, I would it were with you.

Cel. And mine, to eke out hers.

Ros. Fare you well : pray Heaven I be deceiv'd in you !

Cel. Your heart's desires be with you !

Cha. Come, where is this young gallant that is so desirous to lie with his mother earth ?

Orl. Ready, sir ; but his will hath in it a more modest working.

Duke F. You shall try but one fall. 169

Cha. No, I warrant your grace, you shall not entreat him to a second, that have so mightily persuaded him from a first.

Orl. An you mean to mock me after, you should not have mock'd me before : but come your ways.

Ros. Now Hercules be thy speed, young man !

138 *I attend them.* For Le Beau there was but one princess, for Orlando two ; and although it was Celia who commanded his presence, Rosalind speaks first.

Cel. I would I were invisible, to catch the strong fellow by the leg.
[*They wrestle.*]

Ros. O excellent young man!

Cel. If I had a thunderbolt in mine eye, I can tell who should down.
[*Shout. Charles is thrown.*]

Duke F. No more, no more.

180

Orl. Yes, I beseech your grace: I am not yet well breath'd.

Duke F. How dost thou, Charles?

Le Beau. He cannot speak; my lord.

Duke F. Bear him away. What is thy name, young man?

Orl. Orlando, my liege; the youngest son of Sir Rowland de Boys.

Duke F. I would thou hadst been son to some man else:

The world esteem'd thy father honourable,

But I did find him still mine enemy:

Thou shouldst have better pleas'd me with this deed,

190

Hadst thou descended from another house.

But fare thee well; thou art a gallant youth:

I would thou hadst told me of another father.

[*Exeunt Duke Fred., train, and Le Beau.*]

Cel. Were I my father, coz, would I do this?

Orl. I am more proud to be Sir Rowland's son,
His youngest son; and would not change that calling,
To be adopted heir to Frederick.

Ros. My father lov'd Sir Rowland as his soul,

And all the world was of my father's mind:

Had I before known this young man his son,

200

I should have given him tears unto entreaties,

Ere he should thus have ventur'd.

Cel. Gentle cousin,

Let us go thank him and encourage him:

My father's rough and envious disposition

Sticks me at heart. Sir, you have well deserv'd:

If you do keep your promises in love

But justly, as you have exceeded all promise,

Your mistress shall be happy.

Ros. Gentleman,

[*Giving him a chain from her neck.*]

Wear this for me, one out of suits with fortune,
That could give more, but that her hand lacks means.
Shall we go, coz?

210

Cel. Ay. Fare you well, fair gentleman.

Orl. Can I not say, I thank you? My better parts
Are all thrown down, and that which here stands up
Is but a quintain, a mere lifeless block.

²⁰⁹ *out of suits* = one out of relation with Fortune, no longer suited to Fortune.

²¹⁴ *quintain*: a wooden figure, sometimes in the form of a man, upon which young esquires practiced in their knightly training.

Ros. He calls us back : my pride fell with my fortunes ;
I'll ask him what he would. Did you call, sir ?
Sir, you have wrestled well and overthrown
More than your enemies.

Cel. Will you go, coz ?

Ros. Have with you. Fare you well. [*Exeunt Rosalind and Celia.*]

Orl. What passion hangs these weights upon my tongue ? 220
I cannot speak to her, yet she urg'd conference.
O poor Orlando, thou art overthrown !
Or Charles or something weaker masters thee.

Re-enter LE BEAU.

Le Beau. Good sir, I do in friendship counsel you
To leave this place. Albeit you have deserv'd
High commendation, true applause and love,
Yet such is now the Duke's condition
That he misconstrues all that you have done.
The Duke is humorous ; what he is indeed,
More suits you to conceive than I to speak of. 230

Orl. I thank you, sir : and, pray you, tell me this ;
Which of the two was daughter of the Duke
That here was at the wrestling ?

Le Beau. Neither his daughter, if we judge by manners ;
But yet indeed the lesser is his daughter :
The other is daughter to the banish'd Duke,
And here detain'd by her usurping uncle,
To keep his daughter company ; whose loves
Are dearer than the natural bond of sisters.
But I can tell you that of late this Duke 240
Hath ta'en displeasure 'gainst his gentle niece,
Grounded upon no other argument
But that the people praise her for her virtues
And pity her for her good father's sake ;
And, on my life, his malice 'gainst the lady
Will suddenly break forth. Sir, fare you well :
Hereafter, in a better world than this,
I shall desire more love and knowledge of you.

Orl. I rest much bounden to you : fare you well.

[*Exit Le Beau.*]

Thus must I from the smoke into the smother ;
From tyrant duke unto a tyrant brother :
But heavenly Rosalind !

250

[*Exit.*]

²²⁸ *misconstrues* : spelt in S.'s day, as it was pronounced, *misconster*, with the accent, of course, on the second syllable.

SCENE III. *A room in the palace.**Enter CELIA and ROSALIND.*

Cel. Why, cousin! why, Rosalind! Cupid have mercy! not a word?

Ros. Not one to throw at a dog.

Cel. No, thy words are too precious to be cast away upon curs; throw some of them at me; come, lame me with reasons.

Ros. Then there were two cousins laid up; when the one should be lam'd with reasons and the other mad without any.

Cel. But is all this for your father?

Ros. No, some of it is for my father's child.

O, how full of briers is this working-day world! 10

Cel. They are but burs, cousin, thrown upon thee in holiday foolery: if we walk not in the trodden paths, our very petticoats will catch them.

Ros. I could shake them off my coat: these burs are in my heart.

Cel. Hem them away.

Ros. I would try, if I could cry "hem" and have him.

Cel. Come, come, wrestle with thy affections.

Ros. O, they take the part of a better wrestler than myself!

Cel. O, a good wish upon you! you will try in time, in despite of a fall. But, turning these jests out of service, let us talk in good earnest: is it possible, on such a sudden, you should fall into so strong a liking with old Sir Rowland's youngest son?

Ros. The Duke my father lov'd his father dearly.

Cel. Doth it therefore ensue that you should love his son dearly? By this kind of chase, I should hate him, for my father hated his father dearly; yet I hate not Orlando.

Ros. No, faith, hate him not, for my sake.

Cel. Why should I not? doth he not deserve well? 30

Ros. Let me love him for that, and do you love him because I do. Look, here comes the Duke.

Cel. With his eyes full of anger.

Enter DUKE FREDERICK, with Lords.

Duke F. Mistress, dispatch you with your safest haste And get you from our court.

Ros. Me, uncle?

Duke F. You, cousin:

Within these ten days if that thou be'st found

⁹ *my father's child.* The folio, "my childes father;" which can be defended only by attributing to Rosalind a thought at once unnatural and over-subtle.

¹⁴ *my coat.* Rosalind means her outer coat, not her petticoat.

³⁰ *deserve well:* that is, to be hated as the son of Sir Rowland de Boys.

³⁵ *cousin:* customarily used in S.'s day for a kinsman or a kinswoman in any degree.

So near our public court as twenty miles,
Thou diest for it.

Ros. I do beseech your grace,
Let me the knowledge of my fault bear with me :
If with myself I hold intelligence
Or have acquaintance with mine own desires, 40
If that I do not dream or be not frantic, —
As I do trust I am not — then, dear uncle,
Never so much as in a thought unborn
Did I offend your highness.

Duke F. Thus do all traitors :
If their purgation did consist in words,
They are as innocent as grace itself :
Let it suffice thee that I trust thee not.

Ros. Yet your mistrust cannot make me a traitor :
Tell me whereon the likelihood depends.

Duke F. Thou art thy father's daughter : there's enough. 50

Ros. So was I when your highness took his dukedom ;
So was I when your highness banish'd him :
Treason is not inherited, my lord ;
Or, if we did derive it from our friends,
What's that to me ? my father was no traitor :
Then, good my liege, mistake me not so much
To think my poverty is treacherous.

Cel. Dear sovereign, hear me speak.

Duke F. Ay, Celia ; we stay'd her for your sake,
Else had she with her father rang'd along. 60

Cel. I did not then entreat to have her stay ;
It was your pleasure and your own remorse :
I was too young that time to value her ;
But now I know her : if she be a traitor,
Why so am I ; we still have slept together,
Rose at an instant, learn'd, play'd, eat together,
And wheresoe'er we went, like Juno's swans,
Still we went coupled and inseparable.

Duke F. She is too subtle for thee ; and her smoothness, 70
Her very silence and her patience
Speak to the people, and they pity her.
Thou art a fool : she robs thee of thy name ;
And thou wilt show more bright and seem more virtuous
When she is gone. Then open not thy lips :
Firm and irrevocable is my doom
Which I have pass'd upon her ; she is banish'd.

Cel. Pronounce that sentence then on me, my liege :
I cannot live out of her company.

⁶⁸ *Juno's swans.* Juno drove peacocks, as S. learned before he wrote *The Tempest*.

Duke F. You are a fool. You, niece, provide yourself: 80
If you outstay the time, upon mine honour,
And in the greatness of my word, you die.

[*Exeunt Duke Frederick and Lords.*]

Cel. O my poor Rosalind, whither wilt thou go?
Wilt thou change fathers? I will give thee mine.
I charge thee, be not thou more griev'd than I am.

Ros. I have more cause.

Cel. Thou hast not, cousin;
Prithee, be cheerful: know'st thou not, the Duke
Hath banish'd me, his daughter?

Ros. That he hath not.

Cel. No! hath not? Rosalind lacks then the love
Which teacheth thee that thou and I am one: 90
Shall we be sunder'd? shall we part, sweet girl?
No: let my father seek another heir.

Therefore devise with me how we may fly,
Whither to go and what to bear with us;
And do not seek to take your change upon you,
To bear your griefs yourself and leave me out;
For, by this heaven, now at our sorrows pale,
Say what thou canst, I'll go along with thee.

Ros. Why, whither shall we go?

Cel. To seek my uncle in the forest of Arden. 100

Ros. Alas, what danger will it be to us,
Maids as we are, to travel forth so far!
Beauty provoketh thieves sooner than gold.

Cel. I'll put myself in poor and mean attire
And with a kind of umber smirch my face;
The like do you: so shall we pass along
And never stir assailants.

Ros. Were it not better,
Because that I am more than common tall,
That I did suit me all points like a man?
A gallant curtle-axe upon my thigh, 110
A boar-spear in my hand; and — in my heart
Lie there what hidden woman's fear there will —
We'll have a swashing and a martial outside,
As many other mannish cowards have
That do outface it with their semblances.

Cel. What shall I call thee when thou art a man?

Ros. I'll have no worse a name than Jove's own page;
And therefore look you call me Ganymede.
But what will you be call'd?

⁹⁰ *thou and I am*: a disagreement of words due to mere heedlessness.

¹⁰⁸ *more than common tall*. S. found his tall heroine, with many other traits and incidents of his play, in the old tale.

¹⁰⁹ *curtle-axe* = *courte lasse* (Fr.), cutlass.

Cel. Something that hath a reference to my state;
No longer Celia, but Aliena.

120

Ros. But, cousin, what if we assay'd to steal
The clownish Fool out of your father's court?
Would he not be a comfort to our travel?

Cel. He'll go along o'er the wide world with me;
Leave me alone to woo him. Let's away,
And get our jewels and our wealth together,
Devise the fittest time and safest way
To hide us from pursuit that will be made
After my flight. Now go we in content
To liberty and not to banishment.

130

[Exeunt.

ACT II.

SCENE I. *The forest of Arden.*

Enter DUKE senior, AMIENS, and two or three Lords, like foresters.

Duke S. Now, my co-mates and brothers in exile,
Hath not old custom made this life more sweet
Than that of painted pomp? Are not these woods
More free from peril than the envious court?
Here feel we but the penalty of Adam,
The seasons' difference, as the icy fang
And churlish chiding of the winter's wind,
Which, when it bites and blows upon my body,
Even till I shrink with cold, I smile and say
This is no flattery: these are counsellors
That feelingly persuade me what I am.
Sweet are the uses of adversity,
Which, like the toad, ugly and venomous,
Wears yet a precious jewel in his head;
And this our life exempt from public haunt
Finds tongues in trees, books in the running brooks,
Sermons in stones and good in every thing.
I would not change it.

10

Ami. Happy is your grace,
That can translate the stubbornness of fortune
Into so quiet and so sweet a style.

20

Duke S. Come, shall we go and kill us venison?
And yet it irks me the poor dappled fools,
Being native burghers of this desert city,
Should in their own confines with forked heads
Have their round haunches gor'd.

¹ co-mates: gross pleonasm; but S. cared little for that.

¹⁴ a precious jewel in his head: an old superstition, which prevailed long even after S.'s day.

First Lord.

Indeed, my lord,

The melancholy Jaques grieves at that,
 And, in that kind, swears you do more usurp
 Than doth your brother that hath banish'd you.
 To-day my Lord of Amiens and myself
 Did steal behind him as he lay along
 Under an oak whose antique root peeps out
 Upon the brook that brawls along this wood :
 To the which place a poor sequester'd stag,
 That from the hunter's aim had ta'en a hurt,
 Did come to languish ; and indeed, my lord,
 The wretched animal heav'd forth such groans
 That their discharge did stretch his leathern coat
 Almost to bursting, and the big round tears
 Cours'd one another down his innocent nose
 In piteous chase ; and thus the hairy fool,
 Much marked of the melancholy Jaques,
 Stood on the extremest verge of the swift brook,
 Augmenting it with tears.

30

40

Duke S.

But what said Jaques ?

Did he not moralize this spectacle ?

First Lord. O, yes, into a thousand similes.

First, for his weeping into the needless stream ;
 " Poor deer," quoth he, " thou mak'st a testament
 As worldlings do, giving thy sum of more
 To that which had too much : " then, being there alone,
 Left and abandon'd of his velvet friends,
 " 'T is right : " quoth he, " thus misery doth part
 The flux of company : " anon a careless herd,
 Full of the pasture, jumps along by him
 And never stays to greet him ; " Ay," quoth Jaques,
 " Sweep on, you fat and greasy citizens ;
 'T is just the fashion : wherefore do you look
 Upon that poor and broken bankrupt there ? "
 Thus most invectively he pierceth through
 The body of the country, city, court,
 Yea, and of this our life, swearing that we
 Are mere usurpers, tyrants and what 's worse,
 To fright the animals and to kill them up
 In their assign'd and native dwelling-place.

50

60

Duke S. And did you leave him in this contemplation ?

Sec. Lord. We did, my lord, weeping and commenting
 Upon the sobbing deer.

Duke S.

Show me the place :

³¹ *antique.* S. always accents this word on the first syllable.⁴⁰ *needless* = having no need of more water.⁶² *kill them up* : *up* used as in "eat up."

I love to cope him in these sullen fits,
For then he's full of matter.

First Lord. I'll bring you to him straight.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *A room in the palace.*

Enter DUKE FREDERICK, with Lords.

Duke F. Can it be possible that no man saw them?
It cannot be: some villains of my court
Are of consent and sufferance in this.

First Lord. I cannot hear of any that did see her.
The ladies, her attendants of her chamber,
Saw her a-bed, and in the morning early
They found the bed untreasur'd of their mistress.

Sec. Lord. My lord, the roynish clown, at whom so oft
Your grace was wont to laugh, is also missing.
Hisperia, the princess' gentlewoman,
Confesses that she secretly o'erheard
Your daughter and her cousin much commend
The parts and graces of the wrestler
That did but lately foil the sinewy Charles;
And she believes, wherever they are gone,
That youth is surely in their company.

10

Duke F. Send to his brother; fetch that gallant hither;
If he be absent, bring his brother to me;
I'll make him find him: do this suddenly,
And let not search and inquisition quail
To bring again these foolish runaways.

20

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *Before OLIVER'S house.*

Enter ORLANDO and ADAM, meeting.

Orl. Who's there?

Adam. What, my young master? O my gentle master!
O my sweet master! O you memory
Of old Sir Rowland! why, what make you here?
Why are you virtuous? why do people love you?
And wherefore are you gentle, strong and valiant?
Why would you be so fond to overcome
The bonny priser of the humorous Duke?
Your praise is come too swiftly home before you.
Know you not, master, to some kind of men
Their graces serve them but as enemies?

10

⁶⁷ cope = cope with.

² villains = lower order of servants.

⁸ roynish = scurvy, low and rude.

⁴ what make you = what do you.

⁸ priser = prize-fighter. Perhaps we should read "bony priser." humorous = bad humored.

No more do yours : your virtues, gentle master,
Are sanctified and holy traitors to you.
O, what a world is this, when what is comely
Envenoms him that bears it!

Orl. Why, what 's the matter?

Adam. O unhappy youth!

Come not within these doors ; within this roof
The enemy of all your graces lives :
Your brother — no, no brother ; yet the son —
Yet not the son, I will not call him son
Of him I was about to call his father —
Hath heard your praises, and this night he means
To burn the lodging where you use to lie
And you within it : if he fail of that,
He will have other means to cut you off.
I overheard him and his practices.
This is no place ; this house is but a butchery :
Abhor it, fear it, do not enter it.

Orl. Why, whither, Adam, wouldst thou have me go?

Adam. No matter whither, so you come not here.

Orl. What, wouldst thou have me go and beg my food?

Or with a base and boisterous sword enforce
A thievish living on the common road?
This I must do, or know not what to do :
Yet this I will not do, do how I can ;
I rather will subject me to the malice
Of a diverted blood and bloody brother.

Adam. But do not so. I have five hundred crowns,
The thrifty hire I sav'd under your father,
Which I did store to be my foster-nurse
When service should in my old limbs lie lame,
And unregarded age in corners thrown :
Take that, and He that doth the ravens feed,
Yea, providently caters for the sparrow,
Be comfort to my age ! Here is the gold ;
All this I give you. Let me be your servant :
Though I look old, yet I am strong and lusty ;
For in my youth I never did apply
Hot and rebellious liquors in my blood,
Nor did not with unbashful forehead woo

¹² *No more do yours* : heedless writing ; a blunder based upon the unconscious assumption that the foregoing phrase sets forth (what it implies) that the virtues of some men do them no good : then, "No more do yours."

²⁰ *practices* = evil schemes.

²⁷ *no place* = no gentleman's residence. *Place* is still thus applied to many great houses in England.

⁴² *in corners thrown*. *Be* is required before these words ; but S. wrote his verse right on, careless of that.

⁵⁰ *Nor did not*. Double negation with strong affirmative sense was common in S.'s time.

The means of weakness and debility ;
 Therefore my age is as a lusty winter,
 Frosty, but kindly : let me go with you ;
 I'll do the service of a younger man
 In all your business and necessities.

Orl. O good old man, how well in thee appears
 The constant service of the antique world,
 When service sweat for duty, not for meed !
 Thou art not for the fashion of these times,
 Where none will sweat but for promotion,
 And having that, do choke their service up
 Even with the having : it is not so with thee.
 But, poor old man, thou prun'st a rotten tree,
 That cannot so much as a blossom yield
 In lieu of all thy pains and husbandry.
 But come thy ways ; we'll go along together,
 And ere we have thy youthful wages spent,
 We'll light upon some settled low content.

60

Adam. Master, go on, and I will follow thee,
 To the last gasp, with truth and loyalty.
 From seventeen years till now almost fourscore
 Here lived I, but now live here no more.
 At seventeen years many their fortunes seek ;
 But at fourscore it is too late a week :
 Yet fortune cannot recompense me better
 Than to die well and not my master's debtor.

70

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE IV. *The forest of Arden.*

Enter ROSALIND for GANYMEDE, CELIA for ALIENA, and TOUCHSTONE.

Ros. O Jupiter, how weary are my spirits !

Touch. I care not for my spirits, if my legs were not weary.

Ros. I could find in my heart to disgrace my man's apparel
 and to cry like a woman ; but I must comfort the weaker vessel,
 as doublet and hose ought to show itself courageous to petti-
 coat : therefore courage, good Aliena !

Cel. I pray you, bear with me ; I cannot go no further.

Touch. For my part, I had rather bear with you than bear
 you ; yet I should bear no cross if I did bear you, for I think
 you have no money in your purse.

10

Ros. Well, this is the forest of Arden.

Touch. Ay, now am I in Arden ; the more fool I ; when I

⁶⁵ *In lieu of* = in place of, and so, in return for.

⁷⁴ *a week* = a period, a time, a day.

⁹ *no cross.* Certain coins showed a cross on one side ; and hence money was called crosses.

¹¹ *forest of Arden.* There was a Forest of Ardennes in the north of France, and a Forest of Arden in Warwickshire ; but Rosalind was in neither.

was at home, I was in a better place : but travellers must be content.

Ros. Ay, be so, good Touchstone.

Enter CORIN and SILVIUS.

Look you, who comes here ; a young man and an old in solemn talk.

Cor. That is the way to make her scorn you still.

Sil. O Corin, that thou knew'st how I do love her !

Cor. I partly guess ; for I have lov'd ere now. 20

Sil. No, Corin, being old, thou canst not guess,
Though in thy youth thou wast as true a lover
As ever sigh'd upon a midnight pillow :
But if thy love were ever like to mine —
As sure I think did never man love so —
How many actions most ridiculous
Hast thou been drawn to by thy fantasy ?

Cor. Into a thousand that I have forgotten.

Sil. O, thou didst then ne'er love so heartily !
If thou remember'st not the slightest folly
That ever love did make thee run into, 30
Thou hast not lov'd :

Or if thou hast not sat as I do now,
Wearying thy hearer in thy mistress' praise,
Thou hast not lov'd :

Or if thou hast not broke from company
Abruptly, as my passion now makes me,
Thou hast not lov'd.

O Phebe, Phebe, Phebe !

[*Exit.*

Ros. Alas, poor shepherd ! searching of thy wound,
I have by hard adventure found mine own. 40

Touch. And I mine. I remember, when I was in love I
broke my sword upon a stone and bid him take that for coming
a-night to Jane Smile ; and I remember the kissing of her
batler and the cow's dugs that her pretty chopp'd hands had
milk'd ; and I remember the wooing of a peascod instead of
her, from whom I took two cods and, giving her them again,
said with weeping tears " Wear these for my sake." We that
are true lovers run into strange capers ; but as all is mortal in
nature, so is all nature in love mortal in folly. 50

Ros. Thou speakest wiser than thou art ware of.

Touch. Nay, I shall ne'er be ware of mine own wit till I
break my shins against it.

Ros. Jove, Jove ! this shepherd's passion
Is much upon my fashion.

⁴⁵ *batler* : a small bat, used for beating and stirring clothes in the washing-tub.

⁴⁶ *weeping tears* : a common phrase in S.'s time.

Touch. And mine ; but it grows something stale with me.

Cel. I pray you, one of you question yond man
If he for gold will give us any food :
I faint almost to death.

Touch. Holla, you clown !

Ros. Peace ! Fool : he 's not thy kinsman.

Cor. Who calls ? 60

Touch. Your betters, sir.

Cor. Else are they very wretched.

Ros. Peace, I say. Good even to you, friend.

Cor. And to you, gentle sir, and to you all.

Ros. I prithee, shepherd, if that love or gold
Can in this desert place buy entertainment,
Bring us where we may rest ourselves and feed :
Here 's a young maid with travel much oppress'd
And faints for succour.

Cor. Fair sir, I pity her
And wish, for her sake more than for mine own,
My fortunes were more able to relieve her ;
But I am shepherd to another man
And do not shear the fleeces that I graze :
My master is of churlish disposition
And little recks to find the way to heaven
By doing deeds of hospitality :
Besides, his cote, his flocks and bounds of feed
Are now on sale, and at our sheepecote now,
By reason of his absence, there is nothing
That you will feed on ; but what is, come see,
And in my voice most welcome shall you be. 70

Ros. What is he that shall buy his flock and pasture ?

Cor. That young swain that you saw here but erewhile,
That little cares for buying any thing.

Ros. I pray thee, if it stand with honesty,
Buy thou the cottage, pasture and the flock,
And thou shalt have to pay for it of us.

Cel. And we will mend thy wages. I like this place,
And willingly could waste my time in it.

Cor. Assuredly the thing is to be sold :
Go with me : if you like upon report
The soil, the profit, and this kind of life,
I will your very faithful feeder be
And buy it with your gold right suddenly. 90

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE V. *The forest.**Enter AMIENS, JAKUES, and others.*

SONG.

Ami. Under the greenwood tree
 Who loves to lie with me,
 And turn his merry note
 Unto the sweet bird's throat,
 Come hither, come hither, come hither :
 Here shall he see
 No enemy
 But winter and rough weather.

Jaq. More, more, I prithee, more.

Ami. It will make you melancholy, Monsieur Jaques. 10

Jaq. I thank it. More, I prithee, more. I can suck melancholy out of a song, as a weasel sucks eggs. More, I prithee, more.

Ami. My voice is ragged, I know I cannot please you.

Jaq. I do not desire you to please me ; I do desire you to sing. Come, more ; another stanza : call you 'em stanzas ?

Ami. What you will, Monsieur Jaques.

Jaq. Nay, I care not for their names ; they owe me nothing. Will you sing ?

Ami. More at your request than to please myself. 20

Jaq. Well then, if ever I thank any man, I'll thank you ; but that they call compliment is like the encounter of two dog-apes, and when a man thanks me heartily, methinks I have given him a penny and he renders me the beggarly thanks. Come, sing ; and you that will not, hold your tongues.

Ami. Well, I'll end the song. Sirs, cover the while ; the Duke will drink under this tree. He hath been all this day to look you.

Jaq. And I have been all this day to avoid him. He is too disputable for my company : I think of as many matters as he, but I give Heaven thanks and make no boast of them. Come, warble, come.

SONG.

Who doth ambition shun [*All together here.*
 And loves to live i' th' sun,
 Seeking the food he eats
 And pleas'd with what he gets,
 Come hither, come hither, come hither :
 Here shall he see
 No enemy
 But winter and rough weather. 40

⁸ *turn* : perhaps a misprint for *tune*.

¹⁰ *stanzo* : an old form of *stanza*.

²⁰ *cover* = lay the table.

²⁴ *to live i' th' sun*. To live in the sun was to lead a careless, "happy-go-lucky" life.

Jaq. I'll give you a verse to this note that I made yesterday in despite of my invention.

Ami. And I'll sing it.

Jaq. Thus it goes :—

If it do come to pass
That any man turn ass,
Leaving his wealth and ease,
A stubborn will to please,
Ducadme, ducadme, ducadme :
Here shall he see
Gross fools as he,
An if he will come to me.

50

Ami. What's that "ducadme"?

Jaq. 'Tis a Greek invocation, to call fools into a circle. I'll go sleep, if I can; if I cannot, I'll rail against all the first-born of Egypt.

Ami. And I'll go seek the Duke: his banquet is prepared.

[*Exeunt severally.*]

SCENE VI. *The forest.*

Enter ORLANDO and ADAM.

Adam. Dear master, I can go no further: O, I die for food! Here lie I down, and measure out my grave. Farewell, kind master.

Orl. Why, how now, Adam! no greater heart in thee? Live a little; comfort a little; cheer thyself a little. If this uncouth forest yield any thing savage, I will either be food for it or bring it for food to thee. Thy conceit is nearer death than thy powers. For my sake be comfortable; hold death awhile at the arm's end: I will here be with thee presently; and if I bring thee not something to eat, I will give thee leave to die: but if thou diest before I come, thou art a mocker of my labour. Well said! thou look'st cheerly, and I'll be with thee quickly. Yet thou liest in the bleak air; come, I will bear thee to some shelter; and thou shalt not die for lack of a dinner, if there live any thing in this desert. Cheerly, good Adam! [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE VII. *The forest.*

A table set out. Enter DUKE senior, AMIENS, and Lords, like outlaws.

Duke S. I think he be transform'd into a beast;
For I can no where find him like a man.

First Lord. My lord, he is but even now gone hence:
Here was he merry, hearing of a song.

Duke S. If he, compact of jars, grow musical,

⁴⁰ *ducadme* = bring to me. (*Lat.*)

⁵ *uncouth* = strange, wild, nameless.

¹² *Well said* = well done, all right.

like outlaws: that is, with the dress and manner of outlaws: from the folio.

We shall have shortly discord in the spheres.
Go, seek him : tell him I would speak with him.

Enter JAQUES.

First Lord. He saves my labour by his own approach.

Duke S. Why, how now, monsieur ! what a life is this,
That your poor friends must woo your company ?
What, you look merrily !

10

Jaq. A Fool, a Fool ! I met a Fool i' th' forest,
A motley Fool ; — a miserable world !
As I do live by food, I met a Fool ;
Who laid him down and bask'd him in the sun,
And rail'd on Lady Fortune in good terms,
In good set terms, and yet a motley Fool.
“ Good morrow, Fool,” quoth I. “ No, sir,” quoth he,
“ Call me not fool till heaven hath sent me fortune : ”
And then he drew a dial from his poke,
And, looking on it with lack-lustre eye,
Says very wisely, “ It is ten o'clock :
Thus we may see,” quoth he, “ how the world wags :

20

'T is but an hour ago since it was nine,
And after one hour more 't will be eleven ;
And so, from hour to hour, we ripe and ripe,
And then, from hour to hour, we rot and rot ;
And thereby hangs a tale.” When I did hear
The motley Fool thus moral on the time,
My lungs began to crow like chanticleer,
That fools should be so deep-contemplative,
And I did laugh sans intermission
An hour by his dial. O noble Fool !
A worthy Fool ! Motley 's the only wear.

30

Duke S. What Fool is this ?

Jaq. O worthy Fool ! One that hath been a courtier,
And says, if ladies be but young and fair,
They have the gift to know it ; and in his brain,
Which is as dry as the remainder biscuit
After a voyage, he hath strange places cramm'd
With observation, the which he vents
In mangled forms. O that I were a Fool !
I am ambitious for a motley coat.

40

Duke S. Thou shalt have one.

Jaq. It is my only suit ;
Provided that you weed your better judgements
Of all opinion that grows rank in them

⁶ discord in the spheres : referring to the notion of a harmony of the celestial spheres.
See *Merchant of Venice*, Act V. Sc. 1, line 60.

²⁰ poke = pocket.

²⁴ motley : the many-colored dress of the professional jester.

That I am wise. I must have liberty
 Withal, as large a charter as the wind,
 To blow on whom I please ; for so fools have ;
 And they that are most galled with my folly, 50
 They most must laugh. And why, sir, must they so ?
 The why is plain as way to parish church :
 He that a Fool doth very wisely hit
 Doth very foolishly, although he smart,
 Not to seem senseless of the bob : if not,
 The wise man's folly is anatomiz'd
 Even by the squandering glances of the Fool.
 Invest me in my motley ; give me leave
 To speak my mind, and I will through and through
 Cleanse the foul body of the infected world, 60
 If they will patiently receive my medicine.

Duke S. Fie on thee ! I can tell what thou wouldst do.

Jaq. What, for a counter, would I do but good ?

Duke S. Most mischievous foul sin, in chiding sin :

For thou thyself hast been a libertine,
 As sensual as the brutish sting itself ;
 And all the embossed sores and headed evils,
 That thou with license of free foot hast caught,
 Wouldst thou disgorge into the general world.
Jaq. Why, who cries out on pride, 70
 That can therein tax any private party ?
 Doth it not flow as hugely as the sea,
 Till that the wearer's very means do ebb ?
 What woman in the city do I name,
 When that I say the city-woman bears
 The cost of princes on unworthy shoulders ?
 Who can come in and say that I mean her,
 When such a one as she such is her neighbour ?
 Or what is he of basest function
 That says his bravery is not of my cost, 80
 Thinking that I mean him, but therein suits
 His folly to the mettle of my speech ?
 There then ; how then ? what then ? Let me see wherein
 My tongue hath wrong'd him : if it do him right,
 Then he hath wrong'd himself ; if he be free,
 Why then my taxing like a wild-goose flies,
 Unclaim'd of any man. But who comes here ?

Enter ORLANDO, with his sword drawn.

Orl. Forbear, and eat no more.

⁵⁷ *squandering* = scattering, diffuse.

⁵⁸ *counter* = a money token, of no real value, used in calculations.

⁵⁹ *brutish sting* = mere animal impulse.

⁶¹ *headed evils* = evils grown to a head, like a boil.

⁶⁰ *taxing* = censorious imputation.

Jaq.

Why, I have eat none yet.

Orl. Nor shalt not, till necessity be serv'd.*Jaq.* Of what kind should this cock come of?

90

Duke S. Art thou thus bolden'd, man, by thy distress,

Or else a rude despiser of good manners,

That in civility thou seem'st so empty?

Orl. You touch'd my vein at first: the thorny point

Of bare distress hath ta'en from me the show

Of smooth civility: yet am I inland bred

And know some nurture. But forbear, I say:

He dies that touches any of this fruit

Till I and my affairs are answered.

99

Jaq. An you will not be answered with reason, I must die.*Duke S.* What would you have? Your gentleness shall force
More than your force move us to gentleness.*Orl.* I almost die for food; and let me have it.*Duke S.* Sit down and feed, and welcome to our table.*Orl.* Speak you so gently? Pardon me, I pray you:

I thought that all things had been savage here;

And therefore put I on the countenance

Of stern commandment. But whate'er you are

That in this desert inaccessible,

Under the shade of melancholy boughs,

110

Lose and neglect the creeping hours of time;

If ever you have look'd on better days,

If ever been where bells have knoll'd to church,

If ever sat at any good man's feast,

If ever from your eyelids wip'd a tear

And know what 't is to pity and be pitied,

Let gentleness my strong enforcement be:

In the which hope I blush, and hide my sword.

Duke S. True is it that we have seen better days,

And have with holy bell been knoll'd to church,

120

And sat at good men's feasts, and wip'd our eyes

Of drops that sacred pity hath engender'd:

And therefore sit you down in gentleness

And take upon command what help we have

That to your wanting may be minister'd.

Orl. Then but forbear your food a little while,

Whiles, like a doe, I go to find my fawn

And give it food. There is an old poor man,

Who after me hath many a weary step

Limp'd in pure love: till he be first suffic'd,

130

Oppress'd with two weak evils, age and hunger,

I will not touch a bit.

99 inland bred = not rustic or provincial.

Duke S. Go find him out,
And we will nothing waste till you return.

Orl. I thank ye ; and be blest for your good comfort ! [Exit.

Duke S. Thou seest we are not all alone unhappy :
This wide and universal theatre
Presents more woeful pageants than the scene
Wherein we play in.

Jaq. All the world 's a stage,
And all the men and women merely players :
They have their exits and their entrances ;
And one man in his time plays many parts,
His acts being seven ages. At first the infant,
Mewling and puking in the nurse's arms.
And then the whining school-boy, with his satchel
And shining morning face, creeping like snail
Unwillingly to school. And then the lover,
Sighing like furnace, with a woeful ballad
Made to his mistress' eyebrow. Then a soldier,
Full of strange oaths and bearded like the pard,
Jealous in honour, sudden and quick in quarrel,
Seeking the bubble reputation
Even in the cannon's mouth. And then the justice,
In fair round belly with good capon lin'd,
With eyes severe and beard of formal cut,
Full of wise saws and modern instances ;
And so he plays his part. The sixth age shifts
Into the lean and slipper'd pantaloon,
With spectacles on nose and pouch on side,
His youthful hose, well sav'd, a world too wide
For his shrunk shank ; and his big manly voice,
Turning again toward childish treble, pipes
And whistles in his sound. Last scene of all,
That ends this strange eventful history,
Is second childishness and mere oblivion,
Sans teeth, sans eyes, sans taste, sans every thing.

140

150

160

Re-enter ORLANDO, with ADAM.

Duke S. Welcome. Set down your venerable burthen,
And let him feed.

Orl. I thank you most for him.

Adam.

So had you need :

I scarce can speak to thank you for myself.

¹³⁸ *Wherein we play in* : an example of surplusage so common in the loose dramatic writing of S.'s time as hardly to be worth notice.

¹⁴⁹ *like the pard*. Pard = leopard : that is, with long mustaches, like the whiskers of the cat tribe.

¹⁵⁵ *modern instances* = trivial examples.

¹⁵⁷ *pantaloons* : a stereotyped character, *pantaleone*, in old Italian comedy ; always aged, lean, and slippered, and wearing loose pantaloons.

¹⁶⁵ *Sans* = without (Fr) ; commonly used in S.'s day.

Duke S. Welcome; fall to: I will not trouble you
As yet, to question you about your fortunes.
Give us some music; and, good cousin, sing.

170

SONG.

Ami. Blow, blow, thou winter wind,
Thou art not so unkind
As man's ingratitude;
Thy tooth is not so keen,
Because thou art not seen,
Although thy breath be rude.

Heigh-ho! sing, heigh-ho! unto the green holly:
Most friendship is feigning, most loving mere folly:
Then, heigh-ho, the holly!
This life is most jolly.

180

Freeze, freeze, thou bitter sky,
That dost not bite so nigh
As benefits forgot:
Though thou the waters warp,
Thy sting is not so sharp
As friend remember'd not.

Heigh-ho! sing, etc.

Duke S. If that you were the good Sir Rowland's son,
As you have whisper'd faithfully you were,
And as mine eye doth his effigies witness
Most truly limn'd and living in your face,
Be truly welcome hither: I am the Duke
That lov'd your father: the residue of your fortune,
Go to my cave and tell me. Good old man,
Thou art right welcome as thy master is.
Support him by the arm. Give me your hand,
And let me all your fortunes understand.

190

[*Exeunt.*]

ACT III.

SCENE I. *A room in the palace.*

Enter DUKE FREDERICK, LORDS, and OLIVER.

Duke F. Not see him since? Sir, sir, that cannot be:
But were I not the better part made mercy,
I should not seek an absent argument
Of my revenge, thou present. But look to it:
Find out thy brother, wheresoe'er he is;
Seek him with candle; bring him dead or living
Within this twelvemonth, or turn thou no more
To seek a living in our territory.
Thy lands and all things that thou dost call thine

Worth seizure do we seize into our hands,
Till thou canst quit thee by thy brother's mouth
Of what we think against thee.

10

Oli. O that your highness knew my heart in this !
I never lov'd my brother in my life.

Duke F. More villain thou. Well, push him out of doors ;
And let my officers of such a nature
Make an extent upon his house and lands :
Do this expediently and turn him going.

[*Exeunt.*]SCENE II. *The forest.**Enter ORLANDO, with a paper.*

Orl. Hang there, my verse, in witness of my love :

And thou, thrice-crowned queen of night, survey
With thy chaste eye, from thy pale sphere above,
Thy huntress' name that my full life doth sway.

O Rosalind ! these trees shall be my books,

And in their barks my thoughts I'll character ;
That every eye which in this forest looks

Shall see thy virtue witness'd every where.

Run, run, Orlando ; carve on every tree
The fair, the chaste and unexpressive she.

9

[*Exit.*]*Enter CORIN and TOUCHSTONE.*

Cor. And how like you this shepherd's life, Master Touchstone ?

Touch. Truly, shepherd, in respect of itself, it is a good life ;
but in respect that it is a shepherd's life, it is naught. In respect that it is solitary, I like it very well ; but in respect that it is private, it is a very vile life. Now, in respect it is in the fields, it pleaseth me well ; but in respect it is not in the court, it is tedious. As it is a spare life, look you, it fits my humour well ; but as there is no more plenty in it, it goes much against my stomach. Hast any philosophy in thee, shepherd ?

20

Cor. No more but that I know the more one sickens the worse at ease he is ; and that he that wants money, means and content is without three good friends ; that the property of rain is to wet and fire to burn that good pasture makes fat sheep, and that a great cause of the night is lack of the sun ; that he that hath learned no wit by nature nor art may complain of good breeding or comes of a very dull kindred.

¹⁷ *extent* = attachment.¹⁸ *expediently* = in haste, without delay.² *thrice-crowned queen of night* : Luna, Diana, Hecate ; a pagan triune goddess, *Diva triformis*.⁶ *character* = engrave.¹⁰ *unexpressive* = that cannot be expressed.²⁰ *complain of good breeding* : that is, as to good breeding, of the lack of it.

Touch. Such a one is a natural philosopher.
Wast ever in court, shepherd?

Cor. No, truly.

Touch. Then thou art damn'd.

30

Cor. Nay, I hope.

Touch. Truly, thou art damn'd, like an ill-roasted egg, all on one side.

Cor. For not being at court? Your reason.

Touch. Why, if thou never wast at court, thou never saw'st good manners; if thou never saw'st good manners, then thy manners must be wicked; and wickedness is sin, and sin is damnation. Thou art in a parlous state, shepherd.

39

Cor. Not a whit, Touchstone: those that are good manners at the court are as ridiculous in the country as the behaviour of the country is most mockable at the court. You told me you salute not at the court, but you kiss your hands: that courtesy would be uncleanly, if courtiers were shepherds.

Touch. Instance, briefly; come, instance.

Cor. Why, we are still handling our ewes, and their fells, you know, are greasy.

Touch. Why, do not your courtier's hands sweat? and is not the grease of a mutton as wholesome as the sweat of a man? Shallow, shallow. A better instance, I say; come.

50

Cor. Besides, our hands are hard.

Touch. Your lips will feel them the sooner. Shallow again. A more sounder instance, come.

Cor. And they are often tarr'd over with the surgery of our sheep; and would you have us kiss tar? The courtier's hands are perfum'd with civet.

Touch. Most shallow man! thou worms-meat, in respect of a good piece of flesh indeed! Learn of the wise, and perpend: civet is of a baser birth than tar, the very uncleanly flux of a cat. Mend the instance, shepherd.

60

Cor. You have too courtly a wit for me: I'll rest.

Touch. Wilt thou rest damn'd? God help thee, shallow man! God make incision in thee! thou art raw.

Cor. Sir, I am a true labourer: I earn that I eat, get that I wear, owe no man hate, envy no man's happiness, glad of other men's good, content with my harm, and the greatest of my pride is to see my ewes graze and my lambs suck.

Touch. That is another simple sin in you, to bring the ewes and the rams together and to offer to get your living by the

³⁹ *parlous*: a mere phonetic spelling of the sound of *perilous* in S.'s day.

⁵⁸ *perpend* = cogitate, consider. S. uses it with burlesque effect; but it was common with serious writers in his day.

⁶³ *make incision*: of uncertain meaning; it refers possibly to the then common remedy of blood-letting.

copulation of cattle ; to be bawd to a bell-wether, and to betray a she-lamb of a twelvemonth to a crooked-pated, old, cuckoldly ram, out of all reasonable match. If thou beest not damn'd for this, the Devil himself will have no shepherds ; I cannot see else how thou shouldst 'scape.

Cor. Here comes young Master Ganymede, my new mistress's brother.

Enter ROSALIND, with a paper, reading.

Ros. From the east to western Ind,
No jewel is like Rosalind.
Her worth, being mounted on the wind,
Through all the world bears Rosalind. 80
All the pictures fairest lin'd
Are but black to Rosalind.
Let no fair be kept in mind
But the fair of Rosalind.

Touch. I'll rhyme you so eight years together, dinners and suppers and sleeping-hours excepted : it is the right butter-women's rank to market.

Ros. Out, Fool !

Touch. For a taste :

If a hart do lack a hind, 90
Let him seek out Rosalind.
If the cat will after kind,
So be sure will Rosalind.
Winter garments must be lin'd,
So must slender Rosalind.
They that reap must sheaf and bind ;
Then to cart with Rosalind.
Sweetest nut hath sourest rind,
Such a nut is Rosalind.
He that sweetest rose will find 100
Must find love's prick and Rosalind.

This is the very false gallop of verses : why do you infect yourself with them ?

Ros. Peace, you dull Fool ! I found them on a tree.

Touch. Truly, the tree yields bad fruit.

Ros. I'll graff it with you, and then I shall graff it with a medlar : then it will be the earliest fruit i' th' country ; for you'll be rotten ere you be half ripe, and that's the right virtue of the medlar. 109

Touch. You have said ; but whether wisely or no, let the forest judge.

⁸⁰ *butter-women's rank* : that is, the verses go jogging on one after another, like butter-women in a row.

¹⁰⁷ *medlar* : a fruit (and tree) like the American persimmon, which also is rotten before it is ripe.

Enter CELIA, with a writing.

Ros. Peace!

Here comes my sister, reading: stand aside.

Cel. [*Reads.*] Why should this a desert be?
 For it is unpeopled? No;
 Tongues I'll hang on every tree,
 That shall civil saying show:
 Some, how brief the life of man
 Runs his erring pilgrimage,
 That the stretching of a span
 Buckles in his sum of age;
 Some, of violated vows
 'Twixt the souls of friend and friend:
 But upon the fairest boughs,
 Or at every sentence end,
 Will I Rosalinda write,
 Teaching all that read to know
 The quintessence of every sprite
 Heaven would in little show.
 Therefore Heaven Nature charg'd
 That one body should be fill'd
 With all graces wide-enlarg'd:
 Nature presently distill'd
 Helen's cheek, but not her heart,
 Cleopatra's majesty,
 Atalanta's better part,
 Sad Lucretia's modesty.
 Thus Rosalind of many parts
 By heavenly synod was devis'd,
 Of many faces, eyes and hearts,
 To have the touches dearest priz'd.
 Heaven would that she these gifts should have,
 And I to live and die her slave.

Ros. O most gentle Jupiter! what tedious homily of love have you wearied your parishioners withal, and never cri'd, Have patience, good people!

Cel. How now! back, friends! Shepherd, go off a little. Go with him, sirrah.

Touch. Come, shepherd, let us make an honourable retreat; though not with bag and baggage, yet with scrip and scrippage.

[*Exeunt Corin and Touchstone.*]

Cel. Didst thou hear these verses?

Ros. O, yes, I heard them all, and more too; for some of them had in them more feet than the verses would bear.

Cel. That's no matter: the feet might bear the verses.

Ros. Ay, but the feet were lame and could not bear themselves without the verse, and therefore stood lamely in the verse.

Cel. But didst thou hear without wondering how thy name should be hang'd and carv'd upon these trees?

¹³⁵ better part = her leg: part was used for limb in S.'s day. Atalanta was a beautifully formed woman, and swift footed.

¹⁴⁴ gentle Jupiter. Obscure, but probably suggested by "heavenly synod," near the last of Orlando's verses; "gentle pulpit," which has been proposed, is ingenious and plausible rather than satisfactory.

Ros. I was seven of the nine days out of the wonder before you came; for look here what I found on a palm-tree. I was never so berhym'd since Pythagoras' time, that I was an Irish rat, which I can hardly remember.

Cel. Trow you who hath done this?

Ros. Is it a man?

Cel. And a chain, that you once wore, about his neck. Change you colour?

Ros. I prithee, who?

Cel. O Lord, Lord! it is a hard matter for friends to meet; but mountains may be remov'd with earthquakes and so encounter.

170

Ros. Nay, but who is it?

Cel. Is it possible?

Ros. Nay, I prithee now with most petitionary vehemence, tell me who it is.

Cel. O wonderful, wonderful, and most wonderful wonderful! and yet again wonderful, and after that, out of all whooping!

Ros. Good, my complexion! Dost thou think, though I am caparison'd like a man, I have a doublet and hose in my disposition? One inch of delay more is a South-sea of discovery; I prithee, tell me who is it quickly, and speak apace. I would thou couldst stammer, that thou mightst pour this conceal'd man out of thy mouth, as wine comes out of a narrow-mouth'd bottle, either too much at once, or none at all. I prithee, take the cork out of thy mouth that I may drink thy tidings.

Cel. So you may put a man in your belly.

Ros. Is he of God's making? What manner of man? Is his head worth a hat, or his chin worth a beard?

Cel. Nay, he hath but a little beard.

Ros. Why, God will send more, if the man will be thankful: let me stay the growth of his beard, if thou delay me not the knowledge of his chin.

191

Cel. It is young Orlando, that tripp'd up the wrestler's heels and your heart both in an instant.

Ros. Nay, but the Devil take mocking: speak, sad brow and true maid.

Cel. I' faith, coz, 't is he.

Ros. Orlando?

Cel. Orlando.

Ros. Alas the day! what shall I do with my doublet and hose? What did he when thou saw'st him? What said he?

¹⁷⁷ *Good, my complexion!* = my good girl, remember my composition, constitution, temperament: that is, my sex. *Good* is thus used by S. in other places.

¹⁷⁹ *a South-sea of discovery*: a very elliptical, vague, and confused comparison, the meaning of which, although sufficiently obvious, could not be expressed but by a long periphrasis.

How look'd he? Wherein went he? What makes he here? Did he ask for me? Where remains he? How parted he with thee? and when shalt thou see him again? Answer me in one word.

Cel. You must borrow me Gargantua's mouth first: 't is a word too great for any mouth of this age's size. To say ay and no to these particulars is more than to answer in a catechism.

Ros. But doth he know that I am in this forest and in man's apparel? Looks he as freshly as he did the day he wrestled?

Cel. It is as easy to count atomies as to resolve the propositions of a lover; but take a taste of my finding him, and relish it with good observance. I found him under a tree, like a dropp'd acorn.

Ros. It may well be called Jove's tree, when it drops forth such fruit.

Cel. Give me audience, good madam.

Ros. Proceed.

Cel. There lay he, stretched along, like a wounded knight.

Ros. Though it be pity to see such a sight, it well becomes the ground. 220

Cel. Cry holla to thy tongue, I prithee; it curvets unseasonably. He was furnish'd like a hunter.

Ros. O, ominous! he comes to kill my heart.

Cel. I would sing my song without a burden: thou bring'st me out of tune.

Ros. Do you not know I am a woman? when I think, I must speak. Sweet, say on.

Cel. You bring me out. Soft! comes he not here?

Enter ORLANDO and JAUQUES.

Ros. 'T is he: slink by, and note him. 229

Jaq. I thank you for your company; but, good faith, I had as lief have been myself alone.

Orl. And so had I; but yet, for fashion sake, I thank you too for your society.

Jaq. God b' wi' you: let's meet as little as we can.

Orl. I do desire we may be better strangers.

Jaq. I pray you, mar no more trees with writing love-songs in their barks.

Orl. I pray you, mar no more of my verses with reading them ill-favouredly.

Jaq. Rosalind is your love's name? 240

Orl. Yes, just.

Jaq. I do not like her name.

²⁰¹ *Wherein went he?* Possibly, in what garments was he?

²⁰⁵ *Gargantua*: Rabelais's giant, who swallowed five pilgrims at a gulp.

²²⁴ *God b' wi' you*: shows the phrase in its transition to *good-by*; in the original, "God buy you."

Orl. There was no thought of pleasing you when she was christen'd.

Jaq. What stature is she of?

Orl. Just as high as my heart.

Jaq. You are full of pretty answers. Have you not been acquainted with goldsmiths' wives, and conn'd them out of rings?

249

Orl. Not so; but I answer you right painted cloth, from whence you have studied your questions.

Jaq. You have a nimble wit: I think 't was made of Atalanta's heels. Will you sit down with me? and we two will rail against our mistress the world and all our misery.

Orl. I will chide no breather in the world but myself, against whom I know most faults.

Jaq. The worst fault you have is to be in love.

Orl. 'T is a fault I will not change for your best virtue. I am weary of you.

259

Jaq. By my troth, I was seeking for a fool when I found you.

Orl. He is drown'd in the brook: look but in, and you shall see him.

Jaq. There I shall see mine own figure.

Orl. Which I take to be either a fool or a cipher.

Jaq. I'll tarry no longer with you: farewell, good Signior Love.

Orl. I am glad of your departure: adieu, good Monsieur Melancholy.

[Exit Jaques.]

Ros. [*Aside to Celia.*] I will speak to him like a saucy lackey and under that habit play the knave with him. Do you hear, forester?

271

Orl. Very well: what would you?

Ros. I pray you, what is 't o' clock?

Orl. You should ask me what time o' day: there's no clock in the forest.

Ros. Then there is no true lover in the forest; else sighing every minute and groaning every hour would detect the lazy foot of Time as well as a clock.

Orl. And why not the swift foot of Time? had not that been as proper?

280

Ros. By no means, sir: Time travels in divers paces with divers persons. I'll tell you who Time ambles withal, who Time trots withal, who Time gallops withal and who he stands still withal.

Orl. I prithee, who doth he trot withal?

²⁵⁰ right painted cloth: that is, just like the painted cloths or hangings, on which there were figures and sententious phrases.

²⁶⁴ cipher: a pun on "sigh for," with an allusion to Narcissus.

²⁸² who. Through all this dialogue (as often elsewhere) S. heedlessly uses *who* for *whom*.

Ros. Marry, he trots hard with a young maid between the contract of her marriage and the day it is solemniz'd: if the interim be but a se'nnight, Time's pace is so hard that it seems the length of seven year.

Orl. Who ambles Time withal?

290

Ros. With a priest that lacks Latin and a rich man that hath not the gout, for the one sleeps easily because he cannot study, and the other lives merrily because he feels no pain, the one lacking the burden of lean and wasteful learning, the other knowing no burden of heavy tedious penury; these Time ambles withal.

Orl. Who doth he gallop withal?

Ros. With a thief to the gallows; for though he go as softly as foot can fall, he thinks himself too soon there.

Orl. Who stays it still withal?

300

Ros. With lawyers in the vacation; for they sleep between term and term, and then they perceive not how Time moves.

Orl. Where dwell you, pretty youth?

Ros. With this shepherdess, my sister; here in the skirts of the forest, like fringe upon a petticoat.

Orl. Are you native of this place?

Ros. As the cony that you see dwell where she is kindled.

Orl. Your accent is something finer than you could purchase in so remov'd a dwelling.

309

Ros. I have been told so of many: but indeed an old religious uncle of mine taught me to speak, who was in his youth an inland man; one that knew courtship too well, for there he fell in love. I have heard him read many lectures against it, and I thank God I am not a woman, to be touch'd with so many giddy offences as he hath generally tax'd their whole sex withal.

Orl. Can you remember any of the principal evils that he laid to the charge of women?

Ros. There were none principal; they were all like one another as half-pence are, every one fault seeming monstrous till his fellow-fault came to match it.

321

Orl. I prithee, recount some of them.

Ros. No, I will not cast away my physic but on those that are sick. There is a man haunts the forest, that abuses our young plants with carving Rosalind on their barks; hangs odes upon hawthorns and elegies on brambles, all, forsooth, deifying the name of Rosalind: if I could meet that fancy-monger, I

²⁹⁹ *se'nnight* = half a fortnight.

³⁰⁷ *kindled*: that is, kind-led = brought forth, childed; as in Ger., *kind*, a thing born, a child.

³⁰⁸ *purchase* = obtain, in any way.

³¹⁰ *religious* = in a religious order, a monk or friar.

³¹² *courtship* = court life.

would give him some good counsel, for he seems to have the quotidian of love upon him. 329

Orl. I am he that is so love-shak'd : I pray you, tell me your remedy.

Ros. There is none of my uncle's marks upon you : he taught me how to know a man in love ; in which cage of rushes I am sure you are not prisoner.

Orl. What were his marks ?

Ros. A lean cheek, which you have not ; a blue eye and sunken, which you have not ; an unquestionable spirit, which you have not ; a beard neglected, which you have not ; but I pardon you for that, for simply your having in beard is a younger brother's revenue : then your hose should be ungarter'd, your bonnet unbanded, your sleeve unbutton'd, your shoe unti'd and every thing about you demonstrating a careless desolation ; but you are no such man ; you are rather point-device in your accoutrements, as loving yourself than seeming the lover of any other.

Orl. Fair youth, I would I could make thee believe I love.

Ros. Me believe it ! you may as soon make her that you love believe it ; which, I warrant, she is apter to do than to confess she does : that is one of the points in the which women still give the lie to their consciences. But, in good sooth, are you he that hangs the verses on the trees, wherein Rosalind is so admired ?

Orl. I swear to thee, youth, by the white hand of Rosalind, I am that he, that unfortunate he.

Ros. But are you so much in love as your rhymes speak ?

Orl. Neither rhyme nor reason can express how much.

Ros. Love is merely a madness, and, I tell you, deserves as well a dark house and a whip as madmen do : and the reason why they are not so punish'd and cured is, that the lunacy is so ordinary that the whippers are in love too. Yet I profess curing it by counsel. 361

Orl. Did you ever cure any so ?

Ros. Yes, one, and in this manner. He was to imagine me his love, his mistress ; and I set him every day to woo me : at which time would I, being but a moonish youth, grieve, be effeminate, changeable, longing and liking, proud, fantastical, apish, shallow, inconstant, full of tears, full of smiles, for every passion something and for no passion truly any thing, as boys and women are for the most part cattle of this colour ; would now like him, now loathe him ; then entertain him, then for-

329 *quotidian* = every day : applied to a daily fever.

330 *blue eye* = eye with a blue circle around it.

337 *unquestionable spirit* = a disposition averse to being questioned.

343 *point-device* = daintily precise.

swear him ; now weep for him, then spit at him ; that I drave my suitor from his mad humour of love to a living humour of madness ; which was, to forswear the full stream of the world and to live in a nook merely monastic. And thus I cur'd him : and this way will I take upon me to wash your liver as clean as a sound sheep's heart, that there shall not be one spot of love in 't.

Orl. I would not be cured, youth.

Ros. I would cure you, if you would but call me Rosalind, and come every day to my cote and woo me. 380

Orl. Now, by the faith of my love, I will : tell me where it is.

Ros. Go with me to it and I'll show it you : and by the way you shall tell me where in the forest you live. Will you go ?

Orl. With all my heart, good youth.

Ros. Nay, you must call me Rosalind. Come, sister, will you go ? [Exeunt.]

SCENE III. *The forest.*

Enter TOUCHSTONE and AUDREY ; JAKUES behind.

Touch. Come apace, good Audrey : I will fetch up your goats, Audrey. And how, Audrey ? am I the man yet ? doth my simple feature content you ?

Aud. Your features ! Lord warrant us ! what features ?

Touch. I am here with thee and thy goats, as the most capricious poet, honest Ovid, was among the Goths.

Jaq. [*Aside.*] O knowledge ill-inhabited, worse than Jove in a thatch'd house !

Touch. When a man's verses cannot be understood, nor a man's good wit seconded with the forward child Understanding, it strikes a man more dead than a great reckoning in a little room. Truly, I would the gods had made thee poetical.

Aud. I do not know what poetical is : is it honest in deed and word ? is it a true thing ?

Touch. No, truly ; for the truest poetry is the most feigning ; and lovers are given to poetry, and what they swear in poetry may be said as lovers they do feign.

Aud. Do you wish then that the gods had made me poetical ?

Touch. I do, truly ; for thou swear'st to me thou art honest : now, if thou wert a poet, I might have some hope thou didst feign. 21

Aud. Would you not have me honest ?

375 *liver.* The liver was supposed to be the seat of amorous desire.

¹ *Audrey* = an abbreviation of Etheldreda.

⁶ *Goths* : pronounced *gotes*. The pun is obvious ; not quite so that in *capricious : caper* (Lat.) = goat.

⁷ *Jove in a thatch'd house.* The allusion is to the story of Baucis and Philemon. Ovid, *Metam.*, Book viii.

Touch. No, truly, unless thou wert hard-favoured; for honesty coupled to beauty is to have honey a sauce to sugar.

Jaq. [*Aside.*] A material fool!

Aud. Well, I am not fair; and therefore I pray the gods make me honest.

Touch. Truly, and to cast away honesty upon a foul slut were to put good meat into an unclean dish. 29

Aud. I am not a slut, though I thank the gods I am foul.

Touch. Well, praised be the gods for thy foulness! sluttishness may come hereafter. But be it as it may be, I will marry thee, and to that end I have been with Sir Oliver Martext, the vicar of the next village, who hath promis'd to meet me in this place of the forest and to couple us.

Jaq. [*Aside.*] I would fain see this meeting.

Aud. Well, the gods give us joy!

Touch. Amen. A man may, if he were of a fearful heart, stagger in this attempt; for here we have no temple but the wood, no assembly but horn-beasts. But what though? Courage! As horns are odious, they are necessary. It is said, "many a man knows no end of his goods:" right; many a man has good horns, and knows no end of them. Well, that is the dowry of his wife; 't is none of his own getting. Horns? Even so. Poor men alone? No, no: the noblest deer hath them as huge as the rascal. Is the single man therefore blessed? No: as a wall'd town is more worthier than a village, so is the forehead of a married man more honourable than the bare brow of a bachelor; and by how much defence is better than no skill, by so much is a horn more precious than to want. Here comes Sir Oliver.

51

Enter SIR OLIVER MARTEXT.

Sir Oliver Martext, you are well met: will you dispatch us here under this tree, or shall we go with you to your chapel?

Sir Oli. Is there none here to give the woman?

Touch. I will not take her on gift of any man.

Sir Oli. Truly, she must be given, or the marriage is not lawful.

Jaq. [*Advancing.*] Proceed, proceed: I'll give her.

Touch. Good even, good Master What-ye-call't: how do you, sir? You are very well met: God 'ield you for your last company: I am very glad to see you: even a toy in hand here, sir: nay, pray be cover'd.

Jaq. Will you be married, motley?

²⁵ a material fool = an absolute fool; a fool in what is material or of essential importance.

⁴⁴ Horns? Even so, etc. Unsatisfactory as it is, perhaps 'this reading is the best that can be made of the original, "hornes, even so poore men alone."

⁴⁶ rascal = hunting cant for a lean and worthless deer.

⁶⁰ God 'ield. God yield, God bless: in old books, *ild*; but *i* had the sound of *ie* or *ee*.

Touch. As the ox hath his bow, sir, the horse his curb and the falcon her bells, so man hath his desires; and as pigeons bill, so wedlock would be nibbling.

Jaq. And will you, being a man of your breeding, be married under a bush like a beggar? Get you to church, and have a good priest that can tell you what marriage is: this fellow will but join you together as they join wainscot; then one of you will prove a shrunk panel and, like green timber, warp, warp.

Touch. [*Aside.*] I am not in the mind but I were better to be married of him than of another: for he is not like to marry me well; and not being well married, it will be a good excuse for me hereafter to leave my wife.

Jaq. Go thou with me, and let me counsel thee.

Touch. Come, sweet Audrey: We must be married, or we must live in bawdry.

Farewell, good Master Oliver: not, —

O sweet Oliver,

O brave Oliver,

Leave me not behind thee:

but, —

Wind away,

Begone, I say,

I will not to wedding with thee.

[*Exeunt Jaques, Touchstone, and Audrey.*]

Sir Oli. 'Tis no matter: ne'er a fantastical knave of them all shall flout me out of my calling.

[*Exit.*]

SCENE IV. *The forest.*

Enter ROSALIND and CELIA.

Ros. Never talk to me; I will weep.

Cel. Do, I prithee; but yet have the grace to consider that tears do not become a man.

Ros. But have I not cause to weep?

Cel. As good cause as one would desire; therefore weep.

Ros. His very hair is of the dissembling colour.

Cel. Something browner than Judas's: marry, his kisses are Judas's own children.

Ros. I' faith, his hair is of a good colour.

Cel. An excellent colour; your chestnut was ever the only colour.

Ros. And his kissing is as full of sanctity as the touch of holy bread.

Cel. He hath bought a pair of cast lips of Diana: a nun of

⁸⁰ O sweet Oliver, etc.: part of a now lost ballad.

⁷ Judas's. The traitor was believed to have been red-haired.

winter's sisterhood kisses not more religiously ; the very ice of chastity is in them.

Ros. But why did he swear he would come this morning, and comes not ?

Cel. Nay, certainly, there is no truth in him.

Ros. Do you think so ? 20

Cel. Yes ; I think he is not a pick-purse nor a horse-stealer ; but for his verity in love, I do think him as concave as a covered goblet, or a worm-eaten nut.

Ros. Not true in love ?

Cel. Yes, when he is in ; but I think he is not in.

Ros. You have heard him swear downright he was.

Cel. "Was" is not "is:" besides, the oath of a lover is no stronger than the word of a tapster ; they are both the confirmer of false reckonings. He attends here in the forest on the Duke your father. 30

Ros. I met the Duke yesterday and had much question with him : he ask'd me of what parentage I was ; I told him, of as good as he ; so he laugh'd and let me go. But what talk we of fathers, when there is such a man as Orlando ?

Cel. O, that's a brave man ! he writes brave verses, speaks brave words, swears brave oaths and breaks them bravely, quite traverse, athwart the heart of his lover ; as a puisny tilter, that spurs his horse but on one side, breaks his staff like a noble goose : but all's brave that youth mounts and folly guides. Who comes here ? 40

Enter CORIN.

Cor. Mistress and master, you have oft inquired
After the shepherd that complain'd of love,
Who you saw sitting by me on the turf,
Praising the proud disdainful shepherdess
That was his mistress.

Cel. Well, and what of him ?

Cor. If you will see a pageant truly play'd,
Between the pale complexion of true love
And the red glow of scorn and proud disdain,
Go hence a little and I shall conduct you,
If you will mark it.

Ros. O, come, let us remove : 50
The sight of lovers feedeth those in love.
Bring us to this sight, and you shall say
I'll prove a busy actor in their play.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE V. *Another part of the forest.**Enter SILVIUS and PHEBE.*

Sil. Sweet Phebe, do not scorn me ; do not, Phebe ;
 Say that you love me not, but say not so
 In bitterness. The common executioner,
 Whose heart th' accustom'd sight of death makes hard,
 Falls not the axe upon the humbled neck
 But first begs pardon : will you sterner be
 Than he that dies and lives by bloody drops ?

Enter ROSALIND, CELIA, and CORIN, behind.

Phe. I would not be thy executioner :
 I fly thee, for I would not injure thee.
 Thou tell'st me there is murder in mine eye : 10
 'Tis pretty, sure, and very probable,
 That eyes, that are the frail'st and softest things,
 Who shut their coward gates on atomies,
 Should be call'd tyrants, butchers, murderers !
 Now I do frown on thee with all my heart ;
 And if mine eyes can wound, now let them kill thee :
 Now counterfeit to swoon ; why now fall down ;
 Or if thou canst not, O, for shame, for shame,
 Lie not, to say mine eyes are murderers !
 Now show the wound mine eye hath made in thee : 20
 Scratch thee but with a pin, and there remains
 Some scar of it ; lean but upon a rush,
 The cicatrice and capable impressure
 Thy palm some moment keeps ; but now mine eyes,
 Which I have darted at thee, hurt thee not,
 Nor, I am sure, there is no force in eyes
 That can do hurt.

Sil. O dear Phebe,
 If ever, — as that ever may be near, —
 You meet in some fresh cheek the power of fancy,
 Then shall you know the wounds invisible 30
 That love's keen arrows make.

Phe. But till that time
 Come not thou near me : and when that time comes,
 Afflict me with thy mocks, pity me not ;
 As till that time I shall not pity thee.

Ros. [*Coming forward.*] And why, I pray you ? Who
 might be your mother,
 That you insult, exult, and all at once,
 Over the wretched ? What ! though you have no beauty, —

¹ *dies and lives* = lives and dies, gets his living.²³ *capable impressure* = impression that is received : a reckless inversion of the meaning of *capable*.

As, by my faith, I see no more in you
 Than without candle may go dark to bed —
 Must you be therefore proud and pitiless? 40
 Why, what means this? Why do you look on me?
 I see no more in you than in the ordinary
 Of nature's sale-work. 'Od's my little life,
 I think she means to tangle my eyes too!
 No, faith, proud mistress, hope not after it:
 'Tis not your inky brows, your black silk hair,
 Your bugle eyeballs, nor your cheek of cream,
 That can entame my spirits to your worship.
 You foolish shepherd, wherefore do you follow her,
 Like foggy south puffing with wind and rain? 50
 You are a thousand times a properer man
 Than she a woman: 't is such fools as you
 That makes the world full of ill-favour'd children:
 'Tis not her glass, but you, that flatters her;
 And out of you she sees herself more proper
 Than any of her lineaments can show her.
 But, mistress, know yourself: down on your knees,
 And thank Heaven, fasting, for a good man's love:
 For I must tell you friendly in your ear,
 Sell when you can: you are not for all markets: 60
 Cry the man mercy; love him; take his offer:
 Foul is most foul, being foul to be a scoffer.
 So take her to thee, shepherd: fare you well.

Phe. Sweet youth, I pray you, chide a year together:
 I had rather hear you chide than this man woo.

Ros. He's fallen in love with your foulness, and she'll fall
 in love with my anger. If it be so, as fast as she answers thee
 with frowning looks, I'll sauce her with bitter words. Why
 look you so upon me?

Phe. For no ill will I bear you. 70

Ros. I pray you, do not fall in love with me,
 For I am falser than vows made in wine:
 Besides, I like you not. If you will know my house,
 'T is at the tuft of olives here hard by.
 Will you go, sister? Shepherd, ply her hard.
 Come, sister. Shepherdess, look on him better,
 And be not proud: though all the world could see,
 None could be so abus'd in sight as he.

Come, to our flock.

[*Exeunt Rosalind, Celia, and Corin.*]

Phe. Dead shepherd, now I find thy saw of might, 80
 "Who ever loved that loved not at first sight?"

⁵¹ *properer man* = handsomer man; so *proper* in line 55.

⁸⁰ *Dead shepherd*: that is, Marlowe, who died in 1593; the saw is from his *Hero and Leander*, published in 1598.

Sil. Sweet Phebe, —

Phe. Ha, what say'st thou, Silvius?

Sil. Sweet Phebe, pity me.

Phe. Why, I am sorry for thee, gentle Silvius.

Sil. Wherever sorrow is, relief would be :

If you do sorrow at my grief in love,
By giving love your sorrow and my grief
Were both extermin'd.

Phe. Thou hast my love : is not that neighbourly?

Sil. I would have you.

Phe. Why, that were covetousness. 90

Silvius, the time was that I hated thee,
And yet it is not that I bear thee love ;
But since that thou canst talk of love so well,
Thy company, which erst was irksome to me,
I will endure, and I'll employ thee too :
But do not look for further recompense
Than thine own gladness that thou art employ'd.

Sil. So holy and so perfect is my love,
And I in such a poverty of grace,
That I shall think it a most plenteous crop 100
To glean the broken ears after the man
That the main harvest reaps : loose now and then
A scatter'd smile, and that I'll live upon.

Phe. Know'st thou the youth that spoke to me erewhile?

Sil. Not very well, but I have met him oft ;
And he hath bought the cottage and the bounds
That the old carlot once was master of.

Phe. Think not I love him, though I ask for him ;
'T is but a peevish boy ; yet he talks well ;
But what care I for words ? yet words do well 110
When he that speaks them pleases those that hear.

It is a pretty youth : not very pretty :
But, sure, he's proud ; and yet his pride becomes him :
He'll make a proper man : the best thing in him
Is his complexion ; and faster than his tongue
Did make offence his eye did heal it up.

He is not very tall ; yet for his years he's tall :
His leg is but so so ; and yet 't is well :
There was a pretty redness in his lip,
A little riper and more lusty red 120
Than that mix'd in his cheek ; 't was just the difference
Betwixt the constant red and mingled damask.

There be some women, Silvius, had they mark'd him
In parcels as I did, would have gone near

To fall in love with him ; but, for my part,
 I love him not nor hate him not ; and yet
 I have more cause to hate him than to love him :
 For what had he to do to chide at me ?
 He said mine eyes were black and my hair black ;
 And, now I am remember'd, scorn'd at me :
 I marvel why I answer'd not again :
 But that's all one ; omittance is no quittance.
 I'll write to him a very taunting letter,
 And thou shalt bear it : wilt thou, Silvius ?

130

Sil. Phebe, with all my heart.

Phe.

I'll write it straight ;

The matter's in my head and in my heart :
 I will be bitter with him and passing short.
 Go with me, Silvius.

[*Exeunt.*]

ACT IV.

SCENE I. *The forest.*

Enter ROSALIND, CELIA, and JAUQUES.

Jaq. I prithee, pretty youth, let me be better acquainted with thee.

Ros. They say you are a melancholy fellow.

Jaq. I am so ; I do love it better than laughing.

Ros. Those that are in extremity of either are abominable fellows, and betray themselves to every modern censure worse than drunkards.

Jaq. Why, 't is good to be sad and say nothing.

Ros. Why then, 't is good to be a post.

9

Jaq. I have neither the scholar's melancholy, which is emulation, nor the musician's, which is fantastical, nor the courtier's, which is proud, nor the soldier's, which is ambitious, nor the lawyer's, which is politic, nor the lady's, which is nice, nor the lover's, which is all these : but it is a melancholy of mine own, compounded of many simples, extracted from many objects, and indeed the sundry contemplation of my travels, in which my often rumination wraps me in a most humorous sadness.

Ros. A traveller ! By my faith, you have great reason to be sad : I fear you have sold your own lands to see other men's ; then, to have seen much and to have nothing, is to have rich eyes and poor hands.

21

Jaq. Yes, I have gain'd my experience.

¹²⁰ *nor hate him not* : S.'s free dispensation of negatives.

¹²¹ *and my hair black*. Brunettes were not accounted beautiful in S.'s day.

¹²² *omittance is no quittance*. This reads like an adage.

¹²³ *nice* = dainty, fastidious.

Ros. And your experience makes you sad: I had rather have a fool to make me merry than experience to make me sad; and to travel for it too!

Enter ORLANDO.

Orl. Good day and happiness, dear Rosalind!

Jaq. Nay, then, God b' wi' you, an you talk in blank verse.

[Exit.]

Ros. Farewell, Monsieur Traveller: look you lisp and wear strange suits, disable all the benefits of your own country, be out of love with your nativity and almost chide God for making you that countenance you are, or I will scarce think you have swam in a gondola. — Why, how now, Orlando! where have you been all this while? You a lover! An you serve me such another trick, never come in my sight more.

Orl. My fair Rosalind, I come within an hour of my promise.

Ros. Break an hour's promise in love! He that will divide a minute into a thousand parts and break but a part of the thousandth part of a minute in the affairs of love, it may be said of him that Cupid hath clapped him o' th'shoulder, but I'll warrant him heart-whole.

40

Orl. Pardon me, dear Rosalind.

Ros. Nay, an you be so tardy, come no more in my sight: I had as lief be woo'd of a snail.

Orl. Of a snail?

Ros. Ay, of a snail; for though he comes slowly, he carries his house on his head; a better jointure, I think, than you make a woman: besides, he brings his destiny with him.

Orl. What's that?

Ros. Why, horns, which such as you are fain to be beholding to your wives for: but he comes armed in his fortune and prevents the slander of his wife.

51

Orl. Virtue is no horn-maker; and my Rosalind is virtuous.

Ros. And I am your Rosalind.

Cel. It pleases him to call you so; but he hath a Rosalind of a better leer than you.

Ros. Come, woo me, woo me, for now I am in a holiday humour and like enough to consent. What would you say to me now, an I were your very very Rosalind?

Orl. I would kiss before I spoke.

59

Ros. Nay, you were better speak first, and when you were gravell'd for lack of matter, you might take occasion to kiss. Very good orators, when they are out, they will spit; and for lovers lacking — God warn us! — matter, the cleanliest shift is to kiss.

²⁸ Farewell, Monsieur Traveller. Rosalind's speech, until she chooses to notice the tardy Orlando, is addressed to the retiring Jaques.

⁵⁰ prevents = anticipates, comes before: the true meaning of the word.

⁵⁶ leer = face, countenance, expression.

Orl. How if the kiss be deni'd?

Ros. Then she puts you to entreaty, and there begins new matter.

Orl. Who could be out, being before his beloved mistress?

Ros. Marry, that should you, if I were your mistress, or I should think my honesty ranker than my wit. 70

Orl. What, of my suit?

Ros. Not out of your apparel, and yet out of your suit. Am not I your Rosalind?

Orl. I take some joy to say you are, because I would be talking of her.

Ros. Well, in her person I say I will not have you.

Orl. Then in mine own person I die.

Ros. No, faith, die by attorney. The poor world is almost six thousand years old, and in all this time there was not any man died in his own person, videlicet, in a love-cause. Troilus had his brains dash'd out with a Grecian club; yet he did what he could to die before, and he is one of the patterns of love. Leander, he would have liv'd many a fair year, though Hero had turn'd nun, if it had not been for a hot midsummer night; for, good youth, he went but forth to wash him in the Hellespont and being taken with the cramp was drown'd: and the foolish coroners of that age found it was "Hero of Sestos." But these are all lies: men have died from time to time and worms have eaten them, but not for love. 89

Orl. I would not have my right Rosalind of this mind, for, I protest, her frown might kill me.

Ros. By this hand, it will not kill a fly. But come, now I will be your Rosalind in a more coming-on disposition, and ask me what you will, I will grant it.

Orl. Then love me, Rosalind.

Ros. Yes, faith, will I, Fridays and Saturdays and all.

Orl. And wilt thou have me?

Ros. Ay, and twenty such.

Orl. What sayest thou?

Ros. Are you not good?

Orl. I hope so. 100

Ros. Why then, can one desire too much of a good thing? Come, sister, you shall be the priest and marry us. Give me your hand, Orlando. What do you say, sister?

Orl. Pray thee, marry us.

Cel. I cannot say the words.

Ros. You must begin, Will you, Orlando —

⁷⁰ *ranker than my wit*: that is, sharper set; as we say that a scythe or a plane is rank. The decorum of these days forbids a full explanation of the speech.

⁸⁰ *videlicet* = to wit, a law term.

Cel. Go to. Will you, Orlando, have to wife this Rosalind?

Orl. I will.

Ros. Ay, but when?

110

Orl. Why now; as fast as she can marry us.

Ros. Then you must say, I take thee, Rosalind, for wife.

Orl. I take thee, Rosalind, for wife.

Ros. I might ask you for your commission; but I do take thee, Orlando, for my husband: there's a girl goes before the priest; and certainly a woman's thought runs before her actions.

Orl. So do all thoughts; they are wing'd.

Ros. Now tell me how long you would have her after you have possess'd her.

Orl. For ever and a day.

120

Ros. Say "a day," without the "ever." No, no, Orlando; men are April when they woo, December when they wed: maids are May when they are maids, but the sky changes when they are wives. I will be more jealous of thee than a Barbary cock-pigeon over his hen, more clamorous than a parrot against rain, more new-fangled than an ape, more giddy in my desires than a monkey: I will weep for nothing, like Diana in the fountain, and I will do that when you are dispos'd to be merry: I will laugh like a hyen, and that when thou art inclin'd to sleep.

130

Orl. But will my Rosalind do so?

Ros. By my life, she will do as I do.

Orl. O, but she is wise.

Ros. Or else she could not have the wit to do this: the wiser, the waywarder: make the doors upon a woman's wit and it will out at the casement; shut that and 't will out at the key-hole; stop that, 't will fly with the smoke out at the chimney.

Orl. A man that had a wife with such a wit, he might say "Wit, whither wilt?"

139

Ros. Nay, you might keep that check for it till you met your wife's wit going to your neighbour's bed.

Orl. And what wit could wit have to excuse that?

Ros. Marry, to say she came to seek you there. You shall never take her without her answer, unless you take her without her tongue. O, that woman that cannot make her fault her husband's occasion, let her never nurse her child herself, for she will breed it like a fool!

Orl. For these two hours, Rosalind, I will leave thee

Ros. Alas! dear love, I cannot lack thee two hours.

149

¹²⁶ *new-fangled* = prone to novel notions.

¹²⁷ *Diana in the fountain.* In 1596 a Diana was set up in the West Cheap, London; but that poured water from the breasts. Dianæ at fountains were not uncommon.

¹³⁵ *make the doors* = shut the doors.

¹⁴⁵ *her husband's occasion* = occasioned of her husband, of his making.

Orl. I must attend the Duke at dinner: by two o'clock I will be with thee again.

Ros. Ay, go your ways, go your ways; I knew what you would prove: my friends told me as much, and I thought no less: that flattering tongue of yours won me: 't is but one cast away, and so, come, death! Two o'clock is your hour?

Orl. Ay, sweet Rosalind.

Ros. By my troth, and in good earnest, and so God mend me, and by all pretty oaths that are not dangerous, if you break one jot of your promise or come one minute behind your hour, I will think you the most pathological break-promise and the most hollow lover and the most unworthy of her you call Rosalind that may be chosen out of the gross band of the unfaithful: therefore beware my censure and keep your promise.

Orl. With no less religion than if thou wert indeed my Rosalind: so adieu.

Ros. Well, Time is the old justice that examines all such offenders, and let Time try: adieu. [Exit Orlando.]

Cel. You have simply misus'd our sex in your love-prate: we must have your doublet and hose pluck'd over your head, and show the world what the bird hath done to her own nest.

Ros. O coz, coz, coz, my pretty little coz, that thou didst know how many fathom deep I am in love! But it cannot be sounded: my affection hath an unknown bottom, like the bay of Portugal.

Cel. Or rather, bottomless, that as fast as you pour affection in, it runs out.

Ros. No, that same wicked bastard of Venus that was begot of thought, conceived of spleen and born of madness, that blind rascally boy that abuses every one's eyes because his own are out, let him be judge how deep I am in love. I'll tell thee, Aliena, I cannot be out of the sight of Orlando: I'll go find a shadow and sigh till he come.

Cel. And I'll sleep.

181
[Exeunt.]

SCENE II. *The forest.*

Enter JAQUES, Lords, and Foresters.

Jaq. Which is he that killed the deer?

A Lord. Sir, it was I.

Jaq. Let's present him to the Duke, like a Roman conqueror; and it would do well to set the deer's horns upon his head, for a branch of victory. Have you no song, forester, for this purpose?

For. Yes, sir.

Jaq. Sing it: 't is no matter how it be in tune, so it make noise enough.

SONG.

For. What shall he have that kill'd the deer ?

10

His leather skin and horns to wear.

Take thou no scorn to wear the horn ; } *Then sing him home ;*
It was a crest ere thou wast born : } *the rest shall bear this*
 } *burthen.*

Thy father's father wore it,

And thy father bore it :

The horn, the horn, the lusty horn } *Burthen.*
Is not a thing to laugh to scorn.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *The forest.*

Enter ROSALIND and CELIA.

Ros. How say you now? Is it not past two o'clock? and here much Orlando!

Cel. I warrant you, with pure love and troubled brain, he hath ta'en his bow and arrows and is gone forth to sleep. Look, who comes here.

Enter SILVIUS.

Sil. My errand is to you, fair youth;
My gentle Phebe bid me give you this:
I know not the contents; but, as I guess
By the stern brow and waspish action
Which she did use as she was writing of it,
It bears an angry tenour: pardon me;
I am but as a guiltless messenger.

10

Ros. Patience herself would startle at this letter
And play the swaggerer ; bear this, bear all :
She says I am not fair, that I lack manners ;
She calls me proud, and that she could not love me,
Were man as rare as phoenix. 'Od 's my will !
Her love is not the hare that I do hunt :
Why writes she so to me ? Well, shepherd, well,
This is a letter of your own device.

20

Sil. No, I protest, I know not the contents:
Phebe did write it.

Ros. Come, come, you are a fool
And turn'd into the extremity of love.

I saw her hand : she has a leathern hand,
A freestone-colour'd hand ; I verily did think
That her old gloves were on, but 't was her hands :
She has a houswife's hand ; but that 's no matter :
I say she never did invent this letter ;
This is a man's invention and his hand.

Sil. Sure, it is hers.

30

Ros. Why, 't is a boisterous and a cruel style,

⁸ *contents*: accented, as usual with S., on the last syllable.

A style for challengers ; why, she defies me,
 Like Turk to Christian : woman's gentle brain
 Could not drop forth such giant-rude invention,
 Such Ethiope words, blacker in their effect
 Than in their countenance. Will you hear the letter ?

Sil. So please you, for I never heard it yet ;
 Yet heard too much of Phebe's cruelty.

Ros. She Phebes me : mark how the tyrant writes. [*Reads.*

Art thou god to shepherd turn'd,
 That a maiden's heart hath burn'd ?

40

Can a woman rail thus ?

Sil. Call you this railing ?

Ros. [*Reads.*] Why, thy godhead laid apart,
 Warr'st thou with a woman's heart ?

Did you ever hear such railing ?

Whiles the eye of man did woo me,
 That could do no vengeance to me.

Meaning me a beast.

If the scorn of your bright eyne
 Have power to raise such love in mine,
 Alack, in me what strange effect
 Would they work in mild aspect !
 Whiles you chid me, I did love ;
 How then might your prayers move !
 He that brings this love to thee
 Little knows this love in me :
 And by him seal up thy mind ;
 Whether that thy youth and kind
 Will the faithful offer take
 Of me and all that I can make ;
 Or else by him my love deny,
 And then I'll study how to die.

50

60

Sil. Call you this chiding ?

Cel. Alas, poor shepherd !

Ros. Do you pity him ? no, he deserves no pity. Wilt thou love such a woman ? What, to make thee an instrument and play false strains upon thee ! not to be endur'd ! Well, go your way to her, for I see love hath made thee a tame snake, and say this to her : that if she love me, I charge her to love thee ; if she will not, I will never have her unless thou entreat for her. If you be a true lover, hence, and not a word ; for here comes more company.

[*Exit Silvius.*]

Enter OLIVER.

Oli. Good morrow, fair ones : pray you, if you know,
 Where in the purlieus of this forest stands
 A sheep-cote fenc'd about with olive trees ?

Cel. West of this place, down in the neighbour bottom :
 The rank of osiers by the murmuring stream
 Left on your right hand brings you to the place.
 But at this hour the house doth keep itself ;
 There's none within. 80

Oli. If that an eye may profit by a tongue,
 Then should I know you by description ;
 Such garments and such years : " The boy is fair,
 Of female favour, and bestows himself
 Like a ripe sister : the woman low,
 And browner than her brother." Are not you
 The owner of the house I did inquire for?

Cel. It is no boast, being ask'd, to say we are.

Oli. Orlando doth commend him to you both, 90
 And to that youth he calls his Rosalind
 He sends this bloody napkin. Are you he?

Ros. I am : what must we understand by this?

Oli. Some of my shame ; if you will know of me
 What man I am, and how, and why, and where
 This handkercher was stain'd.

Cel. I pray you, tell it.

Oli. When last the young Orlando parted from you
 He left a promise to return again
 Within an hour ; and pacing through the forest,
 Chewing the food of sweet and bitter fancy, 100
 Lo, what befel ! He threw his eye aside,
 And mark what object did present itself :
 Under an oak, whose boughs were moss'd with age
 And high top bald with dry antiquity,
 A wretched ragged man, o'ergrown with hair,
 Lay sleeping on his back : about his neck
 A green and gilded snake had wreath'd itself,
 Who, with her head nimble in threats, approach'd
 The opening of his mouth ; but suddenly,
 Seeing Orlando, it unlink'd itself, 110
 And with indented glides did slip away
 Into a bush : under which bush's shade
 A lioness, with udders all drawn dry,
 Lay crouching, head on ground, with catlike watch,
 When that the sleeping man should stir ; for 't is
 The royal disposition of that beast
 To prey on nothing that doth seem as dead :
 This seen, Orlando did approach the man
 And found it was his brother, his elder brother.

Cel. O, I have heard him speak of that same brother ; 120

⁹⁰ *handkercher* : the commonest form of *handkerchief* in S.'s day.

And he did render him the most unnatural
That liv'd amongst men.

Oli. And well he might so do,
For well I know he was unnatural.

Ros. But, to Orlando: did he leave him there,
Food to the suck'd and hungry lioness?

Oli. Twice did he turn his back and purpos'd so;
But kindness, nobler ever than revenge,
And nature, stronger than his just occasion,
Made him give battle to the lioness,
Who quickly fell before him: in which hurtling 130
From miserable slumber I awaked.

Cel. Are you his brother?

Ros. Was 't you he rescu'd?

Cel. Was 't you that did so oft contrive to kill him?

Oli. 'T was I; but 't is not I: I do not shame
To tell you what I was, since my conversion
So sweetly tastes, being the thing I am.

Ros. But, for the bloody napkin?

Oli. By and by.

When from the first to last betwixt us two
Tears our recountments had most kindly bath'd,
As how I came into that desert place: — 140
In brief, he led me to the gentle Duke,
Who gave me fresh array and entertainment,
Committing me unto my brother's love;
Who led me instantly unto his cave,
There stripp'd himself, and here upon his arm
The lioness had torn some flesh away,
Which all this while had bled; and now he fainted
And cried, in fainting, upon Rosalind.
Brief, I recover'd him, bound up his wound;
And, after some small space, being strong at heart, 150
He sent me hither, stranger as I am,
To tell this story, that you might excuse
His broken promise, and to give this napkin
Dyed in his blood unto the shepherd youth
That he in sport doth call his Rosalind.

[*Rosalind swoons.*]

Cel. Why, how now, Ganymede! sweet Ganymede!

Oli. Many will swoon when they do look on blood.

Cel. There is more in it. Cousin Ganymede!

Oli. Look, he recovers.

Ros. I would I were at home.

Cel. We'll lead you thither. 160

I pray you, will you take him by the arm?

Oli. Be of good cheer, youth: you a man! you lack a man's
heart.

Ros. I do so, I confess it. Ah, sirrah, a body would think this was well counterfeited! I pray you, tell your brother how well I counterfeited. Heigh-ho!

Oli. This was not counterfeit: there is too great testimony in your complexion that it was a passion of earnest.

Ros. Counterfeit, I assure you.

Oli. Well then, take a good heart and counterfeit to be a man.

Ros. So I do: but, i' faith, I should have been a woman by right.

Cel. Come, you look paler and paler: pray you, draw home-wards. Good sir, go with us.

Oli. That will I, for I must bear answer back
How you excuse my brother, Rosalind.

Ros. I shall devise something: but, I pray you, commend my counterfeiting to him. Will you go? [Exeunt.]

ACT V.

SCENE I. *The forest.*

Enter TOUCHSTONE and AUDREY.

Touch. We shall find a time, Audrey; patience, gentle Audrey.

Aud. Faith, the priest was good enough, for all the old gentleman's saying.

Touch. A most wicked Sir Oliver, Audrey, a most vile Mar-text. But, Audrey, there is a youth here in the forest lays claim to you.

Aud. Ay, I know who 'tis: he hath no interest in me in the world: here comes the man you mean. 9

Touch. It is meat and drink to me to see a clown: by my troth, we that have good wits have much to answer for; we shall be flouting; we cannot hold.

Enter WILLIAM.

Will. Good even, Audrey.

Aud. God ye good even, William.

Will. And good even to you, sir.

Touch. Good even, gentle friend. Cover thy head, cover thy head; nay, prithee, be cover'd. How old are you, friend?

Will. Five and twenty, sir.

Touch. A ripe age. Is thy name William?

Will. William, sir.

Touch. A fair name. Wast born i' th' forest here? 20

Will. Ay, sir, I thank God.

¹⁴ *God ye good even.* Contracted from God give ye, etc.

Touch. "Thank God;" a good answer. Art rich?

Will. Faith, sir, so so.

Touch. "So so" is good, very good, very excellent good; and yet it is not; it is but so so. Art thou wise?

Will. Ay, sir, I have a pretty wit.

Touch. Why, thou say'st well. I do now remember a saying, "The fool doth think he is wise, but the wise man knows himself to be a fool." The heathen philosopher, when he had a desire to eat a grape, would open his lips when he put it into his mouth; meaning thereby that grapes were made to eat and lips to open. You do love this maid?

Will. I do, sir.

Touch. Give me your hand. Art thou learned?

Will. No, sir.

Touch. Then learn this of me: to have, is to have; for it is a figure in rhetoric that drink, being pour'd out of a cup into a glass, by filling the one doth empty the other; for all your writers do consent that *ipse* is he: now, you are not *ipse*, for I am he.

41

Will. Which he, sir?

Touch. He, sir, that must marry this woman. Therefore, you clown, abandon, — which is in the vulgar leave, — the society, — which in the boorish is company, — of this female, — which in the common is woman; which together is, abandon the society of this female, or, clown, thou perishest; or, to thy better understanding, diest; or, to wit, I kill thee, make thee away, translate thy life into death, thy liberty into bondage: I will deal in poison with thee, or in bastinado, or in steel; I will bandy with thee in faction; I will o'er-run thee with policy; I will kill thee a hundred and fifty ways: therefore tremble, and depart.

Aud. Do, good William.

Will. God rest you merry, sir.

[Exit.]

Enter CORIN.

Cor. Our master and mistress seeks you; come, away, away!

Touch. Trip, Audrey! trip, Audrey! I attend, I attend.

[Exeunt.]

SCENE II. *The forest.*

Enter ORLANDO and OLIVER.

Orl. Is't possible that on so little acquaintance you should like her? that but seeing, you should love her? and loving woo? and, wooing, she should grant? and will you persevere to enjoy her?

Oli. Neither call the giddiness of it in question, the poverty

³ *persever*: an old form of the word, accented on the second syllable.

of her, the small acquaintance, my sudden wooing, nor her sudden consenting; but say with me, I love Aliena; say with her that she loves me; consent with both that we may enjoy each other: it shall be to your good; for my father's house and all the revenue that was old Sir Rowland's will I estate upon you, and here live and die a shepherd.

11

Orl. You have my consent. Let your wedding be to-morrow; thither will I invite the Duke and all's contented followers. Go you and prepare Aliena; for look you, here comes my Rosalind.

Enter ROSALIND.

Ros. God save you, brother.

Oli. And you, fair sister.

[*Exit.*

Ros. O, my dear Orlando, how it grieves me to see thee wear thy heart in a scarf!

Orl. It is my arm.

20

Ros. I thought thy heart had been wounded with the claws of a lion.

Orl. Wounded it is, but with the eyes of a lady.

Ros. Did your brother tell you how I counterfeited to swoon when he show'd me your handkercher?

Orl. Ay, and greater wonders than that.

Ros. O, I know where you are: nay, 'tis true: there was never any thing so sudden but the fight of two rams and Cæsar's thrasonical brag of "I came, saw, and overcame:" for your brother and my sister no sooner met but they look'd, no sooner look'd but they lov'd, no sooner lov'd but they sigh'd, no sooner sigh'd but they ask'd one another the reason, no sooner knew the reason but they sought the remedy; and in these degrees have they made a pair of stairs to marriage, which they will climb incontinent, or else be incontinent before marriage: they are in the very wrath of love and they will together; clubs cannot part them.

Orl. They shall be married to-morrow, and I will bid the Duke to the nuptial. But, O, how bitter a thing it is to look into happiness through another man's eyes! By so much the more shall I to-morrow be at the height of heart-heaviness, by how much I shall think my brother happy in having what he wishes for.

Ros. Why then, to-morrow I cannot serve your turn for Rosalind?

Orl. I can live no longer by thinking.

Ros. I will weary you then no longer with idle talking. Know of me then, for now I speak to some purpose, that I

¹⁷ *fair sister.* Celia has not kept Rosalind's secret from her lover.

²⁰ *thrasonical* = exceedingly boastful. Thraso is the name of a braggart soldier in Terence's *Eunuchus*.

know you are a gentleman of good conceit : I speak not this that you should bear a good opinion of my knowledge, inso-much I say I know you are ; neither do I labour for a greater esteem than may in some little measure draw a belief from you, to do yourself good, and not to grace me. Believe then, if you please, that I can do strange things : I have, since I was three year old, convers'd with a magician, most profound in his art and yet not damnable. If you do love Rosalind so near the heart as your gesture cries it out, when your brother marries Aliena, shall you marry her : I know into what straits of fortune she is driven ; and it is not impossible to me, if it appear not inconvenient to you, to set her before your eyes to-morrow, human as she is and without any danger. 61

Orl. Speak'st thou in sober meanings ?

Ros. By my life, I do ; which I tender dearly, though I say I am a magician. Therefore, put you in your best array ; bid your friends ; for if you will be married to-morrow, you shall, and to Rosalind, if you will.

Enter SILVIUS and PHEBE.

Look, here comes a lover of mine and a lover of hers.

Phe. Youth, you have done me much ungentleness,
To show the letter that I writ to you.

Ros. I care not if I have : it is my study 70
To seem spiteful and ungentle to you :
You are there followed by a faithful shepherd ;
Look upon him, love him ; he worships you.

Phe. Good shepherd, tell this youth what 't is to love.

Sil. It is to be all made of sighs and tears ;
And so am I for Phebe.

Phe. And I for Ganymede.

Orl. And I for Rosalind.

Ros. And I for no woman.

Sil. It is to be all made of faith and service ; 80
And so am I for Phebe.

Phe. And I for Ganymede.

Orl. And I for Rosalind.

Ros. And I for no woman.

Sil. It is to be all made of fantasy,
All made of passion and all made of wishes,
All adoration, duty, and observance,
All humbleness, all patience and impatience,
All purity, all trial, all observance ;
And so am I for Phebe. 90

⁶⁰ *good conceit* = good sense, intelligence.

⁸⁷ *observance* = consideration, respect.

⁸⁹ *all observance* : corrupt, by a mistaken repetition of a word already used. No acceptable substitute has been suggested.

Phe. And so am I for Ganymede.

Orl. And so am I for Rosalind.

Ros. And so am I for no woman.

Phe. If this be so, why blame you me to love you?

Sil. If this be so, why blame you me to love you?

Orl. If this be so, why blame you me to love you?

Ros. Who do you speak to, "Why blame you me to love you?"

Orl. To her that is not here, nor doth not hear.

Ros. Pray you, no more of this; 't is like the howling of Irish wolves against the moon. [*To Sil.*] I will help you, if I can: [*To Phe.*] I would love you, if I could. To-morrow meet me all together. [*To Phe.*] I will marry you, if ever I marry woman, and I'll be married to-morrow: [*To Orl.*] I will satisfy you, if ever I satisfi'd man, and you shall be married to-morrow: [*To Sil.*] I will content you, if what pleases you contents you, and you shall be married to-morrow. [*To Orl.*] As you love Rosalind, meet: [*To Sil.*] as you love Phebe, meet: and as I love no woman, I'll meet. So fare you well: I have left you commands.

110

Sil. I'll not fail, if I live.

Phe. Nor I.

Orl. Nor I.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *The forest.*

Enter TOUCHSTONE and AUDREY.

Touch. To-morrow is the joyful day, Audrey: to-morrow will we be married.

Aud. I do desire it with all my heart; and I hope it is no dishonest desire to desire to be a woman of the world. Here come two of the banish'd Duke's pages.

Enter two Pages.

First Page. Well met, honest gentleman.

Touch. By my troth, well met. Come, sit, sit, and a song.

Sec. Page. We are for you: sit i' th' middle.

First Page. Shall we clap into 't roundly, without hawking or spitting or saying we are hoarse, which are the only prologues to a bad voice?

11

Sec. Page. I' faith, i' faith; and both in a tune, like two gipsies on a horse.

SONG.

It was a lover and his lass,

With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino,

³ *dishonest* = dishonorable; so an honest woman = an honorable woman.

⁴ *woman of the world* = a married woman, a matron.

¹⁰ *the only prologues*: as if without *the*; only prologues.

¹⁵ *nonino*. This is not a mere senseless burden, but has a meaning which cannot be decorously set forth.

That o'er the green corn-field did pass
 In the spring time, the only pretty ring time,
 When birds do sing, hey ding a ding, ding :
 Sweet lovers love the spring.

Between the acres of the rye, 20
 With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino,
 These pretty country folks would lie,
 In spring time, etc.

This carol they began that hour,
 With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino,
 How that a life was but a flower
 In spring time, etc.

And therefore take the present time,
 With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino ;
 For love is crowned with the prime 30
 In spring time, etc.

Touch. Truly, young gentlemen, though there was no great matter in the ditty, yet the note was very untimeable.

First Page. You are deceiv'd, sir : we kept time, we lost not our time.

Touch. By my troth, yes ; I count it but time lost to hear such a foolish song. God b' wi' you ; and God mend your voices ! Come, Audrey. [Exeunt.]

SCENE IV. *The forest.*

Enter DUKE SENIOR, AMIENS, JAKUES, ORLANDO, OLIVER, and CELIA.

Duke S. Dost thou believe, Orlando, that the boy
 Can do all this that he hath promised ?

Orl. I sometimes do believe, and sometimes do not ;
 As those that fear they hope, and know they fear.

Enter ROSALIND, SILVIUS, and PHEBE.

Ros. Patience once more, whiles our compact is urg'd :
 You say, if I bring in your Rosalind,
 You will bestow her on Orlando here ?

Duke S. That would I, had I kingdoms to give with her.

Ros. And you say, you will have her, when I bring her ?

Orl. That would I, were I of all kingdoms king. 10

Ros. You say, you'll marry me, if I be willing ?

Phe. That will I, should I die the hour after.

Ros. But if you do refuse to marry me,
 You'll give yourself to this most faithful shepherd ?

Phe. So is the bargain.

Ros. You say that you'll have Phebe, if she will ?

Sil. Though to have her and death were both one thing.

Ros. I have promis'd to make all this matter even.

Keep you your word, O Duke, to give your daughter ;
 You yours, Orlando, to receive his daughter :
 Keep your word, Phebe, that you 'll marry me,
 Or else refusing me, to wed this shepherd :
 Keep your word, Silvius, that you 'll marry her,
 If she refuse me : and from hence I go,
 To make these doubts all even.

[*Exeunt Rosalind and Celia.*]

Duke S. I do remember in this shepherd boy
 Some lively touches of my daughter's favour.

Orl. My lord, the first time that I ever saw him
 Methought he was a brother to your daughter :
 But, my good lord, this boy is forest-born,
 And hath been tutor'd in the rudiments
 Of many desperate studies by his uncle,
 Whom he reports to be a great magician,
 Obscured in the circle of this forest.

[*Enter TOUCHSTONE and AUDREY.*]

Jaq. There is, sure, another flood toward, and these couples
 are coming to the ark. Here comes a pair of very strange
 beasts, which in all tongues are called fools.

Touch. Salutation and greeting to you all !

Jaq. Good my lord, bid him welcome : this is the motley-
 minded gentleman that I have so often met in the forest : he
 hath been a courtier, he swears.

41

Touch. If any man doubt that, let him put me to my pur-
 gation. I have trod a measure ; I have flatter'd a lady ; I have
 been politic with my friend, smooth with mine enemy ; I have
 undone three tailors ; I have had four quarrels, and like to
 have fought one.

Jaq. And how was that ta'en up ?

Touch. Faith, we met, and found the quarrel was upon the
 seventh cause.

49

Jaq. How seventh cause ? Good my lord, like this fellow.

Duke S. I like him very well.

Touch. God 'ield you, sir ; I desire you the like. I press
 in here, sir, amongst the rest of the country copulatives, to swear
 and to forswear ; according as marriage binds and blood breaks.
 A poor virgin, sir, an ill-favour'd thing, sir, but mine own ; a
 poor humour of mine, sir, to take that that no man else will :
 rich honesty dwells like a miser, sir, in a poor house ; as your
 pearl in your foul oyster.

Duke S. By my faith, he is very swift and sententious.

59

Touch. According to the fool's bolt, sir, and such dulcet dis-
 eases.

³² *desperate studies* : that is, witchcraft and the like.

⁴² *purgation*. This word was used metaphorically to mean test, trial.

⁵³ *copulatives* = those who seek to be united.

⁶⁰ *the fool's bolt* : soon shot, according to the old proverb.

Jaq. But, for the seventh cause ; how did you find the quarrel on the seventh cause ?

Touch. Upon a lie seven times removed : — bear your body more seeming, Audrey : — as thus, sir. I did dislike the cut of a certain courtier's beard : he sent me word, if I said his beard was not cut well, he was in the mind it was : this is call'd the Retort Courteous. If I sent him word again "it was not well cut," he would send me word, he cut it to please himself : this is call'd the Quip Modest. If again "it was not well cut," he disabled my judgement : this is called the Reply Churlish. If again "it was not well cut," he would answer, I spake not true : this is call'd the Reproof Valiant. If again "it was not well cut," he would say, I lied : this is called the Countercheck Quarrelsome : and so to the Lie Circumstantial and the Lie Direct.

Jaq. And how oft did you say his beard was not well cut ?

Touch. I durst go no further than the Lie Circumstantial, nor he durst not give me the Lie Direct ; and so we measur'd swords and parted. 80

Jaq. Can you nominate in order now the degrees of the lie ?

Touch. O sir, we quarrel in print, by the book ; as you have books for good manners. I will name you the degrees. The first, the Retort Courteous ; the second, the Quip Modest ; the third, the Reply Churlish ; the fourth, the Reproof Valiant ; the fifth, the Countercheck Quarrelsome ; the sixth, the Lie with Circumstance ; the seventh, the Lie Direct. All these you may avoid but the Lie Direct ; and you may avoid that too, with an If. I knew when seven justices could not take up a quarrel, but when the parties were met themselves, one of them thought but of an If, as, "If you said so, then I said so ;" and they shook hands and swore brothers. Your If is the only peace-maker ; much virtue in If.

Jaq. Is not this a rare fellow, my lord ? he's as good at any thing and yet a Fool.

Duke S. He uses his folly like a stalking-horse and under the presentation of that he shoots his wit.

Enter HYMEN, ROSALIND, and CELIA.

Still Music.

Hym. Then is there mirth in heaven,
When earthly things made even
Atone together.

100

⁶² the seventh cause. This humorous and satirical passage is supposed to have been suggested by a book published in 1596, by Vincentio Saviolo, upon the punctilio of duelling.

⁶³ in print = precisely.

⁶⁴ stalking-horse : the figure of a horse, or perhaps a living horse, concealed by which the hunter approached his prey.

Good Duke, receive thy daughter :
 Hymen from heaven brought her,
 Yea, brought her hither,
 That thou mightst join her hand with his
 Whose heart within his bosom is.

Ros. [*To Duke.*] To you I give myself for I am yours.

[*To Or.*] To you I give myself for I am yours.

Duke S. If there be truth in sight, you are my daughter.

Orl. If there be truth in sight, you are my Rosalind.

Phe. If sight and shape be true,
 Why then, my love adieu ! 110

Ros. I'll have no father, if you be not he :
 I'll have no husband, if you be not he :
 Nor ne'er wed woman, if you be not she.

Hym. Peace, ho ! I bar confusion :
 'T is I must make conclusion

Of these most strange events :
 Here's eight that must take hands
 To join in Hymen's bands,
 If truth holds true contents. 120

You and you no cross shall part :
 You and you are heart in heart :
 You to his love must accord,
 Or have a woman to your lord :
 You and you are sure together,
 As the winter to foul weather.
 Whiles a wedlock-hymn we sing,
 Feed yourselves with questioning ;
 That reason wonder may diminish,
 How thus we met, and these things finish. 130

SONG.

Wedding is great Juno's crown :
 O blessed bond of board and bed !
 'T is Hymen peoples every town ;
 High wedlock then be honoured :
 Honour, high honour and renown,
 To Hymen, god of every town !

Duke S. O my dear niece, welcome thou art to me !
 Even daughter, welcome, in no less degree.

Phe. I will not eat my word. [*To Silvius.*] Now thou art
 mine ;

Thy faith my fancy to thee doth combine. 140

Enter JACQUES DE BOYS.

Jaq. de B. Let me have audience for a word or two ;
 I am the second son of old Sir Rowland,
 That bring these tidings to this fair assembly.

Duke Frederick, hearing how that every day
Men of great worth resorted to this forest,
Address'd a mighty power; which were on foot,
In his own conduct, purposely to take
His brother here and put him to the sword:
And to the skirts of this wild wood he came;
Where meeting with an old religious man,
After some question with him, was converted
Both from his enterprise and from the world,
His crown bequeathing to his banish'd brother,
And all their lands restor'd to them again
That were with him exiled. This to be true,
I do engage my life.

150

Duke S. Welcome, young man;
Thou offer'st fairly to thy brother's wedding:
To one his lands withheld, and to the other
A land itself at large, a potent dukedom.
First, in this forest let us do those ends
That here were well begun and well begot:
And after, every of this happy number
That have endur'd shrewd days and nights with us
Shall share the good of our returned fortune,
According to the measure of their states.
Meantime, forget this new-fall'n dignity
And fall into our rustic revelry.
Play, music! And you, brides and bridegrooms all,
With measure heap'd in joy, to th' measures fall.

160

Jaq. Sir, by your patience. — If I heard you rightly,
The Duke hath put on a religious life
And thrown into neglect the pompous court?

170

Jaq. de B. He hath.

Jaq. To him will I: out of these convertites
There is much matter to be heard and learn'd.

[*To Duke.*] You to your former honour I bequeath;
Your patience and your virtue well deserves it:

[*To Or.*] You to a love that your true faith doth merit:

[*To Oli.*] You to your land and love and great allies:

[*To Sil.*] You to a long and well deserved bed:

180

[*To Touch.*] And you to wrangling; for thy loving voyage
Is but for two months victuall'd. So, to your pleasures:
I am for other than for dancing measures.

Duke S. Stay, Jaques, stay.

Jaq. To see no pastime I: what you would have I'll stay to
know at your abandon'd cave.

[*Exit.*]

¹⁴⁶ *Address'd* = made ready.

¹⁵⁴ *And all their lands restor'd*: confusion here, from carelessness, but the meaning plain enough.

¹⁶³ *shrewd* = sharp

Duke S. Proceed, proceed : we will begin these rites,
As we do trust they 'll end, in true delights. [A dance.

EPILOGUE.

Ros. It is not the fashion to see the lady the epilogue ; but it is no more unhandsome than to see the lord the prologue. If it be true that good wine needs no bush, 't is true that a good play needs no epilogue ; yet to good wine they do use good bushes, and good plays prove the better by the help of good epilogues. What a case am I in then, that am neither a good epilogue nor cannot insinuate with you in the behalf of a good play ! I am not furnish'd like a beggar, therefore to beg will not become me : my way is to conjure you ; and I 'll begin with the women. I charge you, O women, for the love you bear to men, to like as much of this play as please you : and I charge you, O men, for the love you bear to women — as I perceive by your simpering, none of you hates them — that between you and the women the play may please. If I were a woman I would kiss as many of you as had beards that pleas'd me, complexions that lik'd me and breaths that I defied not : and, I am sure, as many as have good beards or good faces or sweet breaths will, for my kind offer, when I make curtsy, bid me farewell. [Exeunt.

¹⁴ *If I were a woman.* The speaker was a young man ; there were no women actresses until Charles II.'s time.

¹⁵ *lik'd me* = that I liked. *defied not* = did not revolt from.

THE TAMING OF THE SHREW.

INTRODUCTION.

THIS comedy, which mingles fire-works and moonshine, and which bears much the same relation to Shakespeare's ideal comedy of life as practical joking does to humor, is a piece of theatrical patchwork, for which he whose name it bears is but partly responsible. A play called *The Taming of a Shrew*, which shows no trace of Shakespeare's hand, was published in 1594; and this was worked over by the authors of our *Taming of the Shrew*. The plot, the personages, and even the scheme of the Induction, are taken from the old play, which, however, is as dull as this is in most parts spirited and interesting. Of the structure and substance of the latter I wrote thus twenty-five years ago, in the Introduction to my first edition. "In it three hands at least are traceable : that of the author of the old play, that of Shakespeare himself, and that of a colaborer. The first appears in the structure of the plot, and in the incidents and the dialogue of most of the minor scenes ; to the last must be assigned the greater part of the love business between Bianca and her two suitors ; while to Shakespeare belong the strong, clear characterization, the delicious humor, and the rich verbal coloring of the recast Induction, and all the scenes in which Katherina, Petruchio, and Grumio are the prominent figures, together with the general effect produced by scattering lines and words and phrases here and there, and removing others elsewhere, throughout the rest of the play." This view has been adopted by most, if not all, of the editors and critics of Shakespeare ; but some of them, however, go farther than I should venture to do, even with their help, in particular and minute distribution of scenes and speeches. *The Taming of the Shrew* was first printed in the folio of 1623. The period of the action is Shakespeare's own time.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

A Lord.		TRANIO,	} servants to Lucentio.
CHRISTOPHER SLY, a tinker.	} Persons in the Induction.	BIONDELLO,	
Hostess, Page, Players, Huntsmen, and Ser- vants.		GRUMIO,	} servants to Petruchio.
		CURTIS,	
		A Pedant.	
BAPTISTA, a rich gentleman of Padua.		KATHERINA, the shrew,	} daughters to Baptista.
VINCENTIO, an old gentleman of Pisa.		BIANCA,	
LUCENTIO, son to Vincentio, in love with Bianca.		Widow.	
PETRUCHIO, a gentleman of Verona, a suitor to Katherina.		Tailor, Haberdasher, and Servants attending on Baptista and Petru- chio.	
GREMIO,	} suitors to Bianca.		
HORTENSIO,			

SCENE: Padua, and Petruchio's country-house.

THE TAMING OF THE SHREW.

INDUCTION.

SCENE I. *Before an alehouse on a heath.*

Enter HOSTESS, and SLY.

Sly. I'll pheese you, in faith.

Host. A pair of stocks, you rogue!

Sly. Y' are a baggage: the Slys are no rogues; look in the chronicles; we came in with Richard Conqueror. Therefore *paucas pallabris*; let the world slide: sessa!

Host. You will not pay for the glasses you have burst?

Sly. No, not a denier. Go by, Jeronimy: go to thy cold bed, and warm thee.

Host. I know my remedy; I must go fetch the third borough. [Exit.]

Sly. Third, or fourth, or fifth borough, I'll answer him by law: I'll not budge an inch, boy: let him come, and kindly.

[Falls asleep.]

Horns winded. Enter a Lord from hunting, with his train.

Lord. Huntsman, I charge thee, tender well my hounds: (Brach Merriman, the poor cur, is emboss'd;)

And couple Clowder with the deep-mouth'd brach.

Saw'st thou not, boy, how Silver made it good

At the hedge-corner, in the coldest fault?

I would not lose the dog for twenty pound.

First Hun. Why, Belman is as good as he, my lord;

He cried upon it at the merest loss

And twice to-day pick'd out the dullest scent:

Trust me, I take him for the better dog.

Lord. Thou art a fool: if Echo were as fleet,

I would esteem him worth a dozen such.

20

¹ *pheese* = worry; common as noun and verb in New England.

² *paucas pallabris* = *pocas palabras* (Span.) = few words. *sessa*: perhaps an English pronunciation of the Spanish *cessa*, or the French *cessez* = have done, be quiet.

³ *Go by, Jeronimy*, etc. This is a phrase from Kyd's *Spanish Tragedy*, which was a butt of ridicule in S.'s day.

⁴ *third borough*: a parish officer.

⁵ *Brach*: a bitch-hound. *emboss'd* = hard run and foaming at mouth.

But sup them well and look unto them all :

To-morrow I intend to hunt again.

First Hun. I will, my lord.

Lord. What 's here ? one dead, or drunk ? See, doth he breathe ?

Sec. Hun. He breathes, my lord. Were he not warm'd with ale,

This were a bed but cold to sleep so soundly.

30

Lord. O monstrous beast ! how like a swine he lies ! Grim death, how foul and loathsome is thine image !

Sirs, I will practice on this drunken man.

What think you, if he were convey'd to bed,

Wrapp'd in sweet clothes, rings put upon his fingers,

A most delicious banquet by his bed,

And brave attendants near him when he wakes,

Would not the beggar then forget himself ?

First Hun. Believe me, lord, I think he cannot choose. 39

Sec. Hun. It would seem strange unto him when he wak'd.

Lord. Even as a flattering dream or worthless fancy.

Then take him up and manage well the jest :

Carry him gently to my fairest chamber

And hang it round with all my wanton pictures :

Balm his foul head in warm distilled waters

And burn sweet wood to make the lodging sweet :

Procure me music ready when he wakes,

To make a dulcet and a heavenly sound ;

And if he chance to speak, be ready straight

And with a low submissive reverence

Say " What is it your honour will command ? " 50

Let one attend him with a silver basin

Full of rose-water and bestrew'd with flowers ;

Another bear the ewer, the third a diaper,

And say " Will 't please your lordship cool your hands ? "

Some one be ready with a costly suit

And ask him what apparel he will wear ;

Another tell him of his hounds and horse,

And that his lady mourns at his disease :

Persuade him that he hath been lunatic ;

60

And when he says he is, say that he dreams,

For he is nothing but a mighty lord.

This do and do it kindly, gentle sirs :

It will be pastime passing excellent,

If it be husbanded with modesty.

³⁷ *brave attendants* = finely dressed attendants.

⁴⁵ *Balm*. Perhaps we should read *bathe* for the *balme* of the old copy: an easy misprint.

⁶¹ *And when he says he is*: that is, when he says that he is now crazy.

First Hun. My lord, I warrant you we will play our part,
As he shall think by our true diligence
He is no less than what we say he is.

Lord. Take him up gently and to bed with him ;
And each one to his office when he wakes.

70

[*Some bear out Sly. A trumpet sounds.*]

Sirrah, go see what trumpet 't is that sounds : [*Exit Servingman.*]
Belike, some noble gentleman that means,
Travelling some journey, to repose him here.

Re-enter Servingman.

How now ! who is it ?

Serv. An 't please your honour, players
That offer service to your lordship.

Lord. Bid them come near.

Enter Players.

Now, fellows, you are welcome.

Players. We thank your honour.

Lord. Do you intend to stay with me to-night ?

A Player. So please your lordship to accept our duty.

Lord. With all my heart. This fellow I remember, 80
Since once he play'd a farmer's eldest son :

'T was where you woo'd the gentlewoman so well :

I have forgot your name ; but, sure, that part

Was aptly fitted and naturally perform'd.

A Player. I think 't was Soto that your honour means.

Lord. 'T is very true : thou didst it excellent.

Well, you are come to me in happy time ;

The rather for I have some sport in hand

Wherein your coming can assist me much.

There is a lord will hear you play to-night :

90

But I am doubtful of your modesties ;

Lest over-eyeing of his odd behaviour, —

For yet his honour never heard a play, —

You break into some merry passion

And so offend him ; for I tell you, sirs,

If you should smile he grows impatient.

A Player. Fear not, my lord : we can contain ourselves,
Were he the veriest antic in the world.

Lord. Go, sirrah, take them to the buttery,

And give them friendly welcome every one :

100

Let them want nothing that my house affords.

[*Exit one with the Players.*]

Sirrah, go you to Barthol'mew my page,

⁶⁷ As he shall think — that he shall think.

Enter Players. The stage direction of the old play adds "with packs on their backs."

⁸⁵ Soto : a personage in Beaumont and Fletcher's *Woman Pleas'd*.

And see him dress'd in all suits like a lady :
 That done, conduct him to the drunkard's chamber ;
 And call him madam, do him obeisance.
 Tell him from me, as he will win my love,
 He bear himself with honourable action,
 Such as he hath observ'd in noble ladies
 Unto their lords, by them accomplished :
 Such duty to the drunkard let him do
 With soft low tongue and lowly courtesy,
 And say, What is 't your honour will command,
 Wherein your lady and your humble wife
 May show her duty and make known her love ?
 And then with kind embracements, tempting kisses,
 And with declining head into his bosom,
 Bid him shed tears, as being overjoy'd
 To see her noble lord restor'd to health,
 Who for this seven years hath esteemed him
 No better than a poor and loathsome beggar :
 And if the boy hath not a woman's gift
 To rain a shower of commanded tears,
 An onion will do well for such a shift,
 Which in a napkin being close convey'd
 Shall in despite enforce a watery eye.
 See this dispatch'd with all the haste thou canst :
 Anon I'll give thee more instructions.
 I know the boy will well usurp the grace,
 Voice, gait and action of a gentlewoman :
 I long to hear him call the drunkard husband,
 And how my men will stay themselves from laughter
 When they do homage to this simple peasant.
 I'll in to counsel them ; haply my presence
 May well abate the over-merry spleen
 Which otherwise would grow into extremes.

110

120

130

[Exit a Servingman.]

[Exeunt.]

SCENE II. *A bedchamber in the Lord's house.*

Enter aloft SLY, richly dressed, with Attendants; some with apparel, others with basin and ewer and other appurtenances; and Lord, like a servant.

Sly. For God's sake, a pot of small ale.

First Serv. Will 't please your lordship drink a cup of sack?

Sec. Serv. Will 't please your honour taste of these conserves?

Third Serv. What raiment will your honour wear to-day?

Sly. I am Christophero Sly ; call not me honour nor lord-

¹²⁷ instructions : four syllables.

Enter aloft. In S.'s day, there was at the back of the stage a raised gallery for the actors who played scenes like this one.

² sack = sherry wine.

ship: I ne'er drank sack in my life; and if you give me any conserves, give me conserves of beef: ne'er ask me what raiment I'll wear; for I have no more doublets than backs, no more stockings than legs, nor no more shoes than feet; nay, sometime more feet than shoes, or such shoes as my toes look through the overleather.

11

Lord. Heaven cease this idle humour in your honour!
O, that a mighty man of such descent,
Of such possessions and so high esteem,
Should be infused with so foul a spirit!

Sly. What, would you make me mad? Am not I Christopher Sly, old Sly's son of Burton heath, by birth a pedlar, by education a card-maker, by transmutation a bear-herd, and now by present profession a tinker? Ask Marian Hacket, the fat ale-wife of Wincot, if she know me not: if she say I am not fourteen pence on the score for sheer ale, score me up for the lying'st knave in Christendom. What! I am not bestraught: here's—

Third Serv. O, this it is that makes your lady mourn!

Sec. Serv. O, this it is that makes your servants droop!

Lord. Hence comes it that your kindred shuns your house,
As beaten hence by your strange lunacy.
O noble lord, bethink thee of thy birth,
Call home thy ancient thoughts from banishment
And banish hence these abject lowly dreams.
Look how thy servants do attend on thee,
Each in his office ready at thy beck.

30

Wilt thou have music? hark! Apollo plays

[*Music.*

And twenty caged nightingales do sing:

Or wilt thou sleep? we'll have thee to a couch

Softer and sweeter than the lustful bed

On purpose trimm'd up for Semiramis.

Say thou wilt walk; we will bestrew the ground:

Or wilt thou ride? thy horses shall be trapp'd,

Their harness studded all with gold and pearl.

40

Dost thou love hawking? thou hast hawks will soar

Above the morning lark; or wilt thou hunt?

Thy hounds shall make the welkin answer them

And fetch shrill echoes from the hollow earth.

First Serv. Say thou wilt course; thy greyhounds are as swift

As breathed stags, ay, fleetier than the roe.

Sec. Serv. Dost thou love pictures? we will fetch thee straight
Adonis painted by a running brook,

²² *bestraught* = distraught, distracted.

²⁷ *Semiramis*, Queen of Babylon, slew her husband and abandoned herself to her passions.

And Cytherea all in sedges hid,
Which seem to move and wanton with her breath 50
Even as the waving sedges play with wind.

Lord. We'll show thee Io as she was a maid,
And how she was beguiled and surpris'd,
As lively painted as the deed was done.

Third Serv. Or Daphne roaming through a thorny wood,
Scratching her legs that one shall swear she bleeds,
And at that sight shall sad Apollo weep,
So workmanly the blood and tears are drawn.

Lord. Thou art a lord and nothing but a lord :
Thou hast a lady far more beautiful 60
Than any woman in this waning age.

First Serv. And till the tears that she hath shed for thee
Like envious floods o'er-run her lovely face,
She was the fairest creature in the world ;
And yet she is inferior to none.

Sly. Am I a lord ? and have I such a lady ?
Or do I dream ? or have I dream'd till now ?
I do not sleep : I see, I hear, I speak ;
I smell sweet savours and I feel soft things :
Upon my life, I am a lord indeed 70

And not a tinker nor Christophero Sly.
Well, bring our lady hither to our sight ;
And once again, a pot o' th' smallest ale.

Sec. Serv. Will 't please your mightiness to wash your hands ?
O, how we joy to see your wit restor'd !
O, that once more you knew but what you are !
These fifteen years you have been in a dream ;
Or when you wak'd, so wak'd as if you slept.

Sly. These fifteen years ! by my fay, a goodly nap.
But did I never speak of all that time ? 80

First. Serv. O, yes, my lord, but very idle words :
For though you lay here in this goodly chamber,
Yet would you say ye were beaten out of door ;
And rail upon the hostess of the house ;
And say you would present her at the leet,
Because she brought stone jugs and no seal'd quarts :
Sometimes you would call out for Cicely Hacket.

Sly. Ay, the woman's maid of the house.

Third Serv. Why, sir, you know no house nor no such maid,

⁴⁰ *Cytherea* = Venus.

⁵² *Io* : a nymph whom jealous Juno set the hundred-eyed Argus to watch, but who was carried off by Jupiter.

⁵⁵ *Daphne* : a nymph who, pursued by Apollo, was, at her prayer for deliverance, turned into a laurel-tree.

⁸⁵ *leet* = court leet, a petty tribunal.

⁸⁶ *seal'd quarts* : officially sealed, as good measures.

Nor no such men as you have reckon'd up,
As Stephen Sly and old John Naps o' th' Green
And Peter Turph and Henry Pimpernell
And twenty more such names and men as these
Which never were, nor no man ever saw.

Sly. Now Lord be thanked for my good amends!

All. Amen.

Sly. I thank thee: thou shalt not lose by it.

Enter the Page as a lady, with attendants.

Page. How fares my noble lord?

Sly. Marry, I fare well; for here is cheer enough.
Where is my wife?

Page. Here, noble lord: what is thy will with her?

Sly. Are you my wife and will not call me husband?
My men should call me "lord:" I am your goodman.

Page. My husband and my lord, my lord and husband;
I am your wife in all obedience.

Sly. I know it well. What must I call her?

Lord. Madam.

Sly. Al'ce madam, or Joan madam?

Lord. Madam, and nothing else: so lords call ladies.

Sly. Madam wife, they say that I have dream'd
And slept above some fifteen year or more.

Page. Ay, and the time seems thirty unto me,
Being all this time abandon'd from your bed.

Sly. 'T is much. Servants, leave me and her alone.
Madam, undress you and come now to bed.

Page. Thrice-noble lord, let me entreat of you
To pardon me yet for a night or two,
Or, if not so, until the sun be set:
For your physicians have expressly charg'd,
In peril to incur your former malady,
That I should yet absent me from your bed:
I hope this reason stands for my excuse.

Sly. Ay, it stands so that I may hardly tarry so long. But
I would be loath to fall into my dreams again: I will therefore
tarry in despite of the flesh and the blood.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. Your honour's players, hearing your amendment,
Are come to play a pleasant comedy;
For so your doctors hold it very meet,
Seeing too much sadness hath congeal'd your blood,
And melancholy is the nurse of frenzy:
Therefore they thought it good you hear a play
And frame your mind to mirth and merriment,
Which bars a thousand harms and lengthens life.

Sly. Marry, I will, let them play it. Is not a comonty a Christmas gambold, or a tumbling-trick?

Page. No, my good lord; it is more pleasing stuff.

Sly. What, household stuff?

Page. It is a kind of history.

Sly. Well, we'll see 't. Come, madam wife, sit by my side and let the world slip: we shall ne'er be younger. 140

[*They all sit. Flourish.*]

ACT I.

SCENE I. Padua. A public place.

Enter LUCENTIO and his man TRANIO.

Luc. Tranio, since for the great desire I had
To see fair Padua, nursery of arts,
I am arriv'd for fruitful Lombardy,
The pleasant garden of great Italy;
And by my father's love and leave am arm'd
With his good will and thy good company,
My trusty servant, well approv'd in all,
Here let us breathe and haply institute
A course of learning and ingenious studies.
Pisa renowned for grave citizens 10
Gave me my being and my father first,
A merchant of great traffic through the world,
Vincentio, come of the Bentivolii.
Vincentio's son brought up in Florence
It shall become to serve all hopes conceived,
To deck his fortune with his virtuous deeds;
And therefore, Tranio, for the time I study,
Virtue and that part of philosophy
Will I apply that treats of happiness
By virtue specially to be achiev'd. 20
Tell me thy mind; for I have Pisa left
And am to Padua come, as he that leaves
A shallow plash to plunge him in the deep
And with satiety seeks to quench his thirst.

Tra. *Mi perdonato*, gentle master mine,
I am in all affected as yourself;
Glad that you thus continue your resolve
To suck the sweets of sweet philosophy.
Only, good master, while we do admire
This virtue and this moral discipline, 30
Let's be no stoics nor no stocks, I pray;

²⁶ *Mi perdonato* = I being pardoned; that is, pardon me. (Ital.)

Or so devote to Aristotle's checks
 As Ovid be an outcast quite abjur'd :
 Balk logic with acquaintance that you have
 And practise rhetoric in your common talk ;
 Music and poesy use to quicken you ;
 The mathematics and the metaphysics,
 Fall to them as you find your stomach serves you ;
 No profit grows where is no pleasure ta'en :
 In brief, sir, study what you most affect.

40

Luc. Gramercies, Tranio, well dost thou advise.
 If, Biondello, thou wert come ashore,
 We could at once put us in readiness,
 And take a lodging fit to entertain
 Such friends as time in Padua shall beget.
 But stay a while : what company is this ?

Tra. Master, some show to welcome us to town.

*Enter BAPTISTA, KATHERINA, BIANCA, GREMIO, and HORTENSIO. LUCENTIO and
 TRANIO stand by.*

Bap. Gentlemen, importune me no farther,
 For how I firmly am resolv'd you know ;
 That is, not to bestow my youngest daughter
 Before I have a husband for the elder :
 If either of you both love Katherina,
 Because I know you well and love you well,
 Leave shall you have to court her at your pleasure.

50

Gre. [*Aside.*] To cart her rather : she's too rough for me.
 There, there, Hortensio, will you any wife ?

Kath. I pray you, sir, is it your will
 To make a stale of me amongst these mates ?

Hor. Mates, maid ! how mean you that ? no mates for you,
 Unless you were of gentler, milder mould.

60

Kath. I' faith, sir, you shall never need to fear :
 I wis it is not half way to her heart ;
 But if it were, doubt not her care should be
 To comb your noddle with a three-legg'd stool
 And paint your face and use you like a fool.

Hor. From all such evils, good Lord deliver us !

Gre. And me too, good Lord !

Tra. Hush, master ! here's some good pastime toward :
 That wench is stark mad or wonderful froward.

Luc. But in the other's silence do I see
 Maid's mild behaviour and sobriety.

70

Peace, Tranio !

Tra. Well said, master ; mum ! and gaze your fill.

²² *checks* = moral restraints.

²⁴ *balk* = dispute ; but Rowe's " Talk logic " is plausible, and quite in S.'s manner.

²⁵ *make a stale of me* = make me of no account, a sham.

⁶⁸ *toward* = to-ward = coming.

Bap. Gentlemen, that I may soon make good
What I have said, Bianca, get you in :
And let it not displease thee, good Bianca,
For I will love thee ne'er the less, my girl.

Kath. A pretty peat ! it is best
Put finger in the eye, an she knew why.

Bian. Sister, content you in my discontent. 80
Sir, to your pleasure humbly I subscribe :
My books and instruments shall be my company,
On them to look and practise by myself.

Luc. Hark, Tranio ! thou may'st hear Minerva speak.

Hor. Signior Baptista, will you be so strange ?
Sorry am I that our good will effects
Bianca's grief.

Gre. Why will you mew her up,
Signior Baptista, for this fiend of hell,
And make her bear the penance of her tongue ?

Bap. Gentlemen, content ye ; I am resolv'd : 90
Go in, Bianca : [Exit Bianca.]

And for I know she taketh most delight
In music, instruments and poetry,
Schoolmasters will I keep within my house,
Fit to instruct her youth. If you, Hortensio,
Or Signior Gremio, you, know any such,
Prefer them hither ; for to cunning men
I will be very kind, and liberal
To mine own children in good bringing up :
And so farewell. Katherina, you may stay ;
For I have more to commune with Bianca. 100

Kath. Why, and I trust I may go too, may I not ? What,
shall I be appointed hours ; as though, belike, I knew not what
to take, and what to leave, ha ? [Exit.]

Gre. You may go to the Devil's dam : your gifts are so good,
here's none will hold you. Their love is not so great, Hortensio,
but we may blow our nails together, and fast it fairly out :
our cake's dough on both sides. Farewell : yet, for the love I
bear my sweet Bianca, if I can by any means light on a fit man
to teach her that wherein she delights, I will wish him to her
father. 111

Hor. So will I, Signior Gremio : but a word, I pray. Though
the nature of our quarrel yet never brook'd parle, know now,
upon advice, it toucheth us both, that we may yet again have access
to our fair mistress and be happy rivals in Bianca's love, to
labour and effect one thing specially.

⁷⁸ *peat* = pet, with diminutive, disparaging sense.

⁹⁷ *prefer* = recommend, wish him to, as at end of Gremio's next speech.

Gre. What 's that, I pray ?

Hor. Marry, sir, to get a husband for her sister.

Gre. A husband ! a devil.

Hor. I say, a husband.

120

Gre. I say, a devil. Think'st thou, Hortensio, though her father be very rich, any man is so very a fool to be married to hell ?

Hor. Tush, Gremio, though it pass your patience and mine to endure her loud alarums, why, man, there be good fellows in the world, an a man could light on them, would take her with all faults, and money enough.

Gre. I cannot tell ; but I had as lief take her dowry with this condition, to be whipp'd at the high cross every morning.

Hor. Faith, as you say, there 's small choice in rotten apples. But come ; since this bar in law makes us friends, it shall be so far forth friendly maintain'd till by helping Baptista's eldest daughter to a husband we set his youngest free for a husband, and then have to 't afresh. Sweet Bianca ! Happy man be his dole ! He that runs fastest gets the ring. How say you, Signior Gremio ?

Gre. I am agreed ; and would I had given him the best horse in Padua to begin his wooing that would thoroughly woo her, wed her and bed her, and rid the house of her ! Come on.

[*Exeunt Gremio and Hortensio.*

Tra. I pray, sir, tell me, is it possible
That love should of a sudden take such hold ?

140

Luc. O Tranio, till I found it to be true,
I never thought it possible or likely ;
But see, while idly I stood looking on,
I found the effect of love in idleness :
And now in plainness do confess to thee,
That art to me as secret and as dear
As Anna to the Queen of Carthage was,
Tranio, I burn, I pine, I perish, Tranio,
If I achieve not this young modest girl.
Counsel me, Tranio, for I know thou canst ;
Assist me, Tranio, for I know thou wilt.

150

Tra. Master, it is no time to chide you now ;
Affection is not rated from the heart :
If love have touch'd you, naught remains but so,
“*Redime te captum quam queas minimo,*”

¹²⁷ and money enough = if she had money enough.

¹²⁴ happy man be his dole = a proverbial expression for “ may he be happy.”

¹²⁵ the ring : offered as a prize.

¹⁴⁸ Anna was Dido's sister.

¹⁵⁰ *Redime, etc.* = Redeem thyself, captive, for as little as thou canst. (Lat.) Quoted from Lyly's Latin Grammar.

Luc. Gramercies, lad, go forward ; this contents :
The rest will comfort, for thy counsel's sound.

Tra. Master, you look'd so longly on the maid,
Perhaps you mark'd not what's the pith of all.

160

Luc. O yes, I saw sweet beauty in her face,
Such as the daughter of Agenor had,
That made great Jove to humble him to her hand,
When with his knees he kiss'd the Cretan strand.

Tra. Saw you no more ? mark'd you not how her sister
Began to scold and raise up such a storm
That mortal ears might hardly endure the din ?

Luc. Tranio, I saw her coral lips to move
And with her breath she did perfume the air :
Sacred and sweet was all I saw in her.

170

Tra. Nay, then, 't is time to stir him from his trance.
I pray, awake, sir : if you love the maid,
Bend thoughts and wits to achieve her. Thus it stands :
Her eldest sister is so curst and shrewd
That till the father rid his hands of her,
Master, your love must live a maid at home ;
And therefore has he closely mew'd her up,
Because she will not be annoy'd with suitors.

Luc. Ah, Tranio, what a cruel father's he !
But art thou not advis'd, he took some care

180

To get her cunning schoolmasters to instruct her ?

Tra. Ay, marry, am I, sir ; and now 't is plotted.

Luc. I have it, Tranio.

Tra. Master, for my hand,
Both our inventions meet and jump in one.

Luc. Tell me thine first.

Tra. You will be schoolmaster
And undertake the teaching of the maid :
That's your device.

Luc. It is : may it be done ?

Tra. Not possible : for who shall bear your part,
And be in Padua here Vincentio's son,
Keep house and ply his book, welcome his friends,
Visit his countrymen and banquet them ?

190

Luc. Basta ? content thee, for I have it full.
We have not yet been seen in any house,
Nor can we be distinguish'd by our faces
For man or master ; then it follows thus ;
Thou shalt be master, Tranio, in my stead,
Keep house and port and servants, as I should :

¹⁶² the daughter of Agenor = Europa.

¹⁷⁸ Because she will not = in order that she shall not.

¹⁹² Basta = enough, content. (Ital.)

I will some other be, some Florentine,
 Some Neapolitan, or meaner man of Pisa.
 'Tis hatch'd and shall be so : Tranio, at once
 Uncase thee ; take my colour'd hat and cloak :
 When Biondello comes, he waits on thee ;
 But I will charm him first to keep his tongue.

200

Tra. So had you need.
 In brief, sir, sith it your pleasure is,
 And I am tied to be obedient ;
 For so your father charg'd me at our parting,
 " Be serviceable to my son," quoth he,
 Although I think 't was in another sense ;
 I am content to be Lucentio,
 Because so well I love Lucentio.

210

Luc. Tranio, be so, because Lucentio loves :
 And let me be a slave, t' achieve that maid
 Whose sudden sight hath thrall'd my wounded eye.
 Here comes the rogue.

Enter BIONDELLO.

Sirrah, where have you been ?

Bion. Where have I been ! Nay, how now ! where are you ?
 Master, has my fellow Tranio stol'n your clothes ? Or you
 stol'n his ? or both ? pray, what's the news ?

Luc. Sirrah, come hither : 't is no time to jest,
 And therefore frame your manners to the time.
 Your fellow Tranio here, to save my life,
 Puts my apparel and my count'nance on,
 And I for my escape have put on his ;
 For in a quarrel since I came ashore
 I kill'd a man and fear I was descried :
 Wait you on him, I charge you, as becomes,
 While I make way from hence to save my life :
 You understand me ?

220

Bion. I, sir ! ne'er a whit.

Luc. And not a jot of Tranio in your mouth :
 Tranio is chang'd into Lucentio.

230

Bion. The better for him : would I were so too !

Tra. So could I, faith, boy, to have the next wish after,
 That Lucentio indeed had Baptista's youngest daughter.
 But, sirrah, not for my sake, but your master's, I advise
 You use your manners discreetly in all kind of companies :
 When I am alone, why, then I am Tranio ;
 But in all places else your master Lucentio.

²⁰³ *charm.* Notwithstanding the sense in which *charm* is used by S. in three other passages, one of which is in Act IV. Sc. ii., line 58 of this play, we have here, probably, a misprint for *charge*.

²³² *daughter*, like *laughter* now, was a perfect rhyme to *after*. This pronunciation did not wholly pass away until within the last thirty years.

Luc. Tranio, let's go: one thing more rests, that thyself execute, to make one among these wooers: if thou ask me why, sufficeth, my reasons are both good and weighty. [Exeunt.]

The presenters above speak.

First Serv. My lord, you nod; you do not mind the play.

Sly. Yes, by Saint Anne, do I. A good matter, surely: comes there any more of it?

Page. My lord, 't is but begun.

Sly. 'T is a very excellent piece of work, madam lady: would 't were done! [They sit and mark.]

SCENE II. Padua. Before HORTENSIO'S house.

Enter PETRUCHIO and his man GRUMIO.

Pet. Verona, for a while I take my leave,
To see my friends in Padua, but of all
My best beloved and approved friend,
Hortensio; and I trow this is his house.
Here, sirrah Grumio; knock, I say.

Gru. Knock, sir! whom should I knock? is there any man
has rebus'd your worship?

Pet. Villain, I say, knock me here soundly.

Gru. Knock you here, sir! why, sir, what am I, sir, that I
should knock you here, sir? 10

Pet. Villain, I say, knock me at this gate
And rap me well, or I'll knock your knave's pate.

Gru. My master is grown quarrelsome. I should knock you
first,
And then I know after who comes by the worst.

Pet. Will it not be?

Faith, sirrah, an you'll not knock, I'll ring it;
I'll try how you can *sol, fa*, and sing it. [He wrings him by the ears.]

Gru. Help, masters, help! my master is mad.

Pet. Now, knock when I bid you, sirrah villain! 19

Enter HORTENSIO.

Hor. How now! what's the matter? My old friend Grumio!
and my good friend Petruchio! How do you all at Verona?

Pet. Signior Hortensio, come you to part the fray?

Con tutto il cuore, ben trovato, may I say.

Hor. *Alla nostra casa, ben venuto, molto honorato signor mio Petruchio.*

Rise, Grumio, rise: we will compound this quarrel.

Gru. Nay, 't is no matter, sir, what he 'leges in Latin. If

Petruchio: the English spelling of the Italian pronunciation of the name Petruccio.

²³ *Con tutto*, etc. = with all my heart, well met. (Ital.)

²⁴ *Alla nostra casa*, etc. = welcome to our house, my much-honored Signor Petruchio.

²⁷ *in Latin*. The writer (not S.) forgot that Italian was Grumio's mother tongue.

this be not a lawful cause for me to leave his service, look you, sir, he bid me knock him and rap him soundly, sir : well, was it fit for a servant to use his master so, being perhaps, for aught I see, two and thirty, a pip out?

31

Whom would to God I had well knock'd at first,
Then had not Grumio come by the worst.

Pet. A senseless villain ! Good Hortensio,
I bade the rascal knock upon your gate
And could not get him for my heart to do it.

Gru. Knock at the gate ! O heavens ! Spake you not these words plain, " Sirrah, knock me here, rap me here, knock me well, and knock me soundly " ? And come you now with, " knocking at the gate " ?

40

Pet. Sirrah, be gone, or talk not, I advise you.

Hor. Petruchio, patience ; I am Grumio's pledge :
Why, this 's a heavy chance 'twixt him and you,
Your ancient, trusty, pleasant servant Grumio.
And tell me now, sweet friend, what happy gale
Blows you to Padua here from old Verona ?

Pet. Such wind as scatters young men through the world
To seek their fortunes farther than at home
Where small experience grows. But in a few,
Signior Hortensio, thus it stands with me :
Antonio, my father, is deceas'd ;
And I have thrust myself into this maze,
Haply to wive and thrive as best I may :
Crowns in my purse I have and goods at home,
And so am come abroad to see the world.

50

Hor. Petruchio, shall I then come roundly to thee
And wish thee to a shrewd ill-favour'd wife ?
Thou 'ldst thank me but a little for my counsel :
And yet I 'll promise thee she shall be rich
And very rich : but thou 'rt too much my friend,
And I 'll not wish thee to her.

60

Pet. Signior Hortensio, 'twixt such friends as we
Few words suffice ; and therefore, if thou know
One rich enough to be Petruchio's wife,
As wealth is burthen of my wooing dance,
Be she as foul as was Florentius' love,
As old as Sibyl and as curst and shrewd
As Socrates' Xanthippe, or a worse,
She moves me not, or not removes, at least,

³¹ *a pip out.* In an obsolete game of cards, Bone-ace, or One and Thirty, to be one and thirty was to be " a pip out," and this phrase was applied to a tipsy person.

⁴⁰ *in a few* = in short ; an idiom which survived long in rural New England.

⁶⁰ *Florentius' love.* In an old Middle-Age tale a knight named Florent marries a hideous hag, who in the bridal bed becomes a blooming beauty.

Affection's edge in me, were she as rough 70
 As are the swelling Adriatic seas :
 I come to wive it wealthily in Padua ;
 If wealthily, then happily in Padua.

Gru. Nay, look you, sir, he tells you flatly what his mind is :
 why, give him gold enough and marry him to a puppet or an
 aglet-baby ; or an old trot with ne'er a tooth in her head, though
 she have as many diseases as two and fifty horses : why, nothing
 comes amiss, so money comes withal.

Hor. Petruchio, since we are stepp'd thus far in,
 I will continue that I broach'd in jest. 80
 I can, Petruchio, help thee to a wife
 With wealth enough and young and beauteous,
 Brought up as best becomes a gentlewoman :
 Her only fault, and that is faults enough,
 Is that she is intolerable curst
 And shrewd and froward, so beyond all measure
 That, were my state far worser than it is,
 I would not wed her for a mine of gold.

Pet. Hortensio, peace ! thou know'st not gold's effect :
 Tell me her father's name and 't is enough ; 90
 For I will board her, though she chide as loud
 As thunder when the clouds in autumn crack.

Hor. Her father is Baptista Minola,
 An affable and courteous gentleman :
 Her name is Katherina Minola,
 Renown'd in Padua for her scolding tongue.

Pet. I know her father, though I know not her ;
 And he knew my deceased father well.
 I will not sleep, Hortensio, till I see her ;
 And therefore let me be thus bold with you 100
 To give you over at this first encounter,
 Unless you will accompany me thither.

Gru. I pray you, sir, let him go while the humour lasts. O'
 my word, an she knew him as well as I do, she would think
 scolding would do little good upon him : she may perhaps call
 him half a score knaves or so : why, that's nothing ; an he be-
 gin once, he'll rail in his rope-tricks. I'll tell you what, sir, an
 she stand him but a little, he will throw a figure in her face and
 so disfigure her with it that she shall have no more eyes to see
 withal than a cat. You know him not, sir. 110

Hor. Tarry, Petruchio, I must go with thee,
 For in Baptista's keep my treasure is :

⁷⁶ *aglet-baby* = a pendent ornament of metal, the aigulette, which was wrought some-
 times into the human form.

⁸⁵ *intolerable* : probably, but not surely, a mere irregular spelling of *intolerably*.

¹⁰⁷ *rope-tricks* : perhaps intended as blunder for *rhetoric*.

He hath the jewel of my life in hold,
 His youngest daughter, beautiful Bianca,
 And her withholds from me and other more,
 Suitors to her and rivals in my love,
 Supposing it a thing impossible,
 For those defects I have before rehears'd,
 That ever Katherine will be woo'd;
 Therefore this order hath Baptista ta'en,
 That none shall have access unto Bianca
 Till Katherine the curst have got a husband.

120

Gru. Katherine the curst!

A title for a maid of all titles the worst.

Hor. Now shall my friend Petruchio do me grace,
 And offer me disguis'd in sober robes
 To old Baptista as a schoolmaster
 Well seen in music, to instruct Bianca;
 That so I may, by this device, at least
 Have leave and leisure to make love to her
 And unsuspected court her by herself.

130

Gru. Here's no knavery! See, to beguile the old folks, how
 the young folks lay their heads together!

Enter Gremio, and Lucentio disguised.

Master, master, look about you: who goes there, ha?

Hor. Peace, Grumio! it is the rival of my love.
 Petruchio, stand by a while.

Gru. A proper stripling and an amorous!

Gre. O, very well; I have perus'd the note.
 Hark you, sir; I'll have them very fairly bound:
 All books of love, see that at any hand;
 And see you read no other lectures to her:
 You understand me: over and beside
 Signior Baptista's liberality,

140

I'll mend it with a largess. Take your paper too. —
 And let me have them very well perfum'd:
 For she is sweeter than perfume itself
 To whom they go to. What will you read to her?

Luc. Whate'er I read to her, I'll plead for you
 As for my patron, stand you so assur'd,
 As firmly as yourself were still in place:
 Yea, and perhaps with more successful words
 Than you, unless you were a scholar, sir.

150

Gre. O this learning, what a thing it is!

Gru. O this woodcock, what an ass it is!

Pet. Peace, sirrah!

Hor. Grumio, mum! God save you, Signior Gremio.

¹²⁸ *Well seen* = well accomplished.

Gre. And you are well met, Signior Hortensio.
Trow you whither I am going? To Baptista Minola.
I promis'd to inquire carefully

About a schoolmaster for the fair Bianca: 160
And by good fortune I have lighted well
On this young man, for learning and behaviour
Fit for her turn, well read in poetry
And other books, good ones, I warrant ye.

Hor. 'T is well; and I have met a gentleman
Hath promis'd me to help me to another,
A fine musician to instruct our mistress;
So shall I no whit be behind in duty
To fair Bianca, so belov'd of me.

Gre. Belov'd of me; and that my deeds shall prove. 170

Gru. And that his bags shall prove.

Hor. Gremio, 't is now no time to vent our love:
Listen to me, and if you speak me fair,
I'll tell you news indifferent good for either.
Here is a gentleman whom by chance I met,
Upon agreement from us to his liking,
Will undertake to woo curst Katherine,
Yea, and to marry her, if her dowry please.

Gre. So said, so done, is well.

Hortensio, have you told him all her faults? 180

Pet. I know she is an irksome brawling scold:
If that be all, masters, I hear no harm.

Gre. No, say'st me so, friend? What countryman?

Pet. Born in Verona, old Antonio's son:
My father dead, my fortune lives for me;
And I do hope good days and long to see.

Gre. O sir, such a life, with such a wife, were strange!
But if you have a stomach, to 't i' God's name:
You shall have me assisting you in all.
But will you woo this wild-cat?

Pet. Will I live? 190

Gru. Will he woo her? ay, or I'll hang her.

Pet. Why came I hither but to that intent?
Think you a little din can daunt mine ears?
Have I not in my time heard lions roar?
Have I not heard the sea puff'd up with winds
Rage like an angry boar chafed with sweat?
Have I not heard great ordnance in the field,
And heaven's artillery thunder in the skies?
Have I not in a pitched battle heard
Loud 'larums, neighing steeds, and trumpets' clang? 200

And do you tell me of a woman's tongue,
That gives not half so great a blow to hear
As will a chestnut in a farmer's fire?
Tush, tush! fear boys with bugs.

Gru.

For he fears none.

Gre. Hortensio, hark :

This gentleman is happily arriv'd,
My mind presumes, for his own good and ours.

Hor. I promis'd we would be contributors
And bear his charge of wooing, whatsoe'er.

Gre. And so we will, provided that he win her.

210

Gru. I would I were as sure of a good dinner.

Enter TRANIO bravely apparelled, and BIONDELLO.

Tra. Gentlemen, God save you. If I may be bold,
Tell me, I beseech you, which is the readiest way
To the house of Signior Baptista Minola?

Bion. He that has the two fair daughters : is 't he you mean?

Tra. Even he, Biondello.

Gre. Hark you, sir ; you mean not her to —

Tra. Perhaps, him and her, sir : what have you to do?

Pet. Not her that chides, sir, at any hand, I pray.

Tra. I love no chiders, sir. Biondello, let's away.

220

Luc. Well begun, Tranio.

Hor. Sir, a word ere you go ;

Are you a suitor to the maid you talk of, yea or no?

Tra. And if I be, sir, is it any offence?

Gre. No ; if without more words you will get you hence.

Tra. Why, sir, I pray, are not the streets as free
For me as for you?

Gre. But so is not she.

Tra. For what reason, I beseech you?

Gre. For this reason, if you 'll know,

That she's the choice love of Signior Gremio.

Hor. That she's the chosen of Signior Hortensio.

Tra. Softly, my masters! if you be gentlemen,

230

Do me this right ; hear me with patience.

Baptista is a noble gentleman,

To whom my father is not all unknown ;

And were his daughter fairer than she is,

She may more suitors have and me for one,

Fair Leda's daughter had a thousand wooers ;

Then well one more may fair Bianca have :

And so she shall ; Lucentio shall make one.

Though Paris came in hope to speed alone.

²⁰⁴ *fear* = frighten. *bugs* = bugbears.

²³⁰ *Leda's daughter* = Helen, wife of Paris and cause of the Trojan war.

Gre. What! this gentleman will out-talk us all.

240

Luc. Sir, give him head: I know he'll prove a jade.

Pet. Hortensio, to what end are all these words?

Hor. Sir, let me be so bold as ask you,
Did you yet ever see Baptista's daughter?

Tra. No, sir; but hear I do that he hath two,
The one as famous for a scolding tongue
As is the other for beauteous modesty.

Pet. Sir, sir, the first's for me; let her go by.

Gre. Yea, leave that labour to great Hercules;
And let it be more than Alcides' twelve.

250

Pet. Sir, understand you this of me in sooth:
The youngest daughter whom you hearken for
Her father keeps from all access of suitors,
And will not promise her to any man
Until the elder sister first be wed:
The younger then is free and not before.

Tra. If it be so, sir, that you are the man
Must stead us all and me amongst the rest,
And if you break the ice and do this feat,
Achieve the elder, set the younger free
For our access, whose hap shall be to have her
Will not so graceless be to be ingrate.

260

Hor. Sir, you say well and well you do conceive;
And since you do profess to be a suitor,
You must, as we do, gratify this gentleman,
To whom we all rest generally beholding.

Tra. Sir, I shall not be slack: in sign whereof,
Please ye we may contrive this afternoon
And quaff carouses to our mistress' health;
And do as adversaries do in law,
Strive mightily, but eat and drink as friends.

270

Gru. Bion. O excellent motion! Fellows, let's be gone.

Hor. The motion's good indeed and be it so,
Petruchio, I shall be your *ben venuto*.

[Exeunt.]

ACT II.

SCENE I. Padua. A room in BAPTISTA'S house.

Enter KATHERINA and BIANCA.

Bian. Good sister, wrong me not, nor wrong yourself,
To make a bondmaid and a slave of me;
That I disdain: but for these other gawds,

²⁶⁵ gratify = reward, give a gratuity.

²⁷⁴ ben venuto = welcome. (Ital.)

Unbind my hands, I'll pull them off myself,
 Yea, all my raiment, to my petticoat ;
 Or what you will command me will I do,
 So well I know my duty to my elders.

Kath. Of all thy suitors, here I charge thee, tell
 Whom thou lov'st best : see thou dissemble not.

Bian. Believe me, sister, of all the men alive 10
 I never yet beheld that special face
 Which I could fancy more than any other.

Kath. Minion, thou liest. Is't not Hortensio ?

Bian. If you affect him, sister, here I swear
 I'll plead for you myself, but you shall have him.

Kath. O then, belike, you fancy riches more :
 You will have Gremio to keep you fair.

Bian. Is it for him you do envy me so ?
 Nay then you jest, and now I well perceive
 You have but jested with me all this while : 20
 I prithee, sister Kate, untie my hands.

Kath. If that be jest, then all the rest was so. [Strikes her.]

Enter BAPTISTA.

Bap. Why, how now, dame ! whence grows this insolence ?
 Bianca, stand aside. Poor girl ! she weeps.
 Go ply thy needle ; meddle not with her.
 For shame, thou hilding of a devilish spirit,
 Why dost thou wrong her that did ne'er wrong thee ?
 When did she cross thee with a bitter word ?

Kath. Her silence flouts me, and I'll be revenged. 29

[Flies after Bianca.]

Bap. What, in my sight ? Bianca, get thee in. [Exit Bianca.] X

Kath. What, will you not suffer me ? Nay, now I see
 She is your treasure, she must have a husband ;
 I must dance bare-foot on her wedding day
 And for your love to her lead apes in hell.
 Talk not to me : I will go sit and weep
 Till I can find occasion of revenge. [Exit.]

Bap. Was ever gentleman thus griev'd as I ?
 But who comes here ?

Enter GREMIO, LUCENTIO in the habit of a mean man ; PETRUCHIO, with HORTENSIO as a musician ; and TRANIO, with BIONDELLO bearing a lute and books.

Gre. Good morrow, neighbour Baptista. 39

Bap. Good morrow, neighbour Gremio. God save you, gentlemen !

Pet. And you, good sir ! Pray, have you not a daughter
 Call'd Katherina, fair and virtuous ?

²⁵ *hilding* = a slave ; hence a base, degraded person.

²⁹ *dance bare-foot.* An unmarried elder sister was said to dance barefoot at the wedding of the younger ; why, is not known, more than why old maids were said to lead apes in hell.

Bap. I have a daughter, sir, call'd Katherina.

Gre. You are too blunt, go to it orderly.

Pet. You wrong me, Signior Gremio : give me leave.

I am a gentleman of Verona, sir,

That, hearing of her beauty and her wit,

Her affability and bashful modesty,

Her wondrous qualities and mild behaviour,

50

Am bold to show myself a forward guest

Within your house, to make mine eye the witness

Of that report which I so oft have heard.

And, for an entrance to my entertainment,

I do present you with a man of mine,

[Presenting Hortensio.]

Cunning in music and the mathematics,

To instruct her fully in those sciences,

Whereof I know she is not ignorant :

Accept of him, or else you do me wrong :

His name is Licio, born in Mantua.

60

Bap. You're welcome, sir ; and he, for your good sake.

But for my daughter Katherine, this I know,

She is not for your turn, the more my grief.

Pet. I see you do not mean to part with her,

Or else you like not of my company.

Bap. Mistake me not ; I speak but as I find.

Whence are you, sir ? what may I call your name ?

Pet. Petruchio is my name ; Antonio's son,

A man well known throughout all Italy.

Bap. I know him well, you are welcome for his sake.

70

Gre. Saving your tale, Petruchio, I pray,

Let us, that are poor petitioners, speak too :

Baccare ! you are marvellous forward.

Pet. O, pardon me, Signior Gremio ; I would fain be doing.

Gre. I doubt it not, sir ; but you will curse your wooing.

Neighbour, this is a gift very grateful, I am sure of it. To express the like kindness, myself, that have been more kindly beholding to you than any, freely give unto you this young scholar [*presenting Lucentio*], that hath been long studying at Rheims ; as cunning in Greek, Latin, and other languages, as the other in music and mathematics : his name is Cambio ; pray, accept his service.

Bap. A thousand thanks, Signior Gremio. Welcome, good

⁴⁴ *call'd Katherina.* It may be well to remark that this young gentlewoman's name is given in the text, the stage directions, and the prefixes of the folio as *Katherina*, *Katerina*, *Katherine*, *Katerine*, and *Kate*, but never as *Katharina* or *Katharine*. The same is true in regard to the name in other plays. Whether in its Italian or its English form, it seems to have been pronounced with the *th* hard, as *t* ; and in its English form it seems to have been, not *Kath-a-rine*, but two syllables, *Kate-rine* ; whence the pet form *Kate*.

⁷³ *Baccare* : a slang word, meaning, go back.

Cambio. [*To Tranio.*] But, gentle sir, methinks you walk like a stranger : may I be so bold to know the cause of your coming ?

Tra. Pardon me, sir, the boldness is mine own,
That, being a stranger in this city here,
Do make myself a suitor to your daughter,
Unto Bianca, fair and virtuous.

Nor is your firm resolve unknown to me,
In the preferment of the eldest sister.

90

This liberty is all that I request,
That, upon knowledge of my parentage,
I may have welcome 'mongst the rest that woo
And free access and favour as the rest :
And, toward the education of your daughters,
I here bestow a simple instrument,
And this small packet of Greek and Latin books :
If you accept them, then their worth is great.

Bap. Lucentio is your name ; of whence, I pray ?

100

Tra. Of Pisa, sir ; son to Vincentio.

Bap. A mighty man of Pisa ; by report
I know him well : you are very welcome, sir.
Take you the lute, and you the set of books ;
You shall go see your pupils presently.
Holla, within !

Enter a Servant.

Sirrah, lead these gentlemen
To my daughters ; and tell them both,
These are their tutors : bid them use them well.

[*Exit Servant, with Lucentio and Hortensio, Biondello following.*]

We will go walk a little in the orchard,
And then to dinner. You are passing welcome,
And so I pray you all to think yourselves.

110

Pet. Signior Baptista, my business asketh haste,
And "every day I cannot come to woo."
You knew my father well, and in him me,
Left solely heir to all his lands and goods,
Which I have better'd rather than decreas'd :
Then tell me, if I get your daughter's love,
What dowry shall I have with her to wife ?

Bap. After my death the one half of my lands,
And in possession twenty thousand crowns.

120

Pet. And, for that dowry, I'll assure her of
Her widowhood, be it that she survive me,
In all my lands and leases whatsoever :
Let specialties be therefore drawn between us,
That covenants may be kept on either hand.

¹¹³ *every day, etc.* : the burthen of several old ballads.

¹²² *Her widowhood, . . . In all my lands, etc.* : that is, her dower rights as widow.

Bap. Ay, when the special thing is well obtain'd,
That is, her love; for that is all in all.

Pet. Why, that is nothing; for I tell you, father,
I am as peremptory as she proud minded;
And where two raging fires meet together 130
They do consume the thing that feeds their fury:
Though little fire grows great with little wind,
Yet extreme gusts will blow out fire and all:
So I to her and so she yields to me;
For I am rough and woo not like a babe.

Bap. Well mayst thou woo, and happy be thy speed!
But be thou arm'd for some unhappy words.

Pet. Ay, to the proof; as mountains are for winds,
That shake not, though they blow perpetually. 139

Re-enter HORTENSIO, with his head broke.

Bap. How now, my friend! why dost thou look so pale?

Hor. For fear, I promise you, if I look pale.

Bap. What, will my daughter prove a good musician?

Hor. I think she'll sooner prove a soldier:

Iron may hold with her, but never lutes.

Bap. Why, then thou canst not break her to the lute?

Hor. Why, no; for she hath broke the lute to me.

I did but tell her she mistook her frets,

And bow'd her hand to teach her fingering;

When, with a most impatient devilish spirit, 149

"Frets, call you these?" quoth she; "I'll fume with them:"

And, with that word, she struck me on the head,

And through the instrument my pate made way;

And there I stood amazed for a while,

As on a pillory, looking through the lute;

While she did call me rascal fiddler

And twangling Jack; with twenty such vile terms,

As had she studied to misuse me so.

Pet. Now, by the world, it is a lusty wench;

I love her ten times more than e'er I did:

O, how I long to have some chat with her! 160

Bap. Well, go with me and be not so discomfited:

Proceed in practice with my younger daughter;

She's apt to learn and thankful for good turns.

Signior Petruchio, will you go with us,

Or shall I send my daughter Kate to you?

Pet. I pray you do. [*Exeunt all but Petruchio.*] I will
attend her here,

And woo her with some spirit when she comes.

Say that she rail; why then I'll tell her plain

¹⁵⁰ *frets* = the metal stops on the neck of lutes, viols, and guitars.

She sings as sweetly as a nightingale :
 Say that she frown ; I'll say she looks as clear
 As morning roses newly wash'd with dew :
 Say she be mute and will not speak a word ;
 Then I'll commend her volubility,
 And say she uttereth piercing eloquence :
 If she do bid me pack, I'll give her thanks,
 As though she bid me stay by her a week :
 If she deny to wed, I'll crave the day
 When I shall ask the banns and when be married.
 But here she comes ; and now, Petruchio, speak.

Enter KATHERINA.

Good morrow, Kate ; for that's your name, I hear. 180

Kath. Well have you heard, but something hard of hearing :
 They call me Katherine that do talk of me.

Pet. You lie, in faith ; for you are call'd plain Kate,
 And bonny Kate and sometimes Kate the curst ;
 But Kate, the prettiest Kate in Christendom,
 Kate of Kate Hall, my super-dainty Kate,
 For dainties are all cates, and therefore, Kate,
 Take this of me, Kate of my consolation ;
 Hearing thy mildness praised in every town,
 Thy virtues spoke of, and thy beauty sounded, 190
 Yet not so deeply as to thee belongs,
 Myself am mov'd to woo thee for my wife.

Kath. Mov'd ! in good time : let him that mov'd you hither
 Remove you hence : I knew you at the first
 You were a moveable.

Pet. Why, what's a moveable ?

Kath. A join'd-stool.

Pet. Thou hast hit it : come, sit on me.

Kath. Asses are made to bear, and so are you.

Pet. Women are made to bear, and so are you.

Kath. No such load as you, if me you mean.

Pet. Alas ! good Kate, I will not burthen thee ; 200
 For, knowing thee to be but young and light —

Kath. Too light for such a swain as you to catch ;
 And yet as heavy as my weight should be.

Pet. Should be ! should — buzz !

Kath. Well ta'en, and like a buzzard.

Pet. O slow-wing'd turtle ! shall a buzzard take thee ?

Kath. Ay, for a turtle, as he takes a buzzard.

Pet. Come, come, you wasp ; i' faith, you are too angry.

Kath. If I be waspish, best beware my sting.

¹⁸¹ *heard, but something hard, etc. : a quibble, heard was pronounced hard.*

¹⁹⁰ *load : the folio, lade.*

Pet. My remedy is then, to pluck it out.

Kath. Ay, if the fool could find it where it lies. 210

Pet. Who knows not where a wasp does wear his sting? In his tail.

Kath. In his tongue.

Pet. Whose tongue?

Kath. Yours, if you talk of tails: and so farewell.

Pet. What, with my tongue in your tail? nay, come again, Good Kate; I am a gentleman.

Kath. That I'll try. [She strikes him.]

Pet. I swear I'll cuff you, if you strike again.

Kath. So may you lose your arms:

If you strike me, you are no gentleman; 220

And if no gentleman, why then no arms.

Pet. A herald, Kate? O, put me in thy books!

Kath. What is your crest? a coxcomb?

Pet. A combless cock, so Kate will be my hen.

Kath. No cock of mine; you crow too like a craven.

Pet. Nay, come, Kate, come; you must not look so sour.

Kath. It is my fashion, when I see a crab.

Pet. Why, here's no crab; and therefore look not sour.

Kath. There is, there is.

Pet. Then show it me. 230

Kath. Had I a glass, I would.

Pet. What, you mean my face?

Kath. Well aim'd of such a young one.

Pet. Now, by Saint George, I am too young for you.

Kath. Yet you are wither'd.

Pet. 'Tis with cares.

Kath. I care not.

Pet. Nay, hear you, Kate: in sooth you scape not so.

Kath. I chafe you, if I tarry: let me go.

Pet. No, not a whit: I find you passing gentle. 240

'Twas told me you were rough and coy and sullen,

And now I find report a very liar;

For thou art pleasant, gamesome, passing courteous,

But slow in speech, yet sweet as spring-time flowers:

Thou canst not frown, thou canst not look askance,

Nor bite the lip, as angry wenches will,

Nor hast thou pleasure to be cross in talk,

But thou with mildness entertain'st thy wooers,

With gentle conference, soft and affable.

Why does the world report that Kate doth limp? 250

O sland'rous world! Kate like the hazel-twigg

210 *find it*: probably, but not certainly, an error for *find out*.

227 *crab* = crab-apple.

Is straight and slender and as brown in hue
As hazel nuts and sweeter than the kernels.
O, let me see thee walk : thou dost not halt.

Kath. Go, fool, and whom thou keep'st command.

Pet. Did ever Dian so become a grove
As Kate this chamber with her princely gait?

O, be thou Dian, and let her be Kate ;

And then let Kate be chaste and Dian sportful !

Kath. Where did you study all this goodly speech ?

260

Pet. It is extempore, from my mother-wit.

Kath. A witty mother ! witless else her son.

Pet. Am I not wise ?

Kath. Yes ; keep you warm.

Pet. Marry, so I mean, sweet Katherine, in thy bed :

And therefore, setting all this chat aside,

Thus in plain terms : your father hath consented

That you shall be my wife ; your dowry 'greed on ;

And, will you, nill you, I will marry you.

Now, Kate, I am a husband for your turn ;

270

For, by this light, whereby I see thy beauty,

Thy beauty, that doth make me like thee well,

Thou must be married to no man but me ;

For I am he am born to tame you Kate,

And bring you from a wild Kate to a Kate

Conformable as other household Kates.

Here comes your father : never make denial ;

I must and will have Katherine to my wife.

Re-enter BAPTISTA, GREMIO, and TRANIO.

Bap. Now, Signior Petruchio, how speed you with my daughter ?

Pet. How but well, sir ? how but well ?

280

It were impossible I should speed amiss.

Bap. Why, how now, daughter Katherine ! in your dumps ?

Kath. Call you me daughter ? now, I promise you

You have show'd a tender fatherly regard,

To wish me wed to one half lunatic ;

A mad-cap ruffian and a swearing Jack,

That thinks with oaths to face the matter out.

Pet. Father, 't is thus : yourself and all the world,

That talk'd of her, have talk'd amiss of her :

If she be curst, it is for policy,

290

For she's not froward, but modest as the dove ;

She is not hot, but temperate as the morn ;

For patience she will prove a second Grissel,

And Roman Lucrece for her chastity :

And to conclude, we have 'greed so well together
That upon Sunday is the wedding-day.

Kath. I'll see thee hang'd on Sunday first.

Gre. Hark, Petruchio; she says she'll see thee hang'd first.

Tra. Is this your speeding? nay, then, good night our part!

Pet. Be patient, gentlemen; I choose her for myself: 300

If she and I be pleas'd, what's that to you?

'Tis bargain'd 'twixt us twain, being alone,

That she shall still be curst in company.

I tell you, 't is incredible to believe

How much she loves me: O, the kindest Kate!

She hung about my neck; and kiss on kiss

She vied so fast, protesting oath on oath,

That in a twink she won me to her love.

O, you are novices! 't is a world to see,

How tame, when men and women are alone, 310

A meacock wretch can make the curstest shrew.

Give me thy hand, Kate: I will unto Venice,

To buy apparel 'gainst the wedding-day.

Provide the feast, father, and bid the guests;

I will be sure my Katherine shall be fine.

Bap. I know not what to say: but give me your hands;
God send you joy, Petruchio! 't is a match.

Gre. Tra. Amen, say we: we will be witnesses.

Pet. Father, and wife, and gentlemen, adieu;

I will to Venice; Sunday comes apace: 320

We will have rings and things and fine array;

And kiss me, Kate, "we will be married o' Sunday."

[*Exeunt Petruchio and Katherine severally.*]

Gre. Was ever match clapp'd up so suddenly?

Bap. Faith, gentlemen, now I play a merchant's part,
And venture madly on a desperate mart.

Tra. 'T was a commodity lay fretting by you:

'T will bring you gain, or perish on the seas.

Bap. The gain I seek is, quiet in the match.

Gre. No doubt but he hath got a quiet catch.

But now, Baptista, to your younger daughter: 330

Now is the day we long have looked for:

I am your neighbour, and was suitor first.

Tra. And I am one that love Bianca more
Than words can witness, or your thoughts can guess.

Gre. Youngling, thou canst not love so dear as I.

Tra. Greybeard, thy love doth freeze.

³¹¹ *meacock* = spiritless, tame.

³²² "we will be married," etc.: the burden of an old song. Petruchio probably sang it.

³²⁵ *mart* = market.

Gre.

But thine doth fry.

Skipper, stand back : 't is age that nourisheth.

Tra. But youth in ladies' eyes that flourisheth.

Bap. Content you, gentlemen : I will compound this strife :
 'T is deeds must win the prize ; and he of both
 That can assure my daughter greatest dower
 Shall have my Bianca's love. 340

Say, Signior Gremio, what can you assure her ?

Gre. First, as you know, my house within the city
 Is richly furnished with plate and gold ;
 Basins and ewers to lave her dainty hands ;
 My hangings all of Tyrian tapestry ;
 In ivory coffers I have stuff'd my crowns ;
 In cypress chests my arras counterpoints,
 Costly apparel, tents, and canopies, 350
 Fine linen, Turkey cushions boss'd with pearl,
 Valance of Venice gold in needle-work,
 Pewter and brass and all things that belong
 To house or housekeeping : then, at my farm
 I have a hundred milch-kine to the pail,
 Sixscore fat oxen standing in my stalls,
 And all things answerable to this portion.
 Myself am struck in years, I must confess ;
 And if I die to-morrow, this is hers,
 If whilst I live she will be only mine.

Tra. That "only" came well in. Sir, list to me :
 I am my father's heir and only son :
 If I may have your daughter to my wife,
 I'll leave her houses three or four as good,
 Within rich Pisa walls, as any one
 Old Signior Gremio has in Padua ;
 Besides two thousand ducats by the year
 Of fruitful land, all which shall be her jointure.
 What, have I pinch'd you, Signior Gremio ?

Gre. Two thousand ducats by the year of land ! 370
 My land amounts not to so much in all :
 That she shall have ; besides an argosy
 That now is lying in Marseilles' road.
 What, have I chok'd you with an argosy ?

Tra. Gremio, 't is known my father hath no less
 Than three great argosies ; besides two galliases,
 And twelve tight galleys : these I will assure her,
 And twice as much, whate'er thou offer'st next.

Gre. Nay, I have offer'd all, I have no more ;349 *arras counterpoints* : counterpoints or counterpanes of Arras tapestry.376 *galliases* = large galleys.377 *tight* = in good condition.

And she can have no more than all I have : 380
If you like me, she shall have me and mine.

Tra. Why, then the maid is mine from all the world,
By your firm promise : Gremio is out-vied.

Bap. I must confess your offer is the best ;
And, let your father make her the assurance,
She is your own ; else, you must pardon me,
If you should die before him, where 's her dower ?

Tra. That 's but a cavil : he is old, I young.

Gre. And may not young men die, as well as old ?

Bap. Well, gentlemen, 390
I am thus resolv'd : on Sunday next you know
My daughter Katherine is to be married :
Now, on the Sunday following, shall Bianca
Be bride to you, if you make this assurance ;
If not, to Signior Gremio :
And so, I take my leave, and thank you both.

Gre. Adieu, good neighbour. [Exit Baptista.]

Now I fear thee not :

Sirrah young gamester, your father were a fool
To give thee all, and in his waning age

Set foot under thy table : tut, a toy ! 400
An old Italian fox is not so kind, my boy. [Exit.]

Tra. A vengeance on your crafty wither'd hide !
Yet I have fac'd it with a card of ten.

'Tis in my head to do my master good :

I see no reason but suppos'd Lucentio
Must get a father, call'd " suppos'd Vincentio ; "

And that 's a wonder : fathers commonly

Do get their children ; but in this case of wooing,
A child shall get a sire, if I fail not of my cunning. [Exit.]

ACT III.

SCENE I. Padua. BAPTISTA'S house.

Enter LUCENTIO, HORTENSIO, and BIANCA.

Luc. Fiddler, forbear ; you grow too forward, sir :
Have you so soon forgot the entertainment
Her sister Katherine welcom'd you withal ?

Hor. But, wrangling pedant, this is
The patroness of heavenly harmony :
Then give me leave to have prerogative ;

³⁸⁸ *gamester* = gamesome fellow.

⁴ *But, wrangling pedant, etc.* : a mutilated line, of which Hamner's restoration, " know this lady is," is the best of all that have been proposed.

And when in music we have spent an hour,
Your lecture shall have leisure for as much.

Luc. Preposterous ass, that never read so far
To know the cause why music was ordain'd !
Was it not to refresh the mind of man
After his studies or his usual pain ?
Then give me leave to read philosophy,
And while I pause, serve in your harmony.

Hor. Sirrah, I will not bear these braves of thine.

Bian. Why, gentlemen, you do me double wrong,
To strive for that which resteth in my choice :
I am no breeching scholar in the schools ;
I'll not be tied to hours nor 'pointed times,
But learn my lessons as I please myself.
And, to cut off all strife, here sit we down :
Take you your instrument, play you the whiles ;
His lecture will be done ere you have tun'd.

Hor. You'll leave his lecture when I am in tune ?

Luc. That will be never : tune your instrument.

Bian. Where left we last ?

Luc. Here, madam :

"Hic ibat Simois ; hic est Sigeia tellus ;

Hic steterat Priami regia celsa senis."

Bian. Construe them.

Luc. "*Hic ibat*," as I told you before, "*Simois*," I am Lu-
centio, "*hic est*," son unto Vincentio of Pisa, "*Sigeia tellus*,"
disguis'd thus to get your love ; "*Hic steterat*," and that Lu-
centio that comes a-wooing, "*Priami*," is my man Tranio,
"*regia*," bearing my port, "*celsa senis*," that we might beguile
the old pantaloon.

Hor. Madam, my instrument's in tune.

Bian. Let's hear. O fie ! the treble jars.

Luc. Spit in the hole, man, and tune again.

Bian. Now let me see if I can construe it :

"*Hic ibat Simois*," I know you not, "*hic est Sigeia tellus*," I
trust you not ; "*Hic steterat Priami*," take heed he hear us
not, "*regia*," presume not, "*celsa senis*," despair not.

Hor. Madam, 'tis now in tune.

Luc. All but the base.

Hor. The base is right ; 'tis the base knave that jars.

[*Aside.*] How fiery and forward our pedant is !

Now, for my life, the knave doth court my love :

Pedascule, I'll watch you better yet.

Bian. In time I may believe, yet I mistrust.

¹⁸ *breeching scholar* = scholar to be flogged.

⁴⁸ *Pedascule* = pedagogue : an unknown word, probably coined by the writer.

Luc. Mistrust it not; for, sure, Æacides
Was Ajax, call'd so from his grandfather. 50

Bian. I must believe my master; else, I promise you,
I should be arguing still upon that doubt:
But let it rest. Now, Licio, to you:
Good masters, take it not unkindly, pray,
That I have been thus pleasant with you both.

Hor. You may go walk, and give me leave a while:
My lessons make no music in three parts.

Luc. Are you so formal, sir? well, I must wait,
[*Aside.*] And watch withal; for, but I be deceived, 60
Our fine musician groweth amorous.

Hor. Madam, before you touch the instrument,
To learn the order of my fingering,
I must begin with rudiments of art;
To teach you gamut in a briefer sort,
More pleasant, pithy and effectual,
Than hath been taught by any of my trade:
And there it is in writing, fairly drawn.

Bian. Why, I am past my gamut long ago.

Hor. Yet read the gamut of Hortensio. 70

Bian. [*Reads.*]

"Gamut" I am, the ground of all accord,

"A re," to plead Hortensio's passion;

"B mi," Bianca, take him for thy lord,

"C fa ut," that loves with all affection:

"D sol re," one clef, two notes have I:

"E la mi," show pity, or I die.

Call you this gamut? tut, I like it not:
Old fashions please me best; I am not so nice,
To change true rules for old inventions.

Enter a Servant.

Scrv. Mistress, your father prays you leave your books 80
And help to dress your sister's chamber up:
You know to-morrow is the wedding-day.

Bian. Farewell, sweet masters both; I must be gone.

[*Exeunt Bianca and Servant.*]

Luc. Faith, mistress, then I have no cause to stay. [*Exit.*]

Hor. But I have cause to pry into this pedant:
Methinks he looks as though he were in love:
Yet if thy thoughts, Bianca, be so humble
To cast thy wandering eyes on every stale,
Seize thee that list: if once I find thee ranging, 89
Hortensio will be quit with thee by changing. [*Exit.*]

⁸⁸ *stale* = common insignificant person.

SCENE II. *Padua. Before BAPTISTA'S house.**Enter BAPTISTA, GREMIO, TRANIO, KATHERINA, BIANCA, LUCENTIO, and others, attendants.**Bap.* [*To Tranio.*] Signior Lucentio, this is the 'pointed day,That Katherine and Petruchio should be married,
And yet we hear not of our son-in-law.What will be said? what mockery will it be,
To want the bridegroom when the priest attends
To speak the ceremonial rites of marriage!
What says Lucentio to this shame of ours?*Kath.* No shame but mine: I must, forsooth, be fore'd
To give my hand oppos'd against my heart
Unto a mad-brain rudesby full of spleen;
Who woo'd in haste and means to wed at leisure.

10

I told you, I, he was a frantic fool,
Hiding his bitter jests in blunt behaviour:
And, to be not'd for a merry man,
He'll woo a thousand, 'point the day of marriage,
Make friends invite and proclaim the banns;
Yet never means to wed where he hath woo'd.Now must the world point at poor Katherine,
And say, "Lo, there is mad Petruchio's wife,
If it would please him come and marry her!"

20

Tra. Patience, good Katherine, and Baptista too.
Upon my life, Petruchio means but well,
Whatever fortune stays him from his word:
Though he be blunt, I know him passing wise;
Though he be merry, yet withal he's honest.*Kath.* Would Katherine had never seen him though!*[Exit weeping, followed by Bianca and others.]**Bap.* Go, girl; I cannot blame thee now to weep;
For such an injury would vex a very saint,
Much more a shrew of thy impatient humour.

29

*Enter BIONDELLO.**Bion.* Master, master! news, old news, and such news as you
never heard of!*Bap.* Is it new and old too? how may that be?*Bion.* Why, is it not news, to hear of Petruchio's coming?*Bap.* Is he come?*Bion.* Why, no, sir.*Bap.* What then?*Bion.* He is coming.¹⁰ *rudesby* = a rude, rough fellow.¹⁶ *Make friends*, etc.: a corrupt line, of which no acceptable or even plausible emendation has yet been proposed.²⁰ *old news* = great news.

Bap. When will he be here?

Bion. When he stands where I am and sees you there.

Tra. But say, what to thine old news?

Bion. Why, Petruchio is coming in a new hat and an old jerkin, a pair of old breeches thrice turned, a pair of boots that have been candle-cases, one buckled, another lac'd, an old rusty sword ta'en out of the town-armoury, with a broken hilt, and chapeless; with two broken points: his horse hipp'd with an old mothy saddle and stirrups of no kindred; besides, possess'd with the glanders and like to mourn in the chine; troubled with the lampass, infected with the fashions, full of windgalls, sped with spavins, rayed with the yellows, past cure of the fives, stark spoil'd with the staggers, begnawn with the bots, sway'd in the back and shoulder-shotten; near-legg'd before and with a half-check'd bit and a head-stall of sheep's leather which, being restrain'd to keep him from stumbling, hath been often burst and now repair'd with knots; one girth six times piec'd and a woman's crupper of velure, which hath two letters for her name fairly set down in studs, and here and there piec'd with pack-thread.

Bap. Who comes with him?

Bion. O, sir, his lackey, for all the world caparison'd like the horse; with a linen stock on one leg and a kersey boot-hose on the other, garter'd with a red and blue list; an old hat and "the humour of forty fancies" pricked in 't for a feather: a monster, a very monster in apparel, and not like a Christian footboy or a gentleman's lackey.

Tra. 'T is some odd humour pricks him to this fashion; Yet oftentimes he goes but mean-apparell'd.

Bap. I am glad he's come, howsoe'er he comes.

Bion. Why, sir, he comes not.

Bap. Didst thou not say he comes?

Bion. Who? that Petruchio came?

70

Bap. Ay, that Petruchio came.

Bion. No, sir; I say his horse comes, with him on his back.

Bap. Why, that's all one.

Bion. Nay, by Saint Jamy,
I hold you a penny,
A horse and a man
Is more than one,
And yet not many.

⁴⁵ *broken points.* The points fastened the hose to the doublet.

⁴⁷ *mourn in the chine.* "In our abbey we never study, for fear of the mumps, which disease in horses is called mourning in the chine." Urquhart's *Rabelais*, B. I, c. 39.

⁵⁵ *velure* = velvet. (Fr.)

⁶⁰ *stock* = stocking = hose, the dress of the whole leg.

⁶² "*humour of forty fancies*:" the name of a collection of ballads.

*Enter PETRUCHIO and GRUMIO.**Pet.* Come, where be these gallants? who's at home?*Bap.* You are welcome, sir.*Pet.* And yet I come not well. 80*Bap.* And yet you halt not.*Tra.* Not so well apparell'd

As I wish you were.

Pet. Were it better, I should rush in thus.

But where is Kate? where is my lovely bride?

How does my father? Gentles, methinks you frown:

And wherefore gaze this goodly company,

As if they saw some wondrous monument,

Some comet or unusual prodigy?

Bap. Why, sir, you know this is your wedding-day:

First were we sad, fearing you would not come;

90

Now sadder, that you come so unprovided.

Fie, doff this habit, shame to your estate,

An eye-sore to our solemn festival!

Tra. And tell us, what occasion of import

Hath all so long detain'd you from your wife,

And sent you hither so unlike yourself?

Pet. Tedious it were to tell, and harsh to hear:

Sufficeth, I am come to keep my word,

Though in some part enforced to digress;

Which, at more leisure, I will so excuse

100

As you shall well be satisfied withal.

But where is Kate? I stay too long from her:

The morning wears, 't is time we were at church.

Tra. See not your bride in these unreverent robes:

Go to my chamber; put on clothes of mine.

Pet. Not I, believe me: thus I'll visit her.*Bap.* But thus, I trust, you will not marry her.*Pet.* Good sooth, even thus; therefore ha' done with words:

To me she's married, not unto my clothes:

Could I repair what she will wear in me,

110

As I can change these poor accoutrements,

'T were well for Kate and better for myself.

But what a fool am I to chat with you,

When I should bid good morrow to my bride,

And seal the title with a lovely kiss!

*[Exeunt Petruchio and Grumio.]**Tra.* He hath some meaning in his mad attire:

We will persuade him, be it possible,

To put on better ere he go to church.

Bap. I'll after him, and see the event of this.*[Exeunt Baptista, Gremio, and attendants.]**Tra.* But to her love concerneth us to add

120

Her father's liking : which to bring to pass,
 As I before imparted to your worship,
 I am to get a man, — whate'er he be,
 It skills not much, we'll fit him to our turn, —
 And he shall be Vincentio of Pisa ;
 And make assurance here in Padua
 Of greater sums than I have promised.
 So shall you quietly enjoy your hope,
 And marry sweet Bianca with consent.

Luc. Were it not that my fellow-schoolmaster
 Doth watch Bianca's steps so narrowly,
 'T were good, methinks, to steal our marriage ;
 Which once perform'd, let all the world say no,
 I'll keep mine own, despite of all the world.

Tra. That by degrees we mean to look into,
 And watch our vantage in this business :
 We'll over-reach the greybeard, Gremio,
 The narrow-prying father, Minola,
 The quaint musician, amorous Licio ;
 All for my master's sake, Lucentio.

Re-enter GREMIO.

Signior Gremio, came you from the church ?

Gre. As willingly as e'er I came from school.

Tra. And is the bride and bridegroom coming home ?

Gre. A bridegroom say you ? 't is a groom indeed,
 A grumbling groom, and that the girl shall find.

Tra. Curster than she ? why, 't is impossible.

Gre. Why, he's a devil, a devil, a very fiend.

Tra. Why, she's a devil, a devil, the Devil's dam.

Gre. Tut, she's a lamb, a dove, a fool to him !

I'll tell you, Sir Lucentio : when the priest
 Should ask, if Katherine should be his wife,
 " Ay, by gogs-wouns," quoth he ; and swore so loud,
 That, all-amaz'd, the priest let fall the book ;
 And, as he stoop'd again to take it up,
 The mad-brain'd bridegroom took him such a cuff
 That down fell priest and book and book and priest :
 " Now take them up," quoth he, " if any list."

Tra. What said the wench when he rose again ?

Gre. Trembled and shook ; for why, he stamp'd and swore,
 As if the vicar meant to cozen him.

But after many ceremonies done,
 He calls for wine : " A health ! " quoth he, as if
 He had been aboard, carousing to his mates
 After a storm ; quaff'd off the muscadel,
 And threw the sops all in the sexton's face ;

130

140

150

160

Having no other reason

But that his beard grew thin and hungerly,
And seem'd to ask him sops as he was drinking.

This done, he took the bride about the neck
And kiss'd her lips with such a clamorous smack

170

That at the parting all the church did echo :

And I seeing this, came thence for very shame ;

And after me, I know, the rout is coming.

Such a mad marriage never was before :

Hark, hark ! I hear the minstrels play.

[*Mus.*

Re-enter PETRUCHIO, KATHERINA, BIANCA, BAPTISTA, MORTENSIO, GRUMIO, and Train.

Pet. Gentlemen and friends, I thank you for your pains :

I know you think to dine with me to-day,
And have prepar'd great store of wedding cheer ;

But so it is, my haste doth call me hence,

And therefore here I mean to take my leave.

180

Bap. Is 't possible you will away to-night?

Pet. I must away to-day, before night come :

Make it no wonder ; if you knew my business,

You would entreat me rather go than stay.

And, honest company, I thank you all,

That have beheld me give away myself

To this most patient, sweet and virtuous wife :

Dine with my father, drink a health to me ;

For I must hence ; and farewell to you all.

Tra. Let us entreat you stay till after dinner.

190

Pet. It may not be.

Gre. Let me entreat you.

Pet. It cannot be.

Kath. Let me entreat you.

Pet. I am content.

Kath. Are you content to stay ?

Pet. I am content you shall entreat me stay ;

But yet not stay, entreat me how you can.

Kath. Now, if you love me, stay.

Pet. Grumio, my horse.

Gru. Ay, sir, they be ready : the oats have eaten the horses.

Kath. Nay, then,

Do what thou canst, I will not go to-day ;

No, nor to-morrow, not till I please myself.

200

The door is open, sir ; there lies your way ;

You may be jogging whiles your boots are green ;

¹⁹⁷ *they be ready : horse* = horses : used with plural sense then as now.

²⁰² *You may be jogging*, etc. This line is an old saying in such common use that it has never been explained or remarked upon. Green doubtless means fresh, new. The phrase is so old that it originated when boots were made of leather green from the tannery.

For me, I 'll not be gone till I please myself :
 'T is like you 'll prove a jolly surly groom,
 That take it on you at the first so roundly.

Pet. O Kate, content thee ; prithee, be not angry.

Kath. I will be angry : what hast thou to do ?

Father, be quiet : he shall stay my leisure.

Gre. Ay, marry, sir, now it begins to work.

Kath. Gentlemen, forward to the bridal dinner :

210

I see a woman may be made a fool,

If she had not a spirit to resist.

Pet. They shall go forward, Kate, at thy command.

ObeY the bride, you that attend on her ;

Go to the feast, revel and domineer,

Carouse full measure to her maidenhead,

Be mad and merry, or go hang yourselves :

But for my bonny Kate, she must with me.

Nay, look not big, nor stamp, nor stare, nor fret ;

I will be master of what is mine own :

220

She is my goods, my chattels ; she is my house,

My household stuff, my field, my barn,

My horse, my ox, my ass, my any thing ;

And here she stands, touch her whoever dare ;

I 'll bring mine action on the proudest he

That stops my way in Padua. Grumio,

Draw forth thy weapon, we are beset with thieves ;

Rescue thy mistress, if thou be a man.

Fear not, sweet wench, they shall not touch thee, Kate :

I 'll buckler thee against a million.

230

[*Exeunt Petruchio, Katherine, and Grumio.*]

Bap. Nay, let them go, a couple of quiet ones.

Gre. Went they not quickly, I should die with laughing.

Tra. Of all mad matches never was the like.

Luc. Mistress, what 's your opinion of your sister ?

Bian. That, being mad herself, she 's madly mated.

Gre. I warrant him, Petruchio is Kated.

Bap. Neighbours and friends, though bride and bridegroom
 wants

For to supply the places at the table,

You know there wants no junkets at the feast.

Lucentio, you shall supply the bridegroom's place ;

240

And let Bianca take her sister's room.

Tra. Shall sweet Bianca practise how to bride it ?

Bap. She shall, Lucentio. Come, gentlemen, let 's go.

[*Exeunt.*]

ACT IV.

SCENE I. *PETRUCHIO'S country house.**Enter GRUMIO.*

Gru. Fie, fie on all tired jades, on all mad masters, and all foul ways! Was ever man so beaten? was ever man so ray'd? was ever man so weary? I am sent before to make a fire, and they are coming after to warm them. Now, were not I a little pot and soon hot, my very lips might freeze to my teeth, my tongue to the roof of my mouth, my heart in my belly, ere I should come by a fire to thaw me: but I, with blowing the fire, shall warm myself; for, considering the weather, a taller man than I will take cold. Holla, ho! Curtis.

Enter CURTIS.

Curt. Who is that calls so coldly? 10

Gru. A piece of ice: if thou doubt it, thou mayst slide from my shoulder to my heel with no greater a run but my head and my neck. A fire, good Curtis.

Curt. Is my master and his wife coming, Grumio?

Gru. O, ay, Curtis, ay: and therefore fire, fire; cast on no water.

Curt. Is she so hot a shrew as she's reported?

Gru. She was, good Curtis, before this frost: but, thou know'st, winter tames man, woman and beast; for it hath tam'd my old master and my new mistress and myself, fellow Curtis. 21

Curt. Away, you three-inch fool! I am no beast.

Gru. Am I but three inches? why, thy horn is a foot; and so long am I at the least. But wilt thou make a fire, or shall I complain on thee to our mistress, whose hand, she being now at hand, thou shalt soon feel, to thy cold comfort, for being slow in thy hot office?

Curt. I prithee, good Grumio, tell me, how goes the world?

Gru. A cold world, Curtis, in every office but thine; and therefore fire: do thy duty, and have thy duty; for my master and mistress are almost frozen to death. 31

Curt. There's fire ready; and therefore, good Grumio, the news.

Gru. Why, "Jack, boy! ho! boy!" and as much news as will thaw.

Curt. Come, you are so full of cony-catching!

Gru. Why, therefore fire; for I have caught extreme cold. Where's the cook? is supper ready, the house trimm'd, rushes strew'd, cobwebs swept; the servingmen in their new fustian,

- 34 *Jack, boy: the beginning of an old catch.*

their white stockings, and every officer his wedding garment on ? Be the jacks fair within, the jills fair without, the carpets laid, and every thing in order ?

Curt. All ready ; and therefore, I pray thee, news.

Gru. First, know, my horse is tired ; my master and mistress fallen out.

Curt. How ?

Gru. Out of their saddles into the dirt ; and thereby hangs a tale.

Curt. Let 's ha 't, good Grumio.

Gru. Lend thine ear.

Curt. Here.

Gru. There.

[*Strikes him.*]

Curt. This is to feel a tale, not to hear a tale.

Gru. And therefore 't is call'd a sensible tale : and this cuff was but to knock at your ear, and beseech listening. Now I begin : Imprimis, we came down a foul hill, my master riding behind my mistress, —

Curt. Both of one horse ?

Gru. What 's that to thee ?

Curt. Why, a horse.

60

Gru. Tell thou the tale : but hadst thou not cross'd me, thou shouldst have heard how her horse fell and she under her horse ; thou shouldst have heard in how miry a place, how she was bemoil'd, how he left her with the horse upon her, how he beat me because her horse stumbled, how she waded through the dirt to pluck him off me, how he swore, how she pray'd, that never pray'd before, how I cried, how the horses ran away, how her bridle was burst, how I lost my crupper, with many things of worthy memory, which now shall die in oblivion and thou return unexperienc'd to thy grave.

70

Curt. By this reckoning he is more shrew than she.

Gru. Ay ; and that thou and the proudest all of you shall find when he comes home. But what talk I of this ? Call forth Nathaniel, Joseph, Nicholas, Philip, Walter, Sugarsop and the rest : let their heads be sleekly comb'd, their blue coats brush'd and their garters of an indifferent knit : let them curtsy with their left legs and not presume to touch a hair of my master's horse-tail till they kiss their hands. Are they all ready ?

Curt. Thy are.

Gru. Call them forth.

80

Curt. Do you hear, ho ? you must meet my master to countenance my mistress.

⁴¹ *jacks* = leathern drinking vessels. The play upon Jack and Jill is obvious ; *carpets* = table-cloths of tapestry.

⁷⁶ *indifferent* = very fair, pretty good ; as "indifferent well" = very well.

Gru. Why, she hath a face of her own.

Curt. Who knows not that?

Gru. Thou, it seems, that calls for company to countenance her.

Curt. I call them forth to credit her.

Gru. Why, she comes to borrow nothing of them.

Enter four or five Servingmen.

Nath. Welcome home, Grumio!

Phil. How now, Grumio!

90

Jos. What, Grumio!

Nich. Fellow Grumio.

Nath. How now, old lad?

Gru. Welcome, you; how now, you; — what, you; — fellow, you; — and thus much for greeting. Now, my spruce companions, is all ready, and all things neat?

Nath. All things is ready. How near is our master?

Gru. E'en at hand, alighted by this; and therefore be not — Cock's passion, silence! I hear my master.

Enter PETRUCHIO and KATHERINA.

Pet. Where be these knaves? What, no man at door 100
To hold my stirrup nor to take my horse!

Where is Nathaniel, Gregory, Philip?

All Serv. Here, here, sir; here, sir.

Pet. Here, sir! here, sir! here, sir! here, sir!

You logger-headed and unpolish'd grooms!

What, no attendance? no regard? no duty?

Where is the foolish knave I sent before?

Gru. Here, sir; as foolish as I was before.

Pet. You peasant swain! you whoreson malt-horse drudge!
Did I not bid thee meet me in the park, 110
And bring along these rascal knaves with thee?

Gru. Nathaniel's coat, sir, was not fully made,
And Gabriel's pumps were all unpink'd i' th' heel;
There was no link to colour Peter's hat,
And Walter's dagger was not come from sheathing:
There were none fine but Adam, Ralph, and Gregory
The rest were ragged, old, and beggarly;
Yet, as they are, here are they come to meet you.

Pet. Go, rascals, go, and fetch my supper in.

[Exeunt Servants.]

[Singing.] "Where is the life that late I led" — 120
Where are those? — Sit down, Kate, and welcome. —
Soud, soud, soud, soud!

⁹⁹ *Cock's* = God's; a common slang form of the word.

¹¹⁴ *no link*, etc. Common black felt hats, when rusty, were colored by the smoke of a link.

¹²² *Soud*: of unknown meaning; possibly a word coined to express impatience

Re-enter Servants, with supper.

Why, when, I say? Nay, good sweet Kate, be merry.
Off with my boots, you rogues! you villains, when?

[Sings.] "It was the friar of orders grey,
As he forth walked on his way:" —

Out, you rogue! you pluck my foot awry :
Take that, and mend the plucking off the other. [Strikes him.
Be merry, Kate. Some water, here; what, ho!
Where's my spaniel Troilus? Sirrah, get you hence, 130
And bid my cousin Ferdinand come hither :
One, Kate, that you must kiss, and be acquainted with.
Where are my slippers? Shall I have some water?

Enter one with water.

Come, Kate, and wash, and welcome heartily.
You whoreson villain! will you let it fall? [Strikes him.

Kath. Patience, I pray you; 't was a fault unwilling.

Pet. A whoreson beetle-headed, flap-ear'd knave!

Come, Kate, sit down; I know you have a stomach.

Will you give thanks, sweet Kate; or else shall I?

What's this? mutton?

First Serv.

Ay.

Pet.

Who brought it?

Peter.

I.

140

Pet. 'T is burnt; and so is all the meat.

What dogs are these! Where is the rascal cook?

How durst you, villains, bring it from the dresser,

And serve it thus to me that love it not?

There, take it to you, trenchers, cups, and all:

[Throws the meat, etc., about the stage.]

You heedless joltheads and unmanner'd slaves!

What, do you grumble? I'll be with you straight.

Kath. I pray you, husband, be not so disquiet:

The meat was well, if you were so contented.

Pet. I tell thee, Kate, 't was burnt and dried away; 150

And I expressly am forbid to touch it,

For it engenders choler, planteth anger;

And better 't were that both of us did fast,

Since, of ourselves, ourselves are choleric,

Than feed it with such over-roasted flesh.

Be patient: to-morrow 't shall be mended,

And, for this night, we'll fast for company:

Come, I will bring thee to thy bridal chamber.

[Exeunt.]

Re-enter Servants severally.

Nath. Peter, didst ever see the like?

Peter. He kills her in her own humour.

160

*Re-enter CURTIS.**Gru.* Where is he?*Curt.* In her chamber, making a sermon of continency to her;

And rails, and swears, and rates, that she, poor soul,
 Knows not which way to stand, to look, to speak,
 And sits as one new-risen from a dream.
 Away, away! for he is coming hither.

[*Exeunt.*]*Re-enter PETRUCHIO.*

Pet. Thus have I politicly begun my reign,
 And 't is my hope to end successfully.
 My falcon now is sharp and passing empty;
 And till she stoop she must not be full-gorg'd,
 For then she never looks upon her lure.
 Another way I have to man my haggard,
 To make her come and know her keeper's call,
 That is, to watch her, as we watch these kites
 That bate and beat and will not be obedient.
 She eat no meat to-day, nor none shall eat;
 Last night she slept not, nor to-night she shall not;
 As with the meat, some undeserved fault
 I'll find about the making of the bed;
 And here I'll fling the pillow, there the bolster,
 This way the coverlet, another way the sheets:
 Ay, and amid this hurly I intend
 That all is done in reverend care of her;
 And in conclusion she shall watch all night:
 And if she chance to nod I'll rail and brawl
 And with the clamour keep her still awake.
 This is a way to kill a wife with kindness;
 And thus I'll curb her mad and headstrong humour.
 He that knows better how to tame a shrew,
 Now let him speak: 't is charity to show.

170

180

120
[*Erit.*]SCENE II. *Padua. Before BAPTISTA'S house.**Enter TRANIO and HORTENSIO.*

Tra. Is't possible; friend Licio, that Mistress Bianca
 Doth fancy any other but Lucentio?
 I tell you, sir, she bears me fair in hand.

Hor. Sir, to satisfy you in what I have said,
 Stand by and mark the manner of his teaching.

¹⁷³ *haggard* = an untamed hawk.¹⁷⁶ *bate* = struggle, flutter.¹⁸⁰ *shrew* — *show*: a perfect rhyme, *shrew* having been pronounced *shrow*: compare *sew* and *strew*.³ *bears me fair in hand* = promises me well.

Enter BIANCA and LUCENTIO.

Luc. Now, mistress, profit you in what you read?

Bian. What, master, read you? first resolve me that.

Luc. I read that I profess, the Art to Love.

Bian. And may you prove, sir, master of your art!

Luc. While you, sweet dear, prove mistress of my heart! 10

Hor. Quick proceeders, marry! Now, tell me, I pray,
You that durst swear that your mistress Bianca
Lov'd none in the world so well as Lucentio.

Tra. O spiteful love! unconstant woman-kind!
I tell thee, Licio, this is wonderful.

Hor. Mistake no more: I am not Licio,
Nor a musician, as I seem to be;
But one that scorn to live in this disguise,
For such a one as leaves a gentleman,
And makes a god of such a cullion: 20
Know, sir, that I am call'd Hortensio.

Tra. Signior Hortensio, I have often heard
Of your entire affection to Bianca;
And since mine eyes are witness of her lightness,
I will with you, if you be so contented,
Forswear Bianca and her love for ever.

Hor. See, how they kiss and court! Signior Lucentio,
Here is my hand, and here I firmly vow
Never to woo her more, but do forswear her,
As one unworthy all the former favours 30
That I have fondly flatter'd her withal.

Tra. And here I take the like unfeigned oath,
Never to marry with her though she would entreat:
Fie on her! see, how beastly she doth court him!

Hor. Would all the world but he had quite forsworn!
For me, that I may surely keep mine oath,
I will be married to a wealthy widow,
Ere three days pass, which hath as long lov'd me
As I have lov'd this proud disdainful haggard.
And so farewell, Signior Lucentio. 40
Kindness in women, not their beauteous looks,
Shall win my love: and so I take my leave,
In resolution as I swore before.

[Exit.]

Tra. Mistress Bianca, bless you with such grace
As 'longeth to a lover's blessed case!
Nay, I have ta'en you napping, gentle love,
And have forsworn you with Hortensio.

Bian. Tranio, you jest: but have you both forsworn me?

Tra. Mistress, we have.

Luc. Then we are rid of Licio.

Tra. I' faith, he'll have a lusty widow now,
That shall be woo'd and wedded in a day. 50

Bian. God give him joy!

Tra. Ay, and he'll tame her.

Bian. He says so, Tranio.

Tra. Faith, he is gone unto the taming-school.

Bian. The taming-school! what, is there such a place?

Tra. Ay, mistress, and Petruchio is the master;
That teacheth tricks eleven and twenty long,
To tame a shrew and charm her chattering tongue.

Enter BIONDELLO.

Bion. O master, master, I have watch'd so long
That I am dog-weary: but at last I spied 60
An ancient angel coming down the hill,
Will serve the turn.

Tra. What is he, Biondello?

Bion. Master, a *mercatante*, or a pedant,
I know not what; but formal in apparel,
In gait and countenance surely like a father.

Luc. And what of him, Tranio?

Tra. If he be credulous and trust my tale,
I'll make him glad to seem Vincentio,
And give assurance to Baptista Minola,
As if he were the right Vincentio. 70
Take in your love, and then let me alone.

[Exeunt Lucentio and Bianca.]

Enter a Pedant.

Ped. God save you, sir!

Tra. And you, sir! you are welcome.
Travel you far on, or are you at the farthest?

Ped. Sir, at the farthest for a week or two:
But then up farther, and as far as Rome;
And so to Tripoli, if God lend me life.

Tra. What countryman, I pray?

Ped. Of Mantua.

Tra. Of Mantua, sir? marry, God forbid!
And come to Padua, careless of your life?

Ped. My life, sir! how, I pray? for that goes hard. 80

Tra. 'T is death for any one in Mantua
To come to Padua. Know you not the cause?
Your ships are stay'd at Venice, and the Duke,
For private quarrel 'twixt your Duke and him,
Hath publish'd and proclaim'd it openly:

⁶¹ *ancient angel*. "An old Angell, and by metaphor a fellow of th' old, sound, honest, and worthie stamp." Cotgrave's French Dictionary, 1611.

⁶³ *mercatante* = merchant. (Ital.)

'T is marvel, but that you are but newly come,
You might have heard it else proclaim'd about.

Ped. Alas ! sir, it is worse for me than so ;
For I have bills for money by exchange
From Florence, and must here deliver them.

90

Tra. Well, sir, to do you courtesy,
This will I do, and this I will advise you :
First, tell me, have you ever been at Pisa ?

Ped. Ay, sir, in Pisa have I often been,
Pisa renowned for grave citizens.

Tra. Among them know you one Vincentio ?

Ped. I know him not, but I have heard of him ;
A merchant of incomparable wealth.

Tra. He is my father, sir ; and, sooth to say,
In countenance somewhat doth resemble you.

100

Bion. [*Aside.*] As much as an apple doth an oyster, and all
one.

Tra. To save your life in this extremity,
This favour will I do you for his sake ;
And think it not the worst of all your fortunes
That you are like to Sir Vincentio.

His name and credit shall you undertake,
And in my house you shall be friendly lodged :
Look that you take upon you as you should ;
You understand me, sir : so shall you stay
Till you have done your business in the city :
If this be courtesy, sir, accept of it.

110

Ped. O sir, I do ; and will repute you ever
The patron of my life and liberty.

Tra. Then go with me to make the matter good.
This, by the way, I let you understand ;
My father is here look'd for every day,
To pass assurance of a dower in marriage
'Twixt me and one Baptista's daughter here :
In all these circumstances I'll instruct you :
Go with me to clothe you as becomes you.

119

[*Exeunt*]

SCENE III. A room in PETRUCHIO's house.

Enter KATHERINA and GRUMIO.

Gru. No, no, forsooth ; I dare not for my life.

Kath. The more my wrong, the more his spite appears :
What, did he marry me to famish me ?
Beggars, that come unto my father's door,
Upon entreaty have a present alms ;
If not, elsewhere they meet with charity :

But I, who never knew how to entreat,
 Nor never needed that I should entreat,
 Am starv'd for meat, giddy for lack of sleep,
 With oaths kept waking and with brawling fed : 10
 And that which spites me more than all these wants,
 He does it under name of perfect love ;
 As who should say, if I should sleep or eat,
 'T were deadly sickness or else present death.
 I prithee go and get me some repast ;
 I care not what, so it be wholesome food.

Gru. What say you to a neat's foot ?

Kath. 'T is passing good : I prithee let me have it.

Gru. I fear it is too choleric a meat.

How say you to a fat tripe finely broil'd ? 20

Kath. I like it well : good Grumio, fetch it me.

Gru. I cannot tell ; I fear t' is choleric.

What say you to a piece of beef and mustard ?

Kath. A dish that I do love to feed upon.

Gru. Ay, but the mustard is too hot a little.

Kath. Why then, the beef, and let the mustard rest.

Gru. Nay then, I will not : you shall have the mustard,
 Or else you get no beef of Grumio.

Kath. Then both, or one, or any thing thou wilt.

Gru. Why then, the mustard without the beef. 30

Kath. Go, get thee gone, thou false deluding slave,

[*Beats him.*

That feed'st me with the very name of meat :
 Sorrow on thee and all the pack of you,
 That triumph thus upon my misery !
 Go, get thee gone, I say.

Enter PETRUCHIO and HORTENSIO, with meat.

Pet. How fares my Kate ? What, sweeting, all amort !

Hor. Mistress, what cheer ?

Kath. Faith, as cold as can be.

Pet. Pluck up thy spirits ; look cheerfully upon me.

Here, love ; thou see'st how diligent I am
 To dress thy meat myself and bring it thee : 40
 I am sure, sweet Kate, this kindness merits thanks.
 What, not a word ? Nay, then thou lov'st it not ;
 And all my pains is sorted to no proof.
 Here, take away this dish.

Kath. I pray you, let it stand.

Pet. The poorest service is repaid with thanks ;
 And so shall mine, before you touch the meat.

Kath. I thank you, sir.

³⁰ *all amort* : all dejected ; from *Fr. mort* ; common in S.'s day.

Hor. Signior Petruchio, fie ! you are to blame.

Come, Mistress Kate, I 'll bear you company.

49

Pet. [*Aside.*] Eat it up all, Hortensio, if thou lovest me.

Much good do it unto thy gentle heart !

Kate, eat apace : and now, my honey love,

Will we return unto thy father's house

And revel it as bravely as the best,

With silken coats and caps and golden rings,

With ruffs and cuffs and fardingales and things ;

With scarfs and fans and double change of bravery,

With amber bracelets, beads and all this knavery.

What, hast thou din'd ? The tailor stays thy leisure,

To deck thy body with his ruffling treasure.

60

Enter Tailor.

Come, tailor, let us see these ornaments ;

Lay forth the gown.

Enter Haberdasher.

What news with you, sir ?

Hab. Here is the cap your worship did bespeak.

Pet. Why, this was moulded on a porringer ;

A velvet dish : fie, fie ! 't is lewd and filthy :

Why, 't is a cockle or a walnut-shell,

A knack, a toy, a trick, a baby's cap :

Away with it ! come, let me have a bigger.

Kath. I 'll have no bigger : this doth fit the time,

And gentlewomen wear such caps as these.

70

Pet. When you are gentle, you shall have one too,

And not till then.

Hor. [*Aside.*] That will not be in haste.

Kath. Why, sir, I trust I may have leave to speak ;

And speak I will ; I am no child, no babe :

Your betters have endur'd me say my mind,

And if you cannot, best you stop your ears.

My tongue will tell the anger of my heart,

Or else my heart concealing it will break,

And rather than it shall, I will be free

Even to the uttermost, as I please, in words.

80

Pet. Why, thou say'st true ; it is a paltry cap,

A custard-coffin, a bauble, a silken pie :

I love thee well, in that thou lik'st it not.

Kath. Love me or love me not, I like the cap ;

And it I will have, or I will have none.

[*Exit Haberdasher.*]

Pet. Thy gown ? why, ay : come, tailor, let us see 't.

O mercy, God ! what masquing stuff is here ?

⁵⁷ *bravery* = fine, showy things, particularly clothes.

⁵⁸ *lewd* = common, rude, low.

⁵⁹ *custard-coffin*. The paste forms of pies were called coffins.

What 's this? a sleeve? 't is like a demi-cannon :
 What, up and down, carv'd like an apple-tart?
 Here 's snip and nip and cut and slish and slash,
 Like to a censer in a barber's shop:

90

Why, what, i' devil's name, tailor, call'st thou this?

Hor. [*Aside.*] I see she 's like to have neither cap nor gown.

Tai. You bid me make it orderly and well,
 According to the fashion and the time.

Pet. Marry, and did; but if you be remember'd,
 I did not bid you mar it to the time.

Go, hop me over every kennel home,
 For you shall hop without my custom, sir:

I'll none of it: hence! make your best of it.

100

Kath. I never saw a better-fashion'd gown,
 More quaint, more pleasing, nor more commendable:
 Belike you mean to make a puppet of me.

Pet. Why, true; he means to make a puppet of thee.

Tai. She says your worship means to make a puppet of her.

Pet. O monstrous arrogance! Thou liest, thou thread, thou
 thimble,

Thou yard, three-quarters, half-yard, quarter, nail!

Thou flea, thou nit, thou winter-cricket thou!

Brav'd in mine own house with a skein of thread?

110

Away, thou rag, thou quantity, thou remnant;

Or I shall so be-mete thee with thy yard

As thou shalt think on prating whilst thou liv'st!

I tell thee, I, that thou hast marr'd her gown.

Tai. Your worship is deceived; the gown is made
 Just as my master had direction:

Grumio gave order how it should be done.

Gr. I gave him no order; I gave him the stuff.

Tai. But how did you desire it should be made?

Gr. Marry, sir, with needle and thread.

120

Tai. But did you not request to have it cut?

Gr. Thou hast fac'd many things.

Tai. I have.

Gr. Face not me: thou hast brav'd many men; brave not
 me; I will neither be fac'd nor brav'd. I say unto thee, I bid
 thy master cut out the gown; but I did not bid him cut it to
 pieces: ergo, thou liest.

Tai. Why, here is the note of the fashion to testify.

Pet. Read it.

Gr. The note lies in 's throat, if he say I said so.

130

⁸⁸ *demi-cannon*: a small piece of ordnance, short and wide-mouthed.

⁹¹ *censer* = brazier.

¹¹¹ *quantity*: often used in a diminutive sense.

Tai. [*Reads.*] "Imprimis, a loose-bodied gown:"

Gru. Master, if ever I said loose-body's gown, sew me in the skirts of it, and beat me to death with a bottom of brown thread: I said a gown.

Pet. Proceed.

Tai. [*Reads.*] "With a small compass'd cape:

Gru. I confess the cape.

Tai. [*Reads.*] "With a trunk sleeve:"

Gru. I confess two sleeves.

Tai. [*Reads.*] "The sleeves curiously cut." 140

Pet. Ay, there's the villany.

Gru. Error i' th' bill, sir; error i' th' bill. I commanded the sleeves should be cut out and sew'd up again; and that I'll prove upon thee, though thy little finger be armed in a thimble.

Tai. This is true that I say: an I had thee in place where, thou shouldst know it.

Gru. I am for thee straight: take thou the bill, give me thy mete-yard, and spare not me.

Hor. God-a-mercy, Grunio! then he shall have no odds.

Pet. Well, sir, in brief, the gown is not for me. 150

Gru. You are i' th' right, sir: 't is for my mistress.

Pet. Go, take it up unto thy master's use.

Gru. Villain, not for thy life: take up my mistress' gown for thy master's use!

Pet. Why, sir, what's your conceit in that?

Gru. O, sir, the conceit is deeper than you think for: Take up my mistress' gown to his master's use!
O, fie, fie, fie!

Pet. [*Aside.*] Hortensio, say thou wilt see the tailor paid. Go take it hence; be gone, and say no more.

Hor. Tailor, I'll pay thee for thy gown to-morrow: Take no unkindness of his hasty words:

Away! I say; commend me to thy master. [*Exit Tailor.*]

Pet. Well, come, my Kate; we will unto your father's Even in these honest mean habiliments:

Our purses shall be proud, our garments poor;

For 't is the mind that makes the body rich;

And as the sun breaks through the darkest clouds,

So honour 'peareth in the meanest habit.

What is the jay more precious than the lark,

Because his feathers are more beautiful? 170

Or is the adder better than the eel,

Because his painted skin contents the eye?

O, no, good Kate; neither art thou the worse

For this poor furniture and mean array.

If thou account'st it shame, lay it on me;

And therefore frolic. We will hence forthwith,
To feast and sport us at thy father's house.
Go, call my men, and let us straight to him ;
And bring our horses unto Long-lane end ;
There will we mount, and thither walk on foot.
Let's see ; I think 't is now some seven o'clock,
And well we may come there by dinner-time.

180

Kath. I dare assure you, sir, 't is almost two ;
And 't will be supper-time ere you come there.

Pet. It shall be seven ere I go to horse :
Look, what I speak, or do, or think to do,
You are still crossing it. Sirs, let 't alone :
I will not go to-day ; and ere I do,
It shall be what o'clock I say it is.

190

Hor. [*Aside.*] Why, so this gallant will command the sun.

[*Exeunt.*]SCENE IV. *Padua. Before BAPTISTA'S house.*

Enter TRANIO, and the Pedant dressed like VINCENTIO.

Tra. Sir, this is the house : please it you that I call ?

Ped. Ay, what else ? and but I be deceived
Signior Baptista may remember me,
Near twenty years ago, in Genoa,
Where we were lodgers at the Pegasus.

Tra. 'T is well ; and hold your own, in any case,
With such austerity as 'longeth to a father.

Ped. I warrant you.

Enter BIONDELLO.

But, sir, here comes your boy ;
'T were good he were school'd.

Tra. Fear you not him. Sirrah Biondello,
Now do your duty thoroughly, I advise you :
Imagine 't were the right Vincentio.

10

Bion. Tut, fear not me.

Tra. But hast thou done thy errand to Baptista ?

Bion. I told him that your father was at Venice,
And that you look'd for him this day in Padua.

Tra. Thou 'rt a tall fellow : hold thee that to drink.
Here comes Baptista : set your countenance, sir.

Enter BAPTISTA and LUCENTIO.

Signior Baptista, you are happily met.

[*To the Pedant.*] Sir, this is the gentleman I told you of : 20
I pray you, stand good father to me now,
Give me Bianca for my patrimony.

Ped. Soft, son !

¹⁸² some seven o'clock = in the morning ; dinner was about noon, rather before than after.

¹⁸⁷ a tall fellow. Tall was a general term of strong but vague commendation.

Sir, by your leave : having come this day in Padua
 To gather in some debts, my son Lucentio
 Made me acquainted with a weighty cause
 Of love between your daughter and himself :
 And, for the good report I hear of you
 And for the love he beareth to your daughter
 And she to him, to stay him not too long,
 I am content, in a good father's care,
 To have him match'd ; and if you please to like
 No worse than I, upon some agreement
 Me shall you find ready and willing
 With one consent to have her so bestow'd ;
 For curious I cannot be with you,
 Signior Baptista, of whom I hear so well.

30

Bap. Sir, pardon me in what I have to say :
 Your plainness and your shortness please me well.
 Right true it is, your son Lucentio here
 Doth love my daughter and she loveth him,
 Or both dissemble deeply their affections :
 And therefore, if you say no more than this,
 That like a father you will deal with him
 And pass my daughter a sufficient dower,
 The match is made, and all is done :
 Your son shall have my daughter with consent.

40

Tra. I thank you, sir. Where then do you know best
 We be affied and such assurance ta'en
 As shall with either part's agreement stand ?

50

Bap. Not in my house, Lucentio ; for, you know,
 Pitchers have ears, and I have many servants :
 Besides, old Gremio is hearkening still ;
 And happily we might be interrupted.

Tra. Then at my lodging, an it like you :
 There doth my father lie ; and there, this night,
 We'll pass the business privately and well.
 Send for your daughter by your servant here ;
 My boy shall fetch the scrivener presently.
 The worst is this, that, at so slender warning,
 You are like to have a thin and slender pittance.

60

Bap. It likes me well. Biondello, hie you home,
 And bid Bianca make her ready straight ;
 And, if you will, tell what hath happened,
 Lucentio's father is arriv'd in Padua,
 And how she's like to be Lucentio's wife.

Bion. I pray the gods she may with all my heart !

Tra. Dally not with the gods, but get thee gone. [Exit Bion.]
 Signior Baptista, shall I lead the way ?

⁴⁹ *affied* = affianced, formally contracted in marriage.

Welcome! one mess is like to be your cheer:

70

Come, sir; we will better it in Pisa.

Bap. I follow you.

[*Ereunt Tranio, Pedant, and Baptista.*

Re-enter BIONDELLO.

Bion. Cambio!

Luc. What say'st thou, Biondello?

Bion. You saw my master wink and laugh upon you?

Luc. Biondello, what of that?

Bion. Faith, nothing; but has left me here behind, to expound the meaning or moral of his signs and tokens.

Luc. I pray thee, moralize them.

79

Bion. Then thus. Baptista is safe, talking with the deceiving father of a deceitful son.

Luc. And what of him?

Bion. His daughter is to be brought by you to the supper.

Luc. And then?

Bion. The old priest of Saint Luke's church is at your command at all hours.

Luc. And what of all this?

Bion. I cannot tell; expect they are busied about a counterfeit assurance: take you assurance of her, "*cum privilegio ad imprimendum solum*:" to the church; take the priest, clerk, and some sufficient honest witnesses:

91

If this be not that you look for, I have no more to say, But bid Bianca farewell for ever and a day.

Luc. Hear'st thou, Biondello?

Bion. I cannot tarry: I knew a wench married in an afternoon as she went to the garden for parsley to stuff a rabbit; and so may you, sir: and so, adieu, sir. My master hath appointed me to go to Saint Luke's, to bid the priest be ready to come against you come with your appendix.

[*Exit.*

Luc. I may, and will, if she be so contented:

100

She will be pleased; then wherefore should I doubt?

Hap what hap may, I'll roundly go about her:

It shall go hard if Cambio go without her.

[*Exit*

SCENE V. *A public road.*

Enter PETRUCHIO, KATHERINA, HORTENSIO, and Servants.

Pet. Come on, i' God's name; once more toward our father's. Good Lord, how bright and goodly shines the moon!

Kath. The moon! the sun: it is not moonlight now.

⁷⁰ *one mess*: that is, only enough for four.

⁸⁰ *cum privilegio*, etc.: "with the sole right of putting to press" (Lat.); a phrase conferring, or rather asserting and recording, copyright.

⁹⁹ *appendix*: another book-phrase, meaning the woman that Lucentio will append to himself.

Pet. I say it is the moon that shines so bright.

Kath. I know it is the sun that shines so bright.

Pet. Now, by my mother's son, and that's myself,
It shall be moon, or star, or what I list,
Or ere I journey to your father's house.
Go on, and fetch our horses back again.
Evermore cross'd and cross'd; nothing but cross'd!

10

Hor. Say as he says, or we shall never go.

Kath. Forward, I pray, since we have come so far,
And be it moon, or sun, or what you please:
An if you please to call it a rush-candle,
Henceforth I vow it shall be so for me.

Pet. I say it is the moon.

Kath. I know it is the moon.

Pet. Nay, then you lie: it is the blessed sun.

Kath. Then, God be bless'd, it is the blessed sun:
But sun it is not, when you say it is not;
And the moon changes even as your mind.
What you will have it nam'd, even that it is;
And so it shall be so for Katherine.

20

Hor. Petruchio, go thy ways; the field is won.

Pet. Well, forward, forward! thus the bowl should run,
And not unluckily against the bias.
But, soft! company is coming here.

Enter VINCENTIO.

[*To Vincentio.*] Good morrow, gentle mistress: where away?
Tell me, sweet Kate, and tell me truly too,
Hast thou beheld a fresher gentlewoman?
Such war of white and red within her cheeks!
What stars do spangle heaven with such beauty,
As those two eyes become that heavenly face?
Fair lovely maid, once more good day to thee.
Sweet Kate, embrace her for her beauty's sake.

30

Hor. A' will make the man mad, to make a woman of him.

Kath. Young budding virgin, fair and fresh and sweet,
Whither away, or where is thy abode?
Happy the parents of so fair a child;
Happier the man, whom favourable stars
Allot thee for his lovely bed-fellow!

40

Pet. Why, how now, Kate! I hope thou art not mad:
This is a man, old, wrinkled, faded, wither'd,
And not a maiden, as thou say'st he is.

Kath. Pardon, old father, my mistaking eyes,
That have been so bedazzled with the sun
That every thing I look on seemeth green:

²⁵ against the bias. The bowl or ball was biased by a weight.

Now I perceive thou art a reverend father ;
Pardon, I pray thee, for my mad mistaking.

Pet. Do, good old grandsire ; and withal make known
Which way thou travellest : if along with us,
We shall be joyful of thy company.

50

Vin. Fair sir, and you my merry mistress,
That with your strange encounter much amaz'd me,
My name is call'd Vincentio ; my dwelling Pisa ;
And bound I am to Padua ; there to visit
A son of mine, which long I have not seen.

Pet. What is his name ?

Vin. Lucentio, gentle sir.

Pet. Happily met ; the happier for thy son.

And now by law, as well as reverend age,
I may entitle thee my loving father :

60

The sister to my wife, this gentlewoman,
Thy son by this hath married. Wonder not,
Nor be not grieved : she is of good esteem,
Her dowry wealthy, and of worthy birth ;
Beside, so qualified as may beseem
The spouse of any noble gentleman.
Let me embrace with old Vincentio,
And wander we to see thy honest son,
Who will of thy arrival be full joyous.

Vin. But is this true ? or is it else your pleasure,
Like pleasant travellers, to break a jest
Upon the company you overtake ?

70

Hor. I do assure thee, father, so it is.

Pet. Come, go along, and see the truth hereof ;
For our first merriment hath made thee jealous.

[*Exeunt all but Hortensio.*]

Hor. Well, Petruchio, this has put me in heart.
Have to my widow ! and if she be froward,
Then hast thou taught Hortensio to be untoward.

[*Exit.*]

ACT V.

SCENE I. Padua. Before LUCENTIO'S house.

GREMIO discovered. Enter behind BIONDELLO, LUCENTIO, and BIANCA.

Bion. Softly and swiftly, sir ; for the priest is ready.

Luc. I fly, Biondello : but they may chance to need thee at home ; therefore leave us.

Bion. Nay, faith, I'll see the church o' your back ; and then come back to my master's as soon as I can.

[*Exeunt Lucentio, Bianca, and Biondello.*]

Gre. I marvel Cambio comes not all this while.

Enter PETRUCHIO, KATHERINA, VINCENTIO, GRUMIO, with Attendants.

Pet. Sir, here 's the door, this is Lucentio's house :
My father's bears more toward the market-place ;
Thither must I, and here I leave you, sir.

Vin. You shall not choose but drink before you go : 10
I think I shall command your welcome here,
And, by all likelihood, some cheer is toward. [Knocks.]

Gre. They 're busy within ; you were best knock louder.

Pedant looks out of the window.

Ped. What 's he that knocks as he would beat down the gate ?

Vin. Is Signior Lucentio within, sir ?

Ped. He 's within, sir, but not to be spoken withal.

Vin. What if a man bring him a hundred pound or two, to
make merry withal ?

Ped. Keep your hundred pounds to yourself : he shall need
none, so long as I live. 20

Pet. Nay, I told you your son was well beloved in Padua.
Do you hear, sir ? To leave frivolous circumstances, I pray
you, tell Signior Lucentio that his father is come from Pisa and
is here at the door to speak with him.

Ped. Thou liest : his father is come from Pisa and is here
looking out at the window.

Vin. Art thou his father ?

Ped. Ay, sir ; so his mother says, if I may believe her.

Pet. [To Vincentio.] Why, how now, gentleman ! why, this
is flat knavery, to take upon you another man's name. 30

Ped. Lay hands on the villain : I believe a' means to cozen
somebody in this city under my countenance.

Re-enter BIONDELLO.

Bion. I have seen them in the church together : God send
'em good shipping ! But who is here ? mine old master Vincen-
tio ! now we are undone and brought to nothing.

Vin. [Seeing Biondello.] Come hither, crack-hemp.

Bion. I hope I may choose, sir.

Vin. Come hither, you rogue. What, have you forgot me ?

Bion. Forgot you ! no, sir : I could not forget you, for I
never saw you before in all my life. 40

Vin. What, you notorious villain, didst thou never see thy
master's father, Vincentio ?

Bion. What, my old worshipful old master ? yes, marry, sir :
see where he looks out of the window.

Vin. Is 't so, indeed ?

[Beats Biondello.]

Bion. Help, help, help ! here 's a madman will murder me.

[Exit.]

Ped. Help, son! help, Signior Baptista! [Exit from above.]

Pet. Prithee, Kate, let 's stand aside and see the end of this controversy. [They retire.]

Re-enter Pedant below; TRANIO, BAPTISTA, and Servants.

Tra. Sir, what are you that offer to beat my servant? 5c

Vin. What am I, sir! nay, what are you, sir? O immortal gods! O fine villain! A silken doublet! a velvet hose! a scarlet cloak! and a copatain hat! O, I am undone! I am undone! while I play the good husband at home, my son and my servant spend all at the university.

Tra. How now! what 's the matter?

Bap. What, is the man lunatic?

Tra. Sir, you seem a sober ancient gentleman by your habit, but your words show you a madman. Why, sir, what 'cerns it you if I wear pearl and gold? I thank my good father, I am able to maintain it. 61

Vin. Thy father! O villain! he is a sail-maker in Bergamo.

Bap. You mistake, sir, you mistake, sir. Pray, what do you think is his name?

Vin. His name! as if I knew not his name: I have brought him up ever since he was three years old, and his name is Tranio.

Ped. Away, away, mad ass! his name is Lucentio; and he is mine only son, and heir to the lands of me, Signior Vincentio.

Vin. Lucentio! O, he hath murthred his master! Lay hold on him, I charge you, in the Duke's name. O, my son, my son! Tell me, thou villain, where is my son Lucentio?

Tra. Call forth an officer.

Enter one with an officer.

Carry this mad knave to the gaol. Father Baptista, I charge you see that he be forthcoming.

Vin. Carry me to the gaol!

Gre. Stay, officer: he shall not go to prison.

Bap. Talk not, Signior Gremio: I say he shall go to prison.

Gre. Take heed, Signior Baptista, lest you be cony-catch'd in this business: I dare swear this is the right Vincentio. 80

Ped. Swear, if thou dar'st.

Gre. Nay, I dare not swear it.

Tra. Then thou wert best say that I am not Lucentio.

Gre. Yes, I know thee to be Signior Lucentio.

Bap. Away with the dotard! to the gaol with him!

Vin. Thus strangers may be hal'd and abus'd:

O monstrous villain!

⁵³ *copatain hat*: of uncertain meaning, but probably a high-crowned hat.

⁵⁴ *the good husband* = one who husbands his means well: husband = house-bond.

⁷⁹ *cony-catch'd* = tricked, deceived.

Re-enter BIONDELLO, with LUCENTIO and BIANCA.

Bion. O! we are spoil'd and — yonder he is: deny him, forswear him, or else we are all undone.

Luc. [*Kneeling.*] Pardon, sweet father.

Vin. Lives my sweet son?

[*Exeunt Biondello, Tranio, and Pedant, as fast as may be.*]

Bian. Pardon, dear father.

Bap. How hast thou offended?

Where is Lucentio?

Luc. Here 's Lucentio,

Right son to the right Vincentio;

That have by marriage made thy daughter mine,

While counterfeit supposes blear'd thine eyne.

Gre. Here 's packing, with a witness, to deceive us all!

Vin. Where is that damned villain Tranio,
That fac'd and brav'd me in this matter so?

Bap. Why, tell me, is not this my Cambio?

Bian. Cambio is changed into Lucentio.

100

Luc. Love wrought these miracles. Bianca's love
Made me exchange my state with Tranio,

While he did bear my countenance in the town;

And happily I have arrived at the last

Unto the wished haven of my bliss.

What Tranio did, myself enforc'd him to;

Then pardon him, sweet father, for my sake.

Vin. I'll slit the villain's nose, that would have sent me to
the gaol.

109

Bap. But do you hear, sir? have you married my daughter
without asking my good will?

Vin. Fear not, Baptista; we will content you, go to: but I
will in, to be reveng'd for this villany.

[*Exit.*]

Bap. And I, to sound the depth of this knavery.

[*Exit.*]

Luc. Look not pale, Bianca; thy father will not frown.

[*Exeunt Lucentio and Bianca.*]

Gre. My cake is dough; but I'll in among the rest,
Out of hope of all, but my share of the feast.

[*Exit.*]

Kath. Husband, let's follow, to see the end of this ado.

Pet. First kiss me, Kate, and we will.

Kath. What, in the midst of the street?

120

Pet. What, art thou asham'd of me?

Kath. No, sir, God forbid; but asham'd to kiss.

Pet. Why, then let's home again. Come, sirrah, let's away.

Kath. Nay, I will give thee a kiss: now pray thee, love, stay.

⁹⁶ *packing* = plotting, corruption. We still say that a jury is packed.

¹²⁴ *now pray thee, love, stay* = be satisfied, have enough; as we still say, "stay your stomach."

Pet. Is not this well? Come, my sweet Kate:
Better once than never, for never too late.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *Padua.* LUCENTIO'S house.

Enter BAPTISTA, VINCENTIO, GREMIO, *the Pedant*, LUCENTIO, BIANCA, PETRUCHIO, KATHERINA, HORTENSIO, *and* Widow, TRANIO, BRONDELLO, *and* GRUMIO: *the Servingmen with Tranio bringing in a banquet.*

Luc. At last, though long, our jarring notes agree:
And time it is, when raging war is done,
To smile at scapes and perils overblown.
My fair Bianca, bid my father welcome,
While I with self-same kindness welcome thine.
Brother Petruchio, sister Katherina,
And thou, Hortensio, with thy loving widow,
Feast with the best, and welcome to my house:
My banquet is to close our stomachs up,
After our great good cheer. Pray you, sit down;
For now we sit to chat as well as eat.

10

Pet. Nothing but sit and sit, and eat and eat!

Bap. Padua affords this kindness, son Petruchio.

Pet. Padua affords nothing but what is kind.

Hor. For both our sakes, I would that word were true.

Pet. Now, for my life, Hortensio fears his widow.

Wid. Then never trust me, if I be afeard.

Pet. You are very sensible, and yet you miss my sense:
I mean, Hortensio is afeard of you.

Wid. He that is giddy thinks the world turns round.

20

Pet. Roundly replied.

Kath. Mistress, how mean you that?

Wid. Thus I conceive by him.

Pet. Conceive by me! How likes Hortensio that?

Hor. My widow says, thus she conceives her tale.

Pet. Very well mended. Kiss him for that, good widow.

Kath. "He that is giddy thinks the world turns round:"
I pray you, tell me what you meant by that.

Wid. Your husband, being troubled with a shrew,
Measures my husband's sorrow by his woe:
And now you know my meaning.

30

Kath. A very mean meaning.

Wid. Right, I mean you.

Kath. And I am mean indeed, respecting you.

Pet. To her, Kate!

⁹ *banquet* = dessert, which was served at a second table, and sometimes in another room; pronounced *banket*.

¹⁶ *fears his widow*: fear was used to mean both to feel fear and to cause fear; whence such quibbling as that of the next two speeches.

²⁸ *shrew* — *woe* = a perfect rhyme again. See the last lines of the play.

Hor. To her, widow!

Pet. A hundred marks, my Kate does put her down.

Hor. That's my office.

Pet. Spoke like an officer: ha' to thee, lad! [*Drinks to Hortensio.*]

Bap. How likes Gremio these quick-witted folks?

Gre. Believe me, sir, they butt together well.

Bian. Head, and butt! an hasty-witted body 40

Would say your head and butt were head and horn.

Vin. Ay, mistress bride, hath that awaken'd you?

Bian. Ay, but not frightened me; therefore I'll sleep again.

Pet. Nay, that you shall not: since you have begun,
Have at you for a bitter jest or two!

Bian. Am I your bird? I mean to shift my bush;
And then pursue me as you draw your bow.

You are welcome all. [*Exeunt Bianca, Katherine, and Widow.*]

Pet. She hath prevented me. Here, Signior Tranio,

This bird you aim'd at, though you hit her not; 50

Therefore a health to all that shot and miss'd.

Tra. O, sir, Lucentio slipp'd me like his greyhound,
Which runs himself and catches for his master.

Pet. A good swift simile, but something currish.

Tra. 'Tis well, sir, that you hunted for yourself:
'T is thought your deer does hold you at a bay.

Bap. O ho, Petruchio! Tranio hits you now.

Luc. I thank thee for that gird, good Tranio.

Hor. Confess, confess, hath he not hit you here?

Pet. A' has a little gall'd me, I confess; 60

And, as the jest did glance away from me,

'T is ten to one it maim'd you two outright.

Bap. Now, in good sadness, son Petruchio,

I think thou hast the veriest shrew of all.

Pet. Well, I say no: and therefore for assurance

Let's each one send unto his wife;

And he whose wife is most obedient

To come at first when he doth send for her,

Shall win the wager which we will propose.

Hor. Content. What is the wager?

Luc. Twenty crowns. 70

Pet. Twenty crowns!

I'll venture so much of my hawk or hound,

But twenty times so much upon my wife.

Luc. A hundred then.

Hor. Content.

Pet. A match! 't is done.

Hor. Who shall begin?

Luc. That will I.

Go, Biondello, bid your mistress come to me.

Bion. I go.

[*Exit.*

Bap. Son, I'll be your half, Bianca comes.

Luc. I'll have no halves; I'll bear it all myself.

Re-enter BIONDELLO.

How now! what news?

Bion. Sir, my mistress sends you word 80

That she is busy and she cannot come.

Pet. How! she is busy and she cannot come!

Is that an answer?

Gre. Ay, and a kind one too:

Pray God, sir, your wife send you not a worse.

Pet. I hope, better.

Hor. Sirrah Biondello, go and entreat my wife
To come to me forthwith.

[*Exit Bion.*

Pet. O, ho! entreat her!

Nay, then she must needs come.

Hor. I am afraid, sir,

Do what you can, yours will not be entreated.

Re-enter BIONDELLO.

Now, where's my wife?

90

Bion. She says you have some goodly jest in hand:

She will not come; she bids you come to her.

Pet. Worse and worse; she will not come! O vile,

Intolerable, not to be endured!

Sirrah Grumio, go to your mistress;

Say, I command her come to me.

[*Exit Grumio.*

Hor. I know her answer.

Pet. What?

Hor. She will not.

Pet. The fouler fortune mine, and there an end.

Bap. Now, by my holidame, here comes Katherina!

Re-enter KATHERINA.

Kath. What is your will, sir, that you send for me? 100

Pet. Where is your sister, and Hortensio's wife?

Kath. They sit conferring by the parlour fire.

Pet. Go, fetch them hither: if they deny to come,

Swinge me them soundly forth unto their husbands:

Away, I say, and bring them hither straight. [*Exit Katherina.*

Luc. Here is a wonder, if you talk of a wonder.

Hor. And so it is: I wonder what it bodes.

Pet. Marry, peace it bodes, and love and quiet life,
And awful rule and right supremacy;

And, to be short, what not, that's sweet and happy? 110

Bap. Now, fair befall thee, good Petruchio!

The wager thou hast won; and I will add

⁹⁰ *holidame* = holy dame = the Virgin.

Unto their losses twenty thousand crowns ;
 Another dowry to another daughter,
 For she is chang'd, as she had never been.

Pet. Nay, I will win my wager better yet
 And show more sign of her obedience,
 Her new-built virtue and obedience.
 See where she comes and brings your froward wives
 As prisoners to her womanly persuasion.

120

Re-enter KATHERINA, with BIANCA and Widow.

Katherine, that cap of yours becomes you not :
 Off with that bauble, throw it under-foot. [*Kate throws down her cap.*]

Wid. Lord, let me never have cause to sigh,
 Till I be brought to such a silly pass !

Bian. Fie ! what a foolish duty call you this ?

Luc. I would your duty were as foolish too :
 The wisdom of your duty, fair Bianca,
 Hath cost me an hundred crowns since supper-time.

Bian. The more fool you, for laying on my duty. 129

Pet. Katherine, I charge thee, tell these headstrong women
 What duty they do owe their lords and husbands.

Wid. Come, come, you 're mocking : we will have no telling.

Pet. Come on, I say ; and first begin with her.

Wid. She shall not.

Pet. I say she shall : and first begin with her.

Kath. Fie, fie ! unknit that threatening unkind brow,
 And dart not scornful glances from those eyes,
 To wound thy lord, thy king, thy governor :
 It blots thy beauty as frosts do bite the meads,
 Confounds thy fame as whirlwinds shake fair buds,
 And in no sense is meet or amiable.

140

A woman mov'd is like a fountain troubled,
 Muddy, ill-seeming, thick, bereft of beauty ;
 And while it is so, none so dry or thirsty
 Will deign to sip or touch one drop of it.
 Thy husband is thy lord, thy life, thy keeper,
 Thy head, thy sovereign ; one that cares for thee,
 And for thy maintenance commits his body
 To painful labour both by sea and land,
 To watch the night in storms, the day in cold,
 Whilst thou liest warm at home, secure and safe ;
 And craves no other tribute at thy hands
 But love, fair looks and true obedience ;
 Too little payment for so great a debt.
 Such duty as the subject owes the prince

150

¹¹⁸ *and obedience*: probably corrupt ; but no acceptable emendation has been proposed.

Even such a woman oweth to her husband ;
 And when she is froward, peevish, sullen, sour,
 And not obedient to his honest will,
 What is she but a foul contending rebel
 And graceless traitor to her loving lord ?
 I am asham'd that women are so simple
 To offer war where they should kneel for peace,
 Or seek for rule, supremacy and sway,
 When they are bound to serve, love and obey.
 Why are our bodies soft and weak and smooth,
 Unapt to toil and trouble in the world,
 But that our soft conditions and our hearts
 Should well agree with our external parts ?
 Come, come, you froward and unable worms !
 My mind hath been as big as one of yours,
 My heart as great, my reason haply more,
 To bandy word for word and frown for frown ;
 But now I see our lances are but straws,
 Our strength as weak, our weakness past compare,
 That seeming to be most which we indeed least are.
 Then vail your stomachs, for it is no boot,
 And place your hands below your husband's foot :
 In token of which duty, if he please,
 My hand is ready ; may it do him ease.

160

170

179

Pet. Why, there 's a wench ! Come on, and kiss me, Kate.

Luc. Well, go thy ways, old lad ; for thou shalt ha 't.

Vin. 'T is a good hearing when children are toward.

Luc. But a harsh hearing when women are froward.

Pet. Come, Kate, we 'll to bed.

We three are married, but you two are sped.

[*To Luc.*] 'T was I won the wager, though you hit the white ;
 And, being a winner, God give you good night !

[*Exeunt Petruchio and Katherine.*]

Hor. Now, go thy ways ; thou hast tamed a curst shrew.

Luc. 'T is a wonder, by your leave, she will be tamed so.

[*Exeunt.*]

¹⁷⁰ *vail your stomachs.* To vail is to lower, to abate ; stomach was used for strong desire, courage, wilfulness.

¹⁸⁰ *Kate — ha 't :* a perfect rhyme, *have* having been pronounced to rhyme with *rave*.

¹⁸⁵ *sped* = done for.

ALL'S WELL THAT ENDS WELL.

INTRODUCTION.

SHAKESPEARE found the story which he wrought into this play in Paynter's *Palace of Pleasure*. That version of it is a translation of the Ninth novel of the Third Day of the *Decameron*. He, or somebody before him, made some changes in the plot of the story, but they were unimportant. It furnishes the substance of the drama and all its principal personages, except the Countess, Parolles, the Clown, and Lafeu. *All's Well that Ends Well* is one of the most interesting of the second class of Shakespeare's works; and, indeed, it contains some passages which for their marvelous revelation of the inmost soul of the speakers, and others which for a deep reflectiveness, now solemn, now almost reckless in their daring, are hardly inferior in value to his best work in his greatest tragedies. But it is, of all his plays, the most perplexing to his editors. Its style is in many passages exceptionally elliptical and careless, even for Shakespeare; and the condition of the text in the folio of 1623, our only authority for it, is deplorable. Nor is the play homogeneous. Even were we sure that there is in it no trace of any other hand, it is certainly the product of two periods of Shakespeare's dramatic life. Before 1598 he had written a play called, as Meres tells us, *Love's Labours Won*, and there can be little doubt that this was an early form of *All's Well that Ends Well*, in the writing of which I suspect that he had the coöperation — we cannot say the help — of another playwright. This was, I am sure, as early as 1593 or 1594, if not earlier. But the style of the passages which are remarked upon above is that in which Shakespeare wrote ten years later. Moreover, both the French officers who figure in this play as Lords are somewhat strangely named Dumain, which is also the name of that one of the king's brothers-in-love, in *Love's Labour's Lost*, who is an officer in the army; which, when taken in connection with other circumstances, suggests some relation between the two comedies. Hence it seems pretty sure that *Love's Labours Won* was produced not long after *Love's Labour's Lost*, and was worked over into *All's Well that Ends Well*, about 1603. The period of the action seems to be some time in the early part of the fourteenth century.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

KING OF FRANCE.	WIDOW, Countess of Rousillon.
DUKE OF FLORENCE.	HELENA, a gentlewoman protected by the Countess.
BERTRAM, Count of Rousillon.	An old Widow of Florence.
LAFEU, an old lord.	DIANA, daughter to the Widow.
PAROLLES, a follower of Bertram.	VIOLENTA, { neighbours and friends
Two French Lords.	MARIANA, { to the Widow.
Steward, } to the Countess of Rousil-	Lords, Officers, Soldiers, etc., French
Clown, } lon.	and Florentine.
A Page.	

SCENE: Rousillon ; Paris ; Florence ; Marseilles.

ALL'S WELL THAT ENDS WELL.

ACT I.

SCENE I. *Rousillon. The Count's palace.*

Enter BERTRAM, the COUNTESS of ROUSILLON, HELENA, and LAFEU, all in black.

Count. In delivering my son from me, I bury a second husband.

Ber. And I in going, madam, weep o'er my father's death anew : but I must attend his majesty's command, to whom I am now in ward, evermore in subjection.

Laf. You shall find of the King a husband, madam ; you, sir, a father : he that so generally is at all times good must of necessity hold his virtue to you ; whose worthiness would stir it up where it wanted rather than lack it where there is such abundance. 10

Count. What hope is there of his majesty's amendment ?

Laf. He hath abandon'd his physicians, madam ; under whose practices he hath persecuted time with hope, and finds no other advantage in the process but only the losing of hope by time.

Count. This young gentlewoman had a father, — O, that "had" ! how sad a passage 't is ! — whose skill was almost as great as his honesty ; had it stretch'd so far, would have made nature immortal, and death should have play for lack of work. Would, for the King's sake, he were living ! I think it would be the death of the King's disease. 21

Laf. How call'd you the man you speak of, madam ?

Count. He was famous, sir, in his profession, and it was his great right to be so : Gerard de Narbon.

Laf. He was excellent indeed, madam : the King very lately spoke of him admiringly and mourningly : he was skilful enough to have liv'd still, if knowledge could be set up against mortality.

Ber. What is it, my good lord, the King languishes of ?

⁵ *ward.* Heirs of great feudal estates, not of age, were the king's wards.

⁶ *of the king :* a French construction, *de par le Roi*, and yet not uncommon in the English of S.'s time.

Laf. A fistula, my lord.

30

Ber. I heard not of it before.

Laf. I would it were not notorious. Was this gentlewoman the daughter of Gerard de Narbon?

Count. His sole child, my lord, and bequeathed to my overlooking. I have those hopes of her good that her education promises; her dispositions she inherits, which makes fair gifts fairer; for where an unclean mind carries virtuous qualities, there commendations go with pity; they are virtues and traitors too: in her they are the better for their simpleness; she derives her honesty and achieves her goodness.

40

Laf. Your commendations, madam, get from her tears.

Count. 'Tis the best brine a maiden can season her praise in. The remembrance of her father never approaches her heart but the tyranny of her sorrows takes all livelihood from her cheek. No more of this, Helena; go to, no more; lest it be rather thought you affect a sorrow than to have.

Hel. I do affect a sorrow indeed, but I have it too.

Laf. Moderate lamentation is the right of the dead, excessive grief the enemy to the living.

49

Count. If the living be enemy to the grief, the excess makes it soon mortal.

Ber. Madam, I desire your holy wishes.

Laf. How understand we that?

Count. Be thou blest, Bertram, and succeed thy father
In manners, as in shape! thy blood and virtue
Contend for empire in thee, and thy goodness
Share with thy birthright! Love all, trust a few,
Do wrong to none: be able for thine enemy
Rather in power than use, and keep thy friend
Under thy own life's key: be check'd for silence,
But never tax'd for speech. What Heaven more will,
That thee may furnish and my prayers pluck down,
Fall on thy head! Farewell, my lord;
'Tis an unseason'd courtier; good my lord,
Advise him.

60

Laf. He cannot want the best
That shall attend his love.

Count. Heaven bless him! Farewell, Bertram.

[Exit.]

Ber. [To Helena.] The best wishes that can be forg'd in your thoughts be servants to you! Be comfortable to my mother, your mistress, and make much of her.

70

³⁰ *fistula*. "The French king had a swelling upon his breast, which, by reason of ill cure, was grown into a fistula;" thus the old tale.

⁴⁴ *livelihood* = liveliness.

⁴⁶ *you affect a sorrow than to have*. Not corrupt, nor Shakespeare's grammar; mere heedless writing.

⁶¹ *tax'd* = censured.

Laf. Farewell, pretty lady : you must hold the credit of your father.

[*Exeunt Bertram and Lafeu.*]

Hel. O, were that all ! I think not on my father ;
And these great tears grace his remembrance more
Than those I shed for him. What was he like ?

I have forgot him : my imagination
Carries no favour in 't but Bertram's.
I am undone : there is no living, none,
If Bertram be away. 'T were all one

That I should love a bright particular star
And think to wed it, he is so above me :

In his bright radiance and collateral light
Must I be comforted, not in his sphere.

The ambition in my love thus plagues itself :

The hind that would be mated by the lion

Must die for love. 'T was pretty, though a plague,

To see him every hour ; to sit and draw

His arched brows, his hawking eye, his curls,

In our heart's table ; heart too capable

Of every line and trick of his sweet favour :

But now he's gone, and my idolatrous fancy

Must sanctify his reliques. Who comes here ?

Enter PAROLLES.

[*Aside.*] One that goes with him : I love him for his sake ;

And yet I know him a notorious liar,

Think him a great way fool, solely a coward ;

Yet these fix'd evils sit so fit in him,

That they take place, when virtue's steely bones

Look bleak i' th' cold wind : withal, full oft we see

Cold wisdom waiting on superfluous folly.

Par. Save you, fair queen !

100

Hel. And you, monarch !

Par. No.

Hel. And no.

Par. Are you meditating on virginity ?

Hel. Ay. You have some stain of soldier in you : let me ask
you a question. Man is enemy to virginity ; how may we bar-
ricado it against him ?

Par. Keep him out.

Hel. But he assails ; and our virginity, though valiant in the
defence, yet is weak : unfold to us some warlike resistance. 110

Par. There is none : man, sitting down before you, will un-
dermine you and blow you up.

Hel. Bless our poor virginity from underminers and blowers
up ! Is there no military policy, how virgins might blow up
men ?

Par. Virginity being blown down, man will quicklier be blown up: marry, in blowing him down again, with the breach yourselves made, you lose your city. It is not politic in the commonwealth of nature to preserve virginity. Loss of virginity is rational increase, and there was never virgin got till virginity was first lost. That you were made of is metal to make virgins. Virginity by being once lost may be ten times found; by being ever kept, it is ever lost: 't is too cold a companion; away with 't!

Hel. I will stand for 't a little, though therefore I die a virgin.

Par. There's little can be said in 't; 't is against the rule of nature. To speak on the part of virginity, is to accuse your mothers; which is most infallible disobedience. He that hangs himself is a virgin: virginity murders itself; and should be buried in highways out of all sanctified limit, as a desperate offendress against nature. Virginity breeds mites, much like a cheese; consumes itself to the very paring, and so dies with feeding his own stomach. Besides, virginity is peevish, proud, idle, made of self-love, which is the most inhibited sin in the canon. Keep it not; you cannot choose but lose by 't: out with 't! within one year it will make itself two, which is a goodly increase, and the principal itself not much the worse: away with 't!

139

Hel. How might one do, sir, to lose it to her own liking?

Par. Let me see: marry, ill, to like him that ne'er it likes. 'T is a commodity will lose the gloss with lying; the longer kept, the less worth: off with 't while 't is vendible; answer the time of request. Virginity, like an old courtier, wears her cap out of fashion: richly suited, but unsuitable: just like the brooch and the tooth-pick, which wear not now. Your date is better in your pie and your porridge than in your cheek: and your virginity, your old virginity, is like one of our French wither'd pears, it looks ill, it eats drily; marry, 't is a wither'd pear; it was formerly better; marry, yet 't is a wither'd pear: will you any thing with it?

151

Hel. Not my virginity yet . . .

There shall your master have a thousand loves,
A mother and a mistress and a friend,
A phoenix, captain and an enemy,
A guide, a goddess, and a sovereign,
A counsellor, a traitress, and a dear;
His humble ambition, proud humility,

¹³⁴ *his own stomach*: for its own, etc.; the possessive form of *it* having not come into use when this play was written.

¹⁵² *Not my virginity yet*. After these words something has been lost. It plainly referred to the Court and to Bertram. The affected phrases which follow were Court fashions of speech about Court fashions of conduct.

His jarring concord, and his discord dulcet,
 His faith, his sweet disaster; with a world
 Of pretty, fond, adoptious christendoms,
 That blinking Cupid gossips. Now shall he —
 I know not what he shall. God send him well!
 The court's a learning place, and he is one —

160

Par. What one, i' faith?

Hel. That I wish well. 'Tis pity —

Par. What's pity?

Hel. That wishing well had not a body in 't,
 Which might be felt; that we, the poorer born,
 Whose baser stars do shut us up in wishes,
 Might with effects of them follow our friends,
 And show what we alone must think, which never
 Returns us thanks.

170

Enter Page.

Page. Monsieur Parolles, my lord calls for you.

[*Exit.*

Par. Little Helen, farewell: if I can remember thee, I will think of thee at court.

Hel. Monsieur Parolles, you were born under a charitable star.

Par. Under Mars, I.

Hel. I especially think, under Mars.

180

Par. Why under Mars?

Hel. The wars have so kept you under that you must needs be born under Mars.

Par. When he was predominant.

Hel. When he was retrograde, I think, rather.

Par. Why think you so?

Hel. You go so much backward when you fight.

Par. That's for advantage.

Hel. So is running away, when fear proposes the safety: but the composition that your valour and fear makes in you is a virtue of a good wing, and I like the wear well.

191

Par. I am so full of businesses, I cannot answer thee acutely. I will return perfect courtier; in the which, my instruction shall serve to naturalize thee, so thou wilt be capable of a courtier's counsel and understand what advice shall thrust upon thee; else thou diest in thine unthankfulness, and thine ignorance makes thee away: farewell. When thou hast leisure, say thy prayers; when thou hast none, remember thy friends: get thee a good husband, and use him as he uses thee: so, farewell.

[*Exit.*

Hel. Our remedies oft in ourselves do lie,
 Which we ascribe to heaven: the fated sky

, 201

Gives us free scope, only doth backward pull
 Our slow designs when we ourselves are dull.
 What power is it which mounts my love so high,
 That makes me see, and cannot feed mine eye?
 The mightiest space in fortune nature brings
 To join like likes and kiss like native things.
 Impossible be strange attempts to those
 That weigh their pains in sense and do suppose
 What hath been cannot be: who ever strove
 To show her merit, that did miss her love?
 The King's disease — my project may deceive me,
 But my intents are fix'd and will not leave me.

210

[Exit.]

SCENE II. *Paris. The KING's palace.*

Flourish of cornets. Enter the KING OF FRANCE, with letters, and divers Attendants.

King. The Florentines and Senoys are by the ears:
 Have fought with equal fortune and continue
 A braving war.

First Lord. So 't is reported, sir.

King. Nay, 't is most credible; we here receive it
 A certainty, vouch'd from our cousin Austria,
 With caution that the Florentine will move us
 For speedy aid; wherein our dearest friend
 Prejudicates the business, and would seem
 To have us make denial.

First Lord. His love and wisdom,
 Approv'd so to your majesty, may plead
 For amplest credence.

10

King. He hath arm'd our answer,
 And Florence is denied before he comes:
 Yet, for our gentlemen that mean to see
 The Tuscan service, freely have they leave
 To stand on either part.

Sec. Lord. It well may serve
 A nursery to our gentry, who are sick
 For breathing and exploit.

King. What's he comes here?

Enter BERTRAM, LAFEU, and PAROLLES.

First Lord. It is the Count Rousillon, my good lord,
 Young Bertram.

King. Youth, thou bear'st thy father's face;
 Frank nature, rather curious than in haste,
 Hath well compos'd thee. Thy father's moral parts
 Mayst thou inherit too! Welcome to Paris.

20

Ber. My thanks and duty are your majesty's.

¹ *Senoys* = Sienese: the word is from the old novel.

King. I would I had that corporal soundness now,
 As when thy father and myself in friendship
 First tried our soldiership! He did look far
 Into the service of the time, and was
 Discipled of the bravest: he lasted long;
 But on us both did haggish age steal on
 And wore us out of act. It much repairs me 30
 To talk of your good father. In his youth
 He had the wit which I can well observe
 To-day in our young lords; but they may jest
 Till their own scorn return to them unnoted
 Ere they can hide their levity in honour
 So like a courtier. Contempt nor bitterness
 Were in his pride or sharpness; if they were,
 His equal had awak'd them, and his honour,
 Clock to itself, knew the true minute when
 Exception bid him speak, and at this time 40
 His tongue obey'd his hand. Who were below him
 He us'd as creatures of another place,
 And bow'd his eminent top to their low ranks,
 Making them proud of his humility,
 In their poor praise he humbled. Such a man
 Might be a copy to these younger times;
 Which, follow'd well, would demonstrate them now
 But goes backward.

Ber. His good remembrance, sir,
 Lies richer in your thoughts than on his tomb;
 So in approof lives not his epitaph 50
 As in your royal speech.

King. Would I were with him! He would always say —
 Methinks I hear him now; his plausible words
 He scatter'd not in ears, but grafted them,
 To grow there and to bear, — “Let me not live,” —
 Thus his good melancholy oft began,
 On the catastrophe and heel of pastime,
 When it was out, — “Let me not live,” quoth he,
 “After my flame lacks oil, to be the snuff
 Of younger spirits, whose apprehensive senses 60
 All but new things disdain; whose judgements are
 Mere fathers of their garments; whose constancies
 Expire before their fashions.” This he wish'd:
 I after him do after him wish too,
 Since I nor wax nor honey can bring home,

²⁸ *bravest*: one syllable, *brav'st*.

⁴⁵ *In their poor praise*, etc.: obscure; meaning, perhaps, he humbled himself to their poor praise. See Theseus, *Midsummer-Night's Dream*, Act V. Sc. 1, lines 90-100.

⁶⁶ *I nor wax nor honey*: comparing himself to a drone bee.

I quickly were dissolved from my hive,
To give some labourers room.

Sec. Lord.

You are lov'd, sir ;

They that least lend it you shall lack you first.

King. I fill a place, I know 't. How long is 't, count,
Since the physician at your father's died ?

70

He was much fam'd.

Ber.

Some six months since, my lord.

King. If he were living, I would try him yet.

Lend me an arm ; the rest have worn me out
With several applications : nature and sickness
Debate it at their leisure. Welcome, count ;
My son's no dearer.

Ber.

Thank your majesty.

[*Exeunt. Flourish.*]

SCENE III. Rousillon. The COUNT's palace.

Enter COUNTESS, Steward, and Clown.

Count. I will now hear ; what say you of this gentlewoman ?

Stew. Madam, the care I have had to even your content, I wish might be found in the calendar of my past endeavours ; for then we wound our modesty and make foul the clearness of our deservings, when of ourselves we publish them.

Count. What does this knave here ? Get you gone, sirrah : the complaints I have heard of you I do not all believe : 't is my slowness that I do not ; for I know you lack not folly to commit them, and have ability enough to make such knaveries yours.

10

Clo. 'T is not unknown to you, madam, I am a poor fellow.

Count. Well, sir.

Clo. No, madam, 't is not so well that I am poor, though many of the rich are damn'd : but, if I may have your ladyship's good will to go to the world, Isbel your woman and I will do as we may.

Count. Wilt thou needs be a beggar ?

Clo. I do beg your good will in this case.

Count. In what case ?

19

Clo. In Isbel's case and mine own. Service is no heritage : and I think I shall never have the blessing of God till I have issue o' my body ; for they say barnes are blessings.

Count. Tell me thy reason why thou wilt marry.

Clo. My poor body, madam, requires it : I am driven on by the flesh ; and he must needs go that the Devil drives.

Count. Is this all your worship's reason ?

Clo. Faith, madam, I have other holy reasons, such as they are.

⁷⁴ several = different.

¹⁵ go to the world = marry.

Count. May the world know them?

29

Clo. I have been, madam, a wicked creature, as you and all flesh and blood are; and, indeed, I do marry that I may repent.

Count. Thy marriage, sooner than thy wickedness.

Clo. I am out o' friends, madam; and I hope to have friends for my wife's sake.

Count. Such friends are thine enemies, knave.

Clo. Y' are shallow, madam, in great friends; for the knaves come to do that for me which I am aweary of. He that ears my land spares my team and gives me leave to in the crop; if I be his cuckold, he's my drudge: he that comforts my wife is the cherisher of my flesh and blood; he that cherishes my flesh and blood loves my flesh and blood; he that loves my flesh and blood is my friend: ergo, he that kisses my wife is my friend. If men could be contented to be what they are, there were no fear in marriage; for young Charbon the puritan and old Poy-sam the papist, howsome'er their hearts are sever'd in religion, their heads are both one; they may joul horns together, like any deer i' th' herd.

Count. Wilt thou ever be a foul-mouth'd and calumnious knave?

49

Clo. A prophet I, madam; and I speak the truth the next way:

For I the ballad will repeat,
Which men full true shall find;
Your marriage comes by destiny,
Your cuckoo sings by kind.

Count. Get you gone, sir; I'll talk with you more anon.

Stew. May it please you, madam, that he bid Helen come to you: of her I am to speak.

Count. Sirrah, tell my gentlewoman I would speak with her; Helen, I mean.

60

Clo. [*Singing.*] Was this fair face the cause, quoth she,
Why the Grecians sacked Troy?
Fond done, done fond, good sooth it was,
Was this King Priam's joy?
With that she sighed as she stood,
With that she sighed as she stood,
And gave this sentence then;
Among nine bad if one be good,
Among nine bad if one be good,
There's yet one good in ten.

70

Count. What, one good in ten? you corrupt the song, sirrah.

Clo. One good woman in ten, madam; which is a purifying o' the song: would God would serve the world so all the year!

²⁷ ears = ploughs.

⁵⁰ the next way = the nearest way.

we 'ld find no fault with the tithe-woman, if I were the parson. One in ten, quoth a' ! An we might have a good woman born but for every blazing star, or at an earthquake, 't would mend the lottery well : a man may draw his heart out, ere a' pluck one.

Count. You 'll be gone, sir knave, and do as I command you.

Clo. That man should be at woman's command, and yet no hurt done ! Though honesty be no puritan, yet it will do no hurt ; it will wear the surplice of humility over the black gown of a big heart. I am going, forsooth : the business is for Helen to come hither. [Exit.]

Count. Well, now.

Stew. I know, madam, you love your gentlewoman entirely.

Count. Faith, I do : her father bequeath'd her to me ; and she herself, without other advantage, may lawfully make title to as much love as she finds : there is more owing her than is paid ; and more shall be paid her than she 'll demand. 90

Stew. Madam, I was very late more near her than I think she wish'd me : alone she was, and did communicate to herself her own words to her own ears ; she thought, I dare vow for her, they touch'd not any stranger sense. Her matter was, she lov'd your son : Fortune, she said, was no goddess, that had put such difference betwixt their two estates ; Love no god, that would not extend his might, only where qualities were level ; Dian no queen of virgins, that would suffer her poor knight surpris'd, without rescue in the first assault or ransom afterward. This she deliver'd in the most bitter touch of sorrow that e'er I heard virgin exclaim in : which I held my duty speedily to acquaint you withal ; sithence, in the loss that may happen, it concerns you something to know it.

Count. You have discharg'd this honestly ; keep it to yourself : many likelihoods inform'd me of this before, which hung so tottering in the balance that I could neither believe nor misdoubt. Pray you, leave me : stall this in your bosom ; and I thank you for your honest care : I will speak with you further anon. [Exit Steward.]

Enter HELENA.

Even so it was with me when I was young :

110

If ever we are nature's, these are ours ; this thorn
Doth to our rose of youth rightly belong ;
Our blood to us, this to our blood is born ;

⁹⁸ *her poor knight.* So the song in *Much Ado About Nothing*, Act V. Scene 3 :—

“ Pardon, goddess of the night,
Those that slew thy virgin knight.”

¹⁰² *sithence* : old form of *since*.

¹⁰⁷ *stall* = shut up, keep close.

¹¹¹ *these are ours* : that is, these impulses to love.

It is the show and seal of nature's truth,
 Where love's strong passion is impress'd in youth :
 By our remembrances of days foregone,
 Such were our faults, or then we thought them none.
 Her eye is sick on 't: I observe her now.

Hel. What is your pleasure, madam?

Count.

You know, Helen,

I am a mother to you.

120

Hel. Mine honourable mistress.

Count.

Nay, a mother :

Why not a mother? When I said "a mother,"
 Methought you saw a serpent: what's in "mother,"
 That you start at it? I say, I am your mother;
 And put you in the catalogue of those
 That were enwombed mine: 't is often seen
 Adoption strives with nature and choice breeds
 A native slip to us from foreign seeds:
 You ne'er oppress'd me with a mother's groan,
 Yet I express to you a mother's care:
 God's mercy, maiden! does it curd thy blood
 To say I am thy mother? What's the matter,
 That this distemper'd messenger of wet,
 The many-colour'd Iris, rounds thine eye?
 Why? that you are my daughter?

130

Hel.

That I am not.

Count. I say, I am your mother.

Hel.

Pardon, madam;

The Count Rousillon cannot be my brother:
 I am from humble, he from honour'd name;
 No note upon my parents, his all noble:
 My master, my dear lord he is; and I
 His servant live, and will his vassal die:
 He must not be my brother.

140

Count.

Nor I your mother?

Hel. You are my mother, madam; would you were, —
 So that my lord your son were not my brother, —
 Indeed my mother! or were you both our mothers,
 I care no more for than I do for heaven,
 So I were not his sister. Can't no other,
 But, I your daughter, he must be my brother?

Count. Yes, Helen, you might be my daughter-in-law:
 God shield you mean it not! daughter and mother
 So strive upon your pulse. What, pale again?
 My fear hath catch'd your fondness: now I see

150

¹⁴⁵ both our mothers: heedless writing, which, however, cannot be misunderstood.

¹⁴⁷ Can't no other = is there no other way? — heedlessness again.

The mystery of your loneliness, and find
 Your salt tears' head : now to all sense 't is gross
 You love my son. Invention is asham'd,
 Against the proclamation of thy passion,
 To say thou dost not : therefore tell me true ;
 But tell me then, 't is so ; for, look, thy cheeks
 Confess it, th' one to th' other ; and thine eyes
 See it so grossly shown in thy behaviours
 That in their kind they speak it : only sin
 And hellish obstinacy tie thy tongue,
 That truth should be suspected. Speak, is 't so ?
 If it be so, you have wound a goodly clew ;
 If it be not, forswear 't : howe'er, I charge thee,
 As heaven shall work in me for thine avail,
 To tell me truly.

160

Hel. Good madam, pardon me !

Count. Do you love my son ?

Hel. Your pardon, noble mistress !

Count. Love you my son ?

Hel. Do not you love him, madam ?

Count. Go not about ; my love hath in 't a bond,
 Whereof the world takes note : come, come, disclose
 The state of your affection ; for your passions
 Have to the full appeach'd.

170

Hel. Then, I confess,
 Here on my knee, before high heaven and you,
 That before you, and next unto high heaven,
 I love your son.
 My friends were poor, but honest ; so 's my love :
 Be not offended ; for it hurts not him
 That he is lov'd of me : I follow him not
 By any token of presumptuous suit ;
 Nor would I have him till I do deserve him ;
 Yet never know how that desert should be.
 I know I love in vain, strive against hope ;
 Yet in this captious and intenible sieve
 I still pour in the waters of my love
 And lack not to lose still ; thus, Indian-like,
 Religious in mine error, I adore
 The sun, that looks upon his worshipper,
 But knows of him no more. My dearest madam,
 Let not your hate encounter with my love
 For loving where you do : but if yourself,

180

190

¹⁷³ *appeach'd* = confessed against you. The word survives in the rogues' cant phrase, "to peach."

¹⁸⁴ *captious and intenible* = that receives, and yet does not hold.

Whose aged honour cites a virtuous youth,
 Did ever in so true a flame of liking
 Wish chastely and love dearly, that your Dian
 Was both herself and love ; O, then, give pity
 To her, whose state is such that cannot choose
 But lend and give where she is sure to lose ;
 That seeks not to find that her search implies,
 But riddle-like lives sweetly where she dies !

Count. Had you not lately an intent, — speak truly, — 200
 To go to Paris ?

Hel. Madam, I had.

Count. Wherefore ? tell true.

Hel. I will tell truth ; by grace itself I swear.
 You know my father left me some prescriptions
 Of rare and prov'd effects, such as his reading
 And manifest experience had collected
 For general sovereignty ; and that he will'd me
 In heedfull'st reservation to bestow them,
 As notes whose faculties inclusive were
 More than they were in note : amongst the rest,
 There is a remedy, approv'd, set down, 210
 To cure the desperate languishings whereof
 The King is render'd lost.

Count. This was your motive
 For Paris, was it ? speak.

Hel. My lord your son made me to think of this ;
 Else Paris and the medicine and the King
 Had from the conversation of my thoughts
 Haply been absent then.

Count. But think you, Helen,
 If you should tender your supposed aid,
 He would receive it ? he and his physicians
 Are of a mind ; he, that they cannot help him, 220
 They, that they cannot help : how shall they credit
 A poor unlearned virgin, when the schools,
 Embowell'd of their doctrine, have left off
 The danger to itself ?

Hel. There's something in 't,
 More than my father's skill, which was the greatest
 Of his profession, that his good receipt
 Shall for my legacy be sanctified
 By the luckiest stars in heaven : and, would your honour
 But give me leave to try success, I 'ld venture
 The well-lost life of mine on his grace's cure 230
 By such a day and hour.

²⁰⁵ *manifest* = well known.

²⁰⁹ *More than they were in note* = more than they appeared to be.

Count. Dost thou believe 't?

Hel. Ay, madam, knowingly.

Count. Why, Helen, thou shalt have my leave and love,
Means and attendants and my loving greetings
To those of mine in court: I'll stay at home
And pray God's blessing into thy attempt:
Be gone to-morrow; and be sure of this,
What I can help thee to thou shalt not miss.

[*Exeunt.*]

ACT II.

SCENE I. Paris. The KING's palace.

Flourish of cornets. Enter the KING, attended with divers young Lords taking leave for the Florentine war; BERTRAM and PAROLLES.

King. Farewell, young lords; these warlike principles
Do not throw from you: and you, my lords, farewell:
Share the advice betwixt you; if both gain, all
The gift doth stretch itself as 't is received,
And is enough for both.

First Lord. 'T is our hope, sir,
After well enter'd soldiers, to return
And find your grace in health.

King. No, no, it cannot be; and yet my heart
Will not confess he owes the malady
That doth my life besiege. Farewell, young lords;
Whether I live or die, be you the sons
Of worthy Frenchmen: let higher Italy, —
Those bated that inherit but the fall
Of the last monarchy, — see that you come
Not to woo honour, but to wed it; when
The bravest questant shrinks, find what you seek,
That fame may cry you loud: I say, farewell.

10

Sec. Lord. Health, at your bidding, serve your majesty!

King. Those girls of Italy, take heed of them:
They say, our French lack language to deny,
If they demand: beware of being captives,
Before you serve.

20

Both. Our hearts receive your warnings.

King. Farewell. Come hither to me.

[*Exit, attended.*]

First Lord. O my sweet lord, that you will stay behind us!

² and you, my lords. The king first addresses one party of young lords, and then turns to another; then addresses all.

⁶ After well enter'd soldiers: carelessly elliptical for "after having well entered life as soldiers."

¹³ Those bated = those excepted. This parenthetical clause is obscure, because of an allusion to some fact of which we have no knowledge.

¹⁶ questant = seeker.

Par. 'T is not his fault, the spark.

Sec. Lord.

O, 't is brave wars!

Par. Most admirable: I have seen those wars.

Ber. I am commanded here, and kept a coil with
"Too young" and "the next year" and "'t is too early."

Par. An thy mind stand to 't, boy, steal away bravely.

Ber. I shall stay here the forehorse to a smock,
Creaking my shoes on the plain masonry,
Till honour be bought up and no sword worn
But one to dance with! By heaven, I'll steal away. 30

First Lord. There's honour in the theft.

Par.

Commit it, count.

Sec. Lord. I am your accessory; and so farewell.

Ber. I grow to you, and our parting is a tortur'd body.

First Lord. Farewell, captain.

Sec. Lord. Sweet Monsieur Parolles!

Par. Noble heroes, my sword and yours are kin. Good sparks and lustrous, a word, good metals: you shall find in the regiment of the Spinii one Captain Spurio, with his cicatrice, an emblem of war, here on his sinister cheek; it was this very sword entrench'd it: say to him, I live; and observe his reports for me.

First Lord. We shall, noble captain. [Exeunt Lords.

Par. Mars dote on you for his novices! what will ye do?

Ber. Stay: the King.

Re-enter KING. BERTRAM and PAROLLES retire.

Par. [To *Ber.*] Use a more spacious ceremony to the noble lords; you have restrain'd yourself within the list of too cold an adieu: be more expressive to them: for they wear themselves in the cap of the time, there do muster true gait, eat, speak, and move under the influence of the most receiv'd star; and though the Devil lead the measure, such are to be followed: after them, and take a more dilated farewell.

Ber. And I will do so.

Par. Worthy fellows; and like to prove most sinewy swordmen.

[Exeunt *Bertram and Parolles*

Enter LAFEU.

Laf. [Kneeling.] Pardon, my lord, for me and for my tidings.

King. I'll fee thee to stand up. 59

Laf. Then here's a man stands, that has brought his pardon.
I would you had kneel'd, my lord, to ask me mercy,
And that at my bidding you could so stand up.

King. I would I had; so I had broke thy pate,
And ask'd thee mercy for 't.

⁵⁴ dilated = expansive, generous. Parolles talks in an inflated style.

Laf. Good faith, across : but, my good lord, 't is thus ;
Will you be cur'd of your infirmity ?

King. No.

Laf. O, will you eat no grapes, my royal fox ?
Yes, but you will my noble grapes, an if
My royal fox could reach them : I have seen a medicine 70
That 's able to breathe life into a stone,
Quicken a rock, and make you dance canary
With spritely fire and motion ; whose simple touch
Is powerful to raise King Pepin, nay,
To give great Charlemain a pen in 's hand
And write to her a love-line.

King.

What her is this ?

Laf. Why, Doctor She : my lord, there 's one arriv'd,
If you will see her : now, by my faith and honour,
If seriously I may convey my thoughts
In this my light deliverance, I have spoke 80
With one that, in her sex, her years, profession,
Wisdom and constancy, hath amaz'd me more
Than I dare blame my weakness : will you see her,
For that is her demand, and know her business ?
That done, laugh well at me.

King.

Now, good Lafeu,

Bring in the admiration ; that we with thee
May spend our wonder too, or take off thine
By wondering how thou took'st it.

Laf.

Nay, I 'll fit you,

And not be all day neither.

[Exit.

King. Thus he his special nothing ever prologues. 90

Re-enter LAFEU with HELENA.

Laf. Nay, come your ways.

King.

This haste hath wings indeed.

Laf. Nay, come your ways ;

This is his majesty ; say your mind to him :

A traitor you do look like ; but such traitors

His majesty seldom fears : I am Cressid's uncle,

That dare leave two together ; fare you well. [Exit.

King. Now, fair one, does your business follow us ?

Hel. Ay, my good lord.

Gerard de Narbon was my father ; one

In what he did profess, well found.

King.

I knew him.

100

Hel. The rather will I spare my praises towards him ;

⁷² *dance canary.* Canary was the name of a lively dance.

⁸⁶ *the admiration* = this which is so admirable.

⁹⁵ *Cressid's uncle* = Pandar. See *Troilus and Cressida*.

¹⁰⁰ *found* = provided.

Knowing him is enough. On 's bed of death
 Many receipts he gave me; chiefly one,
 Which, as the dearest issue of his practice,
 And of his old experience the only darling,
 He bade me store up, as a triple eye,
 Safer than mine own two, more dear; I have so;
 And, hearing your high majesty is touch'd
 With that malignant cause wherein the honour
 Of my dear father's gift stands chief in power,
 I come to tender it and my appliance
 With all bound humbleness.

110

King. We thank you, maiden;
 But may not be so credulous of cure,
 When our most learned doctors leave us, and
 The congregated college have concluded
 That labouring art can never ransom nature
 From her inaidible estate; I say we must not
 So stain our judgement, or corrupt our hope,
 To prostitute our past-cure malady
 To empirics, or to dissever so
 Our great self and our credit, to esteem
 A senseless help when help past sense we deem.

120

Hel. My duty then shall pay me for my pains:
 I will no more enforce mine office on you;
 Humbly entreating from your royal thoughts
 A modest one, to bear me back again.

King. I cannot give thee less, to be call'd grateful:
 Thou thought'st to help me; and such thanks I give
 As one near death to those that wish him live:
 But what at full I know, thou know'st no part,
 I knowing all my peril, thou no art.

130

Hel. What I can do can do no hurt to try,
 Since you set up your rest 'gainst remedy.
 He that of greatest works is finisher
 Oft does them by the weakest minister:
 So holy writ in babes hath judgement shown,
 When judges have been babes; great floods have flown
 From simple sources, and great seas have dried
 When miracles have by the greatest been denied.
 Oft expectation fails and most oft there
 Where most it promises; and oft it hits
 Where hope is coldest and despair most sits.

140

King. I must not hear thee; fare thee well, kind maid;
 Thy pains not us'd must by thyself be paid:
 Proffers not took reap thanks for their reward.

Hel. Inspired merit so by breath is barr'd :
 It is not so with Him that all things knows
 As 't is with us that square our guess by shows ;
 But most it is presumption in us when
 The help of Heaven we count the act of men. 150
 Dear sir, to my endeavours give consent ;
 Of Heaven, not me, make an experiment.
 I am not an impostor that proclaim
 Myself against the level of mine aim ;
 But know I think and think I know most sure
 My art is not past power nor you past cure.

King. Art thou so confident ? within what space
 Hop'st thou my cure ?

Hel. The great'st grace lending grace,
 Ere twice the horses of the sun shall bring
 Their fiery torcher his diurnal ring, 160
 Ere twice in murk and occidental damp
 Moist Hesperus hath quench'd his sleepy lamp,
 Or four and twenty times the pilot's glass
 Hath told the thievish minutes how they pass,
 What is infirm from your sound parts shall fly,
 Health shall live free and sickness freely die.

King. Upon thy certainty and confidence
 What dar'st thou venture ?

Hel. Tax of impudence,
 A strumpet's boldness, a divulged shame
 Traduc'd by odious ballads ; my maiden's name 170
 Sear'd otherwise : nay, worse of worst extended,
 With vilest torture let my life be ended.

King. Methinks in thee some blessed spirit doth speak
 His powerful sound within an organ weak :
 And what impossibility would slay
 In common sense, sense saves another way.
 Thy life is dear ; for all that life can rate
 Worth name of life in thee hath estimate,
 Youth, beauty, wisdom, courage, all
 That happiness and prime can happy call : 180
 Thou this to hazard needs must intimate
 Skill infinite or monstrous desperate.
 Sweet practiser, thy physic I will try,
 That ministers thine own death if I die.

Hel. If I break time, or flinch in property
 Of what I spoke, unpitied let me die,

¹⁷¹ *nay, worse of worst extended* : obscure, but meaning, it seems, "nay, letting worse come to the worst." The folio has *ne* for *nay* ; a mere phonetic spelling.

¹⁸⁵ *practiser* = practitioner, physician

And well deserv'd : not helping, death's my fee ;
But, if I help, what do you promise me ?

King. Make thy demand.

Hel. But will you make it even ?

King. Ay, by my sceptre and my hopes of heaven. 190

Hel. Then shalt thou give me with thy kingly hand
What husband in thy power I will command :
Exempted be from me the arrogance
To choose from forth the royal blood of France,
My low and humble name to propagate
With any branch or image of thy state ;
But such a one, thy vassal, whom I know
Is free for me to ask, thee to bestow.

King. Here is my hand ; the premises observ'd,
Thy will by my performance shall be serv'd : 200
So make the choice of thy own time, for I,
Thy resolved patient, on thee still rely.
More should I question thee, and more I must,
Though more to know could not be more to trust,
From whence thou cam'st, how tended on : but rest
Unquestion'd welcome and undoubted blest.
Give me some help here, ho ! If thou proceed
As high as word, my deed shall match thy deed. [*Flourish. Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *Rousillon. The Count's palace.*

Enter COUNTESS and CLOWN.

Count. Come on, sir ; I shall now put you to the height of your breeding.

Clo. I will show myself highly fed and lowly taught : I know my business is but to the court.

Count. To the court ! why, what place make you special, when you put off that with such contempt ? But to the court !

Clo. Truly, madam, if God have lent a man any manners, he may easily put it off at court : he that cannot make a leg, put off's cap, kiss his hand and say nothing, has neither leg, hands, lip, nor cap ; and indeed such a fellow, to say precisely, were not for the court ; but for me, I have an answer will serve all men.

Count. Marry, that's a bountiful answer that fits all questions.

Clo. It is like a barber's chair that fits all buttocks, the pin-buttock, the quatch-buttock, the brawn buttock, or any buttock.

Count. Will your answer serve fit to all questions ?

¹⁸⁷ *And well deserv'd* : elliptical, for " And my death well deserved."

⁸ *make a leg* = bow.

Clo. As fit as ten groats is for the hand of an attorney, as your French crown for your taffeta punk, as Tib's rush for Tom's forefinger, as a pancake for Shrove Tuesday, a morris for Mayday, as the nail to his hole, the cuckold to his horn, as a scolding quean to a wrangling knave, as the nun's lip to the friar's mouth, nay, as the pudding to his skin.

Count. Have you, I say, an answer of such fitness for all questions?

Clo. From below your duke to beneath your constable, it will fit any question.

Count. It must be an answer of most monstrous size that must fit all demands.

Clo. But a trifle neither, in good faith, if the learned should speak truth of it: here it is, and all that belongs to 't. Ask me if I am a courtier: it shall do you no harm to learn.

Count. To be young again, if we could: I will be a fool in question, hoping to be the wiser by your answer. I pray you, sir, are you a courtier?

Clo. O Lord, sir! — There's a simple putting off. More, more, a hundred of them.

Count. Sir, I am a poor friend of yours, that loves you.

Clo. O Lord, sir! — Thick, thick, spare not me. 39

Count. I think, sir, you can eat none of this homely meat.

Clo. O Lord, sir! — Nay, put me to 't, I warrant you.

Count. You were lately whipp'd, sir, as I think.

Clo. O Lord, sir! — Spare not me.

Count. Do you cry, "O Lord, sir!" at your whipping, and "spare not me"? Indeed your "O Lord, sir!" is very sequent to your whipping: you would answer very well to a whipping, if you were but bound to 't.

Clo. I ne'er had worse luck in my life in my "O Lord, sir!" I see things may serve long, but not serve ever.

Count. I play the noble housewife with the time, 50
To entertain 't so merrily with a fool.

Clo. O Lord, sir! why, there 't serves well again.

Count. An end, sir; to your business. Give Helen this,
And urge her to a present answer back:
Commend me to my kinsmen and my son:
This is not much.

Clo. Not much commendation to them.

Count. Not much employment for you: you understand me?

Clo. Most fruitfully: I am there before my legs. 59

Count. Haste you again. [Exit severally.]

¹⁹ French crown — Tib's rush, etc., etc. Modern notions of decorum forbid an explanation of all of this free-speaker's allusions. The pancake and the morris dance need no explanation.

³⁹ thick, thick = rapidly, close together: as we say, the snow falls thick.

SCENE III. *Paris. The KING's palace.**Enter LAFEU and PAROLLES.*

Laf. They say miracles are past; and we have our philosophical persons, to make modern and familiar, things supernatural and causeless. Hence is it that we make trifles of terrors, ensconcing ourselves into seeming knowledge, when we should submit ourselves to an unknown fear. Why, 't is the rarest argument of wonder that hath shot out in our latter times.

Par. And so 't is.

Laf. To be relinquish'd of the artist, —

Par. So I say.

Laf. Both of Galen and Paracelsus.

10

Par. So I say.

Laf. Of all the learned and authentic fellows, —

Par. Right; so I say.

Laf. That gave him out incurable, —

Par. Why, there 't is; so say I too.

Laf. Not to be help'd, —

Par. Right; as 't were, a man assured of a —

Laf. Uncertain life, and sure death.

Par. Just, you say well; so would I have said.

Laf. I may truly say, it is a novelty to the world.

20

Par. It is, indeed: if you will have it in showing, you shall read it in — what do ye call there?

Laf. A showing of a heavenly effect in an earthly actor.

Par. That 's it; I would have said the very same.

Laf. Why, your dolphin is not lustier: 'fore me, I speak in respect —

Par. Nay, 'tis strange, 'tis very strange, that is the brief and the tedious of it; and he 's of a most facinorous spirit that will not acknowledge it to be the —

Laf. Very hand of Heaven.

30

Par. Ay, so I say.

Laf. In a most weak —

Par. And debile minister, great power, great transcendence: which should, indeed, give us a further use to be made than alone the recovery of the King, as to be —

Laf. Generally thankful.

Par. I would have said it; you say well. Here comes the King.

²⁸ *facinorous* = bad: this is one of Parolles's inflated affectations. His name means "words."

³² *In a most weak*, etc. There seems to be confusion here; and yet the speeches are not out of character. Various changes have been proposed, — by Dr. Johnson and other editors; but as none of them are quite satisfactory the reading of the folio is given.

Enter KING, HELENA, and Attendants. LAFEU and PAROLLES retire.

Laf. Lustig, as the Dutchman says : I'll like a maid the better, whilst I have a tooth in my head : why, he's able to lead her a coranto. 41

Par. *Mort du vinaigre !* is not this Helen ?

Laf. 'Fore God, I think so.

King. Go, call before me all the lords in court.
Sit, my preserver, by thy patient's side ;
And with this healthful hand, whose banish'd sense
Thou hast repeal'd, a second time receive
The confirmation of my promis'd gift,
Which but attends thy naming.

Enter BERTRAM, and three or four other Lords.

Fair maid, send forth thine eye : this youthful parcel 50
Of noble bachelors stand at my bestowing,
O'er whom both sovereign power and father's voice
I have to use : thy frank election make ;
Thou hast power to choose, and they none to forsake.

Hel. To each of you one fair and virtuous mistress
Fall, when Love please ! marry, to each but one !

Laf. I 'ld give bay Curtal and his furniture,
My mouth no more were broken than these boys',
And writ as little beard.

King. Peruse them well :
Not one of those but had a noble father. 60

Hel. Gentlemen.
Heaven hath through me restor'd the King to health.

All. We understand it, and thank Heaven for you.

Hel. I am a simple maid, and therein wealthiest,
That I protest I simply am a maid.
Please it your majesty, I have done already :
The blushes in my cheeks thus whisper me,
" We blush that thou shouldst choose ; but, be refus'd,
Let the white death sit on thy cheek for ever ;
We'll ne'er come there again."

King. Make choice ; and, see, 70
Who shuns thy love shuns all his love in me.

Hel. Now, Dian, from thy altar do I fly,
And to imperial Love, that god most high,
Do my sighs stream. Sir, will you hear my suit ?

First Lord. And grant it.

Hel. Thanks, sir ; all the rest is mute.

³⁹ *Lustig* = lusty, strong and active. The Dutchman referred to is Jacob Van Smelt, in *The Weakest goes to the Wall*.

⁴¹ *coranto* : a lively dance.

⁴² *Mort du vinaigre* : an inexplicable French oath.

⁶¹ *at my bestowing*. They were the king's wards.

Laf. I had rather be in this choice than throw ames-ace for my life.

Hel. The honour, sir, that flames in your fair eyes,
Before I speak, too threateningly replies :
Love make your fortunes twenty times above 80
Her that so wishes and her humble love !

Sec. Lord. No better, if you please.

Hel. My wish receive,
Which great Love grant ! and so, I take my leave.

Laf. Do all they deny her ? An they were sons of mine,
I'd have them whipp'd ; or I would send them to the Turk, to
make eunuchs of.

Hel. Be not afraid that I your hand should take ;
I'll never do you wrong for your own sake :
Blessing upon your vows ! and in your bed
Find fairer fortune, if you ever wed ! 90

Laf. These boys are boys of ice, they'll none have her : sure,
they are bastards to the English ; the French ne'er got 'em.

Hel. You are too young, too happy, and too good,
To make yourself a son out of my blood.

Fourth Lord. Fair one, I think not so.

Laf. There's one grape yet ; I am sure thy father drunk
wine : — but if thou be'st not an ass, I am a youth of fourteen ;
I have known thee already.

Hel. [*To Bertram.*] I dare not say I take you ; but I give
Me and my service, ever whilst I live, 100
Into your guiding power. This is the man.

King. Why, then, young Bertram, take her ; she's thy wife.

Ber. My wife, my liege ! I shall beseech your highness,
In such a business give me leave to use
The help of mine own eyes.

King. Know'st thou not, Bertram,
What she has done for me ?

Ber. Yes, my good lord ;
But never hope to know why I should marry her.

King. Thou know'st she has rais'd me from my sickly bed.

Ber. But follows it, my lord, to bring me down
Must answer for your raising ? I know her well : 110
She had her breeding at my father's charge.
A poor physician's daughter my wife ! Disdain
Rather corrupt me ever !

King. 'Tis only title thou disdain'st in her, the which
I can build up. Strange is it that our bloods,
Of colour, weight, and heat, pour'd all together,
Would quite confound distinction, yet stand off .

⁷⁶ *ames-ace* = two aces, the lowest throw ; ironical.

In differences so mighty. If she be
 All that is virtuous, save what thou dislik'st,
 A poor physician's daughter, thou dislik'st 120
 Of virtue for the name: but do not so:
 From lowest place when virtuous things proceed,
 The place is dignified by the doer's deed:
 Where great additions swell 's, and virtue none,
 It is a dropsied honour. Good alone
 Is good without a name. Vileness is so:
 The property by what it is should go,
 Not by the title. She is young, wise, fair;
 In these to nature she's immediate heir,
 And these breed honour: that is honour's scorn, 130
 Which challenges itself as honour's born
 And is not like the sire: honours thrive,
 When rather from our acts we then derive
 Than our foregoers: the mere word 's a slave
 Debosh'd on every tomb, on every grave
 A lying trophy, and as oft is dumb
 Where dust and damn'd oblivion is the tomb
 Of honour'd bones indeed. What should be said?
 If thou canst like this creature as a maid,
 I can create the rest: virtue and she 140
 Is her own dower; honour and wealth from me.

Ber. I cannot love her, nor will strive to do 't.

King. Thou wrong'st thyself, if thou shouldst strive to choose.

Hel. That you are well restor'd, my lord, I'm glad:
 Let the rest go.

King. My honour 's at the stake; which to defeat,
 I must produce my power. Here, take her hand,
 Proud scornful boy, unworthy this good gift;
 That dost in vile misprision shackle up
 My love and her desert; that canst not dream, 150
 We, poisoning us in her defective scale,
 Shall weigh thee to the beam; that wilt not know,
 It is in us to plant thine honour where
 We please to have it grow. Check thy contempt:
 Obey our will, which travails in thy good:
 Believe not thy disdain, but presently
 Do thine own fortunes that obedient right
 Which both thy duty owes and our power claims;
 Or I will throw thee from my care for ever

121 *Of virtue*: again a French-like construction in this French play.

135 *Debosh'd*. The old form represents the old sound of *debauched*.

149 *misprision* = misapprehension.

Into the staggers and the careless lapse
Of youth and ignorance ; both my revenge and hate
Loosing upon thee, in the name of justice,
Without all terms of pity. Speak ; thine answer. 160

Ber. Pardon, my gracious lord ; for I submit
My fancy to your eyes : when I consider
What great creation and what dole of honour
Flies where you bid it, I find that she, which late
Was in my nobler thoughts most base, is now
The praised of the King ; who, so ennobled,
Is as 't were born so.

King. Take her by the hand, 170
And tell her she is thine : to whom I promise
A counterpoise, if not to thy estate
A balance more replete.

Ber. I take her hand.

King. Good fortune and the favour of the King
Smile upon this contract ; whose ceremony
Shall seem expedient on the now-born brief,
And be perform'd to-night : the solemn feast
Shall more attend upon the coming space,
Expecting absent friends. As thou lov'st her,
Thy love's to me religious ; else, does err. 180

[*Exeunt all but Lafew and Parolles.*]

Laf. [*Advancing.*] Do you hear, monsieur ? a word with you.

Par. Your pleasure, sir ?

Laf. Your lord and master did well to make his recantation.

Par. Recantation ! My lord ! my master !

Laf. Ay ; is it not a language I speak ?

Par. A most harsh one, and not to be understood without
bloody succeeding. My master !

Laf. Are you companion to the Count Rousillon ?

Par. To any count, to all counts, to what is man. 190

Laf. To what is count's man : count's master is of another
style.

Par. You are too old, sir ; let it satisfy you, you are too old.

Laf. I must tell thee, sirrah, I write man ; to which title age
cannot bring thee.

Par. What I dare too well do, I dare not do.

Laf. I did think thee, for two ordinaries, to be a pretty wise
fellow ; thou didst make tolerable vent of thy travel ; it might
pass ; yet the scarfs and the bannerets about thee did manifoldly
dissuade me from believing thee a vessel of too great a burthen.
I have now found thee ; when I lose thee again, I care not : yet

art thou good for nothing but taking up ; and that thou 'rt scarce worth.

Par. Hadst thou not the privilege of antiquity upon thee, —

Laf. Do not plunge thyself too far in anger, lest thou hasten thy trial ; which if — Lord have mercy on thee for a hen ! So, my good window of lattice, fare thee well : thy casement I need not open, for I look through thee. Give me thy hand.

Par. My lord, you give me most egregious indignity.

Laf. Ay, with all my heart ; and thou art worthy of it. 210

Par. I have not, my lord, deserv'd it.

Laf. Yes, good faith, every dram of it ; and I will not bate thee a scruple.

Par. Well, I shall be wiser.

Laf. Ev'n as soon as thou canst, for thou hast to pull at a smack o' th' contrary. If ever thou be'st bound in thy scarf and beaten, thou shalt find what it is to be proud of thy bondage. I have a desire to hold my acquaintance with thee, or rather my knowledge, that I may say in the default, he is a man I know.

Par. My lord, you do me most insupportable vexation. 220

Laf. I would it were hell-pains for thy sake, and my poor doing eternal : for doing I am past : as I will by thee, in what motion age will give me leave. [Exit.

Par. Well, thou hast a son shall take this disgrace off me ; scurvy, old, filthy, scurvy lord ! Well, I must be patient ; there is no fettering of authority. I'll beat him, by my life, if I can meet him with any convenience, an he were double and double a lord. I'll have no more pity of his age than I would have of — I'll beat him, an if I could but meet him again. 229

Re-enter LAFEU.

Laf. Sirrah, your lord and master's married ; there's news for you : you have a new mistress.

Par. I most unfeignedly beseech your lordship to make some reservation of your wrongs : he is my good lord : whom I serve above is my master.

Laf. Who ? God ?

Par. Ay, sir.

Laf. The Devil it is that's thy master. Why dost thou garter up thy arms o' this fashion ? dost make hose of thy sleeves ? do other servants so ? Thou wert best set thy lower part where thy nose stands. By mine honour, if I were but two hours younger, I'd beat thee : methinks, thou art a general offence, and every man should beat thee : I think thou wast created for men to breathe themselves upon thee.

Par. This is hard and undeserved measure, my lord.

Laf. Go to, sir ; you were beaten in Italy for picking a ker-

nel out of a pomegranate; you are a vagabond and no true traveller: you are more saucy with lords and honourable personages than the commission of your birth and virtue gives you heraldry. You are not worth another word, else I 'ld call you knave: I leave you. [Exit.

Par. Good, very good; it is so then: good, very good; let it be conceal'd awhile.

Re-enter BERTRAM.

Ber. Undone, and forfeited to cares for ever!

Par. What's the matter, sweet-heart?

Ber. Although before the solemn priest I have sworn,
I will not bed her.

Par. What, what, sweet-heart?

Ber. O my Parolles, they have married me!
I'll to the Tuscan wars, and never bed her.

Par. France is a dog-hole, and it no more merits 260
The tread of a man's foot: to the wars!

Ber. There's letters from my mother: what the import is,
I know not yet.

Par. Ay, that would be known. To the wars, my boy, to
the wars!

He wears his honour in a box unseen,
That hugs his kicky-wicky here at home,
Spending his manly marrow in her arms,
Which should sustain the bound and high curvet
Of Mars's fiery steed. To other regions
France is a stable; we that dwell in 't jades; 270
Therefore, to the war!

Ber. It shall be so: I'll send her to my house,
Acquaint my mother with my hate to her,
And wherefore I am fled; write to the King
That which I durst not speak: his present gift
Shall furnish me to those Italian fields,
Where noble fellows strike: war is no strife
To the dark house and the detested wife.

Par. Will this capriccio hold in thee? art sure?

Ber. Go with me to my chamber, and advise me. 280
I'll send her straight away: to-morrow
I'll to the wars, she to her single sorrow.

Par. Why, these balls bound; there's noise in it. 'Tis
hard:

A young man married is a man that's marr'd:
Therefore away, and leave her bravely; go:
The King has done you wrong: but, hush, 'tis so. [Exeunt.

²⁶⁶ *kicky-wicky*: mere grotesque slang for sweetheart.

²⁷⁷ *war is no strife to*, etc.: that is, compared to, etc.

SCENE IV. *Paris. The KING's palace.**Enter HELENA and CLOWN.**Hel.* My mother greets me kindly: is she well?*Clo.* She is not well; but yet she has her health: she's very merry; but yet she is not well: but thanks be given, she's very well and wants nothing i' th' world; but yet she is not well.*Hel.* If she be very well, what does she ail, that she's not very well?*Clo.* Truly, she's very well indeed, but for two things.*Hel.* What two things?*Clo.* One, that she's not in heaven, whither God send her quickly! the other, that she's in earth, from whence God send her quickly!

11

*Enter PAROLLES.**Par.* Bless you, my fortunate lady!*Hel.* I hope, sir, I have your good will to have mine own good fortunes.*Par.* You had my prayers to lead them on; and to keep them on, have them still. O, my knave, how does my old lady?*Clo.* So that you had her wrinkles and I her money, I would she did as you say.*Par.* Why, I say nothing.

19

Clo. Marry, you are the wiser man; for many a man's tongue shakes out his master's undoing: to say nothing, to do nothing, to know nothing, and to have nothing, is to be a great part of your title; which is within a very little of nothing.*Par.* Away! thou'rt a knave.*Clo.* You should have said, sir, before a knave thou'rt a knave; that's, before me thou'rt a knave: this had been truth, sir.*Par.* Go to, thou art a witty fool; I have found thee.*Clo.* Did you find me in yourself, sir? or were you taught to find me? The search, sir, was profitable; and much fool may you find in you, even to the world's pleasure and the increase of laughter.*Par.* A good knave, i' faith, and well fed.

Madam, my lord will go away to-night;

A very serious business calls on him.

The great prerogative and rite of love,

Which, as your due, time claims, he does acknowledge;

But puts it off to a compell'd restraint;

Whose want, and whose delay, is strew'd with sweets,

Which they distil now in the curbed time,

To make the coming hour o'erflow with joy

And pleasure drown the brim.

40

Hel.

What's his will else?

Par. That you will take your instant leave o' th' King,
And make this haste as your own good proceeding,
Strengthen'd with what apology you think
May make it probable need.

Hel.

What more commands he?

Par. That, having this obtain'd, you presently
Attend his further pleasure.

Hel. In every thing I wait upon his will.

Par. I shall report it so.

49

Hel.

I pray you.

[Exit PAROLLES.

Come, sirrah.

[Exeunt.

SCENE V. *Paris. The KING's palace.**Enter LAFEU and BERTRAM.*

Laf. But I hope your lordship thinks not him a soldier.

Ber. Yes, my lord, and of very valiant approof.

Laf. You have it from his own deliverance.

Ber. And by other warranted testimony.

Laf. Then my dial goes not true: I took this lark for a
bunting.

Ber. I do assure you, my lord, he is very great in knowledge
and accordingly valiant.

Laf. I have then sinn'd against his experience and trans-
gress'd against his valour; and my state that way is dangerous,
since I cannot yet find in my heart to repent. Here he comes:
I pray you, make us friends; I will pursue the amity.

Enter PAROLLES.

Par. [To Bertram.] These things shall be done, sir.

Laf. Pray you, sir, who's his tailor?

Par. Sir?

Laf. O, I know him well, I, sir; he, sir, 's a good workman,
a very good tailor.

Ber. [Aside to Par.] Is she gone to the King?

Par. She is.

Ber. Will she away to-night?

20

Par. As you'll have her.

Ber. I have writ my letters, casketed my treasure,
Given order for our horses; and to-night,
When I should take possession of the bride,
End ere I do begin.

Laf. A good traveller is something at the latter end of a
dinner; but one that lies three thirds and uses a known truth
to pass a thousand nothings with, should be once heard and
thrice beaten. God save you, captain.

29

⁶ *bunting*: a bird in appearance and flight like the skylark, but songless.

⁸ *accordingly* = correspondingly.

Ber. Is there any unkindness between my lord and you, monsieur?

Par. I know not how I have deserv'd to run into my lord's displeasure.

Laf. You have made shift to run into 't, boots and spurs and all, like him that leap'd into the custard; and out of it you'll run again, rather than suffer question for your residence.

Ber. It may be you have mistaken him, my lord.

Laf. And shall do so ever, though I took him at's prayers. Fare you well, my lord; and believe this of me, there can be no kernel in this light nut; the soul of this man is his clothes. Trust him not in matter of heavy consequence; I have kept of them tame, and know their natures. Farewell, monsieur: I have spoken better of you than you have or will to deserve at my hand; but we must do good against evil. [Exit.

Par. An idle lord, I swear.

Ber. I think so.

Par. Why, do you not know him?

Ber. Yes, I do know him well, and common speech Gives him a worthy pass. Here comes my clog.

Enter HELENA, attended.

Hel. I have, sir, as I was commanded from you, 50
Spoke with the King and have procur'd his leave
For present parting; only he desires
Some private speech with you.

Ber. I shall obey his will.

You must not marvel, Helen, at my course,
Which holds not colour with the time, nor does
The ministration and required office
On my particular. Prepar'd I was not
For such a business; therefore am I found
So much unsettled: this drives me to entreat you
That presently you take your way for home; 60
And rather muse than ask why I entreat you,
For my respects are better than they seem,
And my appointments have in them a need
Greater than shows itself at the first view
To you that know them not. This to my mother: [Giving a letter.
'T will be two days ere I shall see you, so
I leave you to your wisdom.

Hel. Sir, I can nothing say,
But that I am your most obedient servant; —

³⁵ *leap'd into the custard.* At the Lord Mayor's feast, it was customary to have an enormous custard into which the Lord Mayor's Fool leaped "all standing."

⁴¹ *I have kept of them, etc.* Again this French construction.

⁴³ *than you have or will, etc.*: heedless writing for *than you have deserved or will deserve*, etc.

⁶¹ *On my particular* = that now specially becomes me, belongs to me.

Ber. Come, come, no more of that.

Hel. And ever shall

With true observance seek to eke out that

70

Wherein toward me my homely stars have fail'd

To equal my great fortune.

Ber. Let that go :

My haste is very great : farewell ; hie home.

Hel. Pray, sir, your pardon.

Ber. Well, what would you say ?

Hel. I am not worthy of the wealth I owe,

Nor dare I say 't is mine, and yet it is ;

But, like a timorous thief, most fain would steal

What law does vouch mine own.

Ber. What would you have ?

Hel. Something ; and scarce so much : nothing, indeed.

I would not tell you what I would, my lord :

80

Faith, yes ;

Strangers and foes do sunder, and not kiss.

Ber. I pray you, stay not, but in haste to horse.

Hel. I shall not break your bidding, good my lord.

Where are my other men ? Monsieur, farewell. [*Exit Helena.*]

Ber. Go thou toward home ; where I will never come

Whilst I can shake my sword or hear the drum.

Away, and for our flight.

Par. Bravely, coragio !

[*Exeunt.*]

ACT III.

SCENE I. *Florence. The DUKE's palace.*

Flourish. Enter the DUKE of Florence, attended ; two French Lords, Envoys, with a troop of soldiers.

Duke. So that from point to point now have you heard
The fundamental reasons of this war,
Whose great decision hath much blood let forth
And more thirsts after.

A Florentine Lord. Holy seems the quarrel
Upon your grace's part ; black and fearful
On the opposer.

Duke. Therefore we marvel much our cousin France
Would in so just a business shut his bosom
Against our borrowing prayers.

First French Lord. Good my lord,
The reasons of our state I cannot yield,
But like a common and an outward man,
That the great figure of a council frames

10

By self-unable motion : therefore dare not
Say what I think of it, since I have found
Myself in my incertain grounds to fail
As often as I guess'd.

Duke. Be it his pleasure.

Sec. French Lord. But I am sure the younger of our nature,
That surfeit on their ease, will day by day
Come here for physic.

Duke. Welcome shall they be ;

And all the honours that can fly from us
Shall on them settle. — You know your places well ;

When better fall, for your avails they fell :

To-morrow to the field.

[*Flourish. Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. Rousillon. The Count's palace.

Enter COUNTESS and CLOWN.

Count. It hath happen'd all as I would have had it, save
that he comes not along with her.

Clo. By my troth, I take my young lord to be a very melan-
choly man.

Count. By what observance, I pray you ?

Clo. Why, he will look upon his boot and sing ; mend the
ruff and sing ; ask questions and sing ; pick his teeth and sing.
I know a man that had this trick of melancholy sold a goodly
manor for a song.

Count. Let me see what he writes, and when he means to
come.

[*Opening a letter.*]

Clo. I have no mind to Isbel since I was at court : our old
ling and our Isbels o' th' country are nothing like your old ling
and your Isbels o' th' court : the brains of my Cupid's knock'd
out, and I begin to love, as an old man loves money, with no
stomach.

Count. What have we here ?

Clo. E'en that you have there.

[*Exit.*]

Count. [*Reads.*] I have sent you a daughter-in-law : she hath recovered
the King, and undone me. I have wedded her, not bedded her ; and sworn
to make the "not" eternal. You shall hear I am run away : know it be-
fore the report come. If there be breath enough in the world, I will hold
a long distance. My duty to you.

Your unfortunate son,

BERTRAM.

This is not well, rash and unbridled boy,
To fly the favours of so good a king ;
To pluck his indignation on thy head

¹³ *By self-unable motion* = not of his own will and power.

¹⁵ *no stomach* = no strong appetite.

By the misprising of a maid too virtuous
For the contempt of empire.

29

Re-enter CLOWN.

Clo. O madam, yonder is heavy news within between two soldiers and my young lady!

Count. What is the matter?

Clo. Nay, there is some comfort in the news, some comfort; your son will not be kill'd so soon as I thought he would.

Count. Why should he be kill'd?

Clo. So say I, madam, if he run away, as I hear he does: the danger is in standing to 't; that's the loss of men, though it be the getting of children. Here they come will tell you more: for my part, I only hear your son was run away. [Exit.]

Enter HELENA and the two French Lords.

First Lord. Save you, good madam.

40

Hel. Madam, my lord is gone, for ever gone.

Sec. Lord. Do not say so.

Count. Think upon patience. Pray you, gentlemen, I have felt so many quirks of joy and grief, That the first face of neither, on the start, Can woman me unto 't: where is my son, I pray you?

Sec. Lord. Madam, he's gone to serve the Duke of Florence: We met him thitherward; for thence we came, And, after some dispatch in hand at court, Thither we bend again. 50

Hel. Look on his letter, madam; here's my passport.

[Reads.] When thou canst get the ring upon my finger which never shall come off, and show me a child begotten of thy body that I am father to, then call me husband: but in such a "then" I write a "never."

This is a dreadful sentence. X

Count. Brought you this letter, gentlemen?

First Lord.

Ay, madam;

And for the contents' sake are sorry for our pains.

Count. I prithee, lady, have a better cheer;

If thou engrossest all the griefs are thine,

Thou robb'st me of a moiety: he was my son;

60

But I do wash his name out of my blood,

And thou art all my child. Towards Florence is he?

Sec. Lord. Ay, madam.

Count.

And to be a soldier?

Sec. Lord. Such is his noble purpose; and, believe 't, The Duke will lay upon him all the honour That good convenience claims.

Count.

Return you thither?

⁵⁰ all the griefs are thine: that is, which are thine.

First Lord. Ay, madam, with the swiftest wing of speed.

Hel. [*Reads.*] "Till I have no wife, I have nothing in France."

'T is bitter.

Count. Find you that there?

Hel. Ay, madam.

70

First Lord. 'T is but the boldness of his hand, which haply his heart was not consenting to.

Count. Nothing in France, until he have no wife!

There's nothing here that is too good for him

But only she; and she deserves a lord

That twenty such rude boys might tend upon

And call her hourly mistress. Who was with him?

First Lord. A servant only, and a gentleman Which I have sometime known.

Count.

Parolles, was it not?

First Lord. Ay, my good lady, he.

80

Count. A very tainted fellow, and full of wickedness.

My son corrupts a well-derived nature

With his inducement.

First Lord.

Indeed, good lady,

The fellow has a deal of that; too much;

Which holds him much to have.

Count. You're welcome, gentlemen.

I will entreat you, when you see my son,

To tell him that his sword can never win

The honour that he loses: more I'll entreat you

Written to bear along.

Sec. Lord.

We serve you, madam,

90

In that and all your worthiest affairs.

Count. Not so, but as we change our courtesies.

Will you draw near?

[*Exeunt Countess and Lords.*]

Hel. "Till I have no wife, I have nothing in France."

Nothing in France, until he has no wife!

Thou shalt have none, Rousillon, none in France;

Then hast thou all again. Poor lord! is't I

That chase thee from thy country and expose

Those tender limbs of thine to the event

Of the none-sparing war? and is it I

100

That drive thee from the sportive court, where thou

Wast shot at with fair eyes, to be the mark

Of smoky muskets? O you leaden messengers,

That ride upon the violent speed of fire,

Fly with false aim; move the still 'pearing air,

That sings with piercing; do not touch my lord.

⁸⁵ Which holds him, etc. This line is hopelessly obscure.

Whoever shoots at him, I set him there ;
 Whoever charges on his forward breast,
 I am the caitiff that do hold him to 't ;
 And, though I kill him not, I am the cause
 His death was so effected : better 't were
 I met the ravin lion when he roar'd
 With sharp constraint of hunger ; better 't were
 That all the miseries which nature owes
 Were mine at once. No, come thou home, Rousillon,
 Whence honour but of danger wins a scar,
 As oft it loses all : I will be gone ;
 My being here it is that holds thee hence :
 Shall I stay here to do 't ? no, no, although
 The air of paradise did fan the house
 And angels offic'd all : I will be gone,
 That pitiful rumour may report my flight,
 To console thine ear. Come, night ; end, day !
 For with the dark, poor thief, I'll steal away.

110

120

[Exit.

SCENE III. *Florence. Before the DUKE'S palace.*

Flourish. Enter the DUKE of Florence, BERTRAM, PAROLLES, Soldiers, Drum and Trumpets.

Duke. The general of my horse thou art ; and we,
 Great in our hope, lay our best love and credence
 Upon thy promising fortune.

Ber. Sir, it is
 A charge too heavy for my strength, but yet
 We'll strive to bear it for your worthy sake
 To the extreme edge of hazard.

Duke. Then go thou forth ;
 And fortune play upon thy prosperous helm,
 As thy auspicious mistress !

Ber. This very day,
 Great Mars, I put myself into thy file ;
 Make me but like my thoughts, and I shall prove
 A lover of thy drum, hater of love.

10

[Exeunt.

SCENE IV. *Rousillon. The COUNT'S palace.*

Enter COUNTESS and Steward.

Count. Alas ! and would you take the letter of her ?
 Might you not know she would do as she has done,
 By sending me a letter ? Read it again.

Stew. [Reads.]

I am Saint Jaques' pilgrim, thither gone :
 Ambitious love hath in me so offended,
 That barefoot plod I the cold ground upon,
 With sainted vow my faults to have amended.

Write, write, that from the bloody course of war
 My dearest master, your dear son, may hie :
 Bless him at home in peace, whilst I from far 10
 His name with zealous fervour sanctify :
 His taken labours bid him me forgive ;
 I, his despiteful Juno, sent him forth
 From courtly friends, with camping foes to live,
 Where death and danger dogs the heels of worth :
 He is too good and fair for death and me ;
 Whom I myself embrace, to set him free.

Count. Ah, what sharp stings are in her mildest words !
 Rinaldo, you did never lack advice so much,
 As letting her pass so : had I spoke with her, 20
 I could have well diverted her intents,
 Which thus she hath prevented.

Stew. Pardon me, madam :
 If I had given you this at over-night,
 She might have been o'erta'en ; and yet she writes,
 Pursuit would be but vain.

Count. What angel shall
 Bless this unworthy husband ? he cannot thrive,
 Unless her prayers, whom Heaven delights to hear
 And loves to grant, reprieve him from the wrath
 Of greatest justice. Write, write, Rinaldo,
 To this unworthy husband of his wife ; 30
 Let every word weigh heavy of her worth
 That he does weigh too light : my greatest grief,
 Though little he do feel it, set down sharply.
 Dispatch the most convenient messenger :
 When haply he shall hear that she is gone,
 He will return ; and hope I may that she,
 Hearing so much, will speed her foot again,
 Led hither by pure love : which of them both
 Is dearest to me, I have no skill in sense
 To make distinction : provide this messenger : 40
 My heart is heavy and mine age is weak ;
 Grief would have tears, and sorrow bids me speak. [Exeunt.

SCENE V. Florence. Without the walls. A tucket afar off.

Enter an old Widow of Florence, DIANA, VIOLENTA, and MARIANA, with other Citizens.

Wid. Nay, come ; for if they do approach the city, we shall
 lose all the sight.

Dia. They say the French count has done most honourable
 service.

Wid. It is reported that he has taken their greatest com-
 mander ; and that with his own hand he slew the Duke's brother.

[*Tucket.*] We have lost our labour; they are gone a contrary way: hark! you may know by their trumpets.

Mar. Come, let's return again, and suffice ourselves with the report of it. Well, Diana, take heed of this French earl: the honour of a maid is her name; and no legacy is so rich as honesty.

Wid. I have told my neighbour how you have been solicited by a gentleman his companion.

Mar. I know that knave; hang him! one Parolles: a filthy officer he is in those suggestions for the young earl. Beware of them, Diana; their promises, enticements, oaths, tokens, and all these engines of lust, are not the things they go under. Many a maid hath been seduced by them; and the misery is, example, that so terrible shows in the wreck of maidenhood, cannot for all that dissuade succession, but that they are limed with the twigs that threaten them. I hope I need not to advise you further; but I hope your own grace will keep you where you are, though there were no further danger known but the modesty which is so lost.

Dia. You shall not need to fear me.

Wid. I hope so.

Enter HELENA, disguised like a Pilgrim.

Look, here comes a pilgrim: I know she will lie at my house; thither they send one another: I'll question her. God save you, pilgrim! whither are you bound? 30

Hel. To Saint Jaques le Grand.

Where do the palmers lodge, I do beseech you?

Wid. At the Saint Francis here beside the port.

Hel. Is this the way?

Wid. Ay, marry, is 't. [*A march heard afar.*] Hark you! they come this way.

If you will tarry, holy pilgrim,

But till the troops come by,

I will conduct you where you shall be lodg'd;

The rather, for I think I know your hostess

As ample as myself.

Hel. Is it yourself? 40

Wid. If you shall please so, pilgrim.

Hel. I thank you, and will stay upon your leisure.

Wid. You came, I think, from France?

Hel. I did so.

Wid. Here you shall see a countryman of yours
That has done worthy service.

¹⁰ *this French earl* = the French count; the correspondent French title being heedlessly used. The title of an English earl's wife is countess.

¹⁶ *suggestions* = temptations.

³³ *the port* = the gate.

Hel. His name, I pray you.

Dia. The Count Rousillon : know you such a one ?

Hel. But by the ear, that hears most nobly of him :
His face I know not.

Dia. Whatsome'er he is,
He's bravely taken here. He stole from France,
As 't is reported, for the King had married him
Against his liking : think you it is so ?

50

Hel. Ay, surely, mere the truth : I know his lady.

Dia. There is a gentleman that serves the count
Reports but coarsely of her.

Hel. What's his name ?

Dia. Monsieur Parolles.

Hel. O, I believe with him ;
In argument of praise, or to the worth
Of the great count himself, she is too mean
To have her name repeated : all her deserving
Is a reserved honesty, and that
I have not heard examined.

Dia. Alas, poor lady !
'T is a hard bondage to become the wife
Of a detesting lord.

60

Wid. I write, good creature, wheresoe'er she is,
Her heart weighs sadly : this young maid might do her
A shrewd turn, if she pleas'd.

Hel. How do you mean ?
May be the amorous count solicits her
In the unlawful purpose.

Wid. He does indeed ;
And brokes with all that can in such a suit
Corrupt the tender honour of a maid :
But she is arm'd for him and keeps her guard
In honestest defence.

70

Mar. The gods forbid else !

Wid. So, now they come :

Enter, with Drum and Colours, BERTRAM, PAROLLES, and the Florentine army.

That is Antonio, the Duke's eldest son ;

That, Escalus.

Hel. Which is the Frenchman ?

Dia. He ;

That with the plume : 't is a most gallant fellow.

I would he lov'd his wife : if he were honest

He were much goodlier : is 't not a handsome gentleman ?

⁶⁰ *examined* = criticised, censured.

⁶³ *I write* = declare, set forth. A similar use of *write* has occurred twice before in this play, Act II. Sc. 3, lines 59, 194.

⁶⁸ *brokes* = intrigues, tempts.

Hel. I like him well.

Dia. 'Tis pity he is not honest : yond 's that same knave
That leads him to these places : were I his lady, 80
I would poison that vile rascal.

Hel. Which is he ?

Dia. That jack-an-apes with scarfs : why is he melancholy ?

Hel. Perchance he 's hurt i' th' battle.

Par. Lose our drum ! well.

Mar. He 's shrewdly vex'd at something : look, he has spied
us.

Wid. Marry, hang you !

Mar. And your courtesy, for a ring-carrier !

[*Exeunt Bertram, Parolles, and army.*]

Wid. The troop is past. Come, pilgrim, I will bring you
Where you shall host : of enjoin'd penitents 90
There 's four or five, to great Saint Jaques bound,
Already at my house.

Hel. I humbly thank you :
Please it this matron and this gentle maid
To eat with us to-night, the charge and thanking
Shall be for me ; and, to requite you further,
I will bestow some precepts of this virgin
Worthy the note.

Both. We 'll take your offer kindly.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE VI. *Camp before Florence.*

Enter BERTRAM and the two French Lords.

First Lord. Nay, good my lord, put him to 't : let him have
his way.

Sec. Lord. If your lordship find him not a hilding, hold me
no more in your respect.

First Lord. On my life, my lord, a bubble.

Ber. Do you think I am so far deceived in him ?

First Lord. Believe it, my lord, in mine own direct knowl-
edge, without any malice, but to speak of him as my kinsman,
he 's a most notable coward, an infinite and endless liar, an
hourly promise-breaker, the owner of no one good quality wor-
thy your lordship's entertainment. 11

Sec. Lord. It were fit you knew him ; lest, reposing too far
in his virtue, which he hath not, he might at some great and
trusty business in a main danger fail you.

Ber. I would I knew in what particular action to try him.

⁸⁸ *ring-carrier* = go-between, pimp.

⁹⁰ *host* : loosely used for lodge ; be provided for by a host.

² *hilding* = a base fellow.

Sec. Lord. None better than to let him fetch off his drum, which you hear him so confidently undertake to do.

First Lord. I, with a troop of Florentines, will suddenly surprise him; such I will have, whom I am sure he knows not from the enemy: we will bind and hoodwink him so, that he shall suppose no other but that he is carried into the leaguer of the adversaries, when we bring him to our own tents. Be but your lordship present at his examination: if he do not, for the promise of his life and in the highest compulsion of base fear, offer to betray you and deliver all the intelligence in his power against you, and that with the divine forfeit of his soul upon oath, never trust my judgement in any thing.

Sec. Lord. O, for the love of laughter, let him fetch his drum; he says he has a stratagem for't: when your lordship sees the bottom of his success in't, and to what metal this counterfeit lump of ore will be melted, if you give him not John Drum's entertainment, your inclining cannot be removed. Here he comes.

Enter PAROLLES.

First Lord. [*Aside to Ber.*] O, for the love of laughter, hinder not the humour of his design: let him fetch off his drum in any hand.

Ber. How now, monsieur! this drum sticks sorely in your disposition.

Sec. Lord. A pox on't, let it go; 't is but a drum. 39

Par. "But a drum"! is't "but a drum"? A drum so lost! There was excellent command, — to charge in with our horse upon our own wings, and to rend our own soldiers!

Sec. Lord. That was not to be blam'd in the command of the service: it was a disaster of war that Cæsar himself could not have prevented, if he had been there to command.

Ber. Well, we cannot greatly condemn our success: some dishonour we had in the loss of that drum; but it is not to be recovered.

Par. It might have been recovered.

Ber. It might; but it is not now. 50

Par. It is to be recovered: but that the merit of service is seldom attributed to the true and exact performer, I would have that drum or another, or "*hic jacet*."

Ber. Why, if you have a stomach, to't, monsieur: if you think your mystery in stratagem can bring this instrument of honour again into his native quarter, be magnanimous in the enterprise and go on; I will grace the attempt for a worthy ex-

²¹ *leaguer* = camp.

³¹ *John Drum's entertainment* = a beating.

⁵³ *hic jacet* = here lies (Lat.); the first words of an inscription on a tomb-stone.

plot : if you speed well in it, the Duke shall both speak of it, and extend to you what further becomes his greatness, even to the utmost syllable of your worthiness. 60

Par. By the hand of a soldier, I will undertake it.

Ber. But you must not now slumber in it.

Par. I'll about it this evening : and I will presently pen down my dilemmas, encourage myself in my certainty, put myself into my mortal preparation ; and by midnight look to hear further from me.

Ber. May I be bold to acquaint his grace you are gone about it ?

Par. I know not what the success will be, my lord ; but the attempt I vow. 70

Ber. I know thou'rt valiant ; and, to the possibility of thy soldiership, will subscribe for thee. Farewell.

Par. I love not many words.

[*Exit.*

First Lord. No more than a fish loves water. Is not this a strange fellow, my lord, that so confidently seems to undertake this business, which he knows is not to be done ; damns himself to do, and dares better be damn'd than to do't ?

Sec. Lord. You do not know him, my lord, as we do : certain it is, that he will steal himself into a man's favour and for a week escape a great deal of discovery ; but when you find him out, you have him ever after. 81

Ber. Why, do you think he will make no deed at all of this that so seriously he does address himself unto ?

First Lord. None in the world ; but return with an invention and clap upon you two or three probable lies : but we have almost emboss'd him : you shall see his fall to-night ; for indeed he is not for your lordship's respect.

Sec. Lord. We'll make you some sport with the fox ere we case him. He was first smok'd by the old lord Lafeu : when his disguise and he is parted, tell me what a sprat you shall find him ; which you shall see this very night. I must go look my twigs : he shall be caught.

Ber. Your brother he shall go along with me.

Sec. Lord. As't please your lordship : I'll leave you. [*Exit.*

Ber. Now will I lead you to the house, and show you The lass I spoke of.

First Lord. But you say she's honest.

Ber. That's all the fault : I spoke with her but once And found her wondrous cold ; but I sent to her, By this same coxcomb that we have i' th' wind,

⁶⁴ *dilemmas* : Parolles's big word for plans.

⁸⁶ *emboss'd him* = run him nearly to death.

⁸⁹ *smok'd* : slang for discovered.

Tokens and letters which she did re-send ; 100
 And this is all I have done. She's a fair creature :
 Will you go see her ?

First Lord. With all my heart, my lord. [Exeunt.]

SCENE VII. *Florence. The Widow's house.*

Enter HELENA and Widow.

Hel. If you misdoubt me that I am not she,
 I know not how I shall assure you further,
 But I shall lose the grounds I work upon.

Wid. Though my estate be fallen, I was well born,
 Nothing acquainted with these businesses ;
 And would not put my reputation now
 In any staining act.

Hel. Nor would I wish you.
 First, give me trust, the count he is my husband ;
 And what to your sworn counsel I have spoken
 Is so from word to word ; and then you cannot, 10
 By the good aid that I of you shall borrow,
 Err in bestowing it.

Wid. I should believe you ;
 For you have show'd me that which well approves
 You're great in fortune.

Hel. Take this purse of gold,
 And let me buy your friendly help thus far,
 Which I will over-pay and pay again
 When I have found it. The count he wooes your daughter,
 Lays down his wanton siege before her beauty,
 Resolv'd to carry her : let her in fine consent,
 As we'll direct her how 't is best to bear it. 20
 Now his important blood will nought deny
 That she'll demand : a ring the county wears,
 That downward hath succeeded in his house
 From son to son, some four or five descents
 Since the first father wore it : this ring he holds
 In most rich choice ; yet in his idle fire,
 To buy his will, it would not seem too dear,
 Howe'er repented after.

Wid. Now I see
 The bottom of your purpose.

Hel. You see it lawful, then : it is no more, 30
 But that your daughter, ere she seems as won,
 Desires this ring ; appoints him an encounter ;
 In fine, delivers me to fill the time,

²¹ important = importunate.

Herself most chastely absent: after this,
To marry her, I'll add three thousand crowns
To what is past already.

Wid. I have yielded:

Instruct my daughter how she shall persevere,
That time and place with this deceit so lawful
May prove coherent. Every night he comes
With musics of all sorts and songs compos'd
To her unworthiness: it nothing steads us
To chide him from our eaves; for he persists
As if his life lay on 't.

40

Hel.

Why then to-night

Let us assay our plot; which, if it speed,
Is wicked meaning in a lawful deed
And lawful meaning in a lawful act,
Where both not sin, and yet a sinful fact:
But let's about it.

[*Exeunt.*]

ACT IV.

SCENE I. *Without the Florentine camp.*

Enter First French Lord, with five or six other Soldiers in ambush.

First Lord. He can come no other way but by this hedge-corner. When you sally upon him, speak what terrible language you will: though you understand it not yourselves, no matter; for we must not seem to understand him, unless some one among us whom we must produce for an interpreter.

First Sold. Good captain, let me be the interpreter.

First Lord. Art not acquainted with him? knows he not thy voice?

First Sold. No, sir, I warrant you.

9

First Lord. But what linsey-woolsey hast thou to speak to us again?

First Sold. E'en such as you speak to me.

First Lord. He must think us some band of strangers i' th' adversary's entertainment. Now he hath a smack of all neighbouring languages; therefore we must every one be a man of his own fancy, not to know what we speak one to another; so we seem to know, is to know straight our purpose: choughs' language, gabble enough, and good enough. As for you, interpreter, you must seem very politic. But couch, ho! here he comes, to beguile two hours in a sleep, and then to return and swear the lies he forges.

21

⁸¹ *persever* = *persevere*, with accent on the second syllable.

Enter PAROLLES.

Par. Ten o'clock: within these three hours 't will be time enough to go home. What shall I say I have done? It must be a very plausible invention that carries it: they begin to smoke me; and disgraces have of late knock'd too often at my door. I find my tongue is too foolhardy; but my heart hath the fear of Mars before it and of his creatures, not daring the reports of my tongue.

First Lord. [*Aside, in ambush.*] This is the first truth that e'er thine own tongue was guilty of. 30

Par. What the devil should move me to undertake the recovery of this drum, being not ignorant of the impossibility, and knowing I had no such purpose? I must give myself some hurts, and say I got them in exploit: yet slight ones will not carry it; they will say, Came you off with so little? and great ones I dare not give. Wherefore, what's the instance? Tongue, I must put you into a butter-woman's mouth and buy myself another of Bajazet's mute, if you prattle me into these perils.

First Lord. Is it possible he should know what he is, and be that he is? 39

Par. I would the cutting of my garments would serve the turn, or the breaking of my Spanish sword.

First Lord. We cannot afford you so.

Par. Or the baring of my beard; and to say it was in stratagem.

First Lord. 'T would not do.

Par. Or to drown my clothes, and say I was stripp'd.

First Lord. Hardly serve.

Par. Though I swore I leap'd from the window of the citadel — 49

First Lord. How deep?

Par. Thirty fathom.

First Lord. Three great oaths would scarce make that be believed.

Par. I would I had any drum of the enemy's: I would swear I recover'd it.

First Lord. You shall hear one anon.

Par. A drum now of the enemy's, —

[*Alarum within.*]

First Lord. *Throca movousus, cargo, cargo, cargo.* 60

All. *Cargo, cargo, cargo, villianda par corbo, cargo.*

Par. O, ransom, ransom! do not hide mine eyes.

[*They seize and blindfold him.*]

First Sold. *Bosko thromuldo boskos.*

Par. I know you are the Muskos' regiment:
And I shall lose my life for want of language:

If there be here German, or Dane, low Dutch,
Italian, or French, let him speak to me; I'll
Discover that which shall undo the Florentine.

First Sold. *Boskos vauvado*: I understand thee, and can
speak thy tongue. *Kerelybonto*, sir, betake thee to thy faith,
for seventeen poniards are at thy bosom. 71

Par. O!

First Sold. O, pray, pray, pray! *Manka revania dulche.*

First Lord. *Oscorbi dulchos volivorco.*

First Sold. The general is content to spare thee yet;
And, hoodwink'd as thou art, will lead thee on
To gather from thee: haply thou mayst inform
Something to save thy life.

Par. O, let me live!

And all the secrets of our camp I'll show,
Their force, their purposes; nay, I'll speak that 80
Which you will wonder at.

First Sold. But wilt thou faithfully?

Par. If I do not, damn me.

First Sold. *Acordo linta.*

Come on; thou art granted space.

[*Exit, with Parolles guarded. A short alarum within.*]

First Lord. Go, tell the Count Rousillon, and my brother,
We have caught the woodcock, and will keep him muffled
Till we do hear from them.

Sec. Sold. Captain, I will.

First Lord. A' will betray us all unto ourselves:
Inform on that.

Sec. Sold. So I will, sir. 90

First Lord. Till then I'll keep him dark and safely lock'd.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *Florence. The Widow's house.*

Enter BERTRAM and DIANA.

Ber. They told me that your name was Fontibell.

Dia. No, my good lord, Diana.

Ber. Titled goddess;

And worth it, with addition! But, fair soul,
In your fine frame hath love no quality?
If the quick fire of youth light not your mind,
You are no maiden, but a monument:
When you are dead, you should be such a one
As you are now, for you are cold and stern;
And now you should be as your mother was
When your sweet self was got.

Dia. She then was honest.

Ber. So should you be.

Dia. No :

My mother did but duty ; such, my lord,
As you owe to your wife.

Ber. No more o' that ;

I prithee, do not strive against my vows :
I was compell'd to her : but I love thee
By love's own sweet constraint, and will for ever
Do thee all rights of service.

Dia. Ay, so you serve us

Till we serve you ; but when you have our roses,
You barely leave our thorns to prick ourselves,
And mock us with our bareness.

Ber. How have I sworn !

20

Dia. 'T is not the many oaths that makes the truth,
But the plain single vow that is vow'd true.
What is not holy, that we swear not by,
But take the High'st to witness : then, pray you, tell me,
If I should swear by God's great attributes,
I loved you dearly, would you believe my oaths,
When I did love you ill ? This has no holding,
To swear by him whom I protest to love,
That I will work against him : therefore your oaths
Are words and poor conditions, but unseal'd,
At least in my opinion.

30

Ber. Change it, change it ;

Be not so holy-cruel : love is holy ;
And my integrity ne'er knew the crafts
That you do charge men with. Stand no more off,
But give thyself unto my sick desires,
Who then recover : say thou art mine, and ever
My love as it begins shall so persevere.

Dia. I see that men make ropes in such a scarre
That we'll forsake ourselves. Give me that ring.

Ber. I'll lend it thee, my dear ; but have no power
To give it from me.

40

Dia. Will you not, my lord ?

Ber. It is an honour 'longing to our house,
Bequeathed down from many ancestors ;
Which were the greatest obloquy i' th' world
In me to lose.

Dia. Mine honour's such a ring :

My chastity's the jewel of our house,

³⁸ I see that men, etc. : incomprehensible ; probably corrupt in some word. Every effort to explain or to amend it has been in vain ; but "ropes" may possibly be a misprint of *hopes*, and "scarre," which is found in a like connection elsewhere, may possibly mean emergency, or it may possibly be a phonetic spelling of an old pronunciation of *scare* ; anything seems possible in the text of this play.

Bequeathed down from many ancestors ;
Which were the greatest obloquy i' th' world
In me to lose : thus your own proper wisdom
Brings in the champion Honour on my part,
Against your vain assault.

50

Ber. Here, take my ring :
My house, mine honour, yea, my life, be thine,
And I'll be bid by thee.

Dia. When midnight comes, knock at my chamber-window :
I'll order take my mother shall not hear.
Now will I charge you in the band of truth,
When you have conquer'd my yet maiden bed,
Remain there but an hour, nor speak to me :
My reasons are most strong ; and you shall know them
When back again this ring shall be deliver'd :
And on your finger in the night I'll put
Another ring, that what in time proceeds
May token to the future our past deeds.
Adieu, till then ; then, fail not. You have won
A wife of me, though there my hope be done.

60

Ber. A heaven on earth I have won by wooing thee. [*Exit.*]

Dia. For which live long to thank both Heaven and me !
You may so in the end.

My mother told me just how he would woo,
As if she sat in 's heart ; she says all men
Have the like oaths : he has sworn to marry me
When his wife's dead ; therefore I'll lie with him
When I am buried. Since men are so braid,
Marry that will, I live and die a maid :
Only in this disguise I think 't no sin
To cozen him that would unjustly win.

70

[*Exit.*]SCENE III. *The Florentine camp.*

Enter the two French Lords and some two or three Soldiers.

Sec. Lord. You have not given him his mother's letter ?

First Lord. I have deliver'd it an hour since : there is something in 't that stings his nature ; for on the reading it he chang'd almost into another man.

Sec. Lord. He has much worthy blame laid upon him for shaking off so good a wife and so sweet a lady.

First Lord. Especially he hath incurred the everlasting displeasure of the King, who had even tun'd his bounty to sing happiness to him. I will tell you a thing, but you shall let it dwell darkly with you.

10

⁷³ braid = deceitful.

Sec. Lord. When you have spoken it, 't is dead, and I am the grave of it.

First Lord. He hath perverted a young gentlewoman here in Florence, of a most chaste renown; and this night he fleshes his will in the spoil of her honour: he hath given her his monumental ring, and thinks himself made in the unchaste composition.

Sec. Lord. Now, God delay our rebellion! as we are ourselves, what things are we! 19

First Lord. Merely our own traitors. And as in the common course of all treasons, we still see them reveal themselves, till they attain to their abhorr'd ends, so he that in this action contrives against his own nobility, in his proper stream o'erflows himself.

Sec. Lord. Is it not most damnable in us, to be trumpeters of our unlawful intents? We shall not then have his company to-night?

First Lord. Not till after midnight; for he is dieted to his hour. 29

Sec. Lord. That approaches apace; I would gladly have him see his company anatomiz'd, that he might take a measure of his own judgements, wherein so curiously he had set this counterfeit.

First Lord. We will not meddle with him till he come; for his presence must be the whip of the other.

Sec. Lord. In the mean time, what hear you of these wars?

First Lord. I hear there is an overture of peace.

Sec. Lord. Nay, I assure you, a peace concluded.

First Lord. What will Count Rousillon do then? will he travel higher, or return again into France? 40

Sec. Lord. I perceive, by this demand, you are not altogether of his council.

First Lord. Let it be forbid, sir; so should I be a great deal of his act.

Sec. Lord. Sir, his wife some two months since fled from his house: her pretence is a pilgrimage to Saint Jaques le Grand; which holy undertaking with most austere sanctimony she accomplish'd; and, there residing, the tenderness of her nature became as a prey to her grief; in fine, made a groan of her last breath, and now she sings in heaven. 50

First Lord. How is this justified?

Sec. Lord. The stranger part of it by her own letters, which makes her story true, even to the point of her death: her death

²⁸ *dieted*: a strange use of the word, if we must take it in the sense of restrained, compelled to undergo privation, which seems to be its meaning in this place and in Act V. Scene 3, line 219.

³¹ *company* = companion; that is, Parolles.

⁵¹ *justified* = put in evidence.

itself, which could not be her office to say is come, was faithfully confirm'd by the rector of the place.

First Lord. Hath the count all this intelligence?

Sec. Lord. Ay, and the particular confirmations, point from point, to the full arming of the verity.

First Lord. I am heartily sorry that he'll be glad of this. 59

Sec. Lord. How mightily sometimes we make us comforts of our losses!

First Lord. And how mightily some other times we drown our gain in tears! The great dignity that his valour hath here acquir'd for him shall at home be encount'ed with a shame as ample.

Sec. Lord. The web of our life is of a mingled yarn, good and ill together: our virtues would be proud, if our faults whipp'd them not; and our crimes would despair, if they were not cherish'd by our virtues.

Enter a Messenger.

How now! where's your master?

70

Serv. He met the Duke in the street, sir, of whom he hath taken a solemn leave: his lordship will next morning for France. The Duke hath offered him letters of commendations to the King.

First Lord. They shall be no more than needful there, if they were more than they can commend.

Sec. Lord. They cannot be too sweet for the King's tartness. Here's his lordship now.

Enter BERTRAM.

How now, my lord! is't not after midnight?

Ber. I have to-night dispatch'd sixteen businesses, a month's length a-piece, by an abstract of success: I have congied with the Duke, done my adieu with his nearest; buried a wife, mourn'd for her; writ to my lady mother I am returning; entertain'd my convoy; and between these main parcels of dispatch effected many nicer needs: the last was the greatest, but that I have not ended yet.

First Lord. If the business be of any difficulty, and this morning your departure hence, it requires haste of your lordship.

Ber. I mean, the business is not ended, as fearing to hear of it hereafter. But shall we have this dialogue between the fool and the soldier? Come, bring forth this counterfeit module, h'as deceiv'd me, like a double-meaning prophesier. 91

First Lord. Bring him forth: h'as sat i' th' stocks all night, poor gallant knave.

Ber. No matter; his heels have deserv'd it, in usurping his spurs so long. How does he carry himself?

⁹⁰ *module* = model, pattern.

⁹¹ *h'as* = he has: a common contraction.

⁹² *usurping his spurs* = pretending to knightly honor.

First Lord. I have told your lordship already, the stocks carry him. But to answer you as you would be understood ; he weeps like a wench that had shed her milk : he hath confess'd himself to Morgan, whom he supposes to be a friar, from the time of his remembrance to this very instant disaster of his setting i' th' stocks : and what think you he hath confess'd ? 101

Ber. Nothing of me, has a' ?

First Lord. His confession is taken, and it shall be read to his face : if your lordship be in 't, as I believe you are, you must have the patience to hear it.

Enter PAROLLES guarded, and First Soldier.

Ber. A plague upon him ! muffled ! he can say nothing of me.

Sec. Lord. Hush ! hush ! Hoodman comes ! *Portotartarosa.*

First Sold. He calls for the tortures : what will you say without 'em ?

Par. I will confess what I know without constraint : if ye pinch me like a pasty, I can say no more. 111

First Sold. *Bosko chimurco.*

Sec. Lord. *Boblibindo chicurmurco.*

First Sold. Y' are a merciful general. Our general bids you answer to what I shall ask you out of a note.

Par. And truly, as I hope to live.

First Sold. [*Reads.*] "First demand of him how many horse the Duke is strong." What say you to that ?

Par. Five or six thousand ; but very weak and unserviceable : the troops are all scattered, and the commanders very poor rogues, upon my reputation and credit and as I hope to live.

First Sold. Shall I set down your answer so ?

Par. Do : I'll take the sacrament on 't, how and which way you will.

Ber. All 's one to him. What a past-saving slave is this !

Sec. Lord. Y' are deceiv'd, my lord : this is Monsieur Parolles, the gallant militarist, — that was his own phrase, — that had the whole theoric of war in the knot of his scarf, and the practice in the chape of his dagger. 129

First Lord. I will never trust a man again for keeping his sword clean, nor believe he can have every thing in him by wearing his apparel neatly.

First Sold. Well, that's set down.

Par. Five or six thousand horse, I said, — I will say true, — or thereabouts, set down, for I'll speak truth.

Sec. Lord. He's very near the truth in this.

Ber. But I con him no thanks for 't, in the nature he delivers it.

⁹⁸ *like a wench*, etc. I can find no note upon this passage ; but it doubtless refers to one of the indications of speedily approaching maternity.

¹¹⁵ *note* = memorandum.

¹²⁹ *chape* = end of the sheath.

¹³⁷ *con* = say over, recite.

Par. Poor rogues, I pray you, say.

First Sold. Well, that's set down.

Par. I humbly thank you, sir: a truth's a truth, the rogues are marvellous poor. 141

First Sold. [*Reads.*] "Demand of him, of what strength they are a-foot." What say you to that?

Par. By my troth, sir, if I were to live this present hour, I will tell true. Let me see: Spurio, a hundred and fifty; Sebastian, so many; Corambus, so many; Jaques, so many; Guiltian, Cosmo, Lodowick, and Gratii, two hundred and fifty each; mine own company, Chitopher, Vaumond, Bentii, two hundred and fifty each: so that the muster-file, rotten and sound, upon my life, amounts not to fifteen thousand poll; half of the which dare not shake the snow from off their cassocks, lest they shake themselves to pieces.

Ber. What shall be done to him?

Sec. Lord. Nothing, but let him have thanks. Demand of him my condition, and what credit I have with the Duke.

First Sold. Well, that's set down.

[*Reads.*] You shall demand of him, whether one Captain Dumain be i' the camp, a Frenchman; what his reputation is with the Duke; what his valour, honesty, and expertness in wars; or whether he thinks it were not possible, with well-weighing sums of gold, to corrupt him to a revolt. 160

What say you to this? what do you know of it?

Par. I beseech you, let me answer to the particular of the inter'gatories: demand them singly.

First Sold. Do you know this Captain Dumain?

Par. I know him: a' was a botcher's 'prentice in Paris, from whence he was whipp'd for getting the Shrieve's Fool with child, — a dumb innocent, that could not say him nay.

Ber. Nay, by your leave, hold your hands; though I know his brains are forfeit to the next tile that falls.

First Sold. Well, is this captain in the Duke of Florence's camp? 171

Par. Upon my knowledge, he is, and lousy.

Sec. Lord. Nay, look not so upon me; we shall hear of your lordship anon.

First Sold. What is his reputation with the Duke?

Par. The Duke knows him for no other but a poor officer of mine; and writ to me this other day to turn him out o' th' band: I think I have his letter in my pocket.

¹⁴⁴ to live this present hour. Query, to live but this present hour, or even to die this present hour. Both readings have been given. There is no end to an editor's perplexity in this play except at the last *exceunt*.

¹⁶⁰ poll = head.

¹⁶⁵ botcher's = cobbler's.

¹⁶⁶ Shrieve's Fool = Sheriff's Fool. Every person of consequence seems to have had a Fool — and these Fools were sometimes women.

First Sold. Marry, we 'll search.

Par. In good sadness, I do not know; either it is there, or it is upon a file with the Duke's other letters in my tent. 181

First Sold. Here 't is; here 's a paper: shall I read it to you?

Par. I do not know if it be it or no.

Ber. Our interpreter does it well.

Sec. Lord. Excellently.

First Sold. [*Reads.*] "Dian, the count's a fool, and full of gold," —

Par. That is not the Duke's letter, sir; that is an advertisement to a proper maid in Florence, one Diana, to take heed of the allurements of one Count Rousillon, a foolish idle boy, but for all that very ruttish: I pray you, sir, put it up again. 191

First Sold. Nay, I 'll read it first, by your favour.

Par. My meaning in 't, I protest, was very honest in the behalf of the maid; for I knew the young count to be a dangerous and lascivious boy, who is a whale to virginity and devours up all the fry it finds.

Ber. Damnable both-sides rogue!

First Sold. [*Reads.*]

When he swears oaths, bid him drop gold, and take it;

After he scores, he never pays the score:

Half won is match well made; match, and well make it; 200

He ne'er pays after-debts, take it before;

And say a soldier, Dian, told thee this,

Men are to mell with, boys are not to kiss:

For count of this, the count's a fool, I know it,

Who pays before, but not when he does owe it.

Thine, as he vow'd to thee in thine ear,

PAROLLES.

Ber. He shall be whipp'd through the army with this rhyme in 's forehead.

First Lord. This is your devoted friend, sir, the manifold linguist and the armipotent soldier. 210

Ber. I could endure anything before but a cat; and now he's a cat to me.

First Sold. I perceive, sir, by the general's looks, we shall be fain to hang you.

Par. My life, sir, in any case: not that I am afraid to die; but that, my offences being many, I would repent out the remainder of nature: let me live, sir, in a dungeon, i' th' stocks, or any where, so I may live.

First Sold. We 'll see what may be done, so you confess freely; therefore, once more to this Captain Dumain: you have answer'd to his reputation with the Duke, and to his valour: what is his honesty?

Par. He will steal, sir, an egg out of a cloister : for rapes and ravishments he parallels Nessus : he professes not keeping of oaths ; in breaking 'em he is stronger than Hercules : he will lie, sir, with such volubility, that you would think truth were a fool : drunkenness is his best virtue, for he will be swine drunk ; and in his sleep he does little harm, save to his bed-clothes about him ; but they know his conditions and lay him in straw. I have but little more to say, sir, of his honesty : he has every thing that an honest man should not have ; what an honest man should have, he has nothing.

Sec. Lord. I begin to love him for this.

Ber. For this description of thine honesty ? A pox upon him for me, he's more and more a cat.

First Sold. What say you to his expertness in war ?

Par. Faith, sir, has led the drum before the English tragedians ; to belie him, I will not, and more of his soldiership I know not ; except, in that country he had the honour to be the officer at a place there called Mile-end, to instruct for the doubling of files : I would do the man what honour I can, but of this I am not certain.

Sec. Lord. He hath out villain'd villany so far, that the rarity redeems him.

Ber. A pox on him, he's a cat still.

First Sold. His qualities being at this poor price, I need not to ask you if gold will corrupt him to revolt.

Par. Sir, for a quart d'écu he will sell the fee-simple of his salvation, the inheritance of it ; and cut the entail from all remainders, and a perpetual succession for it perpetually. 250

First Sold. What's his brother, the other Captain Dumain ?

First Lord. Why does he ask him of me ?

First Sold. What's he ?

Par. E'en a crow o' th' same nest ; not altogether so great as the first in goodness, but greater a great deal in evil : he excels his brother for a coward ; yet his brother is reputed one of the best that is : in a retreat he outruns any lackey ; marry, in coming on he has the cramp.

First Sold. If your life be saved, will you undertake to betray the Florentine ? 260

Par. Ay, and the captain of his horse, Count Rousillon.

First Sold. I'll whisper with the general, and know his pleasure.

Par. [*Aside.*] I'll no more drumming ; a plague of all

²²⁴ Nessus = a centaur who ravished Dejanira, Hercules's mistress.

²³⁷ led the drum, etc. Companies of actors had with them a drum and a trumpet to announce their presence.

²⁴⁰ Mile-end : a place of muster near London.

²⁴⁸ quart d'écu = quarter of a French crown, equal to 8d. or about \$1.75 now.

drums! Only to seem to deserve well, and to beguile the supposition of that lascivious young boy the count, have I run into this danger. Yet who would have suspected an ambush where I was taken?

First Sold. There is no remedy, sir, but you must die: the general says, you that have so traitorously discover'd the secrets of your army and made such pestiferous reports of men very nobly held, can serve the world for no honest use; therefore you must die. Come, headsman, off with his head.

Par. O Lord, sir, let me live, or let me see my death!

First Sold. That shall you, and take your leave of all your friends. [Unblinding him.]

So, look about you: know you any here?

Ber. Good morrow, noble captain.

First Lord. God bless you, Captain Parolles.

Sec. Lord. God save you, noble captain. 280

First Lord. Captain, what greeting will you to my Lord Lafeu? I am for France.

Sec. Lord. Good captain, will you give me a copy of the sonnet you writ to Diana in behalf of the Count Rousillon? an I were not a very coward, I 'ld compel it of you: but fare you well. [Exeunt Bertram and Lords.]

First Sold. You are undone, captain, all but your scarf; that has a knot on 't yet.

Par. Who cannot be crush'd with a plot? 289

First Sold. If you could find out a country where but women were that had received so much shame, you might begin an impudent nation. Fare ye well, sir; I am for France too: we shall speak of you there. [Exit, with Soldiers.]

Par. Yet am I thankful: if my heart were great,
'T would burst at this. Captain I'll be no more;
But I will eat and drink, and sleep as soft
As captain shall: simply the thing I am
Shall make me live. Who knows himself a braggart,
Let him fear this; for it will come to pass
That every braggart shall be found an ass. 300
Rust, sword! cool, blushes! and, Parolles, live
Safest in shame! being fool'd, by fool'ry thrive!
There's place and means for every man alive.
I'll after them. [Exit.]

SCENE IV. Florence. The Widow's house.

Enter HELENA, Widow, and DIANA.

Hel. That you may well perceive I have not wrong'd you,
One of the greatest in the Christian world

Shall be my surety ; 'fore whose throne 't is needful,
 Ere I can perfect mine intents, to kneel :
 Time was, I did him a desired office,
 Dear almost as his life ; which gratitude
 Through flinty Tartar's bosom would peep forth,
 And answer, thanks. I duly am inform'd
 His grace is at Marseilles ; to which place
 We have convenient convoy. You must know,
 I am supposed dead : the army breaking,
 My husband hies him home ; where, Heaven aiding,
 And by the leave of my good lord the King,
 We'll be before our welcome.

10

Wid. Gentle madam,
 You never had a servant to whose trust
 Your business was more welcome.

Hel. Nor you, mistress,
 Ever a friend whose thoughts more truly labour
 To recompense your love : doubt not but Heaven
 Hath brought me up to be your daughter's dower,
 As it hath fated her to be my motive
 And helper to a husband. But, O strange men !
 That can such sweet use make of what they hate,
 When saucy trusting of the cozen'd thoughts
 Defiles the pitchy night : so lust doth play
 With what it loathes for that which is away.
 But more of this hereafter. You, Diana,
 Under my poor instructions yet must suffer
 Something in my behalf.

20

Dia. Let death and honesty
 Go with your impositions, I am yours
 Upon your will to suffer.

Hel. Yet, I pay you
 But with the word : the time will bring on summer,
 When briers shall have leaves as well as thorns,
 And be as sweet as sharp. We must away ;
 Our waggon is prepar'd, and time invites us :
 All's well that ends well : still the fine's the crown ;
 Whate'er the course, the end is the renown.

30

[*Exeunt.*]SCENE V. *Rousillon. The COUNT'S palace.**Enter COUNTESS, LAFEU, and CLOWN.*

Laf. No, no, no, your son was misled with a snipt-taffeta fellow there, whose villanous saffron would have made all the unbak'd and doughy youth of a nation in his colour : your

daughter-in-law had been alive at this hour, and your son here at home, more advanc'd by the King than by that red-tail'd humble-bee I speak of.

Count. I would I had not known him; it was the death of the most virtuous gentlewoman that ever nature had praise for creating. If she had partaken of my flesh, and cost me the dearest groans of a mother, I could not have owed her a more rooted love. 11

Laf. 'T was a good lady, 't was a good lady: we may pick a thousand salads ere we light on such another herb.

Clo. Indeed, sir, she was the sweet-marjoram of the salad, or rather, the herb of grace.

Laf. They are not sallet herbs, you knave; they are nose-herbs.

Clo. I am no great Nebuchadnezzar, sir; I have not much skill in grass. 19

Laf. Whether dost thou profess thyself, a knave or a fool?

Clo. A fool, sir, at a woman's service, and a knave at a man's.

Laf. Your distinction?

Clo. I would cozen the man of his wife and do his service.

Laf. So you were a knave at his service, indeed.

Clo. And I would give his wife my bauble, sir, to do her service.

Laf. I will subscribe for thee, thou art both knave and fool.

Clo. At your service.

Laf. No, no, no. 30

Clo. Why, sir, if I cannot serve you, I can serve as great a prince as you are.

Laf. Who's that? a Frenchman?

Clo. Faith, sir, a' has an English name; but his fisnomy is more hotter in France than there.

Laf. What prince is that?

Clo. The black prince, sir; alias, the prince of darkness; alias, the Devil.

Laf. Hold thee, there's my purse: I give thee not this to suggest thee from thy master thou talk'st of; serve him still.

Clo. I am a woodland fellow, sir, that always loved a great fire; and the master I speak of ever keeps a good fire. But, sure, he is the prince of the world; let his nobility remain in 's court. I am for the house with the narrow gate, which I take to be too little for pomp to enter: some that humble themselves may; but the many will be too chill and tender, and they'll be for the flowery way that leads to the broad gate and the great fire.

¹⁵ herb of grace = rue.

¹⁶ nose-herbs = fragrant herbs.

⁴⁰ suggest = tempt.

Laf. Go thy ways, I begin to be aweary of thee; and I tell thee so before, because I would not fall out with thee. Go thy ways: let my horses be well look'd to, without any tricks. 51

Clo. If I put any tricks upon 'em, sir, they shall be jades' tricks; which are their own right by the law of nature. [Exit.

Laf. A shrewd knave and an unhappy.

Count. So he is. My lord that's gone made himself much sport out of him: by his authority he remains here, which he thinks is a patent for his sauciness; and, indeed, he has no place, but runs where he will.

Laf. I like him well; 't is not amiss. And I was about to tell you, since I heard of the good lady's death and that my lord your son was upon his return home, I moved the King my master to speak in the behalf of my daughter; which, in the minority of them both, his majesty, out of a self-gracious remembrance, did first propose: his highness hath promis'd me to do it: and, to stop up the displeasure he hath conceived against your son, there is no fitter matter. How does your ladyship like it?

Count. With very much content, my lord; and I wish it happily effected. 69

Laf. His highness comes post from Marseilles, of as able body as when he number'd thirty: he will be here to-morrow, or I am deceiv'd by him that in such intelligence hath seldom fail'd.

Count. It rejoices me, that I hope I shall see him ere I die. I have letters that my son will be here to-night: I shall beseech your lordship to remain with me till they meet together.

Laf. Madam, I was thinking with what manners I might safely be admitted.

Count. You need but plead your honourable privilege.

Laf. Lady, of that I have made a bold charter; but I thank my God it holds yet. 81

Re-enter CLOWN.

Clo. O madam, yonder's my lord your son with a patch of velvet on 's face: whether there be a scar under 't or no, the velvet knows; but 't is a goodly patch of velvet: his left cheek is a cheek of two pile and a half, but his right cheek is worn bare.

Count. A scar nobly got, or a noble scar, is a good livery of honour; so belike is that.

Clo. But it is your carbonado'd face.

Laf. Let us go see your son, I pray you: I long to talk with the young noble soldier. 91

⁵⁴ *unhappy* = good for nothing, mischievous.

⁵⁹ *carbonado'd* = scotched, slashed like a fish for the gridiron.

Clo. Faith, there's a dozen of 'em, with delicate fine hats and most courteous feathers which bow the head and nod at every man. [*Exeunt.*]

ACT V.

SCENE I. *Marseilles. A street.*

Enter HELENA, Widow, and DIANA, with two Attendants.

Hel. But this exceeding posting day and night
Must wear your spirits low; we cannot help it:
But since you have made the days and nights as one,
To wear your gentle limbs in my affairs,
Be bold you do so grow in my requital
As nothing can unroot you. In happy time;

Enter a Gentle Astringer.

This man may help me to his majesty's ear,
If he would spend his power. God save you, sir.

Astr. And you.

Hel. Sir, I have seen you in the court of France. 10

Astr. I have been sometimes there.

Hel. I do presume, sir, that you are not fallen
From the report that goes upon your goodness;
And therefore, goaded with most sharp occasions,
Which lay nice manners by, I put you to
The use of your own virtues, for the which
I shall continue thankful.

Astr. What's your will?

Hel. That it will please you
To give this poor petition to the King,
And aid me with that store of power you have
To come into his presence. 20

Astr. The King's not here.

Hel. Not here, sir!

Astr. Not, indeed:

He hence remov'd last night and with more haste
Than is his use.

Wid. Lord, how we use our pains!

Hel. All's well that ends well yet,
Though time seem so adverse and means unfit.
I do beseech you, whither is he gone?

Astr. Marry, as I take it, to Rousillon;
Whither I am going.

Hel. I do beseech you, sir,

a Gentle Astringer. An astringer was a keeper of a certain sort of hawks. *Gentle* = of gentle birth (gentile, or genteel.)

¹⁶ *nice* = punctilious, precise.

Since you are like to see the King before me,
Commend the paper to his gracious hand,
Which I presume shall render you no blame
But rather make you thank your pains for it.
I will come after you with what good speed
Our means will make us means.

Astr. This I'll do for you.

Hel. And you shall find yourself to be well thank'd,
Whate'er falls more. We must to horse again.
Go, go, provide.

[*Exeunt.*

SCENE II. *Rousillon. Inner court of the COUNT's palace.*

Enter CLOWN, and PAROLLES, following.

Par. Good Monsieur Lavache, give my Lord Lafeu this letter: I have ere now, sir, been better known to you, when I have held familiarity with fresher clothes; but I am now, sir, muddied in Fortune's mood, and smell somewhat strong of her strong displeasure.

Clo. Truly, Fortune's displeasure is but sluttish, if it smell so strongly as thou speakest of: I will henceforth eat no fish of Fortune's buttering. Prithee, allow the wind.

Par. Nay, you need not to stop your nose, sir; I spake but by a metaphor. 10

Clo. Indeed, sir, if your metaphor stink, I will stop my nose; or against any man's metaphor. Prithee, get thee further.

Par. Pray you, sir, deliver me this paper.

Clo. Foh! prithee, stand away: a paper from Fortune's close-stool to give to a nobleman! Look, here he comes himself.

Enter LAFEU.

Here is a purr of Fortune's, sir, or of Fortune's cat, — but not a musk-cat, — that has fallen into the unclean fishpond of her displeasure, and, as he says, is muddied withal: pray you, sir, use the carp as you may; for he looks like a poor, decayed, ingenious, foolish, rascally knave. I do pity his distress in my similes of comfort and leave him to your lordship. [*Exit.*

Par. My lord, I am a man whom Fortune hath cruelly scratch'd.

Laf. And what would you have me to do? 'Tis too late to pare her nails now. Wherein have you play'd the knave with Fortune, that she should scratch you, who of herself is a good lady and would not have knaves thrive long under her? There's a quart d'écu for you: let the justices make you and Fortune friends: I am for other business.

Par. I beseech your honour to hear me one single word. 30

^a mood: a play upon mud; pronounced mood.

Laf. You beg a single penny more: come, you shall ha' 't; save your word.

Par. My name, my good lord, is Parolles.

Laf. You beg more than word, then. Cox my passion! give me your hand. How does your drum?

Par. O my good lord, you were the first that found me!

Laf. Was I, in sooth? and I was the first that lost thee.

Par. It lies in you, my lord, to bring me in some grace, for you did bring me out. 39

Laf. Out upon thee, knave! dost thou put upon me at once both the office of God and the Devil? One brings thee in grace and the other brings thee out. [*Trumpets sound.*] The King's coming; I know by his trumpets. Sirrah, inquire further after me; I had talk of you last night: though you are a fool and a knave, you shall eat; go to, follow.

Par. I praise God for you.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. Rousillon. The Count's palace.

Flourish. Enter KING, COUNTESS, LAFEU, the two French Lords, with Attendants.

King. We lost a jewel of her; and our esteem Was made much poorer by it: but your son, As mad in folly, lack'd the sense to know Her estimation home.

Count. 'T is past, my liege; And I beseech your majesty to make it Natural rebellion, done i' th' blaze of youth; When oil and fire, too strong for reason's force, O'erbears it and burns on.

King. My honour'd lady, I have forgiven and forgotten all; Though my revenges were high bent upon him, And watch'd the time to shoot. 10

Laf. This I must say, But first I beg my pardon, the young lord Did to his majesty, his mother and his lady Offence of mighty note; but to himself The greatest wrong of all. He lost a wife Whose beauty did astonish the survey Of richest eyes, whose words all ears took captive, Whose dear perfection hearts that scorn'd to serve Humbly call'd mistress.

King. Praising what is lost

³⁴ more than word: *parole* = word; Parolles = words. The braggart's name is significant. Cox: slang for God's.

⁴⁵ follow. Perhaps we should read, fellow.

Makes the remembrance dear. Well, call him hither ; 20
 We are reconcil'd, and the first view shall kill
 All repetition : let him not ask our pardon ;
 The nature of his great offence is dead,
 And deeper than oblivion we do bury
 The incensing relics of it : let him approach,
 A stranger, no offender ; and inform him
 So 't is our will he should.

Gent. I shall, my liege. [Exit.

King. What says he to your daughter ? have you spoke ?

Laf. All that he is hath reference to your highness. 29

King. Then shall we have a match. I have letters sent me
 That set him high in fame.

Enter BEETRAM.

Laf. He looks well on 't.

King. I am not a day of season,
 For thou mayst see a sunshine and a hail
 In me at once : but to the brightest beams
 Distracted clouds give way ; so stand thou forth ;
 The time is fair again.

Ber. My high-repented blames,
 Dear sovereign, pardon to me.

King. All is whole ;
 Not one word more of the consumed time.
 Let's take the instant by the forward top ;
 For we are old, and on our quick'st decrees 40
 The inaudible and noiseless foot of Time
 Steals ere we can effect them. You remember
 The daughter of this lord ?

Ber. Admiringly, my liege : at first
 I stuck my choice upon her, ere my heart
 Durst make too bold a herald of my tongue,
 Where the impression of mine eye infixing,
 Contempt his scornful perspective did lend me,
 Which warp'd the line of every other favour ;
 Scorn'd a fair colour, or express'd it stolen ; 50
 Extended or contracted all proportions
 To a most hideous object : thence it came
 That she whom all men prais'd and whom myself,
 Since I have lost, have lov'd, was in mine eye
 The dust that did offend it.

King. Well excus'd :
 That thou didst love her, strikes some scores away

³² *day of season* = seasonable day, day suited to one season.

³⁹ *Let's take the instant*, etc. : in the words of the old adage, " Take Time by the forelock ; " the figures of Time representing him as an old man, bald, but with a little lock of hair on his forehead.

From the great compt : but love that comes too late,
 Like a remorseful pardon slowly carried,
 To the great sender turns a sour offence,
 Crying, That 's good that 's gone. Our rash faults 60
 Make trivial price of serious things we have,
 Not knowing them until we know their grave :
 Oft our displeasures, to ourselves unjust,
 Destroy our friends and after weep their dust :
 Our own love waking cries to see what 's done,
 While shameful hate sleeps out the afternoon.
 Be this sweet Helen's knell, and now forget her.
 Send forth your amorous token for fair Maudlin :
 The main consents are had ; and here we 'll stay
 To see our widower's second marriage-day. 70

Count. Which better than the first, O dear Heaven, bless !
 Or, ere they meet, in me, O nature, cesse !

Laf. Come on, my son, in whom my house's name
 Must be digested, give a favour from you
 To sparkle in the spirits of my daughter,
 That she may quickly come. [*Bertram gives a ring.*] By my
 old beard,

And every hair that 's on 't, Helen, that 's dead,
 Was a sweet creature : such a ring as this,
 The last that e'er I took her leave at court,
 I saw upon her finger.

Ber. Hers it was not. 80

King. Now, pray you, let me see it ; for mine eye,
 While I was speaking, oft was fasten'd to 't.
 This ring was mine ; and, when I gave it Helen,
 I bade her, if her fortunes ever stood
 Necessitated to help, that by this token
 I would relieve her. Had you that craft, to reave her
 Of what should stand her most ?

Ber. My gracious sovereign,
 Howe'er it pleases you to take it so,
 The ring was never hers.

Count. Son, on my life,
 I have seen her wear it ; and she reckon'd it 90
 At her life's rate.

Laf. I am sure I saw her wear it.

Ber. You are deceiv'd, my lord ; she never saw it :
 In Florence was it from a casement thrown me,
 Wrapp'd in a paper, which contain'd the name

⁷² cesse = end. (Fr.)

⁷⁹ The last that e'er, etc. : heedlessly written for, The last time that I took leave, etc.

⁸⁶ reave = bereave.

Of her that threw it : noble she was, and thought
 I stood engag'd : but when I had subscrib'd
 To mine own fortune, and inform'd her fully
 I could not answer in that course of honour
 As she had made the overture, she ceas'd
 In heavy satisfaction and would never
 Receive the ring again.

100

King. Plutus himself,
 That knows the tinct and multiplying medicine,
 Hath not in nature's mystery more science
 Than I have in this ring : 't was mine, 't was Helen's,
 Whoever gave it you. Then, if you know
 That you are well acquainted with yourself,
 Confess 't was hers, and by what rough enforcement
 You got it from her : she call'd the saints to surety
 That she would never put it from her finger,
 Unless she gave it to yourself in bed,
 Where you have never come, or sent it us
 Upon her great disaster.

110

Ber. She never saw it.

King. Thou speak'st it falsely, as I love mine honour ;
 And mak'st conjectural fears to come into me,
 Which I would fain shut out. If it should prove
 That thou art so inhuman, — 't will not prove so ; —
 And yet I know not : thou didst hate her deadly,
 And she is dead ; which nothing, but to close
 Her eyes myself, could win me to believe,
 More than to see this ring. Take him away.

120

[*Guards seize Bertram.*]

My fore-past proofs, howe'er the matter fall,
 Shall tax my fears of little vanity,
 Having vainly fear'd too little. Away with him !
 We'll sift this matter further.

Ber. If you shall prove
 This ring was ever hers, you shall as easy
 Prove that I husbanded her bed in Florence,
 Where yet she never was.

[*Exit, guarded.*]

King. I am wrapp'd in dismal thinkings.

Enter the Astringer.

Astr. Gracious sovereign,
 Whether I have been to blame or no, I know not :
 Here's a petition from a Florentine,
 Who hath for four or five removes come short

130

⁹⁹ *engaged* : by receiving her gage ; that is, the ring.¹⁰¹ *tinct* and *multiplying medicine*. Here Plutus, the divine wealth-bestower, is presented as a great alchymist ; *tinct* = tincture, and *medicine* is loosely used to mean a chemical agent.

To tender it herself. I undertook it,
 Vanquish'd thereto by the fair grace and speech
 Of the poor suppliant, who by this I know
 Is here attending: her business looks in her
 With an importing visage; and she told me,
 In a sweet verbal brief, it did concern
 Your highness with herself.

King. [*Reads.*] Upon his many protestations to marry me when his wife was dead, I blush to say it, he won me. Now is the Count Rousillon a widower: his vows are forfeited to me, and my honour's paid to him. He stole from Florence, taking no leave, and I follow him to his country for justice: grant it me, O king! in you it best lies; otherwise a seducer flourishes, and a poor maid is undone.

DIANA CAPILET.

Laf. I will buy me a son-in-law in a fair, and toll for this: I'll none of him.

King. The heavens have thought well on thee, Lafeu,
 To bring forth this discovery. Seek these suitors:
 Go speedily and bring again the count.

[*Exit the Astringer, with some Attendants.*]

I am afeard the life of Helen, lady,
 Was foully snatch'd.

150

Count. Now, justice on the doers!

Re-enter BERTRAM, guarded.

King. I wonder, sir, sith wives are monsters to you,
 And that you fly them as you swear them lordship,
 Yet you desire to marry.

[*Enter the Astringer, with Widow and DIANA, and Attendants.*]

What woman's that?

Dia. I am, my lord, a wretched Florentine,
 Derived from the ancient Capilet:
 My suit, as I do understand, you know,
 And therefore know how far I may be pitied.

Wid. I am her mother, sir, whose age and honour
 Both suffer under this complaint we bring,
 And both shall cease, without your remedy.

160

King. Come hither, count; do you know these women?

Ber. My lord, I neither can nor will deny
 But that I know them: do they charge me further?

Dia. Why do you look so strange upon your wife?

Ber. She's none of mine, my lord.

Dia.

If you shall marry,
 You give away this hand, and that is mine;
 You give away heaven's vows, and those are mine;
 You give away myself, which is known mine;

¹³⁶ *importing visage* = visage of importance.

¹⁴⁵ *toll for this* = pay toll, or fair-tax, for the privilege of selling him.

¹⁵² *sith*: an abbreviation of sithence = since.

For I by vow am so embodied yours,
That she which marries you must marry me,
Either both or none. 170

Laf. Your reputation comes too short for my daughter; you are no husband for her.

Ber. My lord, this is a fond and desperate creature,
Whom sometime I have laugh'd with: let your highness
Lay a more noble thought upon mine honour
Than for to think that I would sink it here.

King. Sir, for my thoughts, you have them ill to friend
Till your deeds gain them: fairer prove your honour 180
Than in my thought it lies.

Dia. Good my lord,
Ask him upon his oath, if he does think
He had not my virginity.

King. What say'st thou to her?

Ber. She's impudent, my lord,
And was a common gamester to the camp.

Dia. He does me wrong, my lord; if I were so,
He might have bought me at a common price:
Do not believe him. O, behold this ring,
Whose high respect and rich validity
Did lack a parallel; yet for all that 190
He gave it to a commoner o' th' camp,
If I be one.

Count. He blushes, and 't is it:
Of six preceding ancestors, that gem,
Conferr'd by testament to the sequent issue,
Hath it been owed and worn. This is his wife;
That ring's a thousand proofs.

King. Methought you said
You saw one here in court could witness it.

Dia. I did, my lord, but loath am to produce
So bad an instrument: his name's Parolles.

Laf. I saw the man to-day, if man he be. 200

King. Find him, and bring him hither. [*Exit an Attendant.*]

Ber. What of him?
He's quoted for a most perfidious slave,
With all the spots o' th' world tax'd and debosh'd;
Whose nature sickens but to speak a truth.
Am I or that or this for what he'll utter,
That will speak any thing?

King. She hath that ring of yours.

Ber. I think she has: certain it is I lik'd her,
And boarded her i' th' wanton way of youth:

She knew her distance and did angle for me,
 Madd'ning my eagerness with her restraint,
 As all impediments in fancy's course
 Are motives of more fancy; and, in fine,
 Her infinite cunning, with her modern grace,
 Subdued me to her rate: she got the ring;
 And I had that which any inferior might
 At market-price have bought.

210

Dia.

I must be patient:

You, that have turn'd off a first so noble wife,
 May justly diet me. I pray you yet;
 Since you lack virtue, I will lose a husband;
 Send for your ring, I will return it home,
 And give me mine again.

220

Ber.

I have it not.

King. What ring was yours, I pray you?*Dia.*

Sir, much like

The same upon your finger.

King. Know you this ring? this ring was his of late.*Dia.* And this was it I gave him, being abed.

King. The story then goes false, you threw it him
 Out of a casement.

Dia.

I have spoke the truth.

*Enter PAROLLES.**Ber.* My lord, I do confess the ring was hers.

King. You boggle shrewdly, every feather starts you.
 Is this the man you speak of?

Dia.

Ay, my lord.

230

King. Tell me, sirrah, but tell me true, I charge you,
 Not fearing the displeasure of your master,
 Which on your just proceeding I'll keep off,
 By him and by this woman here what know you?

Par. So please your majesty, my master hath been an honourable gentleman: tricks he hath had in him, which gentlemen have.

King. Come, come, to th' purpose: did he love this woman?*Par.* Faith, sir, he did love her; but how?*King.* How, I pray you?

240

Par. He did love her, sir, as a gentleman loves a woman.*King.* How is that?*Par.* He lov'd her, sir, and lov'd her not.

King. As thou art a knave, and no knave.
 What an equivocal companion is this!

²¹³ *modern.* It is difficult to determine always exactly what sense S. attached to this word. Here it may mean modish, or possibly youthful. Perhaps we should read, modest grace.

²¹⁸ *diet me* = cut me off. See note on Act. IV. Sc. 3, line 28.

Par. I am a poor man, and at your majesty's command.

Laf. He's a good drum, my lord, but a naughty orator.

Dia. Do you know he promis'd me marriage?

Par. Faith, I know more than I'll speak.

King. But wilt thou not speak all thou know'st? 250

Par. Yes, so please your majesty. I did go between them, as I said; but more than that, he lov'd her: for indeed he was mad for her, and talk'd of Satan and of Limbo and of Furies and I know not what: yet I was in that credit with them at that time that I knew of their going to bed, and of other motions, as promising her marriage, and things which would derive me ill will to speak of; therefore I will not speak what I know.

King. Thou hast spoken all already, unless thou canst say they are married: but thou art too fine in thy evidence; therefore stand aside. 260

This ring, you say, was yours?

Dia. Ay, my good lord.

King. Where did you buy it? or who gave it you?

Dia. It was not given me, nor I did not buy it.

King. Who lent it you?

Dia. It was not lent me neither.

King. Where did you find it, then?

Dia. I found it not.

King. If it were yours by none of all these ways,
How could you give it him?

Dia. I never gave it him.

Laf. This woman's an easy glove, my lord; she goes off and on at pleasure.

King. This ring was mine; I gave it his first wife. 270

Dia. It might be yours or hers, for aught I know.

King. Take her away; I do not like her now;
To prison with her: and away with him.

Unless thou tell'st me where thou hadst this ring,
Thou diest within this hour.

Dia. I'll never tell you.

King. Take her away.

Dia. I'll put in bail, my liege.

King. I think thee now some common customer.

Dia. By Jove, if ever I knew man, 't was you.

King. Wherefore hast thou accus'd him all this while?

Dia. Because he's guilty, and he is not guilty: 280
He knows I am no maid, and he'll swear to 't:

I'll swear I am a maid, and he knows not.

Great king, I am no strumpet, by my life;
I am either maid, or else this old man's wife.

King. She does abuse our ears : to prison with her.

Dia. Good mother, fetch my bail. Stay, royal sir :

[*Exit Widow.*]

The jeweller that owes the ring is sent for,
And he shall surety me. But for this lord,
Who hath abus'd me, as he knows himself,
Though yet he never harm'd me, here I quit him :
He knows himself my bed he hath defil'd ;
And at that time he got his wife with child :
Dead though she be, she feels her young one kick :
So there's my riddle : one that's dead is quick :
And now behold the meaning.

Re-enter Widow, with HELENA.

King. Is there no exorcist
Beguiles the truer office of mine eyes ?
Is 't real that I see ?

Hel. No, my good lord ;
'Tis but the shadow of a wife you see,
The name and not the thing.

Ber. Both, both. O, pardon !

Hel. O my good lord, when I was like this maid, 300
I found you wondrous kind. There is your ring ;
And, look you, here's your letter ; this it says :

“ When from my finger you can get this ring
And are by me with child,” etc.

This is done :

Will you be mine, now you are doubly won ?

Ber. If she, my liege, can make me know this clearly,
I'll love her dearly, ever, ever dearly.

Hel. If it appear not plain and prove untrue,
Deadly divorce step between me and you !
O my dear mother, do I see you living ? 310

Laf. Mine eyes smell onions ; I shall weep anon :
[*To Parolles.*] Good Tom Drum, lend me a handkercher : so,
I thank thee : wait on me home, I'll make sport with thee :
Let thy courtesies alone, they are scurvy ones.

King. Let us from point to point this story know,
To make the even truth in pleasure flow.
[*To Diana.*] If thou be'st yet a fresh uncropped flower,
Choose thou thy husband, and I'll pay thy dower ;
For I can guess that by thy honest aid
Thou kept'st a wife herself, thyself a maid. 320

²⁸⁷ *owes* = owns.

²⁹⁴ *quick* = living, and also quick with child.

²⁹⁵ *exorcist*. S. misuses this word to mean one who raises spirits, instead of one who lays them.

Of that and all the progress, more and less,
Resolvedly more leisure shall express :
All yet seems well ; and if it end so meet,
The bitter past, more welcome is the sweet.

[*Flourish.*]

EPILOGUE.

King. The king 's a beggar, now the play is done :
All is well ended, if this suit be won,
That you express content ; which we will pay,
With strife to please you, day exceeding day :
Ours be your patience then, and yours our parts ;
Your gentle hands lend us, and take our hearts.

[*Exeunt.*]

Epilogue. Probably not written by S.

TWELFTH NIGHT; OR, WHAT YOU WILL.

INTRODUCTION.

THE story which furnishes the plot of this comedy is to be found in various degrees of development in the writings of various Italian and French novelists and dramatists of the sixteenth century. Of these a comedy called *Gl' Ingannati* (The Mistaken Ones) first printed in 1537, by an unknown author, is most like *Twelfth Night*, to which, indeed, it corresponds in plot almost point for point. Such knowledge, however, as Shakespeare had of *Gl' Ingannati* was, we may be sure, through some English translation, or some play founded upon it, which has been lost. The principal serious incidents of his own play he might have found in *Apollonius and Silla*, the second of a collection of tales published by Barnaby Rich, in 1581; but from whatever quarter he took these, there can be no doubt that he himself added the inferior comic personages, and worked their doings up with those of their enamored superiors. *Twelfth Night* was first printed in the folio of 1623; but the contemporary diary of John Manningham, a student of the Middle Temple, in London, records its performance in the Temple hall on the 2d February, 1601. As Meres does not mention it in 1598, we may be sure that it was written about 1599–1600. It is printed in the folio with a remarkable degree of correctness. There is little doubt as to any important passage in its text; and none, I believe, has ever been expressed as to the authorship of any part of it. We feel the gentle touch of Shakespeare's gentlest hand in it, from the first scene to the last. As to the period of the action and the costume, there is a delightful uncertainty; but in regard to other points, an equally delightful certainty. Whoever the Duke of Illyria or Sebastian of Mitylene may be, Toby Belch, Andrew Aguecheek, Malvolio, Fabian, and Maria are English men and women of Shakespeare's own day. As to them we may be sure; and let the uncertain follow the certain.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

ORSINO, *Duke of Illyria.*

SEBASTIAN, *brother to Viola.*

ANTONIO, *a sea captain, friend to Sebastian.*

A Sea Captain, *friend to Viola.*

VALENTINE, } *gentlemen attending on*

CURIO, } *the Duke.*

SIR TOBY BELCH, *uncle to Olivia.*

SIR ANDREW AGUECHEEK.

MALVOLIO, *steward to Olivia.*

FABIAN,

FESTE, a Clown, } *servants to Olivia.*

OLIVIA.

VIOLA.

MARIA, *Olivia's woman.*

Lords, Priests, Sailors, Officers, Musicians, and other Attendants.

SCENE : A city in Illyria, and the sea-coast near it.

TWELFTH NIGHT; OR, WHAT YOU WILL.

ACT I.

SCENE I. *The Duke's palace.*

Enter DUKE, CURIO, and other Lords; Musicians, attending.

Duke. If music be the food of love, play on;
Give me excess of it, that, surfeiting,
The appetite may sicken, and so die.
That strain again! it had a dying fall:
O, it came o'er my ear like the sweet sound,
That breathes upon a bank of violets,
Stealing and giving odour! [*Music.*] Enough; no more:
'T is not so sweet now as it was before.
O spirit of love! how quick and fresh art thou,
That, notwithstanding thy capacity
Receiveth as the sea, nought enters there,
Of what validity and pitch soe'er,
But falls into abatement and low price,
Even in a minute: so full of shapes is fancy
That it alone is high fantastical.

Cur. Will you go hunt, my lord?

Duke.

What, Curio?

Cur. The hart.

Duke. Why, so I do, the noblest that I have:
O, when mine eyes did see Olivia first,
Methought she purg'd the air of pestilence!
That instant was I turn'd into a hart;
And my desires, like fell and cruel hounds,
E'er since pursue me.

Enter VALENTINE.

How now! what news from her?

Val. So please my lord, I might not be admitted;
But from her handmaid do return this answer:

⁰ spirit: pronounced *spreet*.

²² cruel hounds: an allusion to the story of Actæon, a hunter, who surprised Diana bathing, and, turned by her into a stag, was chased and killed by his own hounds.

The element itself, till seven years' heat,
 Shall not behold her face at ample view;
 But, like a cloistress, she will veiled walk
 And water once a day her chamber round
 With eye-offending brine: all this to season
 A brother's dead love, which she would keep fresh
 And lasting in her sad remembrance.

30

Duke. O, she that hath a heart of that fine frame
 To pay this debt of love but to a brother,
 How will she love, when the rich golden shaft
 Hath kill'd the flock of all affections else
 That live in her; when liver, brain and heart,
 These sovereign thrones, are all supplied, and fill'd
 Her sweet perfections with one self king!
 Away before me to sweet beds of flowers:
 Love-thoughts lie rich when canopied with bowers.

40

[*Exeunt.*]SCENE II. *The sea-coast.**Enter VIOLA, a Captain, and Sailors.*

Vio. What country, friends, is this?

Cap. This is Illyria, lady.

Vio. And what should I do in Illyria?

My brother he is in Elysium.

Perchance he is not drown'd: what think you, sailors?

Cap. It is perchance that you yourself were sav'd.

Vio. O my poor brother! and so perchance may he be.

Cap. True, madam: and, to comfort you with chance,
 Assure yourself, after our ship did split,
 When you and those poor number saved with you
 Hung on our driving boat, I saw your brother,
 Most provident in peril, bind himself,
 Courage and hope both teaching him the practice,
 To a strong mast that liv'd upon the sea;
 Where, like Arion on the dolphin's back,
 I saw him hold acquaintance with the waves
 So long as I could see.

10

Vio. For saying so, there's gold:
 Mine own escape unfoldeth to my hope,
 Whereto thy speech serves for authority,
 The like of him. Know'st thou this country?

20

³⁵ the rich golden shaft = Cupid's "best arrow" (*Midsummer Night's Dream*, Act I. Sc. 1, line 170), fabled to be all of gold.

¹⁰ saved. The preservation of the full participial form in the folio throws the accent properly on "with."

¹⁵ like Arion: who, about to be murdered by sailors for his money, asked and got leave to sing one song, and then, throwing himself overboard, was borne to land on the back of a dolphin that had come to listen.

Cap. Ay, madam, well; for I was bred and born
Not three hours' travel from this very place.

Vio. Who governs here?

Cap. A noble duke, in nature as in name.

Vio. What is his name?

Cap. Orsino.

Vio. Orsino! I have heard my father name him :
He was a bachelor then.

Cap. And so is now, or was so very late ;
For but a month ago I went from hence,
And then 't was fresh in murmur, — as, you know,
What great ones do the less will prattle of, —
That he did seek the love of fair Olivia.

Vio. What's she?

Cap. A virtuous maid, the daughter of a count
That died some twelvemonth since, then leaving her
In the protection of his son, her brother,
Who shortly also died : for whose dear love,
They say, she hath abjur'd the company
And sight of men.

Vio. O that I serv'd that lady
And might not be delivered to the world,
Till I had made mine own occasion mellow
What my estate is!

Cap. That were hard to compass ;
Because she will admit no kind of suit,
No, not the Duke's.

Vio. There is a fair behaviour in thee, captain ;
And though that nature with a beauteous wall
Doth oft close in pollution, yet of thee
I will believe thou hast a mind that suits
With this thy fair and outward character.
I prithee, and I'll pay thee bounteously,
Conceal me what I am, and be my aid
For such disguise as haply shall become
The form of my intent. I'll serve this duke :
Thou shalt present me as an eunuch to him :
It may be worth thy pains ; for I can sing
And speak to him in many sorts of music
That will allow me very worth his service.
What else may hap to time I will commit ;
Only shape thou thy silence to my wit.

Cap. Be you his eunuch, and your mute I'll be :
When my tongue blabs, then let mine eyes not see.

Vio. I thank thee : lead me on.

[*Exeunt.*

⁵⁵ *eunuch* : a loose use of the word. Viola was presented as a page, or, notwithstanding Olivia's vow, there would have been no story.

SCENE III. OLIVIA'S house.

Enter SIR TOBY BELCH and MARIA.

Sir To. What a plague means my niece, to take the death of her brother thus? I am sure care's an enemy to life.

Mar. By my troth, Sir Toby, you must come in earlier o' nights: your cousin, my lady, takes great exceptions to your ill hours.

Sir To. Why, let her except, before excepted.

Mar. Ay, but you must confine yourself within the modest limits of order.

Sir To. Confine! I'll confine myself no finer than I am: these clothes are good enough to drink in; and so be these boots too: an they be not, let them hang themselves in their own straps.

Mar. That quaffing and drinking will undo you: I heard my lady talk of it yesterday; and of a foolish knight that you brought in one night here to be her wooer.

Sir To. Who, Sir Andrew Aguecheek?

Mar. Ay, he.

Sir To. He's as tall a man as any's in Illyria.

Mar. What's that to the purpose?

Sir To. Why, he has three thousand ducats a year. 20

Mar. Ay, but he'll have but a year in all these ducats: he's a very fool and a prodigal.

Sir To. Fie, that you'll say so! he plays o' the viol-de-gamboys, and speaks three or four languages word for word without book, and hath all the good gifts of nature.

Mar. He hath indeed, almost natural: for besides that he's a fool, he's a great quarreller; and but that he hath the gift of a coward to allay the gust he hath in quarrelling, 't is thought among the prudent he would quickly have the gift of a grave.

Sir To. By this hand, they are scoundrels and substractors that say so of him. Who are they? 31

Mar. They that add, moreover, he's drunk nightly in your company.

Sir To. With drinking healths to my niece: I'll drink to her as long as there is a passage in my throat and drink in Illyria: he's a coward and a coystril that will not drink to my niece till his brains turn o' th' toe like a parish-top. What,

⁶ *except, before excepted*: a whimsical and grotesque use of a law phrase: not intended to have any special meaning.

¹⁸ *tall* = able.

²³ *viol-de-gamboys* = *viol-da-gamba* (Ital.), a viol held between the legs, like the violoncello.

³⁰ *coystril*. The base hangers-on of military men and armies were called coystrials.

³⁷ *parish-top*. In S.'s day it was a common custom to have a large whipping-top for parish use.

wench! Castiliano vulgo! for here comes Sir Andrew Agueface.

Enter SIR ANDREW AGUECHEEK.

Sir And. Sir Toby Belch! how now, Sir Toby Belch! 40

Sir To. Sweet Sir Andrew!

Sir And. Bless you, fair shrew.

Mar. And you too, sir.

Sir To. Accost, Sir Andrew, accost.

Sir And. What's that?

Sir To. My niece's chambermaid.

Sir And. Good Mistress Accost, I desire better acquaintance.

Mar. My name is Mary, sir.

Sir And. Good Mistress Mary Accost, —

Sir To. You mistake, knight: "accost" is front her, board her, woo her, assail her. 51

Sir And. By my troth, I would not undertake her in this company. Is that the meaning of "accost"?

Mar. Fare you well, gentlemen.

Sir To. An thou let part so, Sir Andrew, would thou mightst never draw sword again.

Sir And. An you part so, mistress, I would I might never draw sword again. Fair lady, do you think you have fools in hand?

Mar. Sir, I have not you by the hand. 60

Sir And. Marry, but you shall have; and here's my hand.

Mar. Now, sir, "thought is free:" I pray you, bring your hand to the butt'ry-bar and let it drink.

Sir And. Wherefore, sweet-heart? what's your metaphor?

Mar. It's dry, sir.

Sir And. Why, I think so: I am not such an ass but I can keep my hand dry. But what's your jest?

Mar. A dry jest, sir.

Sir And. Are you full of them? 69

Mar. Ay, sir, I have them at my fingers' ends: marry, now I let go your hand, I am barren. [Exit.

Sir To. O knight, thou lack'st a cup of canary: when did I see thee so put down?

Sir And. Never in your life, I think; unless you see canary put me down. Methinks sometimes I have no more wit than a Christian or an ordinary man has: but I am a great eater of beef, and I believe that does harm to my wit. X

Sir To. No question.

Sir And. An I thought that, I'd forswear it. I'll ride home to-morrow, Sir Toby. 80

³⁸ *Castiliano vulgo.* Probably Sir Toby's Italian for *Castiliano volto* = (put on) a Spanish face; that is, a sober face.

⁶³ *butt'ry bar.* The buttery was (and is) the room in great houses, where meat and drink are dispensed to the household.

Sir To. *Pourquoi*, my dear knight?

Sir And. What is *pourquoi*? do or not do? I would I had bestowed that time in the tongues that I have in fencing, dancing and bear-baiting: O, had I but followed the arts!

Sir To. Then hadst thou had an excellent head of hair.

Sir And. Why, would that have mended my hair?

Sir To. Past question; for thou seest it will not curl by nature.

Sir And. But it becomes me well enough, does't not? 89

Sir To. Excellent; it hangs like flax on a distaff; and I hope to see a housewife take thee between her legs and spin it off.

Sir And. Faith, I'll home to-morrow, Sir Toby: your niece will not be seen; or if she be, it's four to one she'll none of me: the count himself here hard by woos her.

Sir To. She'll none o' th' count: she'll not match above her degree, neither in estate, years, nor wit; I have heard her swear't. Tut, there's life in't, man.

Sir And. I'll stay a month longer. I am a fellow o' th' strangest mind i' th' world; I delight in masques and revels sometimes altogether. 101

Sir To. Art thou good at these kickshawses, knight?

Sir And. As any man in Illyria, whatsoever he be, under the degree of my betters; and yet I will not compare with an old man.

Sir To. What is thy excellence in a galliard, knight?

Sir And. Faith, I can cut a caper.

Sir To. And I can cut the mutton to't.

Sir And. And I think I have the back-trick simply as strong as any man in Illyria. 110

Sir To. Wherefore are these things hid? wherefore have these gifts a curtain before 'em? are they like to take dust, like Mistress Mall's picture? why dost thou not go to church in a galliard and come home in a coranto? My very walk should be a jig; I would not so much as make water but in a sink-a-pace. What dost thou mean? Is it a world to hide virtues in? I did think, by the excellent constitution of thy leg, it was form'd under the star of a galliard.

Sir And. Ay, 't is strong, and it does indifferent well in a flame-colour'd stock. Shall we set about some revels? 120

Sir To. What shall we do else? were we not born under Taurus?

⁸¹ *Pourquoi* = why. (Fr.)

⁸³ *tongues* — curl by nature. It should be remembered that in some parts of England *tongue* and *long* are pronounced alike.

⁹¹ *housewife*: here = hussy.

¹⁰⁶ *galliard*: a lively French dance.

¹¹³ *Mall*: generic; meaning only, young lady.

¹¹⁵ *sink-a-pace*: an English form, with a pun involved, of *cinqe pace*, a French dance.

Sir And. Taurus! That's sides and heart.

Sir To. No, sir; it is legs and thighs. Let me see thee caper:
ha! higher: ha, ha! excellent!

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE IV. *The Duke's palace.*

Enter VALENTINE, and VIOLA in man's attire.

Val. If the Duke continue these favours towards you, Cesario, you are like to be much advanc'd: he hath known you but three days, and already you are no stranger.

Vio. You either fear his humour or my negligence, that you call in question the continuance of his love: is he inconstant, sir, in his favours?

Val. No, believe me.

Vio. I thank you. Here comes the count.

Enter DUKE, CURIO, and Attendants.

Duke. Who saw Cesario, ho?

Vio. On your attendance, my lord; here.

10

Duke. [*To Attend.*] Stand you a while aloof. — Cesario, Thou know'st no less but all; I have unclasp'd To thee the book even of my secret soul: Therefore, good youth, address thy gait unto her; Be not denied access; stand at her doors, And tell them, there thy fixed foot shall grow Till thou have audience.

Vio. Sure, my noble lord, If she be so abandon'd to her sorrow As it is spoke, she never will admit me.

Duke. Be clamorous and leap all civil bounds Rather than make unprofited return.

20

Vio. Say I do speak with her, my lord, what then?

Duke. O, then unfold the passion of my love, Surprise her with discourse of my dear faith: It shall become thee well to act my woes; She will attend it better in thy youth Than in a nuncio's of more grave aspect.

Vio. I think not so, my lord.

Duke. Dear lad, believe it; For they shall yet belie thy happy years, That say thou art a man: Diana's lip Is not more smooth and rubious; thy small pipe Is as the maiden's organ, shrill in sound, And all is semblative a woman's part. I know thy constellation is right apt

30

¹²³ *Taurus!* That's sides, etc. The knight refers to the astrological notion that certain organs of the body were ruled by certain constellations; for a figure illustrative of which, see any Old Farmers' Almanac.

For this affair. Some four or five attend him;
 All, if you will; for I myself am best
 When least in company. Prosper well in this,
 And thou shalt live as freely as thy lord,
 To call his fortunes thine.

Vio.

I'll do my best

To woo your lady: [*Aside*] yet, a barful strife!
 Whoe'er I woo, myself would be his wife.

40

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE V. OLIVIA'S house.

Enter MARIA and CLOWN.

Mar. Nay, either tell me where thou hast been, or I will not open my lips so wide as a bristle may enter in way of thy excuse: my lady will hang thee for thy absence.

Clo. Let her hang me: he that is well hang'd in this world needs to fear no colours.

Mar. Make that good.

Clo. He shall see none to fear.

Mar. A good lenten answer: I can tell thee where that saying was born, of "I fear no colours."

Clo. Where, good Mistress Mary?

10

Mar. In the wars; and that may you be bold to say in your foolery.

Clo. Well, God give them wisdom that have it; and those that are fools, let them use their talents.

Mar. Yet you will be hang'd for being so long absent; or, to be turn'd away, is not that as good as a hanging to you?

Clo. Many a good hanging prevents a bad marriage; and, for turning away, let summer bear it out.

Mar. You are resolute, then?

Clo. Not so, neither; but I am resolv'd on two points.

20

Mar. That if one break, the other will hold; or, if both break, your gaskins fall.

Clo. Apt, in good faith; very apt. Well, go thy way; if Sir Toby would leave drinking, thou wert as witty a piece of Eve's flesh as any in Illyria.

Mar. Peace, you rogue, no more o' that. Here comes my lady: make your excuse wisely, you were best.

[*Exit.*]

Clo. Wit, an't be thy will, put me into good fooling! Those wits, that think they have thee, do very oft prove fools; and I, that am sure I lack thee, may pass for a wise man: for what says Quinapalus? "Better a witty fool than a foolish wit."

⁵ *fear no colours*: that is, probably, no enemy; the phrase being of martial origin.

¹⁸ *let summer, etc.*: he could make his way, if he were turned off in summer.

²¹ *if one break, etc.* Maria quibbles: the strings that tied the gaskins, or loose breeches, to the doublet were called points.

²¹ *Quinapalus*. Who this sage was, is known only to Feste.

Enter Lady OLIVIA with MALVOLIO.

God bless thee, lady !

Oli. Take the Fool away.

Clo. Do you not hear, fellows ? Take away the lady.

Oli. Go to, y' are a dry Fool ; I'll no more of you : besides, you grow dishonest.

Clo. Two faults, madonna, that drink and good counsel will amend : for give the dry fool drink, then is the fool not dry : bid the dishonest man mend himself ; if he mend, he is no longer dishonest ; if he cannot, let the botcher mend him. Any thing that's mended is but patch'd : virtue that transgresses is but patch'd with sin ; and sin that amends is but patch'd with virtue. If that this simple syllogism will serve, so ; if it will not, what remedy ? As there is no true cuckold but calamity, so beauty's a flower. The lady bade take away the fool ; therefore, I say again, take her away.

Oli. Sir, I bade them take away you.

Clo. Misprision in the highest degree ! Lady, *cucullus non facit monachum* ; that's as much to say as I wear not motley in my brain. Good madonna, give me leave to prove you a fool.

Oli. Can you do it ?

51

Clo. Dexteriously, good madonna.

Oli. Make your proof.

Clo. I must catechise you for it, madonna : good my mouse of virtue, answer me.

Oli. Well, sir, for want of other idleness, I'll bide your proof.

Clo. Good madonna, why mourn'st thou ?

Oli. Good Fool, for my brother's death.

Clo. I think his soul is in hell, madonna.

60

Oli. I know his soul is in heaven, Fool.

Clo. The more fool, madonna, to mourn for your brother's soul being in heaven. Take away the fool, gentlemen.

Oli. What think you of this Fool, Malvolio ? doth he not mend ?

Mal. Yes, and shall do till the pangs of death shake him : infirmity, that decays the wise, doth ever make the better fool.

Clo. God send you, sir, a speedy infirmity, for the better increasing your folly ! Sir Toby will be sworn that I am no fox ; but he will not pass his word for two pence that you are no fool.

Oli. How say you to that, Malvolio ?

71

Mal. I marvel your ladyship takes delight in such a barren rascal : I saw him put down the other day with an ordinary Fool

⁴⁸ *Misprision* = misapprehension. *cucullus non facit monachum*. The cowl does not make the monk. (Lat.)

⁴⁹ *as I wear not* = that I wear not.

that has no more brain than a stone. Look you now, he's out of his guard already; unless you laugh and minister occasion to him, he is gagg'd. I protest, I take these wise men, that crow so at these set kind of Fools, no better than the Fools' zanies.

Oli. O, you are sick of self-love, Malvolio, and taste with a distemper'd appetite. To be generous, guiltless and of free disposition, is to take those things for bird-bolts that you deem cannon-bullets: there is no slander in an allow'd fool, though he do nothing but rail; nor no railing in a known discreet man, though he do nothing but reprove.

Clo. Now Mercury endue thee with leasing, for thou speakest well of fools!

Re-enter MARIA.

Mar. Madam, there is at the gate a young gentleman much desires to speak with you.

Oli. From the Count Orsino, is it?

Mar. I know not, madam: 't is a fair young man, and well attended. 90

Oli. Who of my people hold him in delay?

Mar. Sir Toby, madam, your kinsman.

Oli. Fetch him off, I pray you; he speaks nothing but madman: fie on him! [*Exit Maria.*] Go you, Malvolio: if it be a suit from the count, I am sick, or not at home; what you will, to dismiss it. [*Exit Malvolio.*] Now you see, sir, how your fooling grows old, and people dislike it.

Clo. Thou hast spoke for us, madonna, as if thy eldest son should be a fool; whose skull Jove cram with brains! for, — here he comes, — one of thy kin has a most weak pia mater.

Enter SIR TOBY.

Oli. By mine honour, half drunk. What is he at the gate, cousin?

Sir To. A gentleman.

Oli. A gentleman! what gentleman?

Sir To. 'T is a gentleman here — a plague o' these pickle-herring! How now, sot!

Clo. Good Sir Toby!

Oli. Cousin, cousin, how have you come so early by this lethargy? 109

Sir To. Lechery! I defy lechery. There's one at the gate.

Oli. Ay, marry, what is he?

Sir To. Let him be the Devil, an he will, I care not: give me faith, say I. Well, it's all one. [*Exit.*]

Oli. What's a drunken man like, Fool?

⁷⁷ *Fools' zanies* = a sort of secondary or supplemental fools, that were the fools' butts, and subjects of practical jokes. The circus ring shows a survival of them.

⁸⁴ *leasing* = lying; that she might stop at nothing.

Clo. Like a drown'd man, a fool and a mad-man : one draught above heat makes him a fool ; the second mads him ; and a third drowns him.

Oli. Go thou and seek the crowner, and let him sit o' my coz ; for he's in the third degree of drink, he's drown'd : go, look after him. 120

Clo. He is but mad yet, madonna ; and the fool shall look to the madman. [Exit.

Re-enter MALVOLIO.

Mal. Madam, yond young fellow swears he will speak with you. I told him you were sick ; he takes on him to understand so much, and therefore comes to speak with you. I told him you were asleep ; he seems to have a foreknowledge of that too, and therefore comes to speak with you. What is to be said to him, lady ? he's fortified against any denial.

Oli. Tell him he shall not speak with me. 129

Mal. Has been told so ; and he says, he'll stand at your door like a sheriff's post, and be the supporter to a bench, but he'll speak with you.

Oli. What kind o' man is he ?

Mal. Why, of mankind.

Oli. What manner of man ?

Mal. Of very ill manner ; he'll speak with you, will you or no.

Oli. Of what personage and years is he ?

Mal. Not yet old enough for a man, nor young enough for a boy ; as a squash is before 't is a peascod, or a codling when 't is almost an apple : 't is with him in standing water, between boy and man. He is very well-favour'd and he speaks very shrewishly ; one would think his mother's milk were scarce out of him.

Oli. Let him approach : call in my gentlewoman.

Mal. Gentlewoman, my lady calls. [Exit.

Re-enter MARIA.

Oli. Give me my veil : come, throw it o'er my face. We'll once more hear Orsino's embassy.

Enter VIOLA.

Vio. The honourable lady of the house, which is she ?

Oli. Speak to me ; I shall answer for her. Your will ? 130

Vio. Most radiant, exquisite and unmatchable beauty, — I pray you, tell me if this be the lady of the house, for I never saw her : I would be loath to cast away my speech, for besides that it is excellently well penn'd, I have taken great pains to

¹³¹ *sheriff's post.* A pair of painted posts stood of old before a sheriff's door, as a sign of his dignity and a direction to his house.

¹⁴⁰ *squash* = the immature peascod.

con it. Good beauties, let me sustain no scorn ; I am very comptible, even to the least sinister usage.

Oli. Whence came you, sir ?

Vio. I can say little more than I have studied, and that question's out of my part. Good gentle one, give me modest assurance if you be the lady of the house, that I may proceed in my speech. 161

Oli. Are you a comédian ?

Vio. No, my profound heart : and yet, by the very fangs of malice I swear, I am not that I play. Are you the lady of the house ?

Oli. If I do not usurp myself, I am.

Vio. Most certain, if you are she, you do usurp yourself ; for what is yours to bestow is not yours to reserve. But this is from my commission : I will on with my speech in your praise, and then show you the heart of my message. 170

Oli. Come to what is important in 't : I forgive you the praise.

Vio. Alas, I took great pains to study it, and 't is poetical.

Oli. It is the more like to be feigned : I pray you. keep it in. I heard you were saucy at my gates, and allow'd your approach rather to wonder at you than to hear you. If you be not mad, be gone ; if you have reason, be brief : 't is not that time of moon with me to make one in so skipping a dialogue.

Mar. Will you hoist sail, sir ? here lies your way.

Vio. No, good swabber ; I am to hull here a little longer. Some mollification for your giant, sweet lady. Tell me your mind : I am a messenger.

Oli. Sure, you have some hideous matter to deliver, when the courtesy of it is so fearful. Speak your office.

Vio. It alone concerns your ear. I bring no overture of war, no taxation of homage : I hold the olive in my hand ; my words are as full of peace as matter.

Oli. Yet you began rudely. What are you ? what would you ? 189

Vio. The rudeness that hath appear'd in me have I learn'd from my entertainment. What I am, and what I would, are as secret as maidenhead ; to your ears, divinity, to any other's profanation.

Oli. Give us the place alone : we will hear this divinity. [*Exit Maria.*] Now, sir, what is your text ?

Vio. Most sweet lady, —

Oli. A comfortable doctrine, and much may be said of it. Where lies your text ?

¹⁵⁵ *comptible* = responsive, sensitive. *sinister* = left-handed, forbidding, unkind.

¹⁸⁰ *hull* = lie still, but not at anchor.

¹⁸⁶ *taxation* = exaction, censorious requirement.

Vio. In Orsino's bosom.

Oli. In his bosom! In what chapter of his bosom? 200

Vio. To answer by the method, in the first of his heart.

Oli. O, I have read it: it is heresy. Have you no more to say?

Vio. Good madam, let me see your face.

Oli. Have you any commission from your lord to negotiate with my face? You are now out of your text: but we will draw the curtain and show you the picture. Look you, sir, such a one I was this present: is 't not well done? [Unveiling.

Vio. Excellently done, if God did all.

Oli. 'T is in grain, sir; 't will endure wind and weather. 210

Vio. 'T is beauty truly blent, whose red and white Nature's own sweet and cunning hand laid on:

Lady, you are the cruell'st she alive,

If you will lead these graces to the grave

And leave the world no copy.

Oli. O, sir, I will not be so hard-hearted; I will give out divers schedules of my beauty: it shall be inventoried, and every particle and utensil labell'd to my will: as, item, two lips, indifferent red; item, two grey eyes, with lids to them; item, one neck, one chin, and so forth. Were you sent hither to praise me? 221

Vio. I see you what you are, you are too proud;
But, if you were the Devil, you are fair.

My lord and master loves you: O, such love

Could be but recompens'd, though you were crown'd

The nonpareil of beauty!

Oli. How does he love me?

Vio. With adorations, fertile tears,
With groans that thunder love, with sighs of fire.

Oli. Your lord does know my mind; I cannot love him;
Yet I suppose him virtuous, know him noble, 230

Of great estate, of fresh and stainless youth;

In voices well divulg'd, free, learn'd and valiant;

And in dimension and the shape of nature

A gracious person: but yet I cannot love him;

He might have took his answer long ago.

Vio. If I did love you in my master's flame,

With such a suffering, such a deadly life,

In your denial I would find no sense;

I would not understand it.

Oli. Why, what would you?

Vio. Make me a willow cabin at your gate, 240

²⁰⁸ *this present* = but now.

²³² *In voices well divulg'd* = in common speech well reported.

And call upon my soul within the house ;
 Write loyal cantons of contemned love
 And sing them loud even in the dead of night ;
 Halloo your name to the reverberate hills
 And make the babbling gossip of the air
 Cry out Olivia ! O, you should not rest
 Between the elements of air and earth,
 But you should pity me !

Oli. You might do much.

What is your parentage ?

Vio. Above my fortunes, yet my state is well : 250
 I am a gentleman.

Oli. Get you to your lord ;
 I cannot love him : let him send no more ;
 Unless, perchance, you come to me again,
 To tell me how he takes it. Fare you well :
 I thank you for your pains : spend this for me.

Vio. I am no fee'd post, lady ; keep your purse :
 My master, not myself, lacks recompense.
 Love make his heart of flint that you shall love ;
 And let your fervour, like my master's, be 259
 Placed in contempt ! Farewell, fair cruelty. [*Exit.*]

Oli. "What is your parentage ?"
 "Above my fortunes, yet my state is well :
 I am a gentleman." I'll be sworn thou art ;
 Thy tongue, thy face, thy limbs, actions and spirit,
 Do give thee five-fold blazon. Not too fast : soft, soft !
 Unless the master were the man. How now !
 Even so quickly may one catch the plague ?
 Methinks I feel this youth's perfections
 With an invisible and subtle stealth
 To creep in at mine eyes. Well, let it be. 270
 What ho, Malvolio !

Re-enter MALVOLIO.

Mal. Here, madam, at your service.

Oli. Run after that same peevish messenger,
 The county's man : he left this ring behind him,
 Would I or not : tell him I'll none of it.
 Desire him not to flatter with his lord,
 Nor hold him up with hopes ; I am not for him :
 If that the youth will come this way to-morrow,
 I'll give him reasons for't : hie thee, Malvolio.

Mal. Madam, I will. [*Exit.*]

Oli. I do I know not what, and fear to find 280

²⁷² *peevish* : this word was used in a sense implying waywardness, and sauciness, without reproach.

Mine eye too great a flatterer for my mind.
 Fate, show thy force : ourselves we do not owe ;
 What is decreed must be, and be this so.

[Exit.

ACT II.

SCENE I. *The sea-coast.**Enter ANTONIO and SEBASTIAN.*

Ant. Will you stay no longer? nor will you not that I go with you?

Seb. By your patience, no. My stars shine darkly over me : the malignancy of my fate might perhaps distemper yours ; therefore I shall crave of you your leave that I may bear my evils alone : it were a bad recompense for your love, to lay any of them on you.

Ant. Let me yet know of you whither you are bound.

Seb. No, sooth, sir : my determinate voyage is mere extravagancy. But I perceive in you so excellent a touch of modesty, that you will not extort from me what I am willing to keep in ; therefore it charges me in manners the rather to express myself. You must know of me then, Antonio, my name is Sebastian, which I called Roderigo. My father was that Sebastian of Messaline, whom I know you have heard of. He left behind him myself and a sister, both born in an hour : if the heavens had been pleas'd, would we had so ended ! but you, sir, alter'd that ; for some hour before you took me from the breach of the sea was my sister drown'd.

Ant. Alas the day !

20

Seb. A lady, sir, though it was said she much resembled me, was yet of many accounted beautiful : but, though I could not with such estimable wonder overfar believe that, yet thus far I will boldly publish her ; she bore a mind that envy could not but call fair. She is drown'd already, sir, with salt water, though I seem to drown her remembrance again with more.

Ant. Pardon me, sir, your bad entertainment.

Seb. O good Antonio, forgive me your trouble.

Ant. If you will not murder me for my love, let me be your servant.

30

Seb. If you will not undo what you have done, that is, kill

²⁸² *owe* = own, have under our own control.

⁹ *extravagancy* = aimless wandering, extra-vagancy.

¹⁴ *which I called Roderigo* : why does not appear. It would seem that there must be an allusion to some story or play of which we know nothing. Indeed, the whole of this scene has the air of one worked up out of another, particularly in the Captain's speeches, which contain matter superfluous and foreign to the interest of the play as we have it.

¹⁵ *Messaline*. No such place is known. Probably Mitylene.

²⁸ *estimable wonder* = such very high esteem.

him whom you have recover'd, desire it not. Fare ye well at once: my bosom is full of kindness, and I am yet so near the manners of my mother, that upon the least occasion more mine eyes will tell tales of me. I am bound to the Count Orsino's court: farewell. [Exit.]

Ant. The gentleness of all the gods go with thee!
I have many enemies in Orsino's court,
Else would I very shortly see thee there.
But, come what may, I do adore thee so,
That danger shall seem sport, and I will go. 40
[Exit.]

SCENE II. *A street.*

Enter VIOLA, MALVOLIO following.

Mal. Were not you ev'n now with the Countess Olivia?

Vio. Even now, sir; on a moderate pace I have since arriv'd but hither.

Mal. She returns this ring to you, sir: you might have saved me my pains, to have taken it away yourself. She adds, moreover, that you should put your lord into a desperate assurance she will none of him: and one thing more, that you be never so hardly to come again in his affairs, unless it be to report your lord's taking of this. Receive it so.

Vio. She took the ring of me: I'll none of it. 10

Mal. Come, sir, you peevishly threw it to her; and her will is, it should be so return'd: if it be worth stooping for, there it lies in your eye: if not, be it his that finds it. [Exit.]

Vio. I left no ring with her: what means this lady?
Fortune forbid my outside have not charm'd her!
She made good view of me; indeed, so much,
That sure methought her eyes had lost her tongue,
For she did speak in starts distractedly.
She loves me, sure; the cunning of her passion
Invites me in this churlish messenger. 20

None of my lord's ring! why, he sent her none.

I am the man: if it be so, as 't is,

Poor lady, she were better love a dream.

Disguise, I see, thou art a wickedness,

Wherein the pregnant enemy does much.

How easy is it for the proper-false

In women's waxen hearts to set their forms!

Alas, our frailty is the cause, not we!

For such as we are made of, such we be.

How will this fadge? my master loves her dearly; 30

And I, poor monster, fond as much on him;

And she, mistaken, seems to dote on me.

²⁰ *proper-false* = handsome-faithless men.

³⁰ *fadge* = wag, go, work.

What will become of this! As I am man,
 My state is desperate for my master's love;
 As I am woman, — now alas the day! —
 What thriftless sighs shall poor Olivia breathe!
 O time! thou must untangle this, not I;
 It is too hard a knot for me to untie!

[Exit.

SCENE III. OLIVIA'S house.

Enter SIR TOBY and SIR ANDREW.

Sir To. Approach, Sir Andrew: not to be abed after midnight is to be up betimes; and *diluculo surgere*, thou know'st —

Sir And. Nay, by my troth, I know not: but I know, to be up late is to be up late.

Sir To. A false conclusion: I hate it as an unfill'd can. To be up after midnight and to go to bed then, is early; so that to go to bed after midnight is to go to bed betimes. Does not our life consist of the four elements?

Sir And. Faith, so they say; but I think it rather consists of eating and drinking.

Sir To. Thou'rt a scholar; let us therefore eat and drink. Marian, I say! a stoup of wine!

Enter CLOWN.

Sir And. Here comes the Fool, i' faith.

Clo. How now, my hearts! did you never see the picture of "we three"?

Sir To. Welcome, ass. Now let's have a catch.

Sir And. By my troth, the Fool has an excellent breast. I had rather than forty shillings I had such a leg, and so sweet a breath to sing, as the Fool has. In sooth, thou wast in very gracious fooling last night, when thou spokest of Pigrogromitus, of the Vapians passing the equinoctial of Queubus: 't was very good, i' faith. I sent thee sixpence for thy leman: hadst it?

Clo. I did impetico thy gratillity; for Malvolio's nose is no whipstock: my lady has a white hand, and the Myrmidons are no bottle-ale houses.

Sir And. Excellent! why, this is the best fooling, when all is done. Now, a song.

Sir To. Come on; there is sixpence for you: let's have a song.

Sir And. There's a testril of me too: if one knight give a —

² *diluculo surgere* = to rise early, *saluberrimum est* = is most healthful. From Lily's Latin Grammar.

¹⁴ the picture of "we three:" that is, two asses.

¹⁷ breast = voice, or in the cant of our day, organ. Feste's part was plainly written for a singing actor, and was contrived to display his special quality.

²² leman = sweetheart, mistress; pronounced *lem-an*.

³⁰ testril: slang for sixpence. *if one knight give a*. Thus the folio; probably a few words are lost, such as, "a testril, I will give another."

Clo. Would you have a love-song, or a song of good life? 31

Sir To. A love-song, a love-song.

Sir And. Ay, ay: I care not for good life.

Clo. [*Sings.*] O mistress mine, where are you roaming?
O, stay and hear; your true love's coming,
That can sing both high and low:
Trip no further, pretty sweeting;
Journeys end in lovers meeting,
Every wise man's son doth know.

Sir And. Excellent good, i' faith.

40

Sir To. Good, good.

Clo. [*Sings.*] What is love? 'tis not hereafter;
Present mirth hath present laughter;
What's to come is still unsure:
In delay there lies no plenty;
Then come kiss me, sweet-and-twenty,
Youth's a stuff will not endure.

Sir And. A mellifluous voice, as I am true knight.

Sir To. A contagious breath.

Sir And. Very sweet and contagious, i' faith.

50

Sir To. To hear by the nose, it is dulcet in contagion. But shall we make the welkin dance indeed? shall we rouse the night-owl in a catch that will draw three souls out of one weaver? shall we do that?

Sir And. An you love me, let's do 't: I am dog at a catch.

Clo. By 'r lady, sir, and some dogs will catch well.

Sir And. Most certain. Let our catch be, "Thou knave."

Clo. "Hold thy peace, thou knave," knight? I shall be constrained in't to call thee knave, knight.

Sir And. 'Tis not the first time I have constrained one to call me knave. Begin, Fool: it begins "Hold thy peace." 61

Clo. I shall never begin if I hold my peace.

Sir And. Good, i' faith. Come, begin. [*They sing the catch.*]

Enter MARIA.

Mar. What a caterwauling do you keep here! If my lady have not call'd up her steward Malvolio and bid him turn you out of doors, never trust me.

Sir To. My lady's a Cataian, we are politicians, Malvolio's a Peg-a-Ramsey, and "Three merry men be we." Am not I consanguineous? am I not of her blood? Tillyvally, lady! [*Sings.*] "There dwelt a man in Babylon, lady, lady!" 70

³⁴ *O mistress mine.* This charming song is not S.'s. Its writer is unknown. And it may be here remarked that the lines and snatches of verse throughout this scene, as in lines 57, 61, 68, 70, 75, etc., etc., are from old songs popular in S.'s day.

⁵³ *one weaver* = weavers were notably psalm-singers.

⁶⁰ *call thee knave.* By the repetitions of this old catch, each singer seems to call the other knave.

⁶⁷ *Cataian* = *Cathay-an* = native of Cathay, Chinese.

Clo. Beshrew me, the knight's in admirable fooling.

Sir And. Ay, he does well enough if he be dispos'd, and so do I too: he does it with a better grace, but I do it more natural.

Sir To. [*Sings.*] "O, the twelfth day of December," —

Mar. For the love of God, peace!

Enter MALVOLIO.

Mal. My masters, are you mad? or what are you? Have you no wit, manners, nor honesty, but to gabble like tinkers at this time of night? Do ye make an alehouse of my lady's house, that ye squeak out your coziers' catches without any mitigation or remorse of voice? Is there no respect of place, persons, nor time in you?

Sir To. We did keep time, sir, in our catches. Sneek up!

Mal. Sir Toby, I must be round with you. My lady bade me tell you, that, though she harbours you as her kinsman, she's nothing allied to your disorders. If you can separate yourself and your misdemeanours, you are welcome to the house; if not, an it would please you to take leave of her, she is very willing to bid you farewell.

89

Sir To. [*Singing always.*] "Farewell, dear heart, since I must needs be gone."

Mar. Nay, good Sir Toby.

Clo. [*Singing always.*] "His eyes do show his days are almost done."

Mal. Is't even so?

Sir To. "But I will never die."

Clo. Sir Toby, there you lie.

Mal. This is much credit to you.

Sir To. "Shall I bid him go?"

Clo. "What an if you do?"

100

Sir To. "Shall I bid him go, and spare not?"

Clo. "O no, no, no, no, you dare not."

Sir To. Out o' time, sir: ye lie. Art any more than a steward? Dost thou think, because thou art virtuous, there shall be no more cakes and ale?

Clo. Yes, by Saint Anne, and ginger shall be hot i' th' mouth too.

Sir To. Thou 'rt i' th' right. Go, sir, rub your chain with crumbs. A stoup of wine, Maria!

109

Mal. Mistress Mary, if you priz'd my lady's favour at any thing more than contempt, you would not give means for this uncivil rule: she shall know of it, by this hand.

[*Exit.*]

Mar. Go shake your ears.

Sir And. 'T were as good a deed as to drink when a man's

a-hungry, to challenge him the field, and then to break promise with him and make a fool of him.

Sir To. Do 't, knight: I'll write thee a challenge; or I'll deliver thy indignation to him by word of mouth.

Mar. Sweet Sir Toby, be patient for to-night: since the youth of the count's was to-day with my lady, she is much out of quiet. For Monsieur Malvolio, let me alone with him: if I do not gull him into a nayword, and make him a common recreation, do not think I have wit enough to lie straight in my bed: I know I can do it.

Sir To. Possess us, possess us; tell us something of him.

Mar. Marry, sir, sometimes he is a kind of puritan.

Sir And. O, if I thought that, I'd beat him like a dog!

Sir To. What, for being a puritan? thy exquisite reason, dear knight?

Sir And. I have no exquisite reason for 't, but I have reason good enough. 131

Mar. The devil a puritan that he is, or any thing constantly, but a time-pleaser; an affection'd ass, that cons state without book and utters it by great swarths: the best persuaded of himself, so cramm'd, as he thinks, with excellencies, that it is his grounds of faith that all that look on him love him; and on that vice in him will my revenge find notable cause to work.

Sir To. What wilt thou do?

Mar. I will drop in his way some obscure epistles of love; wherein, by the colour of his beard, the shape of his leg, the manner of his gait, the expressure of his eye, forehead, and complexion, he shall find himself most feelingly personated. I can write very like my lady your niece: on a forgotten matter we can hardly make distinction of our hands.

Sir To. Excellent! I smell a device.

Sir And. I have 't in my nose too.

Sir To. He shall think, by the letters that thou wilt drop, that they come from my niece, and that she's in love with him.

Mar. My purpose is, indeed, a horse of that colour.

Sir And. And your horse now would make him an ass. 150

Mar. Ass, I doubt not.

Sir And. O, 't will be admirable!

Mar. Sport royal, I warrant you: I know my physick will work with him. I will plant you two, and let the Fool make a third, where he shall find the letter: observe his construction of it. For this night, to bed, and dream on the event. Farewell.

[Exit.]

Sir To. Good night, Penthesilea.

Sir And. Before me, she's a good wench.

Sir To. She's a beagle, true-bred, and one that adores me :
what o' that? 160

Sir And. I was ador'd once too.

Sir To. Let's to bed, knight. Thou hadst need send for
more money.

Sir And. If I cannot recover your niece, I am a foul way out.

Sir To. Send for money, knight : if thou hast her not i' th'
end, call me cut.

Sir And. If I do not, never trust me, take it how you will.

Sir To. Come, come, I'll go burn some sack ; 't is too late
to go to bed now : come, knight ; come, knight. [Exeunt.

SCENE IV. *The DUKE's palace.*

Enter DUKE, VIOLA, CURIO, and others.

Duke. Give me some music. Now, good-morrow, friends.
Now, good Cesario, but that piece of song,
That old and antique song we heard last night :
Methought it did relieve my passion much,
More than light airs and recollected terms
Of these most brisk and giddy-paced times :
Come, but one verse.

Cur. He is not here, so please your lordship, that should
sing it.

Duke. Who was it? 10

Cur. Feste, the jester, my lord ; a Fool that the Lady Olivia's
father took much delight in. He is about the house.

Duke. Seek him out, and play the tune the while.

[Exit Curio. Music plays.

Come hither, boy : if ever thou shalt love,
In the sweet pangs of it remember me ;
For such as I am all true lovers are,
Unstaid and skittish in all motions else,
Save in the constant image of the creature
That is belov'd. How dost thou like this tune?

Vio. It gives a very echo to the seat
Where Love is thron'd. 20

Duke. Thou dost speak masterly :
My life upon 't, young though thou art, thine eye.
Hath stay'd upon some favour that it loves :
Hath it not, boy?

Vio. A little, by your favour.

Duke. What kind of woman is 't?

Vio.

Of your complexion.

¹⁶⁰ cut = gelded, castrated : horse talk.

² antique = quaint ; accented on the first syllable ; whence, *antic*.

Duke. She is not worth thee, then. What years, i' faith?

Vio. About your years, my lord.

Duke. Too old, by heaven: let still the woman take
An elder than herself: so wears she to him,
So sways she level in her husband's heart:
For, boy, however we do praise ourselves,
Our fancies are more giddy and unfirm,
More longing, wavering, sooner lost and worn,
Than women's are.

Vio. I think it well, my lord.

Duke. Then let thy love be younger than thyself,
Or thy affection cannot hold the bent;
For women are as roses, whose fair flower
Being once display'd, doth fall that very hour.

Vio. And so they are: alas, that they are so;
To die, even when they to perfection grow!

Re-enter CURIO, with CLOWN.

Duke. O, fellow, come, the song we had last night.
Mark it, Cesario, it is old and plain;
The spinsters and the knitters in the sun
And the free maids that weave their thread with bones
Do use to chant it: it is silly sooth,
And dallies with the innocence of love,
Like the old age.

Clo. Are you ready, sir?

Duke. Ay; prithee, sing.

49
[Music.]

SONG.

Clo. Come away, come away, death,
And in sad cypress let me be laid;
Fly away, fly away, breath;
I am slain by a fair cruel maid.
My shroud of white, stuck all with yew,
O, prepare it!
My part of death, no one so true
Did share it.

Not a flower, not a flower sweet,
On my black coffin let there be strown;
Not a friend, not a friend greet
My poor corpse, where my bones shall be thrown:
A thousand thousand sighs to save,
Lay me, O, where
Sad true lover never find my grave,
To weep there!

Duke. There's for thy pains.

Clo. No pains, sir; I take pleasure in singing, sir.

Duke. I'll pay thy pleasure then.

Clo. Truly, sir, and pleasure will be paid, one time or another.

Duke. Give me now leave to leave thee.

Clo. Now, the melancholy god protect thee; and the tailor make thy doublet of changeable taffeta, for thy mind is a very opal. I would have men of such constancy put to sea, that their business might be every thing and their intent every where; for that's it that always makes a good voyage of nothing. Farewell.

[*Exit.*]

Duke. Let all the rest give place.

[*Curio and Attendants retire.*]

Once more, Cesario,

Get thee to yond same sovereign cruelty:

Tell her, my love, more noble than the world,

Prizes not quantity of dirty lands;

80

The parts that Fortune hath bestow'd upon her,

Tell her, I hold as giddily as Fortune;

But 't is that miracle and queen of gems

That nature pranks her in attracts my soul.

Vio. But if she cannot love you, sir?

Duke. I cannot be so answer'd.

Vio.

Sooth, but you must.

Say that some lady, as perhaps there is,

Hath for your love as great a pang of heart

As you have for Olivia: you cannot love her;

90

You tell her so; must she not then be answer'd?

Duke. There is no woman's sides

Can bide the beating of so strong a passion

As love doth give my heart; no woman's heart

So big, to hold so much; they lack retention.

Alas, their love may be call'd appetite,

No motion of the liver, but the palate,

That suffer surfeit, cloyment and revolt;

But mine is all as hungry as the sea,

And can digest as much: make no compare

100

Between that love a woman can bear me

And that I owe Olivia.

Vio.

Ay, but I know —

Duke. What dost thou know?

Vio. Too well what love women to men may owe:

In faith, they are as true of heart as we.

My father had a daughter lov'd a man,

As it might be, perhaps, were I a woman,

I should your lordship.

Duke.

And what's her history?

Vio. A blank, my lord. She never told her love,

But let concealment, like a worm i' th' bud,

110

Feed on her damask cheek: she pin'd in thought,

And with a green and yellow melancholy

She sat, like Patience on a monument,

Smiling at grief. Was not this love indeed?
 We men may say more, swear more: but indeed
 Our shows are more than will; for still we prove
 Much in our vows, but little in our love.

Duke. But died thy sister of her love, my boy?

Vio. I am all the daughters of my father's house,
 And all the brothers too: and yet I know not.
 Sir, shall I to this lady?

120

Duke. Ay, that's the theme.

To her in haste; give her this jewel; say,
 My love can give no place, bide no denay.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE V. OLIVIA'S garden.

Enter SIR TOBY, SIR ANDREW, and FABIAN.

Sir To. Come thy ways, Signior Fabian.

Fab. Nay, I'll come: if I lose a scruple of this sport, let me
 be boil'd to death with melancholy.

Sir To. Wouldst thou not be glad to have the niggardly ras-
 cally sheep-biter come by some notable shame?

Fab. I would exult, man: you know, he brought me out o'
 favour with my lady about a bear-baiting here.

Sir To. To anger him we'll have the bear again; and we
 will fool him black and blue: shall we not, Sir Andrew?

Sir And. An we do not, it is pity of our lives.

10

Sir To. Here comes the little villain.

Enter MARIA.

How now, my metal of India!

Mar. Get ye all three into the box-tree: Malvolio's coming
 down this walk: he has been yonder i' the sun practising be-
 haviour to his own shadow this half hour: observe him, for the
 love of mockery; for I know this letter will make a contempla-
 tive idiot of him. Close, in the name of jesting! Lie thou
 there [*throws down a letter*]; for here comes the trout that
 must be caught with tickling.

[*Exit.*]

Enter MALVOLIO.

Mal. 'Tis but fortune; all is fortune. Maria once told me
 she did affect me: and I have heard herself come thus near,
 that, should she fancy, it should be one of my complexion. Be-
 sides, she uses me with a more exalted respect than any one else
 that follows her. What should I think on't?

Sir To. Here's an overweening rogue!

Fab. O, peace! Contemplation makes a rare turkey-cock of
 him: how he jets under his advanc'd plumes!

¹¹⁰ *Smiling at grief*: it was Viola (as her supposed sister), not Patience, who smiled at grief.

⁵ *sheep-biter* = cur, mutton-eater.

¹² *metal of India* = golden girl.

²⁷ *jets* = struts. *advanc'd* = lifted, elevated.

Sir And. 'Slight, I could so beat the rogue!

Sir To. Peace, I say.

Mal. To be Count Malvolio!

30

Sir To. Ah, rogue!

Sir And. Pistol him, pistol him.

Sir To. Peace, peace!

Mal. There is example for 't; the lady of the Strachy married the yeoman of the wardrobe.

Sir And. Fie on him, Jezebel!

Fab. O, peace! now he's deeply in: look how imagination blows him.

Mal. Having been three months married to her, sitting in my state, —

40

Sir To. O, for a stone-bow, to hit him in the eye!

Mal. Calling my officers about me, in my branch'd velvet gown; having come from a day-bed, where I have left Olivia sleeping, —

Sir To. Fire and brimstone!

Fab. O, peace, peace!

Mal. And then to have the humour of state; and after a demure travel of regard, telling them I know my place as I would they should do theirs, to ask for my kinsman Toby, —

Sir To. Bolts and shackles!

50

Fab. O peace, peace, peace! now, now.

Mal. Seven of my people, with an obedient start, make out for him: I frown the while; and perchance wind up my watch, or play with my — some rich jewel. Toby approaches; courtesies there to me, —

Sir To. Shall this fellow live?

Fab. Though our silence be drawn from us with cords, yet peace.

Mal. I extend my hand to him thus, quenching my familiar smile with an austere regard of control, —

60

Sir To. And does not Toby take you a blow o' the lips then?

Mal. Saying, Cousin Toby, my fortunes having cast me on your niece, give me this prerogative of speech, —

Sir To. What, what?

Mal. You must amend your drunkenness.

Sir To. Out, scab!

Fab. Nay, patience, or we break the sinews of our plot.

Mal. Besides, you waste the treasure of your time with a foolish knight, —

Sir And. That's me, I warrant you.

70

Mal. One Sir Andrew, —

³⁴ lady of the Strachy: who she was is unknown.

⁴¹ stone-bow. Some cross-bows shot stones.

⁵⁴ courtesies = salutes me with deferential courtesy.

Sir And. I knew 't was I; for many do call me fool.

Mal. What employment have we here? [Taking up the letter.

Fab. Now is the woodcock near the gin.

Sir To. O, peace! and the spirit of humours intimate reading aloud to him!

Mal. By my life, this is my lady's hand: these be her very C's, her U's and her T's; and thus makes she her great P's. It is, in contempt of question, her hand.

Sir And. Her C's, her U's and her T's: why that? 80

Mal. [Reads.] "To the unknown beloved, this, and my good wishes:"—her very phrases! By your leave, wax. Soft! and the impressure her Lucrece, with which she uses to seal: 't is my lady. To whom should this be?

Fab. This wins him, liver and all.

Mal. [Reads.] Jove knows I love:
But who?
Lips, do not move;
No man must know.

"No man must know." What follows? the numbers altered!
"No man must know:" if this should be thee, Malvolio? 91

Sir To. Marry, hang thee, brock!

Mal. [Reads.]

I may command where I adore;
But silence, like a Lucrece knife,
With bloodless stroke my heart doth gore:
M, O, A, I, doth sway my life.

Fab. A fustian riddle!

Sir To. Excellent wench, say I.

Mal. "M, O, A, I, doth sway my life." Nay, but first, let me see, let me see, let me see. 100

Fab. What dish o' poison has she dress'd him!

Sir To. And with what wing the staniel checks at it!

Mal. "I may command where I adore." Why, she may command me: I serve her; she is my lady. Why, this is evident to any formal capacity; there is no obstruction in this: and the end, — what should that alphabetical position portend? If I could make that resemble something in me, — Softly! M, O, A, I, —

Sir To. O, ay, make up that: he is now at a cold scent.

Fab. Sowter will cry upon 't for all this, though it be as rank as a fox. 111

Mal. M, — Malvolio; M, — why, that begins my name.

Fab. Did not I say he would work it out? the cur is excellent at faults.

⁹² brock = badger.

¹⁰² staniel = a kind of hawk. checks = snaps.

¹⁰⁵ formal = well regulated, reasonable.

¹¹⁰ Sowter: a common name for a hound.

Mal. M, — but then there is no consonancy in the sequel; that suffers under probation: A should follow, but O does.

Fab. And O shall end, I hope.

Sir To. Ay, or I'll cudgel him, and make him cry O!

Mal. And then I comes behind.

119

Fab. Ay, an you had any eye behind you, you might see more detraction at your heels than fortunes before you.

Mal. M, O, A, I; this simulation is not as the former: and yet, to crush this a little, it would bow to me, for every one of these letters are in my name. Soft! here follows prose.

[*Reads.*] If this fall into thy hand, revolve. In my stars I am above thee; but be not afraid of greatness: some are born great, some achieve greatness, and some have greatness thrust upon 'em. Thy Fates open their hands; let thy blood and spirit embrace them; and, to inure thyself to what thou art like to be, cast thy humble slough and appear fresh. Be opposite with a kinsman, surly with servants; let thy tongue tang arguments of state; put thyself into the trick of singularity: she thus advises thee that sighs for thee. Remember who commended thy yellow stockings, and wish'd to see thee ever cross-garter'd: I say, remember. Go to, thou art made, if thou desirest to be so; if not, let me see thee a steward still, the fellow of servants, and not worthy to touch Fortune's fingers. Farewell. She that would alter services with thee,

THE FORTUNATE-UNHAPPY.

Daylight and champain discovers not more: this is open. I will be proud, I will read politic authors, I will baffle Sir Toby, I will wash off gross acquaintance, I will be point-devise the very man. I do not now fool myself, to let imagination jade me; for every reason excites to this, that my lady loves me. She did commend my yellow stockings of late, she did praise my leg being cross-garter'd; and in this she manifests herself to my love, and with a kind of injunction drives me to these habits of her liking. I thank my stars I am happy. I will be strange, stout, in yellow stockings, and cross-garter'd, even with the swiftness of putting on. Jove and my stars be praised! Here is yet a postscript.

149

[*Reads.*] Thou canst not choose but know who I am. If thou entertainest my love, let it appear in thy smiling; thy smiles become thee well; therefore in my presence still smile, dear my sweet, I prithee.

Jove, I thank thee: I will smile; I will do every thing that thou wilt have me.

[*Exit.*]

Fab. I will not give my part of this sport for a pension of thousands to be paid from the Sophy.

117 And O = and naught, nothing.

140 point devise = precisely.

144 my leg being cross-garter'd. As men's hose covered the leg and haunch to the waist, their garters were merely ornamental. In cross-gartering they were passed around the leg across each other with an upward inclination, and were knotted just below the knee.

155 Sophy = Shah.

Sir To. I could marry this wench for this device.

Sir And. So could I too.

Sir To. And ask no other dowry with her but such another jest. 160

Sir And. Nor I neither.

Fab. Here comes my noble gull-catcher.

Re-enter MARIA.

Sir To. Wilt thou set thy foot o' my neck?

Sir And. Or o' mine either?

Sir To. Shall I play my freedom at tray-trip, and become thy bond-slave?

Sir And. I' faith, or I either?

Sir To. Why, thou hast put him in such a dream, that when the image of it leaves him he must run mad.

Mar. Nay, but say true; does it work upon him? 170

Sir To. Like aqua-vitæ with a midwife.

Mar. If you will then see the fruits of the sport, mark his first approach before my lady: he will come to her in yellow stockings, and 'tis a colour she abhors, and cross-garter'd, a fashion she detests; and he will smile upon her, which will now be so unsuitable to her disposition, being addicted to a melancholy as she is, that it cannot but turn him into a notable contempt. If you will see it, follow me.

Sir To. To the gates of Tartar, thou most excellent devil of wit! 180

Sir And. I'll make one too. [Exeunt.]

ACT III.

SCENE I. OLIVIA'S garden.

Enter VIOLA, and CLOWN with a tabor.

Vio. Save thee, friend, and thy music: dost thou live by thy tabor?

Clo. No, sir, I live by the church.

Vio. Art thou a churchman?

Clo. No such matter, sir: I do live by the church; for I do live at my house, and my house doth stand by the church.

Vio. So thou mayst say, the king lives by a beggar, if a beggar dwell near him; or, the church stands by thy tabor, if thy tabor stand by the church.

Clo. You have said, sir. To see this age! A sentence is but a cheveril glove to a good wit: how quickly the wrong side may be turn'd outward! 9

¹⁷⁸ *Tartar*: not Tartary, but Tartarus.

¹¹ *cheveril* = kid.

Vio. Nay, that's certain ; they that dally nicely with words may quickly make them wanton.

Clo. I would, therefore, my sister had had no name, sir.

Vio. Why, man ?

Clo. Why, sir, her name's a word ; and to dally with that word might make my sister wanton. But indeed words are very rascals since bonds disgrac'd them.

Vio. Thy reason, man ?

20

Clo. Troth, sir, I can yield you none without words ; and words are grown so false, I am loath to prove reason with them.

Vio. I warrant thou art a merry fellow and car'st for nothing.

Clo. Not so, sir, I do care for something ; but in my conscience, sir, I do not care for you : if that be to care for nothing, sir, I would it would make you invisible.

Vio. Art not thou the Lady Olivia's Fool ?

Clo. No, indeed, sir ; the Lady Olivia has no folly : she will keep no fool, sir, till she be married ; and fools are as like husbands as pilchards are to herrings ; the husband's the bigger : I am indeed not her fool, but her corrupter of words.

Vio. I saw thee late at the Count Orsino's.

Clo. Foolery, sir, does walk about the orb like the sun, it shines every where. I would be sorry, sir, but the fool should be as oft with your master as with my mistress : I think I saw your wisdom there.

Vio. Nay, an thou pass upon me, I'll no more with thee. Hold, there's expenses for thee.

[Gives money.]

Clo. Now Jove, in his next commodity of hair, send thee a beard !

Vio. By my troth, I'll tell thee, I am almost sick for one ; [Aside] though I would not have it grow on my chin. Is thy lady within ?

41

Clo. Would not a pair of these have bred, sir ?

Vio. Yes, being kept together and put to use.

Clo. I would play Lord Pandarus of Phrygia, sir, to bring a Cressida to this Troilus.

Vio. I understand you, sir ; 't is well begg'd.

[Gives again.]

Clo. The matter, I hope, is not great, sir, begging but a beggar : Cressida was a beggar. My lady is within, sir. I will construe to them whence you come ; who you are and what you would are out of my welkin, I might say "element," but the word is over-worn.

[Exit.]

Vio. This fellow is wise enough to play the fool ;

²¹ *pilchards*: fish very like the herring, but larger and fatter.

⁴¹ *Lord Pandarus*, etc. See *Troilus and Cressida*.

¹³ *the word is over-worn*. "Element" was much affected by fine speakers in S.'s day.

And to do that well craves a kind of wit :
 He must observe their mood on whom he jests,
 The quality of persons, and the time,
 And, like the haggard, check at every feather
 That comes before his eye. This is a practice 60
 As full of labour as a wise man's art :
 For folly that he wisely shows is fit ;
 But wise men's folly shown, quite taints their wit.

Enter SIR TOBY and SIR ANDREW.

Sir To. Save you, gentleman.

Vio. And you, sir.

Sir And. *Dieu vous garde, monsieur.*

Vio. *Et vous aussi ; votre serviteur.*

Sir And. I hope, sir, you are ; and I am yours.

Sir To. Will you encounter the house ? my niece is desirous
 you should enter, if your trade be to her. 70

Vio. I am bound to your niece, sir ; I mean, she is the list
 of my voyage.

Sir To. Taste your legs, sir ; put them to motion.

Vio. My legs do better understand me, sir, than I understand
 what you mean by bidding me taste my legs.

Sir To. I mean, to go, sir, to enter.

Vio. I will answer you with gait and entrance. But we are
 prevented.

Enter OLIVIA and MARIA.

Most excellent accomplish'd lady, the heavens rain odours on
 you ! 80

Sir And. That youth's a rare courtier : " Rain odours ;"
 well.

Vio. My matter hath no voice, lady, but to your own most
 pregnant and vouchsafed ear.

Sir And. " Odours," " pregnant " and " vouchsafed : " I'll
 get 'em all three all ready.

Oli. Let the garden door be shut, and leave me to my hear-
 ing. [*Exeunt Sir Toby, Sir Andrew, and Maria.*] Give me
 your hand, sir.

Vio. My duty, madam, and most humble service. 90

Oli. What is your name ?

Vio. Cesario is your servant's name, fair princess.

Oli. My servant, sir ! 'T was never merry world
 Since lowly feigning was call'd compliment :

You're servant to the Count Orsino, youth.

Vio. And he is yours, and his must needs be yours :
 Your servant's servant is your servant, madam.

⁶⁶ *Dieu vous garde, monsieur* = God keep you, sir.

⁶⁷ *Et vous, etc.* = And you also ; your servant. (Fr.)

Oli. For him, I think not on him : for his thoughts,
Would they were blanks, rather than fill'd with me !

Vio. Madam, I come to whet your gentle thoughts
On his behalf. 100

Oli. O, by your leave, I pray you,
I bade you never speak again of him :
But, would you undertake another suit,
I had rather hear you to solicit that
Than music from the spheres.

Vio. Dear lady, —

Oli. Give me leave, beseech you. I did send,
After the last enchantment you did here,
A ring in chase of you : so did I abuse
Myself, my servant and, I fear me, you :
Under your hard construction must I sit,
To force that on you, in a shameful cunning,
Which you knew none of yours : what might you think ?
Have you not set mine honour at the stake
And baited it with all the unmuzzled thoughts
That tyrannous heart can think ? To one of your receiving
Enough is shown : a cypress, not a bosom,
Hideth my heart. So, let me hear you speak. 110

Vio. I pity you.

Oli. That 's a degree to love.

Vio. No, not a grize ; for 't is a vulgar proof,
That very oft we pity enemies. 120

Oli. Why, then, methinks 't is time to smile again.

O world, how apt the poor are to be proud !

If one should be a prey, how much the better

To fall before the lion than the wolf !

[Clock strikes.

The clock upbraids me with the waste of time.

Be not afraid, good youth, I will not have you :

And yet, when wit and youth is come to harvest,

Your wife is like to reap a proper man :

There lies your way, due west.

Vio. Then westward-ho ! Grace and good disposition
Attend your ladyship ! 130

You 'll nothing, madam, to my lord by me ?

Oli. Stay :

I prithee, tell me what thou think'st of me.

Vio. That you do think you are — not what you are.

Oli. If I think so, I think the same of you.

Vio. Then think you right : I am not what I am.

118 *cypress* = a semi-transparent tissue.

119 *grize* = step.

135 *That you do think you are, etc.* : that is, You think you are a woman loving a man, etc.

Oli. I would you were as I would have you be!

Vio. Would it be better, madam, than I am?

I wish it might, for now I am your fool.

140

Oli. O, what a deal of scorn looks beautiful

In the contempt and anger of his lip!

A murd'rous guilt shows not itself more soon

Than love that would seem hid: love's night is noon.

Cesario, by the roses of the spring,

By maidhood, honour, truth and every thing,

I love thee so; that, maugre all thy pride,

Nor wit nor reason can my passion hide.

Do not extort thy reasons from this clause,

For that I woo, thou therefore hast no cause;

150

But rather reason thus with reason fetter,

Love sought is good, but given unsought is better.

Vio. By innocence I swear, and by my youth,

I have one heart, one bosom and one truth,

And that no woman has; nor never none

Shall mistress be of it, save I alone.

And so adieu, good madam: never more

Will I my master's tears to you deplore.

Oli. Yet come again; for thou perhaps mayst move

159

That heart, which now abhors, to like his love.

[Exeunt.]

SCENE II. OLIVIA'S house.

Enter SIR TOBY, SIR ANDREW, and FABIAN.

Sir And. No, faith, I'll not stay a jot longer.

Sir To. Thy reason, dear venom, give thy reason.

Fab. You must needs yield your reason, Sir Andrew.

Sir And. Marry, I saw your niece do more favours to the count's servingman than ever she bestow'd upon me; I saw 't i' th' orchard.

Sir To. Did she see thee the while, old boy? tell me that.

Sir And. As plain as I see you now.

Fab. This was a great argument of love in her toward you.

Sir And. 'Slight, will you make an ass o' me?

10

Fab. I will prove it legitimate, sir, upon the oaths of judgement and reason.

Sir To. And they have been grand-jurymen since before Noah was a sailor.

Fab. She did show favour to the youth in your sight only to exasperate you, to awake your dormouse valour, to put fire in your heart, and brimstone in your liver. You should then have accosted her; and with some excellent jests, fire-new from the mint, you should have bang'd the youth into dumbness. This

was look'd for at your hand, and this was balk'd: the double gilt of this opportunity you let time wash off, and you are now sail'd into the north of my lady's opinion; where you will hang like an icicle on a Dutchman's beard, unless you do redeem it by some laudable attempt either of valour or policy.

Sir And. An't be any way, it must be with valour; for policy I hate: I had as lief be a Brownist as a politician.

Sir To. Why, then, build me thy fortunes upon the basis of valour. Challenge me the count's youth to fight with him; hurt him in eleven places: my niece shall take note of it; and assure thyself, there is no love-broker in the world can more prevail in man's commendation with woman than report of valour. 31

Fab. There is no way but this, Sir Andrew.

Sir And. Will either of you bear me a challenge to him?

Sir To. Go, write it in a martial hand; be curst and brief; it is no matter how witty, so it be eloquent and full of invention: taunt him with the license of ink: if thou thou'st him some thrice, it shall not be amiss; and as many lies as will lie in thy sheet of paper, although the sheet were big enough for the bed of Ware in England, set 'em down: go, about it. Let there be gall enough in thy ink, though thou write with a goose-pen, no matter: about it. 41

Sir And. Where shall I find you?

Sir To. We'll call thee at the cubiculo: go. [*Exit Sir Andrew.*]

Fab. This is a dear manakin to you, Sir Toby.

Sir To. I have been dear to him, lad, some two thousand strong, or so.

Fab. We shall have a rare letter from him: but you'll not deliver 't?

Sir To. Never trust me, then; and by all means stir on the youth to an answer. I think oxen and wainropes cannot hale them together. For Andrew, if he were open'd, and you find so much blood in his liver as will clog the foot of a flea, I'll eat the rest of th' anatomy.

Fab. And his opposite, the youth, bears in his visage no great presage of cruelty.

Enter MARIA.

Sir To. Look, where the youngest wren of nine comes.

Mar. If you desire the spleen, and will laugh yourselves into stitches, follow me. Yond gull Malvolio is turned heathen,

²⁸ *Brownist* = a sort of Puritan, follower of Robert Brown.

³⁶ *thou'st him*: that is, address him as *thou* instead of *you*; an assertion of superiority on the part of the speaker.

³⁸ *bed of Ware*. It was 10 feet 9 inches square. It remained at Ware in an inn until 1864, when it was sold by auction for 100 guineas.

⁴² *cubiculo*: lodging. *Beich* Latin for cubiculum.

⁴⁴ *manakin* = little man, contemptuously.

⁵⁶ *youngest wren of nine*. The wren lays nine eggs, and the last was supposed to produce the smallest bird. Maria was little.

a very renegado ; for there is no Christian, that means to be saved by believing rightly, can ever believe such impossible passages of grossness. He 's in yellow stockings. 61

Sir To. And cross-garter'd ?

Mar. Most villanously ; like a pedant that keeps a school i' th' church. I have dogg'd him, like his murderer. He does obey every point of the letter that I dropp'd to betray him : he does smile his face into more lines than is in the new map with the augmentation of the Indies ; you have not seen such a thing as 't is. I can hardly forbear hurling things at him. I know my lady will strike him : if she do, he 'll smile and take 't for a great favour. 70

Sir To. Come, bring us, bring us where he is.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *A street.*

Enter SEBASTIAN and ANTONIO.

Seb. I would not by my will have troubled you ;
But, since you make your pleasure of your pains,
I will no further chide you.

Ant. I could not stay behind you : my desire,
More sharp than filed steel, did spur me forth ;
And not all love to see you, though so much
As might have drawn one to a longer voyage,
But jealousy what might befall your travel,
Being skilless in these parts ; which to a stranger,
Unguided and unfriended, often prove
Rough and unhospitable : my willing love,
The rather by these arguments of fear,
Set forth in your pursuit. 10

Seb. My kind Antonio,
I can no other answer make but thanks,
And thanks, and thanks ; and ever oft good turns
Are shuffled off with such uncurrent pay :
But, were my worth as is my conscience firm,
You should find better dealing. What 's to do ?
Shall we go see the reliques of this town ?

Ant. To-morrow, sir : best first go see your lodging. 20

Seb. I am not weary, and 't is long to night :
I pray you, let us satisfy our eyes
With the memorials and the things of fame
That do renown this city.

Ant. Would you 'ld pardon me ;
I do not without danger walk these streets :

⁸ *jealousy* = suspicion.

¹³ *your pursuit* = pursuit of you.

Once, in a sea-fight, 'gainst the count his galleys
 I did some service ; of such note indeed,
 That were I ta'en here it would scarce be answer'd.

Seb. Belike you slew great number of his people.

Ant. The offence is not of such a bloody nature ;
 Albeit the quality of the time and quarrel
 Might well have given us bloody argument.
 It might have since been answer'd in repaying
 What we took from them ; which, for traffic's sake,
 Most of our city did : only myself stood out ;
 For which, if I be lapsed in this place,
 I shall pay dear.

Seb. Do not then walk too open.

Ant. It doth not fit me. Hold, sir, here's my purse.
 In the south suburbs, at the Elephant,
 Is best to lodge : I will bespeak our diet,
 Whiles you beguile the time and feed your knowledge
 With viewing of the town : there shall you have me.

Seb. Why I your purse ?

Ant. Haply your eye shall light upon some toy
 You have desire to purchase ; and your store,
 I think, is not for idle markets, sir.

Seb. I'll be your purse-bearer and leave you
 For an hour.

Ant. To the Elephant.

Seb. I do remember.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE IV. OLIVIA'S garden.

Enter OLIVIA and MARIA.

Oli. I have sent after him : he says he'll come ;
 How shall I feast him ? what bestow of him ?
 For youth is bought more oft than begg'd or borrow'd.
 I speak too loud.

Where is Malvolio ? he is sad and civil,
 And suits well for a servant with my fortunes :
 Where is Malvolio ?

Mar. He's coming, madam ; but in very strange manner.
 He is, sure, possess'd, madam.

Oli. Why, what's the matter ? does he rave ?

Mar. No, madam, he does nothing but smile : your ladyship
 were best to have some guard about you, if he come ; for, sure,
 the man is tainted in 's wits.

²⁵ the count his galleys = the count's galleys : a form of the possessive common in S.'s time, but very rare with him ; perhaps we should read *county's galleys*.

²⁶ lapsed : an amazing use of this word, probably to mean, be lost, be given up to aimless wandering.

Oli. Go call him hither. [*Exit Maria.*] I am as mad as he,
If sad and merry madness equal be.

Re-enter MARIA, with MALVOLIO.

How now, Malvolio!

Mal. Sweet lady, ho, ho.

Oli. Smil'st thou?

I sent for thee upon a sad occasion.

Mal. Sad, lady? I could be sad: this does make some obstruction in the blood, this cross-gartering; but what of that? if it please the eye of one, it is with me as the very true sonnet is, "Please one, and please all."

Oli. Why, how dost thou, man? what is the matter with thee?

Mal. Not black in my mind, though yellow in my legs. It did come to his hands, and commands shall be executed: I think we do know the sweet Roman hand.

Oli. Wilt thou go to bed, Malvolio?

Mal. To bed! ay, sweet-heart, and I'll come to thee.

Oli. God comfort thee! Why dost thou smile so and kiss thy hand so oft?

Mar. How do you, Malvolio?

Mal. At your request! yes; nightingales answer daws.

Mar. Why appear you with this ridiculous boldness before my lady?

Mal. "Be not afraid of greatness:" 't was well writ.

Oli. What mean'st thou by that, Malvolio?

Mal. "Some are born great," —

Oli. Ha!

Mal. "Some achieve greatness," —

Oli. What say'st thou?

Mal. "And some have greatness thrust upon them."

Oli. Heaven restore thee!

Mal. "Remember who commended thy yellow stockings," —

Oli. My yellow stockings!

Mal. "And wish'd to see thee cross-garter'd."

Oli. Cross-garter'd!

Mal. "Go to, thou art made, if thou desir'st to be so;" —

Oli. Am I made?

Mal. "If not, let me see thee a servant still."

Oli. Why, this is very midsummer madness.

Enter Servant.

Ser. Madam, the young gentleman of the Count Orsino's is return'd: I could hardly entreat him back: he attends your ladyship's pleasure.

⁴⁶ *My yellow stockings!* It must be remembered that Olivia does not know that Malvolio is quoting from the letter, and that she supposes he is speaking directly to her.

Oli. I'll come to him. [*Exit Servant.*] Good Maria, let this fellow be look'd to. Where's my cousin Toby? Let some of my people have a special care of him: I would not have him miscarry for the half of my dowry. [*Exeunt Olivia and Maria.*]

Mal. O, ho! do you come near me now? no worse man than Sir Toby to look to me! This concurs directly with the letter: she sends him on purpose, that I may appear stubborn to him; for she incites me to that in the letter. "Cast thy humble slough," says she; "be opposite with a kinsman, surly with servants; let thy tongue tang with arguments of state; put thyself into the trick of singularity;" and consequently sets down the manner how; as, a sad face, a reverend carriage, a slow tongue, in the habit of some sir of note, and so forth. I have lim'd her; but it is Jove's doing, and Jove make me thankful! And when she went away now, "Let this fellow be look'd to:" fellow! not Malvolio, nor after my degree, but fellow. Why, every thing adheres together, that no dram of a scruple, no scruple of a scruple, no obstacle, no incredulous or unsafe circumstance—What can be said? Nothing that can be can come between me and the full prospect of my hopes. Well, Jove, not I, is the doer of this, and he is to be thanked.

Re-enter MARIA, with SIR TOBY and FABIAN.

Sir To. Which way is he, in the name of sanctity? If all the devils of hell be drawn in little, and Legion himself possess'd him, yet I'll speak to him. 79

Fab. Here he is, here he is. How is 't with you, sir? how is 't with you, man?

Mal. Go off; I discard you: let me enjoy my private: go off.

Mar. Lo, how hollow the fiend speaks within him! did not I tell you? Sir Toby, my lady prays you to have a care of him.

Mal. Ah, ha! does she so?

Sir To. Go to, go to; peace, peace; we must deal gently with him: let me alone. How do you, Malvolio? how is 't with you? What, man! defy the Devil: consider, he's an enemy to mankind. 90

Mal. Do you know what you say?

Mar. La you, an you speak ill of the Devil, how he takes it at heart! Pray God, he be not bewitch'd!

Fab. Carry his water to th' wise woman.

Mar. Marry, and it shall be done to-morrow morning, if I live. My lady would not lose him for more than I'll say.

⁸⁸ *lim'd her* = taken her as with bird lime.

⁸⁹ *it is Jove's doing*, etc. The folio has "it is Ioues doing, and love make me thankful." Probably "God" was originally written in both places; but possibly "Love" in both.

⁹⁴ *carry his water*. This mode of diagnosis was in great vogue in S.'s day.

Mal. How now, mistress!

Mar. O Lord!

Sir To. Prithee, hold thy peace; this is not the way: do you not see you move him? let me alone with him. 100

Fab. No way but gentleness; gently, gently: the fiend is rough, and will not be roughly us'd.

Sir To. Why, how now, my bawcock! how dost thou, chuck?

Mal. Sir!

Sir To. Ay, Biddy, come with me. What, man! 't is not for gravity to play at cherry-pit with Satan: hang him, foul collier!

Mar. Get him to say his prayers, good Sir Toby, get him to pray.

Mal. My prayers, minx! 110

Mar. No, I warrant you, he will not hear of godliness.

Mal. Go, hang yourselves all! you are idle shallow things: I am not of your element: you shall know more hereafter. [Exit.]

Sir To. Is 't possible?

Fab. If this were play'd upon a stage now, I could condemn it as an improbable fiction.

Sir To. His very genius hath taken the infection of the device, man.

Mar. Nay, pursue him now, lest the device take air and taint. 120

Fab. Why, we shall make him mad indeed.

Mar. The house will be the quieter.

Sir To. Come, we'll have him in a dark room and bound. My niece is already in the belief that he's mad: we may carry it thus, for our pleasure and his penance, till our very pastime, tired out of breath, prompt us to have mercy on him: at which time we will bring the device to the bar and crown thee for a finder of madmen. But see, but see.

Enter SIR ANDREW.

Fab. More matter for a May morning.

Sir And. Here's the challenge, read it: I warrant there's vinegar and pepper in 't. 131

Fab. Is 't so saucy?

Sir And. Ay, is 't, I warrant him: do but read.

Sir To. Give me.

[Reads.] Youth, whatsoever thou art, thou art but a scurvy fellow.

Fab. Good, and valiant.

Sir To. [Reads.] Wonder not, nor admire not in thy mind, why I do call thee so, for I will show thee no reason for 't.

Fab. A good note; that keeps you from the blow of the law.

¹⁰³ *bawcock* = my fine cock, *beau coq* (Fr.); a term of encouragement.

¹¹⁷ *His very genius* = his inmost soul.

Sir To. [*Reads.*] Thou comest to the Lady Olivia, and in my sight she uses thee kindly: but thou liest in thy throat; that is not the matter I challenge thee for.

Fab. Very brief, and to exceeding good sense—less.

Sir To. [*Reads.*] I will waylay thee going home; where if it be thy chance to kill me, —

Fab. Good.

Sir To. [*Reads.*] Thou killest me like a rogue and a villain.

Fab. Still you keep o' the windy side of the law: good.

Sir To. [*Reads.*] Fare thee well; and God have mercy upon one of our souls! He may have mercy upon mine; but my hope is better, and so look to thyself. Thy friend, as thou usest him, and thy sworn enemy,

ANDREW AGUECHEEK.

If this letter move him not, his legs cannot: I'll give 't him.

Mar. You may have very fit occasion for 't: he is now in some commerce with my lady, and will by and by depart.

Sir To. Go, Sir Andrew; scout me for him at the corner of the orchard like a bum-bailly: so soon as ever thou seest him, draw; and, as thou draw'st, swear horrible; for it comes to pass oft that a terrible oath, with a swaggering accent sharply twang'd off, gives manhood more approbation than ever proof itself would have earn'd him. Away! 161

Sir And. Nay, let me alone for swearing.

[*Exit.*]

Sir To. Now will not I deliver his letter: for the behaviour of the young gentleman gives him out to be of good capacity and breeding; his employment between his lord and my niece confirms no less: therefore this letter, being so excellently ignorant, will breed no terror in the youth: he will find it comes from a clodpole. But, sir, I will deliver his challenge by word of mouth; set upon Aguecheek a notable report of valour; and drive the gentleman, as I know his youth will aptly receive it, into a most hideous opinion of his rage, skill, fury and impetuosity. This will so fright them both that they will kill one another by the look, like cockatrices.

Re-enter OLIVIA, with VIOLA.

Fab. Here he comes with your niece: give them way till he take leave, and presently after him.

Sir To. I will meditate the while upon some horrid message for a challenge. [*Exeunt Sir Toby, Fabian, and Maria.*]

Oli. I have said too much unto a heart of stone

And laid mine honour too uncharly out:

There's something in me that reproves my fault;

180

But such a headstrong potent fault it is,

That it but mocks reproof.

¹⁵⁸ swear horrible. So the folio. Probably *horrible* is a phonetic spelling of *horribly*.

¹⁷³ cockatrice: or basilisk, a fabled serpent-like monster.

Vio. With the same 'haviour that your passion bears
Goes on my master's grief.

Oli. Here, wear this jewel for me, 't is my picture;
Refuse it not; it hath no tongue to vex you;
And I beseech you come again to-morrow.
What shall you ask of me that I'll deny,
That, honour sav'd, may upon asking give?

Vio. Nothing but this; your true love for my master. 190

Oli. How with mine honour may I give him that
Which I have given to you?

Vio. I will acquit you.

Oli. Well, come again to-morrow: fare thee well:
A fiend like thee might bear my soul to hell.

[Exit.]

Re-enter SIR TOBY and FABIAN.

Sir To. Gentleman, God save thee.

Vio. And you, sir.

Sir To. That defence thou hast, betake thee to't: of what
nature the wrongs are thou hast done him, I know not; but thy
interceptor, full of despite, bloody as the hunter, attends thee
at the orchard-end: dismount thy tuck, be yare in thy prepara-
tion, for thy assailant is quick, skilful and deadly. 201

Vio. You mistake, sir; I am sure no man hath any quarrel
to me: my remembrance is very free and clear from any image
of offence done to any man.

Sir To. You'll find it otherwise, I assure you: therefore, if
you hold your life at any price, betake you to your guard; for
your opposite hath in him what youth, strength, skill and wrath
can furnish man withal.

Vio. I pray you, sir, what is he? 209

Sir To. He is knight, dubb'd with unhack'd rapier and on
carpet consideration; but he is a devil in private brawl: souls
and bodies hath he divorce'd three; and his incensement at this
moment is so implacable, that satisfaction can be none but by
pangs of death and sepulchre. Hob, nob, is his word; give't
or take't.

Vio. I will return again into the house and desire some con-
duct of the lady. I am no fighter. I have heard of some kind
of men that put quarrels purposely on others, to taste their val-
our: belike this is a man of that quirk. 219

Sir To. Sir, no; his indignation derives itself out of a very
competent injury: therefore, get you on and give him his de-
sire. Back you shall not to the house, unless you undertake
that with me which with as much safety you might answer him:

²⁰⁰ *dismount thy tuck* = draw thy sword. *yare* = nimble, ready.

²¹⁴ *Hob, nob* = hab, nab = *habban, nabban* (A. S.) = have, not have, hit or miss, take
or leave.

²¹⁶ *some conduct* = some accompanying guard.

therefore, on, or strip your sword stark naked; for meddle you must, that's certain, or forswear to wear iron about you.

Vio. This is as uncivil as strange. I beseech you, do me this courteous office, as to know of the knight what my offence to him is: it is something of my negligence, nothing of my purpose.

Sir To. I will do so. Signior Fabian, stay you by this gentleman till my return. [Exit.

Vio. Pray you, sir, do you know of this matter? 231

Fab. I know the knight is incens'd against you, even to a mortal arbitrement; but nothing of the circumstance more.

Vio. I beseech you, what manner of man is he?

Fab. Nothing of that wonderful promise, to read him by his form, as you are like to find him in the proof of his valour. He is, indeed, sir, the most skilful, bloody and fatal opposite that you could possibly have found in any part of Illyria. Will you walk towards him? I will make your peace with him if I can.

Vio. I shall be much bound to you for't: I am one that had rather go with sir priest than sir knight: I care not who knows so much of my mettle. [Exeunt.

Re-enter SIR TOBY, with SIR ANDREW.

Sir To. Why, man, he's a very devil; I have not seen such a firago. I had a pass with him, rapier, scabbard and all, and he gives me the stuck in with such a mortal motion, that it is inevitable; and on the answer, he pays you as surely as your feet hit the ground they step on. They say he has been fencer to the Sophy.

Sir And. Pox on't, I'll not meddle with him.

Sir To. Ay, but he will not now be pacified: Fabian can scarce hold him yonder. 251

Sir And. Plague on't, an I thought he had been valiant and so cunning in fence, I'd have seen him damn'd ere I'd have challeng'd him. Let him let the matter slip, and I'll give him my horse, grey Capilet.

Sir To. I'll make the motion: stand here, make a good show on't: this shall end without the perdition of souls. [Aside.] Marry, I'll ride your horse as well as I ride you.

Re-enter FABIAN and VIOLA.

[To Fab.] I have his horse to take up the quarrel: I have persuaded him the youth's a devil. 260

Fab. He is as horribly conceited of him; and pants and looks pale, as if a bear were at his heels.

Sir To. [To Vio.] There's no remedy, sir; he will fight with you for's oath sake: marry, he hath better bethought him of his quarrel, and he finds that now scarce to be worth talking of: therefore draw, for the supportance of his vow; he protests he will not hurt you.

Vio. [*Aside.*] Pray God defend me! A little thing would make me tell them how much I lack of a man.

Fab. Give ground, if you see him furious. 270

Sir To. Come, Sir Andrew, there's no remedy; the gentleman will, for his honour's sake, have one bout with you; he cannot by the duello avoid it: but he has promised me, as he is a gentleman and a soldier, he will not hurt you. Come on; to't.

Sir And. Pray God, he keep his oath!

Vio. I do assure you, 't is against my will. [*They draw.*]

Enter ANTONIO.

Ant. Put up your sword. If this young gentleman Have done offence, I take the fault on me: If you offend him, I for him defy you.

Sir To. You, sir! why, what are you? 280

Ant. One, sir, that for his love dares yet do more Than you have heard him brag to you he will.

Sir To. Nay, if you be an undertaker, I am for you.

[*They draw.*]

Enter Officers.

Fab. O good Sir Toby, hold! here come the officers.

Sir To. I'll be with you anon.

Vio. Pray, sir, put your sword up, if you please.

Sir And. Marry, will I, sir; and, for that I promis'd you, I'll be as good as my word: he will bear you easily and reins well.

First Off. This is the man; do thy office. 290

Sec. Off. Antonio, I arrest thee at the suit of Count Orsino.

Ant. You do mistake me, sir.

First Off. No, sir, no jot; I know your favour well, Though now you have no sea-cap on your head. Take him away: he knows I know him well.

Ant. I must obey. [*To Vio.*] This comes with seeking you: But there's no remedy; I shall answer it.

What will you do? Now my necessity Makes me to ask you for my purse. It grieves me Much more for what I cannot do for you 300 Than what befalls myself. You stand amaz'd; But be of comfort.

Sec. Off. Come, sir, away.

Ant. I must entreat of you some of that money.

Vio. What money, sir?

For the fair kindness you have show'd me here, And, part, being prompted by your present trouble,

²⁷³ the duello = the duelling code.

²⁸³ undertaker. This word was applied in S.'s time to those who undertook any sort of business for others: so our modern undertaker has his name from undertaking those offices which otherwise would be performed by the family and friends.

Out of my lean and low ability

I'll lend you something: my having is not much;

I'll make division of my present with you:

Hold, there's half my coffer.

310

Ant.

Will you deny me now?

Is't possible that my deserts to you

Can lack persuasion? Do not tempt my misery,

Lest that it make me so unsound a man

As to upbraid you with those kindnesses

That I have done for you.

Vio.

I know of none;

Nor know I you by voice or any feature:

I hate ingratitude more in a man

Than lying, vainness, babbling, drunkenness,

Or any taint of vice whose strong corruption

Inhabits our frail blood.

320

Ant.

O heavens themselves!

Sec. Off. Come, sir, I pray you, go.

Ant. Let me speak a little. This youth that you see here

I snatch'd one half out of the jaws of death,

Reliev'd him with such sanctity of love,

And to his image, which methought did promise

Most venerable worth, did I devotion.

First Off. What's that to us? The time goes by: away!

Ant. But O how vile an idol proves this god!

Thou hast, Sebastian, done good feature shame.

In nature there's no blemish but the mind;

None can be call'd deform'd but the unkind:

Virtue is beauty, but the beauteous evil

Are empty trunks o'erflourish'd by the Devil.

330

First Off. The man grows mad: away with him! Come, come, sir.

Ant. Lead me on.

[Exit with Officers.

Vio. Methinks his words do from such passion fly,

That he believes himself: so do not I.

Prove true, imagination, O, prove true,

That I, dear brother, be now ta'en for you!

340

Sir To. Come hither, knight; come hither, Fabian: we'll whisper o'er a couplet or two of most sage saws.

Vio. He named Sebastian: I my brother know

Yet living in my glass; even such and so

In favour was my brother, and he went

Still in this fashion, colour, ornament;

For him I imitate: O, if it prove,

Tempests are kind and salt waves fresh in love.

[Exit.

Sir To. A very dishonest paltry boy, and more a coward

than a hare: his dishonesty appears in leaving his friend here in necessity and denying him; and for his cowardship, ask Fabian.

Fab. A coward, a most devout coward, religious in it.

Sir And. 'Slid, I'll after him again and beat him.

Sir To. Do; cuff him soundly, but never draw thy sword.

Sir And. An I do not, —

[*Exit.*]

Fab. Come, let's see the event.

Sir To. I dare lay any money 't will be nothing yet. [*Exeunt.*]

ACT IV.

SCENE I. Before OLIVIA's house.

Enter SEBASTIAN and CLOWN.

Clo. Will you make me believe that I am not sent for you?

Seb. Go to, go to, thou art a foolish fellow:

Let me be clear of thee.

Clo. Well held out, i' faith! No, I do not know you; nor I am not sent to you by my lady, to bid you come speak with her; nor your name is not Master Cesario; nor this is not my nose neither. Nothing that is so is so.

Seb. I prithee, vent thy folly somewhere else:
Thou know'st not me.

Clo. Vent my folly! he has heard that word of some great man and now applies it to a fool. Vent my folly! I am afraid this great lubberly word will prove a cockney. I prithee now, ungird thy strangeness and tell me what I shall vent to my lady: shall I vent to her that thou art coming?

Seb. I prithee, foolish Greek, depart from me:
There's money for thee: if you tarry longer,
I shall give worse payment.

Clo. By my troth, thou hast an open hand. These wise men that give fools money get themselves a good report — after fourteen years' purchase.

20

Enter SIR ANDREW, SIR TOBY, and FABIAN.

Sir And. Now, sir, have I met you again? there's for you.

Seb. Why, there's for thee, and there, and there.

Are all the people mad?

Sir To. Hold, sir, or I'll throw your dagger o'er the house.

354 'Slid = by God's lid (eyelid).

12 *lubberly word*: that is, *vent*, which, in the sense of utter, was affectedly used in S.'s day. The clown fears it will prove a cockney; that is, be petted and adopted. But with any interpretation the passage is doubtful.

15 *Greek* = jester.

20 *fourteen years' purchase*: by paying a high price; twelve years was the ordinary rate.

Clo. This will I tell my lady straight: I would not be in some of your coats for two pence. [Exit.

Sir To. Come on, sir; hold.

Sir And. Nay, let him alone: I'll go another way to work with him; I'll have an action of battery against him, if there be any law in Illyria: though I struck him first, yet it's no matter for that. 31

Seb. Let go thy hand.

Sir To. Come, sir, I will not let you go. Come, my young soldier, put up your iron: you are well flesh'd; come on.

Seb. I will be free from thee. What wouldst thou now? If thou dar'st tempt me further, draw thy sword.

Sir To. What, what? Nay, then I must have an ounce or two of this malapert blood from you.

Enter OLIVIA.

Oli. Hold, Toby; on thy life I charge thee, hold!

Sir To. Madam!

40

Oli. Will it be ever thus? Ungracious wretch, Fit for the mountains and the barbarous caves, Where manners ne'er were preach'd! out of my sight! Be not offended, dear Cesario. Rudesby, be gone!

[Exeunt Sir Toby, Sir Andrew, and Fabian.]

I prithee, gentle friend,

Let thy fair wisdom, not thy passion, sway

In this uncivil and unjust extent

Against thy peace. Go with me to my house, And hear thou there how many fruitless pranks

This ruffian hath botch'd up, that thou thereby Mayst smile at this: thou shalt not choose but go:

50

Do not deny. Beshrew his soul for me, He started one poor heart of mine in thee.

Seb. What relish is in this? how runs the stream? Or I am mad, or else this is a dream:

Let fancy still my sense in Lethe steep;

If it be thus to dream, still let me sleep!

Oli. Nay, come, I prithee; would thou'ldst be ruled by me!

Seb. Madam, I will.

Oli. O, say so, and so be! [Exeunt.]

SCENE II. OLIVIA'S house.

Enter MARIA and CLOWN.

Mar. Nay, I prithee, put on this gown and this beard; make him believe thou art Sir Topas the curate: do it quickly; I'll call Sir Toby the whilst. [Exit.]

⁴¹ extent = intrusion, aggression.

Clo. Well, I'll put it on, and I will dissemble myself in 't; and I would I were the first that ever dissembled in such a gown. I am not tall enough to become the function well, nor lean enough to be thought a good student; but to be said an honest man and a good housekeeper goes as fairly as to say a careful man and a great scholar. The competitors enter. 9

Enter SIR TOBY and MARIA.

Sir To. Jove bless thee, master Parson.

Clo. *Bonos dies*, Sir Toby: for, as the old hermit of Prague, that never saw pen and ink, very wittily said to a niece of King Gorboduc, "That that is is;" so I, being master Parson, am master Parson; for, what is "that" but "that," and "is" but "is"?

Sir To. To him, Sir Topas.

Clo. What, ho, I say! peace in this prison!

Sir To. The knave counterfeits well; a good knave.

Mal. [*Within.*] Who calls there? 19

Clo. Sir Topas the curate, who comes to visit Malvolio the lunatic.

Mal. Sir Topas, Sir Topas, good Sir Topas, go to my lady.

Clo. Out, hyperbolical fiend! how vexest thou this man! talkest thou nothing but of ladies?

Sir To. Well said, master Parson.

Mal. Sir Topas, never was man thus wronged: good Sir Topas, do not think I am mad: they have laid me here in hideous darkness.

Clo. Fie, thou dishonest Satan! I call thee by the most modest terms; for I am one of those gentle ones that will use the Devil himself with courtesy: say'st thou that house is dark? 31

Mal. As hell, Sir Topas.

Clo. Why, it hath bay windows transparent as barricadoes, and the clearstories toward the south north are as lustrous as ebony; and yet complainest thou of obstruction?

Mal. I am not mad, Sir Topas: I say to you, this house is dark.

Clo. Madman, thou errest: I say, there is no darkness but ignorance; in which thou art more puzzl'd than the Egyptians in their fog. 40

Mal. I say, this house is as dark as ignorance, though ignorance were as dark as hell; and I say, there was never man thus abus'd. I am no more mad than you are: make the trial of it in any constant question.

Clo. What is the opinion of Pythagoras concerning wild fowl?

¹⁰ *Jove bless thee*: Jove for God, as originally written: remarked upon before.

¹¹ *Bonos dies* = good day. *Feste* means to speak Latin.

¹² *Gorboduc* = a British king, real or imaginary.

Mal. That the soul of our grandam might haply inhabit a bird.

Clo. What think'st thou of his opinion?

49

Mal. I think nobly of the soul, and no way approve his opinion.

Clo. Fare thee well. Remain thou still in darkness: thou shalt hold the opinion of Pythagoras ere I will allow of thy wits, and fear to kill a woodcock, lest thou dispossess the soul of thy grandam. Fare thee well.

Mal. Sir Topas, Sir Topas!

Sir To. My most exquisite Sir Topas!

Clo. Nay, I am for all waters.

Mar. Thou might'st have done this without thy beard and gown: he sees thee not.

59

Sir To. To him in thine own voice, and bring me word how thou find'st him: I would we were well rid of this knavery. If he may be conveniently deliver'd, I would he were, for I am now so far in offence with my niece that I cannot pursue with any safety this sport to the upshot. Come by and by to my chamber.

[*Exeunt Sir Toby and Maria.*]

Clo. [*Singing.*] Hay, Robin, jolly Robin,
Tell me how thy lady does.

Mal. Fool!

Clo. "My lady is unkind, perdy."

Mal. Fool!

Clo. "Alas, why is she so?"

70

Mal. Fool, I say!

Clo. "She loves another" — Who calls, ha?

Mal. Good Fool, as ever thou wilt deserve well at my hand, help me to a candle, and pen, ink and paper: as I am a gentleman, I will live to be thankful to thee for 't.

Clo. Master Malvolio?

Mal. Ay, good Fool.

Clo. Alas, sir, how fell you besides your five wits?

Mal. Fool, there was never man so notoriously abus'd: I am as well in my wits, Fool, as thou art.

80

Clo. But as well? then you are mad indeed, if you be no better in your wits than a fool.

Mal. They have here propertied me; keep me in darkness, send ministers to me, asses, and do all they can to face me out of my wits.

Clo. Advise you what you say; the minister is here. Malvolio, Malvolio, thy wits the heavens restore! endeavour thyself to sleep, and leave thy vain bibble babble.

⁵⁷ for all waters = ready for anything.

⁷⁰ a gentleman. In S.'s day the steward of a noble family was likely to be a gentleman by birth and breeding; and as such Malvolio is represented.

⁸⁰ Malvolio, Malvolio. Here the Clown speaks again like the priest, and in his next speech dialogues as priest and Fool.

Mal. Sir Topas!

Clo. Maintain no words with him, good fellow. — Who, I, sir? not I, sir. God be wi' you, good Sir Topas. — Marry, amen. — I will, sir, I will.

Mal. Fool, Fool, Fool, I say!

Clo. Alas, sir, be patient. What say you, sir? I am shent for speaking to you.

Mal. Good Fool, help me to some light and some paper: I tell thee, I am as well in my wits as any man in Illyria.

Clo. Well-a-day that you were, sir!

Mal. By this hand, I am. Good Fool, some ink, paper, and light; and convey what I will set down to my lady: it shall advantage thee more than ever the bearing of letter did. 101

Clo. I will help you to 't. But tell me true, are you not mad indeed? or do you but counterfeit?

Mal. Believe me, I am not; I tell thee true.

Clo. Nay, I'll ne'er believe a madman till I see his brains. I will fetch you light and paper and ink.

Mal. Fool, I'll requite it in the highest degree: I prithee, be gone.

Clo. [*Singing.*] I am gone, sir,
And anon, sir,
I'll be with you again,
In a trice,
Like to the old Vice,
Your need to sustain;

110

Who, with dagger of lath,
In his rage and his wrath,
Cries, ah, ha! to the Devil:
Like a mad lad,
Pare thy nails, dad;
Adieu, good man devil.

119
[*Exit.*]

SCENE III. OLIVIA'S garden.

Enter SEBASTIAN.

Seb. This is the air; that is the glorious sun;
This pearl she gave me; I do feel 't and see 't;
And though 't is wonder that enwraps me thus,
Yet 't is not madness. Where's Antonio, then?
I could not find him at the Elephant;
Yet there he was; and there I found this credit,
That he did range the town to seek me out.
His counsel now might do me golden service:

⁹⁴ *shent* = severely treated.

¹¹³ *the old Vice.* The reference is to the Vice, a stock character in the old Moralities, whose functions are indicated by his name; moreover he used to beat the Devil (always present) with a sword of lath.

For though my soul disputes well with my sense,
 That this may be some error, but no madness,
 Yet doth this accident and flood of fortune
 So far exceed all instance, all discourse,
 That I am ready to distrust mine eyes
 And wrangle with my reason that persuades me
 To any other trust but that I am mad,
 Or else the lady's mad; yet, if 't were so,
 She could not sway her house, command her followers,
 Take and give back affairs and their dispatch
 With such a smooth, discreet and stable bearing
 As I perceive she does: there's something in't
 That is deceiveable. But here the lady comes.

10

20

Enter OLIVIA and Priest.

Oli. Blame not this haste of mine. If you mean well,
 Now go with me and with this holy man
 Into the chantry by: there, before him,
 And underneath that consecrated roof,
 Plight me the full assurance of your faith;
 That my most jealous and too doubtful soul
 May live at peace. He shall conceal it
 While you are willing it shall come to note,
 What time we will our celebration keep
 According to my birth. What do you say?

30

Seb. I'll follow this good man, and go with you;
 And, having sworn truth, ever will be true.

Oliv. Then lead the way, good father; and heavens so shine,
 That they may fairly note this act of mine!

[*Exeunt.*]

ACT V.

SCENE I. *Before OLIVIA's house.*

Enter CLOWN and FABIAN.

Fab. Now, as thou lov'st me, let me see his letter.

Clo. Good Master Fabian, grant me another request.

Fab. Any thing.

Clo. Do not desire to see this letter.

Fab. This is, to give a dog, and in recompense desire my dog again.

Enter DUKE, VIOLA, CURIO, and Lords.

Duke. Belong you to the Lady Olivia, friends?

Clo. Ay, sir; we are some of her trappings.

Duke. I know thee well: how dost thou, my good fellow?

²⁰ *While you are willing* = until you are willing.

Clo. Truly, sir, the better for my foes and the worse for my friends. 11

Duke. Just the contrary; the better for thy friends.

Clo. No, sir, the worse.

Duke. How can that be?

Clo. Marry, sir, they praise me and make an ass of me; now my foes tell me plainly I am an ass: so that by my foes, sir, I profit in the knowledge of myself, and by my friends I am abused: so that, conclusions to be as kisses, if your four negatives make your two affirmatives, why then, the worse for my friends and the better for my foes. 20

Duke. Why, this is excellent.

Clo. By my troth, sir, no; though it please you to be one of my friends.

Duke. Thou shalt not be the worse for me: there's gold.

Clo. But that it would be double-dealing, sir, I would you could make it another.

Duke. O, you give me ill counsel.

Clo. Put your grace in your pocket, sir, for this once, and let your flesh and blood obey it. 29

Duke. Well, I will be so much a sinner, to be a double-dealer: there's another.

Clo. *Primo, secundo, tertio*, is a good play; and the old saying is, the third pays for all: the triplex, sir, is a good tripping measure; or the bells of Saint Bennet, sir, may put you in mind; one, two, three.

Duke. You can fool no more money out of me at this throw: if you will let your lady know I am here to speak with her, and bring her along with you, it may awake my bounty further.

Clo. Marry, sir, lullaby to your bounty till I come again. I go, sir; but I would not have you to think that my desire of having is the sin of covetousness: but, as you say, sir, let your bounty take a nap, I will awake it anon. [Exit.]

Vio. Here comes the man, sir, that did rescue me.

Enter ANTONIO and Officers.

Duke. That face of his I do remember well;
Yet, when I saw it last, it was besmear'd
As black as Vulcan in the smoke of war:
A bawbling vessel was he captain of,
For shallow draught and bulk unprizable;
With which such scathful grapple did he make
With the most noble bottom of our fleet,
That very envy and the tongue of loss
Cried fame and honour on him. What's the matter?

First Off. Orsino, this is that Antonio

²⁴ *Saint Bennet.* This church stood by Paul's wharf in London.

That took the Phoenix and her fraught from Candy;
And this is he that did the Tiger board,
When your young nephew Titus lost his leg:
Here in the streets, desperate of shame and state,
In private brabble did we apprehend him.

Vio. He did me kindness, sir, drew on my side;
But in conclusion put strange speech upon me:
I know not what 't was but distraction.

60

Duke. Notable pirate! thou salt-water thief!
What foolish boldness brought thee to their mercies,
Whom thou, in terms so bloody and so dear,
Hast made thine enemies?

Ant. Orsino, noble sir,
Be pleas'd that I shake off these names you give me:
Antonio never yet was thief or pirate,
Though I confess, on base and ground enough,
Orsino's enemy. A witchcraft drew me hither:
That most ingrateful boy there by your side,
From the rude sea's enrag'd and foamy mouth
Did I redeem; a wrack past hope he was:
His life I gave him and did thereto add
My love, without retention or restraint,
All his in dedication: for his sake
Did I expose myself, pure for his love,
Into the danger of this adverse town;
Drew to defend him when he was beset:
Where being apprehended, his false cunning,
Not meaning to partake with me in danger,
Taught him to face me out of his acquaintance,
And grew a twenty years removed thing
While one would wink; deni'd me mine own purse,
Which I had recommended to his use
Not half an hour before.

70

80

Vio. How can this be?

Duke. When came he to this town?

Ant. To-day, my lord; and for three months before,
No interim, not a minute's vacancy,
Both day and night did we keep company.

89

Enter OLIVIA and Attendants.

Duke. Here comes the countess: now heaven walks on earth.
But for thee, fellow; fellow, thy words are madness:
Three months this youth hath tended upon me;
But more of that anon. Take him aside.

Oli. What would my lord, but that he may not have
Wherein Olivia may seem serviceable?
Cesario, you do not keep promise with me.

Vio. Madam!

Duke. Gracious Olivia, —

Oli. What do you say, Cesario? Good my lord, —

Vio. My lord would speak; my duty hushes me. 100

Oli. If it be aught to the old tune, my lord,

It is as fat and fulsome to mine ear

As howling after music.

Duke. Still so cruel?

Oli. Still so constant, lord.

Duke. What, to perverseness? you uncivil lady,

To whose ingrate and unauspicious altars

My soul the faithfull'st offerings hath breath'd out

That e'er devotion tender'd! What shall I do?

Oli. Even what it please my lord, that shall become him.

Duke. Why should I not, had I the heart to do it, 110

Like to the Egyptian thief at point of death,

Kill what I love? — a savage jealousy

That sometime savours nobly. But hear me this:

Since you to non-regardance cast my faith,

And that I partly know the instrument

That screws me from my true place in your favour,

Live you the marble-breasted tyrant still;

But this your minion, whom I know you love,

And whom, by heaven I swear, I tender dearly,

Him will I tear out of that cruel eye, 120

Where he sits crowned in his master's spite.

Come, boy, with me; my thoughts are ripe in mischief:

I'll sacrifice the lamb that I do love,

To spite a raven's heart within a dove.

Vio. And I, most jocund, apt and willingly,

To do you rest, a thousand deaths would die.

Oli. Where goes Cesario?

Vio. After him I love

More than I love these eyes, more than my life,

More, by all mores, than e'er I shall love wife.

If I do feign, you witnesses above

Punish my life for tainting of my love! 130

Oli. Ay me, detested! how am I beguiled!

Vio. Who does beguile you? who does do you wrong?

Oli. Hast thou forgot thyself? is it so long?

Call forth the holy father.

[Attendant goes out.]

Duke. Come, away!

Oli. Whither, my lord? Cesario, husband, stay.

¹¹¹ *Egyptian thief.* This Egyptian was Thyamis, chief of a band of robbers, who, surrounded by enemies and desperate, killed, as he supposed, his mistress before dying himself.

Duke. Husband !

Oli. Ay, husband : can he that deny ?

Duke. Her husband, sirrah !

Vio. No, my lord, not I.

Oli. Alas, it is the baseness of thy fear

That makes thee strangle thy propriety :

140

Fear not, Cesario ; take thy fortunes up ;

Be that thou know'st thou art, and then thou art

As great as that thou fear'st.

Enter Attendant and Priest.

O, welcome, father !

Father, I charge thee, by thy reverence,

Here to unfold, though lately we intended

To keep in darkness what occasion now

Reveals before 't is ripe, what thou dost know

Hath newly pass'd between this youth and me.

Priest. A contract of eternal bond of love,

150

Confirm'd by mutual joinder of your hands,

Attested by the holy close of lips,

Strengthen'd by interchangement of your rings ;

And all the ceremony of this compact

Seal'd in my function, by my testimony :

Since when, my watch hath told me, toward my grave

I have travell'd but two hours.

Duke. O thou dissembling cub ! what wilt thou be

When time hath sow'd a grizzle on thy case ?

Or will not else thy craft so quickly grow,

That thine own trip shall be thine overthrow ?

160

Farewell, and take her ; but direct thy feet

Where thou and I henceforth may never meet.

Vio. My lord, I do protest —

Oli. O, do not swear !

Hold little faith, though thou hast too much fear.

Enter SIR ANDREW, with his head broken.

Sir And. For the love of God, a surgeon ! Send one presently to Sir Toby.

Oli. What's the matter ?

Sir And. He has broke my head across and has given Sir Toby a bloody coxcomb too : for the love of God, your help ! I had rather than forty pound I were at home.

170

Oli. Who has done this, Sir Andrew ?

Sir And. The count's gentleman, one Cesario : we took him for a coward, but he's the very devil incarnadine.

Duke. My gentleman, Cesario ?

Sir And. 'Od's lifelings, here he is ! You broke my head for nothing ; and that that I did, I was set on to do't by Sir Toby.

Vio. Why do you speak to me? I never hurt you:
You drew your sword upon me without cause;
But I bespake you fair, and hurt you not. 180

Sir And. If a bloody coxcomb be a hurt, you have hurt me:
I think you set nothing by a bloody coxcomb.

Enter SIR TOBY, drunk, led by the CLOWN.

Here comes Sir Toby halting; you shall hear more: but if he had not been in drink, he would have tickled you othergates than he did.

Duke. How now, gentleman! how is 't with you?

Sir To. That's all one: 'has hurt me, and there's the end on 't. Sot, didst see Dick surgeon, sot?

Clo. O, he's drunk, Sir Toby, an hour ago; his eyes were set at eight i' th' morning. 190

Sir To. Then he's a rogue, and a passy measures panyim: I hate a drunken rogue.

Oli. Away with him! Who hath made this havoc with them?

Sir And. I'll help you, Sir Toby, because we'll be dress'd together.

Sir To. Will you help? an ass-head and a coxcomb and a knave, a thin-fac'd knave, a gull!

Oli. Get him to bed, and let his hurt be look'd to.

[Exeunt Clown, Fabian, Sir Toby, and Sir Andrew.]

Enter SEBASTIAN.

Seb. I am sorry, madam, I have hurt your kinsman; 200
But, had it been the brother of my blood,
I must have done no less with wit and safety.
You throw a strange regard upon me, and by that
I do perceive it hath offended you:
Pardon me, sweet one, even for the vows
We made each other but so late ago.

Duke. One face, one voice, one habit, and two persons,
A natural perspective, that is and is not!

Seb. Antonio, O my dear Antonio!
How have the hours rack'd and tortur'd me, 210
Since I have lost thee!

Ant. Sebastian? are you?

Seb. Fear'st thou that, Antonio?

Ant. How have you made division of yourself?
An apple, cleft in two, is not more twin
Than these two creatures. Which is Sebastian?

¹⁸⁷ 'has = he has.

¹⁹¹ *passy measures panyim.* Much dispute about this passage, and many emendations of what seems after all a mere drunken effort to say, with drunken bombast, a passing measure (that is, egregious) panyim.

²⁰⁶ *perspective.* This term was applied to all kinds of optical instruments, some of which effected illusions.

²¹⁰ *hours:* in quantity equal to two syllables.

Oli. Most wonderful !

Seb. Do I stand there ? I never had a brother ;
Nor can there be that deity in my nature,
Of here and every where. I had a sister,
Whom the blind waves and surges have devour'd. 220
Of charity, what kin are you to me ?

What countryman ? what name ? what parentage ?

Vio. Of Messaline : Sebastian was my father ;
Such a Sebastian was my brother too,
So went he suited to his watery tomb :
If spirits can assume both form and suit
You come to fright us.

Seb. A spirit I am indeed ;
But am in that dimension grossly clad
Which from the womb I did participate.
Were you a woman, as the rest goes even, 230
I should my tears let fall upon your cheek,
And say "Thrice welcome, drowned Viola !"

Vio. My father had a mole upon his brow.

Seb. And so had mine.

Vio. And died that day when Viola from her birth
Had number'd thirteen years.

Seb. O, that record is lively in my soul !
He finished indeed his mortal act
That day that made my sister thirteen years.

Vio. If nothing lets to make us happy both 240
But this my masculine usurp'd attire,
Do not embrace me till each circumstance
Of place, time, fortune, do cohere and jump
That I am Viola : which to confirm,
I'll bring you to a captain in this town,
Where lie my maiden weeds ; by whose gentle help
I was preserv'd to serve this noble count.
All the occurrence of my fortune since
Hath been between this lady and this lord.

Seb. [*To Olivia.*] So comes it, lady, you have been mis-
took :

But nature to her bias drew in that. 251
You would have been contracted to a maid ;
Nor are you therein, by my life, deceiv'd,
You are betroth'd both to a maid and man.

Duke. Be not amaz'd ; right noble is his blood.
If this be so, as yet the glass seems true,

237 *record* : accented on the second syllable.

240 *lets* = hinders.

250 *mistook* : singularly used for *mistaken*.

I shall have share in this most happy wrack.

[*To Viola.*] Boy, thou hast said to me a thousand times
Thou never shouldst love woman like to me.

Vio. And all those sayings will I over-swear; 260
And all those swearings keep as true in soul
As doth that orb'd continent the fire
That severs day from night.

Duke. Give me thy hand;
And let me see thee in thy woman's weeds.

Vio. The captain that did bring me first on shore
Hath my maid's garments: he upon some action
Is now in durance, at Malvolio's suit,
A gentleman, and follower of my lady's.

Oli. He shall enlarge him: fetch Malvolio hither: 270
And yet, alas, now I remember me,
They say, poor gentleman, he's much distract.

Re-enter CLOWN, with a letter, and FABIAN.

A most extracting frenzy of mine own
From my remembrance clearly banish'd his.
How does he, sirrah?

Clo. Truly, madam, he holds Beelzebub at the stave's end
as well as a man in his case may do: 'has here writ a letter to
you; I should have given 't you to-day morning, but as a mad-
man's epistles are no gospels, so it skills not much when they
are deliver'd.

Oli. Open 't, and read it. 280

Clo. Look then to be well edified when the Fool delivers the
madman. [*Reads.*] "By the Lord, madam," —

Oli. How now! art thou mad?

Clo. No, madam, I do but read madness: an your ladyship
will have it as it ought to be, you must allow *Vox*.

Oli. Prithee, read i' thy right wits.

Clo. So I do, madonna; but to read his right wits is to read
thus: therefore perpend, my princess, and give ear.

Oli. Read it you, sirrah. [*To Fabian.*]

Fab. [*Reads.*] By the Lord, madam, you wrong me, and the world shall
know it: though you have put me into darkness and given your drunken
cousin rule over me, yet have I the benefit of my senses as well as your
ladyship. I have your own letter that induced me to the semblance I put
on; with the which I doubt not but to do myself much right, or you much
shame. Think of me as you please. I leave my duty a little unthought
of and speak out of my injury. THE MADLY-USED MALVOLIO.

Oli. Did he write this?

Clo. Ay, madam.

Duke. This savours not much of distraction.

270 'has = he has; as before, and again hereafter.

285 allow *Vox* = allow me to speak. *vox* = voice.

Oli. See him deliver'd, Fabian ; bring him hither. 300

[*Exit Fabian.*]

My lord, so please you, these things further thought on,
To think me as well a sister as a wife,
One day shall crown th' alliance on 't, so please you,
Here at my house and at my proper cost.

Duke. Madam, I am most apt to embrace your offer.
[*To Viola.*] Your master quits you ; and for your service done
him,

So much against the mettle of your sex,
So far beneath your soft and tender breeding,
And since you call'd me master for so long,
Here is my hand : you shall from this time be 310
Your master's mistress.

Oli. A sister ! you are she.

Re-enter FABIAN, with MALVOLIO.

Duke. Is this the madman ?

Oli. Ay, my lord, this same.

How now, Malvolio !

Mal. Madam, you have done me wrong,
Notorious wrong.

Oli. Have I, Malvolio ? no.

Mal. Lady, you have. Pray you, peruse that letter.

You must not now deny it is your hand :
Write from it, if you can, in hand or phrase ;
Or say 't is not your seal, not your invention :
You can say none of this : well, grant it then 320
And tell me, in the modesty of honour,
Why you have given me such clear lights of favour,
Bade me come smiling and cross-garter'd to you,
To put on yellow stockings and to frown
Upon Sir Toby and the lighter people ;
And, acting this in an obedient hope,
Why have you suffer'd me to be imprison'd,
Kept in a dark house, visited by the priest,
And made the most notorious geck and gull
That e'er invention play'd on ? tell me why.

Oli. Alas, Malvolio, this is not my writing, 330
Though, I confess, much like the character :
But out of question 't is Maria's hand.

And now I do bethink me, it was she
First told me thou wast mad ; thou cam'st in smiling,
And in such forms which here were presuppos'd
Upon thee in the letter. Prithee, be content :
This practice hath most shrewdly pass'd upon thee ;
But when we know the grounds and authors of it,

Thou shalt be both the plaintiff and the judge
Of thine own cause.

Fab.

Good madam, hear me speak,

340

And let no quarrel nor no brawl to come
Taint the condition of this present hour,
Which I have wonder'd at. In hope it shall not,
Most freely I confess, myself and Toby
Set this device against Malvolio here,
Upon some stubborn and uncourteous parts
We had conceived in him: Maria writ
The letter at Sir Toby's great importance:
In recompense whereof he hath married her.
How with a sportful malice it was follow'd,
May rather pluck on laughter than revenge;
If that the injuries be justly weigh'd
That have on both sides pass'd.

350

Oli. Alas, poor fool, how have they baffled thee!

Clo. Why, "some are born great, some achieve greatness,
and some have greatness thrown upon them." I was one, sir,
in this interlude; one Sir Topas, sir; but that's all one. "By
the Lord, fool, I am not mad." But do you remember?
"Madam, why laugh you at such a barren rascal? an you smile
not, he's gagg'd:" and thus the whirligig of time brings in his
revenges.

361

Mal. I'll be reveng'd on the whole pack of you.

[Exit.

Oli. He hath been most notoriously abus'd.

Duke. Pursue him, and entreat him to a peace:
He hath not told us of the captain yet:
When that is known and golden time convents,
A solemn combination shall be made
Of our dear souls. Meantime, sweet sister,
We will not part from hence. Cesario, come;
For so you shall be, while you are a man;
But when in other habits you are seen,
Orsino's mistress and his fancy's queen.

370

[Exeunt all, except Clown.

Clo. [*Sings.*] When that I was and a little tiny boy,
With hey, ho, the wind and the rain,
A foolish thing was but a toy,
For the rain it raineth every day.

But when I came to man's estate,
With hey, ho, etc.
'Gainst knaves and thieves men shut their gate,
For the rain, etc.

380

³⁴⁸ *importance* = importunity; as heretofore.

Clown sings. This clown was a singing clown; a functioner on S.'s stage whose position was as clearly defined as that of the singing chambermaid is on our own. This song was one of those with which he was in the habit of amusing the groundlings. It is none of Shakespeare's.

But when I came, alas ! to wive,
With hey, ho, etc.
By swaggering could I never thrive,
For the rain, etc.

But when I came unto my beds,
With hey, ho, etc.
With toss-pots still had drunken heads,
For the rain, etc.

A great while ago the world begun,
With hey, ho, etc.
But that's all one, our play is done,
And we'll strive to please you every day.

390

[Exit.]

THE WINTER'S TALE.

INTRODUCTION.

THIS drama, which is hardly either comedy or tragedy, is an adaptation to the stage of a story published by Robert Greene in 1588, at first as *Pandosto*, afterwards as the *History of Dorastus and Faunia*. The novel is followed very closely, not only as to plot and personages, but as to thought, tone, and sometimes even language. In brief, no playwright, seizing upon a popular novel to supply the needs of his stage, was ever more willing than the writer of *The Winter's Tale* seems to have been to show his indebtedness to the author whose story he was working over, and whose book, indeed, he seems to have had before his eyes as he was writing. The play, in fact, is the merest adaptation (except a change in the *dénoûment*) ; but the adaptation is in the manner of William Shakespeare. Among all the plays which bear his name, not one is more strongly and unmistakably marked with the traits of his genius than this one ; only his great tragedies surpass it in weight of thought and depth of human interest ; only one or two of the comedies in charm. But most of all his plays it shows his characteristic daring in the use of language, and his willingness to flash upon us mere splendid, dazzling, sometimes blinding, hints of what was passing in his mind. Hence the play reveals its riches only to such readers as, led by Shakespeare, can think with him. To others it would be needless to undertake its interpretation. It was written in 1611, as we know very exactly by trustworthy contemporary record in regard to it, which has strong support from the internal evidence of its language, style, and versification. It was first printed in the folio of 1623, where its text appears in noteworthy purity, notwithstanding a few very doubtful passages. As to its period of action, costume, and so forth, it defies not only unity of time and place, but geography, chronology, mythology, and all other possible *ty's* and *graphy's* and *logy's*, to a degree whereof no other example is known to the annals of literature, except, perhaps, *Cymbeline*.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

LEONTES, *king of Sicilia.*
 MAMILLIUS, *young prince of Sicilia.*
 CAMILLO, }
 ANTIGONUS, } *Lords of Sicilia.*
 CLEOMENES, }
 DION, }
 POLIXENES, *king of Bohemia.*
 FLORIZEL, *prince of Bohemia.*
 ARCHIDAMUS, *a Lord of Bohemia.*
 Old Shepherd, *reputed father of Per-*
dita.
 Clown, *his son.*
 AUTOLYCHUS, *a rogue.*
 A Mariner.
 A Gaoler.

HERMIONE, *queen to Leontes.*
 PERDITA, *daughter to Leontes and*
Hermione.
 PAULINA, *wife to Antigonus.*
 EMILIA, *a lady attending on Hermi-*
one.
 MOPSA, }
 DORCAS, } *Shepherdesses.*

Other Lords and Gentlemen, Ladies,
Officers, and Servants, Shepherds,
and Shepherdesses.

TIME, *as Chorus.*

SCENE : *Sicilia, and Bohemia.*

THE WINTER'S TALE.

ACT I.

SCENE I. *Sicilia. Antechamber in LEONTES' palace.*

Enter CAMILLO and ARCHIDAMUS.

Arch. If you shall chance, Camillo, to visit Bohemia, on the like occasion whereon my services are now on foot, you shall see, as I have said, great difference betwixt our Bohemia and your Sicilia.

Cam. I think, this coming summer, the King of Sicilia means to pay Bohemia the visitation which he justly owes him.

Arch. Wherein our entertainment shall shame us we will be justified in our loves ; for indeed —

Cam. Beseech you, —

Arch. Verily, I speak it in the freedom of my knowledge : we cannot with such magnificence — in so rare — I know not what to say. We will give you sleepy drinks, that your senses, unintelligent of our insufficiency, may, though they cannot praise us, as little accuse us.

Cam. You pay a great deal too dear for what's given freely.

Arch. Believe me, I speak as my understanding instructs me and as mine honesty puts it to utterance.

Cam. Sicilia cannot show himself over-kind to Bohemia. They were train'd together in their childhoods ; and there rooted betwixt them then such an affection, which cannot choose but branch now. Since their more mature dignities and royal necessities made separation of their society, their encounters, though not personal, have been royally attorneyed with interchange of gifts, letters, loving embassies ; that they have seem'd to be together, though absent, shook hands, as over a vast, and embrac'd, as it were, from the ends of opposed winds. The heavens continue their loves !

Arch. I think there is not in the world either malice or matter to alter it. You have an unspeakable comfort of your young prince Mamillius : it is a gentleman of the greatest promise that ever came into my note.

31

¹ *on — whereon — on foot* : a marked indication of the heedlessness in regard to nicety of style with which S. wrote his plays.

Cam. I very well agree with you in the hopes of him : it is a gallant child ; one that indeed physics the subject, makes old hearts fresh : they that went on crutches ere he was born desire yet their life to see him a man.

Arch. Would they else be content to die ?

Cam. Yes ; if there were no other excuse why they should desire to live.

Arch. If the King had no son, they would desire to live on crutches till he had one. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *A room of state in the same.*

Enter LEONTES, HERMIONE, MAMILLIUS, POLIXENES, CAMILLO, and Attendants.

Pol. Nine changes of the wat'ry star hath been
The shepherd's note since we have left our throne
Without a burthen : time as long again
Would be fill'd up, my brother, with our thanks ;
And yet we should, for perpetuity,
Go hence in debt : and therefore, like a cipher,
Yet standing in rich place, I multiply
With one We-thank-you many thousands moe
That go before it.

Leon. Stay your thanks a while ;
And pay them when you part.

Pol. Sir, that's to-morrow. 10
I am question'd by my fears, of what may chance
Or breed upon our absence ; — that may blow
No sneaping winds at home, to make us say,
This is put forth too truly ! — besides, I have stay'd
To tire your royalty.

Leon. We are tougher, brother,
Than you can put us to 't.

Pol. No longer stay.

Leon. One se'n-night longer.

Pol. Very sooth, to-morrow.

Leon. We'll part the time between's then ; and in that
I'll no gainsaying.

Pol. Press me not, beseech you, so.
There is no tongue that moves, none, none i' th' world,
So soon as yours could win me : so it should now,
Were there necessity in your request, although
'T were needful I deni'd it. My affairs
Do even drag me homeward : which to hinder 20

¹ *wat'ry star* = moon.

⁸ *moe.* An old form of more.

¹² *sneaping* = nipping, sharp.

Were in your love a whip to me ; my stay
To you a charge and trouble : to save both,
Farewell, our brother.

Leon. Tongue-ti'd our queen ? speak you.

Her. I had thought, sir, to have held my peace until
You had drawn oaths from him not to stay. You, sir,
Charge him too coldly. Tell him, you are sure 30
All in Bohemia's well ; this satisfaction
The by-gone day proclaim'd : say this to him,
He's beat from his best ward.

Leon. Well said, Hermione.

Her. To tell, he longs to see his son, were strong :
But let him say so then, and let him go ;
But let him swear so, and he shall not stay,
We'll thwack him hence with distaffs.
Yet of your royal presence I'll adventure
The borrow of a week. When at Bohemia
You take my lord, I'll give him my commission 40
To let him there a month behind the gest
Prefix'd for's parting : yet, good deed, Leontes,
I love thee not a jar o' th' clock behind
What lady she her lord. You'll stay ?

Pol. No, madam.

Her. Nay, but you will ?

Pol. I may not, verily.

Her. Verily !

You put me off with limber vows ; but I,
Though you would seek t' unsphere the stars with oaths,
Should yet say, Sir, no going. Verily,
You shall not go : a lady's Verily's 50
As potent as a lord's. Will you go yet ?
Force me to keep you as a prisoner,
Not like a guest ; so you shall pay your fees
When you depart, and save your thanks. How say you ?
My prisoner ? or my guest ? by your dread " Verily,"
One of them you shall be.

Pol. Your guest, then, madam :

To be your prisoner should import offending ;
Which is for me less easy to commit
Than you to punish.

Her.

Not your gaoler, then,
But your kind hostess. Come, I'll question you 60
Of my lord's tricks and yours when you were boys :
You were pretty lordings then ?

⁴¹ let him = stay him. *gest* = an appointed stage in a royal progress ; here a period of time.

⁴⁴ What lady she, etc. = Whatever lady she may be who loves her lord.

Pol. We were, fair queen,
Two lads that thought there was no more behind
But such a day to-morrow as to-day,
And to be boy eternal.

Her. Was not my lord
The verier wag o' th' two?

Pol. We were as twinn'd lambs that did frisk i' th' sun,
And bleat the one at th' other: what we chang'd
Was innocence for innocence; we knew not
The doctrine of ill-doing, nor dream'd
That any did. Had we pursued that life,
And our weak spirits ne'er been higher rear'd
With stronger blood, we should have answer'd Heaven
Boldly, not guilty; the imposition clear'd
Hereditary ours.

70

Her. By this we gather
You have tripp'd since.

Pol. O my most sacred lady!
Temptations have since then been born to 's; for
In those unfledg'd days was my wife a girl;
Your precious self had then not cross'd the eyes
Of my young play-fellow.

Her. Grace to boot!
Of this make no conclusion, lest you say
Your queen and I are devils. Yet go on;
The offences we have made you do we'll answer,
If you first sinn'd with us, and that with us
You did continue fault, and that you slipp'd not
With any but with us.

80

Leon. Is he won yet?

Her. He'll stay, my lord.

Leon. At my request he would not.
Hermione, my dearest, thou never spok'st
To better purpose.

Her. Never?

Leon. Never, but once.

89

Her. What! have I twice said well? when was 't before?
I prithee tell me; cram 's with praise, and make 's
As fat as tame things: one good deed dying tongueless
Slaughters a thousand waiting upon that.
Our praises are our wages: you may ride 's
With one soft kiss a thousand furlongs ere
With spur we heat an acre. But to the goal:
My last good deed was to entreat his stay:

⁷⁴ *the imposition clear'd*, etc. = except that imposed upon us by our hereditary human nature: a Shakespearean expression of the dogma of original sin.

What was my first? it has an elder sister,
 Or I mistake you: O, would her name were Grace!
 But once before I spoke to the purpose: when?
 Nay, let me have 't; I long.

100

Leon. Why, that was when
 Three crabbed months had sour'd themselves to death,
 Ere I could make thee open thy white hand
 And clap thyself my love: then didst thou utter
 "I am yours for ever."

Her. 'Tis grace indeed.
 Why, lo you now, I have spoke to the purpose twice:
 The one for ever earn'd a royal husband;
 The other for some while a friend. [Gives her hand to Polixenes.]

Leon. [*Aside.*] Too hot, too hot!
 To mingle friendship far is mingling bloods.
 I have *tremor cordis* on me; my heart dances;
 But not for joy; not joy. This entertainment
 May a free face put on, derive a liberty
 From heartiness, from bounty, fertile bosom,
 And well become the agent; 't may, I grant;
 But to be paddling palms and pinching fingers,
 As now they are, and making practis'd smiles,
 As in a looking-glass; and then to sigh, as 't were
 The mort o' th' deer; O, that is entertainment
 My bosom likes not, nor my brows! Mamillius,
 Art thou my boy?

110

Mam. Ay, my good lord.

Leon. I' fecks!
 Why, that's my bawcock. What, hast smutch'd thy nose?
 They say it is a copy out of mine. Come, captain,
 We must be neat; not neat, but cleanly, captain:
 And yet the steer, the heifer and the calf
 Are all call'd neat. — Still virginalling
 Upon his palm! — How now, you wanton calf!
 Art thou my calf?

120

Mam. Yes, if you will, my lord.

Leon. Thou want'st a rough pash and the shoots that I have,
 To be full like me: yet they say we are
 Almost as like as eggs; women say so,
 That will say any thing: but were they false
 As o'er-dyed blacks, as wind, as waters, false
 As dice are to be wish'd by one that fixes

130

¹¹⁰ *tremor cordis* = trembling of the heart. (Lat.)

¹¹⁸ *mort* = death. (Fr.)

¹²¹ *bawcock* = brave boy.

¹²⁵ *virginalling* = playing as upon the keys of the virginals, a kind of harpsichord.

¹²⁸ *pash*: of uncertain meaning; possibly, head, front.

No bourn 'twixt his and mine, yet were it true
 To say this boy were like me. Come, sir page,
 Look on me with your welkin eye: sweet villain!
 Most dear'st! my collop! Can thy dam? — may 't be? —
 Affection! thy invention stabs the centre:
 Thou dost make possible things not so held,
 Communicat'st with dreams; — how can this be? — 140
 With what's unreal thou coactive art,
 And fellow'st nothing: then 't is very credent
 Thou mayst co-join with something; and thou dost,
 And that beyond commission, and I find it,
 And that to the infection of my brains
 And hardening of my brows.

Pol. What means Sicilia?

Her. He something seems unsettled.

Pol. How, my lord!

→ What cheer? how is 't with you, best brother?

Her. You look

As if you held a brow of much distraction:
 Are you mov'd, my lord?

Leon. No, in good earnest. 150

How sometimes nature will betray it's folly,
 It's tenderness, and make it self a pastime
 To harder bosoms! Looking on the lines
 Of my boy's face, my thoughts I did recoil
 Twenty-three years, and saw myself unbreech'd
 In my green velvet coat, my dagger muzzled,
 Lest it should bite it's master, and so prove,
 As ornaments oft do, too dangerous:
 How like, methought, I then was to this kernel,
 This squash, this gentleman. Mine honest friend, 160
 Will you take eggs for money?

Mam. No, my lord, I 'll fight.

Leon. You will! why, happy man be 's dole! My brother,
 Are you so fond of your young prince as we
 Do seem to be of ours?

Pol. If at home, sir,
 He's all my exercise, my mirth, my matter,
 Now my sworn friend and then mine enemy,

¹³⁴ *bourn* = bound, limit.

¹³⁶ *welkin eye* = heavenly blue eye.

¹⁵¹ *it's*. This form (with the apostrophe) of the "neuter possessive pronoun," is a landmark of language, and one evidence of the late period of S.'s career at which this play was written. See the note, Act II. Sc. 3, line 178. *Itself* was also then slowly passing from two words into a compound. See also my ed. of 1857.

¹⁶⁰ *squash* = a tender, immature peascod.

¹⁶¹ *Will you take eggs, etc.*: proverbial for, Will you be duped?

¹⁶³ *happy man be 's dole* = happiness be doled to you: good luck to you.

My parasite, my soldier, statesman, all :
 He makes a July's day short as December,
 And with his varying childness cures in me
 Thoughts that would thicken my blood.

170

Leon. So stands this squire
 Offic'd with me : we two will walk, my lord,
 And leave you to your graver steps. *Hermione,*
 How thou lov'st us, show in our brother's welcome ;
 Let what is dear in Sicily be cheap :
 Next to thyself and my young rover, he's
 Apparent to my heart.

Her. If you would seek us,
 We are yours i' th' garden : shall's attend you there ?

Leon. To your own bents dispose you : you'll be found,
 Be you beneath the sky. [*Aside.*] I am angling now,
 Though you perceive me not how I give line.
 Go to, go to !

180

How she holds up the neb, the bill to him !
 And arms her with the boldness of a wife
 To her allowing husband ! [*Exeunt Polixenes, Hermione, and Attendants.*
 Gone already !

Inch-thick, knee-deep, o'er head and ears a fork'd one !
 Go, play, boy, play : thy mother plays, and I
 Play too, but so disgrac'd a part, whose issue
 Will hiss me to my grave : contempt and clamour
 Will be my knell. Go, play, boy, play. There have been, 190
 Or I am much deceived, cuckolds ere now ;
 And many a man there is, even at this present,
 Now while I speak this, holds his wife by th' arm,
 That little thinks she has been sluic'd in's absence
 And his pond fish'd by his next neighbour, by
 Sir Smile, his neighbour : nay, there's comfort in't
 Whiles other men have gates, and those gates open'd,
 As mine, against their will. Should all despair
 That have revolted wives, the tenth of mankind
 Would hang themselves. Physic for't there is none ; 200
 It is a bawdy planet, that will strike
 Where 't is predominant ; and 't is powerful, think it,
 From east, west, north and south : be it concluded,
 No barricado for a belly ; know't ;
 It will let in and out the enemy
 With bag and baggage : many thousand on's
 Have the disease, and feel't not. How now, boy !

¹⁷⁸ *shall's* = shall us = shall we. It occurs elsewhere. This play is full of such reckless writing. Much of it must be left to the reader's own disentanglement.

¹⁸⁰ *a fork'd one* : having horns ; a cuckold.

Mam. I am like you, they say.

Leon.

Why, that 's some comfort.

What, Camillo there?

Cam. Ay, my good lord.

210

Leon. Go play, Mamillius; thou 'rt an honest man.

[*Exeunt Mamillius.*]

Camillo, this great sir will yet stay longer.

Cam. You had much ado to make his anchor hold :
When you cast out, it still came home.

Leon.

Didst note it?

Cam. He would not stay at your petitions; made
His business more material.

Leon.

Didst perceive it?

[*Aside.*] They 're here with me already, whispering, rounding
Sicilia is a-so-forth: 't is far gone,
When I shall gust it last. How came 't, Camillo,
That he did stay?

Cam.

At the good Queen's entreaty.

220

Leon. At the Queen's be 't: "good" should be pertinent;

But, so it is, it is not. Was this taken

By any understanding pate but thine?

For thy conceit is soaking, — will draw in

More than the common blocks: not noted, is 't,

But of the finer natures? by some severals

Of head-piece extraordinary? lower messes

Perchance are to this business purblind? say.

Cam. Business, my lord! I think most understand
Bohemia stays here longer.

Leon.

Ha!

Cam.

Stays here longer.

230

Leon. Ay, but why?

Cam. To satisfy your Highness and the entreaties
Of our most gracious mistress.

Leon.

Satisfy!

The entreaties of your mistress! satisfy!

Let that suffice. I have trusted thee, Camillo,

With all the nearest things to my heart, as well

My chamber-councils, wherein, priest-like, thou

Hast cleans'd my bosom, I from thee departed

Thy penitent reform'd: but we have been

Deceiv'd in thy integrity, deceiv'd

240

In that which seems so.

Cam.

Be it forbid, my lord!

217 *rounding* = whispering in the ear.

219 *gust* = taste, know.

227 *lower messes* = lower parties; a mess was four at table.

Leon. To hide upon 't, thou art not honest, or,
 If thou inclin'st that way, thou art a coward,
 Which hoxes honesty behind, restraining
 From course requir'd; or else thou must be counted
 A servant grafted in my serious trust
 And therein negligent; or else a fool
 That seest a game play'd home, the rich stake drawn,
 And tak'st it all for jest.

Cam. My gracious lord,
 I may be negligent, foolish and fearful;
 In every one of these no man is free, 250
 But that his negligence, his folly, fear,
 Among the infinite doings of the world,
 Sometime puts forth. In your affairs, my lord,
 If ever I were wilful-negligent,
 It was my folly; if industriously
 I play'd the fool, it was my negligence,
 Not weighing well the end; if ever fearful
 To do a thing, where I the issue doubted,
 Whereof the execution did cry out 260
 Against the non-performance, 't was a fear
 Which oft infects the wisest: these, my lord,
 Are such allow'd infirmities that honesty
 Is never free of. But, beseech your grace,
 Be plainer with me; let me know my trespass
 By its own visage: if I then deny it,
 'T is none of mine.

Leon. Ha' not you seen, Camillo, —
 But that's past doubt, you have, or your eye-glass
 Is thicker than a cuckold's horn, — or heard, —
 For to a vision so apparent rumour 270
 Cannot be mute, — or thought, — for cogitation
 Resides not in that man that does not think, —
 My wife is slippery? If thou wilt confess,
 Or else be impudently negative,
 To have nor eyes nor ears nor thought, then say
 My wife's a hobby-horse, — deserves a name
 As rank as any flax-wench that puts to
 Before her troth-plight: say 't and justify 't.

Cam. I would not be a stander-by to hear
 My sovereign mistress clouded so, without 280
 My present vengeance taken: 'shrew my heart,
 You never spoke what did become you less
 Than this; which to reiterate were sin
 As deep as that, though true.

²⁴⁴ hoxes = cuts the ham-strings.

Leon. Is whispering nothing?
 Is leaning cheek to cheek? is meeting noses?
 Kissing with inside lip? stopping the career
 Of laughing with a sigh? — a note infallible
 Of breaking honesty — horsing foot on foot?
 Skulking in corners? wishing clocks more swift?
 Hours, minutes? noon, midnight? and all eyes
 Blind with the pin-and-web but theirs, theirs only,
 That would unseen be wicked? is this nothing?
 Why, then the world and all that's in 't is nothing;
 The covering sky is nothing; Bohemia nothing;
 My wife is nothing; nor nothing have these nothings,
 If this be nothing.

290

Cam. Good my lord, be cur'd
 Of this diseas'd opinion, and betimes;
 For 't is most dangerous.

Leon. Say it be, 't is true.

Cam. No, no, my lord.

Leon. It is; you lie, you lie:
 I say thou liest, Camillo, and I hate thee,
 Pronounce thee a gross lout, a mindless slave,
 Or else a hovering temporizer, that
 Canst with thine eyes at once see good and evil,
 Inclining to them both: were my wife's liver
 Infected as her life, she would not live
 The running of one glass.

300

Cam. Who does infect her?

Leon. Why, he that wears her like her medal, hanging
 About his neck, Bohemia: who, if I
 Had servants true about me, that bear eyes
 To see alike mine honour as their profits,
 Their own particular thrifts, they would do that
 Which should undo more doing: ay, and thou,
 His cup-bearer, — whom I from meaner form
 Have bench'd and rear'd to worship, who mayst see
 Plainly as heaven sees earth and earth sees heaven,
 How I am gall'd, — mightst bespice a cup,
 To give mine enemy a lasting wink;
 Which draught to me were cordial.

310

Cam. Sir, my lord,
 I could do this, and that with no rash potion,
 But with a lingering dram that should not work
 Maliciously like poison: but I cannot
 Believe this crack to be in my dread mistress,

320

²⁹¹ the pin-and-web = cataract.

³⁰⁷ like her medal = like a medal of her.

So sovereignly being honourable.

I have lov'd thee, —

Leon.

Make that thy question, and go rot!

Dost think I am so muddy, so unsettled,

To appoint myself in this vexation, sully

The purity and whiteness of my sheets,

Which to preserve is sleep, which being spotted

Is goads, thorns, nettles, tails of wasps,

Give scandal to the blood o' th' prince my son,

Who I do think is mine and love as mine,

Without ripe moving to 't? Would I do this?

Could man so blench?

330

Cam.

I must believe you, sir :

I do ; and will fetch off Bohemia for 't ;

Provided that, when he 's removed, your Highness

Will take again your queen as yours at first,

Even for your son's sake ; and thereby for-sealing

The injury of tongues in courts and kingdoms

Known and allied to yours.

Leon.

Thou dost advise me.

Even so as I mine own course have set down :

I'll give no blemish to her honour, none.

340

Cam. My lord,

Go then ; and with a countenance as clear

As friendship wears at feasts, keep with Bohemia

And with your queen. I am his cupbearer :

If from me he have wholesome beverage,

Account me not your servant.

Leon.

This is all :

Do 't and thou hast the one half of my heart ;

Do 't not, thou split'st thine own.

Cam.

I'll do 't, my lord.

Leon. I will seem friendly, as thou hast advis'd me.

[*Exit.*

Cam. O miserable lady ! But, for me,

351

What case stand I in ? I must be the poisoner

Of good Polixenes ; and my ground to do 't

Is the obedience to a master, one

Who in rebellion with himself will have

All that are his so too. To do this deed,

Promotion follows. If I could find example

Of thousands that had struck anointed kings

And flourish'd after, I 'ld not do 't ; but since

Nor brass nor stone nor parchment bears not one,

360

Let villany itself forswear 't. I must

Forsake the court : to do 't, or no, is certain

To me a break-neck. Happy star reign now!
Here comes Bohemia.

Re-enter POLIXENES.

Pol. This is strange : methinks
My favour here begins to warp. Not speak?
Good day, Camillo.

Cam. Hail, most royal sir!

Pol. What is the news i' th' court?

Cam. None rare, my lord.

Pol. The King hath on him such a countenance
As he had lost some province and a region
Lov'd as he loves himself : even now I met him 370
With customary compliment ; when he,
Wafting his eyes to the contrary and falling
A lip of much contempt, speeds from me and
So leaves me to consider what is breeding
That changeth thus his manners.

Cam. I dare not know, my lord.

Pol. How ! dare not ! do not. Do you know, and dare not ?
Be intelligent to me : 't is thereabouts ;
For, to yourself, what you do know, you must,
And cannot say, you dare not. Good Camillo, 380
Your chang'd complexions are to me a mirror
Which shows me mine chang'd too ; for I must be
A party in this alteration, finding
Myself thus alter'd with 't.

Cam. There is a sickness
Which puts some of us in distemper, but
I cannot name the disease ; and it is caught
Of you that yet are well.

Pol. How ! caught of me !
Make me not sighted like the basilisk :
I have look'd on thousands, who have sped the better
By my regard, but kill'd none so. Camillo, — 390
As you are certainly a gentleman, thereto
Clerk-like experienc'd, which no less adorns
Our gentry than our parents' noble names,
In whose success we are gentle, — I beseech you,
If you know aught which does behove my knowledge
Thereof to be inform'd, imprison 't not
In ignorant concealment.

Cam. I may not answer.

Pol. A sickness caught of me, and yet I well !
I must be answer'd. Dost thou hear, Camillo,

³⁸⁸ *basilisk* : an imaginary monster of the serpent kind, whose look was fabled to be deadly.

³⁹⁴ *In whose success we are gentle* = by inheritance from whom we are gentlemen.

I conjure thee, by all the parts of man
Which honour does acknowledge, whereof the least
Is not this suit of mine, that thou declare
What incidency thou dost guess of harm
Is creeping toward me ; how far off, how near ;
Which way to be prevented, if to be ;
If not, how best to bear it.

400

Cam. Sir, I will tell you ;
Since I am charg'd in honour and by him
That I think honourable : therefore mark my counsel,
Which must be even as swiftly follow'd as
I mean to utter it, or both yourself and me
Cry lost, and so good night !

410

Pol. On, good Camillo.

Cam. I am appointed him to murder you.

Pol. By whom, Camillo ?

Cam. By the King.

Pol. For what ?

Cam. He thinks, nay, with all confidence he swears,
As he had seen 't or been an instrument
To vice you to 't, that you have touch'd his queen
Forbiddenly.

Pol. O, then my best blood turn
To an infected jelly, and my name
Be yok'd with his that did betray the Best !
Turn then my freshest reputation to
A savour that may strike the dullest nostril
Where I arrive, and my approach be shunn'd,
Nay, hated too, worse than the great'st infection
That e'er was heard or read !

420

Cam. Swear his thought over
By each particular star in heaven and
By all their influences, you may as well
Forbid the sea for to obey the moon
As or by oath remove or counsel shake
The fabric of his folly, whose foundation
Is pil'd upon his faith and will continue
The standing of his body.

430

Pol. How should this grow ?

Cam. I know not : but I am sure 'tis safer to
Avoid what's grown than question how 'tis born.
If therefore you dare trust my honesty,
That lies enclosed in this trunk which you
Shall bear along impawn'd, away to-night !

408 *incidency* = thing likely to befall.

410 *to vice you* = to force you ; or, perhaps, we should read, to 'tice you.

Your followers I will whisper to the business,
 And will by twos and threes at several posterns
 Clear them o' th' city. For myself, I'll put
 My fortunes to your service, which are here 440
 By this discovery lost. Be not uncertain ;
 For, by the honour of my parents, I
 Have utter'd truth : which if you seek to prove,
 I dare not stand by ; nor shall you be safer
 Than one condemn'd by the King's own mouth, thereon
 His execution sworn.

Pol. I do believe thee :

I saw his heart in 's face. Give me thy hand :
 Be pilot to me, and thy places shall
 Still neighbour mine. My ships are ready and
 My people did expect my hence departure 450
 Two days ago. This jealousy
 Is for a precious creature : as she 's rare,
 Must it be great ; and as his person 's mighty,
 Must it be violent ; and as he does conceive
 He is dishonour'd by a man which ever
 Profess'd to him, why, his revenges must
 In that be made more bitter. Fear o'ershades me :
 Good expedition be my friend, and comfort
 The gracious queen ; — part of his theme, but nothing
 Of his ill-ta'en suspicion ! Come, Camillo ; 460
 I will respect thee as a father if
 Thou bear'st my life off hence : let us avoid.

Cam. It is in mine authority to command
 The keys of all the posterns : please your Highness
 To take the urgent hour. Come, sir, away.

[*Exeunt.*]

ACT II.

SCENE I. *Sicilia. A room in the palace.*

Enter HERMIONE, MAMILLIUS, and Ladies.

Her. Take the boy to you : he so troubles me,
 'T is past enduring.

First Lady. Come, my gracious lord,
 Shall I be your playfellow ?

Mam. No, I'll none of you.

First Lady. Why, my sweet lord ?

Mam. You'll kiss me hard and speak to me as if
 I were a baby still. — I love you better.

⁴⁵⁹ *part of his theme*, etc. : incomprehensible, but I believe not corrupt. S. himself *might* be able to tell us what he meant when he wrote it ; no one else.

Sec. Lady. And why so, my lord?

Mam. Not for because

Your brows are blacker; yet black brows, they say,
Become some women best, so that there be not
Too much hair there, but in a semicircle,
Or a half-moon made with a pen.

10

Sec. Lady. Who taught you this?

Mam. I learnt it out of women's faces. Pray now
What colour are your eyebrows?

First Lady. Blue, my lord.

Mam. Nay, that's a mock: I have seen a lady's nose
That has been blue, but not her eyebrows.

First Lady. Hark ye;

The Queen your mother rounds apace: we shall
Present our services to a fine new prince
One of these days; and then you'd wanton with us,
If we would have you.

Sec. Lady. She is spread of late
Into a goodly bulk: good time encounter her!

20

Her. What wisdom stirs amongst you? Come, sir, now
I am for you again: pray you, sit by us,
And tell's a tale.

Mam. Merry or sad shall't be?

Her. As merry as you will.

Mam. A sad tale's best for winter: I have one
Of sprites and goblins.

Her. Let's have that, good sir.

Come on, sit down: come on, and do your best
To fright me with your sprites; you're powerful at it.

Mam. There was a man —

Her. Nay, come, sit down; then on.

Mam. Dwelt by a churchyard: I will tell it softly;
Yond crickets shall not hear it.

30

Her. Come on, then,

And give't me in mine ear.

Enter LEONTES, with ANTIGONUS, Lords, and others.

Leon. Was he met there? his train? Camillo with him?

First Lord. Behind the tuft of pines I met them; never
Saw I men scour so on their way: I eyed them
Even to their ships.

Leon. How blest am I

In my just censure, in my true opinion!
Alack, for lesser knowledge! how accurs'd
In being so blest! There may be in the cup
A spider steep'd, and one may drink, depart,
And yet partake no venom, for his knowledge

40

Is not infected : but if one present
 The abhorr'd ingredient to his eye, make known
 How he hath drunk, he cracks his gorge, his sides,
 With violent hefts. I have drunk, and seen the spider.
 Camillo was his help in this, his pander :
 There is a plot against my life, my crown.
 All's true that is mistrusted : that false villain
 Whom I employ'd was pre-employ'd by him :
 He has discover'd my design, and I
 Remain a pinch'd thing ; yea, a very trick
 For them to play at will. How came the postern
 So easily open ?

50

First Lord. By his great authority ;
 Which often hath no less prevail'd than so
 On your command.

Leon. I know 't too well.
 Give me the boy : I am glad you did not nurse him :
 Though he does bear some signs of me, yet you
 Have too much blood in him.

Her. What is this ? sport ?

Leon. Bear the boy hence ; he shall not come about her ;
 Away with him ! and let her sport herself
 With that she 's big with ; for 't is Polixenes
 Has made thee swell thus.

60

Her. But I 'ld say he had not,
 And I 'll be sworn you would believe my saying,
 Howe'er you lean to the nayward.

Leon. You, my lords,
 Look on her, mark her well ; be but about
 To say she is a goodly lady, and
 The justice of your hearts will thereto add
 'T is pity she 's not honest, honourable :
 Praise her but for this her without-door form,
 Which on my faith deserves high speech, and straight
 The shrug, the hum or ha, these petty brands
 That calumny doth use — O, I am out —
 That mercy does, for calumny will sear
 Virtue itself : these shrugs, these hums and ha's,
 When you have said she 's goodly, come between
 Ere you can say she 's honest : but be 't known,
 From him that has most cause to grieve it should be,
 She 's an adulteress.

70

Her. Should a villain say so,
 The most replenish'd villain in the world,

⁴⁵ *hefts* = heavings.

⁵¹ *a pinch'd thing* = a puppet ; puppets being played by pinching.

He were as much more villain : you, my lord,
Do but mistake.

80

Leon. You have mistook, my lady,
Polixenes for Leontes. O thou thing!
Which I'll not call a creature of thy place,
Lest barbarism, making me the precedent,
Should a like language use to all degrees,
And mannerly distinguishment leave out
Betwixt the prince and beggar : I have said
She's an adulteress ; I have said with whom :
More, she's a traitor, and Camillo is
A federary with her, and one that knows
What she should shame to know herself
But with her most vile principal, that she's
A bed-swerger, even as bad as those
That vulgars give bold'st titles, ay, and privy
To this their late escape.

90

Her. No, by my life,
Privy to none of this. How will this grieve you,
When you shall come to clearer knowledge, that
You thus have publish'd me ! Gentle my lord,
You scarce can right me thoroughly then to say
You did mistake.

Leon. No ; if I mistake
In those foundations which I build upon,
The centre is not big enough to bear
A school-boy's top. Away with her ! to prison !
He who shall speak for her is afar off guilty
But that he speaks.

100

Her. There's some ill planet reigns :
I must be patient till the heavens look
With an aspect more favourable. Good my lords,
I am not prone to weeping, as our sex
Commonly are ; the want of which vain dew
Perchance shall dry your pities : but I have
That honourable grief lodg'd here which burns
Worse than tears drown : beseech you all, my lords,
With thoughts so qualified as your charities
Shall best instruct you, measure me ; and so
The King's will be perform'd !

110

Leon. Shall I be heard ?

Her. Who is't that goes with me ? Beseech your Highness,
My women may be with me ; for you see
My plight requires it. Do not weep, good fools ;

⁹⁰ *federary* = confederate.

¹⁰² *The centre* : that is, of the earth.

There is no cause : when you shall know your mistress
 Has deserv'd prison, then abound in tears
 As I come out : this action I now go on
 Is for my better grace. Adieu, my lord :
 I never wish'd to see you sorry ; now
 I trust I shall. My women, come ; you have leave.

120

Leon. Go, do our bidding ; hence !

[*Exit Queen, guarded ; with Ladies.*]

First Lord. Beseech your Highness, call the Queen again.

Ant. Be certain what you do, sir, lest your justice
 Prove violence ; in the which three great ones suffer,
 Yourself, your queen, your son.

First Lord. For her, my lord,
 I dare my life lay down and will do 't, sir,
 Please you t' accept it, that the Queen is spotless
 I' th' eyes of Heaven and to you ; I mean,
 In this which you accuse her.

130

Ant. If it prove
 She's otherwise, I'll keep my stables where
 I lodge my wife ; I'll go in couples with her ;
 Than when I feel and see her no farther trust her ;
 For every inch of woman in the world,
 Ay, every dram of woman's flesh is false,
 If she be.

Leon. Hold your peaces.

First Lord. Good my lord, —

Ant. It is for you we speak, not for ourselves :
 You are abus'd and by some putter-on
 That will be damn'd for 't ; would I knew the villain,
 I would land-damn him. Be she honour-flaw'd,
 I have three daughters ; the eldest is eleven ;
 The second and the third, nine, and some five ;
 If this prove true, they'll pay for 't : by mine honour,
 I'll geld 'em all ; fourteen they shall not see,
 To bring false generations : they are co-heirs ;
 And I had rather glib myself than they
 Should not produce fair issue.

140

Leon. Cease ; no more.
 You smell this business with a sense as cold
 As is a dead man's nose : but I do see 't and feel 't,
 As you feel doing thus ; and see withal
 The instruments that feel.

150

¹³⁴ *I'll keep my stables*, etc. : incomprehensible, but not corrupt. All efforts at explanation have been absurd or over subtle. Possibly there is an obscure allusion to "They were fed as horses in the morning ; every one neighed after his neighbor's wife." Jer. v. 8. *Keep* possibly = guard, shut up, — a use of the word not infrequent.

¹⁴³ *land-damn*. Possibly the allusion is to the punishment of being half buried in the earth and left to starve.

¹⁴⁹ *glib* = castrate, geld.

Ant.

If it be so,

We need no grave to bury honesty :

There 's not a grain of it the face to sweeten

Of the whole dungy earth.

Leon.

What ! lack I credit ?

First Lord. I had rather you did lack than I, my lord,

Upon this ground ; and more it would content me

To have her honour true than your suspicion,

Be blam'd for 't how you might.

160

Leon.

Why, what need we

Commune with you of this, but rather follow

Our forceful instigation ? Our prerogative

Calls not your counsels, but our natural goodness

Imparts this ; which if you, or stupefied

Or seeming so in skill, cannot or will not

Relish a truth like us, inform yourselves

We need no more of your advice : the matter,

The loss, the gain, the ordering on 't, is all

Properly ours.

Ant.

And I wish, my liege,

You had only in your silent judgement tried it,

Without more overture.

170

Leon.

How could that be ?

Either thou art most ignorant by age,

Or thou wert born a fool. Camillo's flight,

Added to their familiarity,

Which was as gross as ever touch'd conjecture,

That lack'd sight only, nought for approbation

But only seeing, all other circumstances

Made up to the deed, doth push on this proceeding :

Yet, for a greater confirmation,

For in an act of this importance 't were

Most piteous to be wild, I have dispatch'd in post

To sacred Delphos, to Apollo's temple,

Cleomenes and Dion, whom you know

Of stuff'd sufficiency : now from the oracle

They will bring all ; whose spiritual counsel had,

I shall stop or spur me. Have I done well ?

180

First Lord. Well done, my lord.*Leon.* Though I am satisfi'd and need no more

Than what I know, yet shall the oracle

Give rest to the minds of others, such as he

Whose ignorant credulity will not

Come up to the truth. So have we thought it good

From our free person she should be confin'd,

Lest that the treachery of the two fled hence

190

Be left her to perform. Come, follow us ;
We are to speak in public ; for this business
Will raise us all.

Ant. [*Aside.*] To laughter, as I take it,
If the good truth were known.

[*Ezeunt.*]SCENE II. *Outer ward of a prison.**Enter PAULINA, a Gentleman, and Attendants.*

Paul. The keeper of the prison. call to him ;
Let him have knowledge who I am.

[*Exit Gent.*]

Good lady,
No court in Europe is too good for thee ;
What dost thou then in prison ?

Re-enter Gentleman, with the Gaoler.

Now, good sir,
You know me, do you not ?

Gaol. For a worthy lady,
And one whom much I honour.

Paul. Pray you then,
Conduct me to the Queen.

Gaol. I may not, madam :
To the contrary I have express commandment.

Paul. Here's ado,
To lock up honesty and honour from
The access of gentle visitors ! Is 't lawful, pray you,
To see her women ? any of them ? Emilia ?

10

Gaol. So please you, madam,
To put apart these your attendants, I
Shall bring Emilia forth.

Paul. I pray now, call her.
Withdraw yourselves.

[*Ezeunt Gentleman and Attendants.*]

Gaol. And, madam,
I must be present at your conference.

Paul. Well, be 't so, prithee.

[*Exit Gaoler.*]

Here's such ado to make no stain a stain
As passes colouring.

Re-enter Gaoler, with EMILIA.

Dear gentlewoman,
How fares our gracious lady ?

20

Emil. As well as one so great and so forlorn
May hold together : on her frights and griefs,
Which never tender lady hath borne greater,
She is something before her time deliver'd.

Paul. A boy ?

¹¹ *gentle* = genteel, well born.

Emil. A daughter, and a goodly babe,
Lusty and like to live: the Queen receives
Much comfort in 't; says " My poor prisoner,
I am innocent as you."

Paul. I dare be sworn :
These dangerous unsafe lunes i' th' King, beshrew them ! 30
He must be told on 't, and he shall : the office
Becomes a woman best ; I 'll take 't upon me :
If I prove honey-mouth'd, let my tongue blister
And never to my red-look'd anger be
The trumpet any more. Pray you, Emilia,
Commend my best obedience to the Queen :
If she dares trust me with her little babe,
I 'll show 't the King and undertake to be
Her advocate to the loud'st. We do not know
How he may soften at the sight o' th' child : 40
The silence often of pure innocence
Persuades when speaking fails.

Emil. Most worthy madam,
Your honour and your goodness is so evident
That your free undertaking cannot miss
A thriving issue : there is no lady living
So meet for this great errand. Please your ladyship
To visit the next room, I 'll presently
Acquaint the Queen of your most noble offer ;
Who but to-day hammer'd of this design,
But durst not tempt a minister of honour, 50
Lest she should be deni'd.

Paul. Tell her, Emilia,
I 'll use that tongue I have : if wit flow from 't
As boldness from my bosom, let 't not be doubted
I shall do good.

Emil. Now be you blest for it !
I 'll to the Queen : please you, come something nearer.

Gaol. Madam, if 't please the Queen to send the babe,
I know not what I shall incur to pass it,
Having no warrant.

Paul. You need not fear it, sir :
This child was prisoner to the womb and js
By law and process of great nature thence 60
Freed and enfranchis'd, not a party to
The anger of the King nor guilty of,
If any be, the trespass of the Queen.

Gaol. I do believe it.

Paul. Do not you fear : upon mine honour, I
Will stand betwixt you and danger.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *A room in LEONTES' palace.**Enter LEONTES, ANTIGONUS, Lords, and Servants.*

Leon. Nor night nor day no rest : it is but weakness
 To bear the matter thus ; mere weakness. If
 The cause were not in being, — part o' th' cause,
 She the adulteress ; for the harlot king
 Is quite beyond mine arm, out of the blank
 And level of my brain, plot-proof ; but she
 I can hook to me : say that she were gone,
 Given to the fire, a moiety of my rest
 Might come to me again. Who's there ?

First Serv.

My lord ?

Leon. How does the boy ?*First Serv.*

He took good rest to-night ; 10

'T is hoped his sickness is discharg'd.

Leon. To see his nobleness !

Conceiving the dishonour of his mother,
 He straight declin'd, droop'd, took it deeply,
 Fasten'd and fix'd the shame on 't in himself,
 Threw off his spirit, his appetite, his sleep,
 And downright languish'd. Leave me solely : go,
 See how he fares. [*Exit Serv.*] Fie, fie ! no thought of him :
 The very thought of my revenges that way
 Recoil upon me : in himself too mightily, 20
 And in his parties, his alliance ; let him be
 Until a time may serve : for present vengeance,
 Take it on her. Camillo and Polixenes
 Laugh at me, make their pastime at my sorrow :
 They should not laugh if I could reach them, nor
 Shall she within my power.

*Enter PAULINA, with a babe.**First Lord.*

You must not enter.

Paul. Nay, rather, good my lords, be second to me :
 Fear you his tyrannous passion more, alas,
 Than the Queen's life ? a gracious innocent soul,
 More free than he is jealous.

Ant.

That's enough.

30

Sec. Serv. Madam, he hath not slept to-night ; commanded
 None should come at him.

Paul.

Not so hot, good sir :

I come to bring him sleep. 'T is such as you,
 That creep like shadows by him and do sigh

⁴ *harlot* : used as both masculine and feminine.⁵ *mine arm*. Probably S. wrote "mine aim."

At each his needless heavings, such as you
Nourish the cause of his awaking: I
Do come with words as medicinal as true,
Honest as either, to purge him of that humour
That presses him from sleep.

Leon. What noise there, ho?

Paul. No noise, my lord; but needful conference
About some gossips for your Highness.

40

Leon. How!

Away with that audacious lady! Antigonus,
I charg'd thee that she should not come about me:
I knew she would.

Ant. I told her so, my lord,
On your displeasure's peril and on mine,
She should not visit you.

Leon. What, canst not rule her?

Paul. From all dishonesty he can: in this,
Unless he take the course that you have done,
Commit me for committing honour, trust it,
He shall not rule me.

Ant. La you now, you hear: —
When she will take the rein I let her run;
But she'll not stumble.

50

Paul. Good my liege, I come;
And, I beseech you, hear me, who profess
Myself your loyal servant, your physician,
Your most obedient counsellor, yet that dare
Less appear so in comforting your evils,
Than such as most seem yours: I say, I come
From your good queen.

Leon. Good queen!

Paul. Good queen, my lord,
Good queen; I say good queen;
And would by combat make her good, so were I
A man, the worst about you.

60

Leon. Force her hence.

Paul. Let him that makes but trifles of his eyes
First hand me: on mine own accord I'll off;
But first I'll do my errand. The good queen,
For she is good, hath brought you forth a daughter;
Here 't is; commends it to your blessing. [Laying down the child.]

Leon. Out!

A mankind witch! Hence with her, out o' door:
A most intelligencing bawd!

Paul. Not so:

⁴¹ *gossips* = sometimes sponsors. sometimes those who visited a woman in childbed.

I am as ignorant in that as you
 In so entitling me, and no less honest
 Than you are mad; which is enough, I'll warrant,
 As this world goes, to pass for honest.

Leon.

Traitors!

Will you not push her out? Give her the bastard.
 Thou dotard! thou art woman-tir'd, unroosted
 By thy dame Partlet here. Take up the bastard;
 Take 't up, I say; give 't to thy crone.

Paul.

For ever

Unvenerable be thy hands, if thou
 Tak'st up the princess by that forced baseness
 Which he has put upon 't!

Leon.

He dreads his wife.

Paul. So I would you did; then 't were past all doubt
 You 'ld call your children yours.

Leon.

A nest of traitors!

Ant. I am none, by this good light.

Paul.

Nor I, nor any

But one that's here, and that's himself; for he
 The sacred honour of himself, his queen's,
 His hopeful son's, his babe's, betrays to slander,
 Whose sting is sharper than the sword's; and will not —
 For, as the case now stands, it is a curse
 He cannot be compell'd to 't — once remove
 The root of his opinion, which is rotten
 As ever oak or stone was sound.

Leon.

A callat

Of boundless tongue, who late hath beat her husband
 And now baits me! This brat is none of mine;
 It is the issue of Polixenes:
 Hence with it, and together with the dam
 Commit them to the fire!

Paul.

It is yours;

And, might we lay the old proverb to your charge,
 So like you, 't is the worse. Behold, my lords,
 Although the print be little, the whole matter
 And copy of the father, eye, nose, lip,
 The trick of 's frown, his forehead, nay, the valley,
 The pretty dimples of his chin and cheek,
 His smiles,

The very mould and frame of hand, nail, finger:

⁷⁴ *woman-tir'd* = woman-beaten, henpecked. To tire, in falconry, was to rend and devour.

⁷⁸ *that forc'd baseness* = that violent insult (calling it bastard).

⁸⁰ *callat* = scolding quean.

⁸¹ *beat* — *bait*. A play upon these words, which were pronounced alike.

And thou, good goddess Nature, which hast made it
 So like to him that got it, if thou hast
 The ordering of the mind too, 'mongst all colours
 No yellow in 't, lest she suspect, as he does,
 Her children not her husband's!

Leon. A gross hag!

And, lozel, thou art worthy to be hang'd,
 That wilt not stay her tongue.

Ant. Hang all the husbands

110

That cannot do that feat, you 'll leave yourself
 Hardly one subject.

Leon. Once more, take her hence.

Paul. A most unworthy and unnatural lord
 Can do no more.

Leon. I 'll ha' thee burnt.

Paul. I care not:

It is an heretic that makes the fire,
 Not she which burns in 't. I 'll not call you tyrant;
 But this most cruel usage of your queen,
 Not able to produce more accusation
 Than your own weak-hing'd fancy, something savours
 Of tyranny and will ignoble make you,
 Yea, scandalous to the world.

120

Leon. On your allegiance,
 Out of the chamber with her! Were I a tyrant,
 Where were her life? she durst not call me so,
 If she did know me one. Away with her!

Paul. I pray you, do not push me; I 'll be gone.
 Look to your babe, my lord; 't is yours: Jove send her
 A better guiding spirit! What needs these hands?
 You, that are thus so tender o'er his follies,
 Will never do him good, not one of you.
 So, so: farewell; we are gone.

129

[Exit.

Leon. Thou, traitor, hast set on thy wife to this.
 My child? away with 't! Even thou, that hast
 A heart so tender o'er it, take it hence
 And see it instantly consum'd with fire;
 Even thou and none but thou. Take it up straight:
 Within this hour bring me word 't is done,
 And by good testimony, or I 'll seize thy life,
 With what thou else call'st thine. If thou refuse
 And wilt encounter with my wrath, say so;
 The bastard's brains with these my proper hands
 Shall I dash out. Go, take it to the fire;
 For thou set'st on thy wife.

140

¹⁰⁰ *lozel* = good for naught, "loafer."

Ant. I did not, sir :
These lords, my noble fellows, if they please,
Can clear me in 't.

Lords. We can : my royal liege,
He is not guilty of her coming hither.

Leon. You 're liars all.

First Lord. Beseech your Highness, give us better credit :
We have always truly serv'd you, and beseech'
So to esteem of us, and on our knees we beg,
As recompense of our dear services 150
Past and to come, that you do change this purpose,
Which being so horrible, so bloody, must
Lead on to some foul issue : we all kneel.

Leon. I am a feather for each wind that blows :
Shall I live on to see this bastard kneel
And call me father ? better burn it now
Than curse it then. But be it ; let it live.
It shall not neither. You, sir, come you hither ;
You that have been so tenderly officious
With Lady Margery, your midwife there, 160
To save this bastard's life, — for 't is a bastard,
So sure as this beard's gray, — what will you adventure
To save this brat's life ?

Ant. Any thing, my lord,
That my ability may undergo
And nobleness impose : at least thus much :
I'll pawn the little blood which I have left
To save the innocent : any thing possible.

Leon. It shall be possible. Swear by this sword
Thou wilt perform my bidding.

Ant. I will, my lord.

Leon. Mark and perform it, see'st thou : for the fail 170
Of any point in 't shall not only be
Death to thyself but to thy lewd-tongu'd wife,
Whom for this time we pardon. We enjoin thee,
As thou art liege-man to us, that thou carry
This female bastard hence and that thou bear it
To some remote and desert place quite out
Of our dominions, and that there thou leave it,
Without more mercy, to it own protection
And favour of the climate. As by strange fortune
It came to us, I do in justice charge thee, 180

¹⁴⁸ *and beseech*. Strange as it may seem, the apostrophe after "beseech" stands for "you" in the folio, and the style of the play and the manner in which it is printed unite to show that the ellipsis and the mark of it were intentional

¹⁷⁸ *it own* = its own. The possessive form *its* of the neuter pronoun was just coming into use in S.'s day. Previously *his*, *her*, and *it* (the old form) and even *the* were used.

On thy soul's peril and thy body's torture,
That thou commend it strangely to some place
Where chance may nurse or end it. Take it up.

Ant. I swear to do this, though a present death
Had been more merciful. Come on, poor babe:
Some powerful spirit instruct the kites and ravens
To be thy nurses! Wolves and bears, they say,
Casting their savageness aside, have done
Like offices of pity. Sir, be prosperous
In more than this deed does require! And blessing
Against this cruelty fight on thy side,
Poor thing, condemn'd to loss!

190

[*Exit with the babe.*]

Leon. No, I'll not rear
Another's issue.

Enter an Attendant.

Atten. Please your Highness, posts
From those you sent to the oracle are come
An hour since: Cleomenes and Dion,
Being well arriv'd from Delphos, are both landed,
Hasting to the court.

First Lord. So please you, sir, their speed
Hath been beyond account.

Leon. Twenty-three days
They have been absent: 't is good speed; foretells
The great Apollo suddenly will have
The truth of this appear. Prepare you, lords;
Summon a session, that we may arraign
Our most disloyal lady, for, as she hath
Been publicly accus'd, so shall she have
A just and open trial. While she lives
My heart will be a burthen to me. Leave me,
And think upon my bidding.

200

[*Exeunt.*]

ACT III.

SCENE I. *A street in a Sicilian sea-port.**Enter CLEOMENES and DION.*

Cleo. The climate's delicate, the air most sweet,
Fertile the isle, the temple much surpassing
The common praise it bears.

Dion. I shall report,
For most it caught me, the celestial habits,
Methinks I so should term them, and the reverence

² *Fertile the isle.* In placing Delphos on an island, S. adopted the error of the writer whose story he was using; and what matter?

Of the grave wearers. O, the sacrifice!
 How ceremonious, solemn and unearthly
 It was i' th' offering!

Cleo. But of all, the burst
 And the ear-deafening voice o' th' oracle,
 Kin to Jove's thunder, so surpris'd my sense,
 That I was nothing. 10

Dion. If the event o' th' journey
 Prove as successful to the Queen, — O be 't so! —
 As it hath been to us rare, pleasant, speedy,
 The time is worth to use on 't.

Cleo. Great Apollo
 Turn all to the best! These proclamations,
 So forcing faults upon Hermione,
 I little like.

Dion. The violent carriage of it
 Will clear or end the business: when the oracle,
 Thus by Apollo's great divine seal'd up,
 Shall the contents discover, something rare
 Even then will rush to knowledge. Go: fresh horses!
 And gracious be the issue! 20

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II. *Sicilia. A hall of justice in the palace.*

Enter LEONTES, Lords, and Officers.

Leon. This sessions, (to our great grief we pronounce,)
 Even pushes 'gainst our heart: the party tried
 The daughter of a king, our wife, and one
 Of us too much belov'd. Let us be clear'd
 Of being tyrannous, since we so openly
 Proceed in justice, which shall have due course,
 Even to the guilt or the purgation.
 Produce the prisoner.

Off. It is his Highness' pleasure that the Queen
 Appear in person here in court. Silence! 10

Enter HERMIONE guarded; PAULINA and Ladies attending.

Leon. Read the indictment.

Off. [*Reads.*] Hermione, Queen to the worthy Leontes, king of Sicilia, thou art here accused and arraigned of high treason, in committing adultery with Polixenes, king of Bohemia, and conspiring with Camillo to take away the life of our sovereign lord the King, thy royal husband: the pretence whereof being by circumstances partly laid open, thou, Hermione, contrary to the faith and allegiance of a true subject, didst counsel and aid them, for their better safety, to fly away by night.

Her. Since what I am to say must be but that
 Which contradicts my accusation, and
 The testimony on my part no other 20

But what comes from myself, it shall scarce boot me
 To say Not guilty: mine integrity
 Being counted falsehood, shall, as I express it,
 Be so receiv'd. But thus: — If powers divine
 Behold our human actions, as they do,
 I doubt not then but innocence shall make
 False accusation blush and tyranny
 Tremble at patience. You, my lord, best know,
 (Who least will seem to do so,) my past life
 Hath been as continent, as chaste, as true,
 As I am now unhappy; which is more
 Than history can pattern, though devis'd
 And play'd to take spectators. For behold me
 A fellow of the royal bed, which owe
 A moiety of the throne, a great king's daughter,
 The mother to a hopeful prince, here standing
 To prate and talk for life and honour 'fore
 Who please to come and hear. For life, I prize it
 As I weigh grief, which I would spare: for honour,
 'Tis a derivative from me to mine,
 And only that I stand for. I appeal
 To your own conscience, sir, before Polixenes
 Came to your court, how I was in your grace,
 How merited to be so; since he came,
 With what encounter so uncurrent I
 Have strain'd to appear thus: if one jot beyond
 The bound of honour, or in act or will
 That way inclining, harden'd be the hearts
 Of all that hear me, and my near'st of kin
 Cry fie upon my grave!

30

40

50

Leon. I ne'er heard yet
 That any of these bolder vices wanted
 Less impudence to gainsay what they did
 Than to perform it first.

Her. That 's true enough;
 Though 't is a saying, sir, not due to me.

Leon. You will not own it.

Her. More than mistress of
 Which comes to me in name of fault, I must not
 At all acknowledge. For Polixenes,
 With whom I am accus'd, I do confess
 I lov'd him as in honour he requir'd,
 With such a kind of love as might become

60

³⁵ owe = own.

⁴⁶ encounter so uncurrent = (possibly) intercourse so unallowable, (in Fr.) *inconvenable*: but the passage is very involved, elliptical, obscure, and perhaps corrupt.

⁶⁰ More than mistress, etc.: I must not confess to more than I am accused of.

A lady like me, with a love even such,
 So and no other, as yourself commanded :
 Which not to have done I think had been in me
 Both disobedience and ingratitude
 To you and toward your friend, whose love had spoke,
 Even since it could speak, from an infant, freely
 That it was yours. Now, for conspiracy,
 I know not how it tastes ; though it be dish'd
 For me to try how : all I know of it
 Is that Camillo was an honest man ;
 And why he left your court, the gods themselves,
 Wotting no more than I, are ignorant.

70

Leon. You knew of his departure, as you know
 What you have underta'en to do in 's absence.

Her. Sir,
 You speak a language that I understand not :
 My life stands in the level of your dreams,
 Which I 'll lay down.

Leon. Your actions are my dreams ;
 You had a bastard by Polixenes,
 And I but dream'd it. As you were past all shame, —
 Those of your fact are so, — so past all truth :
 Which to deny concerns more than avails ; for as
 Thy brat hath been cast out, like to itself,
 No father owning it, — which is, indeed,
 More criminal in thee than it, — so thou
 Shalt feel our justice, in whose easiest passage
 Look for no less than death.

80

Her. Sir, spare your threats :
 The bug which you would fright me with I seek.
 To me can life be no commodity :
 The crown and comfort of my life, your favour,
 I do give lost ; for I do feel it gone,
 But know not how it went. My second joy
 And first-fruits of my body, from his presence
 I am barr'd, like one infectious. My third comfort,
 Starr'd most unluckily, is from my breast,
 The innocent milk in it most innocent mouth
 Haled out to murder : myself on every post
 Proclaim'd a strumpet : with immodest hatred
 The child-bed privilege denied, which 'longs
 To women of all fashion ; lastly, hurried
 Here to this place, i' th' open air, before

90

100

⁷⁸ *the level of your dreams* = the range of your suspicions.

⁸⁰ *bug* = object of terror.

⁹⁰ *commodity* = profit, good : even now goods are called commodities.

⁹⁷ *it* = *its*.

I have got strength of limit. Now, my liege,
 Tell me what blessings I have here alive,
 That I should fear to die? Therefore proceed.
 But yet hear this; mistake me not; no life,
 I prize it not a straw, but for mine honour,
 Which I would free, if I shall be condemn'd
 Upon surmises, all proofs sleeping else
 But what your jealousies awake, I tell you
 'Tis rigour and not law. Your honours all,
 I do refer me to the oracle:
 Apollo be my judge!

110

First Lord. This your request
 Is altogether just: therefore bring forth,
 And in Apollo's name, his oracle.

[*Exeunt certain Officers.*]

Her. The Emperor of Russia was my father:
 O that he were alive, and here beholding
 His daughter's trial! that he did but see
 The flatness of my misery, yet with eyes
 Of pity, not revenge!

120

[*Re-enter Officers, with CLEOMENES and DION.*]

Off. You here shall swear upon this sword of justice,
 That you, Cleomenes and Dion, have
 Been both at Delphos, and from thence have brought
 This seal'd-up oracle, by the hand deliver'd
 Of great Apollo's priest, and that since then
 You have not dar'd to break the holy seal
 Nor read the secrets in 't.

Cleo. Dion. All this we swear.

Leon. Break up the seals and read.

Off. [*Reads.*] Hermione is chaste; Polixenes blameless; Camillo a
 true subject; Leontes a jealous tyrant; his innocent babe truly begotten;
 and the King shall live without an heir, if that which is lost be not found.

Lords. Now blessed be the great Apollo!

Her.

Praised!

X X

Leon. Hast thou read truth?

Off.

Ay, my lord; even so

As it is here set down.

Leon. There is no truth at all i' th' oracle:
 The sessions shall proceed: this is mere falsehood.

[*Enter Servant.*]

Serv. My lord the King, the King!

Leon.

What is the business?

Serv. O sir, I shall be hated to report it!
 The prince your son, with mere conceit and fear

¹⁰⁰ *strength of limit* = strength to pass bounds.

Of the Queen's speed, is gone.

Leon.

How! gone!

Serv.

Is dead.

140

Leon. Apollo's angry; and the heavens themselves
Do strike at my injustice. [*Hermione swoons.*] How now
there!

Paul. This news is mortal to the Queen: look down
And see what death is doing.

Leon.

Take her hence:

Her heart is but o'ercharg'd; she will recover:

I have too much believ'd mine own suspicion:

Beseech you, tenderly apply to her

Some remedies for life.

[*Exeunt Paulina and Ladies, with Hermione.*]

Apollo, pardon

My great profaneness 'gainst thine oracle!

I'll reconcile me to Polixenes,

150

New woo my queen, recall the good Camillo,

Whom I proclaim a man of truth, of mercy;

For, being transported by my jealousies

To bloody thoughts and to revenge, I chose

Camillo for the minister to poison

My friend Polixenes: which had been done,

But that the good mind of Camillo tardied

My swift command, though I with death and with

Reward did threaten and encourage him,

Not doing 't and being done: he, most humane

160

And fill'd with honour, to my kingly guest

Unclasp'd my practice, quit his fortunes here,

Which you knew great, and to the hazard

Of all incertainties himself commended,

No richer than his honour: how he glisters

Thorough my rust! and how his piety

Does my deeds make the blacker!

Re-enter PAULINA.

Paul.

Woe the while!

O, cut my lace, lest my heart, cracking it,

Break too!

First Lord. What fit is this, good lady?

Paul. What studied torments, tyrant, hast for me?

170

What wheels? racks? fires? what flaying? boiling?

In leads or oils? what old or newer torture

Must I receive, whose every word deserves

To taste of thy most worst? Thy tyranny

Together working with thy jealousies,

Fancies too weak for boys, too green and idle

For girls of nine, O, think what they have done
 And then run mad indeed, stark mad ! for all
 Thy by-gone fooleries were but spices of it.
 That thou betray'dst Polixenes, 't was nothing ; 180
 That did but show thee of a soul inconstant
 And damnable ingrateful : nor was 't much,
 Thou wouldst have poison'd good Camillo's honour,
 To have him kill a king ; poor trespasses,
 More monstrous standing by : whereof I reckon
 The casting forth to crows thy baby-daughter
 To be or none or little ; though a devil
 Would have shed water out of fire ere done 't :
 Nor is 't directly laid to thee, the death
 Of the young prince, whose honourable thoughts, 190
 Thoughts high for one so tender, cleft the heart
 That could conceive a gross and foolish sire
 Blemish'd his gracious dam : this is not, no,
 Laid to thy answer : but the last, — O lords,
 When I have said, cry " woe ! " — the Queen, the Queen,
 The sweet'st, dear'st creature's dead, and vengeance for 't
 Not dropp'd down yet.

First Lord. The higher powers forbid !

Paul. I say she's dead ; I'll swear 't. If word nor oath
 Prevail not, go and see : if you can bring
 Tincture or lustre in her lip, her eye, 200
 Heat outwardly or breath within, I'll serve you
 As I would do the gods. But, O thou tyrant !
 Do not repent these things, for they are heavier
 Than all thy woes can stir : therefore betake thee
 To nothing but despair. A thousand knees
 Ten thousand years together, naked, fasting,
 Upon a barren mountain, and still winter
 In storm perpetual, could not move the gods
 To look that way thou wert.

Leon. Go on, go on :

Thou canst not speak too much ; I have deserv'd 210
 All tongues to talk their bitt'rest.

First Lord.

Say no more :

Howe'er the business goes, you have made fault
 I' th' boldness of your speech.

Paul.

I am sorry for 't :

All faults I make, when I shall come to know them,
 I do repent. Alas ! I have show'd too much
 The rashness of a woman : he is touch'd
 To the noble heart. What's gone and what's past help
 Should be past grief : do not receive affliction

At my petition ; I beseech you, rather
 Let me be punish'd, that have minded you 220
 Of what you should forget. Now, good my liege,
 Sir, royal sir, forgive a foolish woman :
 The love I bore your queen — lo, fool again ! —
 I'll speak of her no more, nor of your children ;
 I'll not remember you of my own lord,
 Who is lost too : take your patience to you,
 And I'll say nothing.

Leon. Thou didst speak but well
 When most the truth ; which I receive much better
 Than to be pitied of thee. Prithee, bring me
 To the dead bodies of my queen and son : 230
 One grave shall be for both : upon them shall
 The causes of their death appear, unto
 Our shame perpetual. Once a day I'll visit
 The chapel where they lie, and tears shed there
 Shall be my recreation : so long as nature
 Will bear up with this exercise, so long
 I daily vow to use it. Come and lead me
 Unto these sorrows.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *Bohemia. A desert country near the sea.*

Enter ANTIGONUS, with the Babe, and a Mariner.

Ant. Thou art perfect then, our ship hath touch'd upon
 The deserts of Bohemia ?

Mar. Ay, my lord ; and fear
 We have landed in ill time : the skies look grimly
 And threaten present blusters. In my conscience,
 The heavens with that we have in hand are angry
 And frown upon 's.

Ant. Their sacred wills be done ! Go, get aboard ;
 Look to thy bark : I'll not be long before
 I call upon thee.

Mar. Make your best haste, and go not 10
 Too far i' th' land : 't is like to be loud weather ;
 Besides, this place is famous for the creatures
 Of prey that keep upon 't.

Ant. Go thou away :
 I'll follow instantly.

Mar. I am glad at heart
 To be so rid o' th' business.

[*Exit.*]

Ant. Come, poor babe :
 I have heard, but not believed, the spirits o' th' dead
 May walk again : if such thing be, thy mother

Appear'd to me last night, for ne'er was dream
 So like a waking. To me comes a creature,
 Sometimes her head on one side, some another;
 I never saw a vessel of like sorrow,
 So fill'd and so becoming: in pure white robes,
 Like very sanctity, she did approach
 My cabin where I lay; thrice bow'd before me,
 And gasping to begin some speech, her eyes
 Became two spouts: the fury spent, anon
 Did this break from her: "Good Antigonus,
 Since fate, against thy better disposition,
 Hath made thy person for the thrower-out
 Of my poor babe, according to thine oath,
 Places remote enough are in Bohemia,
 There weep and leave it crying; and, for the babe
 Is counted lost for ever, Perdita,
 I prithee, call 't. For this ungentle business,
 Put on thee by my lord, thou ne'er shalt see
 Thy wife Paulina more." And so, with shrieks,
 She melted into air. Affrighted much,
 I did in time collect myself and thought
 This was so, and no slumber. Dreams are toys:
 Yet for this once, yea, superstitiously,
 I will be squar'd by this. I do believe
 Hermione hath suffer'd death, and that
 Apollo would, this being indeed the issue
 Of King Polixenes, it should here be laid,
 Either for life or death, upon the earth
 Of its right father. Blossom, speed thee well!
 There lie, and there thy character: there these;
 Which may, if fortune please, both breed thee, pretty,

[Laying down the babe, with a paper and a bundle.

And still rest thine. The storm begins: poor wretch,
 That for thy mother's fault art thus expos'd
 To loss and what may follow! Weep I cannot,
 But my heart bleeds; and most accurs'd am I
 To be by oath enjoin'd to this. Farewell!
 The day frowns more and more: thou 'rt like to have
 A lullaby too rough: I never saw
 The heavens so dim by day. A savage clamour!
 Well may I get aboard! This is the chase:
 I am gone for ever.

[Exit, pursued by a bear.

Enter a Shepherd.

Shep. I would there were no age between sixteen and three-

²² *becoming* = decent, decorous; but the passage is obscure, and perhaps corrupted.

⁴⁷ *character* = description.

and-twenty, or that youth would sleep out the rest; for there is nothing in the between but getting wenches with child, wronging the ancients, stealing, fighting — [*Horns.*] Hark you now! Would any but these boil'd brains of nineteen and two-and-twenty hunt this weather? They have scar'd away two of my best sheep, which I fear the wolf will sooner find than the master: if any where I have them, 't is by the seaside, browsing of ivy. Good luck, an 't be thy will! what have we here? Mercy on 's, a barne; a very pretty barne! A boy or a child, I wonder? A pretty one; a very pretty one: sure, some 'scape: though I am not bookish, yet I can read waiting-gentlewoman in the 'scape. This has been some stair-work, some trunk-work, some behind-door-work: they were warmer that got this than the poor thing is here. I'll take it up for pity: yet I'll tarry till my son come; he halloo'd but even now. Whoa, ho, ho!

Enter Clown.

Clo. Hilloa, loa!

Shep. What, art so near? If thou 'lt see a thing to talk on when thou art dead and rotten, come hither. What ail'st thou, man?

Clo. I have seen two such sights, by sea and by land! but I am not to say it is a sea, for it is now the sky: betwixt the firmament and it you cannot thrust a bodkin's point. 81

Shep. Why, boy, how is it?

Clo. I would you did but see how it chafes, how it rages, how it takes up the shore! but that 's not to the point. O, the most piteous cry of the poor souls! sometimes to see 'em, and not to see 'em; now the ship boring the moon with her mainmast, and anon swallowed with yest and froth, as you 'ld thrust a cork into a hogshead. And then for the land-service, to see how the bear tore out his shoulder-bone; how he cri'd to me for help and said his name was Antigonus, a nobleman. But to make an end of the ship, to see how the sea flap-dragon'd it: but, first, how the poor souls roared, and the sea mock'd them; and how the poor gentleman roared and the bear mock'd him, both roaring louder than the sea or weather.

Shep. Name of mercy, when was this, boy?

Clo. Now, now: I have not wink'd since I saw these sights: the men are not yet cold under water, nor the bear half din'd on the gentleman: he 's at it now.

Shep. Would I had been by, to have help'd the old man!

Clo. I would you had been by the ship side, to have help'd her: there your charity would have lack'd footing. 101

⁶⁸ *or a child.* *Child* was sometimes used for *girl*; we should probably read "a god, or a child," which are the words of the old story; this is the more probable, because in this very play, Act I. Sc. 1, line 33, a boy (the prince) is emphatically called a child.

⁶⁹ *flap-dragon'd* = swallowed it down like the flap-dragons (burning almonds, raisins, etc.) in a bowl of burning liquor.

Shep. Heavy matters! heavy matters! but look thee here, boy. Now bless thyself: thou mettest with things dying, I with things new-born. Here's a sight for thee; look thee, a bearing-cloth for a squire's child! look thee here; take up, take up, boy; open't. So, let's see: it was told me I should be rich by the fairies. This is some changeling: open't. What's within? boy?

Clo. You're a made old man: if the sins of your youth are forgiven you, you're well to live. Gold! all gold! 110

Shep. This is fairy gold, boy, and 't will prove so: up with't, keep it close: home, home, the next way. We are lucky, boy; and to be so still requires nothing but secrecy. Let my sheep go: come, good boy, the next way home.

Clo. Go you the next way with your findings. I'll go see if the bear be gone from the gentleman and how much he hath eaten: they are never curst but when they are hungry: if there be any of him left, I'll bury it.

Shep. That's a good deed. If thou mayest discern by that which is left of him what he is, fetch me to the sight of him.

Clo. Marry, will I; and you shall help to put him i' th' ground.

Shep. 'T is a lucky day, boy, and we'll do good deeds on't.

[*Exeunt.*]

ACT IV. SCENE I.

Enter TIME, the Chorus.

Time. I, that please some, try all, both joy and terror
Of good and bad, that makes and unfolds error,
Now take upon me, in the name of Time,
To use my wings. Impute it not a crime
To me or my swift passage, that I slide
O'er sixteen years and leave the growth untri'd
Of that wide gap, since it is in my power
To o'erthrow law and in one self-born hour
To plant and o'erwhelm custom. Let me pass
The same I am, ere ancient'st order was 10
Or what is now receiv'd: I witness to
The times that brought them in; so shall I do
To th' freshest things now reigning, and make stale
The glistening of this present, as my tale
Now seems to it. Your patience this allowing,

¹⁰⁴ *bearing-cloth* = infant's robe at baptism.

¹¹² *next* = nearest.

¹¹⁷ *curst* = cross, fierce.

Time as Chorus. This speech is probably not S.'s, possibly Chapman's. It does not properly constitute a scene; but on this account we need not disturb a long established arrangement.

I turn my glass and give my scene such growing
 As you had slept between : Leontes leaving,
 The effects of his fond jealousies so grieving
 That he shuts up himself, imagine me,
 Gentle spectators, that I now may be 20
 In fair Bohemia ; and remember well,
 I mentioned a son o' the King's, which Florizel
 I now name to you ; and with speed so pace
 To speak of Perdita, now grown in grace
 Equal with wond'ring : what of her ensues
 I list not prophesy ; but let Time's news
 Be known when 't is brought forth. A shepherd's daughter,
 And what to her adheres, which follows after,
 Is the argument of Time. Of this allow,
 If ever you have spent time worse ere now ; 30
 If never, yet that Time himself doth say
 He wishes earnestly you never may. [Exit.]

SCENE II. *Bohemia. The palace of POLIXENES.*

Enter POLIXENES and CAMILLO.

Pol. I pray thee, good Camillo, be no more importunate : 't is a sickness denying thee any thing : a death to grant this.

Cam. It is fifteen years since I saw my country : though I have for the most part been aired abroad, I desire to lay my bones there. Besides, the penitent king, my master, hath sent for me ; to whose feeling sorrows I might be some allay, or I o'erween to think so, which is another spur to my departure.

Pol. As thou lov'st me, Camillo, wipe not out the rest of thy services by leaving me now : the need I have of thee thine own goodness hath made. Better not to have had thee than thus to want thee. Thou, having made me businesses which none without thee can sufficiently manage, must either stay to execute them thyself or take away with thee the very services thou hast done ; which if I have not enough considered, (as too much I cannot,) to be more thankful to thee shall be my study, and my profit therein the heaping friendships. Of that fatal country, Sicilia, prithee speak no more ; whose very name punishes me with the remembrance of that penitent, as thou call'st him, and reconciled king, my brother ; whose loss of his most precious queen and children are even now to be afresh lamented. Say to me, when saw'st thou the Prince Florizel, my son ? Kings are no less unhappy, their issue not being gracious, than they are in losing them when they have approved their virtues. 23

²⁰ *I list not prophesy* = I do not care to prophesy ; *list* as in *listless*.

²¹ *daughter* : pronounced *daster*, like *laughter*.

¹ *o'erween*. We still say overweening for presuming.

Cam. Sir, it is three days since I saw the prince. What his happier affairs may be, are to me unknown: but I have mis-singly noted, he is of late much retired from court and is less frequent to his princely exercises than formerly he hath appeared.

Pol. I have considered so much, Camillo, and with some care; so far that I have eyes under my service which look upon his removedness; from whom I have this intelligence, that he is seldom from the house of a most homely shepherd; a man, they say, that from very nothing, and beyond the imagination of his neighbours, is grown into an unspeakable estate.

Cam. I have heard, sir, of such a man, who hath a daughter of most rare note: the report of her is extended more than can be thought to begin from such a cottage.

Pol. That's likewise part of my intelligence; but, I fear, the angle that plucks our son thither. Thou shalt accompany us to the place; where we will, not appearing what we are, have some question with the shepherd; from whose simplicity I think it not uneasy to get the cause of my son's resort thither. Prithce, be my present partner in this business, and lay aside the thoughts of Sicilia.

Cam. I willingly obey your command.

Pol. My best Camillo! We must disguise ourselves.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III. *A road near the Shepherd's cottage.*

Enter AUTOLYCUS, very ragged, singing.

When daffodils begin to peer,
With heigh! the doxy over the dale,
Why, then comes in the sweet o' the year;
For the red blood reigns in the winter's pale.

The white sheet bleaching on the hedge,
With heigh! the sweet birds, O, how they sing!
Doth set my pugging tooth on edge;
For a quart of ale is a dish for a king.

The lark, that tirra-lyra chants,
With heigh! with heigh! the thrush and the jay, 10
Are summer songs for me and my aunts,
While we lie tumbling in the hay.

I have serv'd Prince Florizel, and in my time wore three-pile;
but now I am out of service:

But shall I go mourn for that, my dear?
The pale moon shines by night:

³⁹ *the angle that plucks*: a very forced expression for, the bait that lures.

⁴ *the winter's pale* = the bounds or limits of winter.

⁷ *pugging* = thieving; cant.

¹¹ *aunts* = ladies not of the straitest conduct.

¹³ *three-pile* = the richest velvet.

And when I wander here and there,
I then do most go right.

If tinkers may have leave to live,
And bear the sow-skin budget,
Then my account I well may give,
And in the stocks avouch it.

20

My traffic is sheets; when the kite builds, look to lesser linen. My father named me Autolycus, who being, as I am, litter'd under Mercury, was likewise a snapper-up of unconsidered trifles. With die and drab I purchas'd this caparison, and my revenue is the silly cheat. Gallows and knock are too powerful on the highway: beating and hanging are terrors to me: for the life to come, I sleep out the thought of it. A prize! a prize!

30

Enter Clown.

Clo. Let me see: every 'leven wether tods; every tod yields pound and odd shilling; fifteen hundred shorn, what comes the wool to?

Aut. [*Aside.*] If the springe hold, the cock's mine.

Clo. I cannot do 't without counters. Let me see; what am I to buy for our sheep-shearing feast? Three pound of sugar, five pound of currants, rice, —what will this sister of mine do with rice? But my father hath made her mistress of the feast, and she lays it on. She hath made me four and twenty nose-gays for the shearers, three-man song-men all, and very good ones; but they are most of them means and bases; but one puritan amongst them, and he sings psalms to hornpipes. I must have saffron to colour the warden pies; mace; dates? — none, that's out of my note; nutmegs, seven; a race or two of ginger, but that I may beg; four pounds of prunes, and as many of raisins o' th' sun.

Aut. O that ever I was born!

[*Groveling on the ground.*]

Clo. I' th' name of me —

Aut. O, help me, help me! pluck but off these rags; and then, death, death!

50

Clo. Alack, poor soul! thou hast need of more rags to lay on thee, rather than have these off.

Aut. O sir, the loathsomeness of them offends me more than the stripes I have received, which are mighty ones and millions.

Clo. Alas, poor man! a million of beating may come to a great matter.

³¹ *tods*: a tod was twenty-eight pounds of wool.

⁴⁰ *three-man song-men* = men who could sing their parts in a three-part glee or catch.

⁴¹ *means* = tenors.

⁴³ *warden pies* = pies made of warden pears.

⁴⁴ *my note* = my charge; the matters of which I am to take note. *race* = root.

⁴⁶ *raisins o' th' sun* = currants. The Eastern currants, so called, of which puddings are made, are a kind of small grape.

Aut. I am robb'd, sir, and beaten; my money and apparel ta'en from me, and these detestable things put upon me.

Clo. What, by a horseman, or a footman?

Aut. A footman, sweet sir, a footman. 60

Clo. Indeed, he should be a footman by the garments he has left with thee: if this be a horseman's coat, it hath seen very hot service. Lend me thy hand, I'll help thee: come, lend me thy hand.

Aut. O, good sir, tenderly, O!

Clo. Alas, poor soul!

Aut. O, good sir, softly, good sir! I fear, sir, my shoulder-blade is out.

Clo. How now! canst stand? 69

Aut. [*Picking his pocket.*] Softly, dear sir; good sir, softly. You ha' done me a charitable office.

Clo. Dost lack any money? I have a little money for thee.

Aut. No, good sweet sir; no, I beseech you, sir: I have a kinsman not past three quarters of a mile hence, unto whom I was going: I shall there have money, or any thing I want: offer me no money, I pray you; that kills my heart.

Clo. What manner of fellow was he that robb'd you?

Aut. A fellow, sir, that I have known to go about with troll-my-dames: I knew him once a servant of the prince: I cannot tell, good sir, for which of his virtues it was, but he was certainly whipp'd out of the court. 81

Clo. His vices, you would say; there's no virtue whipp'd out of the court: they cherish it to make it stay there; and yet it will no more but abide.

Aut. Vices, I would say, sir; I know this man well: he hath been since an ape-bearer; then a process-server, a bailiff; then he compass'd a motion of the Prodigal Son, and married a tinker's wife within a mile where my land and living lies; and, having flown over many knavish professions, he settled only in rogue: some call him Autolycus. 90

Clo. Out upon him! prig, for my life, prig: he haunts wakes, fairs and bear-baitings.

Aut. Very true, sir; he, sir, he; that's the rogue that put me into this apparel.

Clo. Not a more cowardly rogue in all Bohemia: if you had but look'd big and spit at him, he'd have run.

Aut. I must confess to you, sir, I am no fighter: I am false of heart that way; and that he knew, I warrant him.

Clo. How do you now? 99

Aut. Sweet sir, much better than I was; I can stand and

⁷⁸ *troll-my-dames* = a game otherwise called pigeon-holes.

⁸⁷ *a motion* = a puppet show.

walk : I will even take my leave of you, and pace softly towards my kinsman's.

Clo. Shall I bring thee on the way ?

Aut. No, good-fac'd sir ; no, sweet sir.

Clo. Then fare thee well : I must go buy spices for our sheep-shearing.

Aut. Prosper you, sweet sir ! [*Exit Clown.*] Your purse is not hot enough to purchase your spice. I'll be with you at your sheep-shearing too : if I make not this cheat bring out another and the shearers prove sheep, let me be unroll'd and my name put in the book of virtue !

111

[*Sings.*] Jog on, jog on, the foot-path way,
And merrily hent the stile-a :
A merry heart goes all the day,
Your sad tires in a mile-a.

Exit.

SCENE IV. *Bohemia. The Shepherd's cottage.*

Enter FLORIZEL and PERDITA.

Flo. These your unusual weeds to each part of you
Do give a life : no shepherdess, but Flora,
'Pearing in April's front. This your sheep-shearing
Is as a meeting of the petty gods,
And you the queen on 't.

Per. Sir, my gracious lord,
To chide at your extremes it not becomes me :
O, pardon, that I name them ! Your high self,
The gracious mark o' th' land, you have obscur'd
With a swain's wearing, and me, poor lowly maid,
Most goddess-like prank'd up. But that our feasts
In every mess have folly and the feeders
Digest it with a custom, I should blush
To see you so attir'd : sworn, I think,
To show myself a glass.

10

Flo. I bless the time
When my good falcon made her flight across
Thy father's ground.

Per. Now Jove afford you cause !
To me the difference forges dread ; your greatness
Hath not been us'd to fear. Even now I tremble
To think your father, by some accident,
Should pass this way as you did : O, the Fates !
How would he look, to see his work so noble
Vilely bound up ? What would he say ? Or how

20

¹¹⁰ *unroll'd* : that is, from the roll of rogues.

¹¹³ *hent* = lay hold of ; from *hentan*, A. S. = to take. These lines are part of an old round for three voices.

¹ *weeds* = clothes.

Should I, in these my borrow'd flaunts, behold
The sternness of his presence ?

Flo. Apprehend
Nothing but jollity. The gods themselves,
Humbling their deities to love, have taken
The shapes of beasts upon them : Jupiter
Became a bull, and bellow'd ; the green Neptune
A ram, and bleated ; and the fire-rob'd god,
Golden Apollo, a poor humble swain,
As I seem now. Their transformations
Were never for a piece of beauty rarer,
Nor in a way so chaste, since my desires
Run not before mine honour, nor my lusts
Burn hotter than my faith.

Per. O, but, sir,
Your resolution cannot hold, when 't is
Oppos'd, as it must be, by th' power of th' King :
One of these two must be necessities,
Which then will speak, that you must change this purpose,
Or I my life.

Flo. Thou dearest Perdita,
With these forc'd thoughts, I prithee, darken not
The mirth o' th' feast. Or I'll be thine, my fair,
Or not my father's. For I cannot be
Mine own, nor any thing to any, if
I be not thine. To this I am most constant,
Though destiny say no. Be merry, gentle ;
Strangle such thoughts as these with any thing
That you behold the while. Your guests are coming :
Lift up your countenance, as it were the day
Of celebration of that nuptial which
We two have sworn shall come.

Per. O lady Fortune,
Stand you auspicious !

Flo. See, your guests approach :
Address yourself to entertain them sprightly,
And let 's be red with mirth.

Enter Shepherd, Clown, MOPSA, DORCAS, and others, with POLIXENES and CAMILLO disguised.

Shep. Fie, daughter ! when my old wife liv'd, upon
This day she was both pantler, butler, cook,
Both dame and servant ; welcom'd all, serv'd all ;
Would sing her song and dance her turn ; now here,
At upper end o' th' table, now i' th' middle ;
On his shoulder, and his ; her face o' fire
With labour : and the thing she took to quench it,

She would to each one sip. You are retired,
 As if you were a feasted one and not
 The hostess of the meeting: pray you, bid
 These unknown friends to 's welcome; for it is
 A way to make us better friends, more known.
 Come, quench your blushes, and present yourself
 That which you are, mistress o' the feast: come on,
 And bid us welcome to your sheep-shearing,
 As your good flock shall prosper.

Per. [To *Pol.*] Sir, welcome:

70

It is my father's will I should take on me
 The hostess-ship o' th' day. [To *Cam.*] You're welcome, sir.
 Give me those flowers there, Dorcas. Reverend sirs,
 For you there's rosemary and rue; these keep
 Seeming and savour all the winter long:
 Grace and remembrance be to you both,
 And welcome to our shearing!

Pol. Shepherdess, —

A fair one are you — well you fit our ages
 With flowers of winter.

Per. Sir, the year growing ancient,

Not yet on summer's death, nor on the birth
 Of trembling winter, the fairest flowers o' th' season
 Are our carnations and streak'd gillyvors,
 Which some call nature's bastards: of that kind
 Our rustic garden's barren; and I care not
 To get slips of them.

80

Pol. Wherefore, gentle maiden,

Do you neglect them?

Per. For I have heard it said

There is an art which in their piedness shares
 With great creating nature.

Pol. Say there be;

Yet nature is made better by no mean
 But nature makes that mean: so, over that art
 Which you say adds to nature, is an art
 That nature makes. You see, sweet maid, we marry
 A gentler scion to the wildest stock,
 And make conceive a bark of baser kind
 By bud of nobler race: this is an art
 Which does mend nature, change it rather, but
 The art itself is nature.

90

⁸² *gillyvors*: corruptly called gilliflowers.

⁸⁹ *Yet nature is made better, etc.* It is no part of an editor's function to utter notes of admiration; but being obliged to point out so many instances of loose and reckless writing in this play, I may be pardoned for calling attention to the marvellous skill and ease with which a profound philosophy of nature is wrought out in this speech, with a union of all the precision of science and all the possible grace of poetry. Yet it is but one of the lesser stars in the heaven of this scene.

Per. So it is.

Pol. Then make your garden rich in gillyvors,
And do not call them bastards.

Per. I'll not put
The dibble in earth to set one slip of them ;
No more than were I painted I would wish
This youth should say 't were well and only therefore
Desire to breed by me. Here's flowers for you ;
Hot lavender, mints, savory, marjoram ;
The marigold, that goes to bed wi' th' sun
And with him rises weeping : these are flowers
Of middle summer, and I think they are given,
To men of middle age. You're very welcome.

100

Cam. I should leave grazing, were I of your flock,
And only live by gazing.

Per. Out, alas !
You 'ld be so lean, that blasts of January
Would blow you through and through. Now, my fair'st friend,
I would I had some flowers o' th' spring that might
Become your time of day ; and yours, and yours,
That wear upon your virgin branches yet
Your maidenheads growing : O Proserpina,
For the flowers now, that frightened thou let'st fall
From Dis's waggon ! daffodils,
That come before the swallow dares, and take
The winds of March with beauty ; violets dim,
But sweeter than the lids of Juno's eyes
Or Cytherea's breath ; pale primroses,
That die unmarried, ere they can behold
Bright Phœbus in his strength — a malady
Most incident to maids ; bold oxlips and
The crown imperial ; lilies of all kinds,
The flower-de-luce being one ! O, these I lack,
To make you garlands of, and my sweet friend,
To strew him o'er and o'er !

110

120

Flo. What, like a corse ?

Per. No, like a bank for love to lie and play on ;
Not like a corse ; or if, not to be buried,
But quick and in mine arms. Come, take your flowers :
Methinks I play as I have seen them do
In Whitsun pastorals : sure this robe of mine
Does change my disposition.

130

Flo. What you do
Still betters what is done. When you speak, sweet,
I 'ld have you do it ever : when you sing,

¹⁰⁵ *marigold* = the sun-flower.

¹³² *quick* = alive.

I 'ld have you buy and sell so, so give alms,
 Pray so ; and for the ord'ring your affairs,
 To sing them too : when you do dance, I wish you 140
 A wave o' the sea, that you might ever do
 Nothing but that ; move still, still so,
 And own no other function : each your doing,
 So singular in each particular,
 Crowns what you are doing in the present deed,
 That all your acts are queens.

Per.

O Doricles,

Your praises are too large : but that your youth,
 And the true blood which peepeth fairly through 't,
 Do plainly give you out an unstain'd shepherd,
 With wisdom I might fear, my Doricles, 150
 You woo'd me the false way.

Flo.

I think you have

As little skill to fear as I have purpose
 To put you to 't. But come ; our dance, I pray :
 Your hand, my Perdita : so turtles pair,
 That never mean to part.

Per.

I 'll swear for 'em.

Pol. This is the prettiest low-born lass that ever
 Ran on the green-sward : nothing she does or seems
 But smacks of something greater than herself,
 Too noble for this place.

Cam.

He tells her something

That makes her blood look out : good sooth, she is 160
 The queen of curds and cream.

Clo.

Come on, strike up !

Dor. Mopsa must be your mistress : marry, garlic,
 To mend her kissing with !

Mop.

Now, in good time !

Clo. Not a word, a word ; we stand upon our manners.
 Come, strike up ! [Music. Here a dance of Shepherds and Shepherdesses.]

Pol. Pray, good shepherd, what fair swain is this
 Which dances with your daughter ?

Shep. They call him Doricles ; and boasts himself
 To have a worthy feeding : but I have it
 Upon his own report, and I believe it ; 170
 He looks like sooth. He says he loves my daughter :
 I think so too ; for never gaz'd the moon
 Upon the water as he 'll stand and read
 As 't were my daughter's eyes : and, to be plain,
 I think there is not half a kiss to choose
 Who loves another best.

¹⁶⁰ but *I have it* = I but have it, I have it only.

¹⁷¹ *like sooth* : like truth.

Pol.

She dances featly.

Shep. So she does any thing; though I report it,
That should be silent: if young Doricles
Do light upon her, she shall bring him that
Which he not dreams of.

180

Enter Servant.

Serv. O master, if you did but hear the pedlar at the door,
you would never dance again after a tabor and pipe; no, the
bagpipe could not move you: he sings several tunes faster than
you'll tell money; he utters them as he had eaten ballads and
all men's ears grew to his tunes.

Clo. He could never come better; he shall come in. I love
a ballad but even too well, if it be doleful matter merrily set
down, or a very pleasant thing indeed and sung lamentably.

Serv. He hath songs for man or woman, of all sizes; no
milliner can so fit his customers with gloves: he has the pret-
tiest love-songs for maids; so without bawdry, which is strange;
with such delicate burthens of dildos and fadings, "jump her
and thump her;" and where some stretch-mouth'd rascal would,
as it were, mean mischief and break a foul jape into the matter,
he makes the maid to answer "Whoop, do me no harm, good
man;" puts him off, slights him, with "Whoop, do me no harm,
good man."

Pol. This is a brave fellow.

Clo. Believe me, thou talkest of an admirable conceited fel-
low. Has he any unbraided wares? 200

Serv. He hath ribbons of all the colours i' th' rainbow; points
more than all the lawyers in Bohemia can learnedly handle,
though they come to him by the gross: inkles, caddisses, cam-
brics, lawns: why, he sings 'em over as they were gods or god-
desses; you would think a smock were a she-angel, he so chants
to the sleeve-hand and the work about the square on't.

Clo. Prithee bring him in; and let him approach singing.

Per. Forewarn him that he use no scurrilous words in's
tunes. [Exit Servant.]

Clo. You have of these pedlars, that have more in them than
you'd think, sister. 211

Per. Ay, good brother, or go about to think.

Enter AUTOLYCUS, singing.

Lawn as white as driven snow;
Cyprus black as e'er was crow;

¹⁹⁰ milliner. Men were milliners in S.'s day.

¹⁹² dildos and fadings: coarse words often made the burdens of old songs.

¹⁹⁴ jape = coarse jest. The word had a very indecent sense.

²⁰⁰ unbraided: possibly honest, trustworthy; but more probably the clown is made,
in S.'s manner, to say unbraided, for embroidered, that is, braided.

²⁰¹ points = the tags by which doublet and hose were tied together.

²⁰³ inkle = tape. caddis = crewel.

²⁰⁶ sleeve-hand = cuff. square = bosom.

Gloves as sweet as damask roses ;
 Masks for faces and for noses ;
 Bugle bracelet, necklace amber,
 Perfume for a lady's chamber ;
 Golden quoifs and stomachers,
 For my lads to give their dears : 220
 Pins and poking-sticks of steel,
 What maids lack from head to heel :
 Come buy of me, come ; come buy, come buy,
 Buy, lads, or else your lasses cry :
 Come buy.

Clo. If I were not in love with Mopsa, thou shouldst take no money of me ; but being enthrall'd as I am, it will also be the bondage of certain ribbons and gloves.

Mop. I was promis'd them against the feast ; but they come not too late now. 230

Dor. He hath promis'd you more than that, or there be liars.

Mop. He hath paid you all he promis'd you : may be he has paid you more which will shame you to give him again.

Clo. Is there no manners left among maids ? will they wear their plackets where they should bear their faces ? Is there not milking-time, when you are going to bed, or kiln-hole, to whistle off these secrets, but you must be tittle-tattling before all our guests ? 't is well they are whisp'ring : charm your tongues, and not a word more. 240

Mop. I have done. Come, you promis'd me a tawdry-lace and a pair of sweet gloves.

Clo. Have I not told thee how I was cozen'd by the way and lost all my money ?

Aut. And indeed, sir, there are cozeners abroad ; therefore it behoves men to be wary.

Clo. Fear not thou, man, thou shalt lose nothing here.

Aut. I hope so, sir ; for I have about me many parcels of charge.

Clo. What hast here ? ballads ? 250

Mop. Pray now, buy some : I love a ballad in print o' life, for then we are sure they are true.

Aut. Here's one to a very doleful tune, how a usurer's wife was brought to bed of twenty money-bags at a burthen and how she long'd to eat adders' heads and toads carbonado'd.

Mop. Is it true, think you ?

²¹⁵ *Gloves as sweet.* In S.'s day gloves (worn only by the rich and dainty) were usually perfumed.

²³⁰ *plackets.* Modern notions of decorum forbid the very discussion here of the meaning of this word in the Clown's mouth on the present occasion : which, however, the form of his reproof may render superfluous.

²⁵⁰ *charm your tongues.* So in *Othello*, Act V. Sc. 1, "Go to, charm your tongue." "I will not charm my tongue : I am bound to speak." The folio has "clamor your tongues," all attempts to explain which have been futile.

Aut. Very true, and but a month old.

Dor. Bless me from marrying a usurer!

Aut. Here's the midwife's name to't, one Mistress Tale-porter, and five or six honest wives that were present. Why should I carry lies abroad? 261

Mop. 'Pray you now, buy it.

Clo. Come on, lay it by: and let's first see moe ballads; we'll buy the other things anon.

Aut. Here's another ballad of a fish, that appeared upon the coast on Wednesday the fourscore of April, forty thousand fathom above water, and sung this ballad against the hard hearts of maids: it was thought she was a woman and was turned into a cold fish for she would not exchange flesh with one that lov'd her: the ballad is very pitiful and as true. 270

Dor. Is it true too, think you?

Aut. Five justices' hands at it, and witnesses more than my pack will hold.

Clo. Lay it by too: another.

Aut. This is a merry ballad, but a very pretty one.

Mop. Let's have some merry ones.

Aut. Why, this is a passing merry one and goes to the tune of "Two maids wooing a man:" there's scarce a maid westward but she sings it; 't is in request, I can tell you. 279

Mop. We can both sing it: if thou'lt bear a part, thou shalt hear; 't is in three parts.

Dor. We had the tune on't a month ago.

Aut. I can bear my part; you must know 't is my occupation; have at it with you.

SONG.

A. Get you hence, for I must go
Where it fits not you to know.

D. Whither? *M.* O, whither? *D.* Whither?

M. It becomes thy oath full well,
Thou to me thy secrets tell.

D. Me too, let me go thither. 290

M. Or thou goest to the grange or mill.

D. If to either, thou dost ill.

A. Neither. *D.* What, neither? *A.* Neither.

D. Thou hast sworn my love to be.

M. Thou hast sworn it more to me:

Then whither goest? say, whither?

Clo. We'll have this song out anon by ourselves: my father and the gentlemen are in sad talk, and we'll not trouble them. Come, bring away thy pack after me. Wenches, I'll buy for you both. Pedlar, let's have the first choice. Follow me, girls.

[Exit with Dorcas and Mopsa.]

Aut. And you shall pay well for 'em.

[Follows singing.

Will you buy any tape,
Or lace for your cape,
My dainty duck, my dear-a ?
Any silk, any thread,
Any toys for your head,
Of the new'st and finest, finest wear-a ?
Come to the pedlar ;
Money's a medler,
That doth utter all men's ware-a.

310
[Exit.

Re-enter Servant.

Serv. Master, there is three carters, three shepherds, three neat-herds, three swine-herds, that have made themselves all men of hair, they call themselves Saltiers, and they have a dance which the wenches say is a gallimaufry of gambols, because they are not in 't; but they themselves are o' th' mind, if it be not too rough for some that know little but bowling, it will please plentifully.

Shep. Away ! we'll none on 't: here has been too much homely foolery already. I know, sir, we weary you. 320

Pol. You weary those that refresh us: pray, let's see these four threes of herdsmen.

Serv. One three of them, by their own report, sir, hath danc'd before the King; and not the worst of the three but jumps twelve foot and a half by th' squire.

Shep. Leave your prating: since these good men are pleas'd, let them come in; but quickly now.

Serv. Why, they stay at door, sir.

[Exit.

Here a dance of twelve Satyrs.

Pol. O, father, you'll know more of that hereafter. 329

[To Cam.] Is it not too far gone? 'Tis time to part them.

He's simple and tells much. [To Flor.] How now, fair shepherd !

Your heart is full of something that does take
Your mind from feasting. Sooth, when I was young
And handed love as you do, I was wont
To load my she with knacks: I would have ransack'd
The pedlar's silken treasury and have pour'd it
To her acceptance; you have let him go
And nothing marted with him. If your lass
Interpretation should abuse and call this
Your lack of love or bounty, you were straited
For a reply; at least if you make a care
Of happy holding her.

340

³¹⁴ *men of hair*: that is, satyrs. *Saltiers* is to be pronounced with *l* silent, as in *psalm* and *salvage*, the *l* merely broadening the *a*.

³¹⁵ *gallimaufry* = hodge-podge.

³¹⁷ *know little but bowling*. Bowls was a rough game.

³²⁵ *squire* = square, or foot rule.

Flo. Old sir, I know
She prizes not such trifles as these are :
The gifts she looks from me are pack'd and lock'd
Up in my heart ; which I have given already,
But not deliver'd. O, hear me breathe my life
Before this ancient sir, who, it should seem,
Hath sometime lov'd ! I take thy hand, this hand,
As soft as dove's down and as white as it,
Or Ethiopian's tooth, or the fann'd snow that's bolted
By the northern blasts twice o'er.

350

Pol. What follows this ?
How prettily the young swain seems to wash
The hand was fair before ! I have put you out :
But to your protestation ; let me hear
What you profess.

Flo. Do, and be witness to 't.

Pol. And this my neighbour too ?

Flo. And he, and more
Than he, and men, the earth, the heavens, and all :
That, were I crown'd the most imperial monarch,
Thereof most worthy, were I the fairest youth
That ever made eye swerve, had force and knowledge
More than was ever man's, I would not prize them
Without her love ; for her employ them all ;
Commend them and condemn them to her service
Or to their own perdition.

360

Pol. Fairly offer'd.

Cam. This shows a sound affection.

Shep. But, my daughter,
Say you the like to him ?

Per. I cannot speak
So well, nothing so well ; no, nor mean better :
By the pattern of mine own thoughts I cut out
The purity of his.

Shep. Take hands, a bargain !
And, friends unknown, you shall bear witness to 't :
I give my daughter to him, and will make
Her portion equal his.

370

Flo. O, that must be
I' th' virtue of your daughter : one being dead,
I shall have more than you can dream of yet ;
Enough then for your wonder. But, come on,
Contract us 'fore these witnesses.

Shep. Come, your hand ;
And, daughter, yours.

Pol. Soft, swain, awhile, beseech you ;
Have you a father ?

Flo. I have : but what of him?

Pol. Knows he of this?

Flo. He neither does nor shall.

Pol. Methinks a father

380

Is at the nuptial of his son a guest

That best becomes the table. Pray you once more,

Is not your father grown incapable

Of reasonable affairs? is he not stupid

With age and altering rheums? can he speak? hear?

Know man from man? dispute his own estate?

Lies he not bed-rid? and again does nothing

But what he did being childish?

Flo. No, good sir;

He has his health and ampler strength indeed

Than most have of his age.

Pol. By my white beard,

390

You offer him, if this be so, a wrong

Something unfilial: reason my son

Should choose himself a wife, but as good reason

The father, all whose joy is nothing else

But fair posterity, should hold some counsel

In such a business.

Flo. I yield all this;

But for some other reasons, my grave sir,

Which 't is not fit you know, I not acquaint

My father of this business.

Pol. Let him know 't.

Flo. He shall not.

Pol. Prithee, let him.

Flo. No, he must not. 400

Shep. Let him, my son: he shall not need to grieve

At knowing of thy choice.

Flo. Come, come, he must not.

Mark our contract.

Pol. Mark your divorce, young sir.

[Discovering himself.]

Whom son I dare not call; thou art too base

To be acknowledg'd: thou a sceptre's heir,

That thus affect'st a sheep-hook! Thou old traitor,

I am sorry that by hanging thee I can

But shorten thy life one week. And thou, fresh piece

Of excellent witchcraft, who of force must know

The royal fool thou cop'st with, —

Shep. O, my heart!

410

Pol. I'll have thy beauty scratch'd with briers, and made

302 *reason my son should choose, etc.* = it is reasonable my son should choose, etc.

More homely than thy state. For thee, fond boy,
 If I may ever know thou dost but sigh
 That thou no more shalt see this knack, as never
 I mean thou shalt, we'll bar thee from succession;
 Not hold thee of our blood, no, not our kin,
 Far'r than Deucalion off: mark thou my words:
 Follow us to the court. Thou churl, for this time,
 Though full of our displeasure, yet we free thee
 From the dead blow of it. And you, enchantment, — 420
 Worthy enough a herdsman; yea, him too,
 That makes himself, but for our honour therein,
 Unworthy thee, — if ever henceforth thou
 These rural latches to his entrance open,
 Or hoop his body more with thy embraces,
 I will devise a death as cruel for thee
 As thou art tender to 't. Exit.

Per. Even here undone!
 I was not much afeard; for once or twice
 I was about to speak and tell him plainly,
 The selfsame sun that shines upon his court 430
 Hides not his visage from our cottage but
 Looks on alike. Will 't please you, sir, be gone?
 I told you what would come of this: beseech you,
 Of your own state take care: this dream of mine, —
 Being now awake, I'll queen it no inch farther,
 But milk my ewes and weep.

Cam. Why, how now, father!
 Speak ere thou diest.

Shep. I cannot speak, nor think,
 Not dare to know that which I know. O sir!
 You have undone a man of fourscore three,
 That thought to fill his grave in quiet, yea, 440
 To die upon the bed my father died,
 To lie close by his honest bones: but now
 Some hangman must put on my shroud and lay me
 Where no priest shovels in dust. O cursed wretch,
 That knew'st this was the prince, and wouldst adventure
 To mingle faith with him! Undone! undone!
 If I might die within this hour, I have liv'd
 To die when I desire. [Exit.

Flo. Why look you so upon me?
 I am but sorry, not afeard; delay'd,
 But nothing alter'd: what I was, I am; 450
 More straining on for plucking back, not following
 My leash unwillingly.

Cam. Gracious my lord,

You know your father's temper : at this time
 He will allow no speech, which I do guess
 You do not purpose to him ; and as hardly
 Will he endure your sight as yet, I fear :
 Then, till the fury of his highness settle,
 Come not before him.

Flo.

I not purpose it.

I think, Camillo ?

Cam.

Even he, my lord.

Per. How often have I told you 't would be thus !

460

How often said, my dignity would last
 But till 't were known !

Flo.

It cannot fail but by

The violation of my faith ; and then
 Let nature crush the sides o' th' earth together
 And mar the seeds within ! Lift up thy looks :
 From my succession wipe me, father ; I
 Am heir to my affection.

Cam.

Be advis'd.

Flo. I am, and by my fancy : if my reason
 Will thereto be obedient, I have reason ;
 If not, my senses, better pleas'd with madness,
 Do bid it welcome.

470

Cam.

This is desperate, sir.

Flo. So call it : but it does fulfil my vow ;
 I needs must think it honesty. Camillo,
 Not for Bohemia, nor the pomp that may
 Be thereat glean'd, for all the sun sees or
 The close earth wombs or the profound sea hides
 In unknown fathoms, will I break my oath
 To this my fair belov'd : therefore, I pray you,
 As you have ever been my father's honour'd friend,
 When he shall miss me, — as, in faith, I mean not
 To see him any more, — cast your good counsels
 Upon his passion : let myself and fortune
 Tug for the time to come. This you may know
 And so deliver ; — I am put to sea
 With her whom here I cannot hold on shore ;
 And most opportune to our need I have
 A vessel rides fast by, but not prepar'd
 For this design. What course I mean to hold
 Shall nothing benefit your knowledge, nor
 Concern me the reporting.

480

Cam.

O my lord !

I would your spirit were easier for advice,
 Or stronger for your need.

490

Flo. Hark, Perdita! [*Drawing her aside.*
I'll hear you [*to Cam.*] by and by.

Cam. He's irremoveable,
Resolv'd for flight. Now were I happy, if
His going I could frame to serve my turn,
Save him from danger, do him love and honour,
Purchase the sight again of dear Sicilia
And that unhappy king, my master, whom
I so much thirst to see.

Flo. Now, good Camillo;
I am so fraught with curious business that
I leave out ceremony. 500

Cam. Sir, I think
You have heard of my poor services, i' th' love
That I have borne your father?

Flo. Very nobly
Have you deserv'd: it is my father's music
To speak your deeds, not little of his care
To have them recompens'd as thought on.

Cam. Well, my lord,
If you may please to think I love the King
And through him what is nearest to him, which is
Your gracious self, embrace but my direction:
If your more ponderous and settled project 510
May suffer alteration, on mine honour,
I'll point you where you shall have such receiving
As shall become your highness; where you may
Enjoy your mistress, from the whom, I see,
There's no disjunction to be made, but by —
As heavens forefend! — your ruin; marry her,
And, with my best endeavours in your absence,
Your discontenting father strive to qualify
And bring him up to liking.

Flo. How, Camillo,
May this, almost a miracle, be done?
That I may call thee something more than man 520
And after that trust to thee.

Cam. Have you thought on
A place whereto you'll go?

Flo. Not any yet:
But as the unthought-on accident is guilty
To what we wildly do, so we profess
Ourselves to be the slaves of chance and flies
Of every wind that blows.

Cam. Then list to me:
This follows, if you will not change your purpose

But undergo this flight, make for Sicilia,
And there present yourself, and your fair princess,
For so I see she must be, 'fore Leontes :
She shall be habited as it becomes
The partner of your bed. Methinks I see
Leontes opening his free arms and weeping
His welcomes forth ; asks thee the son forgiveness,
As 't were i' th' father's person ; kisses the hands
Of your fresh princess ; o'er and o'er divides him
'Twixt his unkindness and his kindness ; the one
He chides to hell and bids the other grow
Faster than thought or time.

Flo.

Worthy Camillo,

540

What colour for my visitation shall I
Hold up before him?

Cam.

Sent by the King your father

To greet him and to give him comforts. Sir,
The manner of your bearing towards him, with
What you as from your father shall deliver,
Things known betwixt us three, I'll write you down :
The which shall point you forth at every sitting
What you must say ; that he shall not perceive
But that you have your father's bosom there
And speak his very heart.

Flo.

I am bound to you :

550

There is some sap in this.

Cam.

A cause more promising

Than a wild dedication of yourselves
To unpath'd waters, undream'd shores, most certain
To miseries enough ; no hope to help you,
But as you shake off one to take another ;
Nothing so certain as your anchors, who
Do their best office, if they can but stay you
Where you 'll be loath to be : besides you know
Prosperity 's the very bond of love,
Whose fresh complexion and whose heart together
Affliction alters.

Per.

One of these is true:

I think affliction may subdue the cheek,
But not take in the mind.

Cam.

Yea, say you so?

There shall not at your father's house these seven years
Be born another such.

Flo.

My good Camillo,

She is as forward of her breeding as
She is i' th' rear 'f our birth.

Cam. I cannot say 't is pity
She lacks instructions, for she seems a mistress
To most that teach.

Per. Your pardon, sir ; for this
I'll blush you thanks.

Flo. My prettiest Perdita !
But O, the thorns we stand upon ! Camillo,
Preserver of my father, now of me,
The medicine of our house, how shall we do ?
We are not furnish'd like Bohemia's son,
Nor shall appear in Sicilia.

570

Cam. My lord,
Fear none of this : I think you know my fortunes
Do all lie there : it shall be so my care
To have you royally appointed as if
The scene you play were mine. For instance, sir,
That you may know you shall not want, one word.

580

[*They talk aside.*]

Re-enter AUTOLYCUS.

Aut. Ha, ha ! what a fool Honesty is ! and Trust, his sworn brother, a very simple gentleman ! I have sold all my trumpery ; not a counterfeit stone, not a ribbon, glass, pomander, brooch, table-book, ballad, knife, tape, glove, shoe-tie, bracelet, horn-ring, to keep my pack from fasting : they throng who should buy first, as if my trinkets had been hallowed and brought a benediction to the buyer : by which means I saw whose purse was best in picture ; and what I saw, to my good use I remember'd. My clown, who wants but something to be a reasonable man, grew so in love with the wenches' song, that he would not stir his pettitoes till he had both tune and words ; which so drew the rest of the herd to me that all their other senses stuck in ears : you might have pinched a placket, it was senseless ; 't was nothing to geld a codpiece of a purse ; I could have fil'd keys off that hung in chains : no hearing, no feeling, but my sir's song, and admiring the noting of it. So that in this time of lethargy I pick'd and cut most of their festival purses ; and had not the old man come in with a whoo-bub against his daughter and the King's son and scar'd my choughs from the chaff, I had not left a purse alive in the whole army.

[*Camillo, Florizel, and Perdita come forward.*]

Cam. Nay, but my letters, by this means being there 601
So soon as you arrive, shall clear that doubt.

Flo. And those that you'll procure from King Leontes —

Cam. Shall satisfy your father.

⁵⁷⁵ *Nor shall appear*, etc. = nor shall appear so ; that is, as Bohemia's son should appear ; an example of the carelessness so frequently remarked upon in these notes.

Per.
All that you speak shows fair.

Happy be you!

Cam.

Who have we here?

[*Seeing Autolycus.*]

We'll make an instrument of this, omit
Nothing may give us aid.

Aut. If they have overheard me now, why, hanging.

Cam. How now, good fellow! why shak'st thou so? Fear
not, man; here's no harm intended to thee. 610

Aut. I am a poor fellow, sir.

Cam. Why, be so still; here's nobody will steal that from
thee: yet for the outside of thy poverty we must make an ex-
change; therefore discase thee instantly, — thou must think
there's a necessity in't, — and change garments with this gen-
tleman: though the pennyworth on his side be the worst, yet
hold thee, there's some boot.

Aut. I am a poor fellow, sir. [*Aside.*] I know ye well
enough. 619

Cam. Nay, prithee, dispatch: the gentleman is half flay'd
already.

Aut. Are you in earnest, sir? [*Aside.*] I smell the trick
on't.

Flo. Dispatch, I prithee,

Aut. Indeed, I have had earnest; but I cannot with con-
science take it.

Cam. Unbuckle, unbuckle. [*Florizel and Autolycus exchange garments.*]
Fortunate mistress, — let my prophecy
Come home to ye! — you must retire yourself
Into some covert: take your sweetheart's hat
And pluck it o'er your brows, muffle your face, 630
Dismantle you, and, as you can, disliken
The truth of your own seeming; that you may —
For I do fear eyes over — to shipboard
Get undescri'd.

Per. I see the play so lies
That I must bear a part.

Cam. No remedy.
Have you done there?

Flo. Should I now meet my father,
He would not call me son.

Cam. Nay, you shall have no hat.

[*Giving it to Perdita.*]

Come, lady, come. Farewell, my friend.

Aut.

Adieu, sir.

Flo. O Perdita, what have we twain forgot!
Pray you, a word. 640

Cam. [*Aside.*] What I do next, shall be to tell the King
Of this escape and whither they are bound ;
Wherein my hope is I shall so prevail
To force him after : in whose company
I shall review Sicilia, for whose sight
I have a woman's longing.

Flo. Fortune speed us !

Thus we set on, Camillo, to the sea-side.

Cam. The swifter speed the better.

649

[*Exeunt Florizel, Perdita, and Camillo.*]

Aut. I understand the business, I hear it : to have an open ear, a quick eye, and a nimble hand, is necessary for a cut-purse ; a good nose is requisite also, to smell out work for the other senses. I see this is the time that the unjust man doth thrive. What an exchange had this been without boot ! What a boot is here with this exchange ! Sure the gods do this year connive at us, and we may do any thing extempore. The prince himself is about a piece of iniquity, stealing away from his father with his clog at his heels : if I thought it were a piece of honesty to acquaint the King withal, I would not do 't : I hold it the more knavery to conceal it ; and therein am I constant to my profession.

661

Re-enter Clown and Shepherd.

Aside, aside ; here is more matter for a hot brain : every lane's end, every shop, church, session, hanging, yields a careful man work.

Clo. See, see ; what a man you are now ! There is no other way but to tell the King she's a changeling and none of your flesh and blood.

Shep. Nay, but hear me.

Clo. Nay, but hear me.

Shep. Go to, then.

670

Clo. She being none of your flesh and blood, your flesh and blood has not offended the King ; and so your flesh and blood is not to be punish'd by him. Show those things you found about her, those secret things, all but what she has with her : this being done, let the law go whistle : I warrant you.

Shep. I will tell the King all, every word, yea, and his son's pranks too ; who, I may say, is no honest man, neither to his father nor to me, to go about to make me the King's brother-in-law.

Clo. Indeed, brother-in-law was the farthest off you could have been to him and then your blood had been the dearer by I know how much an ounce.

681

Aut. [*Aside.*] Very wisely, puppies !

Shep. Well, let us to the King : there is that in this fardel will make him scratch his beard.

Aut. [*Aside.*] I know not what impediment this complaint may be to the flight of my master.

Clo. Pray heartily he be at ' palace.

Aut. [*Aside.*] Though I am not naturally honest, I am so sometimes by chance: let me pocket up my pedlar's excrement. [*Takes off his false beard.*] How now, rustics! whither are you bound?

691

Shep. To th' palace, an it like your worship.

Aut. Your affairs there? what, with whom, the condition of that fardel, the place of your dwelling, your names, your ages, of what having, breeding, and any thing that is fitting to be known, discover?

Clo. We are but plain fellows, sir.

Aut. A lie; you are rough and hairy. Let me have no lying: it becomes none but tradesmen, and they often give us soldiers the lie: but we pay them for it with stamped coin, not stabbing steel; therefore they do not give us the lie.

701

Clo. Your worship had like to have given us one, if you had not taken yourself with the manner.

Shep. Are you a courtier, an 't like you, sir?

Aut. Whether it like me or no, I am a courtier. Seest thou not the air of the court in these enfoldings? hath not my gait in it the measure of the court? receives not thy nose court-odour from me? reflect I not on thy baseness court-contempt? Think'st thou, for that I insinuate, or touse from thee thy business, I am therefore no courtier? I am courtier cap-a-pe; and one that will either push on or pluck back thy business there: whereupon I command thee to open thy affair.

Shep. My business, sir, is to the King.

Aut. What advocate hast thou to him?

Shep. I know not, an 't like you.

Clo. Advocate's the court-word for a pheasant: say you have none.

Shep. None, sir; I have no pheasant, cock nor hen.

Aut. How blessed are we that are not simple men! Yet nature might have made me as these are, Therefore I will not disdain.

720

Clo. This cannot be but a great courtier.

Shep. His garments are rich, but he wears them not handsomely.

Clo. He seems to be the more noble in being fantastical: a great man, I'll warrant; I know by the picking on 's teeth.

⁶⁸⁷ 'palace: for the palace; perhaps we should read, th' palace, as below; but the former suits the way in which this play is written and printed.

⁷⁰³ with the manner = in the act.

⁷⁰⁹ or touse = or draw: the best that has been done with the "at toaze" of the folio; but there is probably some undetected corruption.

⁷¹⁵ pheasant. There is here a jingling play on pheasant, peasant, and present.

Aut. The fardel there? what's i' th' fardel? Wherefore that box?

Shep. Sir, there lies such secrets in this fardel and box, which none must know but the King; and which he shall know within this hour, if I may come to the speech of him. 731

Aut. Age, thou hast lost thy labour.

Shep. Why, sir?

Aut. The King is not at the palace; he is gone aboard a new ship to purge melancholy and air himself: for, if thou be'st capable of things serious, thou must know the King is full of grief.

Shep. So 't is said, sir; about his son, that should have married a shepherd's daughter.

Aut. If that shepherd be not in hand-fast, let him fly: the curses he shall have, the tortures he shall feel, will break the back of man, the heart of monster. 741

Clo. Think you so, sir?

Aut. Not he alone shall suffer what wit can make heavy and vengeance bitter; but those that are germane to him, though remov'd fifty times, shall all come under the hangman: which though it be great pity, yet it is necessary. An old sheep-whistling rogue, a ram-tender, to offer to have his daughter come into grace! Some say he shall be ston'd; but that death is too soft for him, say I: draw our throne into a sheep-cote! all deaths are too few, the sharpest too easy. 750

Clo. Has the old man e'er a son, sir, do you hear, an 't like you, sir?

Aut. He has a son, who shall be flay'd alive; then 'nointed over with honey, set on the head of a wasp's nest; then stand till he be three quarters and a dram dead; then recover'd again with aqua-vitæ or some other hot infusion; then, raw as he is, and in the hottest day prognostication proclaims, shall he be set against a brick-wall, the sun looking with a southward eye upon him, where he is to behold him with flies blown to death. But what talk we of these traitorly rascals, whose miseries are to be smil'd at, their offences being so capital? Tell me, for you seem to be honest plain men, what you have to the King: being something gently consider'd, I'll bring you where he is aboard, tender your persons to his presence, whisper him in your behalfs; and if it be in man besides the King to effect your suits, here is man shall do it.

Clo. He seems to be of great authority: close with him, give him gold; and though authority be a stubborn bear, yet he is oft led by the nose with gold: show the inside of your purse to the outside of his hand, and no more ado. Remember "ston'd," and "flay'd alive." 771

739 *hand-fast*: held by a bond given for his appearance.

763 *gently consider'd* = genteelly rewarded.

Shep. An 't please you, sir, to undertake the business for us, here is that gold I have: I'll make it as much more and leave this young man in pawn till I bring it you.

Aut. After I have done what I promised?

Shep. Ay, sir.

Aut. Well, give me the moiety. Are you a party in this business?

Clo. In some sort, sir: but though my case be a pitiful one, I hope I shall not be flay'd out of it. 780

Aut. O, that's the case of the shepherd's son: hang him, he'll be made an example.

Clo. Comfort, good comfort! We must to the King and show our strange sights: he must know 't is none of your daughter nor my sister; we are gone else. Sir, I will give you as much as this old man does when the business is performed, and remain, as he says, your pawn till it be brought you.

Aut. I will trust you. Walk before toward the sea-side: go on the right hand: I will but look upon the hedge and follow you. 790

Clo. We are blest in this man, as I may say, even blest.

Shep. Let's before as he bids us: he was provided to do us good.

[*Exeunt Shepherd and Clown.*]

Aut. If I had a mind to be honest, I see Fortune would not suffer me; she drops booties in my mouth. I am courted now with a double occasion, gold and a means to do the prince my master good; which who knows how that may turn back to my advancement? I will bring these two moles, these blind ones, aboard him: if he think it fit to shore them again and that the complaint they have to the King concerns him nothing, let him call me rogue for being so far officious; for I am proof against that title and what shame else belongs to 't. To him will I present them: there may be matter in it. [Exit.]

ACT V.

SCENE I. *A room in LEONTES' palace.*

Enter LEONTES, CLEOMENES, DION, PAULINA, and Servants.

Cleo. Sir, you have done enough, and have perform'd
A saint-like sorrow: no fault could you make,
Which you have not redeem'd; indeed, paid down
More penitence than done trespass: at the last
Do as the heavens have done, forget your evil;
With them forgive yourself.

Leon.

Whilst I remember

770 *case*: a play upon *case* = skin, and *case* = affair.

Her and her virtues, I cannot forget
My blemishes in them, and so still think of
The wrong I did myself ; which was so much,
That heirless it hath made my kingdom and
Destroy'd the sweet'st companion that e'er man
Bred his hopes out of.

10

Paul. True, too true, my lord :
If, one by one, you wedded all the world,
Or from the all that are took something good,
To make a perfect woman, she you kill'd
Would be unparallel'd.

Leon. I think so. Kill'd !
She I kill'd ! I did so : but thou strik'st me
Sorely, to say I did ; it is as bitter
Upon thy tongue as in my thought : now, good, now,
Say so but seldom.

Cleo. Not at all, good lady :
You might have spoken a thousand things that would
Have done the time more benefit and grac'd
Your kindness better.

20

Paul. You are one of those
Would have him wed again.

Dion. If you would not so,
You pity not the state, nor the remembrance
Of his most sovereign name ; consider little
What dangers, by his highness' fail of issue,
May drop upon his kingdom and devour
Uncertain lookers on. What were more holy
Than to rejoice the former queen is well ?
What holier than, for royalty's repair,
For present comfort and for future good,
To bless the bed of majesty again
With a sweet fellow to 't ?

30

Paul. There is none worthy,
Respecting her that's gone. Besides, the gods
Will have fulfill'd their secret purposes ;
For has not the divine Apollo said,
Is 't not the tenour of his oracle,
That King Leontes shall not have an heir
Till his lost child be found ? which that it shall,
Is all as monstrous to our human reason
As my Antigonus to break his grave
And come again to me ; who, on my life,
Did perish with the infant. 'T is your counsel
My lord should to the heavens be contrary,

40

¹⁰ *good, now* : that is, my good friend, etc. ; as in *The Tempest*, Act I. Sc. 1, line 14. and elsewhere.

Oppose against their wills. [*To Leontes.*] Care not for issue ;
The crown will find an heir : great Alexander
Left his to the worthiest ; so his successor
Was like to be the best.

Leon. Good Paulina,
Who hast the memory of Hermione, 50
I know, in honour, O, that ever I
Had squar'd me to thy counsel ! then, even now,
I might have look'd upon my queen's full eyes,
Have taken treasure from her lips —

Paul. And left them
More rich for what they yielded.

Leon. Thou speak'st truth.
No more such wives ; therefore, no wife : one worse,
And better us'd, would make her sainted spirit
Again possess her corpse, and on this stage,
(Where we 're offenders now,) appear soul-vex'd,
And begin, " Why to me ? "

Paul. Had she such power, 60
She had just cause.

Leon. She had ; and would incense me
To murder her I married.

Paul. I should so.
Were I the ghost that walk'd, I 'ld bid you mark
Her eye, and tell me for what dull part in 't
You chose her ; then I 'ld shriek, that even your ears
Should rift to hear me ; and the words that follow'd
Should be " Remember mine."

Leon. Stars, stars,
And all eyes else dead coals ! Fear thou no wife ;
I 'll have no wife, Paulina.

Paul. Will your swear 70
Never to marry but by my free leave ?

Leon. Never, Paulina ; so be blest my spirit !

Paul. Then, good my lords, bear witness to his oath.

Cleo. You tempt him over-much.

Paul. Unless another,
As like Hermione as is her picture,
Affront his eye.

Cleo. Good madam, —

Paul. I have done.
Yet, if my lord will marry, — if you will, sir,
No remedy, but you will, — give me the office
To choose you a queen : she shall not be so young
As was your former ; but she shall be such

⁶⁰ *And begin*, etc. : corruption here, which seems to be hopeless.

⁷⁵ *affront* = confront, come before.

As, walk'd your first queen's ghost, it should take joy
To see her in your arms.

80

Leon. My true Paulina,
We shall not marry till thou bid'st us.

Paul. That
Shall be when your first queen's again in breath;
Never till then.

Enter a Gentleman.

Gent. One that gives out himself Prince Florizel,
Son of Polixenes, with his princess, she
The fairest I have yet beheld, desires access
To your high presence.

Leon. What with him? he comes not
Like to his father's greatness: his approach,
So out of circumstance and sudden, tells us
'T is not a visitation fram'd, but forc'd

90

By need and accident. What train?
Gent. But few,
And those but mean.

Leon. His princess, say you, with him?

Gent. Ay, the most peerless piece of earth, I think,
That e'er the sun shone bright on.

Paul. O Hermione,
As every present time doth boast itself
Above a better gone, so must thy grave
Give way to what's seen now! Sir, you yourself
Have said and writ so, but your writing now
Is colder than that theme, "She had not been,
Nor was not to be equal'd;" — thus your verse
Flow'd with her beauty once: 't is shrewdly ebb'd,
To say you have seen a better.

100

Gent. Pardon, madam:
The one I have almost forgot, — your pardon, —
The other, when she has obtain'd your eye,
Will have your tongue too. This is a creature,
Would she begin a sect, might quench the zeal
Of all professors else, make proselytes
Of who she but bid follow.

Paul. How! not women?

Gent. Women will love her, that she is a woman
More worth than any man; men, that she is
The rarest of all women.

110

Leon. Go, Cleomenes;
Yourself, assisted with your honour'd friends,
Bring them to our embracement. Still, 't is strange

[Exeunt Cleomenes and others.]

He thus should steal upon us.

Paul.

Had our prince,
Jewel of children, seen this hour, he had pair'd
Well with this lord : there was not full a month
Between their births.

Leon. Prithee, no more ; cease ; thou know'st
He dies to me again when talk'd of : sure,
When I shall see this gentleman, thy speeches
Will bring me to consider that which may
Unfurnish me of reason. They are come.

120

Re-enter CLEOMENES and others, with FLORIZEL and PERDITA.

Your mother was most true to wedlock, prince ;
For she did print your royal father off,
Conceiving you : were I but twenty-one,
Your father's image is so hit in you,
His very air, that I should call you brother,
As I did him, and speak of something wildly
By us perform'd before. Most dearly welcome !
And your fair princess, — goddess ! — O, alas !
I lost a couple, that 'twixt heaven and earth
Might thus have stood begetting wonder as
You, gracious couple, do : and then I lost —
All mine own folly — the society,
Amity too, of your brave father, whom,
Though bearing misery, I desire my life
Once more to look on him.

130

*Flo.**By his command*

Have I here touch'd Sicilia, and from him
Give you all greetings that a king, at friend,
Can send his brother : and, but infirmity
Which waits upon worn times hath something seiz'd
His wish'd ability, he had himself
The lands and waters 'twixt your throne and his
Measur'd to look upon you ; whom he loves —
He bade me say so — more than all the sceptres
And those that bear them living.

140

*Leon.**O my brother,*

Good gentleman ! the wrongs I have done thee stir
Afresh within me, and these thy offices,
So rarely kind, are as interpreters
Of my behind-hand slackness. Welcome hither,
As is the spring to th' earth. And hath he too
Expos'd this paragon to the fearful usage,
(At best ungentle,) of the dreadful Neptune,
To greet a man not worth her pains, much less
The adventure of her person ?

150

¹⁵¹ *At best ungentle.* Perhaps I should say that the folio reads, "At least," etc., which just possibly may be right.

Flo. Good my lord,
She came from Libya.

Leon. Where the warlike Smalus,
That noble honour'd lord, is fear'd and lov'd?

Flo. Most royal sir, from thence; from him, whose daughter
His tears proclaim'd his, parting with her: thence, 160
A prosperous south-wind friendly, we have cross'd,
To execute the charge my father gave me
For visiting your Highness: my best train
I have from your Sicilian shores dismiss'd;
Who for Bohemia bend, to signify
Not only my success in Libya, sir,
But my arrival and my wife's in safety
Here where we are.

Leon. The blessed gods
Purge all infection from our air whilst you
Do climate here! You have a holy father, 170
A graceful gentleman; against whose person,
So sacred as it is, I have done sin:
For which the heavens, taking angry note,
Have left me issueless; and your father's blest,
As he from heaven merits it, with you
Worthy his goodness. What might I have been,
Might I a son and daughter now have look'd on,
Such goodly things as you!

Enter a Lord.

Lord. Most noble sir,
That which I shall report will bear no credit,
Were not the proof so nigh. Please you, great sir, 180
Bohemia greets you from himself by me;
Desires you to attach his son, who has—
His dignity and duty both cast off—
Fled from his father, from his hopes, and with
A shepherd's daughter.

Leon. Where's Bohemia? speak.

Lord. Here in your city; I now came from him:
I speak amazedly; and it becomes
My marvel and my message. To your court
Whiles he was hastening, in the chase, it seems,
Of this fair couple, meets he on the way 190
The father of this seeming lady and
Her brother, having both their country quitted
With this young prince.

¹⁵⁷ *Smalus*. Who *Smalus* was S. may possibly have known. I remember no other mention of him.

¹⁷⁰ *climate*: an amazing and utterly reckless use of this noun in a verbal sense, to mean, dwell in our air.

Flo. Camillo has betray'd me ;
Whose honour and whose honesty till now
Endur'd all weathers.

Lord. Lay 't so to his charge :
He's with the King your father.

Leon. Who ? Camillo ?

Lord. Camillo, sir ; I spake with him ; who now
Has these poor men in question. Never saw I
Wretches so quake : they kneel, they kiss the earth ;
Forswear themselves as often as they speak :
Bohemia stops his ears, and threatens them
With divers deaths in death.

200

Per. O my poor father !
The heaven sets spies upon us, will not have
Our contract celebrated.

Leon. You are married ?

Flo. We are not, sir, nor are we like to be ;
The stars, I see, will kiss the valleys first :
The odds for high and low's alike.

Leon. My lord,
Is this the daughter of a king ?

Flo. She is,
When once she is my wife.

Leon. That "once," I see by your good father's speed, 210
Will come on very slowly. I am sorry,
Most sorry, you have broken from his liking
Where you were tied in duty, and as sorry
Your choice is not so rich in worth as beauty,
That you might well enjoy her.

Flo. Dear, look up :
Though Fortune, visible an enemy,
Should chase us with my father, power no jot
Hath she to change our loves. Beseech you, sir,
Remember since you ow'd no more to time
Than I do now : with thought of such affections, 220
Step forth mine advocate ; at your request
My father will grant precious things as trifles.

Leon. Would he do so, I'd beg your precious mistress,
Which he counts but a trifle.

Paul. Sir, my liege,
Your eye hath too much youth in 't : not a month
'Fore your queen died, she was more worth such gazes
Than what you look on now.

Leon. I thought of her,
Even in these looks I made. [*To Florizel.*] But your petition

²¹⁴ *in worth*: Leontes uses worth in regard to birth, as most people use it now in regard to money.

Is yet unanswer'd. I will to your father :
 Your honour not o'erthrown by your desires,
 I am friend to them and you : upon which errand
 I now go toward him ; therefore follow me
 And mark what way I make : come, good my lord.

230

[*Exeunt.*]SCENE II. *Before LEONTES' palace.**Enter AUTOLYCUS and a Gentleman.*

Aut. Beseech you, sir, were you present at this relation ?

First Gent. I was by at the opening of the fardel, heard the old shepherd deliver the manner how he found it : whereupon, after a little amazedness, we were all commanded out of the chamber ; only this methought I heard the shepherd say, he found the child.

Aut. I would most gladly know the issue of it.

First Gent. I make a broken delivery of the business ; but the changes I perceived in the King and Camillo were very notes of admiration : they seem'd almost, with staring on one another, to tear the cases of their eyes ; there was speech in their dumbness, language in their very gesture ; they look'd as they had heard of a world ransom'd, or one destroyed : a notable passion of wonder appeared in them ; but the wisest beholder, that knew no more but seeing, could not say if th' importance were joy or sorrow ; but in the extremity of the one, it must needs be. Here comes a gentleman that haply knows more.

Enter another Gentleman.

The news, Rogero ?

18

Sec. Gent. Nothing but bonfires : the oracle is fulfill'd ; the King's daughter is found : such a deal of wonder is broken out within this hour that ballad-makers cannot be able to express it. Here comes the Lady Paulina's steward : he can deliver you more.

Enter a third Gentleman.

How goes it now, sir ? this news which is call'd true is so like an old tale, that the verity of it is in strong suspicion : has the King found his heir ?

Third Gent. Most true, if ever truth were pregnant by circumstance : that which you hear you'll swear you see, there is such unity in the proofs. The mantle of Queen Hermione's, her jewel about the neck of it, the letters of Antigonus found with it, which they know to be his character, the majesty of the creature in resemblance of the mother, the affection of nobleness which nature shows above her breeding, and many other evi-

¹⁵ importance = import.⁸⁰ character = hand-writing.

dences proclaim her with all certainty to be the King's daughter. Did you see the meeting of the two kings?

Sec. Gent. No.

Third Gent. Then have you lost a sight, which was to be seen, cannot be spoken of. There might you have beheld one joy crown another, so and in such manner that it seem'd sorrow wept to take leave of them, for their joy waded in tears. There was casting up of eyes, holding up of hands, with countenances of such distraction that they were to be known by garment, not by favour. Our king, being ready to leap out of himself for joy of his found daughter, as if that joy were now become a loss, cries "O, thy mother, thy mother!" then asks Bohemia forgiveness; then embraces his son-in-law; then again worries he his daughter with clipping her; now he thanks the old shepherd, which stands by like a weather-bitten conduit of many kings' reigns. I never heard of such another encounter, which lames report to follow it and undoes description to do it. 50

Sec. Gent. What, 'pray you, became of Antigonus, that carried hence the child?

Third Gent. Like an old tale still, which will have matter to rehearse, though credit be asleep and not an ear open. He was torn to pieces with a bear: this avouches the shepherd's son; who has not only his innocence, which seems much, to justify him, but a handkerchief and rings of his that Paulina knows.

First Gent. What became of his bark and his followers?

Third Gent. Wrack'd the same instant of their master's death and in the view of the shepherd: so that all the instruments which aided to expose the child were even then lost when it was found. But O, the noble combat that 'twixt joy and sorrow was fought in Paulina! She had one eye declin'd for the loss of her husband, another elevated that the oracle was fulfill'd: she lifted the princess from the earth, and so locks her in embracing, as if she would pin her to her heart that she might no more be in danger of losing.

First Gent. The dignity of this act was worth the audience of kings and princes; for by such was it acted. 69

Third Gent. One of the prettiest touches of all, and that which angled for mine eyes, caught the water though not the fish, was when, at the relation of the Queen's death, with the manner how she came to 't bravely confess'd and lamented by the King, how attentiveness wounded his daughter; till, from one sign of dolour to another, she did, with an "Alas," I would fain say, bleed tears, for I am sure my heart wept blood. Who

⁴⁸ *favour* = face, countenance.

⁴⁷ *clipping* = embracing

⁴⁸ *weather-bitten*: thus the folio. The word seems expressive; but owes its form probably to chance, — a phonetic spelling of *weather-beaten*; *i* pronounced *e*.

was most marble there changed colour ; some swooned, all sorrowed : if all the world could have seen 't, the woe had been universal.

First Gent. Are they returned to the court ? 80

Third Gent. No : the princess hearing of her mother's statue, which is in the keeping of Paulina, — a piece many years in doing and now newly performed by that rare Italian master, Julio Romano, who, had he himself eternity and could put breath into his work, would beguile Nature of her custom, so perfectly he is her ape : he so near to Hermione hath done Hermione that they say one would speak to her and stand in hope of answer : thither with all greediness of affection are they gone, and there they intend to sup. 89

Sec. Gent. I thought she had some great matter there in hand ; for she hath privately twice or thrice a day, ever since the death of Hermione, visited that removed house. Shall we thither and with our company piece the rejoicing ?

First Gent. Who would be thence that has the benefit of access ? every wink of an eye some new grace will be born : our absence makes us unthrifty to our knowledge. Let's along.

[*Exeunt Gentlemen.*]

Aut. Now, had I not the dash of my former life in me, would preferment drop on my head. I brought the old man and his son aboard the prince ; told him I heard them talk of a fardel and I know not what : but he at that time, overfond of the shepherd's daughter, so he then took her to be, who began to be much sea-sick, and himself little better, extremity of weather continuing, this mystery remained undiscover'd. But 't is all one to me ; for had I been the finder out of this secret, it would not have relish'd among my other discredits.

[*Enter Shepherd and Clown.*]

Here come those I have done good to against my will, and already appearing in the blossoms of their fortune.

Shep. Come, boy ; I am past moe children, but thy sons and daughters will be all gentlemen born. 109

Clo. You are well met, sir. You denied to fight with me this other day, because I was no gentleman born. See you these clothes ? say you see them not and think me still no gentleman born : you were best say these robes are not gentlemen born : give me the lie, do, and try whether I am not now a gentleman born.

Aut. I know you are now, sir, a gentleman born.

Clo. Ay, and have been so any time these four hours.

⁸³ *Julio Romano* : an eminent painter, who lived in the first half of the sixteenth century ; but of that S. thought nothing, except that his name would be known to some of his audience.

Shep. And so have I, boy.

Clo. So you have: but I was a gentleman born before my father; for the King's son took me by the hand, and call'd me brother; and then the two kings call'd my father brother; and then the prince my brother and the princess my sister call'd my father father; and so we wept, and there was the first gentleman-like tears that ever we shed.

Shep. We may live, son, to shed many more.

Clo. Ay; or else 't were hard luck, being in so preposterous estate as we are.

Aut. I humbly beseech you, sir, to pardon me all the faults I have committed to your worship, and to give me your good report to the prince my master. 130

Shep. Prithee, son, do; for we must be gentle, now we are gentlemen.

Clo. Thou wilt amend thy life?

Aut. Ay, an it like your good worship.

Clo. Give me thy hand: I will swear to the prince thou art as honest a true fellow as any is in Bohemia.

Shep. You may say it, but not swear it.

Clo. Not swear it, now I am a gentleman? Let boors and franklins say it, I'll swear it.

Shep. How if it be false, son? 140

Clo. If it be ne'er so false, a true gentleman may swear it in the behalf of his friend: and I'll swear to the prince thou art a tall fellow of thy hands and that thou wilt not be drunk; but I know thou art no tall fellow of thy hands and that thou wilt be drunk: but I'll swear it, and I would thou wouldst be a tall fellow of thy hands.

Aut. I will prove so, sir, to my power.

Clo. Ay, by any means prove a tall fellow: if I do not wonder how thou dar'st venture to be drunk, not being a tall fellow, trust me not. Hark! the kings and the princes, our kindred, are going to see the Queen's picture. Come, follow us: we'll be thy good masters. [Exeunt.]

SCENE III. *A chapel in PAULINA'S house.*

Enter LEONTES, POLIXENES, FLORIZEL, PERDITA, CAMILLO, PAULINA, Lords, and Attendants.

Leon. O grave and good Paulina, the great comfort
That I have had of thee!

Paul.

What, sovereign sir,
I did not well I meant well. All my services
You have paid home: but that you have vouchsaf'd,

¹³⁹ *franklins*: Englishmen of a rank between yeomen and gentlemen; but the distinction had disappeared long before S.'s day.

¹⁴³ *tall fellow of thy hands* = strong and ready physically.

¹⁵² *good masters* = patrons, protectors.

With your crown'd brother and these your contracted
 Heirs of your kingdoms, my poor house to visit,
 It is a surplus of your grace, which never
 My life may last to answer.

Leon.

O Paulina,

We honour you with trouble : but we came
 To see the statue of our queen : your gallery
 Have we pass'd through, not without much content
 In many singularities ; but we saw not
 That which my daughter came to look upon,
 The statue of her mother.

10

Paul.

As she liv'd peerless,

So her dead likeness, I do well believe,
 Excels whatever yet you look'd upon
 Or hand of man hath done ; therefore I keep it
 Lonely, apart. But here it is : prepare
 To see the life as lively mock'd as ever
 Still sleep mock'd death : behold, and say 't is well.

20

[*Paulina draws a curtain, and discovers Hermione standing like a statue.*]

I like your silence, it the more shows off
 Your wonder : but yet speak ; first, you, my liege.
 Comes it not something near ?

Leon.

Her natural posture !

Chide me, dear stone, that I may say indeed
 Thou art Hermione ; or rather, thou art she
 In thy not chiding, for she was as tender
 As infancy and grace. But yet, Paulina,
 Hermione was not so much wrinkled, nothing
 So aged as this seems.

Pol.

O, not by much.

Paul. So much the more our carver's excellence ;
 Which lets go by some sixteen years and makes her
 As she lived now.

30

Leon.

As now she might have done,

So much to my good comfort, as it is
 Now piercing to my soul. O, thus she stood,
 Even with such life of majesty, warm life,
 As now it coldly stands, when first I woo'd her !
 I am ashamed : does not the stone rebuke me
 For being more stone than it ? O royal piece
 There's magic in thy majesty, which has
 My evils conjur'd to remembrance and
 From thy admiring daughter took the spirits,
 Standing like stone with thee.

40

¹² *singularities* = rarities.

³⁸ *O royal piece* = O royal woman.

Per. And give me leave,
And do not say 't is superstition, that
I kneel and then implore her blessing. Lady,
Dear queen, that ended when I but began,
Give me that hand of yours to kiss.

Paul. O, patience!
The statue is but newly fix'd, the colour's
Not dry.

Cam. My lord, your sorrow was too sore laid on,
Which sixteen winters cannot blow away,
So many summers dry: scarce any joy
Did ever so long live; no sorrow
But kill'd itself much sooner.

50

Pol. Dear my brother,
Let him that was the cause of this have power
To take off so much grief from you as he
Will piece up in himself.

Paul. Indeed, my lord,
If I had thought the sight of my poor image
Would thus have wrought you, — for the stone is mine —
I 'ld not have show'd it.

Leon. Do not draw the curtain.

Paul. No longer shall you gaze on 't, lest your fancy
May think anon it moves.

60

Leon. Let be, let be.
Would I were dead, but that, methinks, already —
What was he that did make it? See, my lord,
Would you not deem it breath'd? and that those veins
Did verily bear blood?

Pol. Masterly done:
The very life seems warm upon her lip.

Leon. The fixture of her eye has motion in 't,
As we are mock'd with art.

Paul. I 'll draw the curtain:
My lord's almost so far transported that
He 'll think anon it lives.

Leon. O sweet Paulina,
Make me to think so twenty years together!
No settled senses of the world can match
The pleasure of that madness. Let 't alone.

70

Paul. I am sorry, sir, I have thus far stirr'd you: but
I could afflict you farther.

Leon. Do, Paulina;
For this affliction has a taste as sweet
As any cordial comfort. Still, methinks,
There is an air comes from her: what fine chisel

Could ever yet cut breath? Let no man mock me,
For I will kiss her.

Paul. Good my lord, forbear: 80
The ruddiness upon her lip is wet;
You'll mar it if you kiss it, stain your own
With oily painting. Shall I draw the curtain?

Leon. No, not these twenty years.

Per. So long could I
Stand by, a looker on.

Paul. Either forbear,
Quit presently the chapel, or resolve you
For more amazement. If you can behold it,
I'll make the statue move indeed, descend
And take you by the hand: but then you'll think —
Which I protest against — I am assisted 90
By wicked powers.

Leon. What you can make her do,
I am content to look on: what to speak,
I am content to hear; for 't is as easy
To make her speak as move.

Paul. It is required
You do awake your faith. Then all stand still;
On: those that think it is unlawful business
I am about, let them depart.

Leon. Proceed:
No foot shall stir.

Paul. Music, awake her; strike! [Music.
'T is time; descend; be stone no more; approach:
Strike all that look upon with marvel. Come, 100
I'll fill your grave up: stir, nay, come away,
Bequeath to death your numbness; for from him
Dear life redeems you. You perceive she stirs:

[Hermione comes down.

Start not; her actions shall be holy as
You hear my spell is lawful: do not shun her
Until you see her die again; for then
You kill her double. Nay, present your hand:
When she was young you woo'd her; now in age
Is she become the suitor.

Leon. O, she's warm!
If this be magic, let it be an art 110
Lawful as eating.

Pol. She embraces him.

Cam. She hangs about his neck:
If she pertain to life let her speak too.

Pol. Ay, and make 't manifest where she has liv'd,
Or how stolen from the dead.

Paul.

That she is living,

Were it but told you, should be hooted at
 Like an old tale : but it appears she lives,
 Though yet she speak not. Mark a little while.
 Please you to interpose, fair madam : kneel
 And pray your mother's blessing. Turn, good lady ;
 Our Perdita is found.

120

Her.

You gods, look down

And from your sacred vials pour your graces
 Upon my daughter's head ! Tell me, mine own,
 Where hast thou been preserv'd ? where liv'd ? how found
 Thy father's court ? for thou shalt hear that I,
 Knowing by Paulina that the oracle
 Gave hope thou wast in being, have preserv'd
 Myself to see the issue.

Paul.

There 's time enough for that ;

Lest they desire upon this push to trouble
 Your joys with like relation. Go together,
 You precious winners all ; your exultation
 Partake to every one. I, an old turtle,
 Will wing me to some wither'd bough and there
 My mate, that 's never to be found again,
 Lament till I am lost.

130

Leon.

O, peace, Paulina !

Thou shouldst a husband take by my consent,
 As I by thine a wife : this is a match,
 And made between 's by vows. Thou hast found mine ;
 But how, is to be question'd ; for I saw her,
 As I thought, dead, and have in vain said many
 A prayer upon her grave. I 'll not seek far —
 For him, I partly know his mind — to find thee
 An honourable husband. Come, Camillo,
 And take her by the hand, whose worth and honesty
 Is richly noted and here justified

140

By us, a pair of kings. Let 's from this place.
 What ! look upon my brother : both your pardons,
 That e'er I put between your holy looks
 My ill suspicion. This is your son-in-law
 And son unto the King, who, heavens directing,
 Is troth-plight to your daughter. Good Paulina,
 Lead us from hence, where we may leisurely
 Each one demand and answer to his part
 Perform'd in this wide gap of time since first
 We were dissever'd : hastily lead away.

150

[Exeunt.]

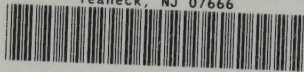
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